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1. STRUCTURE

This service manual has been prepared as an aid to improve the quality of repairs by giving the serviceman an accurate understanding of the product and by showing him the correct way to perform repairs and make judgements. Make sure you understand the contents of this manual and use it to full effect at every opportunity.

This service manual mainly contains the necessary technical information for operations performed in a service workshop.

For ease of understanding, the manual is divided into the following sections.

SECTION 1 GENERAL

This section explains the safety hints and gives the specification of the machine and major components.

SECTION 2 STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

This section explains the structure and function of each component. It serves not only to give an understanding of the structure, but also serves as reference material for troubleshooting.

SECTION 3 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

This section explains the hydraulic circuit, single and combined operation.

SECTION 4 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

This section explains the electrical circuit, monitoring system and each component. It serves not only to give an understanding electrical system, but also serves as reference material for trouble shooting.

SECTION 5 MECHATRONICS SYSTEM

This section explains the computer aided power optimization system and each component.

SECTION 6 TROUBLESHOOTING

This section explains the troubleshooting charts correlating **problems** to **causes**.

SECTION 7 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

This section gives the judgement standards when inspecting disassembled parts.

SECTION 8 DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

This section explains the order to be followed when removing, installing, disassembling or assembling each component, as well as precautions to be taken for these operations.

SECTION 9 COMPONENT MOUNTING TORQUE

This section shows bolt specifications and standard torque values needed when mounting components to the machine.

The specifications contained in this shop manual are subject to change at any time and without any advance notice. Contact your HD Hyundai Construction Equipment distributor for the latest information.

2. HOW TO READ THE SERVICE MANUAL

Distribution and updating

Any additions, amendments or other changes will be sent to HD Hyundai Construction Equipment distributors.

Get the most up-to-date information before you start any work.

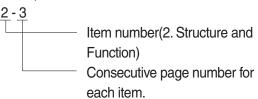
Filing method

1. See the page number on the bottom of the page.

File the pages in correct order.

2. Following examples shows how to read the page number.

Example 1



3. Additional pages: Additional pages are indicated by a hyphen(-) and number after the page number. File as in the example.

Revised edition mark(123...)

When a manual is revised, an edition mark is recorded on the bottom outside corner of the pages.

Revisions

Revised pages are shown at the list of revised pages on the between the contents page and section 1 page.

Symbols

So that the shop manual can be of ample practical use, important places for safety and quality are marked with the following symbols.

| Symbol | Item | Remarks |
|--------|---------|---|
| Λ | Cofoty | Special safety precautions are necessary when performing the work. |
| | Safety | Extra special safety precautions are necessary when performing the work because it is under internal pressure. |
| * | Caution | Special technical precautions or other precautions for preserving standards are necessary when performing the work. |

3. CONVERSION TABLE

Method of using the Conversion Table

The Conversion Table in this section is provided to enable simple conversion of figures. For details of the method of using the Conversion Table, see the example given below.

Example

1. Method of using the Conversion Table to convert from millimeters to inches Convert 55mm into inches.

- (1) Locate the number 50in the vertical column at the left side, take this as ⓐ, then draw a horizontal line from ⓐ.
- (2) Locate the number 5in the row across the top, take this as ⓑ, then draw a perpendicular line down from ⓑ.
- (3) Take the point where the two lines cross as ©. This point © gives the value when converting from millimeters to inches. Therefore, 55mm = 2.165 inches.

2. Convert 550mm into inches.

- (1) The number 550 does not appear in the table, so divide by 10(Move the decimal point one place to the left) to convert it to 55mm.
- (2) Carry out the same procedure as above to convert 55mm to 2.165 inches.
- (3) The original value(550mm) was divided by 10, so multiply 2.165 inches by 10(Move the decimal point one place to the right) to return to the original value.

 This gives 550mm = 21.65 inches.

| | Millimete | rs to inche | es | | | | <u> </u> | | | 1mm = 0.03937 in | | |
|---|-----------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|------------------|-------|--|
| | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | |
| | 0 | | 0.039 | 0.079 | 0.118 | 0.157 | 0.197 | 0.236 | 0.276 | 0.315 | 0.354 | |
| | 10 | 0.394 | 0.433 | 0.472 | 0.512 | 0.551 | 0.591 | 0.630 | 0.669 | 0.709 | 0.748 | |
| | 20 | 0.787 | 0.827 | 0.866 | 0.906 | 0.945 | 0.984 | 1.024 | 1.063 | 1.102 | 1.142 | |
| | 30 | 1.181 | 1.220 | 1.260 | 1.299 | 1.339 | 1.378 | 1.417 | 1.457 | 1.496 | 1.536 | |
| | 40 | 1.575 | 1.614 | 1.654 | 1.693 | 1.732 | 1.772 | 1.811 | 1.850 | 1.890 | 1.929 | |
| | | | | | | | © | | | | | |
| a | 50 | 1.969 | 2.008 | 2.047 | 2.087 | 2.126 | 2.165 | 2.205 | 2.244 | 2.283 | 2.323 | |
| • | 60 | 2.362 | 2.402 | 2.441 | 2.480 | 2.520 | 2.559 | 2.598 | 2.638 | 2.677 | 2.717 | |
| | 70 | 2.756 | 2.795 | 2.835 | 2.874 | 2.913 | 2.953 | 2.992 | 3.032 | 3.071 | 3.110 | |
| | 80 | 3.150 | 3.189 | 3.228 | 3.268 | 3.307 | 3.346 | 3.386 | 3.425 | 3.465 | 3.504 | |
| | 90 | 3.543 | 3.583 | 3.622 | 3.661 | 3.701 | 3.740 | 3.780 | 3.819 | 3.858 | 3.898 | |

Millimeters to inches 1mm = 0.03937in

| | Tillii = 3.0000711 | | | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 0 | | 0.039 | 0.079 | 0.118 | 0.157 | 0.197 | 0.236 | 0.276 | 0.315 | 0.354 |
| 10 | 0.394 | 0.433 | 0.472 | 0.512 | 0.551 | 0.591 | 0.630 | 0.669 | 0.709 | 0.748 |
| 20 | 0.787 | 0.827 | 0.866 | 0.906 | 0.945 | 0.984 | 1.024 | 1.063 | 1.102 | 1.142 |
| 30 | 1.181 | 1.220 | 1.260 | 1.299 | 1.339 | 1.378 | 1.417 | 1.457 | 1.496 | 1.536 |
| 40 | 1.575 | 1.614 | 1.654 | 1.693 | 1.732 | 1.772 | 1.811 | 1.850 | 1.890 | 1.929 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 1.969 | 2.008 | 2.047 | 2.087 | 2.126 | 2.165 | 2.205 | 2.244 | 2.283 | 2.323 |
| 60 | 2.362 | 2.402 | 2.441 | 2.480 | 2.520 | 2.559 | 2.598 | 2.638 | 2.677 | 2.717 |
| 70 | 2.756 | 2.795 | 2.835 | 2.874 | 2.913 | 2.953 | 2.992 | 3.032 | 3.071 | 3.110 |
| 80 | 3.150 | 3.189 | 3.228 | 3.268 | 3.307 | 3.346 | 3.386 | 3.425 | 3.465 | 3.504 |
| 90 | 3.543 | 3.583 | 3.622 | 3.661 | 3.701 | 3.740 | 3.780 | 3.819 | 3.858 | 3.898 |

Kilogram to Pound 1kg = 2.2046lb

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0 | | 2.20 | 4.41 | 6.61 | 8.82 | 11.02 | 13.23 | 15.43 | 17.64 | 19.84 |
| 10 | 22.05 | 24.25 | 26.46 | 28.66 | 30.86 | 33.07 | 35.27 | 37.48 | 39.68 | 41.89 |
| 20 | 44.09 | 46.30 | 48.50 | 50.71 | 51.91 | 55.12 | 57.32 | 59.5. | 61.73 | 63.93 |
| 30 | 66.14 | 68.34 | 70.55 | 72.75 | 74.96 | 77.16 | 79.37 | 81.57 | 83.78 | 85.98 |
| 40 | 88.18 | 90.39 | 92.59 | 94.80 | 97.00 | 99.21 | 101.41 | 103.62 | 105.82 | 108.03 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 110.23 | 112.44 | 114.64 | 116.85 | 119.05 | 121.25 | 123.46 | 125.66 | 127.87 | 130.07 |
| 60 | 132.28 | 134.48 | 136.69 | 138.89 | 141.10 | 143.30 | 145.51 | 147.71 | 149.91 | 152.12 |
| 70 | 154.32 | 156.53 | 158.73 | 160.94 | 163.14 | 165.35 | 167.55 | 169.76 | 171.96 | 174.17 |
| 80 | 176.37 | 178.57 | 180.78 | 182.98 | 185.19 | 187.39 | 189.60 | 191.80 | 194.01 | 196.21 |
| 90 | 198.42 | 200.62 | 202.83 | 205.03 | 207.24 | 209.44 | 211.64 | 213.85 | 216.05 | 218.26 |

Liter to U.S. Gallon 1 l = 0.2642 U.S.Gal

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0 | | 0.264 | 0.528 | 0.793 | 1.057 | 1.321 | 1.585 | 1.849 | 2.113 | 2.378 |
| 10 | 2.642 | 2.906 | 3.170 | 3.434 | 3.698 | 3.963 | 4.227 | 4.491 | 4.755 | 5.019 |
| 20 | 5.283 | 5.548 | 5.812 | 6.6076 | 6.340 | 6.604 | 6.869 | 7.133 | 7.397 | 7.661 |
| 30 | 7.925 | 8.189 | 8.454 | 8.718 | 8.982 | 9.246 | 9.510 | 9.774 | 10.039 | 10.303 |
| 40 | 10.567 | 10.831 | 11.095 | 11.359 | 11.624 | 11.888 | 12.152 | 12.416 | 12.680 | 12.944 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 13.209 | 13.473 | 13.737 | 14.001 | 14.265 | 14.529 | 14.795 | 15.058 | 15.322 | 15.586 |
| 60 | 15.850 | 16.115 | 16.379 | 16.643 | 16.907 | 17.171 | 17.435 | 17.700 | 17.964 | 18.228 |
| 70 | 18.492 | 18.756 | 19.020 | 19.285 | 19.549 | 19.813 | 20.077 | 20.341 | 20.605 | 20.870 |
| 80 | 21.134 | 21.398 | 21.662 | 21.926 | 22.190 | 22.455 | 22.719 | 22.983 | 23.247 | 23.511 |
| 90 | 23.775 | 24.040 | 24.304 | 24.568 | 24.832 | 25.096 | 25.631 | 25.625 | 25.889 | 26.153 |

Liter to U.K. Gallon 1 t = 0.21997 U.K.Gal

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | |
|----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| 0 | | 0.220 | 0.440 | 0.660 | 0.880 | 1.100 | 1.320 | 1.540 | 1.760 | 1.980 | |
| 10 | 2.200 | 2.420 | 2.640 | 2.860 | 3.080 | 3.300 | 3.520 | 3.740 | 3.950 | 4.179 | |
| 20 | 4.399 | 4.619 | 4.839 | 5.059 | 5.279 | 5.499 | 5.719 | 5.939 | 6.159 | 6.379 | |
| 30 | 6.599 | 6.819 | 7.039 | 7.259 | 7.479 | 7.969 | 7.919 | 8.139 | 8.359 | 8.579 | |
| 40 | 8.799 | 9.019 | 9.239 | 9.459 | 9.679 | 9.899 | 10.119 | 10.339 | 10.559 | 10.778 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 10.998 | 11.281 | 11.438 | 11.658 | 11.878 | 12.098 | 12.318 | 12.528 | 12.758 | 12.978 | |
| 60 | 13.198 | 13.418 | 13.638 | 13.858 | 14.078 | 14.298 | 14.518 | 14.738 | 14.958 | 15.178 | |
| 70 | 15.398 | 15.618 | 15.838 | 16.058 | 16.278 | 16.498 | 16.718 | 16.938 | 17.158 | 17.378 | |
| 80 | 17.598 | 17.818 | 18.037 | 18.257 | 18.477 | 18.697 | 18.917 | 19.137 | 19.357 | 19.577 | |
| 90 | 19.797 | 20.017 | 20.237 | 20.457 | 20.677 | 20.897 | 21.117 | 21.337 | 21.557 | 21.777 | |

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| | | 7.2 | 14.5 | 21.7 | 28.9 | 36.2 | 43.4 | 50.6 | 57.9 | 65.1 |
| 10 | 72.3 | 79.6 | 86.8 | 94.0 | 101.3 | 108.5 | 115.7 | 123.0 | 130.2 | 137.4 |
| 20 | 144.7 | 151.9 | 159.1 | 166.4 | 173.6 | 180.8 | 188.1 | 195.3 | 202.5 | 209.8 |
| 30 | 217.0 | 224.2 | 231.5 | 238.7 | 245.9 | 253.2 | 260.4 | 267.6 | 274.9 | 282.1 |
| 40 | 289.3 | 396.6 | 303.8 | 311.0 | 318.3 | 325.5 | 332.7 | 340.0 | 347.2 | 354.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 361.7 | 368.9 | 376.1 | 383.4 | 390.6 | 397.8 | 405.1 | 412.3 | 419.5 | 426.8 |
| 60 | 434.0 | 441.2 | 448.5 | 455.7 | 462.9 | 470.2 | 477.4 | 484.6 | 491.8 | 499.1 |
| 70 | 506.3 | 513.5 | 520.8 | 528.0 | 535.2 | 542.5 | 549.7 | 556.9 | 564.2 | 571.4 |
| 80 | 578.6 | 585.9 | 593.1 | 600.3 | 607.6 | 614.8 | 622.0 | 629.3 | 636.5 | 643.7 |
| 90 | 651.0 | 658.2 | 665.4 | 672.7 | 679.9 | 687.1 | 694.4 | 701.6 | 708.8 | 716.1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 723.3 | 730.5 | 737.8 | 745.0 | 752.2 | 759.5 | 766.7 | 773.9 | 781.2 | 788.4 |
| 110 | 795.6 | 802.9 | 810.1 | 817.3 | 824.6 | 831.8 | 839.0 | 846.3 | 853.5 | 860.7 |
| 120 | 868.0 | 875.2 | 882.4 | 889.7 | 896.9 | 904.1 | 911.4 | 918.6 | 925.8 | 933.1 |
| 130 | 940.3 | 947.5 | 954.8 | 962.0 | 969.2 | 976.5 | 983.7 | 990.9 | 998.2 | 10005.4 |
| 140 | 1012.6 | 1019.9 | 1027.1 | 1034.3 | 1041.5 | 1048.8 | 1056.0 | 1063.2 | 1070.5 | 1077.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 150 | 1084.9 | 1092.2 | 1099.4 | 1106.6 | 1113.9 | 1121.1 | 1128.3 | 1135.6 | 1142.8 | 1150.0 |
| 160 | 1157.3 | 1164.5 | 1171.7 | 1179.0 | 1186.2 | 1193.4 | 1200.7 | 1207.9 | 1215.1 | 1222.4 |
| 170 | 1129.6 | 1236.8 | 1244.1 | 1251.3 | 1258.5 | 1265.8 | 1273.0 | 1280.1 | 1287.5 | 1294.7 |
| 180 | 1301.9 | 1309.2 | 1316.4 | 1323.6 | 1330.9 | 1338.1 | 1345.3 | 1352.6 | 1359.8 | 1367.0 |
| 190 | 1374.3 | 1381.5 | 1388.7 | 1396.0 | 1403.2 | 1410.4 | 1417.7 | 1424.9 | 1432.1 | 1439.4 |

kgf/cm² to **lbf/in²** 1 kgf/cm² = 14.2233 lbf/in²

| $1 \log f / \text{cm}^2 = 14.2233 \text{lb}$ | | | | | | | | | 2233IDI / II1º | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | | 14.2 | 28.4 | 42.7 | 56.9 | 71.1 | 85.3 | 99.6 | 113.8 | 128.0 |
| 10 | 142.2 | 156.5 | 170.7 | 184.9 | 199.1 | 213.4 | 227.6 | 241.8 | 256.0 | 270.2 |
| 20 | 284.5 | 298.7 | 312.9 | 327.1 | 341.4 | 355.6 | 369.8 | 384.0 | 398.3 | 412.5 |
| 30 | 426.7 | 440.9 | 455.1 | 469.4 | 483.6 | 497.8 | 512.0 | 526.3 | 540.5 | 554.7 |
| 40 | 568.9 | 583.2 | 597.4 | 611.6 | 625.8 | 640.1 | 654.3 | 668.5 | 682.7 | 696.9 |
| 50 | 711.2 | 725.4 | 739.6 | 753.8 | 768.1 | 782.3 | 796.5 | 810.7 | 825.0 | 839.2 |
| 60 | 853.4 | 867.6 | 881.8 | 896.1 | 910.3 | 924.5 | 938.7 | 953.0 | 967.2 | 981.4 |
| 70 | 995.6 | 1010 | 1024 | 1038 | 1053 | 1067 | 1081 | 1095 | 1109 | 1124 |
| 80 | 1138 | 1152 | 1166 | 1181 | 1195 | 1209 | 1223 | 1237 | 1252 | 1266 |
| 90 | 1280 | 1294 | 1309 | 1323 | 1337 | 1351 | 1365 | 1380 | 1394 | 1408 |
| 100 | 1422 | 1437 | 1451 | 1465 | 1479 | 1493 | 1508 | 1522 | 1536 | 1550 |
| 110 | 1565 | 1579 | 1593 | 1607 | 1621 | 1636 | 1650 | 1664 | 1678 | 1693 |
| 120 | 1707 | 1721 | 1735 | 1749 | 1764 | 1778 | 1792 | 1806 | 1821 | 1835 |
| 130 | 1849 | 2863 | 1877 | 1892 | 1906 | 1920 | 1934 | 1949 | 1963 | 1977 |
| 140 | 1991 | 2005 | 2020 | 2034 | 2048 | 2062 | 2077 | 2091 | 2105 | 2119 |
| 150 | 2134 | 2148 | 2162 | 2176 | 2190 | 2205 | 2219 | 2233 | 2247 | 2262 |
| 160 | 2276 | 2290 | 2304 | 2318 | 2333 | 2347 | 2361 | 2375 | 2389 | 2404 |
| 170 | 2418 | 2432 | 2446 | 2460 | 2475 | 2489 | 2503 | 2518 | 2532 | 2546 |
| 180 | 2560 | 2574 | 2589 | 5603 | 2617 | 2631 | 2646 | 2660 | 2674 | 2688 |
| 200 | 2845 | 2859 | 2873 | 2887 | 2901 | 2916 | 2930 | 2944 | 2958 | 2973 |
| 210 | 2987 | 3001 | 3015 | 3030 | 3044 | 3058 | 3072 | 3086 | 3101 | 3115 |
| 220 | 3129 | 3143 | 3158 | 3172 | 3186 | 3200 | 3214 | 3229 | 3243 | 3257 |
| 230 | 3271 | 3286 | 3300 | 3314 | 3328 | 3343 | 3357 | 3371 | 3385 | 3399 |
| 240 | 3414 | 3428 | 3442 | 3456 | 3470 | 3485 | 3499 | 3513 | 3527 | 3542 |

TEMPERATURE

Fahrenheit-Centigrade Conversion.

A simple way to convert a fahrenheit temperature reading into a centigrade temperature reading or vice verse is to enter the accompanying table in the center or boldface column of figures.

These figures refer to the temperature in either Fahrenheit or Centigrade degrees.

If it is desired to convert from Fahrenheit to Centigrade degrees, consider the center column as a table of Fahrenheit temperatures and read the corresponding Centigrade temperature in the column at the left.

If it is desired to convert from Centigrade to Fahrenheit degrees, consider the center column as a table of Centigrade values, and read the corresponding Fahrenheit temperature on the right.

| °C | | °F | °C | | °F | °C | | °F | °C | | °F |
|-------|-----|-------|-------|----|-------|------|----|-------|------|-----|-------|
| -40.4 | -40 | -40.0 | -11.7 | 11 | 51.8 | 7.8 | 46 | 114.8 | 27.2 | 81 | 117.8 |
| -37.2 | -35 | -31.0 | -11.1 | 12 | 53.6 | 8.3 | 47 | 116.6 | 27.8 | 82 | 179.6 |
| -34.4 | -30 | -22.0 | -10.6 | 13 | 55.4 | 8.9 | 48 | 118.4 | 28.3 | 83 | 181.4 |
| -31.7 | -25 | -13.0 | -10.0 | 14 | 57.2 | 9.4 | 49 | 120.2 | 28.9 | 84 | 183.2 |
| -28.9 | -20 | -4.0 | -9.4 | 15 | 59.0 | 10.0 | 50 | 122.0 | 29.4 | 85 | 185.0 |
| -28.3 | -19 | -2.2 | -8.9 | 16 | 60.8 | 10.6 | 51 | 123.8 | 30.0 | 86 | 186.8 |
| -27.8 | -18 | -0.4 | -8.3 | 17 | 62.6 | 11.1 | 52 | 125.6 | 30.6 | 87 | 188.6 |
| -27.2 | -17 | 1.4 | -7.8 | 18 | 64.4 | 11.7 | 53 | 127.4 | 31.1 | 88 | 190.4 |
| -26.7 | -16 | 3.2 | -6.7 | 20 | 68.0 | 12.8 | 55 | 131.0 | 32.2 | 90 | 194.0 |
| -26.1 | -15 | 5.0 | -6.7 | 20 | 68.0 | 12.8 | 55 | 131.0 | 32.2 | 90 | 194.0 |
| -25.6 | -14 | 6.8 | -6.1 | 21 | 69.8 | 13.3 | 56 | 132.8 | 32.8 | 91 | 195.8 |
| -25.0 | -13 | 8.6 | -5.6 | 22 | 71.6 | 13.9 | 57 | 134.6 | 33.3 | 92 | 197.6 |
| -24.4 | -12 | 10.4 | -5.0 | 23 | 73.4 | 14.4 | 58 | 136.4 | 33.9 | 93 | 199.4 |
| -23.9 | -11 | 12.2 | -4.4 | 24 | 75.2 | 15.0 | 59 | 138.2 | 34.4 | 94 | 201.2 |
| -23.3 | -10 | 14.0 | -3.9 | 25 | 77.0 | 15.6 | 60 | 140.0 | 35.0 | 95 | 203.0 |
| -22.8 | -9 | 15.8 | -3.3 | 26 | 78.8 | 16.1 | 61 | 141.8 | 35.6 | 96 | 204.8 |
| -22.2 | -8 | 17.6 | -2.8 | 27 | 80.6 | 16.7 | 62 | 143.6 | 36.1 | 97 | 206.6 |
| -21.7 | -7 | 19.4 | -2.2 | 28 | 82.4 | 17.2 | 63 | 145.4 | 36.7 | 98 | 208.4 |
| -21.1 | -6 | 21.2 | -1.7 | 29 | 84.2 | 17.8 | 64 | 147.2 | 37.2 | 99 | 210.2 |
| -20.6 | -5 | 23.0 | -1.1 | 35 | 95.0 | 21.1 | 70 | 158.0 | 51.7 | 125 | 257.0 |
| -20.0 | -4 | 24.8 | -0.6 | 31 | 87.8 | 18.9 | 66 | 150.8 | 40.6 | 105 | 221.0 |
| -19.4 | -3 | 26.6 | 0 | 32 | 89.6 | 19.4 | 67 | 152.6 | 43.3 | 110 | 230.0 |
| -18.9 | -2 | 28.4 | 0.6 | 33 | 91.4 | 20.0 | 68 | 154.4 | 46.1 | 115 | 239.0 |
| -18.3 | -1 | 30.2 | 1.1 | 34 | 93.2 | 20.6 | 69 | 156.2 | 48.9 | 120 | 248.0 |
| -17.8 | 0 | 32.0 | 1.7 | 35 | 95.0 | 21.1 | 70 | 158.0 | 51.7 | 125 | 257.0 |
| -17.2 | 1 | 33.8 | 2.2 | 36 | 96.8 | 21.7 | 71 | 159.8 | 54.4 | 130 | 266.0 |
| -16.7 | 2 | 35.6 | 2.8 | 37 | 98.6 | 22.2 | 72 | 161.6 | 57.2 | 135 | 275.0 |
| -16.1 | 3 | 37.4 | 3.3 | 38 | 100.4 | 22.8 | 73 | 163.4 | 60.0 | 140 | 284.0 |
| -15.6 | 4 | 39.2 | 3.9 | 39 | 102.2 | 23.3 | 74 | 165.2 | 62.7 | 145 | 293.0 |
| -15.0 | 5 | 41.0 | 4.4 | 40 | 104.0 | 23.9 | 75 | 167.0 | 65.6 | 150 | 302.0 |
| -14.4 | 6 | 42.8 | 5.0 | 41 | 105.8 | 24.4 | 76 | 168.8 | 68.3 | 155 | 311.0 |
| -13.9 | 7 | 44.6 | 5.6 | 42 | 107.6 | 25.0 | 77 | 170.6 | 71.1 | 160 | 320.0 |
| -13.3 | 8 | 46.4 | 6.1 | 43 | 109.4 | 25.6 | 78 | 172.4 | 73.9 | 165 | 329.0 |
| -12.8 | 9 | 48.2 | 6.7 | 44 | 111.2 | 26.1 | 79 | 174.2 | 76.7 | 170 | 338.0 |
| -12.2 | 10 | 50.0 | 7.2 | 45 | 113.0 | 26.7 | 80 | 176.0 | 79.4 | 172 | 347.0 |

SECTION 1 GENERAL

| Group | 1 | Safety Hints | 1-1 |
|-------|---|----------------|------|
| Group | 2 | Specifications | 1-10 |

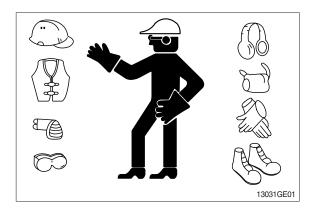
GROUP 1 SAFETY

FOLLOW SAFE PROCEDURE

Unsafe work practices are dangerous. Understand service procedure before doing work; Do not attempt shortcuts.

WEAR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

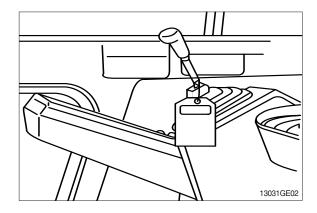
Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.



WARN OTHERS OF SERVICE WORK

Unexpected machine movement can cause serious injury.

Before performing any work on the excavator, attach a 「Do Not Operate」 tag on the right side control lever.



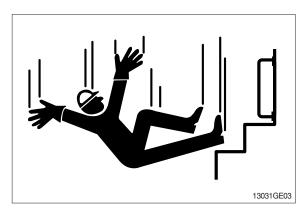
USE HANDHOLDS AND STEPS

Falling is one of the major causes of personal injury.

When you get on and off the machine, always maintain a three point contact with the steps and handrails and face the machine. Do not use any controls as handholds.

Never jump on or off the machine. Never mount or dismount a moving machine.

Be careful of slippery conditions on platforms, steps, and handrails when leaving the machine.

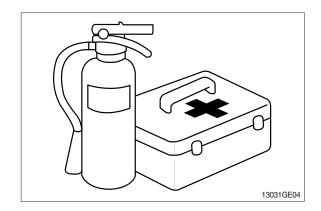


PREPARE FOR EMERGENCIES

Be prepared if a fire starts.

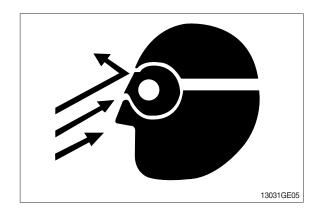
Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.

Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.



PROTECT AGAINST FLYING DEBRIS

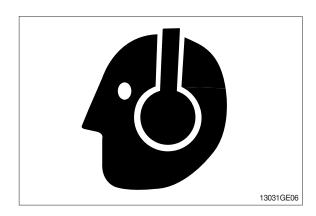
Guard against injury from flying pieces of metal or debris; Wear goggles or safety glasses.



PROTECT AGAINST NOISE

Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing.

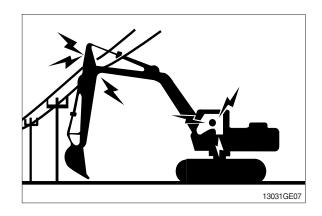
Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortable loud noises.



AVOID POWER LINES

Serious injury or death can result from contact with electric lines.

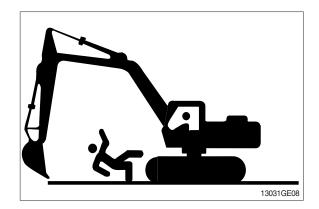
Never move any part of the machine or load closer to electric line than 3m(10ft) plus twice the line insulator length.



KEEP RIDERS OFF EXCAVATOR

Only allow the operator on the excavator. Keep riders off.

Riders on excavator are subject to injury such as being struck by foreign objects and being thrown off the excavator. Riders also obstruct the operator's view resulting in the excavator being operated in an unsafe manner.

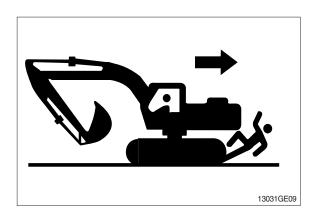


MOVE AND OPERATE MACHINE SAFELY

Bystanders can be run over. Know the location of bystanders before moving, swinging, or operating the machine.

Always keep the travel alarm in working condition. It warns people when the excavator starts to move.

Use a signal person when moving, swinging, or operating the machine in congested areas. Coordinate hand signals before starting the excavator.



OPERATE ONLY FORM OPERATOR'S SEAT

Avoid possible injury machine damage. Do not start engine by shorting across starter terminals.

NEVER start engine while standing on ground. Start engine only from operator's seat.



PARK MACHINE SAFELY

Before working on the machine:

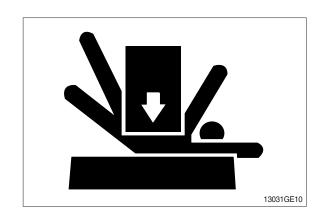
- · Park machine on a level surface.
- · Lower bucket to the ground.
- · Turn auto idle switch off.
- · Run engine at 1/2 speed without load for 2 minutes.
- Turn key switch to OFF to stop engine. Remove key from switch.
- · Move pilot control shutoff lever to locked position.
- · Allow engine to cool.

SUPPORT MACHINE PROPERLY

Always lower the attachment or implement to the ground before you work on the machine. If you must work on a lifted machine or attachment, securely support the machine or attachment.

Do not support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tiles, or props that may crumble under continuous load.

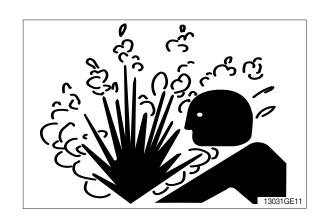
Do not work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack. Follow recommended procedures in this manual.



SERVICE COOLING SYSTEM SAFELY

Explosive release of fluids from pressurized cooling system can cause serious burns.

Shut off engine. Only remove filler cap when cool enough to touch with bare hands.



HANDLE FLUIDS SAFELY-AVOID FIRES

Handle fuel with care; It is highly flammable. Do not refuel the machine while smoking or when near open flame or sparks. Always stop engine before refueling machine.

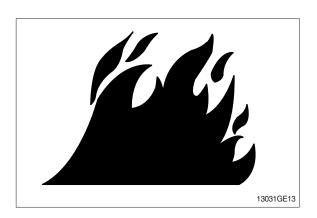
Fill fuel tank outdoors.



Store flammable fluids away from fire hazards. Do not incinerate or puncture pressurized containers.

Make sure machine is clean of trash, grease, and debris.

Do not store oily rags; They can ignite and burn spontaneously.



BEWARE OF EXHAUST FUMES

Prevent asphyxiation. Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death.

If you must operate in a building, be positive there is adequate ventilation. Either use an exhaust pipe extension to remove the exhaust fumes or open doors and windows to bring enough outside air into the area.

REMOVE PAINT BEFORE WELDING OR HEATING

Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust.

Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch.

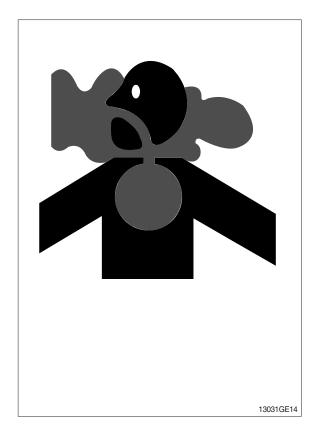
Do all work outside or in a well ventilated area. Dispose of paint and solvent properly.

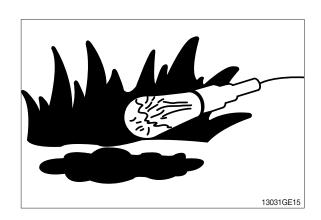
Remove paint before welding or heating:

- If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust.
 - Wear an approved respirator.
- If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding.
 Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area.
 Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.

ILLUMINATE WORK AREA SAFELY

Illuminate your work area adequately but safely. Use a portable safety light for working inside or under the machine. Make sure the bulb is enclosed by a wire cage. The hot filament of an accidentally broken bulb can ignite spilled fuel or oil.

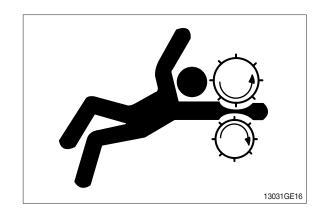




SERVICE MACHINE SAFELY

Tie long hair behind your head. Do not wear a necktie, scarf, loose clothing or necklace when you work near machine tools or moving parts. If these items were to get caught, severe injury could result.

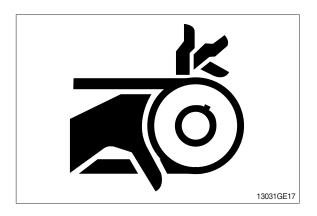
Remove rings and other jewelry to prevent electrical shorts and entanglement in moving parts.



STAY CLEAR OF MOVING PARTS

Entanglements in moving parts can cause serious injury.

To prevent accidents, use care when working around rotating parts.



AVOID HIGH PRESSURE FLUIDS

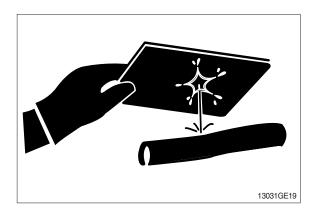
Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high pressure fluids.

If an accident occurs, see a doctor immediately. Any fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result.





AVOID HEATING NEAR PRESSURIZED FLUID LINES

Flammable spray can be generated by heating near pressurized fluid lines, resulting in severe burns to yourself and bystanders. Do not heat by welding, soldering, or using a torch near pressurized fluid lines or other flammable materials.

Pressurized lines can be accidentally cut when heat goes beyond the immediate flame area. Install fire resisting guards to protect hoses or other materials.



PREVENT BATTERY EXPLOSIONS

Keep sparks, lighted matches, and flame away from the top of battery. Battery gas can explode.

Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a volt-meter or hydrometer.

Do not charge a frozen battery; It may explode. Warm battery to 16°C (60°F).



PREVENT ACID BURNS

Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous. It is strong enough to burn skin, eat holes in clothing, and cause blindness if splashed into eyes.

Avoid the hazard by:

- 1. Filling batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- 2. Wearing eye protection and rubber gloves.
- 3. Avoiding breathing fumes when electrolyte is added.
- 4. Avoiding spilling of dripping electrolyte.
- 5. Use proper jump start procedure.

If you spill acid on yourself:

- 1. Flush your skin with water.
- 2. Apply baking soda or lime to help neutralize the acid.
- Flush your eyes with water for 10-15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

If acid is swallowed:

- 1. Drink large amounts of water or milk.
- 2. Then drink milk of magnesia, beaten eggs, or vegetable oil.
- 3. Get medical attention immediately.

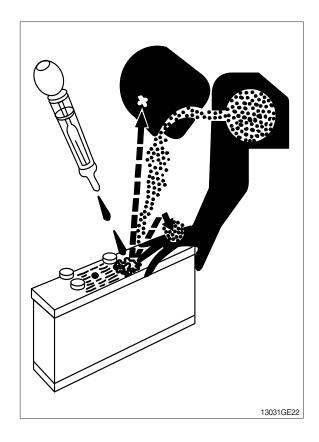
USE TOOLS PROPERLY

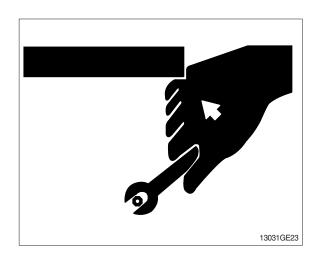
Use tools appropriate to the work. Makeshift tools, parts, and procedures can create safety hazards.

Use power tools only to loosen threaded tools and fasteners.

For loosening and tightening hardware, use the correct size tools. DO NOT use U.S. measurement tools on metric fasteners. Avoid bodily injury caused by slipping wrenches.

Use only recommended replacement parts. (See Parts catalogue.)



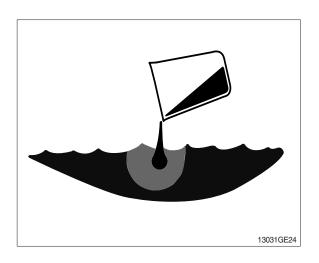


DISPOSE OF FLUIDS PROPERLY

Improperly disposing of fluids can harm the environment and ecology. Before draining any fluids, find out the proper way to dispose of waste from your local environmental agency.

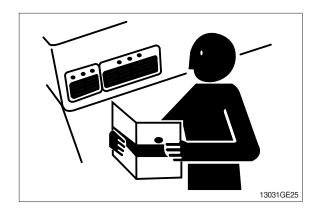
Use proper containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them.

DO NOT pour oil into the ground, down a drain, or into a stream, pond, or lake. Observe relevant environmental protection regulations when disposing of oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid, filters, batteries, and other harmful waste.



REPLACE SAFETY SIGNS

Replace missing or damaged safety signs. See the machine operator's manual for correct safety sign placement.

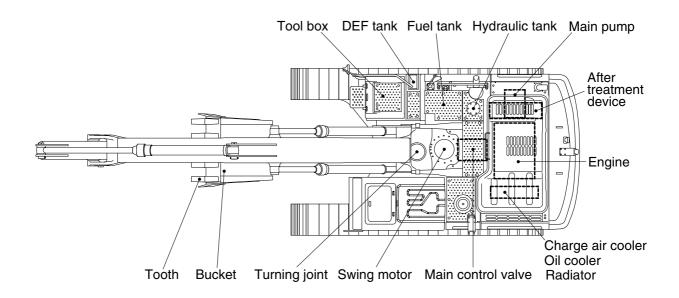


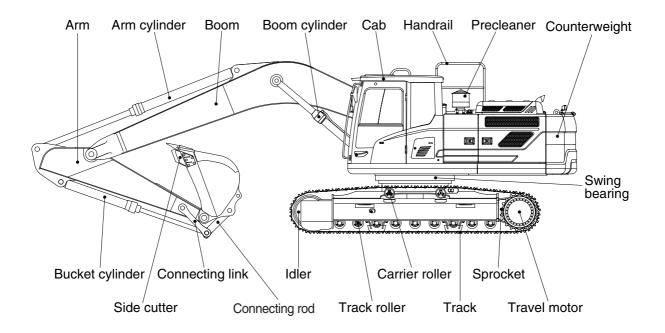
LIVE WITH SAFETY

Before returning machine to customer, make sure machine is functioning properly, especially the safety systems. Install all guards and shields.

GROUP 2 SPECIFICATIONS

1. MAJOR COMPONENT



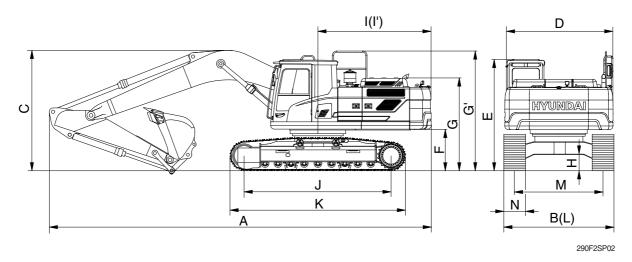


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2. SPECIFICATIONS

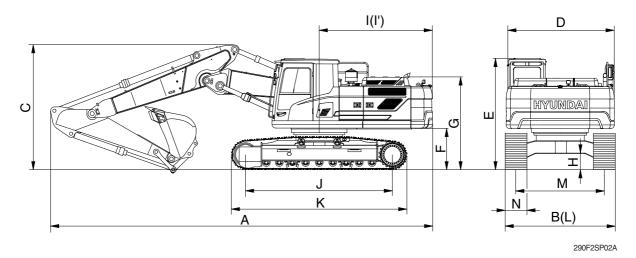
1) HX300 L

\cdot 6.25 m (20' 6") BOOM and 3.05 m (10' 0") ARM



| Description | | Unit | Specification |
|--|----|---------------|-------------------|
| Operating weight | | kg (lb) | 30200 (66580) |
| Bucket capacity (SAE heaped), standard | | m³ (yd³) | 1.27 (1.66) |
| Overall length | Α | | 10560 (34' 8") |
| Overall width, with 600 mm shoe | В | | 3200 (10' 6") |
| Overall height of boom | С | | 3290 (10' 10") |
| Superstructure width | D | | 2980 (9' 9") |
| Overall height of cab | Е | | 3130 (10' 3") |
| Ground clearance of counterweight | F | | 1185 (3' 9") |
| Overall height of engine hood | G | | 2600 (8' 6") |
| Overall height of handrail | G' | mm (ft-in) | 3335 (10' 11") |
| Minimum ground clearance | Н | | 500 (1' 8") |
| Rear-end distance | I | | 3120 (10' 3") |
| Rear-end swing radius | l' | | 3210 (10' 6") |
| Distance between tumblers | J | | 4030 (13' 3") |
| Undercarriage length | K | | 4885 (16' 0") |
| Undercarriage width | L | | 3200 (10' 6") |
| Track gauge | М | | 2600 (8' 6") |
| Track shoe width, standard | N | | 600 (24") |
| Travel speed (low/high) | | km/hr (mph) | 3.3/5.9 (2.1/3.7) |
| Swing speed | | rpm | 10.2 |
| Gradeability | | Degree (%) | 35 (70) |
| Ground pressure (600 mm shoe) | | kgf/cm² (psi) | 0.58 (8.25) |
| Max traction force | | kg (lb) | 26500 (58420) |

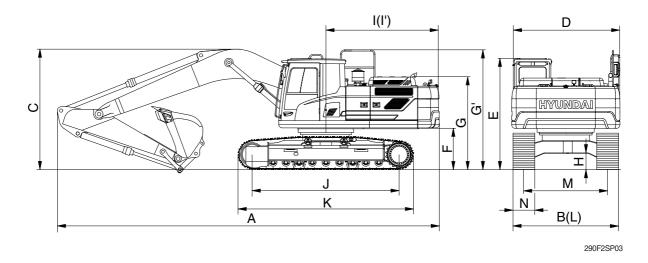
\cdot 6.25 m (20' 6") 2-PIECE BOOM and 3.05 m (10' 0") ARM



| Description | | Unit | Specification |
|--|----|---------------|-------------------|
| Operating weight | | kg (lb) | 33210 (73220) |
| Bucket capacity (SAE heaped), standard | | m³ (yd³) | 1.27 (1.66) |
| Overall length | А | | 10640 (34' 9") |
| Overall width, with 600 mm shoe | В | | 3200 (10' 6") |
| Overall height of boom | С | | 3270 (11' 0") |
| Superstructure width | D | | 2980 (9' 9") |
| Overall height of cab | Е | | 3130 (10' 3") |
| Ground clearance of counterweight | F | | 1185 (3' 9") |
| Overall height of engine hood | G | | 2600 (8' 6") |
| Overall height of handrail | G' | mm (ft-in) | 3335 (10' 11") |
| Minimum ground clearance | Н | | 500 (1' 8") |
| Rear-end distance | I | | 3120 (10' 3") |
| Rear-end swing radius | l' | | 3210 (10' 6") |
| Distance between tumblers | J | | 4030 (13' 3") |
| Undercarriage length | K | | 4885 (16' 0") |
| Undercarriage width | L | | 3200 (10' 6") |
| Track gauge | М | | 2600 (8' 6") |
| Track shoe width, standard | N | | 600 (24") |
| Travel speed (low/high) | | km/hr (mph) | 3.3/5.9 (2.1/3.7) |
| Swing speed | | rpm | 10.2 |
| Gradeability | | Degree (%) | 35 (70) |
| Ground pressure (600 mm shoe) | | kgf/cm² (psi) | 0.64 (9.10) |
| Max traction force | | kg (lb) | 26500 (58420) |

2) HX300 NL

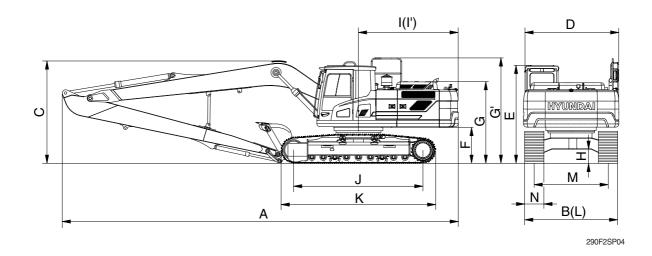
\cdot 6.25 m (20' 6") BOOM and 3.05 m (10' 0") ARM



| Description | | Unit | Specification |
|--|----|---------------|-------------------|
| Operating weight | | kg (lb) | 30000 (66140) |
| Bucket capacity (SAE heaped), standard | ł | m³ (yd³) | 1.27 (1.66) |
| Overall length | А | | 10560 (34' 8") |
| Overall width, with 600 mm shoe | В | | 2990 (9' 10") |
| Overall height of boom | С | | 3290 (10' 10") |
| Superstructure width | D | | 2980 (9' 9") |
| Overall height of cab | Е | | 3130 (10' 3") |
| Ground clearance of counterweight | F | | 1185 (3' 9") |
| Overall height of engine hood | G | | 2600 (8' 6") |
| Overall height of handrail | G' | mm (ft-in) | 3335 (10' 11") |
| Minimum ground clearance | Н | | 500 (1' 8") |
| Rear-end distance | I | | 3120 (10' 3") |
| Rear-end swing radius | l' | | 3210 (10' 6") |
| Distance between tumblers | J | | 4030 (13' 3") |
| Undercarriage length | К | | 4885 (16' 0") |
| Undercarriage width | L | | 2990 (9' 10") |
| Track gauge | М | | 2390 (7' 10") |
| Track shoe width, standard | N | | 600 (24") |
| Travel speed (low/high) | | km/hr (mph) | 3.3/5.9 (2.1/3.7) |
| Swing speed | | rpm | 10.2 |
| Gradeability | | Degree (%) | 35 (70) |
| Ground pressure (600 mm shoe) | | kgf/cm² (psi) | 0.58 (8.25) |
| Max traction force | | kg (lb) | 26500 (58420) |

3) HX300 L LONG REACH

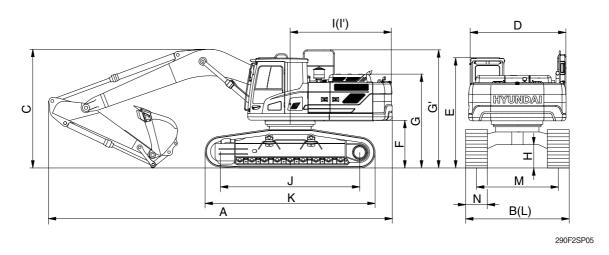
· 10.2 m (33' 6") BOOM and 7.85 m (25' 9") ARM



| Description | | Unit | Specification |
|--|----|---------------|-------------------|
| Operating weight | | kg (lb) | 33070 (72910) |
| Bucket capacity (SAE heaped), standard | | m³ (yd³) | 0.52 (0.68) |
| Overall length | Α | | 14560 (47' 9") |
| Overall width, with 800 mm shoe | В | | 3400 (11' 2") |
| Overall height of boom | С | | 3560 (11' 8") |
| Superstructure width | D | | 2980 (9' 9") |
| Overall height of cab | Е | | 3130 (9' 11") |
| Ground clearance of counterweight | F | | 1185 (3' 9") |
| Overall height of engine hood | G | | 2600 (8' 6") |
| Overall height of handrail | G' | mm (ft-in) | 3335 (10' 11") |
| Minimum ground clearance | Н | | 500 (1' 8") |
| Rear-end distance | I | | 3120 (10' 3") |
| Rear-end swing radius | ľ | | 3210 (10' 6") |
| Distance between tumblers | J | | 4030 (13' 3") |
| Undercarriage length | K | | 4885 (16' 0") |
| Undercarriage width | L | | 3400 (11' 2") |
| Track gauge | М | | 2600 (8' 6") |
| Track shoe width, standard | N | | 800 (31' 5") |
| Travel speed (low/high) | | km/hr (mph) | 3.3/5.9 (2.1/3.7) |
| Swing speed | | rpm | 10.2 |
| Gradeability | | Degree (%) | 35 (70) |
| Ground pressure (800 mm shoe) | | kgf/cm² (psi) | 0.48 (6.83) |
| Max traction force | | kg (lb) | 26500 (58420) |

4) HX300 L HIGH WALKER

\cdot 6.25 m (20' 6") BOOM and 3.05 m (10' 0") ARM

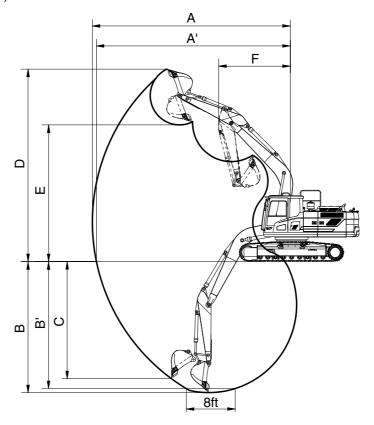


| Description | | Unit | Specification |
|--|----|---------------|-------------------|
| Operating weight | | kg (lb) | 33040 (72840) |
| Bucket capacity (SAE heaped), standard | | m³ (yd³) | 1.27 (1.66) |
| Overall length | Α | | 10430 (34' 3") |
| Overall width, with 600 mm shoe | В | | 3470 (11' 5") |
| Overall height of boom | С | | 3350 (11' 0") |
| Superstructure width | D | | 2980 (9' 9") |
| Overall height of cab | Е | | 3400 (11' 2") |
| Ground clearance of counterweight | F | | 1500 (4' 11") |
| Overall height of engine hood | G | | 2910 (9' 7") |
| Overall height of handrail | G' | mm (ft-in) | 3650 (12' 0") |
| Minimum ground clearance | Н | | 765 (2' 6") |
| Rear-end distance | I | | 3120 (10' 3") |
| Rear-end swing radius | l' | | 3200 (10' 6") |
| Distance between tumblers | J | | 4030 (13' 3") |
| Undercarriage length | K | | 4950 (16' 3") |
| Undercarriage width | L | | 3470 (11' 5") |
| Track gauge | М | | 2870 (9' 5") |
| Track shoe width, standard | N | | 600 (23' 6") |
| Travel speed (low/high) | | km/hr (mph) | 3.3/5.9 (2.1/3.7) |
| Swing speed | | rpm | 10.2 |
| Gradeability | | Degree (%) | 35 (70) |
| Ground pressure (600 mm shoe) | | kgf/cm² (psi) | 0.64 (9.10) |
| Max traction force | | kg (lb) | 26500 (58420) |

3. WORKING RANGE

1) HX300 L/NL

· 6.25 m (20' 6") BOOM

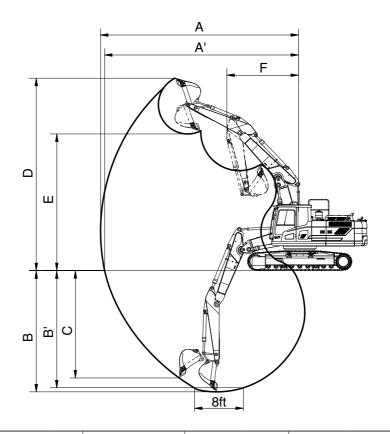


290F2SP06

| Description | | 2.10m (6' 11") Arm | 2.50 m (8' 2") Arm | 3.05 m (10' 0") Arm | 3.75 m (12' 4") Arm |
|---------------------------------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Max digging reach | Α | 10020 mm (32' 10") | 10280 mm (33' 9") | 10820 mm (35' 6") | 11400 mm (37' 5") |
| Max digging reach on ground | A' | 9820 mm (32' 3") | 10080 mm (33' 1") | 10620 mm (34' 10") | 11220 mm (36' 10") |
| Max digging depth | В | 6440 mm (21' 2") | 6840 mm (22' 5") | 7390 mm (24' 3") | 8090 mm (26' 7") |
| Max digging depth (8 ft level) | B' | 6240 mm (20' 6") | 6630 mm (21' 9") | 7200 mm (23' 7") | 7920 mm (26' 0") |
| Max vertical wall digging depth | С | 6000 mm (19' 8") | 5850 mm (19' 2") | 6380 mm (20' 11") | 7080 mm (23' 3") |
| Max digging height | D | 10040 mm (32' 11") | 10000 mm (32' 10") | 10160 mm (33' 4") | 10360 mm (34' 0") |
| Max dumping height | Е | 6940 mm (22' 9") | 7030 mm (23' 1") | 7110 mm (23' 4") | 7310 mm (24' 0") |
| Min swing radius | F | 4400 mm (14' 5") | 4300 mm (14' 1") | 4250 mm (13' 11") | 4200 mm (13' 9") |
| | | 168.7 [183.1] kN | 168.7 [183.1] kN | 168.7 [183.1] kN | 168.7 [183.1] kN |
| | SAE | 17200 [18670] kgf | 17200 [18670] kgf | 17200 [18670] kgf | 17200 [18670] kgf |
| Puelset diaging force | | 37920 [41170] lbf | 37920 [41170] lbf | 37920 [41170] lbf | 37920 [41170] lbf |
| Bucket digging force | | 192.2 [208.7] kN | 192.2 [208.7] kN | 192.2 [208.7] kN | 192.2 [208.7] kN |
| | ISO | 19600 [21280] kgf | 19600 [21280] kgf | 19600 [21280] kgf | 19600 [21280] kgf |
| | | 43210 [46910] lbf | 43210 [46910] lbf | 43210 [46910] lbf | 43210 [46910] lbf |
| | | 180.4 [195.9] kN | 156.9 [170.4] kN | 131.4 [142.7] kN | 114.7 [124.6] kN |
| | SAE | 18400 [19980] kgf | 16000 [17370] kgf | 13400 [14550] kgf | 11700 [12700] kgf |
| Arm digging force | | 40570 [44050] lbf | 35270 [38290] lbf | 29540 [32070] lbf | 25790 [28000] lbf |
| Arm digging force | | 190.3 [206.6] kN | 163.8 [177.8] kN | 136.3 [148] kN | 119.6 [129.9] kN |
| | ISO | 19400 [21060] kgf | 16700 [18130] kgf | 13900 [15090] kgf | 12200 [13250] kgf |
| | | 42770 [46440] lbf | 36820 [39980] lbf | 30640 [33270] lbf | 26900 [29210] lbf |

[]: Power boost

\cdot 6.25 m (20' 6") 2-PIECE BOOM

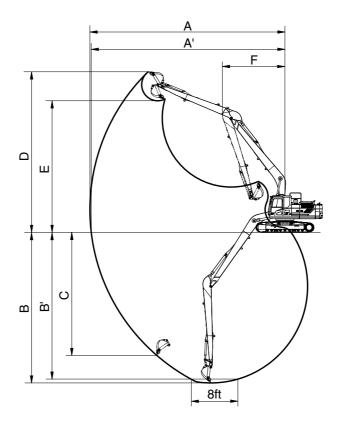


290F2SP06A

| Description | | 2.10m (6' 11") Arm | 2.50 m (8' 2") Arm | 3.05 m (10' 0") Arm | 3.75 m (12' 4") Arm |
|---------------------------------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Max digging reach | Α | 10060 mm (33' 0") | 10340 mm (33' 9") | 10860 mm (35' 6") | 11480 mm (37' 7") |
| Max digging reach on ground | A' | 9850 mm (32' 3") | 10140 mm (33' 3") | 10670 mm (35' 0") | 11300 mm (37' 1") |
| Max digging depth | В | 5930 mm (19' 5") | 6280 mm (20' 6") | 6820 mm (22' 4") | 7490 mm (24' 6") |
| Max digging depth (8 ft level) | B' | 5930 mm (19' 5") | 6330 mm (20' 8") | 6910 mm (22' 7") | 7630 mm (25' 0") |
| Max vertical wall digging depth | С | 5010 mm (16' 4") | 5210 mm (17' 1") | 5780 mm (19' 0") | 6450 mm (21' 2") |
| Max digging height | D | 11540 mm (37' 9") | 11680 mm (38' 3") | 12090 mm (40' 4") | 12550 mm (41' 2") |
| Max dumping height | Е | 8310 mm (27' 3") | 8440 mm (27' 7") | 8850 mm (29' 0") | 9320 mm (30' 6") |
| Min swing radius | F | 3180 mm (10' 4") | 2900 mm (9' 5") | 2630 mm (8' 6") | 2850 mm (9' 4") |
| | SAE | 168.7 [183.1] kN | 168.7 [183.1] kN | 168.7 [183.1] kN | 168.7 [183.1] kN |
| | | 17200 [18670] kgf | 17200 [18670] kgf | 17200 [18670] kgf | 17200 [18670] kgf |
| Dualest diaging force | | 37920 [41170] lbf | 37920 [41170] lbf | 37920 [41170] lbf | 37920 [41170] lbf |
| Bucket digging force | | 192.2 [208.7] kN | 192.2 [208.7] kN | 192.2 [208.7] kN | 192.2 [208.7] kN |
| | ISO | 19600 [21280] kgf | 19600 [21280] kgf | 19600 [21280] kgf | 19600 [21280] kgf |
| | | 43210 [46910] lbf | 43210 [46910] lbf | 43210 [46910] lbf | 43210 [46910] lbf |
| | | 180.4 [195.9] kN | 156.9 [170.4] kN | 131.4 [142.7] kN | 114.7 [124.6] kN |
| | SAE | 18400 [19980] kgf | 16000 [17370] kgf | 13400 [14550] kgf | 11700 [12700] kgf |
| Arm diaging force | | 40570 [44050] lbf | 35270 [38290] lbf | 29540 [32070] lbf | 25790 [28000] lbf |
| Arm digging force | | 190.3 [206.6] kN | 163.8 [177.8] kN | 136.3 [148] kN | 119.6 [129.9] kN |
| | ISO | 19400 [21060] kgf | 16700 [18130] kgf | 13900 [15090] kgf | 12200 [13250] kgf |
| | | 42770 [46440] lbf | 36820 [39980] lbf | 30640 [33270] lbf | 26900 [29210] lbf |

2) HX300 L LONG REACH

· 10.2 m (33' 6") BOOM

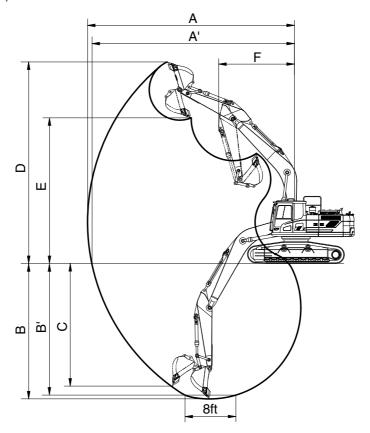


290F2SP07

| Description | | 7.85 m (25' 9") Arm |
|---------------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| Max digging reach | Α | 18510 (60' 9") |
| Max digging reach on ground | A' | 18400 (60' 4") |
| Max digging depth | В | 14820 (48' 7") |
| Max digging depth (8 ft level) | В' | 14690 (48' 2") |
| Max vertical wall digging depth | С | 12020 (39' 5") |
| Max digging height | D | 14500 (47' 7") |
| Max dumping height | Е | 12190 (40' 0") |
| Min swing radius | F | 6250 (20' 6") |
| | | 70 kN |
| | SAE | 7100 kgf |
| Puelcot digging force | | 15650 lbf |
| Bucket digging force | | 80 kN |
| | ISO | 8200 kgf |
| | | 18080 lbf |
| | | 47.1 kN |
| | SAE | 4800 kgf |
| Arm crowd force | | 10580 lbf |
| Aim crowd force | | 48.1 kN |
| | ISO | 4900 kgf |
| | | 10800 lbf |

3) HX300 L HIGH WALKER

· 6.25 m (20' 6") BOOM



290F2SP08

| Description | | 2.10 m (6' 11") Arm | 2.50 m (8' 2") Am | 3.05 m (10' 0") Arm | 3.75 m (12' 4") Arm |
|---------------------------------|-----|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Max digging reach | Α | 10020 mm (32' 10") | 10280 mm (33 ' 9") | 10790 mm (35' 5") | 11400 mm (37' 5") |
| Max digging reach on ground | A' | 9750 mm (32' 0") | 10020 mm (32' 10") | 10530 mm (34' 7") | 11160 mm (36' 7") |
| Max digging depth | В | 6140 mm (20' 2") | 6540 mm (21' 5") | 7090 mm (23' 3") | 7790 mm (25' 7") |
| Max digging depth (8 ft level) | B' | 5930 mm (19' 5") | 6330 mm (20' 9") | 6910 mm (22' 8") | 7630 mm (25' 0") |
| Max vertical wall digging depth | С | 5700 mm (18' 8") | 5560 mm (18' 3") | 6090 mm (20' 0") | 6790 mm (22' 3") |
| Max digging height | D | 10320 mm (33' 10") | 10270 mm (33' 8") | 10440 mm (34' 3") | 10660 mm (35' 0") |
| Max dumping height | Е | 7240 mm (23' 9") | 7170 mm (23' 6") | 7400 mm (24' 3") | 7610 mm (25' 0") |
| Min swing radius | F | 4400 mm (14' 5") | 4300 mm (14' 1") | 4250 mm (13' 11") | 4200 mm (13' 9") |
| | SAE | 168.7 [183.1] kN | 168.7 [183.1] kN | 168.7 [183.1] kN | 168.7 [183.1] kN |
| | | 17200 [18670] kgf | 17200 [18670] kgf | 17200 [18670] kgf | 17200 [18670] kgf |
| Bucket digging force | | 37920 [41170] lbf | 37920 [41170] lbf | 37920 [41170] lbf | 37920 [41170] lbf |
| Ducket digging force | ISO | 192.2 [208.7] kN | 192.2 [208.7] kN | 192.2 [208.7] kN | 192.2 [208.7] kN |
| | | 19600 [21280] kgf | 19600 [21280] kgf | 19600 [21280] kgf | 19600 [21280] kgf |
| | | 43210 [46910] lbf | 43210 [46910] lbf | 43210 [46910] lbf | 43210 [46910] lbf |
| | | 180.4 [195.9] kN | 156.9 [170.4] kN | 131.4 [142.7] kN | 114.7 [124.6] kN |
| | SAE | 18400 [19980] kgf | 16000 [17370] kgf | 13400 [14550] kgf | 11700 [12700] kgf |
| Arm diaging force | | 40570 [44050] lbf | 35270 [38290] lbf | 29540 [32070] lbf | 25790 [28000] lbf |
| Arm digging force | | 190.3 [206.6] kN | 163.8 [177.8] kN | 136.3 [148] kN | 119.6 [129.9] kN |
| | ISO | 19400 [21060] kgf | 16700 [18130] kgf | 13900 [15090] kgf | 12200 [13250] kgf |
| | | 42770 [46440] lbf | 36820 [39980] lbf | 30640 [33270] lbf | 26900 [29210] lbf |

[]: Power boost

4. WEIGHT

1) HX300 L, HX300 NL

| | HX3 | 300 L | HX300 NL | | | | |
|--|------|-------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| Item | kg | lb | kg | lb | | | |
| Upperstructure assembly | | | | | | | |
| · Main frame weld assembly | 2720 | 6000 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Engine assembly | 520 | 1150 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Aftertreatment assy | 94 | 210 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Main pump assembly | 140 | 310 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Main control valve assembly | 220 | 490 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Swing motor assembly | 350 | 770 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Hydraulic oil tank assembly | 270 | 600 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Fuel tank assembly | 235 | 520 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Counterweight | 5200 | 11460 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Cab assembly | 490 | 1080 | ← | ← | | | |
| Lower chassis assembly | | | | | | | |
| · Track frame weld assembly | 3750 | 8270 | 3550 | 7830 | | | |
| · Swing bearing | 435 | 960 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Travel motor assembly | 360 | 790 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Turning joint | 54 | 120 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Sprocket | 83 | 180 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Track recoil spring | 225 | 500 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Idler | 260 | 570 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Carrier roller | 35 | 80 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Track roller | 56 | 120 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Track-chain assembly (600 mm standard triple grouser shoe) | 1880 | 4150 | ← | ← | | | |
| Front attachment assembly | | | | | | | |
| · 6.25 m boom assembly | 2280 | 5030 | ← | ← | | | |
| · 3.05 m arm assembly | 1040 | 2290 | ← | ← | | | |
| · 1.27 m³ SAE heaped bucket | 1100 | 2430 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Boom cylinder assembly | 270 | 600 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Arm cylinder assembly | 360 | 790 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Bucket cylinder assembly | 220 | 490 | ← | ← | | | |
| · Bucket control linkage total | 110 | 240 | ← | ← | | | |

^{*} This information is different with operating and transportation weight because it is not including harness, pipe, oil, fuel so on.

^{*} Refer to Transportation for actual weight information and Specifications for operating weight.

2) HX300 L LONG REACH

| lle me | HX300 L LONG REACH | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Item | kg | lb | | | | | | |
| Upperstructure assembly | | | | | | | | |
| · Main frame weld assembly | 2720 | 6000 | | | | | | |
| · Engine assembly | 520 | 1150 | | | | | | |
| · Aftertreatment assy | 94 | 210 | | | | | | |
| · Main pump assembly | 140 | 310 | | | | | | |
| · Main control valve assembly | 220 | 490 | | | | | | |
| · Swing motor assembly | 350 | 770 | | | | | | |
| · Hydraulic oil tank assembly | 270 | 600 | | | | | | |
| · Fuel tank assembly | 235 | 520 | | | | | | |
| · Counterweight | 7000 | 15450 | | | | | | |
| · Cab assembly | 490 | 1080 | | | | | | |
| Lower chassis assembly | | | | | | | | |
| · Track frame weld assembly | 3750 | 8270 | | | | | | |
| · Swing bearing | 435 | 960 | | | | | | |
| · Travel motor assembly | 360 | 790 | | | | | | |
| · Turning joint | 54 | 120 | | | | | | |
| · Sprocket | 83 | 180 | | | | | | |
| · Track recoil spring | 225 | 500 | | | | | | |
| · Idler | 260 | 570 | | | | | | |
| · Carrier roller | 35 | 80 | | | | | | |
| · Track roller | 56 | 120 | | | | | | |
| Track-chain assembly (800 mm standard triple grouser shoe) | 2350 | 5180 | | | | | | |
| Front attachment assembly | | | | | | | | |
| · 10.2 m boom assembly | 2980 | 6570 | | | | | | |
| · 7.85 m arm assembly | 1340 | 2960 | | | | | | |
| · 0.52 m³ SAE heaped bucket | 460 | 1010 | | | | | | |
| · Boom cylinder assembly | 270 | 600 | | | | | | |
| · Arm cylinder assembly | 360 | 790 | | | | | | |
| · Bucket cylinder assembly | 140 | 310 | | | | | | |
| · Bucket control linkage total | 110 | 240 | | | | | | |

^{*} This information is different with operating and transportation weight because it is not including harness, pipe, oil, fuel so on.

^{*} Refer to Transportation for actual weight information and Specifications for operating weight.

3) HX300 L HIGH WALKER

| lkana | HX300 L HIGH WALKER | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ltem | kg | lb | | | | | | |
| Upperstructure assembly | | | | | | | | |
| · Main frame weld assembly | 2720 | 6000 | | | | | | |
| · Engine assembly | 520 | 1150 | | | | | | |
| · Aftertreatment assy | 94 | 210 | | | | | | |
| · Main pump assembly | 140 | 310 | | | | | | |
| · Main control valve assembly | 220 | 490 | | | | | | |
| · Swing motor assembly | 350 | 770 | | | | | | |
| · Hydraulic oil tank assembly | 270 | 600 | | | | | | |
| · Fuel tank assembly | 235 | 520 | | | | | | |
| · Counterweight | 5200 | 11460 | | | | | | |
| · Cab assembly | 490 | 1080 | | | | | | |
| Lower chassis assembly | | | | | | | | |
| · Track frame weld assembly | 5825 | 12840 | | | | | | |
| · Swing bearing | 435 | 960 | | | | | | |
| · Travel motor assembly | 360 | 790 | | | | | | |
| · Turning joint | 54 | 120 | | | | | | |
| · Sprocket | 83 | 180 | | | | | | |
| · Track recoil spring | 225 | 500 | | | | | | |
| · Idler | 260 | 570 | | | | | | |
| · Carrier roller | 35 | 80 | | | | | | |
| · Track roller | 56 | 120 | | | | | | |
| Track-chain assembly (600 mm standard triple grouser shoe) | 1880 | 4150 | | | | | | |
| Front attachment assembly | | | | | | | | |
| · 6.25 m boom assembly | 2280 | 5030 | | | | | | |
| · 3.05 m arm assembly | 1040 | 2290 | | | | | | |
| · 1.27 m³ SAE heaped bucket | 1100 | 2430 | | | | | | |
| · Boom cylinder assembly | 270 | 600 | | | | | | |
| · Arm cylinder assembly | 360 | 790 | | | | | | |
| · Bucket cylinder assembly | 220 | 490 | | | | | | |
| · Bucket control linkage total | 110 | 240 | | | | | | |

^{*} This information is different with operating and transportation weight because it is not including harness, pipe, oil, fuel so on.

^{*} Refer to Transportation for actual weight information and Specifications for operating weight.

5. LIFTING CAPACITIES

| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Dozer | | Outrigger | |
|--------|------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-----------|------|
| HX3001 | MONO | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| | BOOM | 6250 | 3050 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

: Rating over-front : Rating over-side or 360 degree A

| | Lift-point radius (B) | | | | | | | | | | At | At max. reach | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Lift-point | 1.5 m (4.9 ft) 3.0 m (9.8 ft) | | 4.5 m (14.8 ft) | | 6.0 m (19.7 ft) | | 7.5 m (24.6 ft) | | 9.0 m (29.5 ft) | | Capacity | | Reach | | |
| height (A) | Ū | | ľ | | Ů | | Ū | | ľ | | Ů | | Ů | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m kg (24.6 ft) lb | | | | | | | | | | | | | *4410 *9720 | *4410 *9720 | 7.38 (24.2) |
| 6.0 m kg (19.7 ft) lb | | | | | | | | | *6490 *14310 | 5820 12830 | | | *4220 *9300 | *4220 *9300 | 8.30 (27.2) |
| 4.5 m kg (14.8 ft) lb | | | | | *9450 *20830 | *9450 *20830 | *7760 *17110 | *7760 *17110 | *6980 *15390 | 5650 12460 | | | *4210 *9280 | *4210 *9280 | 8.86 (29.1) |
| 3.0 m kg (9.8 ft) lb | | | | | *12510 *27580 | 11510 25380 | *9210 *20300 | 7550 16640 | *7720 *17020 | 5430 11970 | *5490 *12100 | 4080 8990 | *4350 *9590 | 3980 8770 | 9.14 (30.0) |
| 1.5 m kg (4.9 ft) lb | | | | | *14900 *32850 | 10740 23680 | *10550 *23260 | 7150 15760 | 8220 18120 | 5210 11490 | *6190 *13650 | 3990 8800 | *4640 *10230 | 3870 8530 | 9.17 (30.1) |
| Ground kg Line lb | | | | | *15940 *35140 | 10420 22970 | 11290 24890 | 6890 15190 | 8050 17750 | 5060 11160 | | | *5160 *11380 | 3960 8730 | 8.94 (29.3) |
| -1.5 m kg (-4.9 ft) lb | *7650 *16870 | *7650 *16870 | *11100 *24470 | *11100 *24470 | *15950 *35160 | 10360 22840 | 11170 24630 | 6790 14970 | 7980 17590 | 4990 11000 | | | *6050 *13340 | 4270 9410 | 8.44 (27.7) |
| -3.0 m kg (-9.8 ft) lb | *13100 *28880 | *13100 *28880 | *17910 *39480 | *17910 *39480 | *15100 *33290 | 10470 23080 | 11230 24760 | 6830 15060 | 8060 17770 | 5060 11160 | | | *7770 *17130 | 4970 10960 | 7.61 (25.0) |
| -4.5 m kg (-14.8 ft) lb | | | *18100 *39900 | *18100 *39900 | *13040 *28750 | 10770 23740 | *9550 *21050 | 7070 15590 | | | | | *8810 *19420 | 6620 14590 | 6.32 (20.7) |

Note 1. Lifting capacity are based on SAE J1097 and ISO 10567.

- 2. Lifting capacity of the HX series does not exceed 75% of tipping load with the machine on firm, level ground or 87% of full hydraulic capacity.
- 3. The Lift-point is bucket pivot mounting pin on the arm (without bucket mass).
- 4. *Indicates load limited by hydraulic capacity.
- * Lifting capacities are based upon a standard machine conditions.

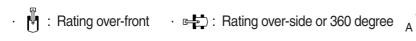
Lifting capacities will vary with different work tools, ground conditions and attachments.

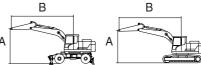
The difference between the weight of a work tool attachment must be subtracted.

Consult your HD Hyundai Construction Equipment dealer regarding the lifting capacities for specific work tools and attachments.

▲ Failure to comply to the rated load can cause possible personal injury or property damage. Make adjustments to the rated load as necessory for non-standard configurations.

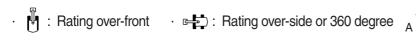
| Model | Type | Boom | Boom Arm Counterweight Shoe | | Wheel Dozer | | Outrigger | | | |
|---------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-----------|------|-------|------|
| THX300T | MONO BOOM | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| | | 6250 | 2100 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

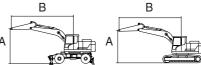




| | | | At max. reach | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--------|----------|----------|--------|--------|
| Lift-point height (A) | 3.0 m | 3.0 m (9.8 ft) | | 4.5 m (14.8 ft) | | 6.0 m (19.7 ft) | | 24.6 ft) | Capacity | | Reach |
| | (A) | | | | | | ľ | | ľ | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m kg | | | | | *7670 | *7670 | | | *7890 | 7410 | 6.40 |
| (24.6 ft) lb | | | | | *16910 | *16910 | | | *17390 | 16340 | (21.0) |
| 6.0 m kg | | | | | *7900 | *7900 | | | *7790 | 5740 | 7.44 |
| (19.7 ft) lb | | | | | *17420 | *17420 | | | *17170 | 12650 | (24.4) |
| 4.5 m kg | | | | | *8950 | 7830 | *7930 | 5580 | 7640 | 4950 | 8.06 |
| (14.8 ft) lb | | | | | *19730 | 17260 | *17480 | 12300 | 16840 | 10910 | (26.5) |
| 3.0 m kg | | | | | *10270 | 7420 | 8420 | 5400 | 7100 | 4570 | 8.37 |
| (9.8 ft) lb | | | | | *22640 | 16360 | 18560 | 11900 | 15650 | 10080 | (27.5) |
| 1.5 m kg | | | | | *11350 | 7110 | 8240 | 5230 | 6970 | 4470 | 8.40 |
| (4.9 ft) lb | | | | | *25020 | 15670 | 18170 | 11530 | 15370 | 9850 | (27.6) |
| Ground kg | | | | | 11340 | 6950 | 8130 | 5140 | 7230 | 4610 | 8.16 |
| Line lb | | | | | 25000 | 15320 | 17920 | 11330 | 15940 | 10160 | (26.8) |
| -1.5 m kg | | | *15530 | 10610 | 11330 | 6940 | 8170 | 5170 | 8030 | 5100 | 7.60 |
| (-4.9 ft) lb | | | *34240 | 23390 | 24980 | 15300 | 18010 | 11400 | 17700 | 11240 | (24.9) |
| -3.0 m kg | *18440 | *18440 | *14030 | 10810 | *10600 | 7090 | | | *9060 | 6220 | 6.66 |
| (-9.8 ft) lb | *40650 | *40650 | *30930 | 23830 | *23370 | 15630 | | | *19970 | 13710 | (21.9) |
| -4.5 m kg | | | *10580 | *10580 | | | | | *8760 | *8760 | 5.12 |
| (-14.8 ft) lb | | | *23320 | *23320 | | | | | *19310 | *19310 | (16.8) |

| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|---------|------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 L | MONO | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| HX300 L | BOOM | 6250 | 2500 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

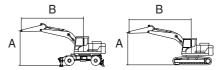




| | | | | Lift-point i | radius (B) | | | | At | max. rea | ch |
|---------------|--------|----------|---------|--------------|------------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| Lift-point | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | Cap | acity | Reach |
| height (A) | | | | | | | | | ľ | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m kg | | | | | *6980 | *6980 | | | *6760 | *6760 | 6.74 |
| (24.6 ft) lb | | | | | *15390 | *15390 | | | *14900 | *14900 | (22.1) |
| 6.0 m kg | | | | | *7380 | *7380 | *7170 | 5740 | *6440 | 5430 | 7.74 |
| (19.7 ft) lb | | | | | *16270 | *16270 | *15810 | 12650 | *14200 | 11970 | (25.4) |
| 4.5 m kg | | | *10660 | *10660 | *8470 | 7900 | *7530 | 5610 | *6420 | 4710 | 8.34 |
| (14.8 ft) lb | | | *23500 | *23500 | *18670 | 17420 | *16600 | 12370 | *14150 | 10380 | (27.4) |
| 3.0 m kg | | | *13720 | 11240 | *9850 | 7470 | *8180 | 5410 | *6640 | 4360 | 8.64 |
| (9.8 ft) lb | | | *30250 | 24780 | *21720 | 16470 | *18030 | 11930 | *14640 | 9610 | (28.3) |
| 1.5 m kg | | | | | *11040 | 7120 | 8230 | 5220 | 6640 | 4250 | 8.67 |
| (4.9 ft) lb | | | | | *24340 | 15700 | 18140 | 11510 | 14640 | 9370 | (28.4) |
| Ground kg | | | *16170 | 10470 | 11310 | 6920 | 8100 | 5100 | 6850 | 4360 | 8.43 |
| Line Ib | | | *35650 | 23080 | 24930 | 15260 | 17860 | 11240 | 15100 | 9610 | (27.7) |
| -1.5 m kg | *11150 | *11150 | *15780 | 10490 | 11260 | 6870 | 8080 | 5090 | 7530 | 4770 | 7.89 |
| (-4.9 ft) lb | *24580 | *24580 | *34790 | 23130 | 24820 | 15150 | 17810 | 11220 | 16600 | 10520 | (25.9) |
| -3.0 m kg | *19830 | *19830 | *14550 | 10660 | *10980 | 6980 | | | *9000 | 5700 | 6.99 |
| (-9.8 ft) lb | *43720 | *43720 | *32080 | 23500 | *24210 | 15390 | | | *19840 | 12570 | (22.9) |
| -4.5 m kg | *15970 | *15970 | *11820 | 11040 | | | | | *9210 | 8150 | 5.55 |
| (-14.8 ft) lb | *35210 | *35210 | *26060 | 24340 | | | | | *20300 | 17970 | (18.2) |

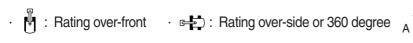
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|---------|------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 L | MONO | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| HX300 L | BOOM | 6250 | 3750 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

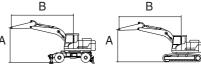
· 🖟 : Rating over-front · 🚓 : Rating over-side or 360 degree 🔥



| | | | | | Li | ft-point | radius (l | B) | | | | | At ı | max. rea | ach |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Lift-point | 1.5 m | (4.9 ft) | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Capa | acity | Reach |
| height (A) | Ð | | Ů | | Ů | | ľ | | ľ | | Ů | | ľ | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m kg (24.6 ft) lb | | | | | | | | | *5120 *11290 | *5120 *11290 | | | *3490 *7690 | *3490 *7690 | 8.14 (26.7) |
| 6.0 m kg (19.7 ft) lb | | | | | | | | | *5700 *12570 | *5700 *12570 | | | *3370 *7430 | *3370 *7430 | 8.97 (29.4) |
| 4.5 m kg (14.8 ft) lb | | | | | | | *6830 *15060 | *6830 *15060 | *6290 *13870 | 5730 12630 | *5230 *11530 | 4220 9300 | *3380 *7450 | *3380 *7450 | 9.50 (31.2) |
| 3.0 m kg (9.8 ft) lb | | | | | *10960 *24160 | *10960 *24160 | *8340 *18390 | 7690 16950 | *7110 *15670 | 5480 12080 | 6380 14070 | 4100 9040 | *3490 *7690 | *3490 *7690 | 9.76 (32.0) |
| 1.5 m kg (4.9 ft) lb | | | | | *13740 *30290 | 10950 24140 | *9850 *21720 | 7220 15920 | *7970 *17570 | 5220 11510 | 6240 13760 | 3970 8750 | *3720 *8200 | 3480 7670 | 9.79 (32.1) |
| Ground kg Line lb | | | *6810 *15010 | *6810 *15010 | *15380 *33910 | 10430 22990 | *10980 *24210 | 6890 15190 | 8030 17700 | 5030 11090 | 6120 13490 | 3860 8510 | *4110 *9060 | 3530 7780 | 9.58 (31.4) |
| -1.5 m kg (-4.9 ft) lb | *7070 *15590 | *7070 *15590 | *10570 *23300 | *10570 *23300 | *15920 *35100 | 10250 22600 | 11100 24470 | 6720 14820 | 7900 17420 | 4910 10820 | *5710 *12590 | 3820 8420 | *4750 *10470 | 3760 8290 | 9.11 (29.9) |
| ` ' | *11090 *24450 | *11090 *24450 | *15460 *34080 | *15460 *34080 | *15540 *34260 | 10270 22640 | 11080 24430 | 6690 14750 | 7900 17420 | 4910 10820 | | | *5900 *13010 | 4270 9410 | 8.35 (27.4) |
| -4.5 m kg | *15990 *35250 | *15990 | *20280 | *20280 | *14140 *31170 | 10480 23100 | *10510 | 6830 15060 | | | | | *8250 *18190 | 5350 11790 | 7.19 (23.6) |

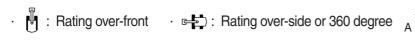
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|---------|-------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 L | Long | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| HX300 L | reach | 10200 | 7850 | 7000 | 800 | - | - | - | - | - |

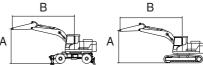




| | | | | | | | | | | | Lift- | point | radius | s (B) | | | | | | | | | | | At m | nax. re | each |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|--------|
| Lift- point | -0.5 m | (-1.6 ft) | 1.0 m | (3.3 ft) | 2.5m | (8.2ft) | 4.0m (| 13.1ft) | 5.5m (| 18.0ft) | 7.0m (| 23.0ft) | 8.5m (| (27.9ft) | 10.0m | (32.8ft) | 11.5m | (37.7ft) | 13.0m | (42.7ft) | 14.5m | (47.6ft) | 16.0m | (52.5ft) | Сар | acity | Reach |
| height (A) | Ū | # | Ū | + | J | + | J | # | J | + | J | # | J | | J | # | J | # | J | # | J | # | Ū | # | J | | m (ft) |
| 12.4 m kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *780 | *780 | 13.80 |
| 40.7 ft lb | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *1720 | *1720 | (45.3) |
| 10.9 m kg | l . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *940 | *940 | | | *750 | *750 | 14.82 |
| 35.8 ft lb | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *2070 | *2070 | | | *1650 | *1650 | (48.6) |
| 9.4 m kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *1270 | *1270 | | | *730 | *730 | 15.63 |
| 30.8 ft lb | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *2800 | *2800 | | | *1610 | *1610 | (51.3) |
| 7.9 m kg | i . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *1740 | *1740 | *1500 | *1500 | *900 | | *720 | *720 | 16.25 |
| 25.9 ft lb | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *3840 | *3840 | *3310 | *3310 | *1980 | *1980 | *1590 | *1590 | (53.3) |
| 6.4 m kg | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *1940 | *1940 | *1700 | *1700 | *1190 | *1190 | *730 | *730 | 16.72 |
| 21.0 ft lb | † | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *4280 | *4280 | *3750 | *3750 | *2620 | *2620 | *1610 | *1610 | (54.9) |
| 4.9 m kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *2390 | *2390 | *2200 | *2200 | *1910 | *1910 | *1400 | *1400 | *750 | *750 | 17.04 |
| 16.1 ft lb | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *5270 | *5270 | *4850 | *4850 | *4210 | *4210 | *3090 | *3090 | *1650 | *1650 | (55.9) |
| 3.4 m kg | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | *3960 | *3960 | *3400 | *3400 | *2950 | *2950 | *2570 | *2570 | *2160 | *2160 | *1590 | *1590 | *770 | *770 | 17.23 |
| 11.2 ft lb | | | | | | | | | | | | | *8730 | *8730 | *7500 | *7500 | *6500 | *6500 | *5670 | *5670 | *4760 | *4760 | *3510 | *3510 | *1700 | *1700 | () |
| 1.9 m kg | l . | | | | | | *3290 | *3290 | *7670 | *7670 | *5730 | *5730 | *4660 | *4660 | *3990 | *3990 | *3550 | 3270 | *3070 | 2680 | *2440 | 2220 | *1740 | *1740 | *820 | *820 | 17.28 |
| 6.2 ft lb | | | | | | | *7250 | *7250 | *16910 | *16910 | *12630 | *12630 | *10270 | *10270 | *8800 | *8800 | *7830 | 7210 | *6770 | 5910 | *5380 | 4890 | *3840 | *3840 | *1810 | *1810 | (56.7) |
| 0.4 m kg | | | | | | | *2340 | *2340 | *5890 | *5890 | *6680 | 6100 | *5310 | 4730 | *4450 | 3780 | *3890 | 3080 | *3490 | 2550 | *2760 | 2120 | *1850 | 1780 | *870 | *870 | 17.20 |
| 1.3 ft lb | | | ***** | +1000 | ***** | +1.100 | *5160 | *5160 | *12990 | *12990 | *14730 | 13450 | *11710 | 10430 | *9810 | 8330 | *8580 | 6790 | *7690 | 5620 | *6080 | 4670 | *4080 | 3920 | *1920 | *1920 | (56.4) |
| -1.1 m kg | | | *1200 | *1200 | *1430 | *1430 | *2500 | *2500 | *4840 | *4840 | *7420 | 5680 | *5860 | 4420 | *4870 | 3550 | *4200 | 2920 | *3720 | 2430 | *3050 | 2040 | *1880 | 1720 | *950 | *950 | 16.98 |
| -3.6 ft lb | | | *2650 | *2650 | *3150 | *3150 | *5510 | *5510 | *10670 | *10670 | *16360 | 12520 | *12920 | 9740 | *10740 | 7830 | *9260 | 6440 | *8200 | 5360 | *6720 | 4500 | *4140 | 3790 | *2090 | *2090 | (55.7) |
| -2.6 m kg | ı | | *1780 | *1780 | *2070 | *2070 | *2980 | *2980 | *4860 | *4860 | *7950 | 5400 | *6290 | 4190 | *5210 | 3380 | *4460 | 2790 | 3810 | 2330 | *3240 | 1970 | *1750 | 1680 | *1050 | *1050 | 16.63 |
| -8.5 ft lb | | *0.400 | *3920 | *3920 | *4560 | *4560 | *6570 | *6570 | *10710 | *10710 | *17530 | 11900 | *13870 | | *11490 | 7450 | *9830 | 6150 | 8400 | 5140 | *7140 | 4340 | *3860 | 3700 | *2310 | *2310 | (54.6) |
| -4.1 m kg -13.5 ft lb | *2400 *5290 | *2400 *5290 | *2390 *5270 | *2390 *5270 | *2750 *6060 | *2750 *6060 | *3620 *7980 | *3620 *7980 | *5330 *11750 | *5330 *11750 | *8260 *18210 | 5250 11570 | *6590 *14530 | 4060 8950 | 5370 11840 | 3260 7190 | 4430 9770 | 2690 5930 | 3740 8250 | 2260 4980 | 3210 7080 | 1930 4250 | *1350 *2980 | *1350 *2980 | *1180 | *1180 *2600 | (52.9) |
| | | *2930 | | *3040 | | | *4380 | | *6070 | | *8390 | | - | 3990 | | | 4380 | | 3700 | | *2790 | | 2900 | 2900 | *1360 | *1360 | 15.46 |
| -5.6 m kg -18.4 ft lb | | *6460 | *3040 *6700 | *6700 | | *3470 *7650 | *9660 | *4380 *9660 | *13380 | *6070 *13380 | *18500 | 5190 11440 | 6640 14640 | 3990 8800 | 5300 11680 | 3200 7050 | 9660 | 2640 5820 | 8160 | 2230 4920 | *6150 | 1910 4210 | | | *3000 | *3000 | (50.7) |
| | | *3510 | *3740 | *3740 | *4270 | *4270 | *5260 | *5260 | *7080 | *7080 | *8340 | 5210 | 6640 | 3980 | 5290 | 3190 | 4370 | 2640 | 3710 | 2230 | *1810 | *1810 | | | *1620 | *1620 | 14.61 |
| -7.1 m kg | | *7740 | *8250 | *8250 | *9410 | *9410 | *11600 | 5260 *11600 | *15610 | *15610 | *18390 | 11490 | 14640 | 8770 | 11660 | 7030 | 9630 | 5820 | 8180 | 4920 | *3990 | *3990 | | | *3570 | *3570 | (47.9) |
| | <u> </u> | 1140 | *4500 | *4500 | *5160 | *5160 | *6320 | *6320 | *8410 | 7540 | *8090 | 5300 | *6590 | 4040 | 5330 | 3230 | 4410 | 2680 | *3260 | 2290 | J330 | J330 | | | *2030 | *2030 | 13.53 |
| -8.6 m kg | | | *9920 | *9920 | *11380 | *11380 | *13930 | *13930 | *18540 | 16620 | *17840 | 11680 | *14530 | 8910 | 11750 | 7120 | 9720 | 5910 | *7190 | 5050 | | | | | *4480 | *4480 | |
| -10.1 m kg | | | *5360 | *5360 | *6190 | *6190 | *7620 | *7620 | *9570 | 7770 | *7590 | 5460 | *6220 | 4160 | *5180 | 3330 | *4330 | 2780 | / 130 | 3030 | | | | | *2750 | 2600 | 12.18 |
| -33.1 ft lb | | | *11820 | *11820 | *13650 | *13650 | *16800 | *16800 | *21100 | 17130 | *16730 | 12040 | *13710 | 9170 | *11420 | 7340 | *9550 | 6130 | | | | | | | *6060 | 5730 | (40.0) |
| -11.6 m kg | | | 11020 | 11020 | *7430 | *7430 | *9330 | *9330 | *8440 | 8110 | *6740 | 5700 | *5510 | 4360 | *4480 | 3520 | 3000 | 0100 | | | | | | | *4200 | 3350 | 10.44 |
| -38.1 ft lb | 1 | | | | *16380 | *16380 | *20570 | *20570 | *18610 | 17880 | *14860 | 12570 | *12150 | 9610 | *9880 | 7760 | | | | | | | | | *9260 | 7390 | (34.2) |

| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|--------------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 L | 2-PIECE | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| I II X 300 L | BOOM | 6250 | 2100 | 7500 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

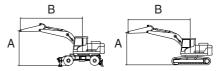




| | | | | | L | ift-point | radius (l | 3) | | | | At | max. rea | ach |
|---------------------|----------|-------|----------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------|----------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Lift-po | | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| (19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Сар | acity | Reach |
| height | (A) | J | | Ū | | Ū | | P | | J | | · | | m (ft) |
| 9.0 m (29.5 ft) | kg lb | | | *12270 *27050 | *12270 *27050 | | | | | | | *11940 *26320 | *11940 *26320 | 4.58 (15.0) |
| 7.5 m (24.6 ft) | kg lb | | | *11390 *25110 | *11390 *25110 | *9440 *20810 | *9440 *20810 | | | | | *9270 *20440 | 8880 19580 | 6.35 (20.8) |
| 6.0 m (19.7 ft) | kg | | | *12450 *27450 | *12450 *27450 | *9540 *21030 | *9540 *21030 | | | | | *8140 *17950 | 6890 15190 | 7.41 (24.3) |
| 4.5 m | kg | | | 27430 | 27430 | *10460 | 9350 | *8100 | 6690 | | | *7640 | 5960 | 8.05 |
| (14.8 ft) 3.0 m | lb kg | | | | | *23060 | 20610 8910 | *17860 | 14750 6510 | | | *16840 *7520 | 13140 5520 | 8.38 |
| (9.8 ft) 1.5 m | lb kg | | | | | *26460 13540 | 19640 8580 | *18830 *9090 | 14350 6340 | | | *16580 *7690 | 12170 5410 | (27.5) 8.42 |
| (4.9 ft) Ground | lb kg | | | | | 29850 13360 | 18920 8410 | *20040 *9510 | 13980 6240 | | | *16950 *8200 | 11930 5580 | (27.6) 8.19 |
| Line -1.5 m | lb kg | | | *14820 | 12810 | 29450 *11970 | 18540 8410 | *20970 *8830 | 13760 6280 | | | *18080 | 12300 6140 | (26.9) 7.66 |
| (-4.9 ft) | lb | | | *32670 | 28240 | *26390 | 18540 | *19470 | 13850 | | | *18300 | 13540 | (25.1) |
| -3.0 m (-9.8 ft) | kg lb | | | | | *9040 *19930 | 8590 18940 | | | | | | | |

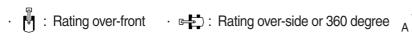
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|--------------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 L | 2-PIECE | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| I II X 300 L | BOOM | 6250 | 2500 | 7500 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

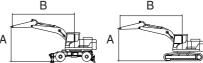
· 🖟 : Rating over-front · 🚓 : Rating over-side or 360 degree 🔥



| | | | | | L | ift-point | radius (l | В) | | | | At | max. rea | ach |
|---------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Lift-po | int | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| (19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Сар | acity | Reach |
| height | (A) | | | · | | ľ | | H | | ľ | | ľ | | m (ft) |
| 9.0 m (29.5 ft) | kg lb | | | *9800 *21610 | *9800 *21610 | | | | | | | *9000 *19840 | *9000 *19840 | 5.09 (16.7) |
| 7.5 m (24.6 ft) | kg lb | | | *9870 *21760 | *9870 *21760 | *8870 *19550 | *8870 *19550 | | | | | *7750 *17090 | *7750 *17090 | 6.73 (22.1) |
| 6.0 m (19.7 ft) | kg lb | *11920 *26280 | *11920 *26280 | *11130 *24540 | *11130 *24540 | *9100 *20060 | *9100 *20060 | *7570 *16690 | 6860 15120 | | | *7290 *16070 | 6500 14330 | 7.73 (25.4) |
| 4.5 m (14.8 ft) | kg lb | 20200 | 20200 | *14530 *32030 | *14530 *32030 | *9990 *22020 | 9430 20790 | *7780 *17150 | 6730 14840 | | | *7040 *15520 | 5670 12500 | 8.35 (27.4) |
| 3.0 m | kg | | | 32030 | 32030 | *11470 *25290 | 8970 19780 | *8260 *18210 | 6520 14370 | | | *6960 *15340 | 5260 11600 | 8.67 |
| (9.8 ft) 1.5 m | kg | | | | | *13240 | 8590 | *8850 | 6330 | | | *7140 | 5140 | (28.4) 8.71 |
| (4.9 ft) Ground | lb kg | | | *17730 | 12640 | *29190 13330 | 18940 8380 | *19510 *9350 | 13960 6200 | | | *15740 *7460 | 11330 5270 | (28.6) |
| Line -1.5 m | lb kg | | | *39090 *15730 | 27870 12680 | 29390 *12400 | 18470 8340 | *20610 *9480 | 13670 6190 | | | *16450 *8400 | 11620 5750 | (27.8) 7.97 |
| (-4.9 ft) -3.0 m | lb kg | | | *34680 | 27950 *12570 | *27340 *9980 | 18390 8460 | *20900 | 13650 | | | *18520 *7450 | 12680 6810 | (26.1) 7.10 |
| (-9.8 ft) | lb | | | *27710 | *27710 | *22000 | 18650 | | | | | *16420 | 15010 | (23.3) |

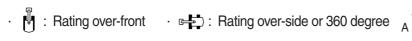
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|--------------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 L | 2-PIECE | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| I II X 300 L | BOOM | 6250 | 3050 | 7500 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

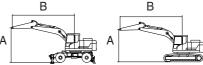




| | | | | | | 161 1 . 1 | !! /! | D\ | | | | Δ. | | |
|-----------|-----|--------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| | | | | | L | ift-point | radius (| R) | | | | At | max. rea | acn |
| Lift-po | | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| (19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| (24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Сар | acity | Reach |
| height | (A) | ľ | | | | | | | | ŀ | | | | m (ft) |
| 9.0 m | kg | | | *8820 | *8820 | *5960 | *5960 | | | | | *5620 | *5620 | 6.06 |
| (29.5 ft) | lb | | | *19440 | *19440 | *13140 | *13140 | | | | | *12390 | *12390 | (19.9) |
| 7.5 m | kg | | | *8660 | *8660 | *8280 | *8280 | | | | | *4990 | *4990 | 7.46 |
| (24.6 ft) | lb | | | *19090 | *19090 | *18250 | *18250 | | | | | *11000 | *11000 | (24.5) |
| 6.0 m | kg | | | *9630 | *9630 | *8600 | *8600 | *7100 | 6940 | | | *4740 | *4740 | 8.37 |
| (19.7 ft) | lb | | | *21230 | *21230 | *18960 | *18960 | *15650 | 15300 | | | *10450 | *10450 | (27.5) |
| 4.5 m | kg | | | *13240 | *13240 | *9450 | *9450 | *7410 | 6770 | | | *4690 | *4690 | 8.93 |
| (14.8 ft) | lb | | | *29190 | *29190 | *20830 | *20830 | *16340 | 14930 | | | *10340 | *10340 | (29.3) |
| 3.0 m | kg | | | *17310 | 13700 | *10880 | 9020 | *7930 | 6530 | *6360 | 4950 | *4810 | 4770 | 9.21 |
| (9.8 ft) | lb | | | *38160 | 30200 | *23990 | 19890 | *17480 | 14400 | *14020 | 10910 | *10600 | 10520 | (30.2) |
| 1.5 m | kg | | | *18670 | 12890 | *12670 | 8590 | *8570 | 6300 | *6580 | 4850 | *5090 | 4670 | 9.24 |
| (4.9 ft) | lb | | | *41160 | 28420 | *27930 | 18940 | *18890 | 13890 | *14510 | 10690 | *11220 | 10300 | (30.3) |
| Ground | kg | | | *18290 | 12560 | 13280 | 8330 | *9140 | 6140 | *5760 | 4800 | *5590 | 4790 | 9.01 |
| Line | lb | | | *40320 | 27690 | 29280 | 18360 | *20150 | 13540 | *12700 | 10580 | *12320 | 10560 | (29.6) |
| -1.5 m | kg | *12160 | *12160 | *16670 | 12520 | *12820 | 8230 | 9440 | 6080 | | | *6450 | 5170 | 8.51 |
| (-4.9 ft) | lb | *26810 | *26810 | *36750 | 27600 | *28260 | 18140 | 20810 | 13400 | | | *14220 | 11400 | (27.9) |
| -3.0 m | kg | | | *13870 | 12670 | *10860 | 8300 | *7840 | 6180 | | | *7310 | 6000 | 7.69 |
| (-9.8 ft) | lb | | | *30580 | 27930 | *23940 | 18300 | *17280 | 13620 | | | *16120 | 13230 | (25.2) |

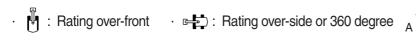
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|-----------|------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HASOU VII | MONO | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| HX300 NL | BOOM | 6250 | 2100 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

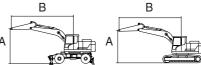




| | | | | Lift-point | radius (B) | | | | At | max. rea | ch |
|---------------|--------|----------|---------|------------|------------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| Lift-point | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | Capa | acity | Reach |
| height (A) | | | | | | | ľ | | ľ | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m kg | | | | | *7690 | 7600 | | | *7920 | 6780 | 6.40 |
| (24.6 ft) lb | | | | | *16950 | 16760 | | | *17460 | 14950 | (21.0) |
| 6.0 m kg | | | | | *7930 | 7480 | | | *7810 | 5250 | 7.44 |
| (19.7 ft) lb | | | | | *17480 | 16490 | | | *17220 | 11570 | (24.4) |
| 4.5 m kg | | | | | *8980 | 7140 | *7950 | 5100 | 7610 | 4520 | 8.06 |
| (14.8 ft) lb | | | | | *19800 | 15740 | *17530 | 11240 | 16780 | 9960 | (26.5) |
| 3.0 m kg | | | | | *10300 | 6750 | 8380 | 4930 | 7070 | 4170 | 8.37 |
| (9.8 ft) lb | | | | | *22710 | 14880 | 18470 | 10870 | 15590 | 9190 | (27.5) |
| 1.5 m kg | | | | | *11390 | 6450 | 8200 | 4770 | 6940 | 4070 | 8.40 |
| (4.9 ft) lb | | | | | *25110 | 14220 | 18080 | 10520 | 15300 | 8970 | (27.6) |
| Ground kg | | | | | 11290 | 6300 | 8100 | 4680 | 7200 | 4200 | 8.16 |
| Line Ib | | | | | 24890 | 13890 | 17860 | 10320 | 15870 | 9260 | (26.8) |
| -1.5 m kg | | | *15560 | 9510 | 11280 | 6290 | 8130 | 4710 | 7990 | 4640 | 7.60 |
| (-4.9 ft) lb | | | *34300 | 20970 | 24870 | 13870 | 17920 | 10380 | 17610 | 10230 | (24.9) |
| -3.0 m kg | *18480 | *18480 | *14060 | 9700 | *10630 | 6430 | | | *9090 | 5650 | 6.66 |
| (-9.8 ft) lb | *40740 | *40740 | *31000 | 21380 | *23440 | 14180 | | | *20040 | 12460 | (21.9) |
| -4.5 m kg | | | *10610 | 10150 | | | | | *8790 | 8490 | 5.12 |
| (-14.8 ft) lb | | | *23390 | 22380 | | | | | *19380 | 18720 | (16.8) |

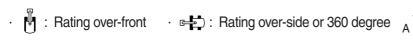
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|-----------|------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HASOU VII | MONO | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| 1HX300 NI | BOOM | 6250 | 2500 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

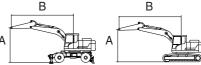




| | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----|--------|----------|---------|------------|------------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| | | | | | Lift-point | radius (B) | | | | At | max. rea | ch |
| Lift-po | | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | Capa | acity | Reach |
| height | (A) | Į. | | | | Į. | | ľ | | l l | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m | kg | | | | | *7020 | *7020 | | | *6800 | 6430 | 6.67 |
| (24.6 ft) | lb | | | | | *15480 | *15480 | | | *14990 | 14180 | (21.9) |
| 6.0 m | kg | | | | | *7360 | *7360 | *7200 | 5260 | *6460 | 5040 | 7.68 |
| (19.7 ft) | lb | | | | | *16230 | *16230 | *15870 | 11600 | *14240 | 11110 | (25.2) |
| 4.5 m | kg | | | *10530 | *10530 | *8420 | 7240 | *7520 | 5150 | *6430 | 4350 | 8.30 |
| (14.8 ft) | lb | | | *23210 | *23210 | *18560 | 15960 | *16580 | 11350 | *14180 | 9590 | (27.2) |
| 3.0 m | kg | | | *13560 | 10180 | *9790 | 6830 | *8170 | 4950 | *6650 | 4010 | 8.61 |
| (9.8 ft) | lb | | | *29890 | 22440 | *21580 | 15060 | *18010 | 10910 | *14660 | 8840 | (28.3) |
| 1.5 m | kg | | | | | *10990 | 6480 | 8210 | 4770 | 6640 | 3890 | 8.65 |
| (4.9 ft) | lb | | | | | *24230 | 14290 | 18100 | 10520 | 14640 | 8580 | (28.4) |
| Ground | kg | | | *16130 | 9400 | 11280 | 6280 | 8080 | 4650 | 6840 | 3980 | 8.42 |
| Line | lb | | | *35560 | 20720 | 24870 | 13850 | 17810 | 10250 | 15080 | 8770 | (27.6) |
| -1.5 m | kg | *10890 | *10890 | *15780 | 9410 | 11220 | 6230 | 8050 | 4630 | 7490 | 4340 | 7.90 |
| (-4.9 ft) | lb | *24010 | *24010 | *34790 | 20750 | 24740 | 13730 | 17750 | 10210 | 16510 | 9570 | (25.9) |
| -3.0 m | kg | *19890 | 18990 | *14600 | 9570 | *11030 | 6320 | | | 8990 | 5170 | 7.02 |
| (-9.8 ft) | lb | *43850 | 41870 | *32190 | 21100 | *24320 | 13930 | | | 19820 | 11400 | (23.0) |
| -4.5 m | kg | *16160 | *16160 | *11970 | 9920 | | | | | *9240 | 7290 | 5.60 |
| (-14.8 ft) | lb | *35630 | *35630 | *26390 | 21870 | | | | | *20370 | 16070 | (18.4) |

| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | igger |
|-----------|------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| HX300 NL | MONO | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| HASOU INL | BOOM | 6250 | 3050 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

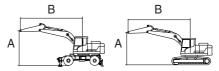




| | | | | | Li | ft-point | radius (E | 3) | | | | | Δtı | max. rea | ach |
|---------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| | | | | | | | ` | • | | | | | | | 2011 |
| Lift-point | 1.5 m | (4.9 ft) | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Capa | acity | Reach |
| height (A) | ľ | | ð | | Ů | | ľ | | Ů | | Ů | | Ů | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | *4420 | *4420 | 7.38 |
| (24.6 ft) lb | | | | | | | | | | | | | *9740 | *9740 | (24.2) |
| 6.0 m kg | | | | | | | | | *6510 | 5330 | | | *4230 | *4230 | 8.30 |
| (19.7 ft) lb | | | | | | | | | *14350 | 11750 | | | *9330 | *9330 | (27.2) |
| 4.5 m kg | | | | | *9480 | *9480 | *7790 | 7320 | *7010 | 5170 | | | *4220 | 3910 | 8.86 |
| (14.8 ft) lb | | | | | *20900 | *20900 | *17170 | 16140 | *15450 | 11400 | | | *9300 | 8620 | (29.1) |
| 3.0 m kg | | | | | *12540 | 10370 | *9240 | 6870 | *7750 | 4950 | *5510 | 3720 | *4360 | 3620 | 9.14 |
| (9.8 ft) lb | | | | | *27650 | 22860 | *20370 | 15150 | *17090 | 10910 | *12150 | 8200 | *9610 | 7980 | (30.0) |
| 1.5 m kg | | | | | *14940 | 9640 | *10580 | 6480 | 8190 | 4740 | *6210 | 3630 | *4660 | 3520 | 9.17 |
| (4.9 ft) lb | | | | | *32940 | 21250 | *23320 | 14290 | 18060 | 10450 | *13690 | 8000 | *10270 | 7760 | (30.1) |
| Ground kg | | | | | *15980 | 9320 | 11240 | 6230 | 8020 | 4590 | | | *5180 | 3600 | 8.94 |
| Line Ib | | | | | *35230 | 20550 | 24780 | 13730 | 17680 | 10120 | | | *11420 | 7940 | (29.3) |
| -1.5 m kg | *7670 | *7670 | *11120 | *11120 | *15990 | 9270 | 11120 | 6130 | 7950 | 4530 | | | *6070 | 3880 | 8.44 |
| (-4.9 ft) lb | *16910 | *16910 | *24520 | *24520 | *35250 | 20440 | 24520 | 13510 | 17530 | 9990 | | | *13380 | 8550 | (27.7) |
| -3.0 m kg | *13120 | *13120 | *17920 | *17920 | *15130 | 9370 | 11170 | 6180 | 8030 | 4600 | | | *7790 | 4520 | 7.61 |
| (-9.8 ft) lb | *28920 | *28920 | *39510 | *39510 | *33360 | 20660 | 24630 | 13620 | 17700 | 10140 | | | *17170 | 9960 | (25.0) |
| -4.5 m kg | | | *18140 | *18140 | *13070 | 9660 | *9580 | 6410 | | | | | *8830 | 6000 | 6.32 |
| (-14.8 ft) lb | | | *39990 | *39990 | *28810 | 21300 | *21120 | 14130 | | | | | *19470 | 13230 | (20.7) |

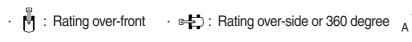
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|------------|------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 NL | MONO | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| IUV200 INF | BOOM | 6250 | 3750 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

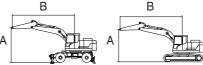
· 🖟 : Rating over-front · 🚓 : Rating over-side or 360 degree A



| | | | | | | Li | ft-point | radius (I | 3) | | | | | At r | max. rea | ach |
|------------|----|--------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| Lift-poi | | 1.5 m | (4.9 ft) | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Capa | acity | Reach |
| height (| A) | Ů | | ð | | Ů | | Ů | | Ů | | Ů | | ľ | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m | kg | | | | | | | | | *5040 | *5040 | | | *3520 | *3520 | 8.08 |
| (24.6 ft) | lb | | | | | | | | | *11110 | *11110 | | | *7760 | *7760 | (26.5) |
| 6.0 m | kg | | | | | | | | | *5710 | 5450 | | | *3390 | *3390 | 8.93 |
| (19.7 ft) | lb | | | | | | | | | *12590 | 12020 | | | *7470 | *7470 | (29.3) |
| 4.5 m | kg | | | | | | | *6790 | *6790 | *6280 | 5270 | *5140 | 3870 | *3390 | *3390 | 9.46 |
| (14.8 ft) | lb | | | | | | | *14970 | *14970 | *13850 | 11620 | *11330 | 8530 | *7470 | *7470 | (31.0) |
| 3.0 m | kg | | | | | *10810 | 10800 | *8290 | 7040 | *7090 | 5020 | 6370 | 3750 | *3500 | 3270 | 9.74 |
| (9.8 ft) | lb | | | | | *23830 | 23810 | *18280 | 15520 | *15630 | 11070 | 14040 | 8270 | *7720 | 7210 | (31.9) |
| 1.5 m | kg | | | | | *13610 | 9890 | *9790 | 6580 | *7940 | 4770 | 6230 | 3620 | *3730 | 3180 | 9.77 |
| (4.9 ft) | lb | | | | | *30000 | 21800 | *21580 | 14510 | *17500 | 10520 | 13730 | 7980 | *8220 | 7010 | (32.1) |
| Ground | kg | | | *6790 | *6790 | *15290 | 9370 | *10930 | 6250 | 8010 | 4580 | 6110 | 3520 | *4110 | 3210 | 9.57 |
| Line | lb | | | *14970 | *14970 | *33710 | 20660 | *24100 | 13780 | 17660 | 10100 | 13470 | 7760 | *9060 | 7080 | (31.4) |
| -1.5 m | kg | *6950 | *6950 | *10490 | *10490 | *15870 | 9180 | 11070 | 6080 | 7880 | 4460 | *5730 | 3470 | *4740 | 3420 | 9.11 |
| (-4.9 ft) | lb | *15320 | *15320 | *23130 | *23130 | *34990 | 20240 | 24410 | 13400 | 17370 | 9830 | *12630 | 7650 | *10450 | 7540 | (29.9) |
| -3.0 m | kg | *10970 | *10970 | *15340 | *15340 | *15540 | 9190 | 11040 | 6050 | 7870 | 4450 | | | *5860 | 3870 | 8.36 |
| (-9.8 ft) | lb | *24180 | *24180 | *33820 | *33820 | *34260 | 20260 | 24340 | 13340 | 17350 | 9810 | | | *12920 | 8530 | (27.4) |
| -4.5 m | kg | *15830 | *15830 | *20350 | 18580 | *14200 | 9380 | *10570 | 6170 | | | | | *8250 | 4830 | 7.22 |
| (-14.8 ft) | lb | *34900 | *34900 | *44860 | 40960 | *31310 | 20680 | *23300 | 13600 | | | | | *18190 | 10650 | (23.7) |

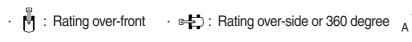
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|-------------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 NL | 2-PIECE | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| ILIV200 INF | BOOM | 6250 | 2100 | 7500 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

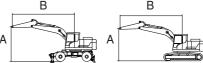




| | | | | | Li | ift-point | radius (l | B) | | | | At | max. rea | ach |
|---------------------|----------|-------|----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|----------|----------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Lift-po | int | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | | 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Сар | acity | Reach |
| height | (A) | | | ŀ | | ľ | | | | J | | · | | m (ft) |
| 9.0 m (29.5 ft) | kg lb | | | *12270 *27050 | *12270 *27050 | | | | | | | *11940 *26320 | *11940 *26320 | 4.58 (15.0) |
| 7.5 m (24.6 ft) | kg lb | | | *11390 *25110 | *11390 *25110 | *9440 *20810 | 9020 19890 | | | | | *9270 *20440 | 8160 17990 | 6.35 (20.8) |
| 6.0 m | kg | | | *12450 | *12450 | *9540 | 8920 | | | | | *8140 | 6330 | 7.41 |
| (19.7 ft) 4.5 m | kg | | | *27450 | *27450 | *10460 | 19670 8560 | *8100 | 6140 | | | *17950 *7640 | 13960 5470 | 8.05 |
| (14.8 ft) 3.0 m | lb kg | | | | | *23060 *12000 | 18870 8130 | *17860 *8540 | 13540 5960 | | | *16840 *7520 | 12060 5060 | (26.4) 8.38 |
| (9.8 ft) 1.5 m | lb kg | | | | | *26460 13470 | 17920 7810 | *18830 *9090 | 13140 5790 | | | *16580 *7690 | 11160 4940 | (27.5) 8.42 |
| (4.9 ft) Ground | lb kg | | | | | 29700 13280 | 17220 7650 | *20040 *9510 | 12760 5700 | | | *16950 *8200 | 10890 5100 | (27.6) 8.19 |
| Line | lb | | | *1 4000 | 11510 | 29280 | 16870 | *20970 | 12570 | | | *18080 | 11240 | (26.9) |
| -1.5 m (-4.9 ft) | kg lb | | | *14820 *32670 | 11540 25440 | *11970 *26390 | 7650 16870 | *8830 *19470 | 5740 12650 | | | *8300 *18300 | 5610 12370 | 7.66 (25.1) |
| -3.0 m (-9.8 ft) | kg lb | | | | | *9040 *19930 | 7820 17240 | | | | | | | |

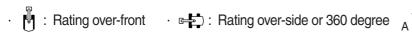
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|---------------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HASOU VII | 2-PIECE | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| H X 3(10) NII | BOOM | 6250 | 2500 | 7500 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

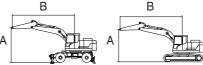




| | | | , | , | L | ift-point | radius (l | 3) | | | | At | max. rea | ach |
|---------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Lift-po | int | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| (19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Сар | acity | Reach |
| height | (A) | | | | | Ū | | P | | J | | | | m (ft) |
| 9.0 m (29.5 ft) | kg lb | | | *9800 *21610 | *9800 *21610 | | | | | | | *9000 *19840 | *9000 *19840 | 5.09 (16.7) |
| 7.5 m (24.6 ft) | kg lb | | | *9870 *21760 | *9870 *21760 | *8870 *19550 | *8870 *19550 | | | | | *7750 *17090 | 7540 16620 | 6.73 (22.1) |
| 6.0 m (19.7 ft) | kg lb | *11920 *26280 | *11920 *26280 | *11130 *24540 | *11130 *24540 | *9100 *20060 | 9010 | *7570 *16690 | 6300 13890 | | | *7290 *16070 | 5970 13160 | 7.73 (25.4) |
| 4.5 m (14.8 ft) | kg lb | 20200 | 20200 | *14530 *32030 | 13250 29210 | *9990 *22020 | 8640 19050 | *7780 *17150 | 6180 13620 | | | *7040 *15520 | 5200 11460 | 8.35 (27.4) |
| 3.0 m (9.8 ft) | kg | | | 02000 | 20210 | *11470 *25290 | 8190 18060 | *8260 *18210 | 5970 13160 | | | *6960 *15340 | 4810 10600 | 8.67 (28.4) |
| 1.5 m (4.9 ft) | kg | | | | | *13240 *29190 | 7820 17240 | *8850 *19510 | 5780 12740 | | | *7140 *15740 | 4690 10340 | 8.71 (28.6) |
| Ground Line | kg | | | *17730 *39090 | 11370 25070 | 13250 29210 | 7610 16780 | *9350 *20610 | 5660 12480 | | | *7460 *16450 | 4820 10630 | 8.48 (27.8) |
| -1.5 m (-4.9 ft) | kg | | | *15730 *34680 | 11410 25150 | *12400 *27340 | 7570 16690 | *9480 *20900 | 5650 12460 | | | *8400 *18520 | 5250 11570 | 7.97 (26.1) |
| -3.0 m (-9.8 ft) | kg | | | *12570 *27710 | 11610 25600 | *9980 *22000 | 7690 16950 | 20300 | 12400 | | | *7450 *16420 | 6220 13710 | 7.10 (23.3) |

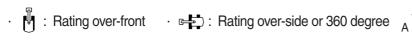
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|------------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 NL 4 | 2-PIECE | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| | BOOM | 6250 | 3050 | 7500 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

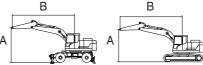




| | | | | | 1 | ift-noint | radius (I | 3) | | | | Δ+ | max. rea | ach |
|-----------|-----|--------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | r - | | | | | | |
| Lift-po | | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| (19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Cap | acity | Reach |
| height | (A) | ľ | | | | | | ľ | | | | ľ | | m (ft) |
| 9.0 m | kg | | | *8820 | *8820 | *5960 | *5960 | | | | | *5620 | *5620 | 6.06 |
| (29.5 ft) | lb | | | *19440 | *19440 | *13140 | *13140 | | | | | *12390 | *12390 | (19.9) |
| 7.5 m | kg | | | *8660 | *8660 | *8280 | *8280 | | | | | *4990 | *4990 | 7.46 |
| (24.6 ft) | lb | | | *19090 | *19090 | *18250 | *18250 | | | | | *11000 | *11000 | (24.5) |
| 6.0 m | kg | | | *9630 | *9630 | *8600 | *8600 | *7100 | 6380 | | | *4740 | *4740 | 8.37 |
| (19.7 ft) | lb | | | *21230 | *21230 | *18960 | *18960 | *15650 | 14070 | | | *10450 | *10450 | (27.5) |
| 4.5 m | kg | | | *13240 | *13240 | *9450 | 8720 | *7410 | 6210 | | | *4690 | 4670 | 8.93 |
| (14.8 ft) | lb | | | *29190 | *29190 | *20830 | 19220 | *16340 | 13690 | | | *10340 | 10300 | (29.3) |
| 3.0 m | kg | | | *17310 | 12390 | *10880 | 8240 | *7930 | 5970 | *6360 | 4530 | *4810 | 4360 | 9.21 |
| (9.8 ft) | lb | | | *38160 | 27320 | *23990 | 18170 | *17480 | 13160 | *14020 | 9990 | *10600 | 9610 | (30.2) |
| 1.5 m | kg | | | *18670 | 11600 | *12670 | 7820 | *8570 | 5750 | *6580 | 4430 | *5090 | 4270 | 9.24 |
| (4.9 ft) | lb | | | *41160 | 25570 | *27930 | 17240 | *18890 | 12680 | *14510 | 9770 | *11220 | 9410 | (30.3) |
| Ground | kg | | | *18290 | 11290 | 13200 | 7560 | *9140 | 5590 | *5760 | 4370 | *5590 | 4370 | 9.01 |
| Line | lb | | | *40320 | 24890 | 29100 | 16670 | *20150 | 12320 | *12700 | 9630 | *12320 | 9630 | (29.6) |
| -1.5 m | kg | *12160 | *12160 | *16670 | 11250 | *12820 | 7470 | 9380 | 5540 | | | *6450 | 4710 | 8.51 |
| (-4.9 ft) | lb | *26810 | *26810 | *36750 | 24800 | *28260 | 16470 | 20680 | 12210 | | | *14220 | 10380 | (27.9) |
| -3.0 m | kg | | | *13870 | 11400 | *10860 | 7540 | *7840 | 5630 | | | *7310 | 5470 | 7.69 |
| (-9.8 ft) | lb | | | *30580 | 25130 | *23940 | 16620 | *17280 | 12410 | | | *16120 | 12060 | (25.2) |

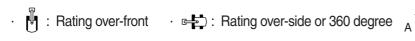
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|---------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 L | High | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| | walker | 6250 | 2100 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

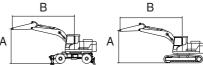




| | | | | | Lift-point | radius (B) |) | | | At | max. rea | ch |
|------------|-----|--------|----------|---------|------------|------------|-----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| Lift-po | | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| (19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | Сар | acity | Reach |
| height | (A) | ľ | | | | ŀ | | | | | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m | kg | | | | | *7620 | *7620 | | | *7860 | *7860 | 6.56 |
| (24.6 ft) | lb | | | | | *16800 | *16800 | | | *17330 | *17330 | (21.5) |
| 6.0 m | kg | | | | | *8010 | *8010 | *7770 | 6890 | *7790 | 6850 | 7.53 |
| (19.7 ft) | lb | | | | | *17660 | *17660 | *17130 | 15190 | *17170 | 15100 | (24.7) |
| 4.5 m | kg | | | | | *9110 | *9110 | *7990 | 6790 | *7880 | 6010 | 8.11 |
| (14.8 ft) | lb | | | | | *20080 | *20080 | *17610 | 14970 | *17370 | 13250 | (26.6) |
| 3.0 m | kg | | | | | *10410 | 9090 | *8570 | 6610 | 7930 | 5620 | 8.38 |
| (9.8 ft) | lb | | | | | *22950 | 20040 | *18890 | 14570 | 17480 | 12390 | (27.5) |
| 1.5 m | kg | | | | | *11420 | 8790 | *9110 | 6450 | 7860 | 5550 | 8.37 |
| (4.9 ft) | lb | | | | | *25180 | 19380 | *20080 | 14220 | 17330 | 12240 | (27.4) |
| Ground | kg | | | | | *11860 | 8650 | 9120 | 6370 | 8230 | 5790 | 8.08 |
| Line | lb | | | | | *26150 | 19070 | 20110 | 14040 | 18140 | 12760 | (26.5) |
| -1.5 m | kg | | | *15320 | 13370 | *11600 | 8660 | | | *8890 | 6470 | 7.47 |
| (-4.9 ft) | lb | | | *33770 | 29480 | *25570 | 19090 | | | *19600 | 14260 | (24.5) |
| -3.0 m | kg | *17960 | *17960 | *13650 | 13610 | *10240 | 8850 | | | *9070 | 8030 | 6.47 |
| (-9.8 ft) | lb | *39590 | *39590 | *30090 | 30000 | *22580 | 19510 | | | *20000 | 17700 | (21.2) |
| -4.5 m | kg | | | *9580 | *9580 | | | | | | | , , |
| (-14.8 ft) | | | | *21120 | *21120 | | | | | | | |

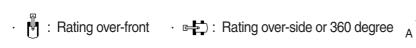
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|---------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 L | High | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| | walker | 6250 | 2500 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

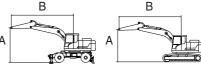




| | | | | Lift-point | radius (B) | | | | At | max. rea | ch |
|---------------|--------|----------|---------|------------|------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|--------|
| Lift-point | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | Cap | acity | Reach |
| height (A) | | | ľ | | Į. | | ľ | | J | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m kg | | | | | *6980 | *6980 | | | *6690 | *6690 | 6.89 |
| (24.6 ft) lb | | | | | *15390 | *15390 | | | *14750 | *14750 | (22.6) |
| 6.0 m kg | | | | | *7490 | *7490 | *7190 | 6970 | *6420 | *6420 | 7.82 |
| (19.7 ft) lb | | | | | *16510 | *16510 | *15850 | 15370 | *14150 | *14150 | (25.7) |
| 4.5 m kg | | | *11050 | *11050 | *8640 | *8640 | *7600 | 6830 | *6440 | 5730 | 8.38 |
| (14.8 ft) lb | | | *24360 | *24360 | *19050 | *19050 | *16760 | 15060 | *14200 | 12630 | (27.5) |
| 3.0 m kg | | | | | *10000 | 9140 | *8270 | 6620 | *6700 | 5360 | 8.64 |
| (9.8 ft) lb | | | | | *22050 | 20150 | *18230 | 14590 | *14770 | 11820 | (28.3) |
| 1.5 m kg | | | *13480 | 13350 | *11140 | 8800 | *8890 | 6440 | *7230 | 5290 | 8.63 |
| (4.9 ft) lb | | | *29720 | 29430 | *24560 | 19400 | *19600 | 14200 | *15940 | 11660 | (28.3) |
| Ground kg | | | *16080 | 13200 | *11730 | 8620 | 9070 | 6330 | 7800 | 5480 | 8.35 |
| Line lb | | | *35450 | 29100 | *25860 | 19000 | 20000 | 13960 | 17200 | 12080 | (27.4) |
| -1.5 m kg | *12560 | *12560 | *15600 | 13250 | *11680 | 8590 | 9080 | 6330 | 8650 | 6060 | 7.77 |
| (-4.9 ft) lb | *27690 | *27690 | *34390 | 29210 | *25750 | 18940 | 20020 | 13960 | 19070 | 13360 | (25.5) |
| -3.0 m kg | *19340 | *19340 | *14230 | 13450 | *10720 | 8720 | | | *9050 | 7360 | 6.81 |
| (-9.8 ft) lb | *42640 | *42640 | *31370 | 29650 | *23630 | 19220 | | | *19950 | 16230 | (22.3) |
| -4.5 m kg | *15100 | *15100 | *11130 | *11130 | | | | | *9180 | *9180 | 5.26 |
| (-14.8 ft) lb | *33290 | *33290 | *24540 | *24540 | | | | | *20240 | *20240 | (17.2) |

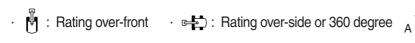
| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | igger |
|---------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| HX:3001 | High | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| | walker | 6250 | 3050 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

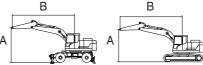




| | | | Lift-point radius (B) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----|--------|-----------------------|--------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| | | | | | | Li | ft-point | radius (I | 3) | | | | | At ı | max. rea | ach |
| Lift-poi | | 1.5 m | (4.9 ft) | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Capa | acity | Reach |
| height (| (A) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m | kg | | | | | | | | | *4470 | *4470 | | | *4360 | *4360 | 7.52 |
| (24.6 ft) | lb | | | | | | | | | *9850 | *9850 | | | *9610 | *9610 | (24.7) |
| 6.0 m | kg | | | | | | | | | *6530 | *6530 | | | *4210 | *4210 | 8.38 |
| (19.7 ft) | lb | | | | | | | | | *14400 | *14400 | | | *9280 | *9280 | (27.5) |
| 4.5 m | kg | | | | | *9830 | *9830 | *7940 | *7940 | *7070 | 6870 | | | *4220 | *4220 | 8.90 |
| (14.8 ft) | lb | | | | | *21670 | *21670 | *17500 | *17500 | *15590 | 15150 | | | *9300 | *9300 | (29.2) |
| 3.0 m | kg | | | | | *12850 | *12850 | *9390 | 9210 | *7820 | 6640 | *5540 | 5040 | *4380 | *4380 | 9.14 |
| (9.8 ft) | lb | | | | | *28330 | *28330 | *20700 | 20300 | *17240 | 14640 | *12210 | 11110 | *9660 | *9660 | (30.0) |
| 1.5 m | kg | | | | | *15040 | 13430 | *10670 | 8820 | *8550 | 6420 | *5980 | 4940 | *4700 | *4700 | 9.13 |
| (4.9 ft) | lb | | | | | *33160 | 29610 | *23520 | 19440 | *18850 | 14150 | *13180 | 10890 | *10360 | *10360 | (30.0) |
| Ground | kg | | | | | *15910 | 13140 | *11480 | 8580 | 9020 | 6280 | | | *5260 | 4980 | 8.87 |
| Line | lb | | | | | *35080 | 28970 | *25310 | 18920 | 19890 | 13850 | | | *11600 | 10980 | (29.1) |
| -1.5 m | kg | *8460 | *8460 | *12060 | *12060 | *15810 | 13110 | *11680 | 8500 | 8970 | 6230 | | | *6230 | 5430 | 8.33 |
| (-4.9 ft) | lb | *18650 | *18650 | *26590 | *26590 | *34860 | 28900 | *25750 | 18740 | 19780 | 13730 | | | *13730 | 11970 | (27.3) |
| -3.0 m | kg | *13970 | *13970 | *19190 | *19190 | *14830 | 13250 | *11120 | 8560 | | | | | *8140 | 6400 | 7.44 |
| (-9.8 ft) | lb | *30800 | *30800 | *42310 | *42310 | *32690 | 29210 | *24520 | 18870 | | | | | *17950 | 14110 | (24.4) |
| -4.5 m | kg | | | *17350 | *17350 | *12530 | *12530 | *8990 | 8860 | | | | | *8840 | 8750 | 6.06 |
| (-14.8 ft) | lb | | | *38250 | *38250 | *27620 | *27620 | *19820 | 19530 | | | | | *19490 | 19290 | (19.9) |

| Model | Type | Boom | Arm | Counterweight | Shoe | Wheel | Do | zer | Outri | gger |
|---------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| HX300 L | High | Length [mm] | Length [mm] | weight [kg] | width [mm] | width [mm] | Front | Rear | Front | Rear |
| | walker | 6250 | 3750 | 5200 | 600 | - | - | - | - | - |

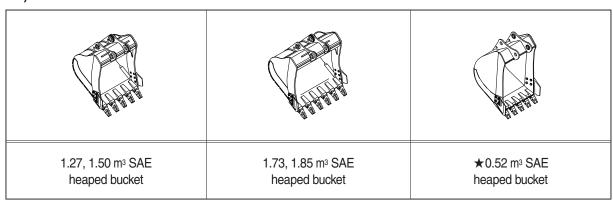




| | | | | | Li | ft-point | radius (E | 3) | | | | | At ı | max. rea | ach |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Lift-point | 1.5 m | (4.9 ft) | 3.0 m | (9.8 ft) | 4.5 m (| 14.8 ft) | 6.0 m (| 19.7 ft) | 7.5 m (| 24.6 ft) | 9.0 m (| 29.5 ft) | Capa | acity | Reach |
| height (A) | | | | | Ů | | Ů | | | | | | | | m (ft) |
| 7.5 m kg (24.6 ft) lb | | | | | | | | | *5310 *11710 | *5310 *11710 | | | *3470 *7650 | *3470 *7650 | 8.26 (27.1) |
| 6.0 m kg (19.7 ft) lb | | | | | | | | | *5760 *12700 | *5760 *12700 | *3580 *7890 | *3580 *7890 | *3360 *7410 | *3360 *7410 | 9.05 (29.7) |
| 4.5 m kg (14.8 ft) lb | | | | | | | *7020 *15480 | *7020 *15480 | *6390 *14090 | *6390 *14090 | *5370 *11840 | 5180 11420 | *3380 *7450 | *3380 *7450 | 9.53 (31.3) |
| 3.0 m kg (9.8 ft) lb | | | | | *11350 *25020 | *11350 *25020 | *8550 *18850 | *8550 *18850 | *7220 *15920 | 6690 14750 | *6530 *14400 | 5050 11130 | *3510 *7740 | *3510 *7740 | 9.76 (32.0) |
| 1.5 m kg (4.9 ft) lb | | | | | *13980 *30820 | 13630 30050 | *10000 *22050 | 8890 19600 | *8060 *17770 | 6430 14180 | *6990 *15410 | 4920 10850 | *3760 *8290 | *3760 *8290 | 9.75 (32.0) |
| Ground kg Line lb | | | *7380 *16270 | *7380 *16270 | *15440 *34040 | 13140 28970 | *11060 *24380 | 8570 18890 | *8730 *19250 | 6240 13760 | 6890 15190 | 4820 10630 | *4180 *9220 | *4180 *9220 | 9.51 (31.2) |
| -1.5 m kg (-4.9 ft) lb | *7640 *16840 | *7640 *16840 | *11270 *24850 | *11270 *24850 | *15840 *34920 | 12980 28620 | *11550 *25460 | 8410 18540 | 8880 19580 | 6140 13540 | *4870 *10740 | 4790 10560 | *4870 *10740 | 4790 10560 | 9.00 (29.5) |
| -3.0 m kg (-9.8 ft) lb | *11750 *25900 | *11750 *25900 | *16400 *36160 | *16400 *36160 | *15340 *33820 | 13030 28730 | *11380 *25090 | 8410 18540 | *8830 *19470 | 6150 13560 | | | *6140 *13540 | 5490 12100 | 8.19 (26.9) |
| -4.5 m kg (-14.8 ft) lb | *16870 *37190 | *16870 *37190 | *19650 *43320 | *19650 *43320 | *13760 *30340 | 13280 29280 | *10210 *22510 | 8580 18920 | | .5550 | | | *8320 *18340 | 7000 15430 | 6.96 (22.8) |

6. BUCKET SELECTION GUIDE

1) GENERAL BUCKET



| | | | | | | F | Recommend | ation | |
|--|---|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Cap | acity | Wi | dth | Weight | | | 25 m ') boom | | 10.2 m (33' 6") boom |
| SAE heaped | CECE heaped | Without side cutter | With side cutter | | 2.1 m arm (6' 11") | 2.5 m arm (8' 2") | 3.05 m arm (10' 0") | 3.75 m arm (12' 4") | 7.85 m arm (25' 9") |
| 1.27 m ³ (1.66 yd ³) | 1.11 m³ (1.45 yd³) | 1325 mm (52.2") | 1410 mm (55.5") | 1100 kg (2430 lb) | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | |
| 1.50 m ³ (1.96 yd ³) | 1.30 m ³ (1.70 yd ³) | 1515 mm (59.6") | 1600 mm (63.0") | 1180 kg (2600 lb) | 0 | 0 | • | • | |
| 1.73 m ³ (2.26 yd ³) | 1.51 m³ (1.98 yd³) | 1605 mm (63.2") | 1690 mm (66.5") | 1280 kg (2820 lb) | • | • | • | • | |
| 1.85 m ³ (2.42 yd ³) | 1.61 m ³ (2.11 yd ³) | 1700 mm (66.9") | 1780 mm (70.1") | 1330 kg (2930 lb) | • | • | • | • | |
| *0.52 m³ (0.68 yd³) | 0.45 m ³ (0.59 yd ³) | 945 mm (37.2") | 1020 mm (40.2") | 460 kg (1010 lb) | | | | | • |

★: Long reach bucket

Applicable for materials with density of 2000 kgf/m³ (3370 lbf/yd³) or less

Applicable for materials with density of 1600 kgf/m³ (2700 lbf/yd³) or less

Applicable for materials with density of 1100 kgf/m³ (1850 lbf/yd³) or less

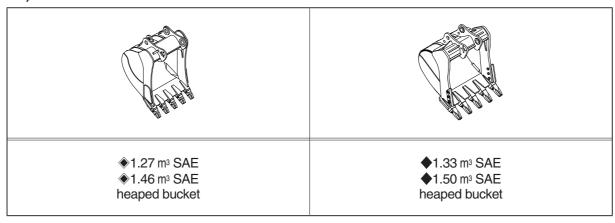
* These recommendations are for general conditions and average use.

Work tools and ground conditions have effects on machine performance.

Select an optimum combination according to the working conditions and the type of work that is being done.

Consult your HD Hyundai Construction Equipment dealer for information on selecting the correct boom-arm-bucket combination.

2) HEAVY DUTY AND ROCK-HEAVY DUTY BUCKET



| Can | acity | \\/i | dth | | | Recomm | endation | |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Сар | acity | VVI | uui | Weight | | 6.25 m (20 |)' 6") boom | |
| SAE heaped | CECE heaped | Without side cutter | With side cutter | vvoign | 2.1 m arm (6' 11") | 2.5 m arm (8' 2") | 3.05 m arm (10' 0") | 3.75 m arm (12' 4") |
| ♦ 1.27 m³ (1.66 yd³) | 1.11 m ³ (1.45 yd ³) | 1380 mm (54.3") | - | 1290 kg (2840 lb) | 0 | 0 | • | • |
| €1.46 m³ (1.91 yd³) | 1.28 m³ (1.67 yd³) | 1535 mm (60.4") | - | 1380 kg (3040 lb) | • | • | • | • |
| ◆1.33 m³ (1.74 yd³) | 1.16 m ³ (1.52 yd ³) | 1420 mm (55.9") | - | 1470 kg (3240 lb) | • | • | • | • |
| ◆1.50 m³ (1.96 yd³) | 1.30 m (1.70 yd³) | 1550 mm (61.0") | - | 1550 kg (3420 lb) | • | • | • | • |

: Heavy duty bucket

◆ : Rock-Heavy duty bucket

O Applicable for materials with density of 2000 kgf/m³ (3370 lbf/yd³) or less

Applicable for materials with density of 1600 kgf/m³ (2700 lbf/yd³) or less

Applicable for materials with density of 1100 kgf/m³ (1850 lbf/yd³) or less

7. UNDERCARRIAGE

1) TRACKS

X-leg type center frame is integrally welded with reinforced box-section track frames. The design includes dry tracks, lubricated rollers, idlers, sprockets, hydraulic track adjusters with shock absorbing springs and assembled track-type tractor shoes with triple grousers.

2) TYPES OF SHOES

| | | | Triple grouser | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Model | Shapes | | | | | |
| | Shoe width | mm (in) | 600 (24) | 700 (28) | 800 (32) | 900 (36) |
| HX300 L | Operating weight | kg (lb) | 30200 (66580) | 30770 (67840) | 31150 (68670) | 31530 (69510) |
| NA300 L | Ground pressure | kgf/cm² (psi) | 0.58 (8.25) | 0.51 (7.25) | 0.45 (6.40) | 0.41 (5.83) |
| | Overall width | mm (ft-in) | 3200 (10' 6") | 3300 (10' 10") | 3400 (11' 1") | 3500 (11' 5") |
| | Shoe width | mm (in) | 600 (24) | - | - | - |
| HV200 NII | Operating weight | kg (lb) | 30000 (66140) | - | - | - |
| HX300 NL | Ground pressure | kgf/cm² (psi) | 0.58 (8.25) | - | - | - |
| | Overall width | mm (ft-in) | 2990 (9'10") | - | - | - |
| | Shoe width | mm (in) | - | - | 800 (32) | - |
| HX300 L | Operating weight | kg (lb) | - | - | 33070 (72910) | - |
| LONG REACH | Ground pressure | kgf/cm² (psi) | - | - | 0.48 (6.83) | - |
| | Overall width | mm (ft-in) | - | - | 3400 (11' 2") | - |
| HX300 L HIGH WALKER | Shoe width | mm (in) | 600 (24) | 700 (28) | 800 (32) | ★ 710 (28) |
| | Operating weight | kg (lb) | 33040 (72840) | 33610 (74100) | 33990 (74930) | 34520 (76100) |
| | Ground pressure | kgf/cm² (psi) | 0.64 (9.10) | 0.56 (7.96) | 0.49 (6.97) | 0.56 (7.96) |
| | Overall width | mm (ft-in) | 3470 (11' 5") | 3570 (11' 9") | 3670 (12' 0") | 3580 (11' 9") |

^{★ :} Double grouser

3) NUMBER OF ROLLERS AND SHOES ON EACH SIDE

| Item | Quantity |
|-----------------|----------|
| Carrier rollers | 2 EA |
| Track rollers | 9 EA |
| Track shoes | 48 EA |

4) SELECTION OF TRACK SHOE

Suitable track shoes should be selected according to operating conditions.

Method of selecting shoes

Confirm the category from the list of applications in **table 2**, then use **table 1** to select the shoe. Wide shoes (categories B and C) have limitations on applications. Before using wide shoes, check the precautions, then investigate and study the operating conditions to confirm if these shoes are suitable.

Select the narrowest shoe possible to meet the required flotation and ground pressure. Application of wider shoes than recommendations will cause unexpected problem such as bending of shoes, crack of link, breakage of pin, loosening of shoe bolts and the other various problems.

* Table 1

| Track shoe | Specification | Category |
|------------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| 600 mm triple grouser | Standard | Α |
| 700 mm triple grouser | Option | В |
| 710 mm double grouser | Option | В |
| 800 mm triple grouser | Option | С |
| 900 mm triple grouser | Option | С |
| 800 mm triple grouser (long reach) | Standard | С |

* Table 2

| Category | Applications | Precautions |
|----------|---|--|
| А | Rocky ground, river beds, normal soil | Travel at low speed on rough ground with large obstacles such as boulders or fallen trees |
| В | Normal soil, soft ground | These shoes cannot be used on rough ground with large obstacles such as boulders or fallen trees Travel at high speed only on flat ground Travel slowly at low speed if it is impossible to avoid going over obstacles |
| С | Extremely soft ground (swampy ground) | Use the shoes only in the conditions that the machine sinks and it is impossible to use the shoes of category A or B These shoes cannot be used on rough ground with large obstacles such as boulders or fallen trees Travel at high speed only on flat ground Travel slowly at low speed if it is impossible to avoid going over obstacles |

8. SPECIFICATIONS FOR MAJOR COMPONENTS

1) ENGINE

| Item | Specification |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Model | Cummins QSB6.7 |
| Туре | 4-cycle turbocharged, charge air cooled diesel engine |
| Cooling method | Water cooling |
| Number of cylinders and arrangement | 6 cylinders, in-line |
| Firing order | 1-5-3-6-2-4 |
| Combustion chamber type | Direct injection type |
| Cylinder bore × stroke | 107 $	imes$ 124 mm (4.21" $	imes$ 4.88") |
| Piston displacement | 6700 cc (409 cu in) |
| Compression ratio | 17.3:1 |
| Rated net horse power (SAE J1349) | 230 Hp at 1950 rpm (171 kW at 1950 rpm) |
| Rated gross horse power (SAE J1995) | 242 Hp at 1950 rpm (180 kW at 1950 rpm) |
| Maximum torque | 100.9 kgf · m (729.8 lbf · ft) at 1500 rpm |
| Engine oil quantity | 23.1 ℓ (6.1 U.S. gal) |
| Wet weight | 520 kg (1146 lb) |
| High idling speed | $1950\pm50~\mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Low idling speed | $800\pm100~\mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Rated fuel consumption | 152.1 g/Hp · hr at 1950 rpm |
| Starting motor | Denso 24 V-4.8 kW |
| Alternator | Denso 24 V-95 A |
| Battery | 2 × 12 V × 160 Ah |

2) MAIN PUMP

| Item | Specification | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Туре | Variable displacement tandem axis piston pumps | |
| Capacity | 2 × 140 cc/rev | |
| Maximum pressure | 350 kgf/cm² (4980 psi) [380 kgf/cm² (5400 psi)] | |
| Rated oil flow | 2 × 273 ℓ /min (72.1 U.S. gpm / 60.1 U.K. gpm) | |

[]: Power boost

3) GEAR PUMP

| Item | Specification | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Туре | Fixed displacement gear pump single stage | |
| Capacity | 15 cc/rev | |
| Maximum pressure | 40 kgf/cm² (570 psi) | |
| Rated oil flow | 29.25 ½ /min (7.7 U.S. gpm/6.4 U.K. gpm) | |

4) MAIN CONTROL VALVE

| Item | | Specification | |
|----------------------------|-----|--|--|
| Туре | | 10 spools | |
| Operating method | | Hydraulic pilot system | |
| Main relief valve pressure | | 350 kgf/cm² (4980 psi) [380 kgf/cm² (5400 psi)] *1 350 kgf/cm² (4980 psi) [Not applied power boost] | |
| Boom | | 400 kgf/cm ² (5690 psi) | |
| Port relief valve pressure | Arm | 400 kgf/cm² (5690 psi), *1 250 kgf/cm² (3560 psi) | |
| Bucket | | 400 kgf/cm² (5690 psi), *1 270 kgf/cm² (3840 psi) | |

[]: Power boost *1: Long reach only

5) SWING MOTOR

| Item | Specification | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Туре | Axial piston motor | |
| Capacity | 156.9 cc/rev | |
| Relief pressure | 300 kgf/cm² (4270 psi) | |
| Braking system | Automatic, spring applied hydraulic released | |
| Braking torque | 84.4 kgf · m (610 lbf · ft) over | |
| Brake release pressure | 36.5 kgf/cm² (519 psi) below | |
| Reduction gear type | 2 - stage planetary | |

6) TRAVEL MOTOR

| Item | Specification | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Туре | Variable displacement axial piston motor | |
| Capacity | 282.6/156.9 cc/rev | |
| Relief pressure | 350 kgf/cm² (4980 psi) | |
| Braking system | Automatic, spring applied hydraulic released | |
| Braking torque | 134 kgf · m (969 lbf · ft) | |
| Brake release pressure | 17 kgf/cm² (242 psi) | |
| Reduction gear type | 2-stage planetary | |

7) CYLINDER

| Item | | Specification | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
| Boom cylinder | Bore dia × Stroke | ø 140 × 1465 mm | |
| Boom cylinder | Cushion | Extend only | |
| Arm cylinder | Bore dia × Stroke | ø 150 × 1765 mm | |
| Anneylinder | Cushion | Extend and retract | |
| Puokat aulindar | Bore dia × Stroke | ø 135 × 1185 mm | |
| Bucket cylinder | Cushion | Extend only | |
| Bucket cylinder | Bore dia × Stoke | ø 100 × 870 mm | |
| (long reach) | Cushion | Extend and retract | |

^{*} Discoloration of cylinder rod can occur when the friction reduction additive of lubrication oil spreads on the rod surface.

8) SHOE

| Item | | Width | Ground pressure | Link quantity | Overall width |
|------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | Standard | 600 mm (24") | 0.58 kgf/cm² (8.25 psi) | 48 | 3200 mm (10' 6") |
| LIVOOLI | Option | 700 mm (28") | 0.51 kgf/cm² (7.25 psi) | 48 | 3300 mm (10' 10") |
| HX300 L | | 800 mm (32") | 0.45 kgf/cm² (6.40 psi) | 48 | 3400 mm (11' 1") |
| | | 900 mm (36") | 0.41 kgf/cm² (5.83 psi) | 48 | 3500 mm (11' 5") |
| HX300 NL | Standard | 600 mm (24") | 0.58 kgf/cm² (8.25 psi) | 48 | 2990 mm (9' 10") |
| HX300 L LONG REACH | Standard | 800 mm (32") | 0.48 kgf/cm² (6.83 psi) | 48 | 3400 mm (11' 2") |
| | Standard | 600 mm (24") | 0.64 kgf/cm² (9.10 psi) | 48 | 3470 mm (11' 5") |
| HX300 L HIGH WALKER | | 700 mm (28") | 0.56 kgf/cm ² (7.96 psi) | 48 | 3570 mm (11' 9") |
| | Орион | 800 mm (32") | 0.49 kgf/cm² (6.97 psi) | 48 | 3670 mm (12' 0") |
| | | ★710 mm (28") | 0.56 kgf/cm² (7.96 psi) | 48 | 3580 mm (11' 9") |

^{★:} Double grouser

^{*} Discoloration does not cause any harmful effect on the cylinder performance.

9) BUCKET

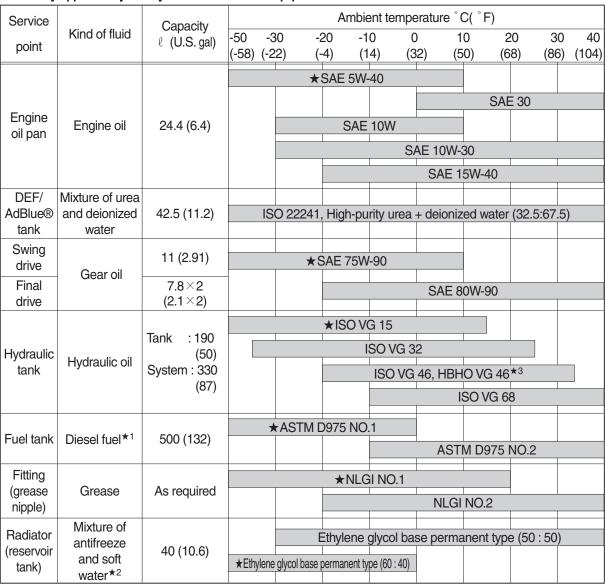
| Itom | Capa | acity | Tooth | Width | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Item | SAE heaped | CECE heaped | quantity | Without side cutter | With side cutter | | |
| | 1.27 m³ (1.66 yd³) | 1.11 m³ (1.45 yd³) | 5 | 1325 mm (52.2") | 1410 mm (55.5") | | |
| | ♦ 1.27 m³ (1.66 yd³) | 1.11 m³ (1.45 yd³) | 5 | 1380 mm (54.3") | - | | |
| | ♦1.46 m³ (1.91 yd³) | 1.28 m³ (1.67 yd³) | 5 | 1535 mm (60.4") | - | | |
| HX300 L | ◆1.33 m³ (1.74 yd³) | 1.16 m³ (1.52 yd³) | 5 | 1420 mm (55.9") | - | | |
| HX300 NL H/WALKER | ◆1.50 m³ (1.96 yd³) | 1.30 m³ (1.70 yd³) | 5 | 1550 mm (61.0") | - | | |
| | 1.50 m³ (1.96 yd³) | 1.30 m³ (1.70 yd³) | 5 | 1515 mm (59.6") | 1600 mm (63.0") | | |
| | 1.73 m³ (2.26 yd³) | 1.51 m³ (1.98 yd³) | 6 | 1605 mm (63.2") | 1690 mm (66.5") | | |
| | 1.85 m³ (2.42 yd³) | 1.61 m³ (2.11 yd³) | 6 | 1700 mm (66.9") | 1780 mm (70.1") | | |
| LONG REACH | 0.52 m³ (0.68 yd³) | 0.45 m³ (0.59 yd³) | 5 | 945 mm (37.2") | 1020 mm (40.2") | | |

♦ : Heavy duty bucket

◆ : Rock-Heavy duty bucket

9. RECOMMENDED OILS

HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine lubricating oils have been developed to offer the best performance and service life for your equipment. These oils have been tested according to the specifications of HD Hyundai Construction Equipment and, therefore, will meet the highest safety and quality requirements. We recommend that you use only HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine lubricating oils and grease officially approved by HD Hyundai Construction Equipment.



SAE : Society of Automotive Engineers

API : American Petroleum Institute

ISO: International Organization for Standardization

NLGI: National Lubricating Grease Institute

ASTM: American Society of Testing and Material

UTTO: Universal Tractor Transmission Oil

DEF: Diesel Exhaust Fluid, DEF compatible with AdBlue®

★ : Cold regionRussia, CIS, Mongolia

★1: Ultra low sulfur diesel

- sulfur content ≤ 15 ppm

★2: Soft water

City water or distilled water

★3: HD Hyundai Construction Equipment Bio Hydraulic Oil

- * Using any lubricating oils other than HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine products may lead to a deterioration of performance and cause damage to major components.
- * Do not mix HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine oil with any other lubricating oil as it may result in damage to the systems of major components.
- * Do not use any engine oil other than that specified above, as it may clog the diesel particulate filter(DPF).
- For HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine lubricating oils and grease for use in regions with extremely low temperatures, please contact HD Hyundai Construction Equipment dealers.

SECTION 2 STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

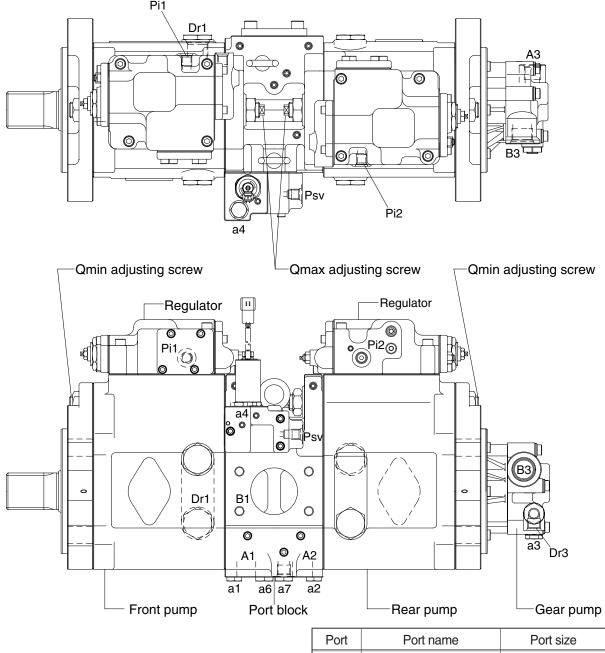
| Group | 1 | Pump Device ···· | 2-1 |
|-------|---|--------------------|------|
| Group | 2 | Main Control Valve | 2-20 |
| Group | 3 | Swing Device | 2-60 |
| Group | 4 | Travel Device | 2-71 |
| Group | 5 | RCV Lever | 2-85 |
| Group | 6 | RCV Pedal ····· | 2-92 |

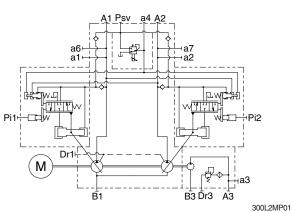
SECTION 2 STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

GROUP 1 PUMP DEVICE

1. STRUCTURE

The pump device consists of main pump, regulator and gear pump.

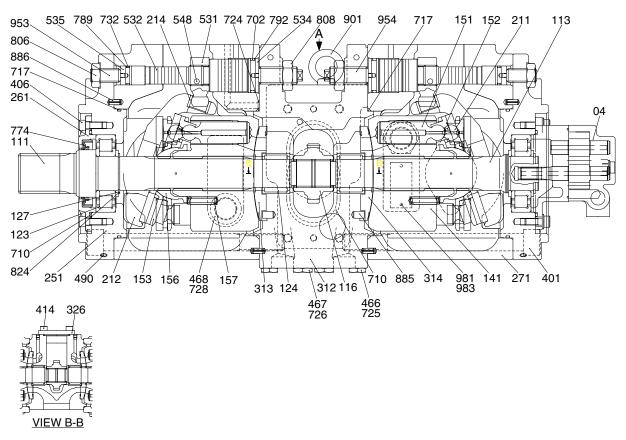




| Port | Port name | Port size |
|----------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| A1, 2 | Delivery port | SAE6000 psi 1" |
| B1 | Suction port | SAE2500 psi 2 1/2" |
| Dr1 | Drain port | PF 3/4 - 20 |
| Pi1, i2 | Pilot port | PF 1/4 - 15 |
| Psv | Servo assist port | PF 1/4 - 15 |
| a1, 2, 4 | Gauge port | PF 1/4 - 15 |
| a6, a7 | Gauge port | PF 3/8 - 17 |
| a3 | Gauge port | PF 1/4 - 14 |
| A3 | Gear pump delivery port | PF 1/2 - 19 |
| В3 | Gear pump suction port | PF 3/4 - 20.5 |
| Dr3 | Gear pump drain port | PF 3/8 - 15 |

1) MAIN PUMP (1/2)

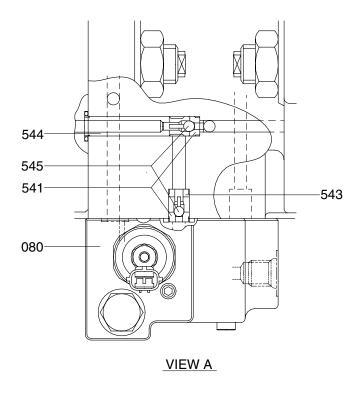
The main pump consists of two piston pumps (front & rear) and valve block.



29092MP02

| 04 | Gear pump | 271 | Pump casing | 710 | O-ring |
|-----|---------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|------------------|
| 111 | Drive shaft (F) | 312 | Valve block | 717 | O-ring |
| 113 | Drive shaft (R) | 313 | Valve plate (R) | 724 | O-ring |
| 116 | Gear | 314 | Valve plate (L) | 725 | O-ring |
| 123 | Roller bearing | 326 | Cover | 728 | O-ring |
| 124 | Needle bearing | 401 | Hexagon socket bolt | 732 | O-ring |
| 127 | Bearing spacer | 406 | Hexagon socket bolt | 774 | Oil seal |
| 141 | Cylinder block | 414 | Hexagon socket bolt | 789 | Back up ring |
| 151 | Piston | 466 | VP plug | 792 | Back up ring |
| 152 | Shoe | 467 | VP plug | 806 | Hexagon head nut |
| 153 | Set plate | 468 | VP plug | 808 | Hexagon head nut |
| 156 | Spherical bushing | 490 | VP plug | 824 | Snap ring |
| 157 | Cylinder spring | 531 | Tilting pin | 885 | Pin |
| 211 | Shoe plate | 532 | Servo piston | 886 | Spring pin |
| 212 | Swash plate | 534 | Stopper (L) | 901 | Eye bolt |
| 214 | Bushing | 535 | Stopper (S) | 953 | Set screw |
| 251 | Swash plate support | 548 | Feedback pin | 954 | Set screw |
| 261 | Seal cover (F) | 702 | O-ring | | |

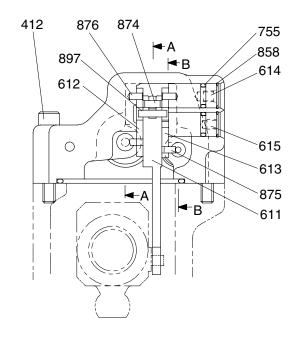
MAIN PUMP (2/2)

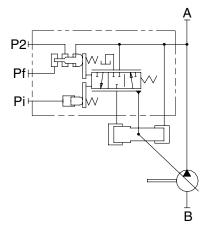


3009SH2MP02

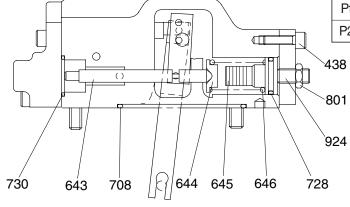
| 080 | Proportional reducing valve | 543 | Stopper 1 | 545 | Steel ball |
|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|------------|
| 541 | Seat | 544 | Stopper 2 | | |

2) REGULATOR (1/2)

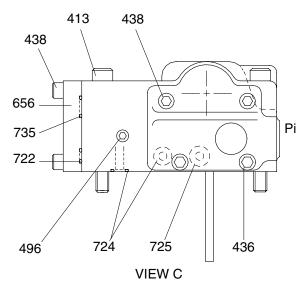




| Port | Port name | Port size |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Α | Delivery port | 1" |
| В | Suction port | 2 1/2" |
| Pi | Pilot port | PF 1/4-15 |
| Pf | Power shift pressure | - |
| P2 | Companion delivery pressure | - |

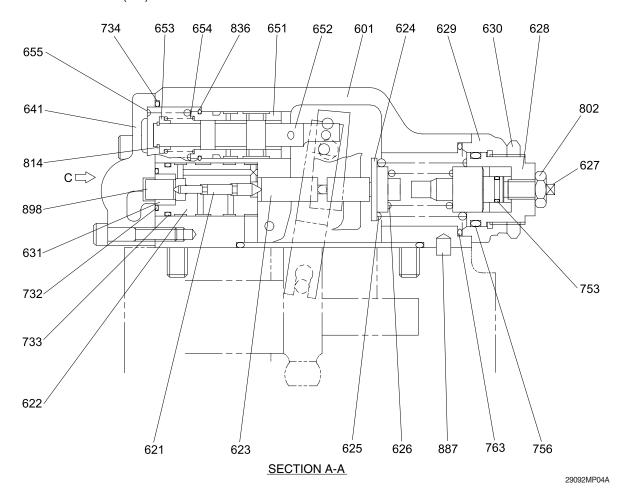


SECTION B-B



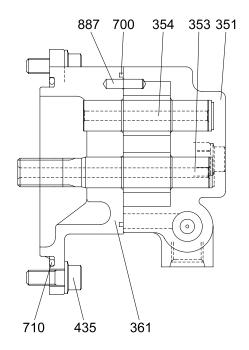
29092MP03

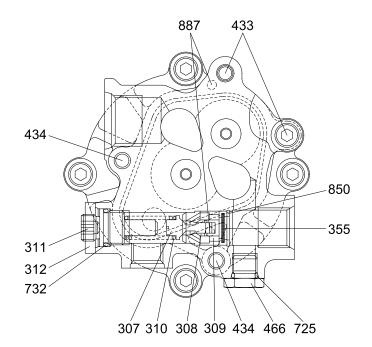
REGULATOR (2/2)



| 412 | Hexagon socket screw | 630 | Lock nut | 733 | O-ring |
|-----|----------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|-----------|
| 413 | Hexagon socket screw | 631 | Sleeve, pf | 734 | O-ring |
| 436 | Hexagon socket screw | 641 | Pilot cover | 735 | O-ring |
| 438 | Hexagon socket screw | 643 | Pilot piston | 753 | O-ring |
| 496 | Plug | 644 | Spring seat (Q) | 755 | O-ring |
| 601 | Casing | 645 | Adjust stem (Q) | 756 | O-ring |
| 611 | Feed back lever | 646 | Pilot spring | 763 | O-ring |
| 612 | Lever (1) | 651 | Sleeve | 801 | Nut |
| 613 | Lever (2) | 652 | Spool | 802 | Nut |
| 614 | Fulcrum plug | 653 | Spring seat | 814 | Snap ring |
| 615 | Adjust plug | 654 | Return spring | 836 | Snap ring |
| 621 | Compensator piston | 655 | Set spring | 858 | Snap ring |
| 622 | Piston case | 656 | Block cover | 874 | Pin |
| 623 | Compensator rod | 708 | O-ring | 875 | Pin |
| 624 | Spring seat (C) | 722 | O-ring | 876 | Pin |
| 625 | Outer spring | 724 | O-ring | 887 | Pin |
| 626 | Inner spring | 725 | O-ring | 897 | Pin |
| 627 | Adjust stem (C) | 728 | O-ring | 898 | Pin |
| 628 | Adjust screw (C) | 730 | O-ring | 924 | Set screw |
| 629 | Cover (C) | 732 | O-ring | | |

3) GEAR PUMP





3009SH2MP03

| 307 | Poppet | 353 | Drive gear | 466 | Plug |
|-----|-----------|-----|---------------|-----|-----------|
| 308 | Seat | 354 | Driven gear | 700 | Ring |
| 309 | Ring | 355 | Filter | 710 | O-ring |
| 310 | Spring | 361 | Front case | 725 | O-ring |
| 311 | Screw | 433 | Flange socket | 732 | O-ring |
| 312 | Nut | 434 | Flange socket | 850 | Snap ring |
| 351 | Gear case | 435 | Flange socket | 887 | Pin |

2. FUNCTION

1) MAIN PUMP

The pumps may classified roughly into the rotary group performing a rotary motion and working as the major part of the whole pump function: the swash plate group that varies the delivery rates: and the valve cover group that changes over oil suction and discharge.

(1) Rotary group

The rotary group consists of drive shaft (F)(111), cylinder block (141), piston shoes (151,152), set plate (153), spherical bush (156), and cylinder spring (157). The drive shaft is supported by bearing (123,124) at its both ends.

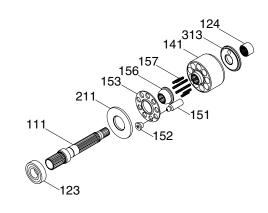
The shoe is caulked to the piston to from a spherical coupling. It has a pocket to relieve thrust force generated by loading pressure and the take hydraulic balance so that it slides lightly over the shoe plate (211). The sub group composed by a piston and a shoe is pressed against the shoe plate by the action of the cylinder spring via a retainer and a spherical bush. Similarly, the cylinder block is pressed against valve plate (313) by the action of the cylinder spring.



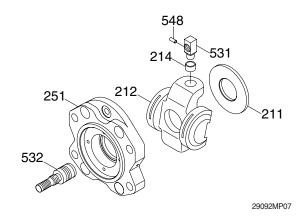
The swash plate group consists of swash plate (212), shoe plate (211), swash plate support (251), tilting bush (214), tilting pin (531) and servo piston (532).

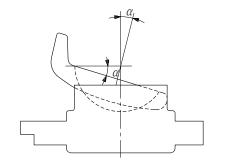
The swash plate is a cylindrical part formed on the opposite side of the sliding surface of the shoe and is supported by the swash support.

If the servo piston moves to the right and left as hydraulic force controlled by the regulator is admitted to hydraulic chamber located on both sides of the servo piston, the swash plate slides over the swash plate support via the spherical part of the tilting pin to change the tilting angle (α)



29092MP06





2-7

(3) Valve block group

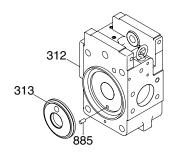
The valve block group consists of valve block (312), valve plate (313) and valve plate pin (885).

The valve plate having two melon-shaped ports is fixed to the valve block and feeds and collects oil to and from the cylinder block.

The oil changed over by the valve plate is connected to an external pipeline by way of the valve block.

Now, if the drive shaft is driven by a prime mover (electric motor, engine, etc), it rotates the cylinder block via a spline linkage at the same time. If the swash plate is tilted as in Fig (previous page) the pistons arranged in the cylinder block make a reciprocating motion with respect to the cylinder block, while they revolve with the cylinder block.

If you pay attention to a single piston, it performs a motion away from the valve plate (oil sucking process) within 180 degrees, and makes a motion towards the valve plate (or oil discharging process) in the rest of 180 degrees. When the swash plate has a tilting angle of zero, the piston makes no stroke and discharges no oil.



29092MP08

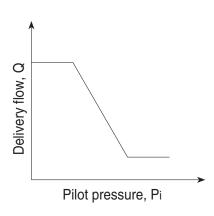
2) REGULATOR

Regulator consists of the negative flow control, total horse power control and power shift control function.

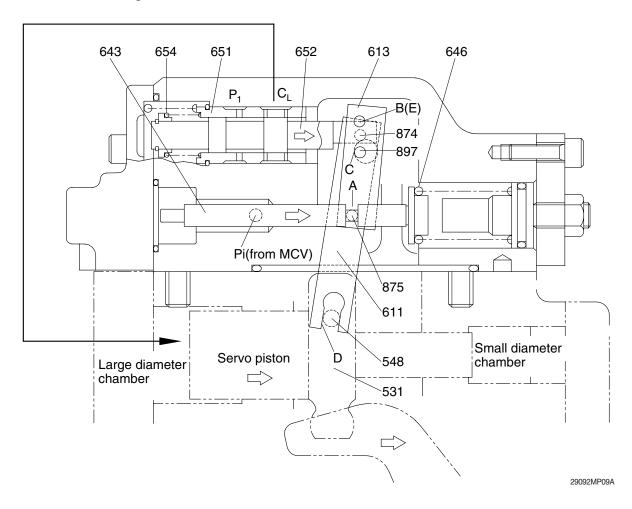
(1) Negative flow control

By changing the pilot pressure Pi, the pump tilting angle (delivery flow) is regulated arbitrarily, as shown in the figure.

This regulator is of the negative flow control in which the delivery flow Q decreases as the pilot pressure Pi rises. With this mechanism, when the pilot pressure corresponding to the flow required for the work is commanded, the pump discharges the required flow only, and so it does not consume the power uselessly.



① Flow reducing function



As the pilot pressure Pi rises, the pilot piston (643) moves to the right to a position where the force of the pilot spring (646) balances with the hydraulic force.

The groove (A) in the pilot piston is fitted with the pin (875) that is fixed to lever 2 (613). Therefore, when the pilot piston moves, lever 2 rotates around the fulcrum of point B [Fixed by the fulcrum plug (614) and pin (875)]. Since the large hole section (C) of lever 2 contains a protruding pin (897) fixed to the feedback lever (611), the pin (897) moves to the right as lever 2 rotates. Since the opposing-flat section (D) of the feedback lever is fitted with the pin (548) fixed by the tilting pin (531) that swings the swash plate, the feedback lever rotates around the fulcrum of point D, as the pin (897) moves.

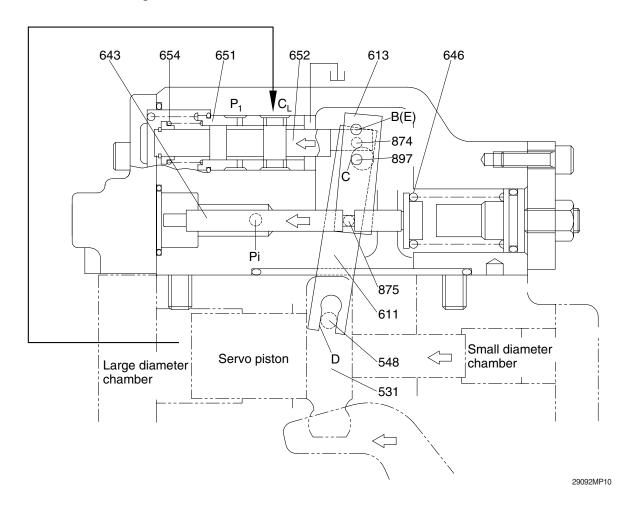
Since the feedback lever is connected with the spool (652) via the pin (874), the spool moves to the right.

The movement of the spool causes the delivery pressure P1 to connect to port CL through the spool and to be admitted to the large diameter section of the servo piston. The delivery pressure P1 that is constantly admitted to the small diameter section of the servo piston moves the servo piston to the right due to the area difference, resulting in decrease of the tilting angle.

When the servo piston moves to the right, point D also moves to the right. The spool is fitted with the return spring (654) and is tensioned to the left at all times, and so the pin (897) is pressed against the large hole section (C) of lever 2.

Therefore, as point D moves, the feedback lever rotates around the fulcrum of point C, and the spool is shifted to the left. This causes the opening between the sleeve (651) and spool (652) to close slowly, and the servo piston comes to a complete stop when it closes completely.

② Flow increasing function



As the pilot pressure Pi decreases, the pilot piston (643) moves to the left by the action of the pilot spring (646) and causes lever 2 (613) to rotate around the fulcrum of point B. Since the pin (897) is pressed against the large hole section (C) of lever 2 by the action of the return spring (654) via the spool (652), pin (874), and feedback lever (611), the feedback lever rotates around the fulcrum of point D as lever 2 rotates, and shifts the spool to the left. Port CL opens a way to the tank port as the spool moves. This deprives the large diameter section of the servo piston of pressure, and shifts the servo piston to the left by the discharge pressure P1 in the small diameter section, resulting in an increase in the flow rate.

As the servo piston moves, point D also moves to the left, the feedback lever rotates around the fulcrum of point C, and the spool moves to the right till the opening between the spool and sleeve is closed.

3 Adjustment of flow control characteristic

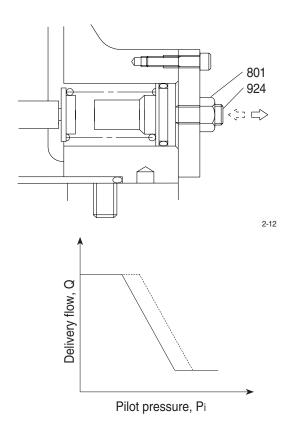
The flow control characteristic can be adjusted with the adjusting screw.

Adjust it by loosening the hexagon nut (801) and by tightening (or loosening) the hexagonal socket head screw (924).

Tightening the screw shifts the control chart to the right as shown in the figure.

* Adjusting values are shown in table.

| Speed | Adjustment of flow control characteristic | | | | |
|----------|--|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| Оросс | Tightening amount of adjusting screw (924) | Flow control starting pressure change amount | Flow change amount | | |
| (min -1) | (Turn) | (ℓ /min) | | | |
| 1800 | +1/4 | +0.7 | +14.6 | | |



(2) Total horsepower control

The regulator decreases the pump tilting angle (delivery flow) automatically to limit the input torque within a certain value with a rise in the delivery pressure P1 of the self pump and the delivery pressure P2 of the companion pump.

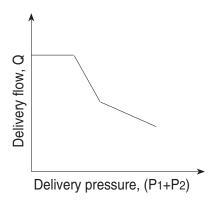
(The input horsepower is constant when the speed is constant.)

Since the regulator is of the simultaneous total horsepower type that operates by the sum of load pressures of the two pumps in the tandem double-pump system, the prime mover is automatically prevented from being overloaded, irrespective of the load condition of the two pumps, when horsepower control is under way.

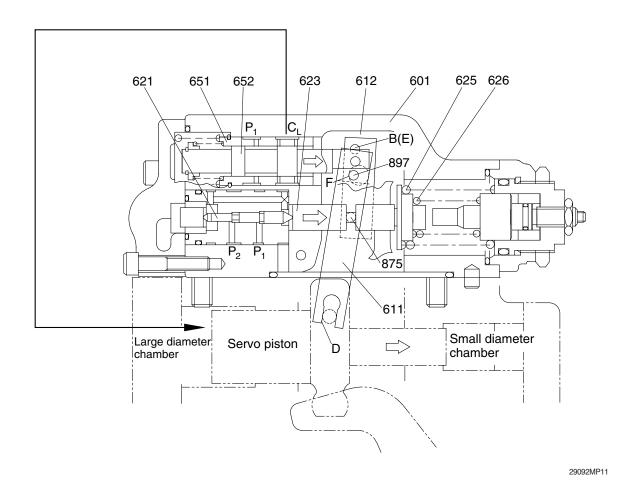
Since this regulator is of the simultaneous total horsepower type, it controls the tilting angles (displacement volumes) of the two pumps to the same value as represented by the following equation:

Tin = P1×q/2
$$\pi$$
 + P2×q/2 π
= (P1+P2)×q/2 π

The horsepower control function is the same as the flow control function and is summarized in the following. (for detailed behaviors of respective parts, refer to the section of flow control).



① Overload preventive function

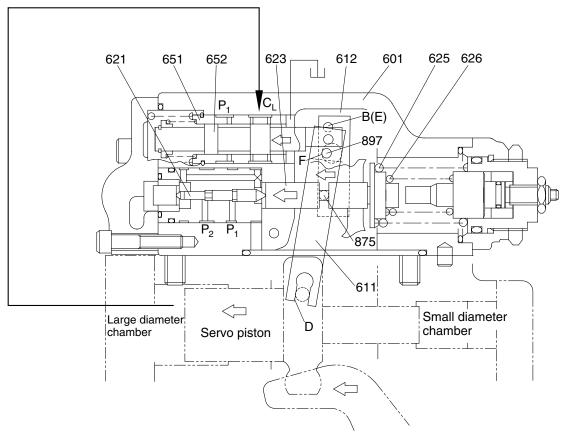


When the self pump delivery pressure P1 or the companion pump delivery pressure P2 rises, it acts on the stepped part of the compensating piston (621). It presses the compensating rod (623) to the right till the force of the outer spring (625) and inner spring (626) balances with the hydraulic force. The movement of the compensating rod is transmitted to lever 1 (612) via pin (875).

Lever 1 rotates around the pin (875) (E) fixed to the casing (601).

Since the large hole section (F) of lever 1 contains a protruding pin (897) fixed to the feedback lever (611), the feedback lever rotates around the fulcrum of point D as lever 1 rotates, and then the spool(652) is shifted to the right. As the spool moves, the delivery pressure P1 is admitted to the large diameter section of the servo piston via port CL, causes the servo piston move to the right, reduces the pump delivery, flow rate, and prevents the prime mover from being overloaded. The movement of the servo piston is transmitted to the feedback lever via point D. Then the feedback lever rotates around the fulcrum of point F and the spool is shifted to the left. The spool moves till the opening between the spool (652) and sleeve (651) is closed.

② Flow reset function



29092MP12

As the self pump delivery pressure P1 or the companion pump delivery pressure P2 decreases, the compensating rod (623) is pushed back by the action of the springs (625 & 626) to rotate lever 1 (612) around point E. Rotating of lever 1 causes the feedback lever (611) to rotate around the fulcrum of point D and then the spool (652) to move to the left. As a result, port CL opens a way to the tank port.

This causes the servo piston to move to the left and the pump's delivery rate to increase.

The movement of the servo piston is transmitted to the spool by the action of the feedback mechanism to move it till the opening between the spool and sleeve is closed.

3 Low tilting angle (low flow) command preferential function

As mentioned above, flow control and horsepower control tilting angle commands are transmitted to the feedback lever and spool via the large-hole sections (C & F) of levers 1 and 2. However, since sections C and F have the pins (\emptyset 4) protruding from the large hole (\emptyset 8), only the lever lessening the tilting angle contacts the pin (897); the hole (\emptyset 8) in the lever of a larger tilting angle command is freed without contacting the pin (897). Such a mechanical selection method permits preference of the lower tilting angle command of the flow control and horsepower control.

4 Adjustment of input horsepower

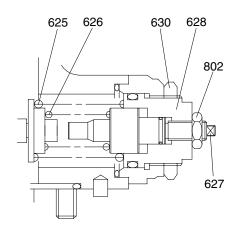
Since the regulator is of total cumulative horsepower type, adjust the adjusting screws of both the front and rear pumps, when changing the horsepower set values. The pressure change values by adjustment are based on two pumps pressurized at the same time, and the values will be doubled when only one pump is loaded.

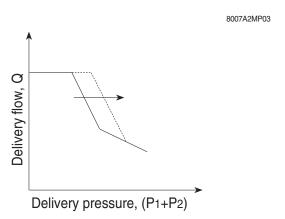
a. Adjustment of outer spring

Adjust it by loosening the hexagon nut (630) and by tightening (or loosening) the adjusting screw C (628). Tightening the screw shifts the control chart to the right and increases the input horsepower as shown in the figure. Since turning the adjusting screw C by N turns changes the setting of the inner spring (626), return the adjusting screw QI (627) by N×A turns at first. (A=1.59)

Adjusting values are shown in table.

| Chood | Adjustment of outer spring | | | | |
|----------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Speed | Tightening amount of adjusting screw (C) (628) | Compensating control starting pressure change amount | Input torque change amount | | |
| (min ⁻¹) | (Turn) | (kgf/cm ²) | (kgf·m) | | |
| 1800 | +1/4 | +19 | +5.6 | | |





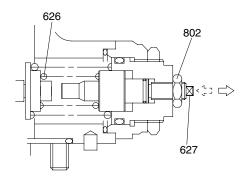
b. Adjustment of inner spring

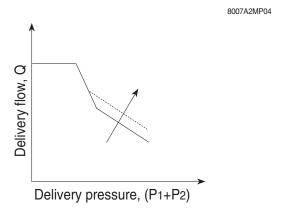
Adjust it by loosening the hexagon nut (802) and by tightening (or loosening) the adjusting screw QI (627).

Tightening the screw increases the flow and then the input horsepower as shown in the figure.

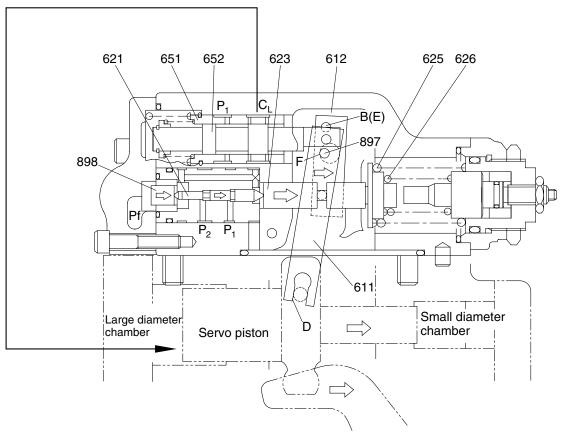
* Adjusting valves are shown in table.

| Cnood | Adjustment of inner spring | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Speed | Tightening amount of adjusting screw (QI) (627) | Flow change amount | Input torque change amount | | | |
| (min ⁻¹) | (Turn) | (kgf/cm²) | (kgf · m) | | | |
| 1800 | +1/4 | +12.6 | +5.7 | | | |





(3) Power shift control



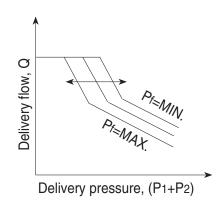
29092MP13

The set horsepower valve is shifted by varying the command current level of the proportional pressure reducing valve attached to the pump.

Only one proportional pressure reducing valve is

Only one proportional pressure reducing valve is provided.

However, the secondary pressure Pf (power shift pressure) is admitted to the horsepower control section of each pump regulator through the pump's internal path to shift it to the same set horsepower level.



This function permits arbitrary setting of the

pump output power, thereby providing the optimum power level according to the operating condition.

The power shift pressure Pf controls the set horsepower of the pump to a desired level, as shown in the figure.

As the power shift pressure Pf rises, the compensating rod (623) moves to the right via the pin (898) and compensating piston (621).

This decreases the pump tilting angle and then the set horsepower in the same way as explained in the overload preventive function of the horsepower control. On the contrary, the set horsepower rises as the power shift pressure Pf falls.

(4) Adjustment of maximum and minimum flows

① Adjustment of maximum flow

Adjust it by loosening the hexagon nut (808) and by tightening (or loosening) the set screw (954).

The maximum flow only is adjusted without changing other control characteristics.

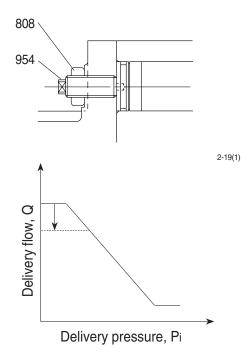
| 0 | Adjustment of max flow | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Speed | Tightening amount of adjusting screw (954) | Flow change amount | | | | | |
| (min -1) | (Turn) | (½ /min) | | | | | |
| 1800 | +1/4 | -5.6 | | | | | |

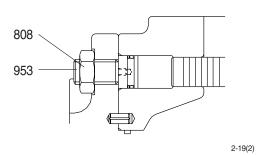
② Adjustment of minimum flow

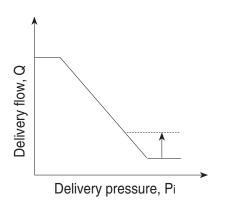
Adjust it by loosening the hexagon nut (808) and by tightening (or loosening) the hexagonal socket head set screw (953). Similarly to the adjustment of the maximum flow, other characteristics are not changed.

However, remember that, if tightened too much, the required horsepower during the maximum delivery pressure (or during relieving) may increase.

| Casad | Adjustment of min flow | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Speed | Tightening amount of adjusting screw (953) | Flow change amount | | | | | | |
| (min -1) | (Turn) | (ℓ /min) | | | | | | |
| 1800 | +1/4 | +4.5 | | | | | | |

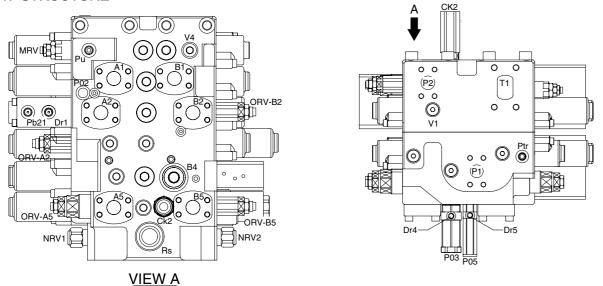


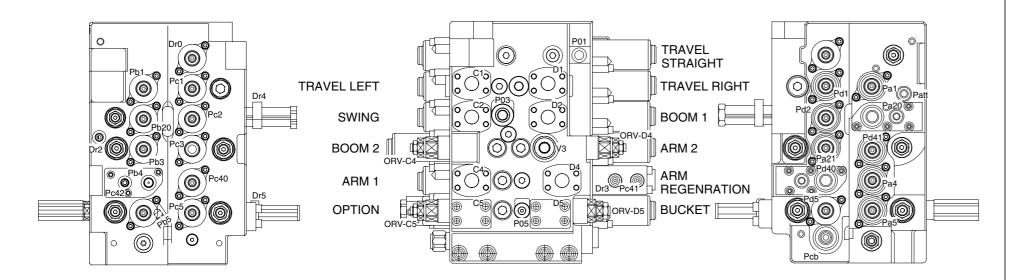


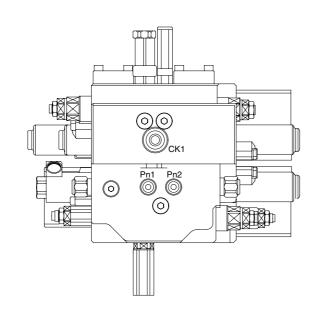


GROUP 2 MAIN CONTROL VALVE (TYPE 1)

1. STRUCTURE



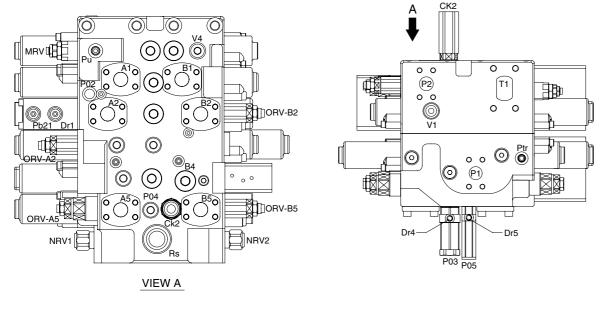


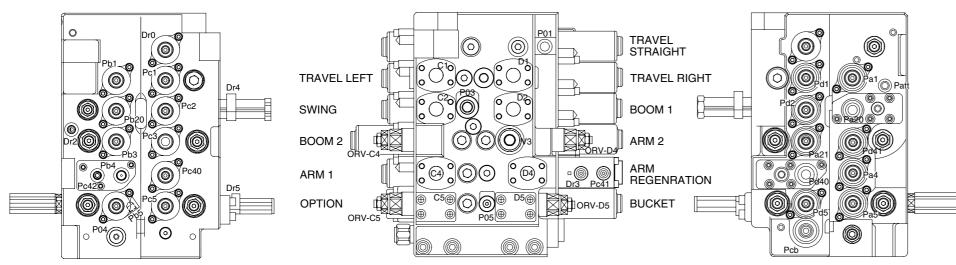


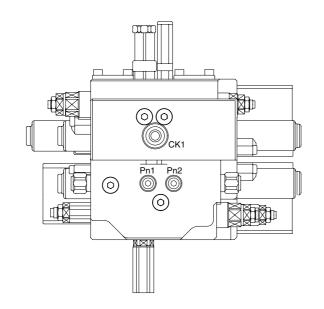
| RS Make up for swing motor V3 Carry-over P port B4 Option A port (breaker) Patt Auto idle signal-attachment Pb21 Lock valve pilot port (broom) CB Bucket in confluence pilot port P02 Pilot signal port P03 Swing logic pilot port P04 Bucket parallel orifice pilot port P05 Option B confluence pilot port P06 Up Pilot signal port P07 Port Swing logic pilot port P08 Swing logic pilot port P09 Pilot signal port P09 Pilot valve pilot port (arm) P09 Power boost P1 Drain port P1 Power boost P1 Drain port P1 Power boost P1 Drain port P1 Power boost P2 Drain port P3 Drain port P4 Power boost P4 Power boost P1 Drain port P1 Travel pilot port-LH (EW) P1 Travel pilot port-LH (EW) P2 Drain port P2 Swing pilot port (BH) P2 Swing pilot port (BH) P2 Swing pilot port (BH) P3 Arm in confluence pilot port P4 Arm in regeneration cut port P4 Arm out port (breaker) P4 Arm out port P4 Arm out port Drain port P4 Carry-over port P4 Carry-over port P4 Carry-over port P4 Arm out port P5 Swing motor port (LH) P5 Swing motor port (H) P6 Swing port or P6 Swing port or P6 Swing port P7 Swing P6 | | | | |
|--|--|---|--------------------------|---|
| V3 Carry-over P port B4 Option A port (breaker) Patt Auto idle signal-attachment Pb21 Lock valve pilot port (broom) Pb Bucket in confluence pilot port Pilot signal port Pilot signal port Post Swing logic pilot port Post Detect parallel orifice pilot port Post Drain port Drain port Drain port Drain port Drain port Post Detect pilot port-BH (BW) Post Travel pilot port-BH (BW) Post Swing pilot port (BH) Post Arm in confluence pilot port Post Swing pilot port (BH) Post Arm out port (breaker) Post Option A pilot port (breaker) Post Option B pilot port Post Detect out pilot port Post Option B pilot port Post Description B port Post Post Post Post Post Post Post Post | Mark | Port name | Port size | Tightening torque |
| December Lock valve pilot port (boom) | V3 | Carry-over P port | PF1 | 20~25 kgf · m (145~180 lbf · ft) |
| Ck2 Bucket confluence PF-3/4 (123~137.4 lbf · ft) Pa1 Travel pilot port-LH (FW) Travel pilot port-H (BW) P1 Travel pilot port-RH (BW) P20 Boom up confluence pilot port P21 Boom up confluence pilot port P22 Boom up confluence pilot port P23 Swing pilot port (LH) P24 Swing pilot port (RH) P25 Swing pilot port (Preaker) P26 Arm in confluence pilot port P27 Option A pilot port P28 Dy P5/8 (50.6~57.8 lbf · ft) | Pb21 Pcb P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 Pc41 Pc42 Ptr Pu Dr1 Dr2 | Lock valve pilot port (boom) Bucket in confluence pilot port Pilot signal port Pilot signal port Swing logic pilot port Bucket parallel orifice pilot port Option B confluence pilot port Lock valve pilot port (arm) Arm in regen-cut signal selector port Auto idle signal-travel Power boost Drain port | PF1/4 | (25.3~28.2 lbf · ft) |
| Pb1 Travel pilot port-IH (BW) Pc1 Travel pilot port-RH (BW) Pa20 Boom up pilot port Pa21 Boom up pilot port Pb20 Boom up pilot port Pc2 Swing pilot port (RH) Pa30 Swing pilot port (RH) Pa40 Option A pilot port (BH) Pa40 Arm in regeneration cut port Pc40 Arm in pilot port Pc40 Arm in pilot port Pc50 Bucket in pilot port Pc61 Option B pilot port Pc70 Option B pilot port Pc81 Sucket in pilot port Pc82 Swing priority pilot port Pc93 Swing priority pilot port Pc94 Option A pilot port (breaker) Pc94 Arm in regeneration cut port Pc95 Bucket out pilot port Pc65 Option B pilot port Pc70 Drain port Pc81 Option B pilot port Pc82 Option B pilot port Pc83 Sucket in pilot port Pc94 Option B pilot port Pc95 Option B pilot port Pc96 Option B pilot port Pc97 Negative control signal port (A2 port side) Pc98 Negative control signal port (A1 port side) Pc99 Negative control signal port (A1 port side) Pc90 Travel motor port-LH (FW) Pc90 Travel motor port-RH (FW) Pc90 Boom up port Pc90 Boom up port Pc90 Boom up port Pc91 Boom up port Pc91 Boom up port Pc92 Swing motor port (RH) Pc93 Swing motor port (RH) Pc94 Arm in port Pc95 Dotton B port Pc96 Option B port Pc97 Dotton B port Pc97 Dotton B port Pc98 Dotton B port Pc98 Dotton B port Pc99 Pump port (A2 side) Pc99 Pump port (A2 side) Pc99 Pump port (A1 side) Pc74 Drain port Pc75 Drain port Pc75 Drain port Pc76 Drain port Pc77 Drain port Pc77 Drain port Pc77 Drain port Pc78 SAE 3000 psi (A4-8.6 kgf · m) Pc79 Drain port Pc79 Drain port Pc70 Drain port Pc70 Drain port Pc70 Drain port Pc70 Drain port Pc71 Drain port Pc71 Drain port Pc71 Drain port Pc72 Drain port Pc73 Drain port Pc74 Drain port Pc75 Drain port Pc75 Drain port Pc75 Drain port Pc76 Drain port Pc77 Drain port Pc78 Drain port Pc78 Drain port Pc79 Drain port Pc79 Drain port Pc79 Drain port Pc79 Drain port Pc70 Drain port P | | I = 1 1. 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | PF3/4 | 17~19 kgf · m (123~137.4 lbf · ft) |
| B1 Travel motor port-LH (BW) C1 Travel motor port-RH (BW) D1 Travel motor port-RH (FW) A2 Boom up port B2 Boom down port C2 Swing motor port (LH) D2 Swing motor port (RH) C4 Arm in port D4 Arm out port A5 Bucket in port B5 Bucket out port C5 Option B port C5 Option B port P1 Pump port (A2 side) P2 Pump port (A1 side) Dr4 Drain port Dr5 Drain port Dr5 Drain port Dr5 Drain port Dr5 SAE 3000 psi A5 Bucket m C5 A5 Bucket m C5 A6 Subf · m C5 A7 Substituting the substitution that substituting the substitution that substituting the substituting the substitution that substituting the substitution the substitution that substituting the | Pb1 Pc1 Pd1 Pa20 Pa20 Pb3 Pc2 Pb3 Pc3 Pc44 Pc440 Pc440 Pc45 Pc5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc7 Pc7 Pc7 Pc7 Pc7 Pc7 Pc7 Pc7 Pc7 Pc7 | Travel pilot port-LH (BW) Travel pilot port-RH (BW) Travel pilot port-RH (FW) Boom up pilot port Boom up confluence pilot port Boom down pilot port Swing pilot port (LH) Swing pilot port (RH) Arm in confluence pilot port Swing priority pilot port Option A pilot port (breaker) Arm in regeneration cut port Arm in pilot port Arm out pilot port Bucket in pilot port Bucket out pilot port Option B pilot port Negative control signal port (A2 port side) Negative control signal port (A1 port side) Carry-over port | PF3/8 | 7~8 kgf · m (50.6~57.8 lbf · ft) |
| Dr5 Drain port PF1/8 (10.8~13.7 lbf · ft) SAE 3000 psi 6.4~8.6 kgf · m | B1 C1 D1 A2 B2 C2 D2 C4 D4 A5 B5 C5 D5 P1 | Travel motor port-LH (BW) Travel motor port-RH (BW) Travel motor port-RH (FW) Boom up port Boom down port Swing motor port (LH) Swing motor port (RH) Arm in port Arm out port Bucket in port Bucket out port Option B port Option B port Pump port (A2 side) | SAE 5000 psi 1" | 7.5~9.2 kgf·m (54.2~66.5 lbf·ft) |
| T1 Return port SAE 3000 psi 6.4~8.6 kgf · m | | | PF1/8 | 1.5~1.9 kgf · m (10.8~13.7 lbf · ft) |
| 2" (M12) (46.2~62.2 lbf · ft) | T1 | Return port | SAE 3000 psi 2" (M12) | 6.4~8.6 kgf · m (46.2~62.2 lbf · ft) |

MAIN CONTROL VALVE (TYPE 2)

1. STRUCTURE



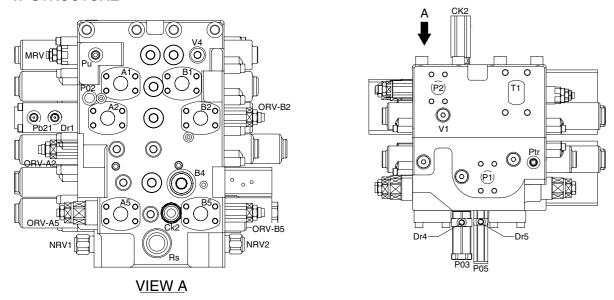


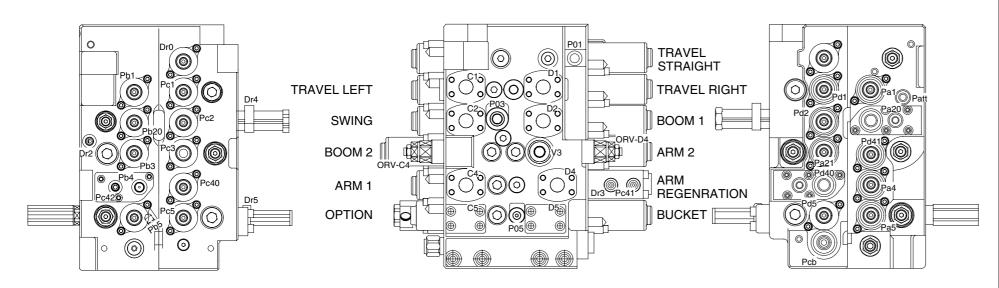


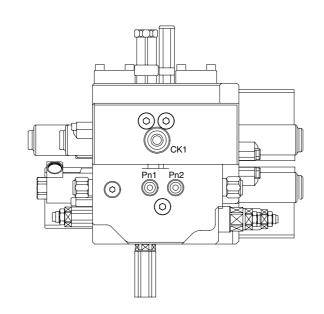
| Mark | Port name | Port size | Tightening torque |
|--|--|--------------------------|---|
| Rs V3 B4 | Make up for swing motor Carry-over P port Option A port (breaker) | PF1 | 20~25 kgf · m (145~180 lbf · ft) |
| Patt Pb21 Pcb P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 Pc41 Pc42 Ptr Pu Dr1 Dr2 Dr3 | Auto idle signal-attachment Lock valve pilot port (boom) Bucket in confluence pilot port Pilot signal port Pilot signal port Swing logic pilot port Bucket parallel orifice pilot port Option B confluence pilot port Lock valve pilot port (arm) Arm in regen-cut signal selector port Auto idle signal-travel Power boost Drain port Drain port | PF1/4 | 3.5~3.9 kgf · m (25.3~28.2 lbf · ft) |
| Ck1 Ck2 | Bucket confluence Bucket confluence | PF3/4 | 17~19 kgf · m (123~137.4 lbf · ft) |
| Pa1 Pb1 Pc1 Pd1 Pa20 Pa21 Pb20 Pc2 Pb3 Pc3 Pc44 Pc40 Pd41 Pa5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc7 Pc7 V1 V4 | Travel pilot port-LH (FW) Travel pilot port-LH (BW) Travel pilot port-RH (BW) Travel pilot port-RH (FW) Boom up pilot port Boom up confluence pilot port Boom down pilot port Swing pilot port (LH) Swing pilot port (RH) Arm in confluence pilot port Swing priority pilot port Option A pilot port (breaker) Arm in regeneration cut port Arm out pilot port Arm out confluence pilot port Bucket in pilot port Bucket in pilot port Option B pilot port Option B pilot port Uption B pilot port Option B pilot port | PF3/8 | 7~8 kgf · m (50.6~57.8 lbf · ft) |
| A1 B1 C1 D1 A2 B2 C2 D2 C4 A5 B5 C5 D5 P1 P2 | Travel motor port-LH (FW) Travel motor port-LH (BW) Travel motor port-RH (BW) Travel motor port-RH (FW) Boom up port Boom down port Swing motor port (LH) Swing motor port (RH) Arm in port Arm out port Bucket in port Bucket out port Option B port Option B port Pump port (A2 side) Pump port (A1 side) | SAE 5000 psi 1" | 7.5~9.2 kgf · m (54.2~66.5 lbf · ft) |
| Dr4 Dr5 | Drain port Drain port | PF1/8 | 1.5~1.9 kgf · m (10.8~13.7 lbf · ft) |
| T1 | Return port | SAE 3000 psi 2" (M12) | 6.4~8.6 kgf · m (46.2~62.2 lbf · ft) |

MAIN CONTROL VALVE (TYPE 3)

1. STRUCTURE



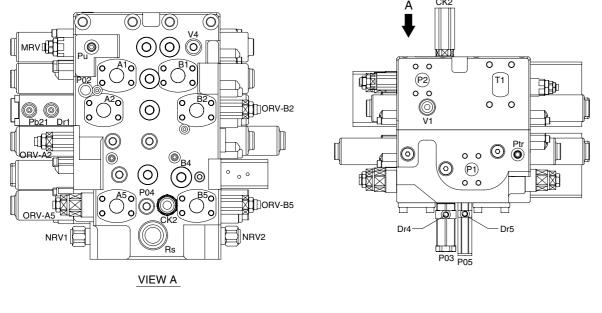


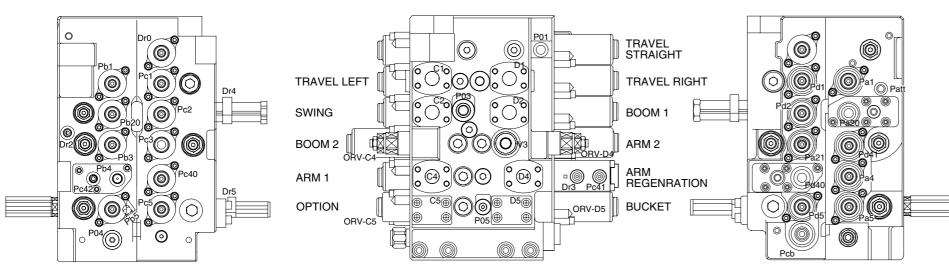


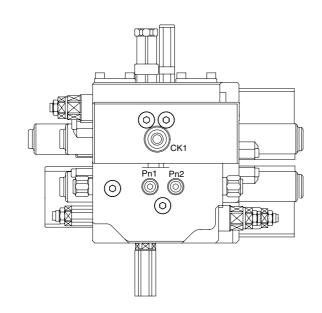
| Mark | Port name | Port size | Tightening torque |
|--|--|--------------------------|---|
| Rs V3 B4 | Make up for swing motor Carry-over P port Option A port (breaker) | PF1 | 20~25 kgf · m (145~180 lbf · ft) |
| Patt Pb21 Pcb P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 Pc41 Pc42 Ptr Pu Dr1 Dr2 Dr3 | Auto idle signal-attachment Lock valve pilot port (boom) Bucket in confluence pilot port Pilot signal port Pilot signal port Swing logic pilot port Bucket parallel orifice pilot port Option B confluence pilot port Lock valve pilot port (arm) Arm in regen-cut signal selector port Auto idle signal-travel Power boost Drain port Drain port | PF1/4 | 3.5~3.9 kgf · m (25.3~28.2 lbf · ft) |
| CK1 CK2 | Bucket confluence Bucket confluence | PF3/4 | 17~19 kgf · m (123~137.4 lbf · ft) |
| Pa1 Pb1 Pc1 Pd1 Pa20 Pa21 Pb20 Pc2 Pb3 Pc3 Pc40 Pc40 Pc40 Pd41 Pa5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc7 V1 V4 | Travel pilot port-LH (FW) Travel pilot port-LH (BW) Travel pilot port-RH (BW) Travel pilot port-RH (FW) Boom up pilot port Boom up confluence pilot port Boom down pilot port Swing pilot port (LH) Swing pilot port (RH) Arm in confluence pilot port Swing priority pilot port Option A pilot port (breaker) Arm in regeneration cut port Arm out pilot port Arm out pilot port Bucket in pilot port Bucket in pilot port Option B pilot port Option B pilot port Option B pilot port Option B pilot port Drain port Negative control signal port (A2 port side) Negative control signal port (A1 port side) Carry-over port | PF3/8 | 7~8 kgf · m (50.6~57.8 lbf · ft) |
| A1 B1 C1 D1 A2 B2 C2 D2 C4 D4 A5 B5 C5 D5 P1 P2 | Travel motor port-LH (FW) Travel motor port-LH (BW) Travel motor port-RH (BW) Travel motor port-RH (FW) Boom up port Boom down port Swing motor port (LH) Swing motor port (RH) Arm in port Arm out port Bucket in port Bucket out port Option B port Option B port Pump port (A2 side) Pump port (A1 side) | SAE 5000 psi 1" | 7.5~9.2 kgf·m (54.2~66.5 lbf·ft) |
| Dr4 Dr5 | Drain port Drain port | PF1/8 | 1.5~1.9 kgf · m (10.8~13.7 lbf · ft) |
| T1 | Return port | SAE 3000 psi 2" (M12) | 6.4~8.6 kgf · m (46.2~62.2 lbf · ft) |

MAIN CONTROL VALVE (TYPE 4)

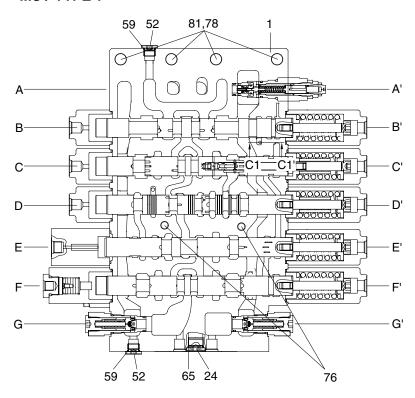
1. STRUCTURE

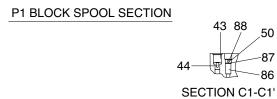


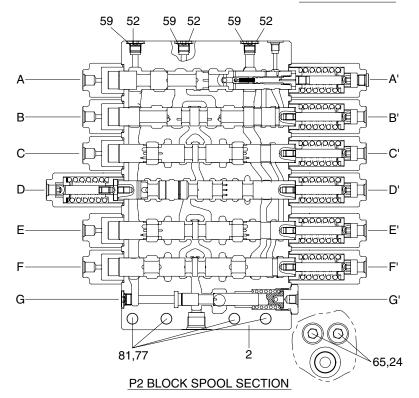




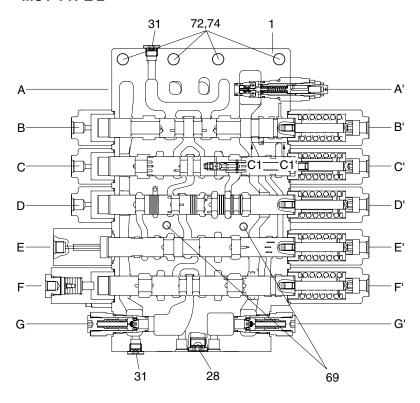
| Mark | Port name | Port size | Tightening torque |
|--|--|--------------------------|---|
| Rs V3 B4 | Make up for swing motor Carry-over P port Option A port (breaker) | PF1 | 20~25 kgf · m (145~180 lbf · ft) |
| Patt Pb21 Pcb P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 Pc41 Pc42 Ptr Pu Dr1 Dr2 Dr3 | Auto idle signal-attachment Lock valve pilot port (boom) Bucket in confluence pilot port Pilot signal port Pilot signal port Swing logic pilot port Bucket parallel orifice pilot port Option B confluence pilot port Lock valve pilot port (arm) Arm in regen-cut signal selector port Auto idle signal-travel Power boost Drain port Drain port | PF1/4 | 3.5~3.9 kgf · m (25.3~28.2 lbf · ft) |
| CK1 CK2 | Bucket confluence Bucket confluence | PF3/4 | 17~19 kgf · m (123~137.4 lbf · ft) |
| Pa1 Pb1 Pc1 Pd20 Pa21 Pb20 Pc2 Pb3 Pc3 Pa4 Pb4 Pc40 Pd40 Pd41 Pa5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc5 Pc7 V1 V4 | Travel pilot port-LH (FW) Travel pilot port-LH (BW) Travel pilot port-RH (BW) Travel pilot port-RH (FW) Boom up pilot port Boom up confluence pilot port Boom down pilot port Swing pilot port (LH) Swing pilot port (RH) Arm in confluence pilot port Swing priority pilot port Option A pilot port (breaker) Arm in regeneration cut port Arm out pilot port Arm out pilot port Bucket in pilot port Bucket in pilot port Option B pilot port Drain port Negative control signal port (A2 port side) Negative control signal port (A1 port side) Carry-over port | PF3/8 | 7~8 kgf · m (50.6~57.8 lbf · ft) |
| A1 B1 C1 D1 A2 B2 C2 D2 C4 D4 A5 B5 C5 D5 P1 P2 | Travel motor port-LH (FW) Travel motor port-LH (BW) Travel motor port-RH (BW) Travel motor port-RH (FW) Boom up port Boom down port Swing motor port (LH) Swing motor port (RH) Arm in port Arm out port Bucket in port Bucket out port Option B port Option B port Pump port (A2 side) Pump port (A1 side) | SAE 5000 psi 1" | 7.5~9.2 kgf · m (54.2~66.5 lbf · ft) |
| Dr4 Dr5 | Drain port Drain port | PF1/8 | 1.5~1.9 kgf · m (10.8~13.7 lbf · ft) |
| T1 | Return port | SAE 3000 psi 2" (M12) | 6.4~8.6 kgf · m (46.2~62.2 lbf · ft) |





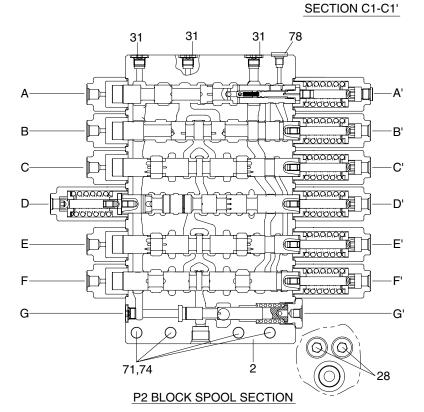


- 1 Housing (P1)
- 2 Housing (P2)
- 24 Plug
- 43 Orifice-signal
- 44 Coin type filter
- 50 O-ring
- 52 Plug
- 59 O-ring
- 65 O-ring
- 76 Hex socket head bolt
- 77 Hex socket head bolt
- 78 Hex socket head bolt
- 81 Spring washer
- 86 Poppet
- 87 Check spring
- 88 Plug

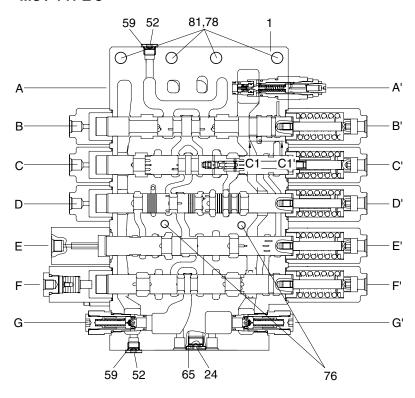


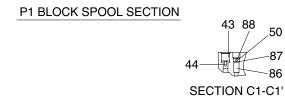


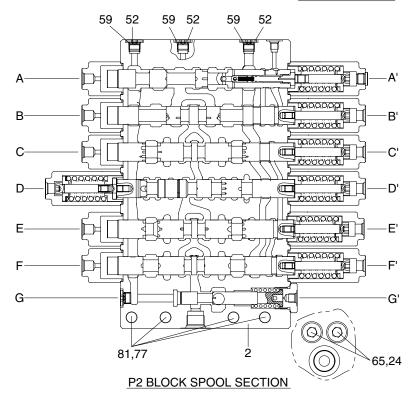




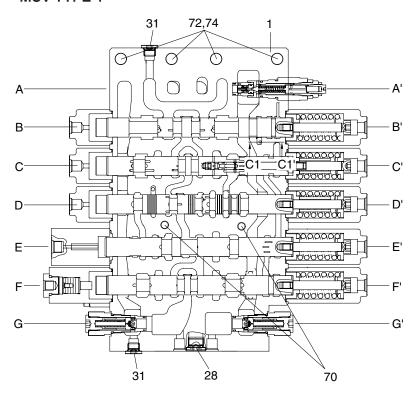
- 1 Housing (P1)
- 2 Housing (P2)
- 25 Orifice-signal
- 28 Plug
- 30 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 47 Poppet
- 48 Spring
- 69 Hex socket head bolt
- 71 Hex socket head bolt
- 72 Hex socket head bolt
- 74 Spring washer
- 78 Dust cap

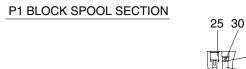




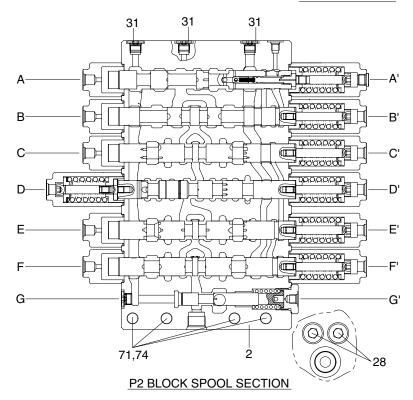


- 1 Housing (P1)
- 2 Housing (P2)
- 24 Plug
- 43 Orifice-signal
- 44 Coin type filter
- 50 O-ring
- 52 Plug
- 59 O-ring
- 65 O-ring
- 76 Hex socket head bolt
- 77 Hex socket head bolt
- 78 Hex socket head bolt
- 81 Spring washer
- 86 Poppet
- 87 Check spring
- 88 Plug



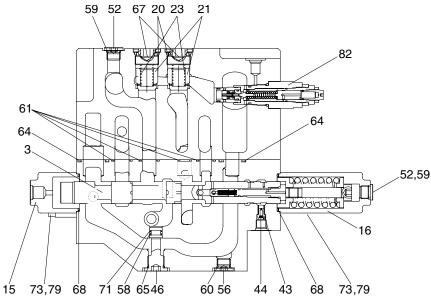


SECTION C1-C1'

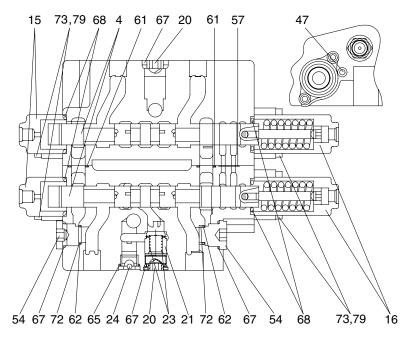


- 1 Housing (P1)
- 2 Housing (P2)
- 25 Orifice-signal
- 28 Plug
- 30 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 47 Poppet-signal
- 48 Spring-signal
- 70 Hex socket head bolt
- 71 Hex socket head bolt
- 72 Hex socket head bolt
- 74 Spring washer

300L2MC215

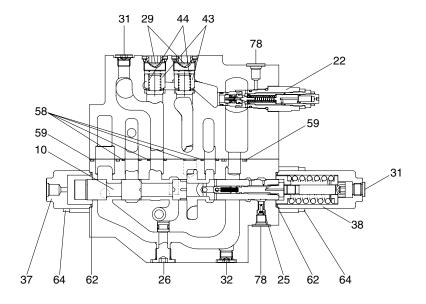


A-A' (STRAIGHT-TRAVEL & SUPPLY)

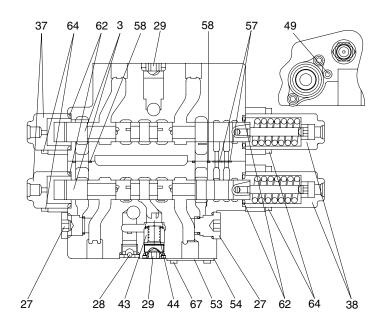


B-B' (TRAVEL RIGHT & LEFT)

- Spool-straight 3
- 4 Spool-travel
- 15 Cover A-pilot
- 16 Cover B1-pilot
- 20 Plug
- 21 Poppet 1-check valve
- 23 Spring 1-check valve
- 24 Plug
- 43 Orifice-signal
- Coin type filter 44
- 46 Plug
- 47 Plug
- 52 Plug
- 54 Plug
- Plug 56
- 57 O-ring
- O-ring 58
- 59 O-ring
- 60 O-ring
- 61 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 64 O-ring
- 65 O-ring
- 67 O-ring
- O-ring 68
- 71 Back-up ring
- 72 Back-up ring
- 73 Hex socket head bolt
- 79 Washer
- 82 Main relief valve



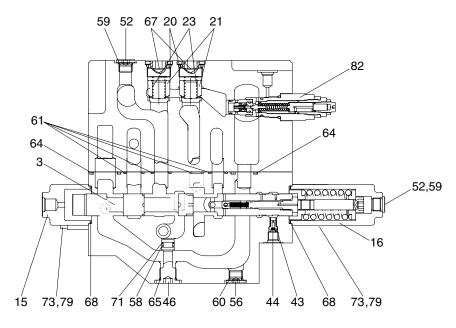
A-A' (STRAIGHT-TRAVEL & SUPPLY)



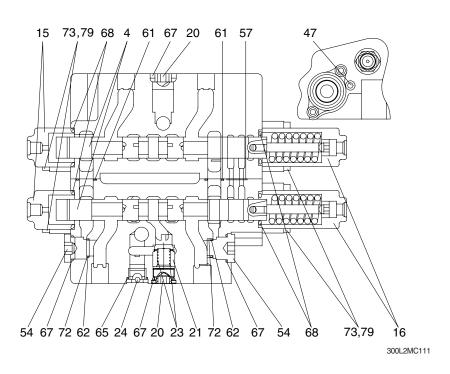
B-B' (TRAVEL RIGHT & LEFT)

300L2MC116

- 3 Spool-travel
- 10 Spool-straight
- 22 Main relief valve
- 25 Orifice-signal
- 26 Parallel block plug
- 27 Plug
- 28 Plug
- 29 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 32 Plug
- 37 Cover A-pilot
- 38 Cover B1-pilot
- 43 Poppet 1-check valve
- 44 Spring 1-check valve
- 49 Plug
- 53 Cover 1
- 54 Gasket 1
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 59 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 64 Hex socket head bolt
- 67 Hex socket head bolt
- 78 Dust cap

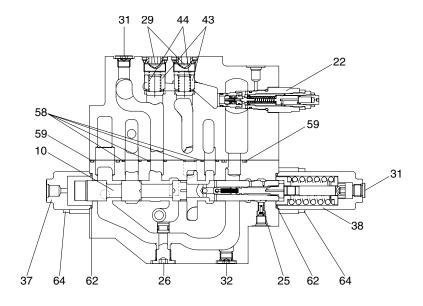


A-A' (STRAIGHT-TRAVEL & SUPPLY)

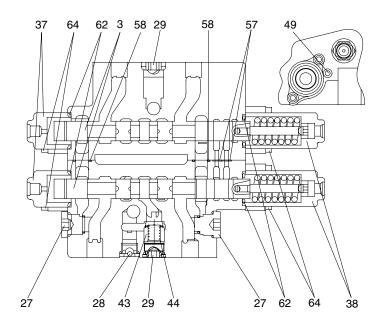


B-B' (TRAVEL RIGHT & LEFT)

- 3 Spool-straight
- 4 Spool-travel
- 15 Cover A-pilot
- 16 Cover B1-pilot
- 20 Plug
- 21 Poppet 1-check valve
- 23 Spring 1-check valve
- 24 Plug
- 43 Orifice-signal
- 44 Coin type filter
- 46 Plug
- 47 Plug
- 52 Plug
- 54 Plug
- 56 Plug
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 59 O-ring
- 60 O-ring
- 61 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 64 O-ring
- 65 O-ring
- 67 O-ring
- 68 O-ring
- 71 Back-up ring
- 72 Back-up ring
- 73 Hex socket head bolt
- 79 Washer
- 82 Main relief valve

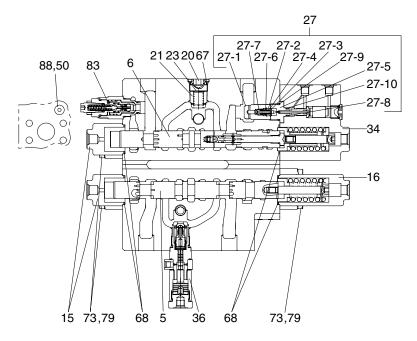


A-A' (STRAIGHT-TRAVEL & SUPPLY)

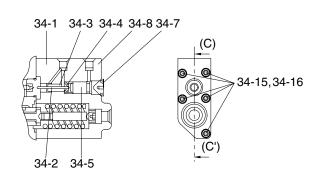


B-B' (TRAVEL RIGHT & LEFT)

- 3 Spool-travel
- 10 Spool-straight travel
- 22 Main relief valve
- 25 Orifice-signal
- 26 Parallel block plug
- 27 ORV Plug
- 28 Plug
- 29 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 32 Plug
- 37 Cover A-pilot
- 38 Cover B1-pilot
- 43 Poppet 1-check valve
- 44 Spring 1-check valve
- 49 Plug
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 59 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 64 Hex socket head bolt

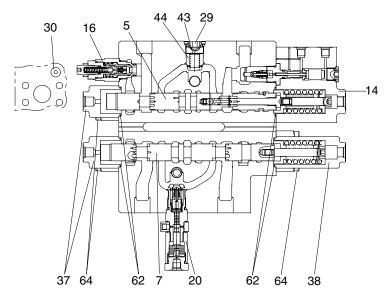


C-C' (SWING & BOOM 1)

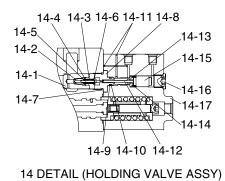


34 DETAIL (HOLDING ASSY)

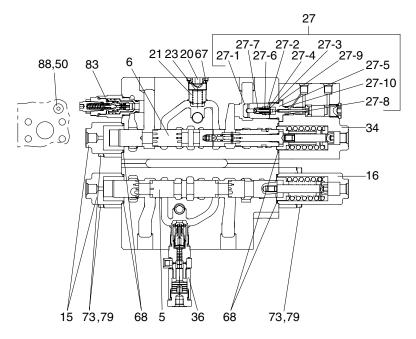
| 5 | Spool-swing | 27-5 | Poppet seat | 34-7 | Plug |
|------|----------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| 6 | Spool-boom | 27-6 | C-ring | 34-8 | Plug |
| 15 | Cover A-pilot | 27-7 | Restrictor-lock valve | 34-15 | Socket bolt |
| 16 | Cover B1-pilot | 27-8 | O-ring | 34-16 | Spring washer |
| 20 | Plug | 27-9 | O-ring | 36 | Logic valve |
| 21 | Poppet 1-check valve | 27-10 | Back up ring | 50 | O-ring |
| 23 | Spring 1-check valve | 34 | Holding kit A1 | 67 | O-ring |
| 27 | Holding kit B | 34-1 | Block-holding P1 | 68 | O-ring |
| 27-1 | Poppet | 34-2 | Piston 1-holding | 73 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 27-2 | Spring | 34-3 | Guide piston-holding | 79 | Washer |
| 27-3 | Poppet guide | 34-4 | Spring 1-lock valve | 83 | Overload relief valve |
| 27-4 | Pilot poppet | 34-5 | Piston 2-holding | 88 | Plug |



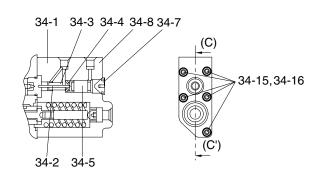
C-C' (SWING & BOOM 1)



| 5 | Spool-boom 1 | 14-8 Pc | oppet seat | 16 | Overload relief valve |
|------|--------------------|-----------|-------------|----|-----------------------|
| 7 | Spool-swing | 14-9 Ba | ack up ring | 20 | Logic valve |
| 14 | Holding valve assy | 14-10 O- | -ring | 29 | Plug |
| 14-1 | Poppet | 14-11 Pl | ug | 30 | Plug |
| 14-2 | Restrictor | 14-12 Pil | lot piston | 37 | Cover A-pilot |
| 14-3 | Spring | 14-13 Pi | ston guide | 38 | Cover B1-pilot |
| 14-4 | C-ring | 14-14 Sp | oring | 43 | Spring 1-check valve |
| 14-5 | Pilot poppet | 14-15 Ma | ain piston | 44 | Poppet 1-check valve |
| 14-6 | Poppet guide | 14-16 Pl | ug | 62 | O-ring |
| 14-7 | O-ring | 14-17 Blo | ock | 64 | Hex socket head bolt |
| | | | | | |

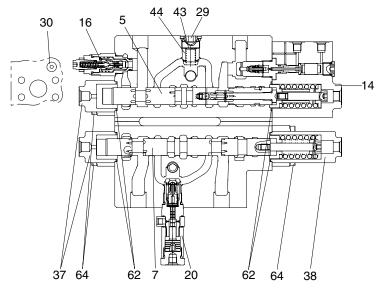


C-C' (SWING & BOOM 1)

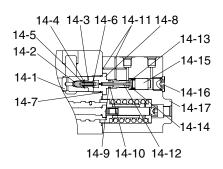


34 DETAIL (HOLDING ASSY)

| 5 | Spool-swing | 27-5 | Poppet seat | 34-7 | Plug |
|------|----------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| 6 | Spool-boom | 27-6 | C-ring | 34-8 | Plug |
| 15 | Cover A-pilot | 27-7 | Restrictor-lock valve | 34-15 | Socket bolt |
| 16 | Cover B1-pilot | 27-8 | O-ring | 34-16 | Spring washer |
| 20 | Plug | 27-9 | O-ring | 36 | Logic valve |
| 21 | Poppet 1-check valve | 27-10 | Back up ring | 50 | O-ring |
| 23 | Spring 1-check valve | 34 | Holding kit A1 | 67 | O-ring |
| 27 | Holding kit B | 34-1 | Block-holding P1 | 68 | O-ring |
| 27-1 | Poppet | 34-2 | Piston 1-holding | 73 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 27-2 | Spring | 34-3 | Guide piston-holding | 79 | Washer |
| 27-3 | Poppet guide | 34-4 | Spring 1-lock valve | 83 | Overload relief valve |
| 27-4 | Pilot poppet | 34-5 | Piston 2-holding | 88 | Plug |

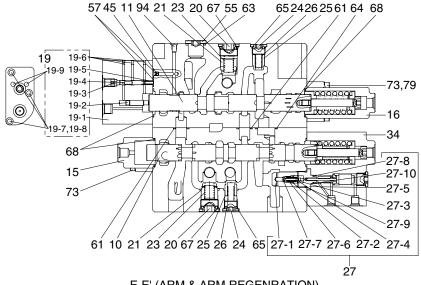


C-C' (SWING & BOOM 1)

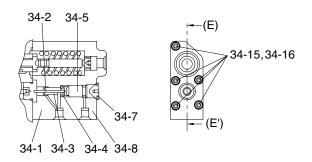


14 DETAIL (HOLDING VALVE ASSY)

| 5 | Spool-boom 1 | 14-8 Poppet seat | 16 | Overload relief valve |
|------|--------------------|--------------------|----|-----------------------|
| 7 | Spool-swing | 14-9 Back up ring | 20 | Logic valve-swing |
| 14 | Holding valve assy | 14-10 O-ring | 29 | Plug |
| 14-1 | Poppet-main | 14-11 Plug | 30 | Plug |
| 14-2 | Restrictor | 14-12 Pilot piston | 37 | Cover A-pilot |
| 14-3 | Spring-pilot | 14-13 Piston guide | 38 | Cover B1-pilot |
| 14-4 | C-ring | 14-14 Spring | 43 | Spring 1-check valve |
| 14-5 | Pilot poppet | 14-15 Main piston | 44 | Poppet 1-check valve |
| 14-6 | Poppet guide | 14-16 Plug | 62 | O-ring |
| 14-7 | O-ring | 14-17 Block | 64 | Hex socket head bolt |

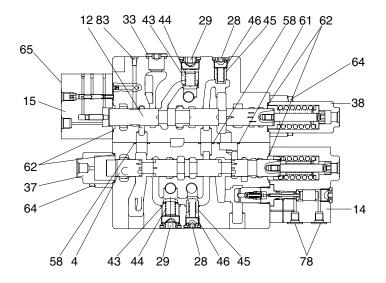


E-E' (ARM & ARM REGENRATION)

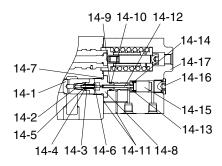


34 DETAIL (HOLDING ASSY)

| 10 | Spool-arm 1 | 25 | Poppet 2-check valve | 34-5 | Piston 2-holding |
|------|------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|----------------------|
| 11 | Spool-arm regeneration | 26 | Spring 2-check valve | 34-7 | Plug |
| 15 | Cover A-pilot | 27 | Poppet-lock valve | 34-8 | Plug |
| 16 | Cover B1-pilot | 27-1 | Poppet | 34-15 | Socket bolt |
| 19 | Arm-regeneration | 27-2 | Spring | 34-16 | Spring washer |
| 19-1 | Block-regeneration | 27-3 | Poppet guide | 45 | Orifice-plug |
| 19-2 | Piston-cut off | 27-4 | Pilot poppet | 55 | Plug |
| 19-3 | Stopper-regeneration | 27-5 | Poppet seat | 57 | O-ring |
| 19-4 | Spool-regeneration | 27-6 | C-ring | 61 | O-ring |
| 19-5 | Spring-regeneration | 27-7 | Restrictor-lock valve | 63 | O-ring |
| 19-6 | Plug | 27-8 | O-ring | 64 | O-ring |
| 19-7 | Socket bolt | 27-9 | O-ring | 65 | O-ring |
| 19-8 | Spring wahser | 27-10 | Back up ring | 67 | O-ring |
| 19-9 | Pin-regeneration | 34 | Holding kit A1 | 68 | O-ring |
| 20 | Plug | 34-1 | Block-holding P1 | 73 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 21 | Poppet 1-check valve | 34-2 | Piston 1-holding | 79 | Washer |
| 23 | Spring 1-check valve | 34-3 | Guide piston-holding | 94 | Plug |
| 24 | Plug | 34-4 | Spring 1-lock valve | | |

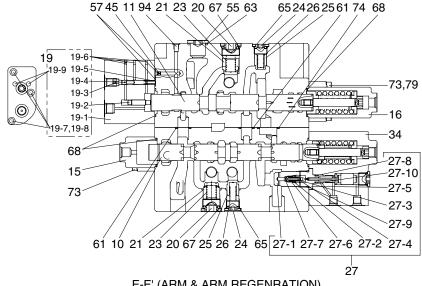


E-E' (ARM & ARM REGENRATION)

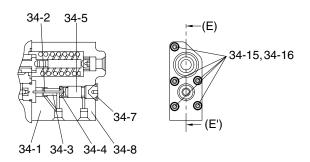


14 DETAIL (HOLDING VALVE ASSY)

| 4 | Spool-arm 1 | 14-11 | Plug | 43 | Poppet 1-check valve |
|-------|------------------------|-------|------------------------|----|----------------------|
| 12 | Spool-arm regeneration | 14-12 | Pilot piston | 44 | Spring 1-check valve |
| 14 | Holding valve assy | 14-13 | Piston guide | 45 | Poppet 2-check valve |
| 14-1 | Poppet | 14-14 | Spring | 46 | Spring 2-check valve |
| 14-2 | Restrictor | 14-15 | Main piston | 58 | O-ring |
| 14-3 | Spring | 14-16 | Plug | 61 | O-ring |
| 14-4 | C-ring | 14-17 | Block | 62 | O-ring |
| 14-5 | Pilot poppet | 15 | Arm regeneration valve | 64 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-6 | Poppet guide | 28 | Plug | 65 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-7 | O-ring | 29 | Plug | 78 | Dust cap |
| 14-8 | Poppet seat | 33 | Plug | 83 | Plug |
| 14-9 | Back up ring | 37 | Cover A-pilot | | |
| 14-10 | O-ring | 38 | Cover B1-pilot | | |

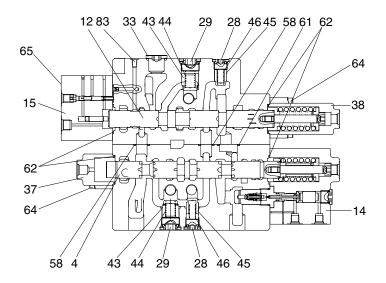


E-E' (ARM & ARM REGENRATION)

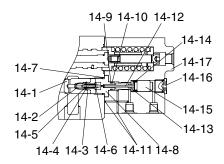


34 DETAIL (HOLDING ASSY)

| 10 | Spool-arm 1 | 25 | Poppet 2-check valve | 34-5 | Piston 2-holding |
|------|------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|----------------------|
| | • | | • • | | • |
| 11 | Spool-arm regeneration | 26 | Spring 2-check valve | 34-7 | Plug |
| 15 | Cover A-pilot | 27 | Holding kit B | 34-8 | Plug |
| 16 | Cover B1-pilot | 27-1 | Poppet | 34-15 | Socket bolt |
| 19 | Arm-regeneration | 27-2 | Spring | 34-16 | Spring washer |
| 19-1 | Block-regeneration | 27-3 | Poppet guide | 45 | Orifice-plug |
| 19-2 | Piston-cut off | 27-4 | Pilot poppet | 55 | Plug |
| 19-3 | Stopper-regeneration | 27-5 | Poppet seat | 57 | O-ring |
| 19-4 | Spool-regeneration | 27-6 | C-ring | 61 | O-ring |
| 19-5 | Spring-regeneration | 27-7 | Restrictor-lock valve | 63 | O-ring |
| 19-6 | Plug | 27-8 | O-ring | 65 | O-ring |
| 19-7 | Socket bolt | 27-9 | O-ring | 67 | O-ring |
| 19-8 | Spring wahser | 27-10 | Back up ring | 68 | O-ring |
| 19-9 | Pin-regeneration | 34 | Holding kit A1 | 73 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 20 | Plug | 34-1 | Block-holding P1 | 74 | O-ring |
| 21 | Poppet 1-check valve | 34-2 | Piston 1-holding | 79 | Washer |
| 23 | Spring 1-check valve | 34-3 | Guide piston-holding | 94 | Plug |
| 24 | Plug | 34-4 | Spring 1-lock valve | | |
| | | | | | |

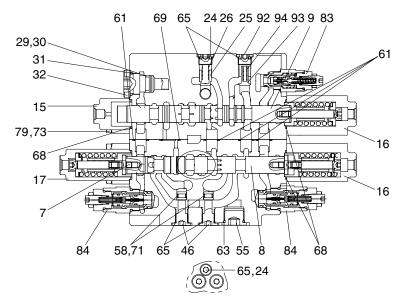


E-E' (ARM & ARM REGENRATION)

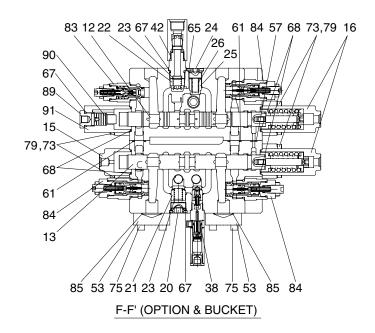


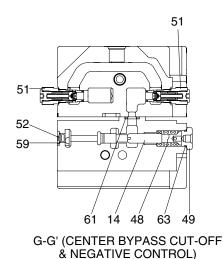
14 DETAIL (HOLDING VALVE ASSY)

| 4 | Spool-arm 1 | 14-11 | Plug | 43 | Poppet 1-check valve |
|-------|------------------------|-------|------------------------|----|----------------------|
| 12 | Spool-arm regeneration | 14-12 | Pilot piston | 44 | Spring 1-check valve |
| 14 | Holding valve assy | 14-13 | Piston guide | 45 | Poppet 2-check valve |
| 14-1 | Poppet-main | 14-14 | Spring | 46 | Spring 2-check valve |
| 14-2 | Restrictor | 14-15 | Main piston | 58 | O-ring |
| 14-3 | Spring-pilot | 14-16 | Plug | 61 | O-ring |
| 14-4 | C-ring | 14-17 | Block | 62 | O-ring |
| 14-5 | Pilot poppet | 15 | Arm regeneration valve | 64 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-6 | Poppet guide | 28 | Plug | 65 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-7 | O-ring | 29 | Plug | 83 | Plug |
| 14-8 | Poppet seat | 33 | Plug | | |
| 14-9 | Back up ring | 37 | Cover A-pilot | | |
| 14-10 | O-ring | 38 | Cover B1-pilot | | |

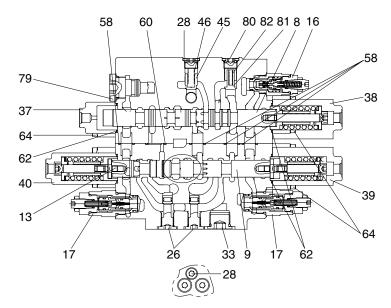


D-D' (SWING PRIORITY-BOOM2 & ARM2)

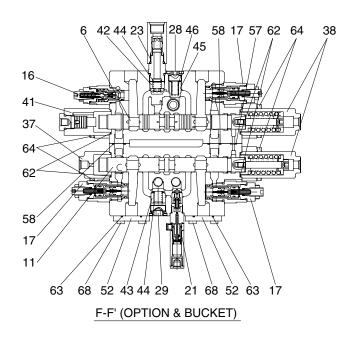


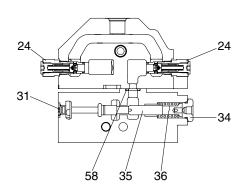


- 7 Spool-swing priority
- 8 Spool-boom 2
- 9 Spool-arm 2
- 12 Spool-bucket
- 13 Spool-option
- 14 Spool-bypass cut
- 15 Cover A-pilot
- 16 Cover B1-pilot
- 17 Cover B2-pilot
- 20 Plug
- Poppet 1-check valve 21
- 22 Poppet-L/C bucket
- 23 Spring 1-check valve
- 24 Plug
- 25 Poppet 2-check valve
- 26 Spring 2-check valve
- 29 Back up ring
- 30 O-ring
- 31 O-ring
- 32 Plug
- 38 Load check valve assy
- 42 Check valve
- 46 Plug
- Spring-bypass cut spool 48
- 49 Plug-bypass cut spool
- 51 Negative control valve
- 52 Plug
- 53 Flange
- 55 Plug
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 59 O-ring
- 61 O-ring
- 63 O-ring
- 65 O-ring
- 67 O-ring
- 68 O-ring
- 69 O-ring
- 71 Back-up ring
- 73 Hex socket head bolt
- 75 Socket bolt
- Washer 79
- 83 Overload relief valve
- 84 Overload relief valve
- 85 O-ring
- 89 Plua
- 90 Piston
- Pilot cover C1 91
- 92 Plug
- **Poppet** 93
- 94 Spring



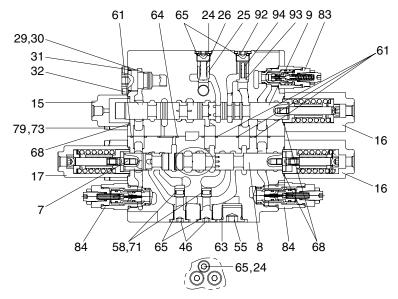
D-D' (SWING PRIORITY-BOOM 2 & ARM 2)



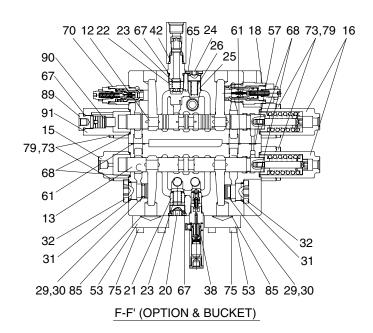


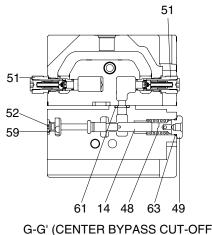
G-G' (CENTER BYPASS CUT-OFF & NEGATIVE CONTROL)

- 6 Spool-bucket
- 8 Spool-arm 2
- 9 Spool-boom 2
- 11 Spool-option
- 13 Spool-swing priority
- 16 Overload relief valve
- 17 Overload relief valve
- 21 Option logic valve assy
- 23 Spool-bypass cut
- 24 Negative control valve
- 26 Plug
- 28 Plug
- 29 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 33 Plug
- 34 Plug-bypass cut spool
- 35 Spool-bypass cut
- 36 Spring-bypass cut spool
- 37 Cover A-pilot
- 38 Cover B1-pilot
- 39 Cover B2-pilot
- 40 Cover B3-pilot
- 41 Pilot cover C1
- 42 Poppet L/C-bucket
- 43 Poppet 1-check valve
- 44 Spring 1-check valve
- 45 Poppet 2-check valve
- 46 Spring 2-check valve
- 52 Flange
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 60 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 63 O-ring
- 64 Hex socket head bolt
- 67 Hex socket head bolt
- 68 Hex socket head bolt
- 79 Plug
- 80 Plug
- 81 Poppet 3-check valve
- 82 Spring 3-check valve



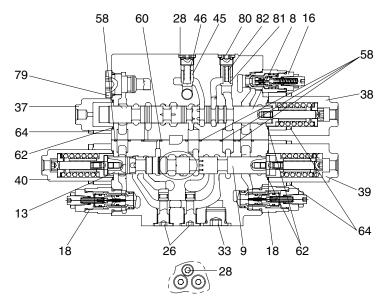
D-D' (SWING PRIORITY-BOOM2 & ARM2)



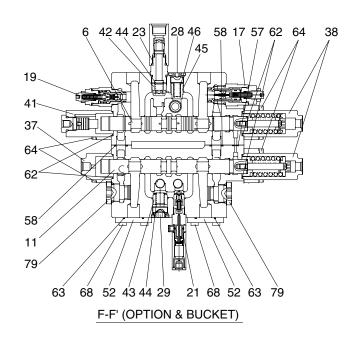


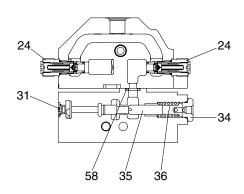
G-G' (CENTER BYPASS CUT-OFF & NEGATIVE CONTROL)

- 7 Spool-swing priority
- 8 Spool-boom 2
- 9 Spool-arm 2
- 12 Spool-bucket
- 13 Spool-option
- 14 Spool-bypass cut
- 15 Cover A-pilot
- 16 Cover B1-pilot
- 17 Cover B3-pilot
- 18 Overload relief valve
- 20 Plug
- 21 Poppet 1-check valve
- 22 Poppet-L/C bucket
- 23 Spring 1-check valve
- 24 Plug
- 25 Poppet 2-check valve
- 26 Spring 2-check valve
- 29 O-ring
- 30 Back-up ring
- 31 O-ring
- 32 Plug
- 38 Load check valve assy
- 42 Check valve
- 46 Plug
- 48 Spring-bypass cut spool
- 49 Plug-bypass cut spool
- 51 Negative control valve
- 52 Plug
- 53 Flange
- 55 Plug
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 59 O-ring
- 61 O-ring
- 63 O-ring
- 05 C-IIIIg
- 65 O-ring
- 67 O-ring
- 68 O-ring
- 70 Overload relief valve
- 71 Back-up ring
- 73 Hex socket head bolt
- 75 Socket bolt
- 79 Washer
- 83 Overload relief valve
- 84 Overload relief valve
- 85 O-rina
- 89 Plug
- 90 Piston
- 91 Pilot cover C1
- 92 Plug
- 93 Poppet
- 94 Spring



D-D' (SWING PRIORITY-BOOM 2 & ARM 2)

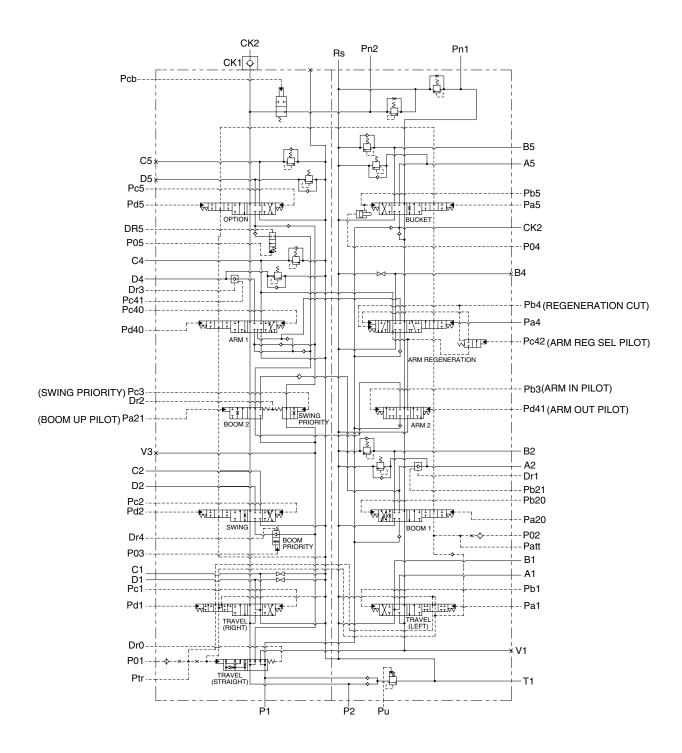




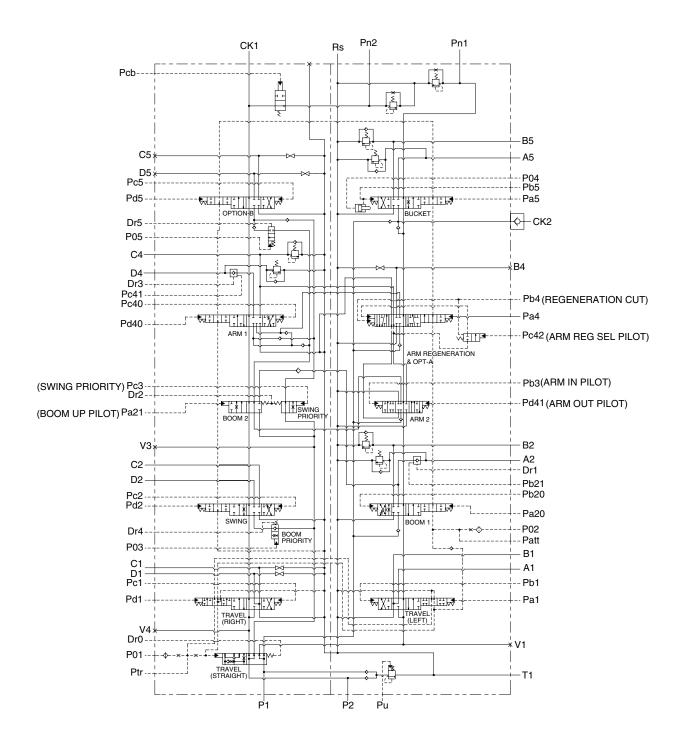
G-G' (CENTER BYPASS CUT-OFF & NEGATIVE CONTROL)

- 6 Spool-bucket
- 8 Spool-arm 2
- 9 Spool-boom 2
- 11 Spool-option
- 13 Spool-swing priority
- 18 Overload relief valve
- 19 Overload relief valve
- 21 Option logic valve
- 23 Spool-bypass cut
- 24 Negative control valve
- 26 Plug
- 28 Plug
- 29 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 33 Plug
- 34 Plug-bypass cut spool
- 35 Spool-bypass cut
- 36 Spring-bypass cut spool
- 37 Cover A-pilot
- 38 Cover B1-pilot
- 39 Cover B2-pilot
- 40 Cover B3-pilot
- 41 Pilot cover C1
- 42 Poppet L/C-bucket
- 43 Poppet 1-check valve
- 44 Spring 1-check valve
- 45 Poppet 2-check valve
- 46 Spring 2-check valve
- 52 Flange
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 60 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 63 O-ring
- 64 Hex socket head bolt
- 68 Hex socket head bolt
- 79 Plug
- 80 Plug
- 81 Poppet 3-check valve
- 82 Spring 3-check valve

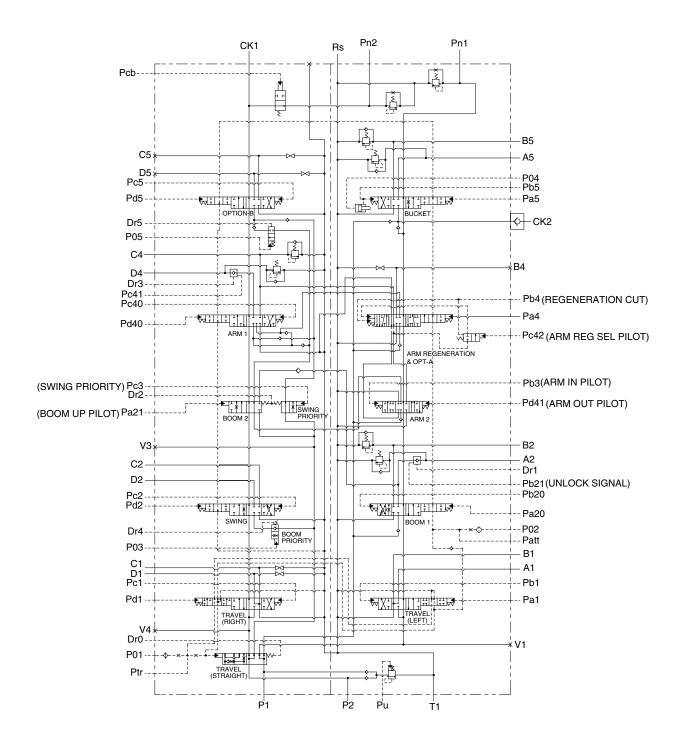
2. HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT (TYPE 1 & 2)



HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT (TYPE 3)



HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT (TYPE 4)



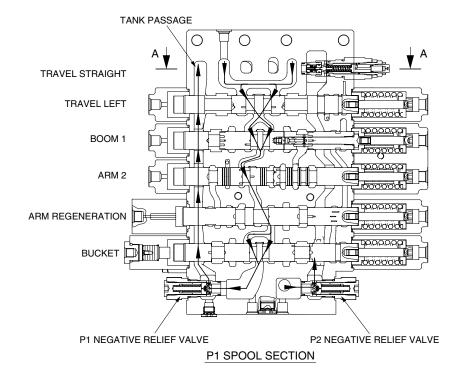
3. FUNCTION

1) CONTROL IN NEUTRAL

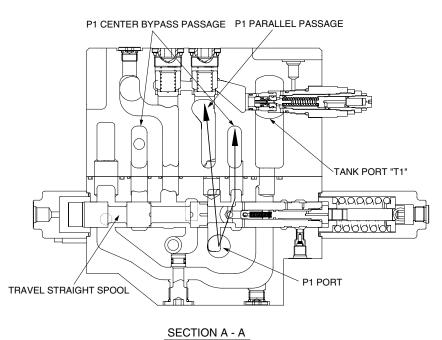
(1) P1 SIDE

The hydraulic fluid from pump flows into the main control valve through the inlet port "P1", pass the land of the travel straight spool, into the P1 bypass passage and P1parallel passage.

When the straight travel spool is in neutral position, the bypass passage is not shut off. Then the hydraulic fluid from the pump P1 is directed to the tank through the bypass passage of spools: travel left, boom 1, arm 2, arm regeneration & option A and bucket, the negative relief valve of P1, tank passage, and the tank port "T1"



3009A2MC03

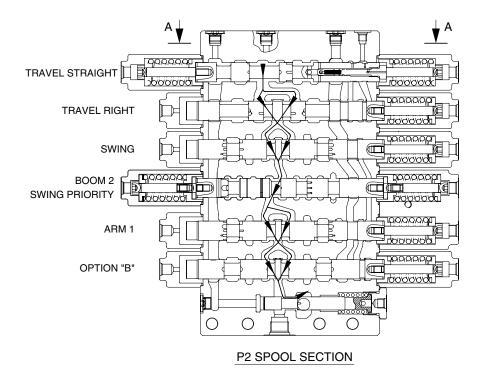


3009A2MC04

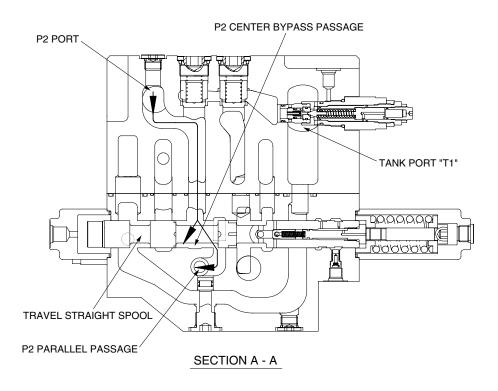
(2) P2 SIDE

The hydraulic fluid from pump flows into the main control valve through the inlet port "P2", pass the land of the straight travel spool, into the P2 bypass passage and P2 parallel passage.

When the straight travel spool is in neutral position, the bypass passage is not shut off. Then the hydraulic fluid from the pump P2 is directed to the tank through the bypass passage of spools: travel right, swing, boom 2 & swing priority, arm 1, option "B" and option "C" of bypass passage summation, and the negative relief valve of P2, the tank passage and the tank port "T1".



300L2MC03



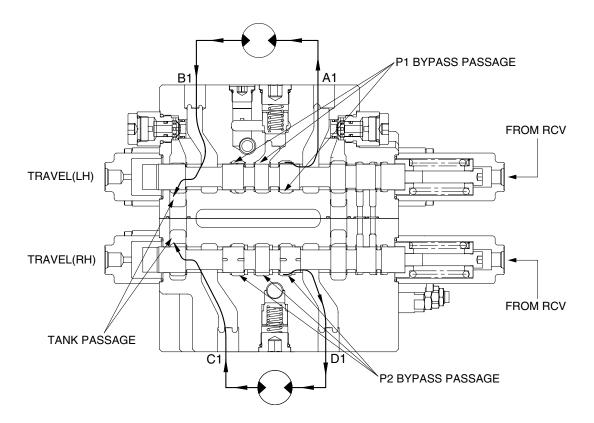
3009A2MC05

2) TRAVEL OPERATION

(1) TRAVEL FORWARD OPERATION

During the travel forward operation, the pilot pressure of RCV is supplied to the port of the spring side, and it shifts travel right and left spools in the left direction against springs. Hydraulic fluid from the pump flows into the bypass passage of travel spool through the land of the straight travel spool.

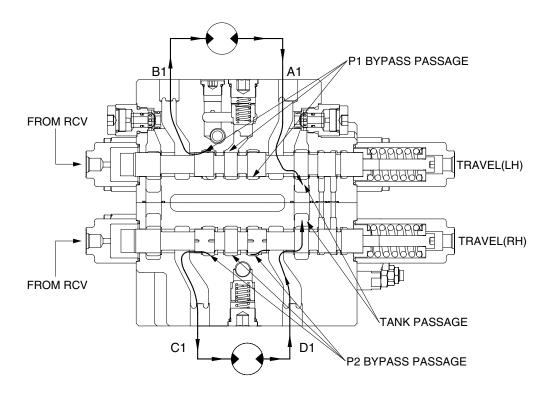
Then the bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool, they are directed to the each travel motor through port B1 and D1. At the same time, the hydraulic fluid from the each travel motor through port A1 and C1 returns to the tank passage through the travel spools.



(2) TRAVEL REVERSE OPERATION

During the travel reverse operation, the pilot pressure of RCV is supplied to the port of the spring opposite side, and it shifts travel right and left spools in the right direction against springs. Hydraulic fluid from the pump flows into the bypass passage of travel spool through the land of the straight travel spool.

Then the bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool, they are directed to the each travel motor through port A1 and C1. At the same time, the hydraulic fluid from the each travel motor through port B1 and D1 returns to the tank passage through the travel spools.



(3) TRAVEL STRAIGHT FUNCTION

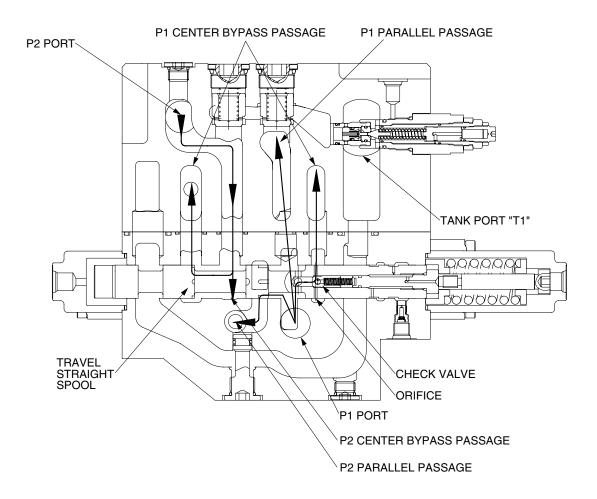
Straight travel valve is the valve for keeping traveling straight when boom, arm, bucket or swing is operated at the time of traveling. Therefore the oil from the P1 and P2 pump flows into the control valve through the each passage in neutral condition.

When the both travels and any of attachment is switched, the pilot pressure is applied the port of spring chamber and the travel straight spool is shifted.

When the straight travel spool is switched, the oil pressure from P1 is led to the each attachment switching section through the P1 and P2 parallel passage. Also some of oil id combined with bypass of P1 side by opening of check valve of spool inside through the orifice of the straight travel spool.

On the other hand, the oil from P2 is supplied to the both travel section through P1 and P2 bypass passage.

Therefore, when attachment is switched at the time of both travels, since the oil of P2 mainly flows to both travels, and the oil of P1 mainly flows to attachments, it can keep traveling straight.



3) BOOM OPERATION

(1) BOOM UP OPERATION

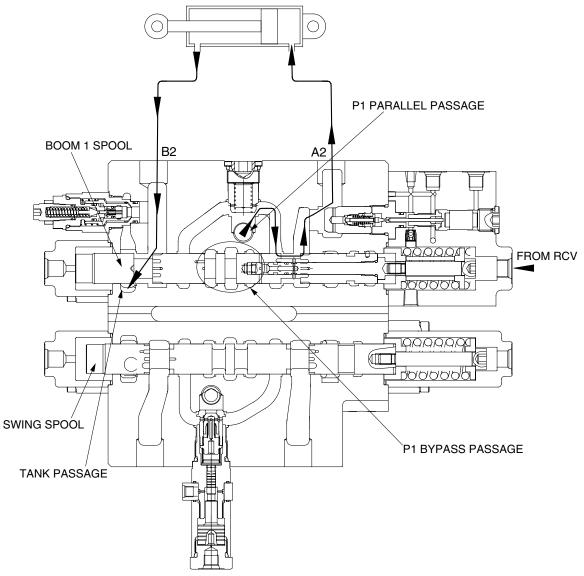
During boom up operation, the pilot secondary pressure from RCV is supplied to the port of the spring side and shifts the boom 1 spool in the left direction. The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic oil fluid from pump P1 is entered P1 parallel passage and then passes through the load check valve, bridge passage and boom holding valve then flows into the port A2.

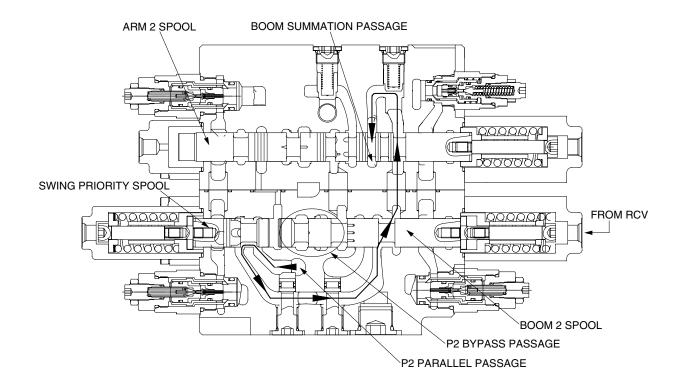
Following this it flows into the head side of the boom cylinder.

(In this case, the boom holding valve is free flow condition)

At the same time, the pilot pressure from RCV is supplied to the port of the spring side of boom 2 and shifts the boom 2 spool. The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic oil fluid from pump P2 entered boom summation passage via the P2 parallel passage, the land of the swing priority spool, notch of the boom 2 spool, arm 2 spool and the check. The flows combine in passage and are directed to port A2 and head side of boom cylinder.

At the same time, the flow from rod side of the boom cylinder return to the boom 1 spool through





(2) BOOM DOWN OPERATION

During the boom lowing operation, the pilot pressure from RCV is supplied to the port of the spring opposite side and shifts the boom 1 spool in the right direction.

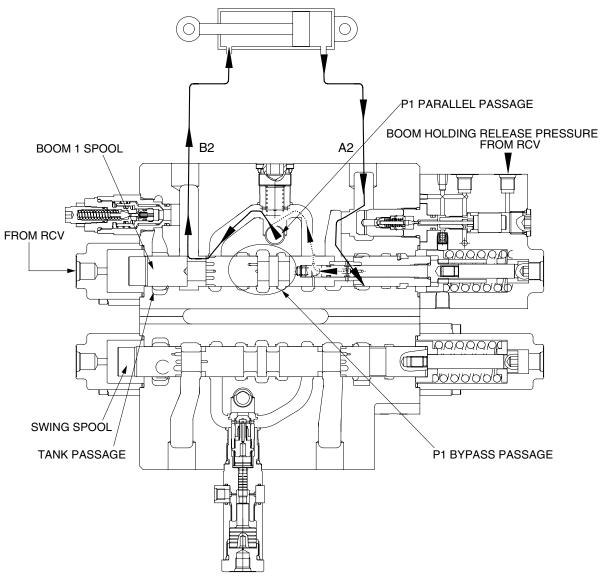
The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic fluid from the pump P1 enters the parallel passage and is directed to the port B2 through the load check valve. Following this, it flows into the rod side of the boom cylinder.

At the same time, the return flow from the head side of the boom cylinder returns to the port A2 and boom holding valve. And it is directed to the hydraulic oil tank through opened tank passage by movement of the boom 1 spool.

Meanwhile some of return flow is directed to P1 parallel passage through the internal passage of the boom 1 spool. (boom regeneration)

In this case, the holding valve is open condition, for details of the boom holding valve, see page following page.

During the boom lowering operation, the fluid from P2 pump is not summation.

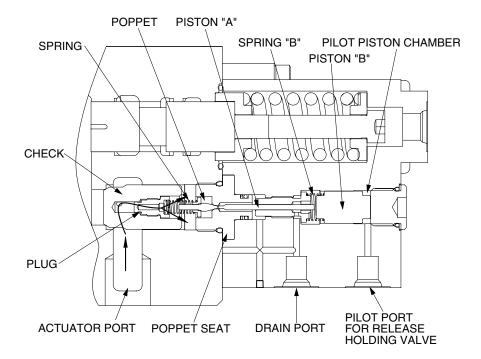


4) HOLDING VALVE OPERATION

(1) HOLDING OPERATION

At neutral condition, the pilot piston chamber is connected to drain port through the pilot port. And the piston "B" is supported with spring "B".

Also, the pressured fluid from actuator entered to inside of the holding valve through the periphery hole of check, crevice of the check and the plug and the periphery hole of plug. Then, this pressured oil pushed the poppet to the poppet seat and the check to the seat of body. So the hydraulic fluid from actuator is not escaped and the actuator is not moved.

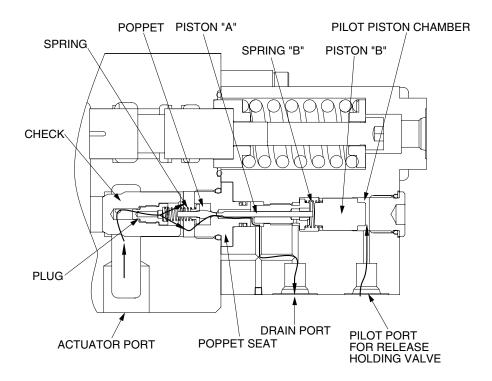


(2) RELEASE HOLDING OPERATION

The pilot pressure is supplied to the pilot port for release holding valve and shifts the piston "B" in the left direction against the spring "B", and shifts the poppet in the left direction through piston "B" and piston "A" against spring "B" and shifts the spool in the left side.

At same time, the return fluid from actuator returns to the drain port through the periphery hole of check, crevice of the check and the plug, the periphery hole of the plug, in side of holding valve, crevice of the poppet and the poppet seat, the periphery hole of the poppet seat, crevice of socket and spool and internal passage of spool.

When the poppet is opened, pressure of inside of holding valve is decreased and the return fluid from actuator returns to the tank passage through the notch of spool.



5) BUCKET OPERATION

(1) BUCKET IN OPERATION (TYPE 1 & 2)

① Bucket operation only

During the bucket in operation, the pilot secondary pressure from RCV is supplied to port of the spring side and shifts the bucket spool in the left direction.

The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic fluid from pump P1 entered P1 parallel passage and is directed to the port A5 through the check2.

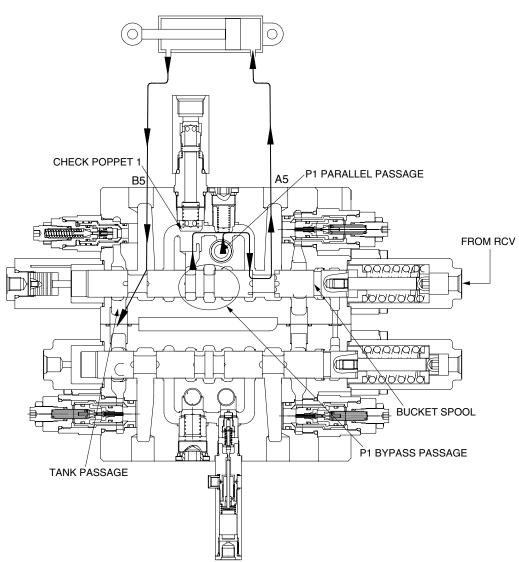
At the same time, the hydraulic fluid from P1 bypass passage is directed to the port A5 through the check1.

Following this it flows into the head side of the bucket cylinder.

The return flow from the rod side of the bucket cylinder returns to the bucket spool through the port B5. Thereafter it is directed to the hydraulic oil tank through the tank passage.

② Bucket operation with arm or boom operation

When combined operation, mostly same as above but the fluid from bypass passage is empty. So only the fluid from parallel passage is supplied to the bucket cylinder. Also, parallel passage is installed the orifice for supplying the fluid from pump to the boom or the arm operation prior to the bucket operation.



(1) BUCKET IN OPERATION (TYPE 3 & 4)

① Bucket operation only

During the bucket in operation, the pilot secondary pressure from RCV is supplied to port of the spring side and shifts the bucket spool in the left direction.

The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic fluid from pump P1 entered P1 parallel passage and is directed to the port A5 through the check2.

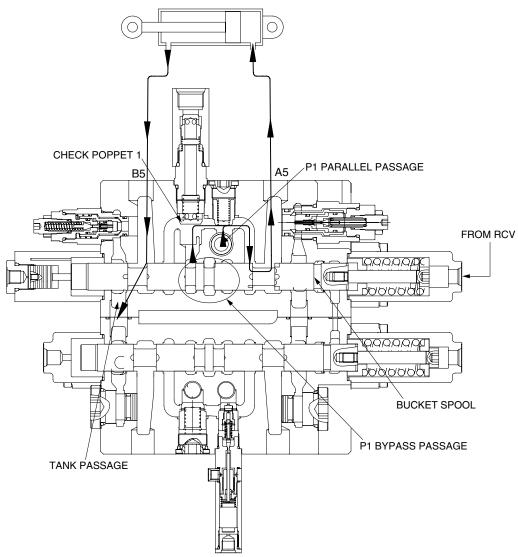
At the same time, the hydraulic fluid from P1 bypass passage is directed to the port A5 through the check1.

Following this it flows into the head side of the bucket cylinder.

The return flow from the rod side of the bucket cylinder returns to the bucket spool through the port B5. Thereafter it is directed to the hydraulic oil tank through the tank passage.

② Bucket operation with arm or boom operation

When combined operation, mostly same as above but the fluid from bypass passage is empty. So only the fluid from parallel passage is supplied to the bucket cylinder. Also, parallel passage is installed the orifice for supplying the fluid from pump to the boom or the arm operation prior to the bucket operation.



(2) BUCKET OUT OPERATION (TYPE 1 & 2)

① Bucket operation only

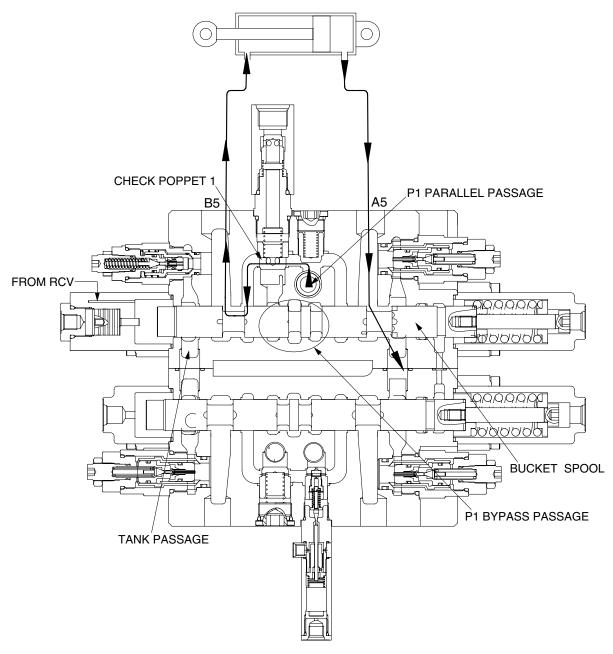
During the bucket out operation, the pilot secondary pressure from RCV is supplied to port of the spring opposite side and shifts the bucket spool in the left direction.

The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic fluid from pump P1 entered P1 parallel passage and is directed to the port B5 through the check1.

The return flow from the rod side of the bucket cylinder returns to the hydraulic oil tank through the tank passage and the port A5.

2 Bucket operation with arm or boom operation

When combined operation, the same as above.



(2) BUCKET OUT OPERATION (TYPE 3 & 4)

① Bucket operation only

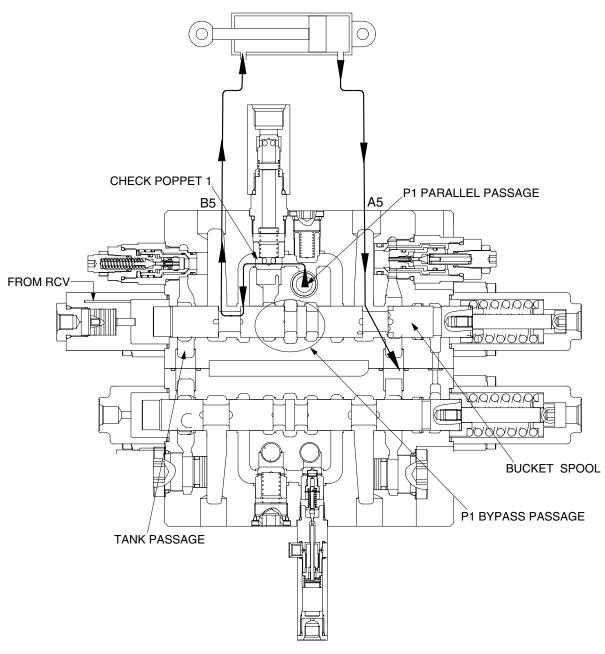
During the bucket out operation, the pilot secondary pressure from RCV is supplied to port of the spring opposite side and shifts the bucket spool in the left direction.

The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic fluid from pump P1 entered P1 parallel passage and is directed to the port B5 through the check1.

The return flow from the rod side of the bucket cylinder returns to the hydraulic oil tank through the tank passage and the port A5.

2 Bucket operation with arm or boom operation

When combined operation, the same as above.

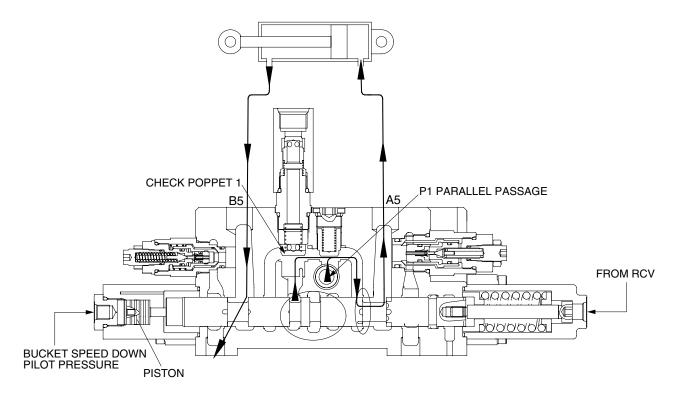


(3) BUCKET SLOW OPERATION

This function is used to speed up of the boom by reducing the bucket speed when bucket operation with boom operation simultaneously.

When the boom up operation, the boom up pilot pressure is supplied the pilot port of bucket spool stroke limit and the piston is shifted to the right and then the bucket spool stroke is limited and the open of the bucket spool is reduced.

Accordingly, the oil of the bucket spool is reduced and the boom speed up.



6) SWING OPERATION

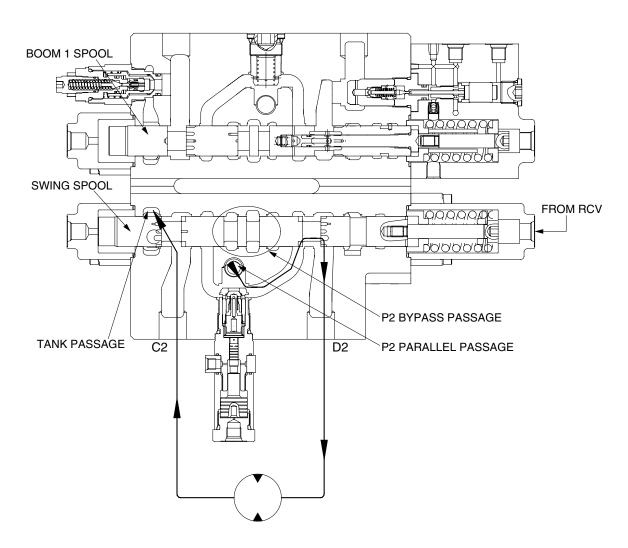
(1) SWING LEFT & RIGHT OPERATION

During the swing left operation, the pilot secondary pressure from the RCV is supplied to the port of the spring side and shift the swing spool in left direction. The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic fluid from pump P2 flows into swing spool through the parallel passage. Then it is directed to swing motor through the port D2.

As the result, swing motor turns and flow from the swing motor returns to the hydraulic oil tank through the port C2, swing spool and the tank passage.

In case of swing right operation, the operation is similar to swing left operation but the pilot secondary pressure from the RCV is supplied to the port of the spring opposite side.

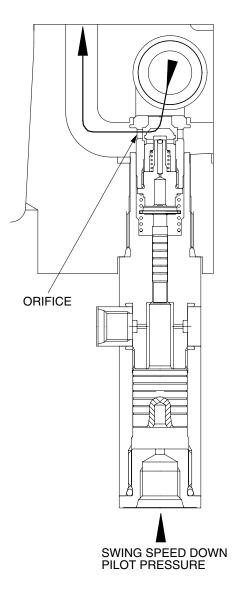
Accordingly, the hydraulic fluid from pump P2 flows into swing motor through the port C2 and returns to the hydraulic oil tank through the port D2 and the tank passage.



(2) SWING SLOW DOWN OPERATION

This operation is used to speed up the boom or arm by reducing the swing speed when swing operation with boom or arm operation.

The poppet of swing logic valve is closed by the pilot pressure of swing speed down is supplied to the port, the fluid from the port P2 is drained through orifice. Accordingly, the fluid from the port P2 is reduced and swing speed is slow down.



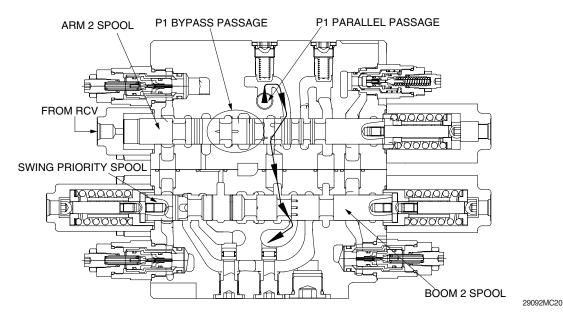
7) ARM OPERATION

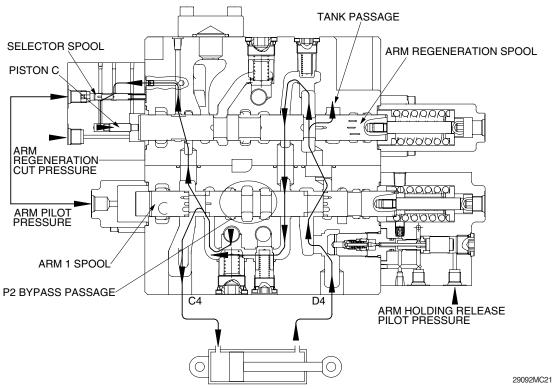
(1) ARM IN OPERATION

During arm in operation, the pilot secondary pressure from the RCV is supplied to the port of spring opposite side and shifts arm 1 spool in the right direction.

The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the arm 1 spool and the hydraulic oil from the pump P2 flows into the arm cylinder head side through P2 parallel passage, the load check valve, bridge passage and the port C4.

At same time, the pilot secondary pressure from the RCV is supplied to the port of spring opposite side and shifts arm 2 spool in the right direction. The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic fluid from the pump P1 flows into the arm summation passage through parallel passage, the check valve, the arm 2 spool and the boom 2 spool. Then it entered the arm cylinder head side with hydraulic fluid from arm 1 spool.





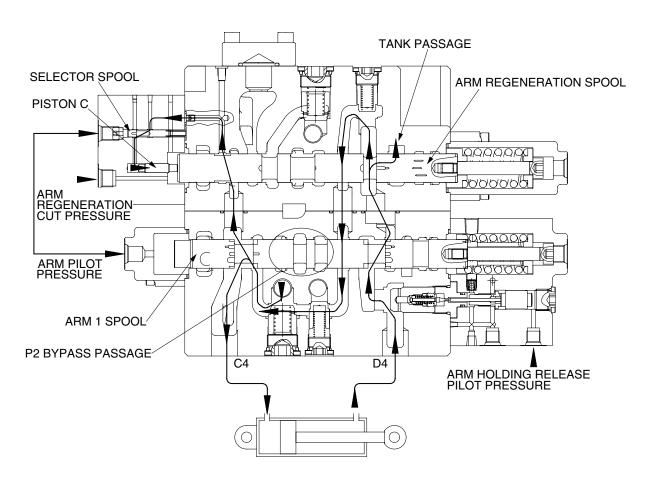
ARM REGENERATION

The return flow from the arm cylinder rod side is pressurized by self weight of arm and so, returns to port D4. The pressurized oil returning to port D4 enters the arm regeneration spool through the arm holding valve and the arm 1 spool. It is supplied the arm cylinder head through internal passage. This is called the arm regeneration function.

The amount of regeneration fluid is changed by movement of the arm regeneration spool. A few fluids after P2 parallel passage is push piston "C" through the notch of arm regeneration spool and selector spool. At this time, the selector spool is opened by pilot pressure from RCV.

Then, the arm regeneration spool shifts to right side and flow to tank pass increases and regeneration flow decreases. Therefore, pressure of arm cylinder head increases, then, arm regeneration flow decreases.

The arm regeneration cut pressure is supplied to the port of spring opposite side and arm regeneration spool is move into the right direction fully. The flow from the arm cylinder rod is returned to the hydraulic oil tank and regeneration function is not activated. (The return fluid is maximum condition)



(2) ARM OUT OPERATION

During arm out operation, the pilot secondary pressure from RCV is supplied to the port of spring side and shifts arm 1 spool in the left direction.

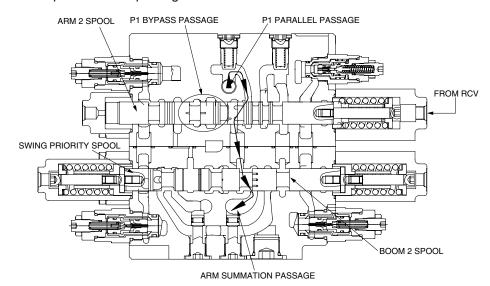
The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic fluid from pump P2 flows into arm 1 spool through the parallel passage. Then it enters into the arm cylinder rod side through the load check valve, bridge passage, arm holding valve and the port D4.

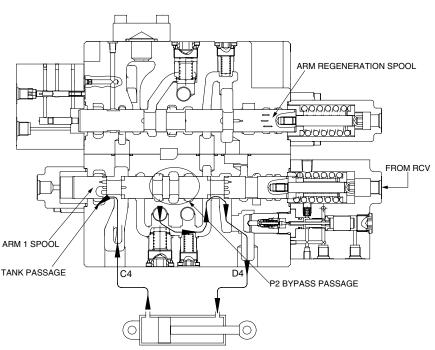
Also, the pilot secondary pressure from RCV is supplied to the port of spring side and shifts arm 2 spool in the left direction.

The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and some of the hydraulic fluid from pump P2 bypassed through bypass notch. The rest of hydraulic fluid from pump P2 flows into the arm summation passage through P1 parallel passage the check valve arm 2 spool and boom 2 spool.

Then it enters into the arm cylinder rod side with the fluid from the arm 1 spool.

The return flow from the arm cylinder head side returns to the hydraulic tank through the port C4 the arm 1 spool and tank passage.





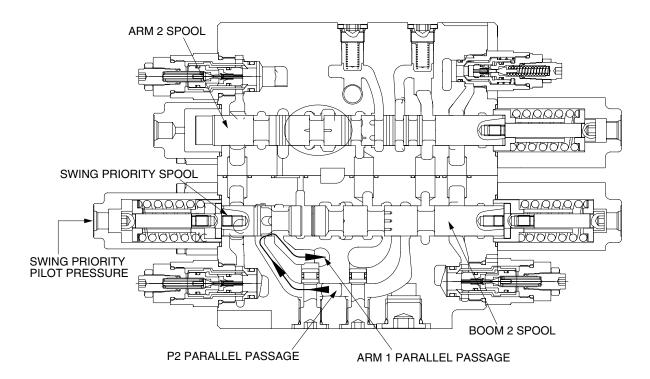
29092MC23

8) SWING PRIORITY FUNCTION

During swing priority operation, the pilot secondary pressure is supplied to the port of the spring side of the swing priority spool and shift swing priority spool in the right direction.

The hydraulic fluid from P2 parallel passage flows into the parallel passage of arm 1 side through swing priority spool and the passage "A" and also flows into the boom 2 spool.

When the swing priority spool is neutral condition, the passage is same as normal condition. But due to shifting of the swing priority spool, the fluid from pump P2 flows to swing side more then the boom 2, arm 1, option B and bucket summation spools to make the swing operation most preferential.



9) OPERATION OF OPTION

(1) OPERATION BY PUMP P2

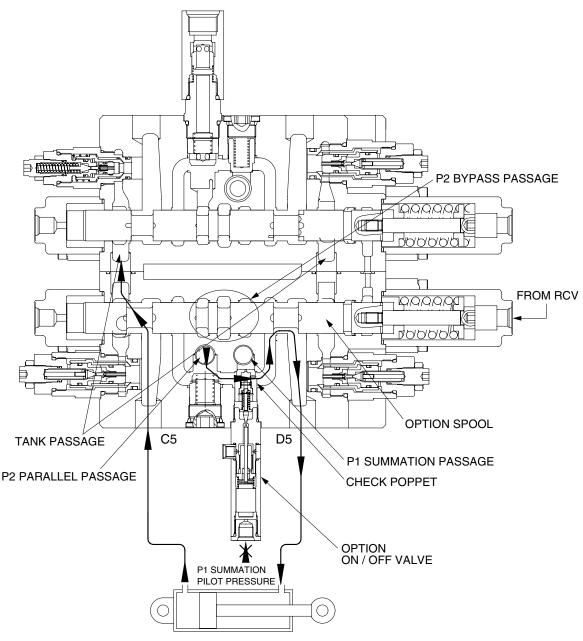
The pilot secondary pressure from RCV is supplied to the port of spring side and shifts option spool as the figure.

The bypass passage is shut off by the movement of the spool and the hydraulic fluid from pump P2 flows into actuator through the load check valve, bridge passage and port D5.

If the pilot pressure is not supplied to P1 summation pilot port and is not shifts arm 2 spool. Accordingly, the pump P1 fluid connected the parallel passage is not flowing the check poppet of option ON/OFF valve and the fluid from pump is not joined the fluid from P2.

At the same time, the fluid from actuator returns to the tank passage through port C5 and notch of the option spool.

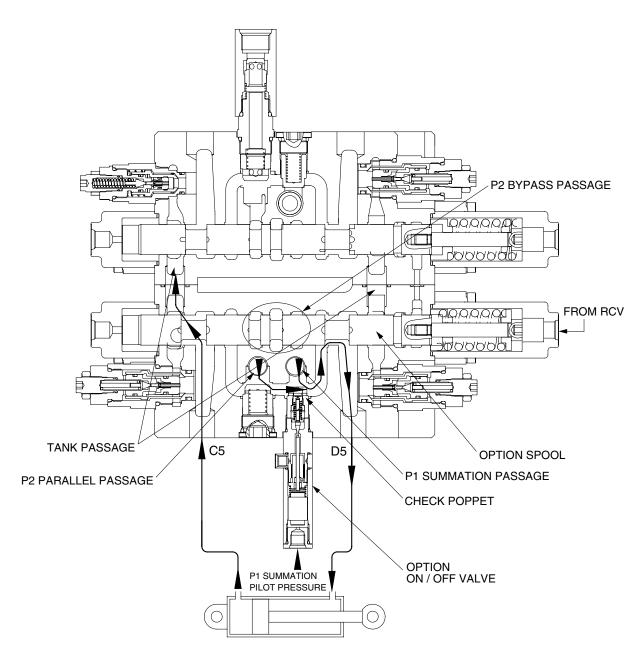
In case of reverse operation, the operating principle is same as above.



3009A2MC26

10) SUMMATION OPERATION WITH PUMP P1

The pilot pressure from RCV is supplied to option pilot port and one of arm 2 pilot port at the same time, the fluid for the arm summation is build up. This fluid flows into the arm 1 spool priority but the arm is not operated, the fluid flows into P1 summation passage. Now the pilot pressure of RCV is supplied to the P1 summation pilot port of option ON/OFF valve, the fluid from pump P1 opens the load check valve and flows into port D5 with the fluid of pump P2.



3009A2MC27

11) NEGATIVE RELIEF VALVE OPERATION

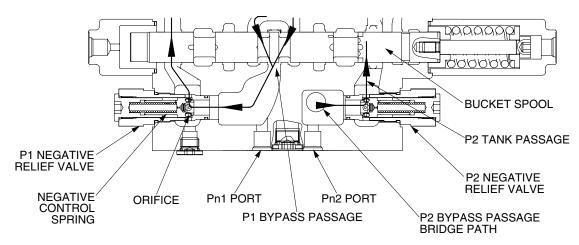
When no function is being actuated on P1 side, the hydraulic fluid from the pump P1, flows into the tank passage through the bypass passage and orifice. The restriction caused by this orifice thereby pressurizes. This pressure is transferred as the negative control signal pressure Pn1 to the pump P1 regulator.

It controls the pump regulator so as to minimize the discharge of the pump P1.

The bypass passage is shut off when the shifting of one or more spools and the flow through bypass passage became zero. The pressure of negative control signal becomes zero and the discharge of the pump P1 becomes maximum.

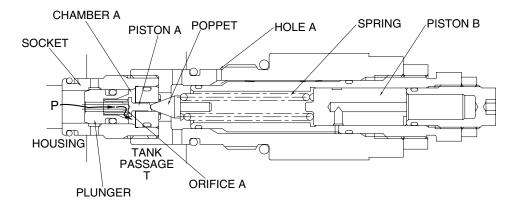
The negative control pressure reaches to the set level, the hydraulic fluid in the passage pushes open negative control valve and escapes into the return passage.

For the pump P2 the same negative control principle.



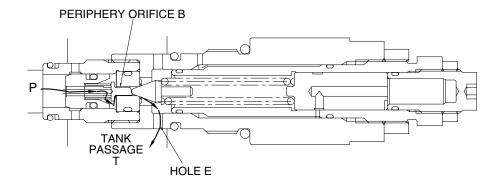
12) OPERATION OF MAIN RELIEF VALVE

(1) The pressurized oil passes through the orifice (A) of the plunger is filled up in chamber A of the inside space, and seats the plunger against the housing securely.



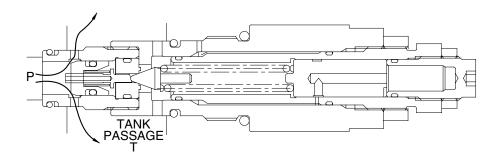
29092MC29

(2) When the pressure at (P) becomes equal to the set pressure of the spring the hydraulic oil passes through the piston (A) pushes open the poppet and flows to tank passage (T) through the plunger internal passage, periphery orifice A, chamber A, periphery orifice B and the hole (E).

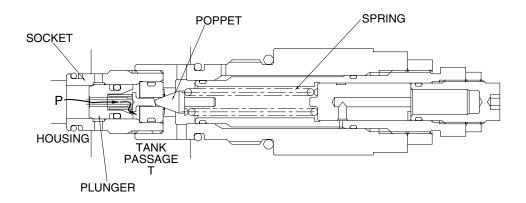


29092MC30

(3) Opening the poppet causes the pressure in chamber A to fall and the plunger to open. As the result the pressurized oil at port P runs into tank passage (T).

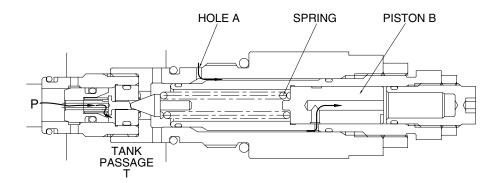


(4) The pressure at port P becomes lower than set pressure of the spring, the poppet is seated by spring force. Then the pressure at port P becomes equal to set pressure of the spring and the plunger is seated to the socket.



29092MC29-2

(5) When the power boost switch is ON, the pilot pressure enters through hole A.
It pushes the piston (B) in the left direction to increase the force of the spring and change the relief set pressure to the high pressure.

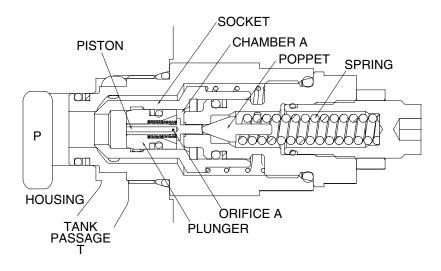


29092MC29-1

13) OPERATION OF OVERLOAD RELIEF VALVE

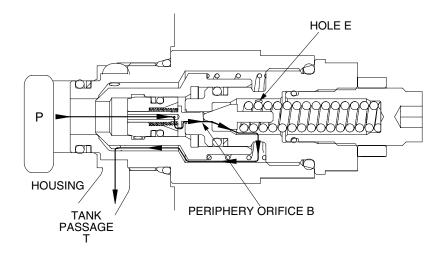
FUNCTION AS RELIEF VALVE

(1) The pressurized oil passes through the piston and orifice A is filled up in chamber A of the inside space and seat the plunger against the socket and the socket against the housing securely.

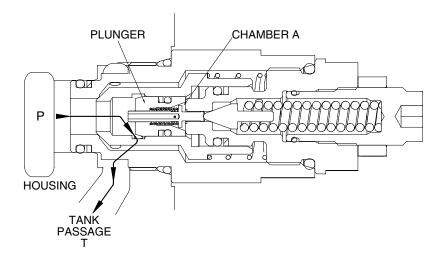


29092MC32

(2) When the pressure at port P becomes equal to the set pressure of the spring, the pressurized oil pushes open the poppet and flows to tank passage (T) through the plunger internal passage, orifice A, chamber A, periphery orifice B and hole E.

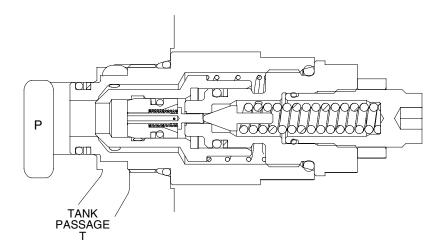


(3) Opening of the poppet causes the pressure in chamber A to fall and the plunger to open. As the result the pressurized oil at port P runs into tank passage (T).



29092MC34A

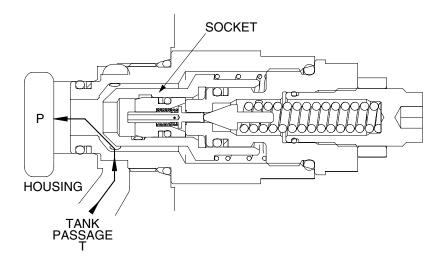
(4) The pressure at port P becomes lower than set pressure of the spring, the poppet is seated by spring force. Then the pressure at port P becomes equal to set pressure of the spring and the plunger is seated to the socket.



29092MC32-1

MAKE-UP FUNCTION

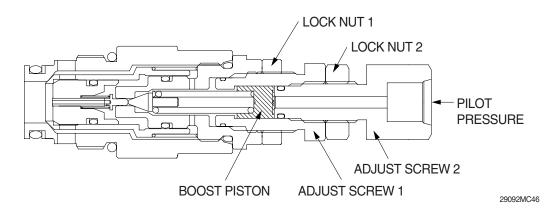
(5) When negative pressure exists at port P, the oil is supplied through tank passage (T). When the pressure at tank passage (T) becomes higher than that of at port P, the socket moves in the right direction. Then, sufficient oil passes around the socket from tank passage (T) to port P and fills up the space.



29092MC35

14) BREAKER OVERLOAD RELIEF VALVE FUNCTION

(1) The structure and function of 2 stage relief valve is similar with the overload relief but it can set the higher pressure by pilot pressure.



Boost function

(1) When the pilot pressure is supplied, the spring is a little compressure by moving of the boost piston and the set pressure is higher as length of spring compressed.

Pressure set method

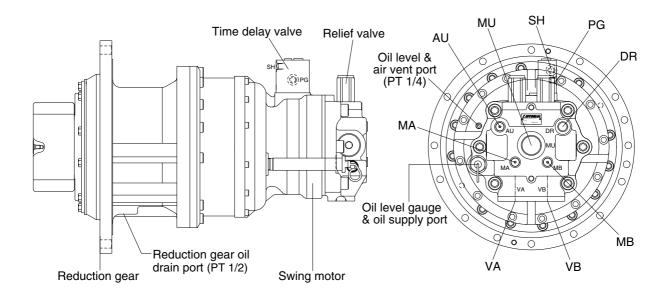
- (2) Loosen lock nut 1 and 2 and then full tighten adjust screw 2.
- (3) Set the high pressure by adjusting the adjust screw 1 and 2 and then fix it by the lock nut 1. Keep the adjust screw 1 do not move when fixing the lock nut 1.
- (4) Set the low pressure by adjusting the adjust screw 2 and then fix it by the lock nut 2. Keep the adjust screw 2 do not move when fixing the lock nut 2.

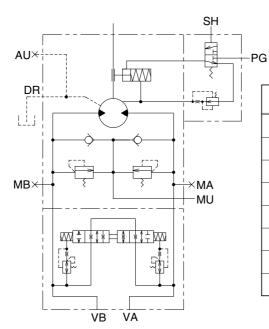
GROUP 3 SWING DEVICE

1. STRUCTURE

Swing device consists swing motor, swing reduction gear.

Swing motor include mechanical parking valve, relief valve, make up valve and time delay valve.



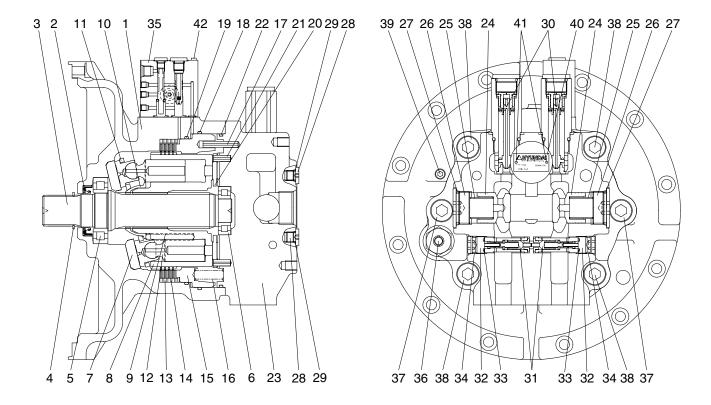


Hydraulic circuit

| Port | Port name | Port size |
|--------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| VA | Main port | ø 20 |
| VB | Main port | ø 20 |
| DR | Drain port | PF 1/2 |
| MU | Make up port | PF 1 1/4 |
| PG | Brake release stand by port | PF 1/4 |
| SH | Brake release port | PF 1/4 |
| MA, MB | Gauge port | PF 1/4 |
| AU | Air vent port | PF 1/4 |

300L2SM01

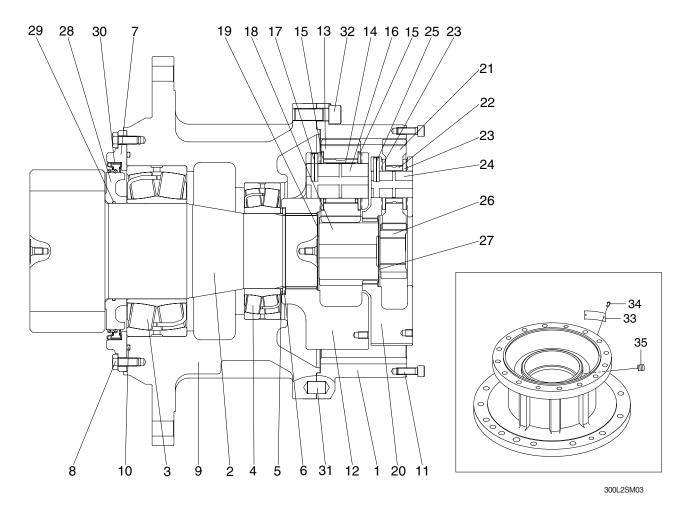
1) SWING MOTOR



300L2SM02

| 1 | Casing | 15 | Parking piston | 29 | O-ring |
|----|----------------|----|----------------|----|-------------------------|
| 2 | Oil seal | 16 | Brake spring | 30 | Relief valve assy |
| 3 | Shaft | 17 | Spring pin | 31 | Reactionless valve assy |
| 4 | Snap ring | 18 | O-ring | 32 | Plug |
| 5 | Roller bearing | 19 | O-ring | 33 | O-ring |
| 6 | Needle bearing | 20 | Valve plate | 34 | O-ring |
| 7 | Swash plate | 21 | Spring pin | 35 | Time delay valve assy |
| 8 | Cylinder block | 22 | O-ring | 36 | Level gauge |
| 9 | Spring | 23 | Valve casing | 37 | Socket bolt |
| 10 | Ball guide | 24 | Check valve | 38 | Socket bolt |
| 11 | Retainer plate | 25 | Spring | 39 | Plug |
| 12 | Piston assy | 26 | Plug | 40 | Name plate |
| 13 | Friction plate | 27 | O-ring | 41 | Rivet |
| 14 | Separate plate | 28 | Plug | 42 | Socket bolt |

2) REDUCTION GEAR



- 1 Ring gear 2 Drive shaft
- 3 Bearing
- 4 Bearing
- 5 Thrust plate
- 6 Snap ring
- 7 Cover
- 8 Hex head bolt
- 9 Casing
- 10 O-ring
- Hex socket head bolt 11
- 12 Carrier 2

- 13 Planetary gear 2
- 14 Needle bearing 2
- 15 Thrust washer 2
- 16 Carrier pin 2
- 17 Spring pin 2
- Sun gear 2 18
- 19 Thrust plate 2
- 20 Carrier 1
- 21 Planetary gear 1
- 22 Needle bearing 1
- 23 Thrust washer 1
- 24 Carrier pin 1

- 25 Spring pin 1
- 26 Sun gear 1
- 27 Thrust plate 1
- 28 Sleeve
- 29 O-ring
- 30 Oil seal
- 31 Parallel pin
- 32 Hex socket head bolt
- 33 Name plate
- 34 Rivet
- 35 Plug

2. PRINCIPLE OF DRIVING

2.1 Generating the turning force

The high hydraulic supplied from a hydraulic pump flows into a cylinder block (8) through valve casing of motor (1), and valve plate (20).

The high hydraulic is built as flowing on one side of Y-Y line connected by the upper and lower sides of piston (12).

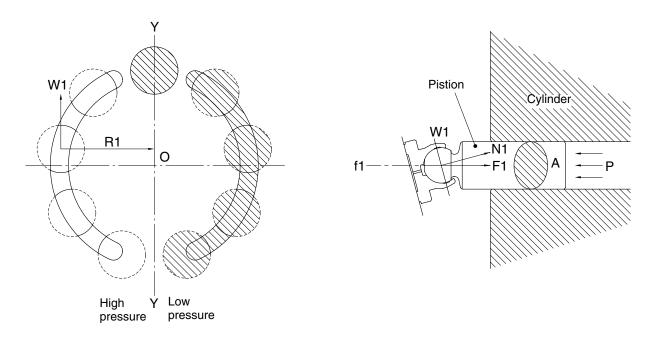
The high hydraulic can generate the force, $F1=P\times A$ (P : supplied pressure, A : water pressure area), like following pictures, working on a piston.

This force, F1, is divided as N1 thrust partial pressure and W1 radial partial pressure, in case of the plate of a tilt angle, α .

W1 generates torque, T=W1×R1, for Y-Y line connected by the upper and lower sides of the piston as following pictures.

The sum of torque (Σ W1×R1), generated from each piston (4~5 pieces) on the side of a high hydraulic, generates the turning force.

This torque transfers the turning force to a cylinder (8) through a piston; because a cylinder is combined with a turning axis and spline, a turning axis rotates and a turning force is sent.



21078TM05

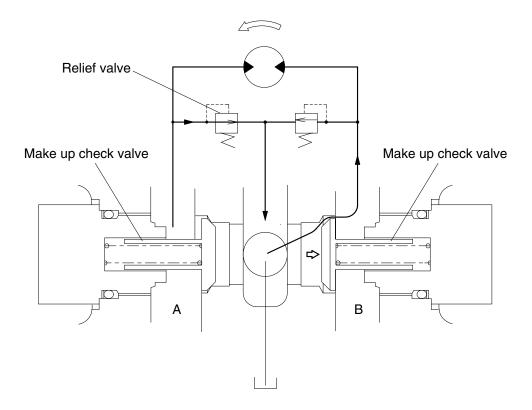
2) MAKE UP VALVE

In the system using this type of motor, there is no counter balance functioning valve and there happens the case of revolution exceeding hydraulic supply of motor. To prevent the cavitation caused by insufficient oil flow there is a make up valve to fill up the oil insufficiency.

A make up valve is provided immediately before the port leading to the hydraulic oil tank to secure feed pressure required when the hydraulic motor makes a pumping action. The boost pressure acts on the hydraulic motor's feed port via the make up valve.

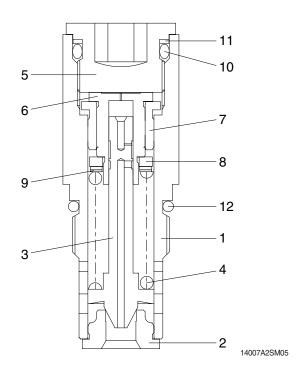
Pressurized oil into the port B, the motor rotate counterclockwise.

If the plunger of MCV moves neutral position, the oil in the motor is drain via left relief valve, the drain oil run into motor via right make up valve, which prevent the cavitation of motor.



21092SM04

3) RELIEF VALVE



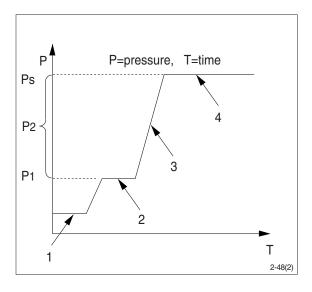
- 1 Body
- 2 Seat
- 3 Plunger
- 4 Spring
- 5 Adjusting screw
- 6 Piston
- 7 Bushing
- 8 Spring seat
- 9 Shim
- 10 O-ring
- 11 Back up ring
- 12 O-ring

(1) Construction of relief valve

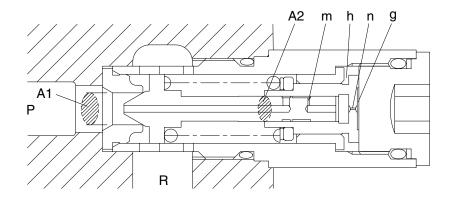
The valve casing contains two cartridge type relief valves that stop the regular and reverse rotations of the hydraulic motor. The relief valves relieve high pressure at start or at stop of swing motion and can control the relief pressure in two steps, high and low, in order to insure smooth operation.

(2) Function of relief valve

Figure illustrates how the pressure acting on the relief valve is related to its rising process. Here is given the function, referring to the figure following page.



① Ports (P,R) at tank pressure.

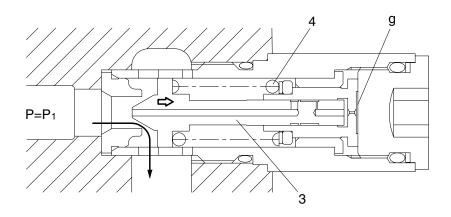


14007A2SM06

 $\ \$ When hydraulic oil pressure (P \times A1) reaches the preset force (FsP) of spring (4), the plunger (3) moves to the right as shown.

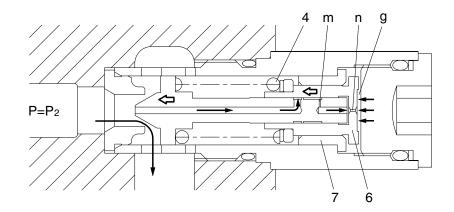
$$P1 \times A1=Fsp+Pg \times A2$$

$$P1 = \frac{Fsp + Pg \times A2}{A1}$$



14007A2SM07

③ The oil flow chamber g via orifice m and n. When the pressure of chamber g reaches the preset force (FSP) of spring (4), the piston (6) moves left and stop the piston (6) hits the bottom of bushing (7).

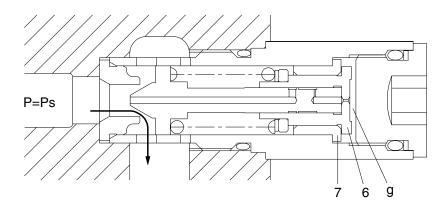


14007A2SM08

④ When piston (6) hits the bottom of bushing (7), it stops moving to the left any further. As the result, the pressure in chamber (g) equals (Ps).

$$Ps \times A1=Fsp+Ps \times A2$$

$$Ps = \frac{Fsp}{A_1 - A_2}$$

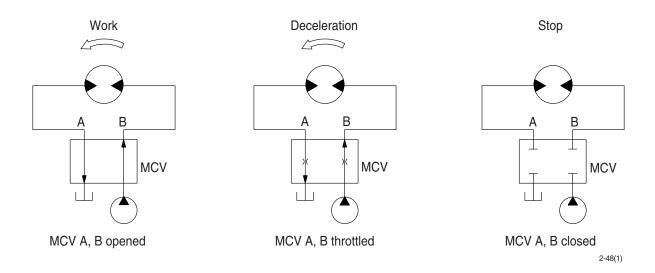


14007A2SM09

4) BRAKE SYSTEM

(1) Control valve swing brake system

This is the brake system to stop the swing motion of the excavator during operation. In this system, the hydraulic circuit is throttled by the swing control valve, and the resistance created by this throttling works as a brake force to slow down the swing motion.



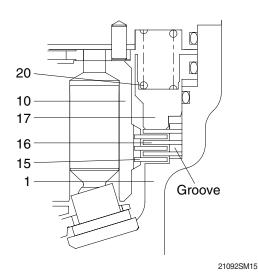
(2) Mechanical swing parking brake system

This is function as a parking brake only when all of the RCV lever (except swing, arm in) are not operated.

① Brake assembly

Circumferential rotation of separate plate (16) is constrained by the groove located at housing (1). When housing is pressed down by brake spring (20) through friction plate (15), separate plate (16) and brake piston (17), friction force occurs there.

Cylinder block (10) is constrained by this friction force and brake acts, while brake releases when hydraulic force exceeds spring force.



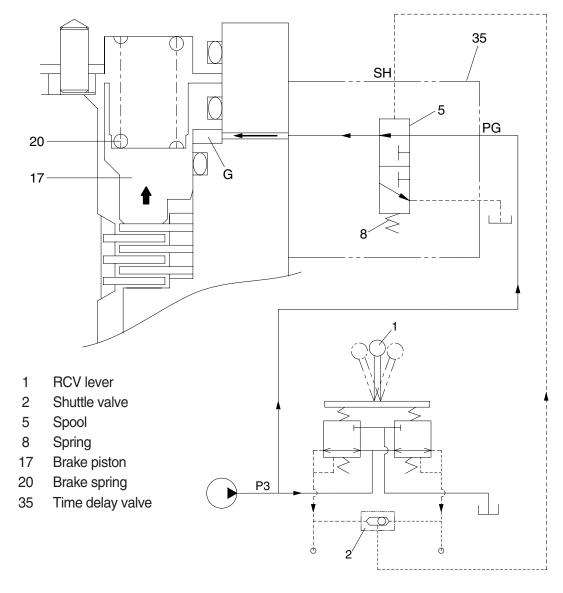
Housing
Separate plate
Cylinder block
Brake piston
Friction plate
Spring

2 Operating principle

a. When the RCV lever (1) is set to the swing or arm in operating position, the pilot oil go to SH of the time delay valve (35).

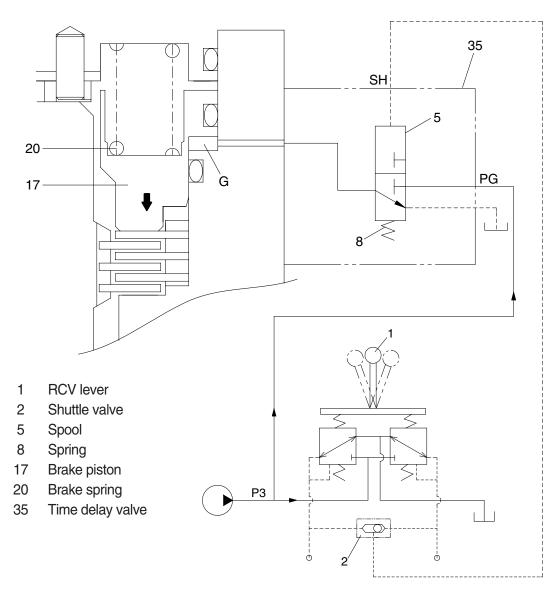
This pressure moves spool (5) to the leftward against the force of the spring(8), so pilot pump charged oil (P3) goes to the chamber G through port PG.

This pressure is applied to move the piston (17) to the upward against the force of the spring (20). Thus, it releases the brake force.



300L2SM04

b. When all of the RCV lever (1) are set the neutral position, the spool (5) returns to the top.Then, the brake piston (17) is moved lower by spring force and the return oil from the chamber G flows back to tank port.At this time, the brake works.



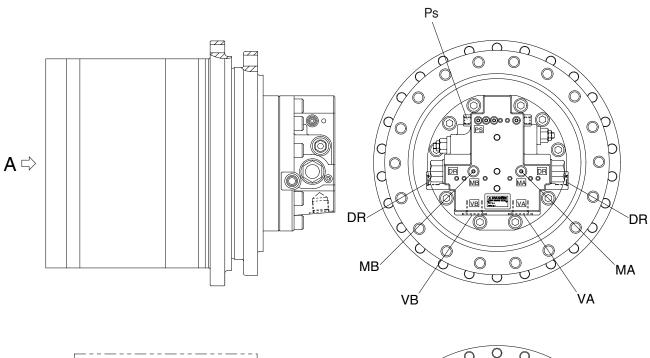
300L2SM05

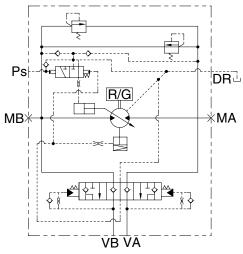
GROUP 4 TRAVEL DEVICE (TYPE 1 & 3)

1. CONSTRUCTION

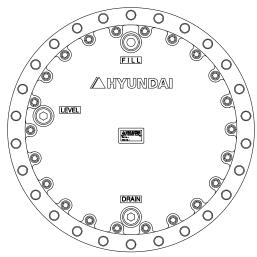
Travel device consists travel motor and gear box.

Travel motor includes brake valve, parking brake and high/low speed changeover mechanism.









VIEW A

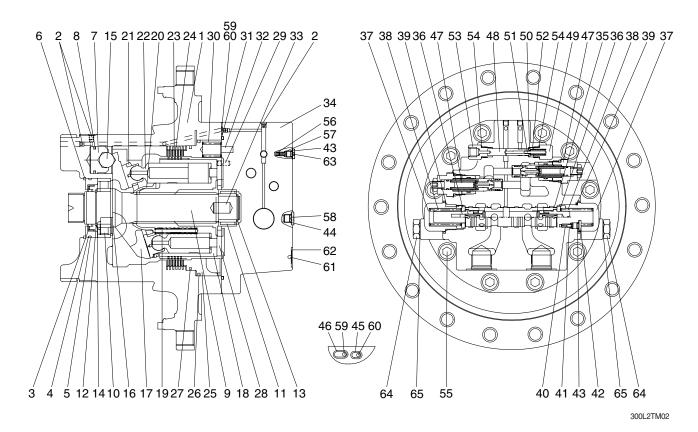
300L2TM01

| Port | Port name | Port size |
|--------|------------|-----------|
| VA, VB | Valve port | PF 1 |
| Ps | Pilot port | PF 1/4 |
| DR | Drain port | PF 1/2 |
| MA, MB | Gauge port | PF 1/4 |

2. SPECIFICATION

1) TRAVEL MOTOR

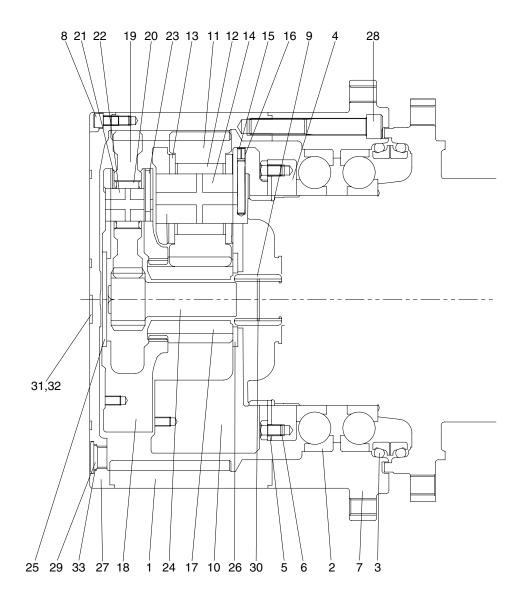
22 Piston assy



| 1 | Casing | 23 | Friction plate | 45 | O-ring |
|----|-------------------------|----|-----------------|----|--------------------------|
| 2 | Plug | 24 | Separate plate | 46 | O-ring |
| 3 | Oil seal | 25 | Parking piston | 47 | Relief valve assy |
| 4 | Thrust block | 26 | D-ring | 48 | Spool |
| 5 | O-ring | 27 | D-ring | 49 | Plug |
| 6 | Snap ring | 28 | Valve plate | 50 | Spring seat |
| 7 | Piston | 29 | Parallel pin | 51 | Parallel pin |
| 8 | Piston seal | 30 | Spring | 52 | Spring |
| 9 | Shaft | 31 | O-ring | 53 | Connector |
| 10 | Cylinder roller bearing | 32 | Spring pin | 54 | O-ring |
| 11 | Needle bearing | 33 | Parallel pin | 55 | Hexagon socket head bolt |
| 12 | Snap ring | 34 | Rear cover | 56 | Check valve |
| 13 | Snap ring | 35 | Main spool assy | 57 | Spring |
| 14 | Thrust plate | 36 | Spring seat | 58 | Plug |
| 15 | Steel ball | 37 | Plug | 59 | Restrictor |
| 16 | Pivot | 38 | Spring | 60 | Restrictor |
| 17 | Swash plate | 39 | O-ring | 61 | Name plate |
| 18 | Cylinder block | 40 | Restrictor | 62 | Rivet |
| 19 | Spring | 41 | Spring | 63 | Plug |
| 20 | Ball guide | 42 | Plug | 64 | Plug |
| 21 | Retainer plate | 43 | O-ring | 65 | O-ring |

44 O-ring

2) TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR



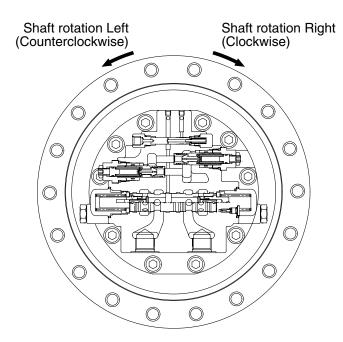
300L2TM03

| 1 | Gear ring | 12 | Needle bearing 2 | 23 | Spring pin 1 |
|----|--------------------------|----|------------------|----|--------------------------|
| 2 | Ball bearing | 13 | Thrust washer 2 | 24 | Sun gear 1 |
| 3 | Floating seal assy | 14 | Carrier pin 2 | 25 | Thrust plate |
| 4 | Nut ring | 15 | Spring pin 2 | 26 | Thrust plate |
| 5 | Lock plate | 16 | Solid pin 2 | 27 | Cover |
| 6 | Hexagon socket head bolt | 17 | Sun gear 2 | 28 | Hexagon socket head bolt |
| 7 | Housing | 18 | Carrier 1 | 29 | Plug |
| 8 | Hexagon socket head bolt | 19 | Planetary gear 1 | 30 | Snap ring |
| 9 | Coupling | 20 | Needle bearing 1 | 31 | Name plate |
| 10 | Carrier 2 | 21 | Thrust washer 1 | 32 | Rivet |
| 11 | Planetary gear 2 | 22 | Carrier pin 1 | 33 | O-ring |

3. OPERATION

1) MOTOR

High pressure oil delivered form hydraulic pump is led to inlet port that is provided in the brake valve portion and, through the rear cover (34) and valve plate (28), led to cylinder block (18). The oil flow and direction of shaft rotation are indicated in table.



| Inlet port | Outlet port | Direction of shaft rotation (viewing from rear cover) |
|---------------|-------------|---|
| VB | VA | Right (clockwise) |
| VA | VB | Left (counterclock wise) |

300L2TM04

As shown in below figure, high pressure oil is supplied to the pistons which are on one side of the line Y-Y that connects upper and lower dead points and produces force F1.

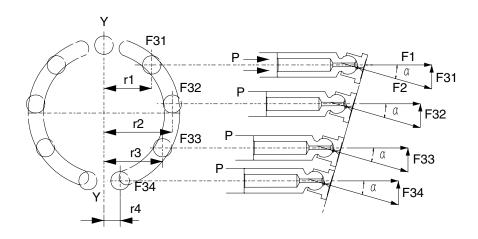
 $F1 = P \times A$ (P: pressure, A: area of piston section)

The swash plate (17) with inclined angle of α divides this force F1 into thrust force F2 and radial force F31-34.

This radial force is applied to axis Y-Y as turning force and generate drive torque of T.

$$T = r_1 \cdot F31 + r_2 \cdot F32 + r_3 \cdot F33 + r_4 \cdot F34$$

This drive torque is transmitted via cylinder block (18) to driving shaft (9).



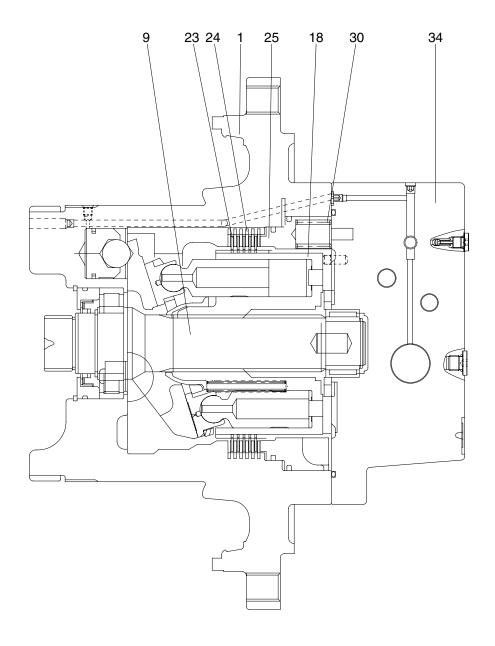
2) PARKING BRAKE

Parking brake is released when high pressure oil selected by the brake valve portion that is connected directly to the rear cover (34), is applied to the parking piston (25).

Otherwise the braking torque is always applied.

This braking torque is generated by the friction between the separated plates (24), inserted into the casing (1), and friction plates (23), coupled to cylinder block (18) by the outer splines.

When no pressure is activated on the parking piston (25), it is pushed by the brake springs (30) and it pushes friction plates (23) and separated plates (24) towards casing (1) and generates the friction force which brakes the rotation of cylinder block (18) and hence the shaft (9).



3) CAPACITY CONTROL MECHANISM

Figure typically shows the capacity control mechanism.

When high speed pilot line is charged with the pressure P_A that overcome the spring (52), the spring (52) is compressed and spool (48) shifts to the right to connect the port P and port C.

Then, the highest pressure is selected by the check valve (56) from inlet and outlet pressure of the motor and high speed pilot line pressure and pushes shifter piston (7). As a result, swash plate (17) turns around the line L which connect the two pivots (16) as shown by dotted lines. The turn stops at the stopper (1-1) of casing and swash plate (17) keeps the position.

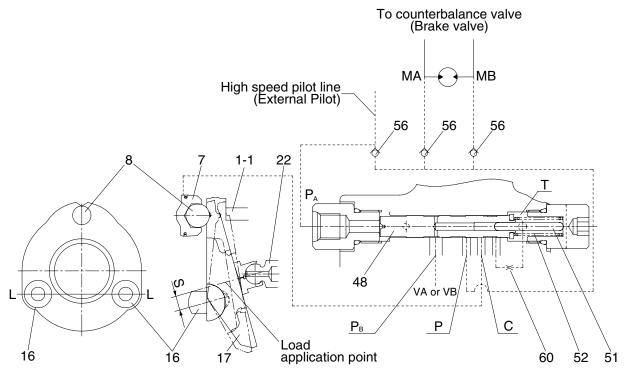
In this case, the piston stroke become shorter and motor capacity become smaller and motor rotates faster, around 1.60 times, by the same volume of oil.

When no pressure is in the high speed pilot line P_A , spool (35) is pushed back by the spring (52) and pressure that pressed the shifter piston (7) is released to the hydraulic tank through restrictor (60).

Here, nine pistons are there and they equally spaced on the swash plate (17). The force that summed up those of pistons comes to almost the center of the swash plate (17) as shown. Since the pivots (16) are off-set by S from the center, the rotating force of product S and the force moves swash plate (17) to the former position and the speed returns to low.

When the power demand exceeds the engine power, such as in steep slope climbing or turning at high speed mode, the system step down to the low speed automatically. The mechanism is that: pump pressure is led to the port P_B and this pressure activate on pin (51). When the pressure at P_B exceeds predetermined value, spool (48) returns to the left by the counter-pressure against pin (51) and the pressure on the shifter piston (7) through port C is released to the tank and the motor comes to low speed.

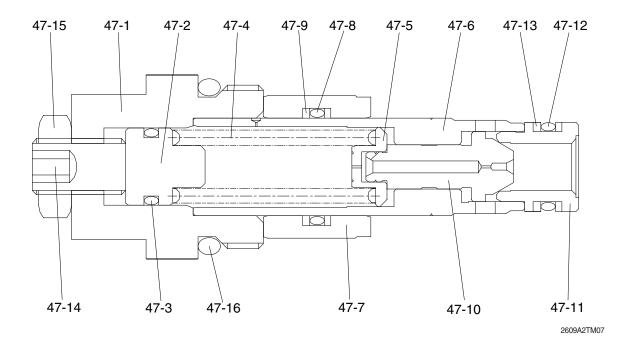
When P_B goes down, the spool (48) moves to the right and the speed become high.



4) OVERLOAD RELIEF VALVE

(1) Structure

This valve is screwed in the motor rear cover (34) and consists of : plug (47-1) that is screwed and fixed in the rear cover (34), poppet (47-10) and supports the poppet seat (47-11), spring (47-4) that is operating relief valve setting pressure and supports the spring seat (47-5), that is inserted in the sleeve (47-6), screw (47-14) that is adjust the spring force, nut (47-15) that fix screw (47-14), piston (47-7) that reduce the shock.



47-1 Plug 47-7 Piston 47-12 O-ring 47-2 Guide 47-8 O-ring 47-13 Back-up ring 47-3 O-ring 47-9 Back-up ring 47-14 Socket screw 47-4 Spring 47-10 Poppet 47-15 Hexagon nut 47-5 Spring seat 47-11 Poppet seat 47-16 O-ring 47-6 Sleeve

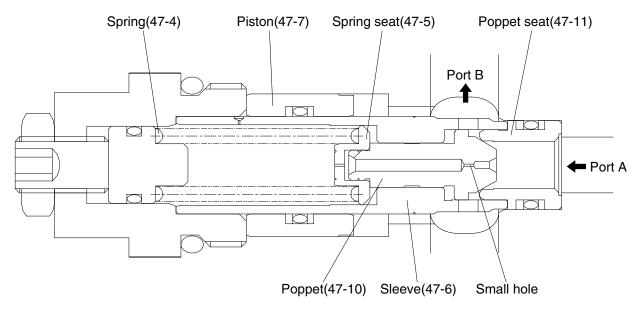
(2) Operation

Two pieces of overload valves are located at cross-over position in the counterbalance circuit of brake valve and have the following functions:

- ① When hydraulic motor starts, keep the driving pressure below predetermined value and while accelerating, bypasses surplus oil to return line.
- ② When stopping the motor, keep the brake pressure, that develops on the outlet side of motor, under the predetermined value to stop the inertial force.
- ③ To accelerate sharply while starting, and to mitigate the braking shock while stopping. For these purposes, the developed pressure is kept comparatively low for a short period, then keep the line pressure as normal value. While the pressure is low, meshing of reduction gears, crawler and sprocket etc. can be smoothly done and the shock are absorbed.

When starting, "A" port pressure of overload valve increases, this pressure is applied to the effective diameter of poppet (47-10) which seats on the poppet seat (47-11) and, at the same time, is delivered, via small hole, to the spring seat (47-5) located inside the sleeve (47-6) and the seat bore pressure increases up to "A" port pressure. The poppet (47-10) opposes to spring (47-4) by the force of the pressure exerted on the area difference between poppet seat's effective diameter and spring seat bore and keep the predetermined pressure.

When hydraulically braking, the piston (47-7) is at the left position by the driving pressure, and when "A" port pressure increases, the pressure is applied also to the piston (47-7) through the small hole in the poppet (47-10) and piston (47-7) moves rightward until it touches the stopper in rear cover. In this while, the poppet (47-10) maintains "A" port pressure at comparatively low against the spring (47-4) force and exhaust oil to "B" port side. After the piston reached to the plug, the valve acts the same as at starting.



5) BRAKE VALVE

(1) Structure

The brake valve portion mainly consists of the following parts:

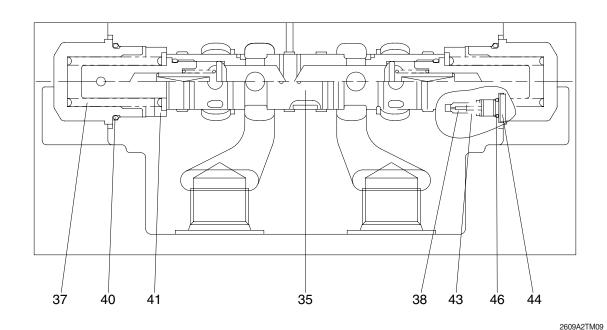
① Spool

By shifting the spool (35), the discharged oil from hydraulic motor is automatically shut off or restricted according to the condition and give the effect of holding, accelerating, stopping and counterbalance operations.

(See page 2-74, (2) Operation)

② Check valve (built in the spool)

This valve is located in the oil supplying passage to hydraulic motor, and at the same time functions to lock oil displacement. Therefore, this valve serves as not only a suction valve but also a holding valve for hydraulic motor.



35 Main spool 40 O-ring 44 O-ring 37 Spring 41 Spring seat 46 Plug

38 Restrictor 43 Restrictor spring

(2) Operation

① Holding operation

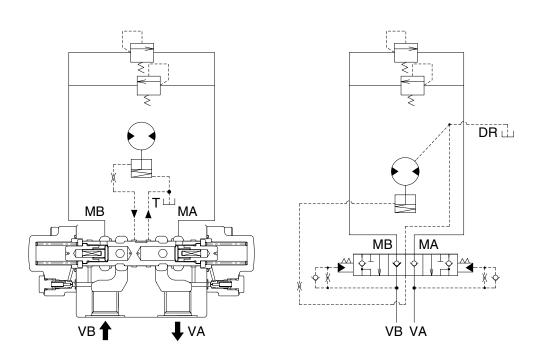
When the control valve is at neutral position, VA and VB ports are connected to the tank, and the spring (38) located on both spool ends holds the spool (35) at central position.

Therefore, the passages from VA to MA and VB to MB are closed, which result in closing MA and MB ports connected to hydraulic motor.

Since the passage to parking brake is connected to the tank line, the brake cylinder pressure is equal to the tank pressure and the brake is applied by the springs. Thus, the rotation of the motor is mechanically prevented.

If external torque is exerted on the motor shaft, the motor would not rotate as usual by this negative parking brake.

In case the brake should be released for some reason, pressure is built on MA or MB port. But, due to oil leakage inside hydraulic motor or so, high-pressure oil escapes from the closed circuit and motor rotates a bit. So, the cavitation tends to occur in the lower pressure side of the closed circuit. Then, the check valve, built in the spool (35), operates to avoid the cavitation and opens the passage from VA to MA or from VB to MB. Then the oil equivalent to the leakage is sucked from the tank line to the closed circuit.

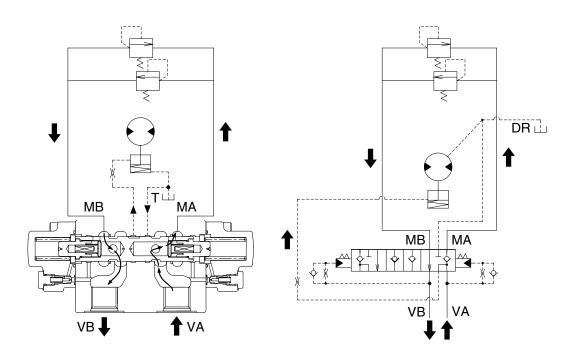


2 Accelerating operation

When VA and VB ports are connected respectively to pump and tank by operating the control valve, hydraulic oil from pump is forwarded through VA port to push open the check valve provided inside spool (35), and oil flows to motor via MA port to rotate the motor.

Therefore, the pressure increases and negative brake is released by the pressure supplied from pump. At the same time, the pressure of pilot chamber increases to push and move the spool (35) leftwards, overcoming the spring (38) force. Thus, the return line from MB to VB opens to rotate the motor.

In case inertia load is too big to start rotation, accelerating pressure reaches the set pressure of relief valve and high pressure oil is being relieved while the motor gains the rotational speed. As the rotational speed goes up, the relieved volume decreases, and finally the motor rotates at a fixed speed.

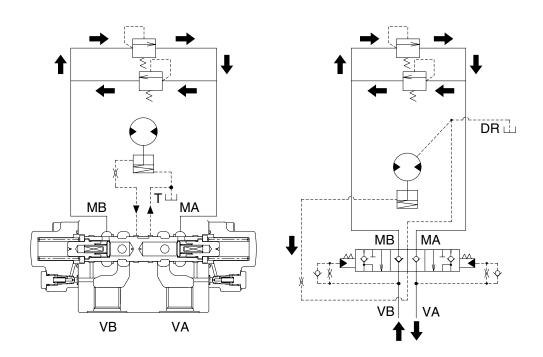


3 Stopping operation

Returning the control valve to neutral position while running the motor, the oil supply is cut off and VA and VB ports are connected to the tank line. Then the pressure of the pilot chamber located on both spool ends become equal, and the spool (35) returns to the neutral position by spring (38) force. Thus, the passage from MA to VA is closed.

Owing to the inertia force of the load, the hydraulic motor tends to continue the rotation. Here, the motor functions as a pump and forwards the oil to MB port but the passage is blocked and MB port pressure increases. Then the relief valve opens to relieve the pressure and rotational speed decelerates and at last the motor stops.

Negative brake release pressure is gradually lowered due to the restrictor and finally the brake works and the motor is mechanically stopped.



4 Counterbalance operation

Counterbalance operation is required to decelerate slowly the hydraulic motor while absorbing inertia force.

In case the hydraulic oil is gradually decreased from pump to VB port, the drive shaft of hydraulic motor tends to rotate faster than that matched to the volume of oil supply.

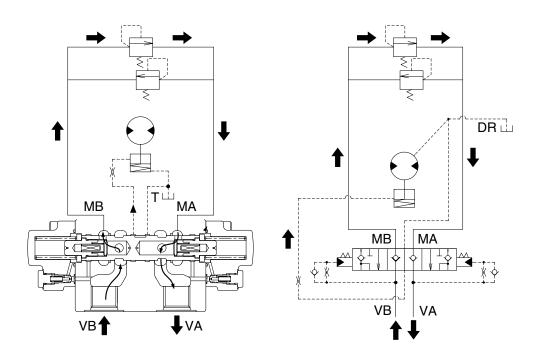
Consequently, the pilot chamber pressure on MB to VB side decreases and the spring (38) force moves the spool (35) leftwards towards neutral position.

Therefore, the area of passage from MA to VA becomes smaller and the pressure on MA side rises due to increased resistance in the passage and the motor receives hydraulic braking effect.

If the motor rotates slower than that matched to the volume of supplied oil, the pilot chamber pressure on VB port increases, and spool (35) moves rightwards to enlarge the area of passage from MA to VA. Therefore the braking effect becomes smaller and the rotational speed of motor is controlled to correspond to the volume of supplied oil.

In order to give stable counterbalance operation, the restrictors (40) are set in the pilot chamber to damp the spool (35) movement.

The parking brake is released during pressure adjusting action of the spool (35).



6) REDUCTION GEAR

Reduction unit slows down the rotating speed of motor and converts motor torque to strong rotating force.

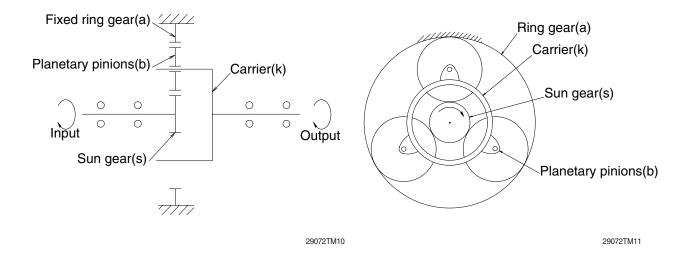
This reduction unit utilizes two stages, planetary reduction system.

Planetary reduction system consists of sun gear, planetary gears, (planetary) carriers, and ring gear.

When the sun gear (s) is driven through input shaft, planetary pinions (b), rotating on their center, also move, meshing with fixed ring gear (a), around sun gear (s).

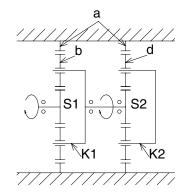
This movement is transferred to carrier (k) and deliver the torque.

This mechanism is called planetary gear mechanism.



When the sun gear S1 is driven by input shaft, planetary action occurs among gears S1, a and b and revolution of gear b transfers the rotation of carrier K1 to second sun gear S2, and also evokes planetary action between gear S2, a and d.

This time, because carrier **K2** is fixed to frame, gear **d** drives ring gear **a** and then ring gear **a** rotates to drive sprocket.

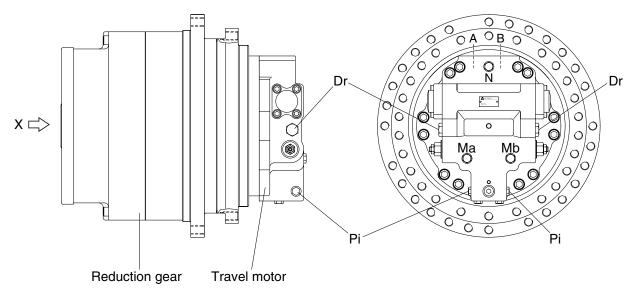


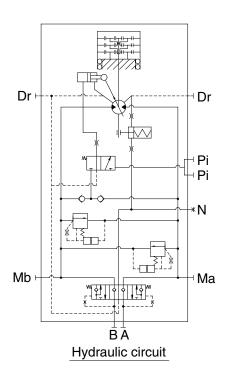
■ TRAVEL MOTOR (TYPE 2)

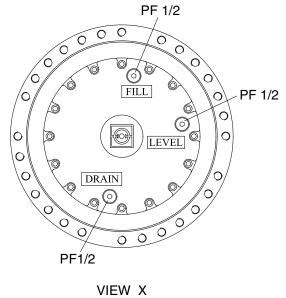
1. CONSTRUCTION

Travel device consists travel motor and gear box.

Travel motor includes brake valve, parking brake and high/low speed changeover mechanism.



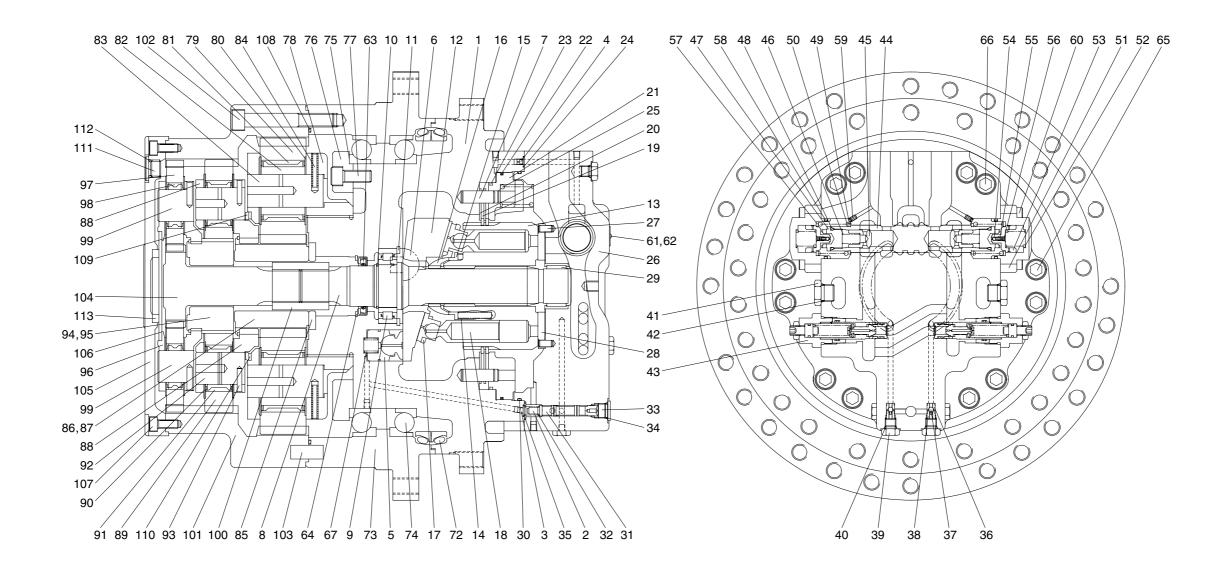




| Port | Port name | Port size |
|--------|------------------------|------------------|
| A, B | Main port | SAE 6000 psi Ø25 |
| Pi | Two speed control port | PF 1/4 |
| Dr | Drain port | PF 1/2 |
| Ma, Mb | Gage port | PF 1/4 |
| Ν | Brake release port | PF 1/4 |

2. SPECIFICATION

1) TRAVEL MOTOR



| 1 | Shaft casing | 15 | Spacer | 29 | Needle bearing | 43 | Relief valve assy | 57 | Spring seat | 75 | Shim | 89 | Planetary gear | 103 | Planetary pin |
|----|-----------------|----|--------------------|----|----------------|----|-------------------|----|---------------|----|-----------------|-----|----------------|-----|---------------|
| 2 | Plug | 16 | Ball guide | 30 | O-ring | 44 | Main spool | 58 | O-ring | 76 | Bearing guide | 90 | Plate | 104 | Drive gear |
| 3 | Orifice | 17 | Set plate | 31 | Swash spool | 45 | Check | 59 | Orifice | 77 | Wrench bolt | 91 | Needle bearing | 105 | End cover |
| 4 | Orifice screw | 18 | Piston & Shoe assy | 32 | Swash spring | 46 | Spring | 60 | Wrench bolt | 78 | Carrier | 92 | Pin | 106 | Plate |
| 5 | Swash piston | 19 | Friction plate | 33 | Plug | 47 | Plug | 61 | Name plate | 79 | Planetary gear | 93 | Spring pin | 107 | Wrench bolt |
| 6 | Swash ball | 20 | Separator plate | 34 | O-ring | 48 | O-ring | 62 | Rivet | 80 | Plate | 94 | Sun gear | 108 | O-ring |
| 7 | Brake pin | 21 | Brake piston | 35 | O-ring | 49 | Spring seat | 63 | Oil seal | 81 | Needle bearing | 95 | Snap ring | 109 | Ring |
| 8 | Shaft | 22 | Piston ring | 36 | Seat | 50 | Spring | 64 | Snap ring | 82 | Bearing bushing | 96 | Carrier | 110 | Ring |
| 9 | Roller bearing | 23 | Piston ring | 37 | Steel ball | 51 | Cover | 65 | Wrench bolt | 83 | Pin | 97 | Planetary gear | 111 | Plug |
| 10 | Stop ring | 24 | O-ring | 38 | Stopper | 52 | Spring | 66 | Wrench bolt | 84 | Spring pin | 98 | Needle bearing | 112 | O-ring |
| 11 | Lock ring | 25 | Brake spring | 39 | Plug | 53 | Spool | 67 | Spring pin | 85 | Thrust plate | 99 | Pin | 113 | Bushing |
| 12 | Swash plate | 26 | Valve casing | 40 | O-ring | 54 | Steel ball | 72 | Floating seal | 86 | Sun gear | 100 | Coupling | | |
| 13 | Cylinder block | 27 | Valve plate pin | 41 | Plug | 55 | Spring | 73 | Hub | 87 | Snap ring | 101 | Ring gear | | |
| 14 | Cylinder spring | 28 | Valve plate | 42 | O-ring | 56 | Plug | 74 | Bearing | 88 | Carrier | 102 | Wrench bolt | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

3. PRINCIPLE OF DRIVING

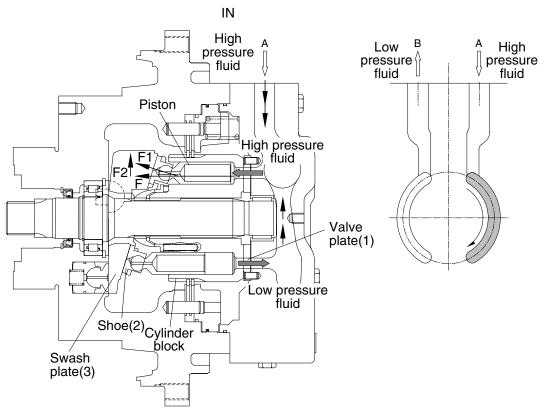
Travel motor comprises with rotary, relief valve, parking brake, counterbalance valve and 2-speed control.

1) WORKING OF ROTARY PART

In the figure below, axis direction power F occurs, when the high pressure oil flows in the cylinder block through to the valve plate (1) port, and the piston moves to the left hand side.

This power F, which takes shoe (2) as a medium, split into F1 power vertical to swash plate (3), and F2 power perpendicular from an axis. Through F2 power, cylinder block rotate with piston and shoe, while shoe (2) moves on the swash plate with piston. There are 9 pistons inserted into the cylinder block and they rotate with the cylinder block by taking high pressure gas in order at the entrance.

When you reverse the flow of the high pressure oil, piston and cylinder block rotate in the opposite direction above the shoe plate.



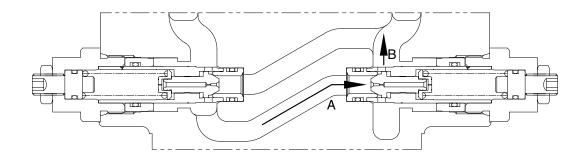
2) WORKING OF RELIEF VALVE

When the port from control valve to motor is closed, traveling movement stops.

However, motor continues rotating because of the traveling inertia of the machine's upper body.

By doing so, motor is damaged by the gradual rising of the pressure at the exit.

To prevent this damage, relief valve discharge the gradual rising pressure from the exit to the entrance which has lower pressure.



3809A2TM24

Setting pressure : 360 kgf/cm²
Back pressure : 5 kgf/cm²

· Cracking pressure: 330 kgf/cm² over

- AT THE BEGINNING OF TRAVELING

RELIEF VALVE A

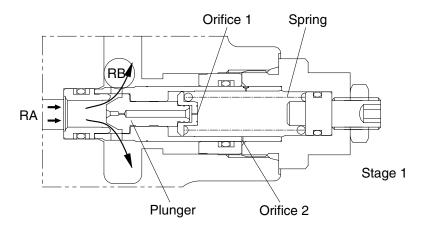
Traveling manipulation lever works to rise the pressure of RA port up. When this pressure oil press plunger to the right, and then sustain the power of the spring, the plunger moves to the right and release the pressure oil of RA port to RB port (stage 1).

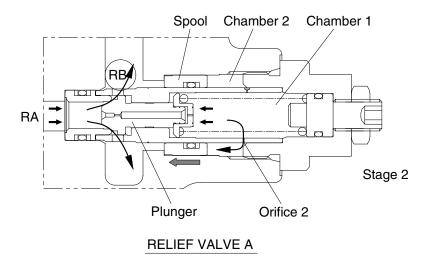
The plunger moves slowly by the pressure oil which flows into chamber 1 through orifice 1.

The pressure oil flowed into chamber 1 flows into chamber 2 through orifice 2, and at this point, the plunger moves to the left again, when the spring is compressed by the flowed pressure oil which press the spool to the left. (stage 2).

When the RA port pressure goes up much more and the set pressure overcome the power of the compressed spring again, the plunger moves to the right and the pressure has of RA port is released to RB port.

Thus, at the early stage of the relief-valve operation, it works primarily at lower pressure, after then, shock is reduced during rotating at the set pressure as the secondary operation.

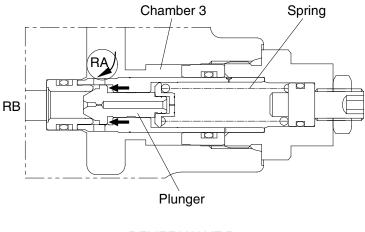




- DURING TRAVELING OPERATION

RELIEF VALVE B

During traveling operation, RA port pressure goes up and RB port pressure goes down. Thus RA port pressure oil flows into chamber 3, and pushes plunger to the left with a high pressure and the power of the spring.



RELIEF VALVE B

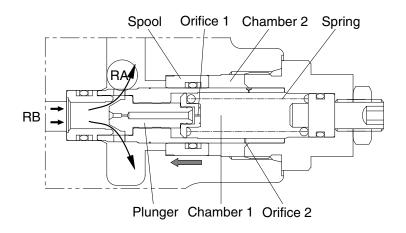
3809A2TM26

- WHEN IT STOP

RELIEF VALVE B

When it stops or operates reversely, RA port pressure is extremely lowered and RB port pressure gradually goes up because of the swing inertia from the upper swing part of machine.

Consequently, relief valve B operates as the same order as relief valve A, and maintains the set pressure by releasing the high pressure of RB port to RA port.



RELIEF VALVE B

3) WORKING OF PARKING BRAKE

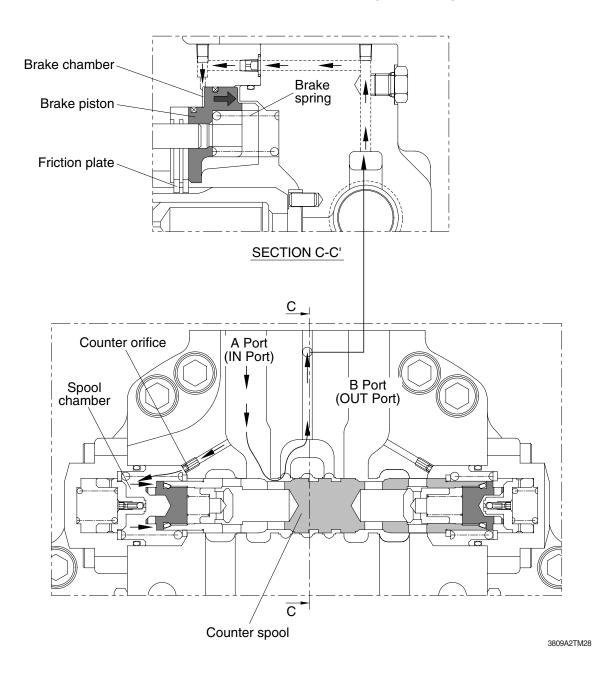
Parking brake consists of many wet friction plate. The brake is usually held with the power of spring, and it only removed by traveling pressure of motor.

• Parking brake OFF

If worker operates the traveling control lever, traveling working pressurized oil into IN PORT flows from spool chamber through counter orifice.

Pressurized oil pushes counter balance spool to right.

Then notch of spool opens the brake line. At the same time, pressurized oil flow to brake chamber of motor from brake line. Brake piston to force of brake spring moves to right and brake lift.



Parking brake ON

If worker leave lever in neutral, pressurized oil supply to in port of motor stop.

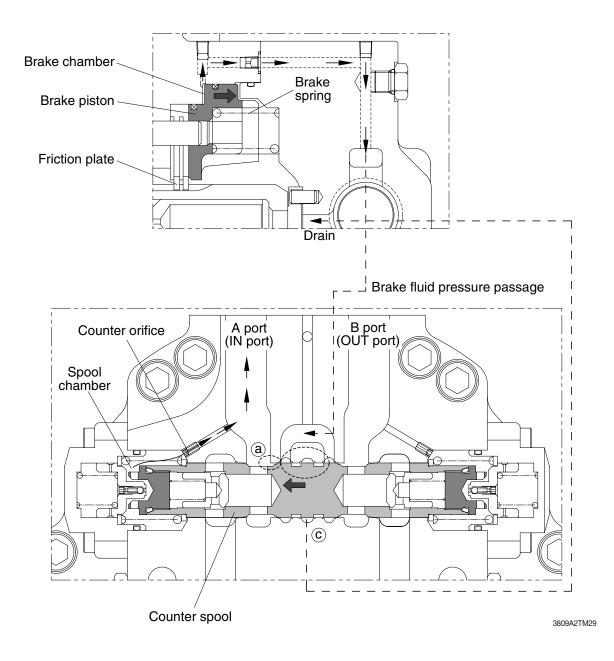
If pressurized oil supply stop, in port pressure decline and pressurized oil of spool chamber moves to oil tank through counter orifice. Therefore counter balance spool return in neutral.

If spool leave in neutral, notch (a) part of spool obstructed and brake pressurized oil obstructed.

Brake pressurized oil line obstructed. So pressurized oil supply to brake chamber obstructed.

Therefore if pressure of brake chamber decline, brake piston to force of brake spring moves to left and push friction plate.

If brake force happens, brake stop. And pressurized oil to brake chamber drain to motor casing internal through line © to counter spool center.

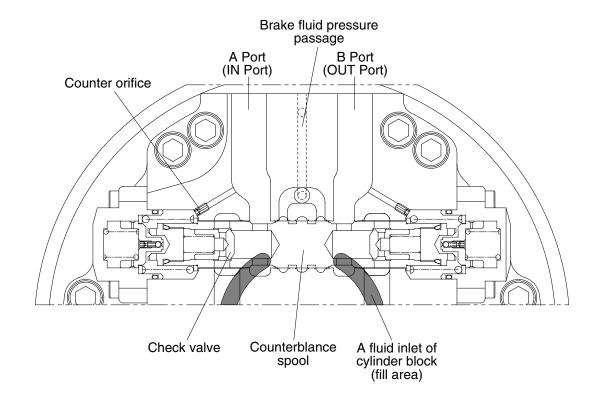


4) COUNTERBALANCE VALVE

• Function of counterbalance valve

- (1) Parking brake off and operation of motor
- (2) When motor descend in slope, traveling velocity control.
- (3) After motor stop in slope, slip prevention.
- (4) When motor stop, supplement the flow.

• NEUTRAL



5) HOW TO WORK

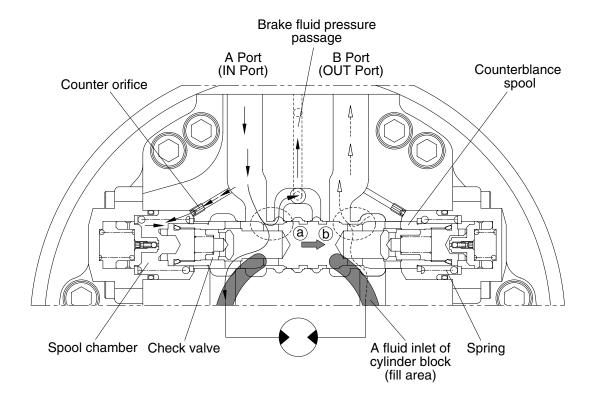
(1) When motor travel

If worker operates the traveling control lever, traveling working pressurized oil into IN PORT flows from spool chamber through counter orifice.

If spool moves to right, notch of spool open line ⓐ of brake pressurized oil.

Then pressurized oil lift the brake. At the same time, notch of counterbalance spool opens the line **b**.

Flowed pressurized oil to A port opens check valve and cylinder block of motor rotate.



(2) When motor stop

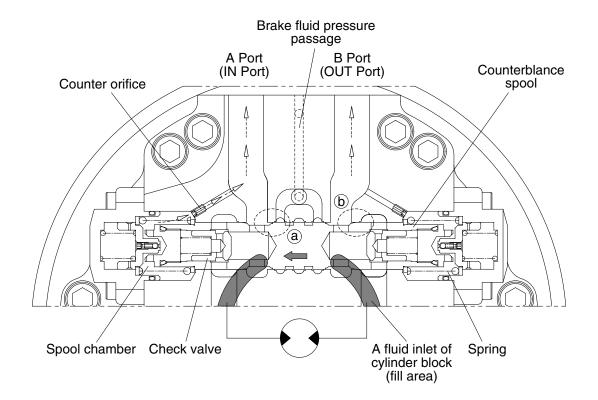
If worker leave lever in neutral, pressurized oil supply to in port of motor stop.

If pressurized oil supply stop, A port pressure decline and pressurized oil of spool chamber moves to oil tank through counter orifice. Therefore counterbalance spool return in neutral.

If counterbalance spool moves to left, line ⓑ by notch of counterbalance spool obstructed and brake pressurized oil obstructed.

At the same time, line ⓐ by notch of counterbalance valve obstructed. Therefore brake obstructed.

If brake force happens, brake stop.

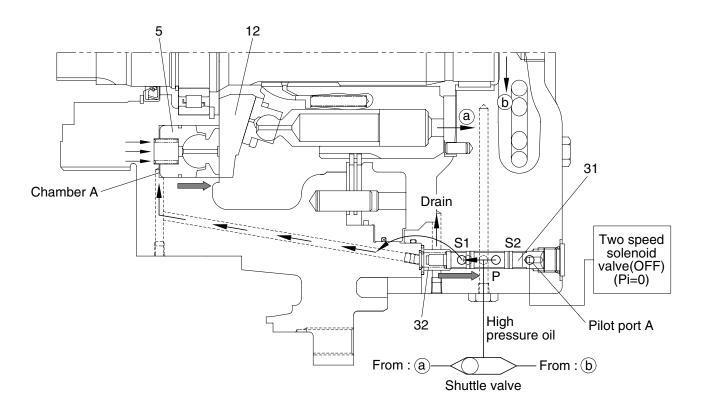


6) TWO SPEED (LOW SPEED - HIGH SPEED) CHANGEOVER EQUIPMENT

Rotation speed of track motor is depended on slope angle of swash plate (12). When swash plate angle is Max, the motor rotates at low speed. When swash plate angle is Min, the motor rotates at high speed.

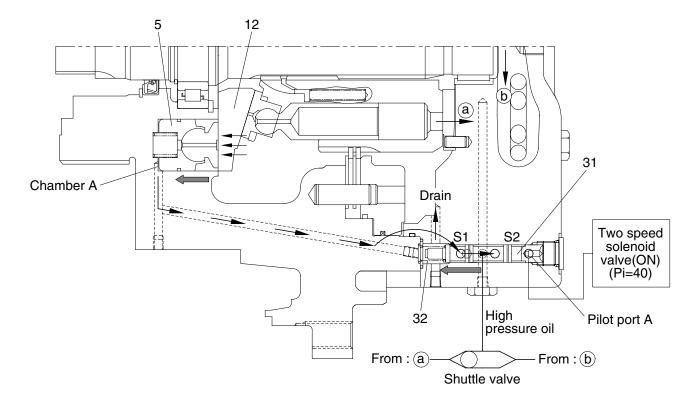
Low speed

- When the pilot pressure on spool (31) is disconnected, pilot pressure does not pass to pilot port A. Two speed changeover spool (31) moves right by the spring (32) force.
- High pressure oil of ⓐ port (or ⓑ port) of cylinder block flow to P port of two speed changeover spool (31) through shuttle valve.
 - Pressurized oil of two speed changeover spool flow to chamber A of swash piston (5) through S2 port.
- Swash plate moves to increase swash angle, so the motor rotates at low speed.



• High speed

- The pilot pressure on spool (31) of the displacement changeover valve overcomes the force of spring (32), and the spool moves left.
- High pressure oil of ⓐ port (or ⓑ port) of cylinder block flow to P port of two speed changeover spool (31) through shuttle valve.
- Swash plate moves to decrease swash angle, so the motor rotates at high speed.



4. REDUCTION GEAR

1) PLANETARY GEAR MECHANISM

Reduction unit slows down the rotating speed of motor and converts motor torque to strong rotating force.

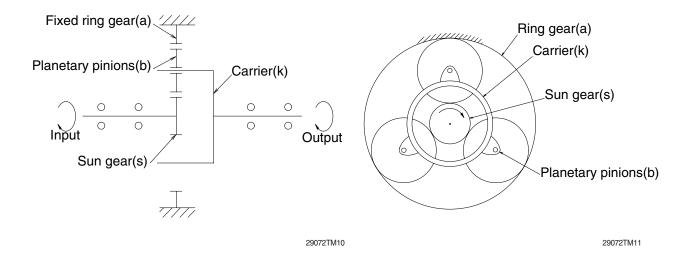
This reduction unit utilizes two stages, planetary reduction system.

Planetary reduction system consists of sun gear, planetary gears, carriers and ring gear.

When the sun gear (s) is driven through input shaft, planetary pinions (b), rotating on their center, also move, meshing with fixed ring gear (a), around sun gears (s).

This movement is transferred to carrier (k) and deliver the torque.

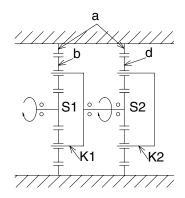
This mechanism is called planetary gear mechanism.



2) TWO STAGES REDUCTION GEAR

When the sun gear S1 is driven by input shaft, planetary action occurs among gears S1, a and b and revolution of gear b transfers the rotation of carrier K1 to second sun gear S2, and also evokes planetary action between gear S2, a and d.

This time, because carrier K2 is fixed to frame, gear d drives ring gear a and then ring gear a rotates to drive sprocket.



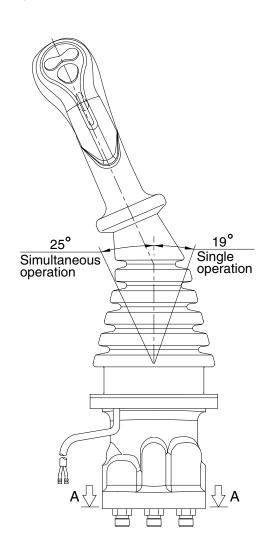
GROUP 5 RCV LEVER

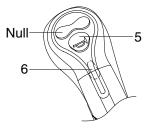
1. STRUCTURE

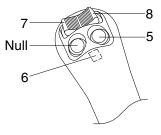
The casing has the oil inlet port P (primary pressure) and the oil outlet port T (tank). In addition the secondary pressure is taken out through ports 1, 2, 3 and 4 provided at the bottom face.

* Refer to the parts manual for the types of the RCV lever.

1) TYPE L1, L3, L5, L10







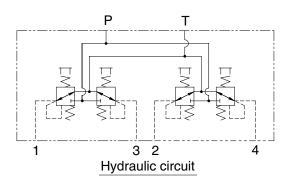
TYPE L1, L3, L10

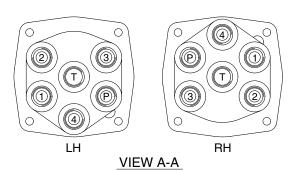
TYPE L5

Switches

| Туре | No. | LH | RH | | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| L1, L3, | 5 | One touch decel | Horn | | | | |
| L10 | 6 | Power boost | Breaker | | | | |
| | 5 | One touch decel | Horn | | | | |
| 1.5 | 6 | Power boost | Null | | | | |
| L5 | 7 CCW rotation | | Close | | | | |
| | 8 | CW rotation | Open | | | | |

* Number 7 and 8 : Option attachment



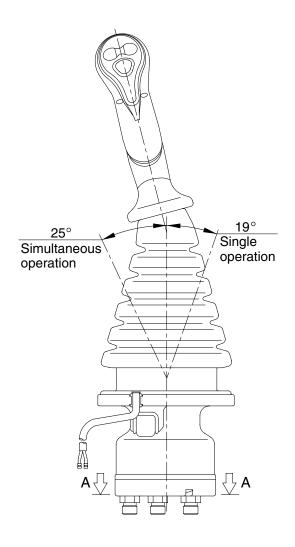


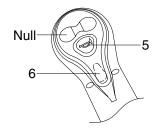
Pilot ports

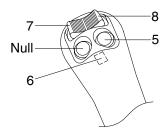
| Port | LH | RH | Port size |
|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Р | Pilot oil inlet port | Pilot oil inlet port | |
| Т | Pilot oil return port | Pilot oil return port | |
| 1 | Left swing port | Bucket out port | PF 3/8 |
| 2 | Arm out port | Boom up port | FF 3/0 |
| 3 | Right swing port | Bucket in port | |
| 4 | Arm in port | Boom down port | |

300L2RL101

2) TYPE L2, L4, L6, L9







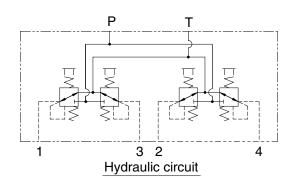
TYPE L2, L4, L9

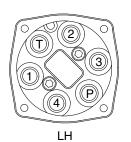
TYPE L6

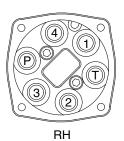
Switches

| Туре | No. | LH | RH |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|---------|
| L2, L4, 5 | | One touch decel | Horn |
| L9 | 6 | Power boost | Breaker |
| | 5 | One touch decel | Horn |
| 1.6 | 6 | Power boost | Null |
| LO | L6 7 CCW rotation | | Close |
| | 8 | CW rotation | Open |

* Number 7 and 8 : Option attachment







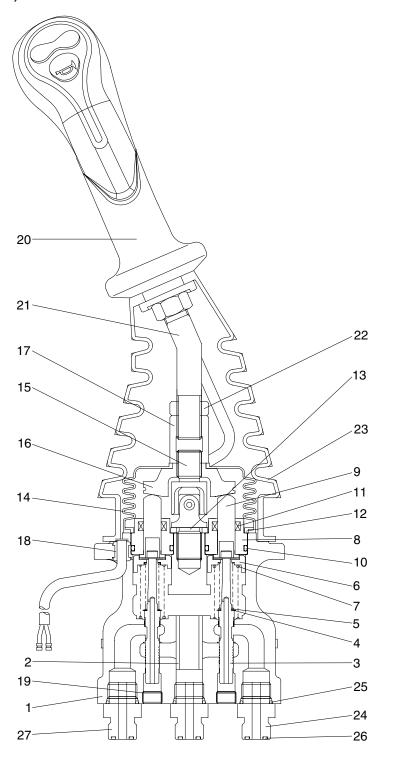
VIEW A-A

Pilot ports

| Port | LH | RH | Port size |
|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Р | Pilot oil inlet port | Pilot oil inlet port | |
| Т | Pilot oil return port | Pilot oil return port | |
| 1 | Left swing port | Bucket out port | PF 3/8 |
| 2 | Arm out port | Boom up port | FF 3/0 |
| 3 | Right swing port | Bucket in port | |
| 4 | Arm in port | Boom down port | |

300L2RL105

3) CROSS SECTION



- 1 Case
- 2 Bushing
- 3 Spool
- 4 Shim
- 5 Spring
- 6 Spring seat
- 7 Spring
- 8 Plug
- 9 Push rod
- 10 O-ring
- 11 Rod seal
- 12 Plate
- 13 Spacer
- 14 Boot
- 15 Joint assembly
- 16 Swash plate
- 17 Adjusting nut
- 18 Bushing
- 19 Plug
- 20 Handle assembly
- 21 Handle bar
- 22 Nut
- 23 Boot
- 24 Last guard filter
- 25 O-ring
- 26 O-ring
- 27 Connector

300L2RL06

Item numbers are based on the type L1.

The construction of the pilot valve is shown in the attached cross section drawing. The casing has vertical holes in which reducing valves are assembled.

The pressure reducing section is composed of the spool (3), spring (5) for setting secondary pressure, return spring (7), spring seat (6) and shim (4). The spring for setting the secondary pressure has been generally so preset that the secondary pressure is 5 to 20.5 kgf/cm² (depending on the type). The spool is pushed against the push rod (9) by the return spring.

When the push rod is pushed down by tilting the handle, the spring seat comes down simultaneously and changes setting of the secondary pressure spring.

2. FUNCTIONS

1) FUNDAMENTAL FUNCTIONS

The pilot valve is a valve that controls the spool stroke, direction, etc of a main control valve. This function is carried out by providing the spring at one end of the main control valve spool and applying the output pressure (secondary pressure) of the pilot valve to the other end.

For this function to be carried out satisfactorily, the pilot valve is composed of the following elements.

- (1) Inlet port (P) where oil is supplied from hydraulic pump.
- (2) Output ports (1, 2, 3 & 4) to apply pressure supplied from inlet port to ends of control valve spools.
- (3) Tank port (T) necessary to control the above output pressure.
- (4) Spool to connect output port to inlet port or tank port.
- (5) Mechanical means to control output pressure, including springs that work on the above spools.

2) FUNCTIONS OF MAJOR SECTIONS

Item numbers are based on the type L1.

The functions of the spool (3) are to receive the supply oil pressure from the hydraulic pump at its port P, and to change over oil paths to determine whether the pressure oil of port P is led to output ports 1, 2, 3 & 4 or the output port pressure oil to tank port T.

The spring (5) works on this spool to determine the output pressure.

The change the deflection of this spring, the push rod (9) is inserted and can slide in the plug (8).

For the purpose of changing the displacement of the push rod through the swash plate (16) and adjusting nut (17) are provided the handle assy (20) that can be tilted in any direction around the fulcrum of the universal joint (15) center.

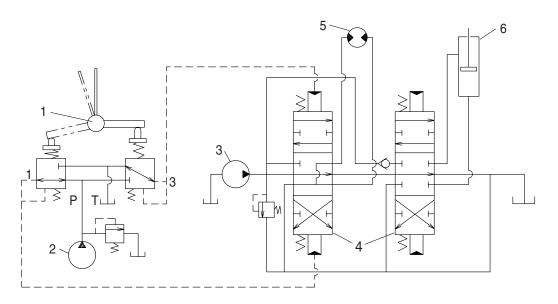
The spring (7) works on the case (1) and spring seat (6) and tries to return the push rod (9) to the zero-displacement position irrespective of the output pressure, securing its resetting to the center position.

This also has the effect of a reaction spring to give appropriate control feeling to the operator.

3) OPERATION

The operation of the pilot valve will be described on the basis of the hydraulic circuit diagram shown below and the attached operation explanation drawing.

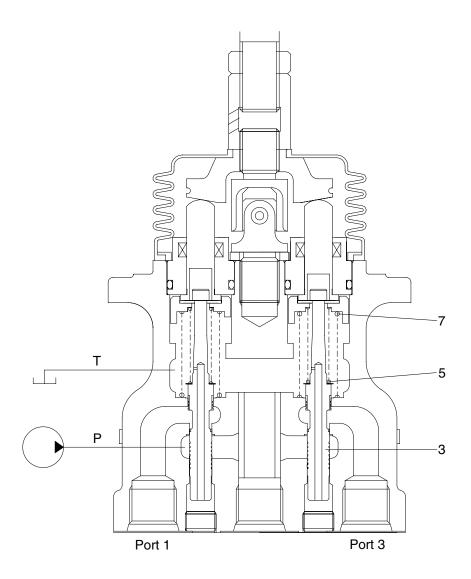
The diagram shown below is the typical application example of the pilot valve.



2-70

- 1 Pilot valve
- 2 Pilot pump
- 3 Main pump
- 4 Main control valve
- 5 Hydraulic motor
- 6 Hydraulic cylinder

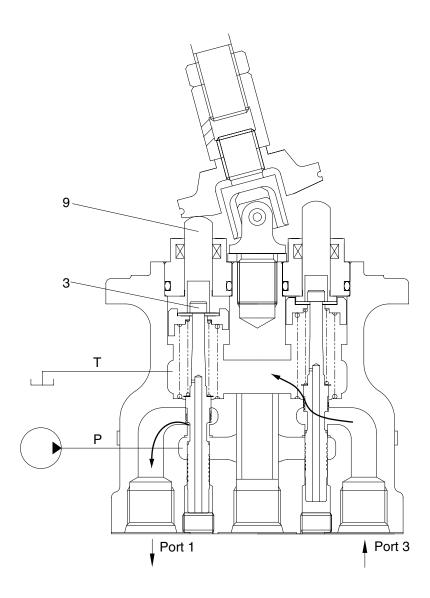
(1) Case where handle is in neutral position



300L2RL03

The force of the spring (5) that determines the output pressure of the pilot valve is not applied to the spool (3). Therefore, the spool is pushed up by the spring (7) to the position of port (1, 3) in the operation explanation drawing. Then, since the output port is connected to tank port T only, the output port pressure becomes equal to tank pressure.

(2) Case where handle is tilted



300L2RL04

When the push rod (9) is stroked, the spool (3) moves downwards.

Then port P is connected with port (1) and the oil supplied from the pilot pump flows through port (1) to generate the pressure.

When the pressure at port (1) increases to the value corresponding to the spring force set by tilting the handle, the hydraulic pressure force balances with the spring force. If the pressure at port (1) increases higher than the set pressure, port P is disconnected from port (1) and port T is connected with port (1). If it decreases lower than the set pressure, port P is connected with port (1) and port T is disconnected from port 1.

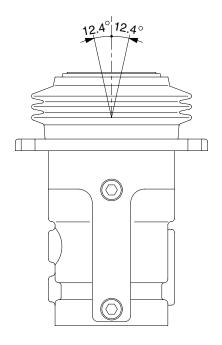
In this manner the secondary pressure is kept at the constant value.

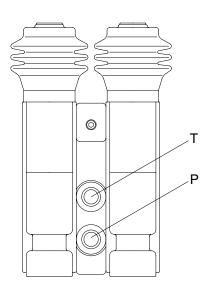
Besides, in some type, when the handle is tilted more than a certain angle, the upper end of the spool contacts with the inside bottom of the push rod and the output pressure is left to be connected with port P.

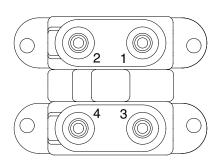
GROUP 6 RCV PEDAL (-#0473)

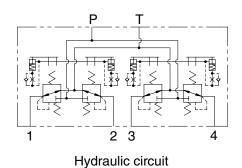
1. STRUCTURE

The casing (spacer) has the oil inlet port P (primary pressure), and the oil outlet port T (tank). In addition the secondary pressure is taken out through ports 1,2,3 and 4 provided at the bottom face.









| Port | Port | Port size | | |
|------|--|-----------|--|--|
| Р | Pilot oil inlet port | | | |
| Т | Pilot oil return port | | | |
| 1 | Travel (LH, Forward) | PF 1/4 | | |
| 2 | 2 Travel (LH, Backward)3 Travel (RH, Forward) | | | |
| 3 | | | | |
| 4 | Travel (RH, Backward) | | | |

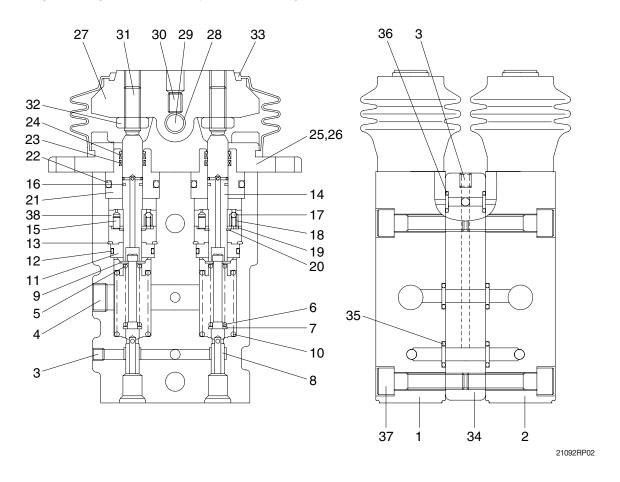
21092RP01

CROSS SECTION

The construction of the RCV pedal is shown in the below drawing. The casing has vertical holes in which reducing valves are assembled.

The pressure reducing section is composed of the spool (8), spring (6) for setting secondary pressure, return spring (10), stopper (9), and spring seat (7). The spring for setting the secondary pressure has been generally so preset that the secondary pressure is 5 to 19 kgf/cm² (depending on the type). The spool is pushed against the push rod (14) by the return spring.

When the push rod is pushed down by tilting pedal, the spring seat comes down simultaneously and changes setting of the secondary pressure spring.



| 1 | Body(1) | 14 | Push rod | 27 | Cam |
|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| 2 | Body(2) | 15 | Spring pin | 28 | Bushing |
| 3 | Plug | 16 | Seal | 29 | Cam shaft |
| 4 | Plug | 17 | Steel ball | 30 | Set screw |
| 5 | Spring seat | 18 | Spring | 31 | Set screw |
| 6 | Spring | 19 | Plate | 32 | Nut |
| 7 | Spring seat | 20 | Snap ring | 33 | Bellows |
| 8 | Spool | 21 | Plug | 34 | Space |
| 9 | Stopper | 22 | O-ring | 35 | O-ring |
| 10 | Spring | 23 | Rod seal | 36 | O-ring |
| 11 | Rod guide | 24 | Dust seal | 37 | Socket bolt |
| 12 | O-ring | 25 | Cover | 38 | Piston |
| 13 | Snap ring | 26 | Socket bolt | | |

2. FUNCTION

1) FUNDAMENTAL FUNCTIONS

The pilot valve is a valve controls the spool stroke, direction, etc of a main control valve. This function is carried out by providing the spring at one end of the main control valve spool and applying the output pressure (secondary pressure) of the pilot valve to the other end.

For this function to be carried out satisfactorily, the pilot valve is composed of the following elements.

- (1) Inlet port (P) where oil is supplied from hydraulic pump.
- (2) Output port (1, 2, 3 & 4) to apply pressure supplied from inlet port to ends of control valve spools.
- (3) Tank port (T) necessary to control the above output pressure.
- (4) Spool to connect output port to inlet port tank port.
- (5) Mechanical means to control output pressure, including springs that work on the above spools.

2) FUNCTIONS OF MAJOR SECTIONS

The functions of the spool (8) are to receive the supply oil pressure from the hydraulic pump at its port P, and to change over oil paths to determine whether the pressure oil of port P is led to output ports 1, 2, 3 & 4 or the output spool to determine the output pressure.

The spring (6) works on this spool to determine the output pressure.

The change the deflection of this spring, the push rod (14) is inserted and can slide in the plug (21). For the purpose of changing the displacement of the push rod through the cam (27) and adjusting nut (32) are provided the pedal that can be tilted in any direction around the fulcrum of the cam (27) center.

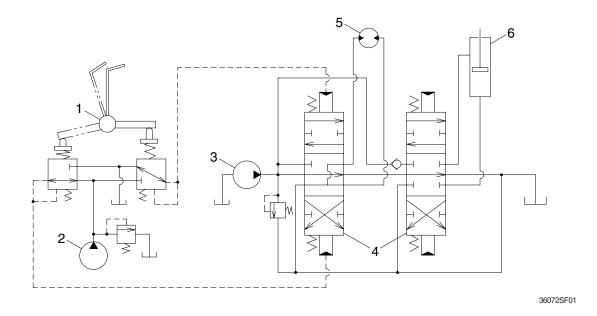
The spring (10) works on the casing (1) and spring seat (7) and tries to return the push rod (14) to the zero-displacement position irrespective of the output pressure, securing its resetting to the center position.

This also has the effect of a reaction spring to give appropriate control feeling to the operator.

3) OPERATION

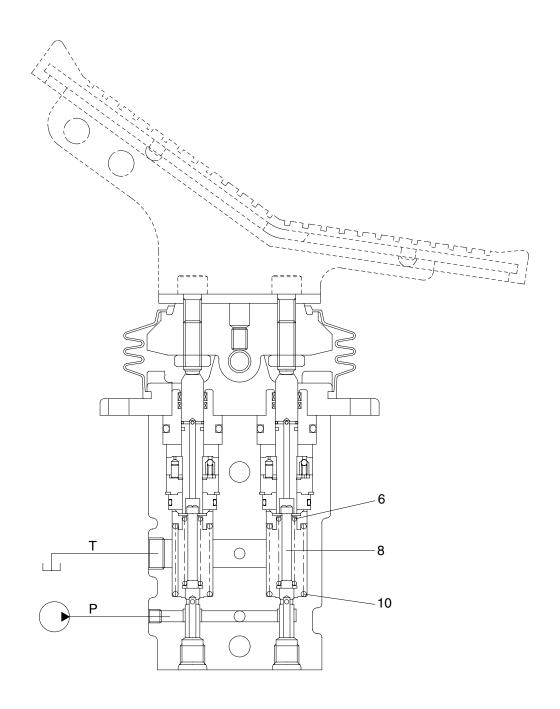
The operation of the pilot valve will be described on the basis of the hydraulic circuit diagram shown below ant the attached operation explanation drawing.

The diagram shown below is the typical application example of the pilot valve.



- 1 Pilot valve
- 2 Pilot pump
- 3 Main pump
- 4 Main control valve
- 5 Hydraulic motor
- 6 Hydraulic cylinder

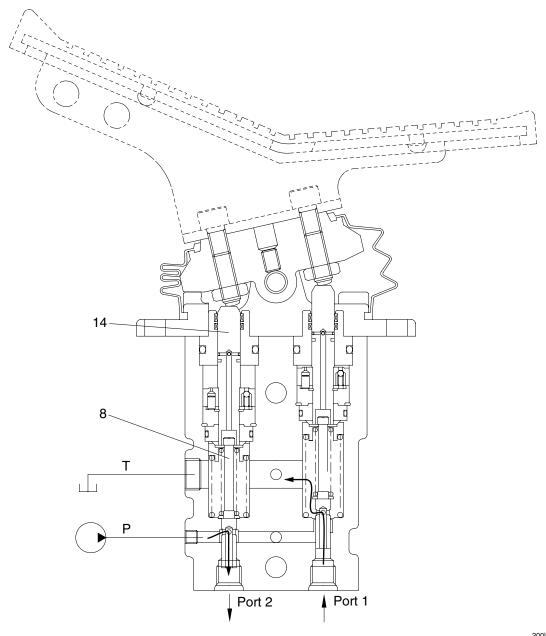
(1) Case where pedal is in neutral position



21092RP03

The force of the spring (6) that determines the output pressure of the pilot valve is not applied to the spool (8). Therefore, the spool is pushed up by the spring (10) to the position of port 2 in the operation explanation drawing. Then, since the output port is connected to tank port T only, the output port pressure becomes equal to tank pressure.

(2) Case where pedal is tilted



300L2RL08

When the push rod (14) is stroked, the spool (8) moves downwards.

Then port P is connected with port (2), and the oil supplied from the pilot pump flows through port 1 to generate the pressure.

When the pressure at port (2) increases to the value corresponding to the spring force set by tilting the pedal, the hydraulic pressure force balances with the spring force. If the pressure at port (1) increases higher than the set pressure, port P is disconnected from port (1) and port T is connected with port (2). If it decreases lower than the set pressure, port P is connected with port (2) and port T is disconnected from port (2).

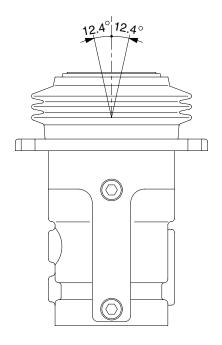
In this manner the secondary pressure is kept at the constant value.

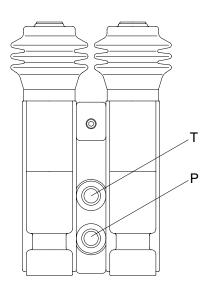
Besides, in some type, when the pedal is tilted more than a certain angle, the upper end of the spool contacts with inside bottom of the push rod and the output pressure is left to be connected with port P.

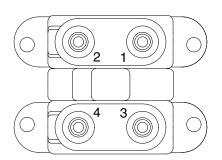
GROUP 6 RCV PEDAL (#0474-)

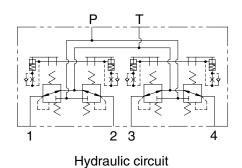
1. STRUCTURE

The casing (spacer) has the oil inlet port P (primary pressure), and the oil outlet port T (tank). In addition the secondary pressure is taken out through ports 1,2,3 and 4 provided at the bottom face.









| Port | Port | Port size | | |
|------|--|-----------|--|--|
| Р | Pilot oil inlet port | | | |
| Т | Pilot oil return port | | | |
| 1 | Travel (LH, Forward) | PF 1/4 | | |
| 2 | 2 Travel (LH, Backward)3 Travel (RH, Forward) | | | |
| 3 | | | | |
| 4 | Travel (RH, Backward) | | | |

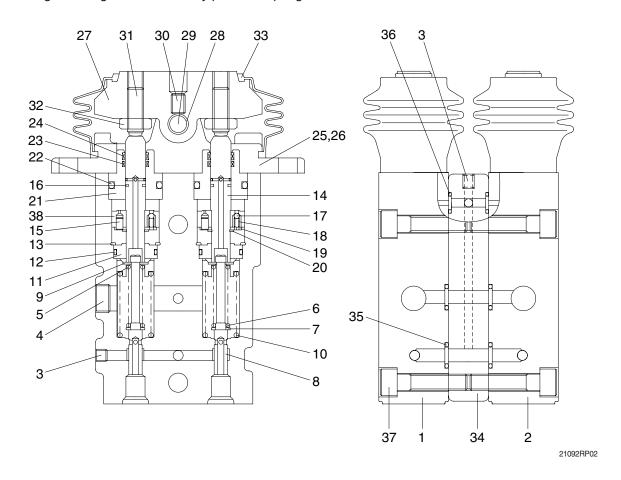
21092RP01

CROSS SECTION

The construction of the RCV pedal is shown in the below drawing. The casing has vertical holes in which reducing valves are assembled.

The pressure reducing section is composed of the spool (8), spring (6) for setting secondary pressure, return spring (10), stopper (9), and spring seat (7). The spring for setting the secondary pressure has been generally so preset that the secondary pressure is 5 to 19 kgf/cm² (depending on the type). The spool is pushed against the push rod (14) by the return spring.

When the push rod is pushed down by tilting pedal, the spring seat comes down simultaneously and changes setting of the secondary pressure spring.



| 1 | Body(1) | 14 | Push rod | 27 | Cam |
|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| 2 | Body(2) | 15 | Spring pin | 28 | Bushing |
| 3 | Plug | 16 | Seal | 29 | Cam shaft |
| 4 | Plug | 17 | Steel ball | 30 | Set screw |
| 5 | Spring seat | 18 | Spring | 31 | Set screw |
| 6 | Spring | 19 | Plate | 32 | Nut |
| 7 | Spring seat | 20 | Snap ring | 33 | Bellows |
| 8 | Spool | 21 | Plug | 34 | Space |
| 9 | Stopper | 22 | O-ring | 35 | O-ring |
| 10 | Spring | 23 | Rod seal | 36 | O-ring |
| 11 | Rod guide | 24 | Dust seal | 37 | Socket bolt |
| 12 | O-ring | 25 | Cover | 38 | Piston |
| 13 | Snap ring | 26 | Socket bolt | | |

2. FUNCTION

1) FUNDAMENTAL FUNCTIONS

The pilot valve is a valve controls the spool stroke, direction, etc of a main control valve. This function is carried out by providing the spring at one end of the main control valve spool and applying the output pressure (secondary pressure) of the pilot valve to the other end.

For this function to be carried out satisfactorily, the pilot valve is composed of the following elements.

- (1) Inlet port (P) where oil is supplied from hydraulic pump.
- (2) Output port (1, 2, 3 & 4) to apply pressure supplied from inlet port to ends of control valve spools.
- (3) Tank port (T) necessary to control the above output pressure.
- (4) Spool to connect output port to inlet port tank port.
- (5) Mechanical means to control output pressure, including springs that work on the above spools.

2) FUNCTIONS OF MAJOR SECTIONS

The functions of the spool (8) are to receive the supply oil pressure from the hydraulic pump at its port P, and to change over oil paths to determine whether the pressure oil of port P is led to output ports 1, 2, 3 & 4 or the output spool to determine the output pressure.

The spring (6) works on this spool to determine the output pressure.

The change the deflection of this spring, the push rod (14) is inserted and can slide in the plug (21). For the purpose of changing the displacement of the push rod through the cam (27) and adjusting nut (32) are provided the pedal that can be tilted in any direction around the fulcrum of the cam (27) center.

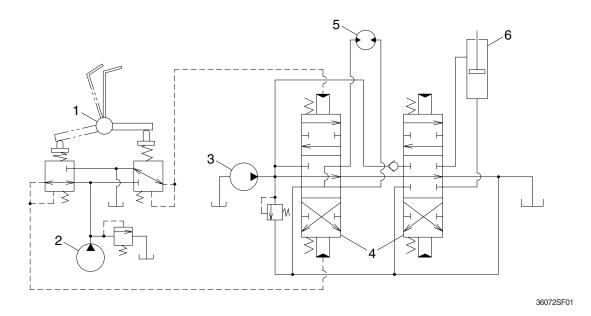
The spring (10) works on the casing (1) and spring seat (7) and tries to return the push rod (14) to the zero-displacement position irrespective of the output pressure, securing its resetting to the center position.

This also has the effect of a reaction spring to give appropriate control feeling to the operator.

3) OPERATION

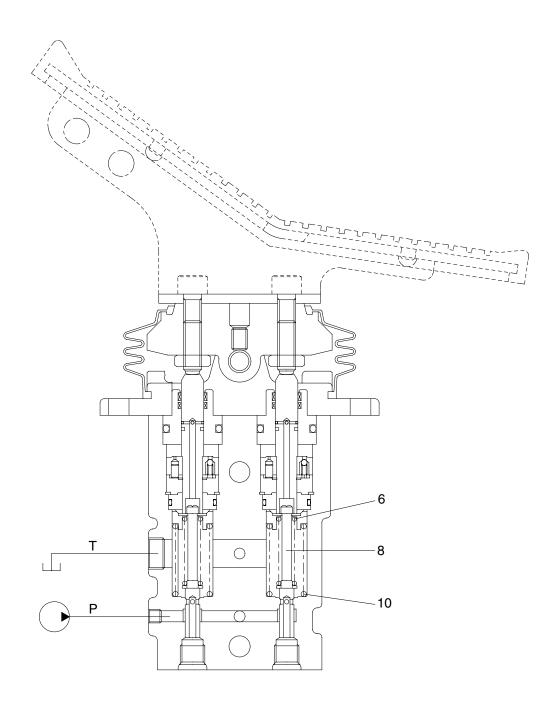
The operation of the pilot valve will be described on the basis of the hydraulic circuit diagram shown below ant the attached operation explanation drawing.

The diagram shown below is the typical application example of the pilot valve.



- 1 Pilot valve
- 2 Pilot pump
- 3 Main pump
- 4 Main control valve
- 5 Hydraulic motor
- 6 Hydraulic cylinder

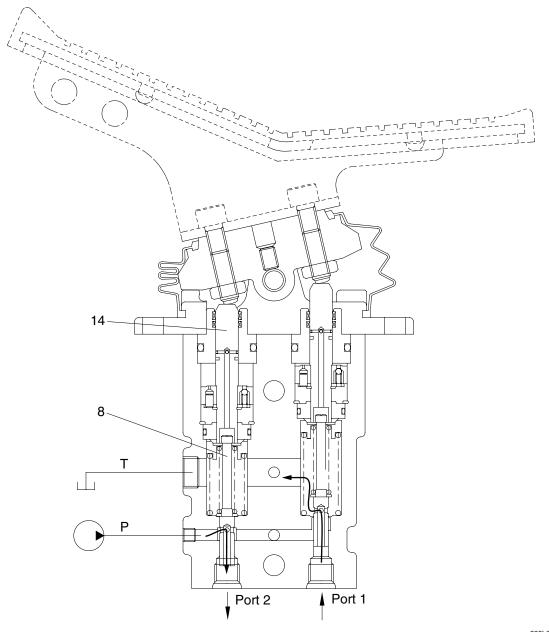
(1) Case where pedal is in neutral position



21092RP03

The force of the spring (6) that determines the output pressure of the pilot valve is not applied to the spool (8). Therefore, the spool is pushed up by the spring (10) to the position of port 2 in the operation explanation drawing. Then, since the output port is connected to tank port T only, the output port pressure becomes equal to tank pressure.

(2) Case where pedal is tilted



300L2RL08

When the push rod (14) is stroked, the spool (8) moves downwards.

Then port P is connected with port (2), and the oil supplied from the pilot pump flows through port 1 to generate the pressure.

When the pressure at port (2) increases to the value corresponding to the spring force set by tilting the pedal, the hydraulic pressure force balances with the spring force. If the pressure at port (1) increases higher than the set pressure, port P is disconnected from port (1) and port T is connected with port (2). If it decreases lower than the set pressure, port P is connected with port (2) and port T is disconnected from port (2).

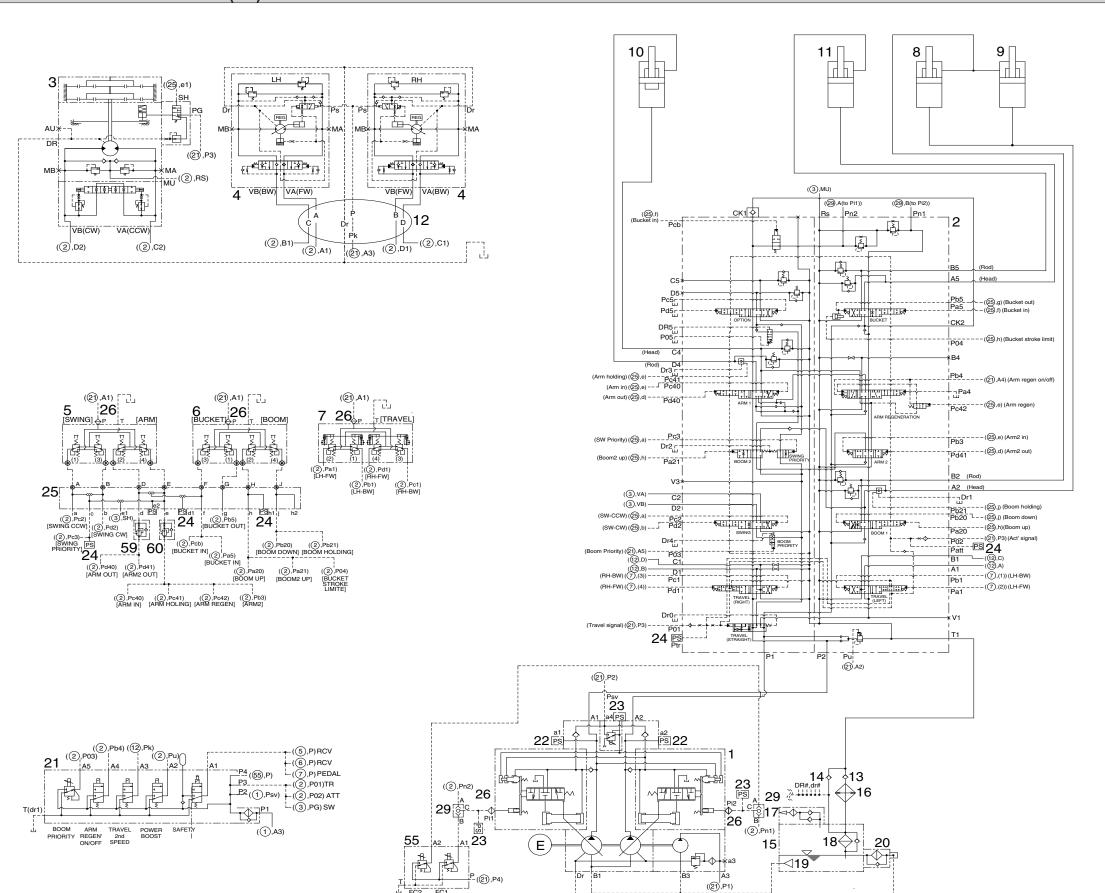
In this manner the secondary pressure is kept at the constant value.

Besides, in some type, when the pedal is tilted more than a certain angle, the upper end of the spool contacts with inside bottom of the push rod and the output pressure is left to be connected with port P.

SECTION 3 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

| Group | 1 | Hydraulic Circuit | 3-1 |
|-------|---|---------------------|------|
| Group | 2 | Main Circuit | 3-2 |
| Group | 3 | Pilot Circuit ····· | 3-5 |
| Group | 4 | Single Operation | 3-14 |
| Group | 5 | Combined Operation | 3-24 |

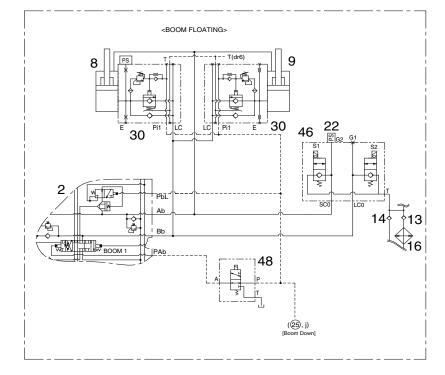
GROUP 1 HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT (1/2)

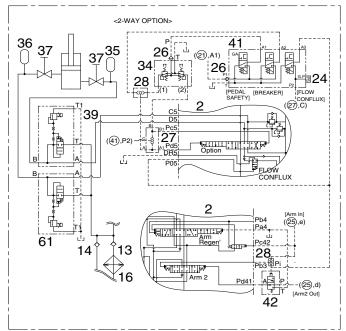


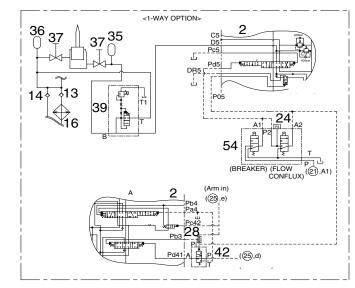
- 1 Main pump
- Main control valve
- Swing motor
- 4 Travel motor
- 5 RCV lever (LH)
- 6 RCV lever (RH)
- 7 RCV pedal
- Boom cylinder (LH)
- 9 Boom cylinder (RH)
- 10 Arm cylinder
- 11 Bucket cylinder
- 12 Turning joint
- 13 Check valve
- 14 Check valve
- 15 Hydraulic tank
- 16 Oil cooler
- 17 Air breather
- 18 Bypass valve
- 19 Strainer
- 20 Drain valve
- 21 Solenoid valve
- 22 Pressure sensor
- 23 Pressure sensor
- 24 Pressure sensor
- 25 Shuttle block
- 26 Last guard filter
- 29 Tee shuttle
- 55 2-EPPR cartridge valve
- 59 Shockless valve
- 60 Shockless valve

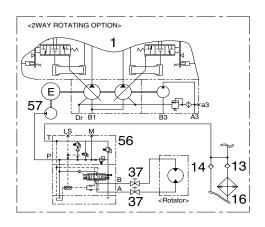
30K8-17100 1OF2

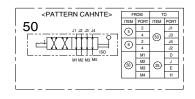
HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT (2/2)

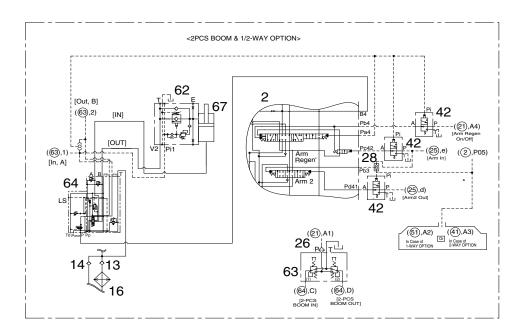


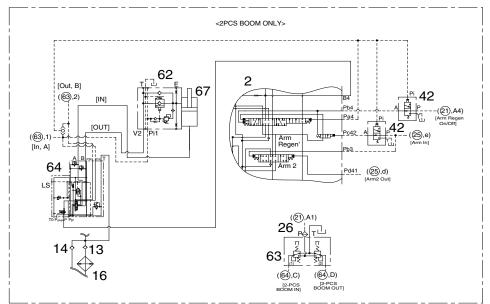


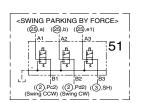


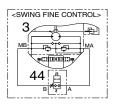


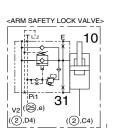


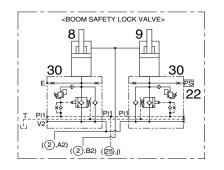


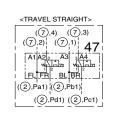


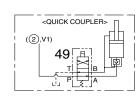












- 1 Main pump
- Main control valve
- Swing motor
- 8 Boom cylinder (LH)
- 9 Boom cylinder (RH)
- 10 Arm cylinder
- 13 Check valve
- 14 Check valve
- 16 Oil cooler
- 22 Pressure switch
- 24 Pressure switch
- 26 Last guard switch
- 5-shuttle valve (option)Tee shuttle (option)
- Boom safety valve (option)
- 31 Arm safety valve (option)
- 35 Accumulator (option)
- 36 Accumulator (option)
- 36 Accumulator (opti
- 37 Stop valve (option)
- 39 Pro. relief valve (option)
- 41 3-sol cartridge valve (option)
- 42 Pilot selector valve (option)
- 44 Solenoid valve (option)
- 46 Boom floating valve (option)
- 47 Solenoid valve (option)
- 48 Solenoid valve (option)
- 49 Solenoid valve (option)
- 50 Pattern change valve (option)
- 51 Solenoid valve (option)
- 56 Proportional valve (option)
- 57 Gear pump (option)
- 61 Pro. relief valve (option)
- 62 Cylinder safety valve (option)
- 63 2-way pedal (option)
- 64 Control valve (option)
- 67 2pcs boom cylinder (option)

30K8-17100 2OF2

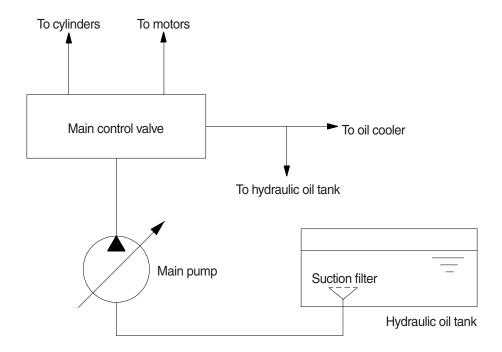
GROUP 2 MAIN CIRCUIT

The main hydraulic circuit consists of suction circuit, delivery circuit, return circuit and drain circuit.

The hydraulic system consists of one main pump, one control valve, one swing motor, four cylinders and two travel motors.

The swash plate type variable displacement tandem axial piston pump is used as the main pump and is driven by the engine at ratio 1.0 of engine speed.

1. SUCTION AND DELIVERY CIRCUIT



3-02

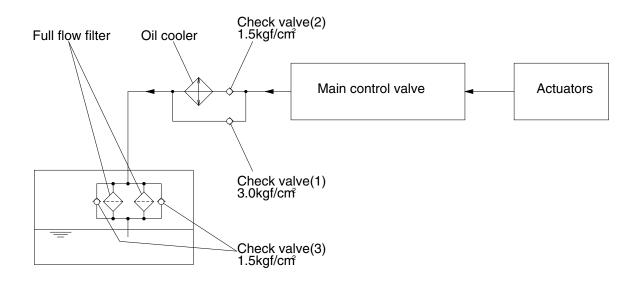
The pumps receive oil from the hydraulic tank through a suction filter. The discharged oil from the pump flows into the control valve and goes out the tank ports.

The oil discharged from the main pump flows to the actuators through the control valve.

The control valve controls the hydraulic functions.

The return oil from the actuators flows to the hydraulic tank through the control valve and the oil cooler.

2. RETURN CIRCUIT



29073CI01

All oil from each actuator returns to the hydraulic tank through the control valve.

The bypass check valves are provided in the return circuit.

The setting pressure of bypass check valves are 1.5 kgf/cm² (21 psi) and 3.0 kgf/cm² (43 psi). Usually, oil returns to the hydraulic tank from the left side of control valve through oil cooler.

When oil temperature is low, viscosity becomes higher and flow resistance increases when passing through the oil cooler. The oil pressure exceeds 3.0 kgf/cm² (43 psi), the oil returns directly to the hydraulic tank, resulting in the oil temperature being raised quickly at an appropriate level.

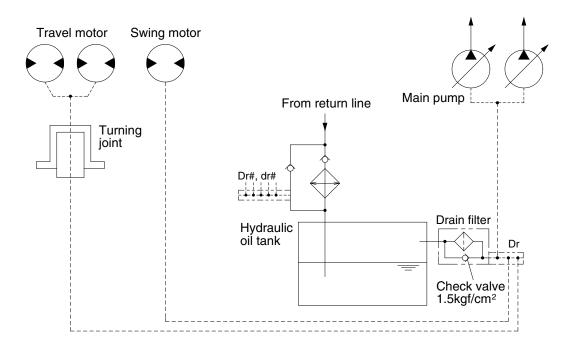
When the oil cooler is clogged, the oil returns directly to the hydraulic tank through bypass check valve (1).

The full-flow filter and bypass relief valve are provided in the hydraulic tank.

The oil from right and left side of control valve is combined and filtered by the return filter. A bypass relief valve is provided in the full-flow filter.

When the filter element is clogged, the bypass relief valve opens at 1.5 kgf/cm² (21 psi) differential pressure.

3. DRAIN CIRCUIT



21093Cl02

Besides internal leaks from the motors and main pump, the oil for lubrication circulates. These oil have to be fed to the hydraulic tank passing through drain filter and full flow filter in the hydraulic tank. When the drain oil pressure exceed 1.5 kgf/cm² (21 psi), the oil returns to the hydraulic tank directly.

1) TRAVEL MOTOR DRAIN CIRCUIT

Oil leaking from the right and left travel motors comes out of the drain ports provided in the respective motor casing and join with each other. These oils pass through the turning joint and return to the hydraulic tank after being filtered by drain filter.

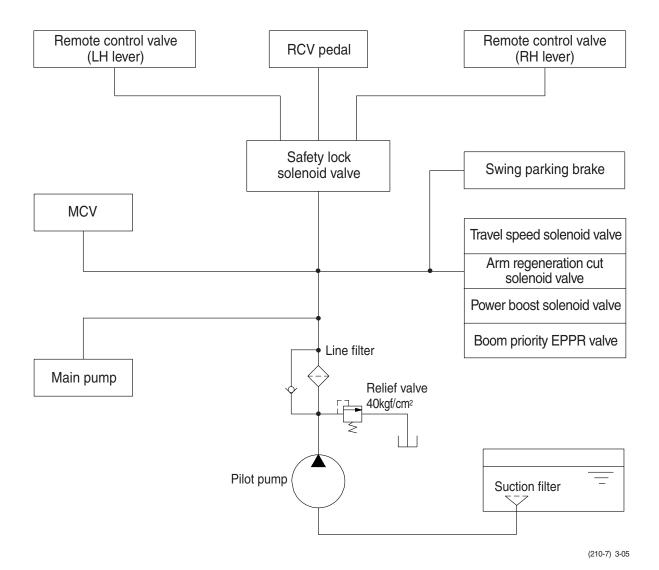
2) SWING MOTOR DRAIN CIRCUIT

Oil leaking from the swing motor come out and return to the hydraulic tank passing through drain filter.

3) MAIN PUMP DRAIN CIRCUIT

Oil leaking from main pump come out and return to the hydraulic tank passing through drain filter.

GROUP 3 PILOT CIRCUIT

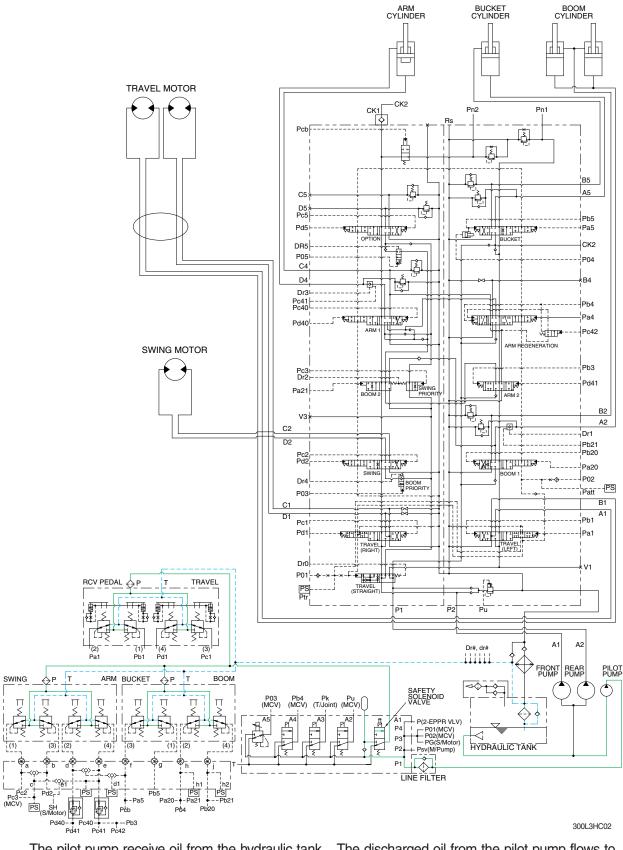


The pilot circuit consists of suction circuit, delivery circuit and return circuit.

The pilot pump is provided with relief valve, receives the oil from the hydraulic tank through the suction filter.

The discharged oil from the pilot pump flows to the remote control valve through line filter, EPPR valve, solenoid valve assemblies, swing parking brake, main control valve and safety lock solenoid valve.

1. SUCTION, DELIVERY AND RETURN CIRCUIT

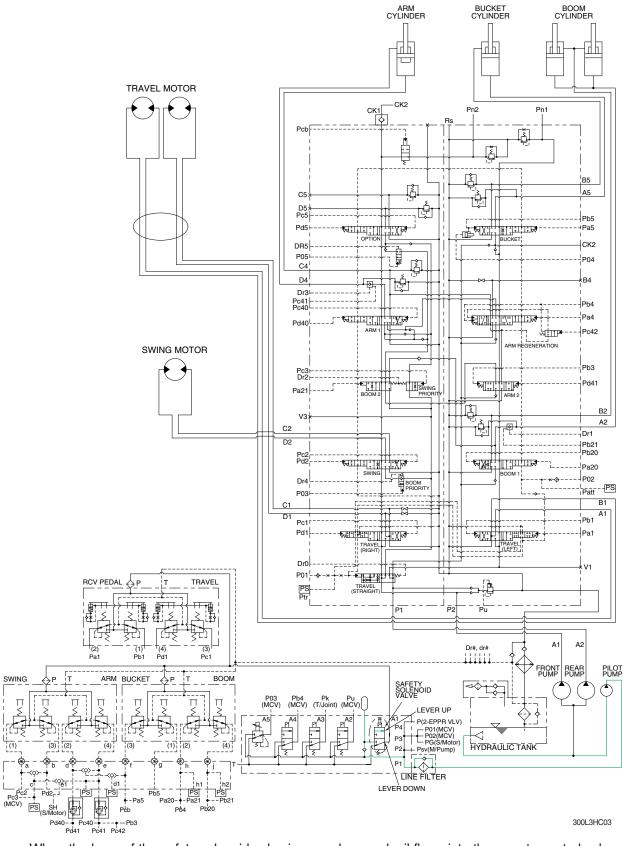


The pilot pump receive oil from the hydraulic tank. The discharged oil from the pilot pump flows to the safety solenoid valve through the line filter. The oil is filtered by the line filter. The pilot relief valve is provided in the pilot pump for limiting the pilot circuit pressure.

The oil filtered by line filter flows remote control valve through safety solenoid valve.

The return oil from remote control valve returned to hydraulic tank.

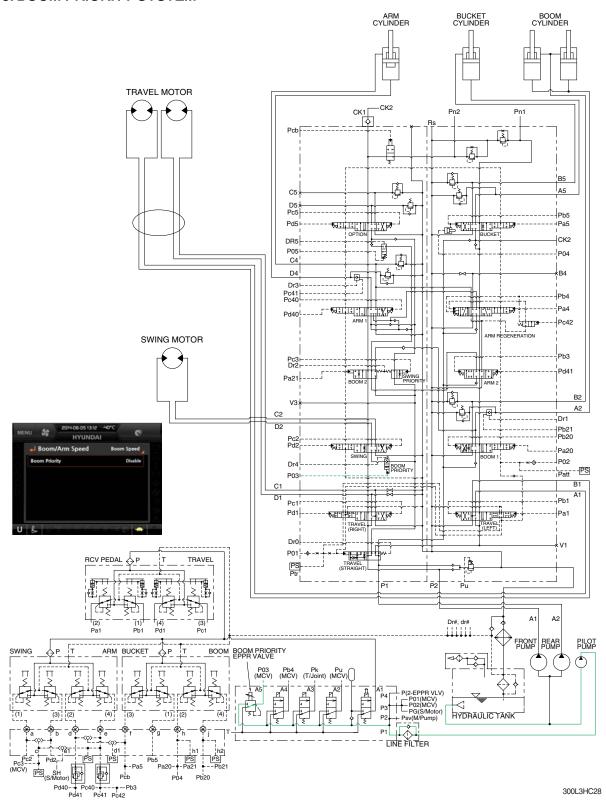
2. SAFETY SOLENOID VALVE (SAFETY LEVER)



When the lever of the safety solenoid valve is moved upward, oil flows into the remote control valve through solenoid valve and line filter.

When the lever of the safety solenoid valve moved downward, oil does not flows into the remote control valve, because of blocked by the spool.

3. BOOM PRIORITY SYSTEM



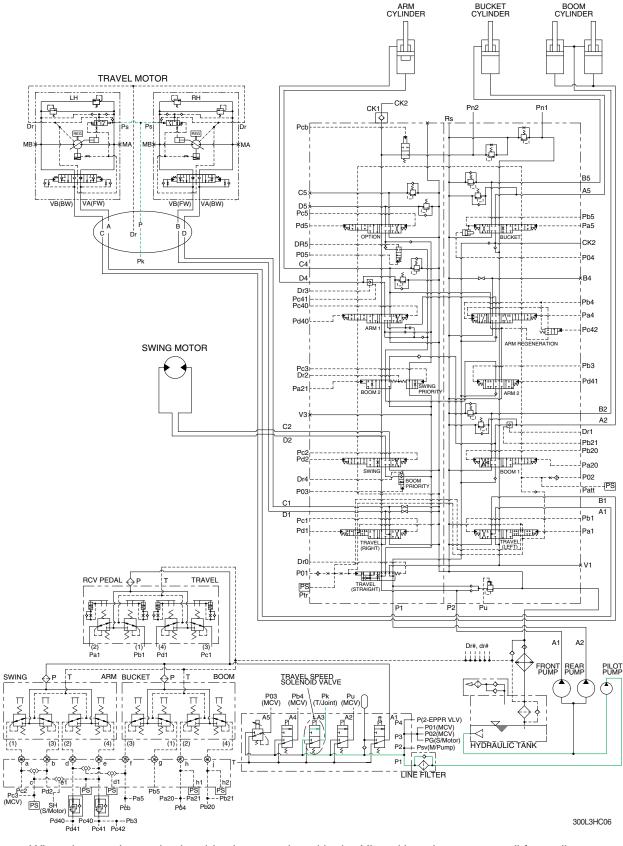
When carrying out the combined operation of swing and boom up, the boom up operating speed is lowered then normal operation.

To increase working efficiency, swing speed reducing system is used.

The pilot oil from pilot pump flow into **P03** port in main control valve through boom EPPR valve. **P03** oil pressure moves swing reducing spool to upper position and oil flow rate to the swing motor decreased.

Then, the boom up speed is increased. This is called the boom priority system.

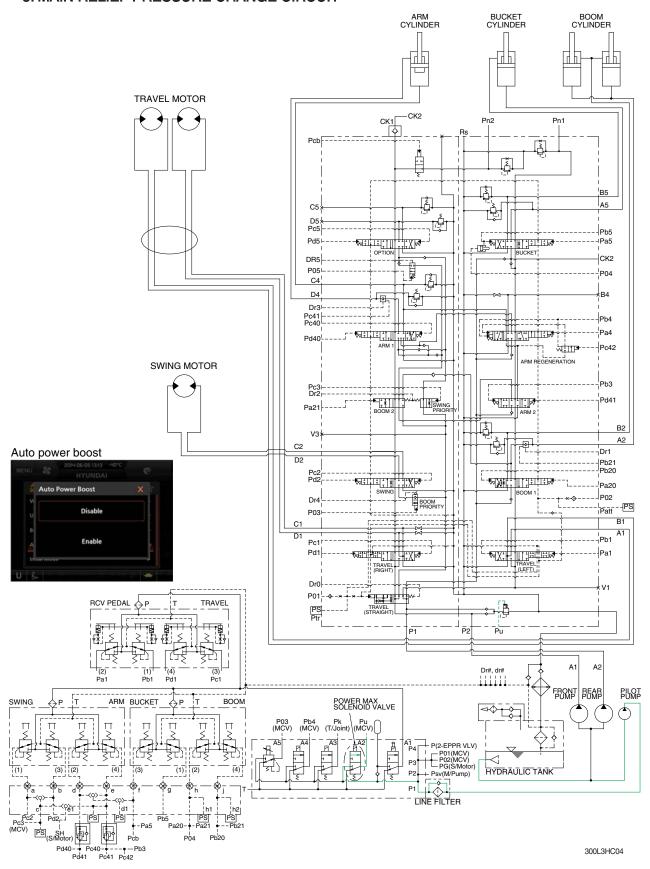
4. TRAVEL SPEED CONTROL SYSTEM



When the travel speed solenoid valve was placed in the Hi position, the pressure oil from pilot pump through line filter flows to port **Ps** of travel speed change over valve, and the control piston is pushed up, thus minimizing the displacement.

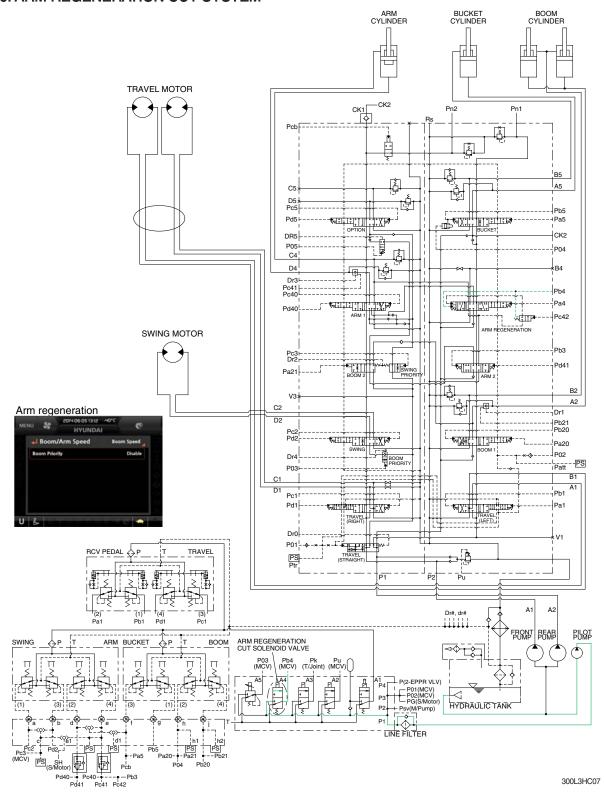
When the travel speed solenoid valve was placed in the Lo position, the oil of **Ps** port return to the tank and the control piston is returned, thus maximizing the displacement.

5. MAIN RELIEF PRESSURE CHANGE CIRCUIT



When the power max switch on the left control lever is pushed ON, the power max solenoid valve is actuated, the discharged oil from the pilot pump into Pu port of the main relief valve of main control valve; Then the setting pressure of the main control valve is raises from 350 kgf/cm² to 380 kgf/cm² for increasing the digging power. And even when press continuously, it is canceled after 8 seconds.

6. ARM REGENERATION CUT SYSTEM



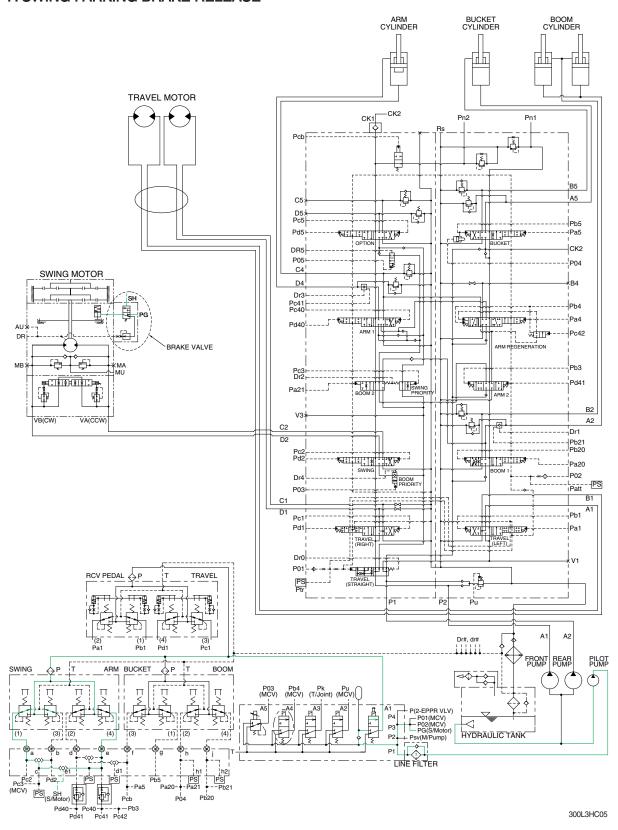
When the arm regeneration is selected to disable on the cluster, the arm regeneration solenoid valve is activated. The pilot oil from pilot pump flow into **Pb4** port in main control valve through solenoid valve and the arm regeneration spool is shifted to right.

Then, the oil from arm regeneration passage returns to tank and the arm regeneration function is deactivated.

When the arm regeneration is selected to enable on the cluster, the arm regeneration function is activated and arm in operation speed is increased.

Refer to page 2-49 for the arm regeneration function.

7. SWING PARKING BRAKE RELEASE



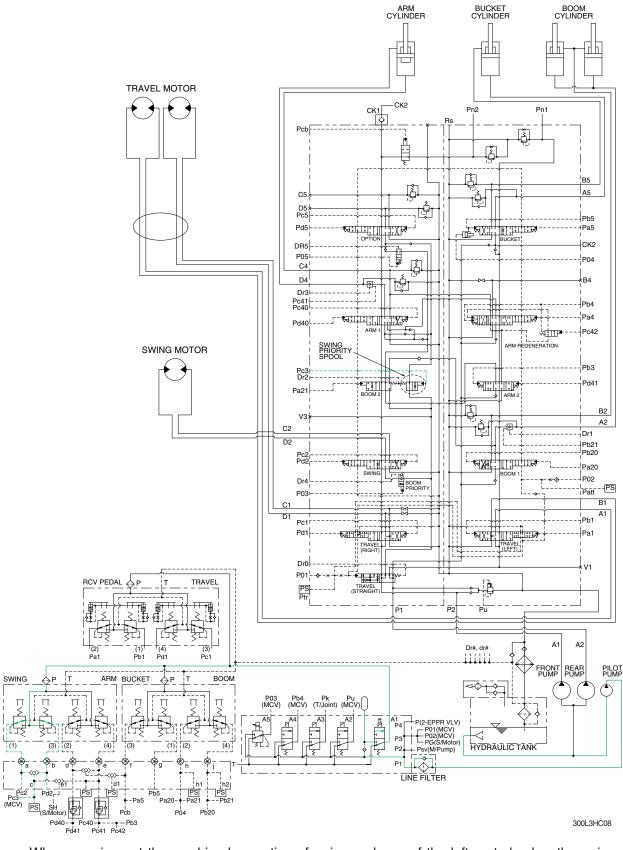
When the RCV lever (swing or arm in) is tilted, the pilot oil flows into SH port through shuttle valve.

This pressure moves spool of the swing brake valve so, discharged oil from pilot valve flows to swing motor PG port.

This pressure is applied to swing motor disc, thus the brake is released.

When all of the RCV lever are set in the neutral position, oil in the swing motor disc cylinder is drained, thus the brake is applied.

8. SWING PRIORITY SYSTEM

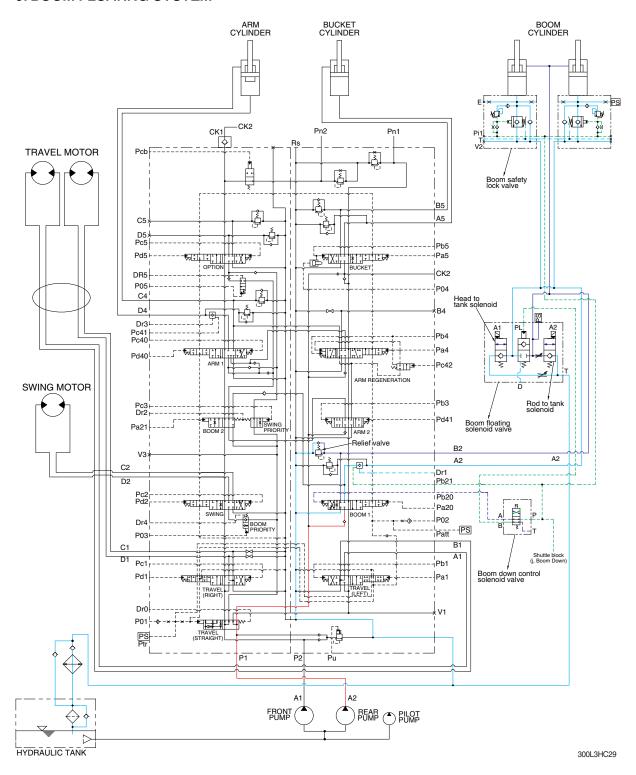


When carrying out the combined operation of swing and arm of the left control valve, the swing speed can be lowered than operating speed of arm.

Pc3 pressure from the swing shuttle block change the swing priority spool and decreases the oil flow rate to the next section to make the swing operation most preferential.

This is called the swing priority system. For details, refer to page 2-45.

9. BOOM FLOATING SYSTEM



Smooth and convenient boom movement is accomplished by only arm control lever operation.

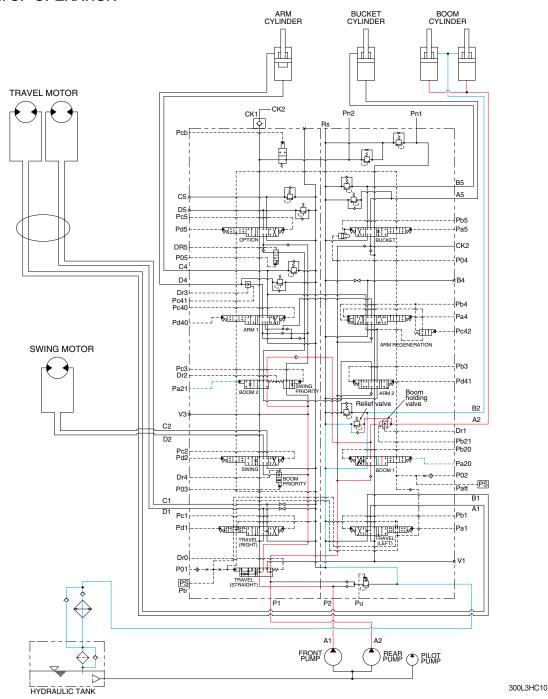
The boom floating solenoid values are equipped in the rod and head of boom cylinder that are controlled to act as floating mode.

"Rod to tank solenoid" and "Head to tank solenoid" are active. So the hydraulic oil of rod and head goes to tank, and floating is accomplished. In the mode, boom down cut-off solenoid is active so that boom down pilot pressure is cut.

For more details, refer to page 5-13.

GROUP 4 SINGLE OPERATION

1. BOOM UP OPERATION



When the RH control lever is pulled back, the boom spools in the main control valve are moved to the up position by the pilot oil pressure from the remote control valve.

The oil from the A1 and A2 pump flows into the main control valve and then goes to the large chamber of boom cylinders.

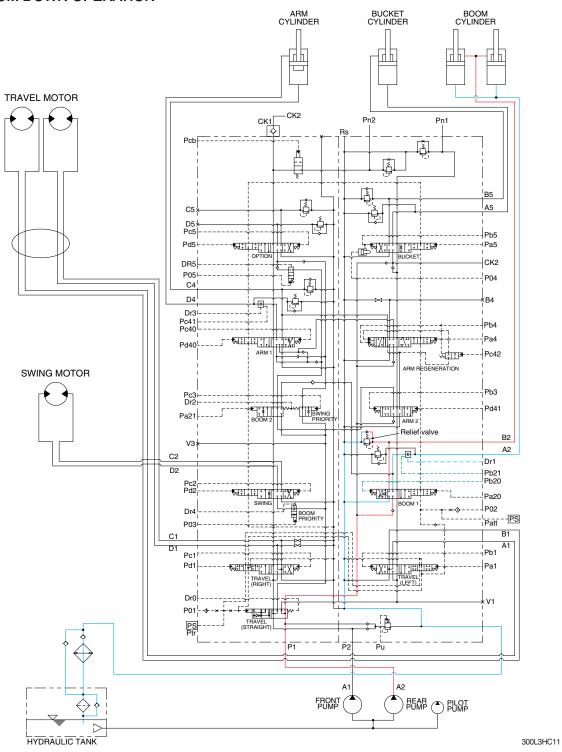
At the same time, the oil from the small chamber of boom cylinders returns to the hydraulic oil tank through the boom spool in the main control valve. When this happens, the boom goes up.

The excessive pressure in the boom cylinder bottom end circuit is prevented by relief valve.

When the boom is up and the control lever is returned to neutral position, the circuit for the holding pressure at the bottom end of the boom cylinder is closed by the boom holding valve.

This prevents the hydraulic drift of boom cylinder.

2. BOOM DOWN OPERATION



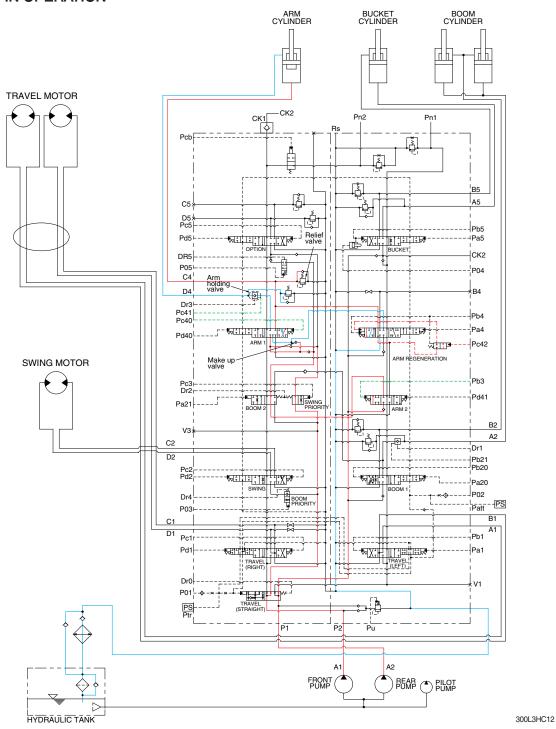
When the RH control lever is pushed forward, the boom spools in the main control valve are moved to the down position by the pilot oil pressure from the remote control valve.

The oil from the A2 pump flows into the main control valve and then goes to the small chamber of boom cylinders. At the same time, the oil from the large chamber of boom cylinders returns to the hydraulic tank through the boom spool in the main control valve.

When the down speed of boom is faster, the oil returned from the large chamber of boom cylinder combines with the oil from the rear pump, and flows into the small chamber of the boom cylinder.

This prevents cylinder cavitation by the negative pressure when the rear pump flow can not match the boom down speed. And the excessive pressure in the boom cylinder rod end circuit is prevented by the relief valve.

3. ARM IN OPERATION



When the LH control lever is pulled back, the arm spools in the main control valve are moved to the roll in position by the pilot oil pressure from the remote control valve.

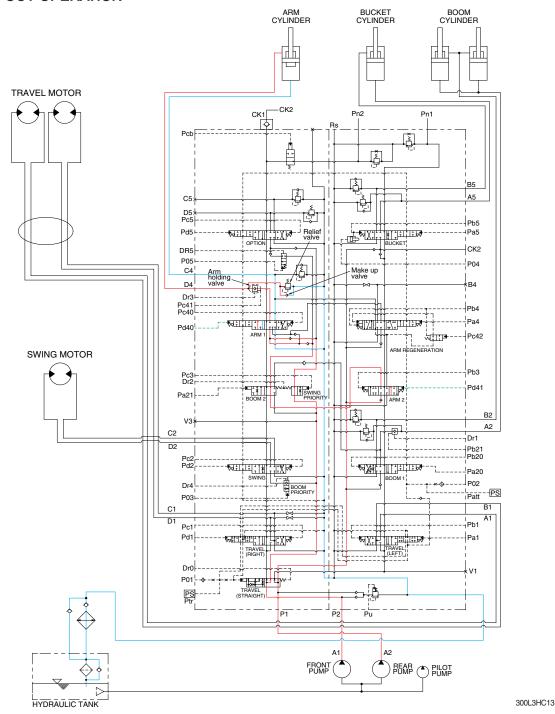
The oil from the A1 and A2 pump flows into the main control valve and then goes to the large chamber of arm cylinder.

At the same time, the oil from the small chamber of arm cylinder returns to the hydraulic oil tank through the arm spool in the main control valve. When this happens, the arm rolls in.

When the roll in speed of arm is faster, the oil returned from the small chamber of arm cylinder combines with the oil from both pump, and flows into the large chamber of the arm cylinder by a make up valve.

The excessive pressure in the arm cylinder bottom end circuit is prevented by relief valve. Refer to page 3-11 for the arm regeneration.

4. ARM OUT OPERATION



When the LH control lever is pushed forward, the arm spools in the main control valve are moved to the roll out position by the pilot oil pressure from the remote control valve.

The oil from the A1 and A2 pump flows into the main control valve and then goes to the small chamber of arm cylinder. At the same time, the oil from the large chamber of arm cylinder returns to the hydraulic oil tank through the arm spool in the main control valve.

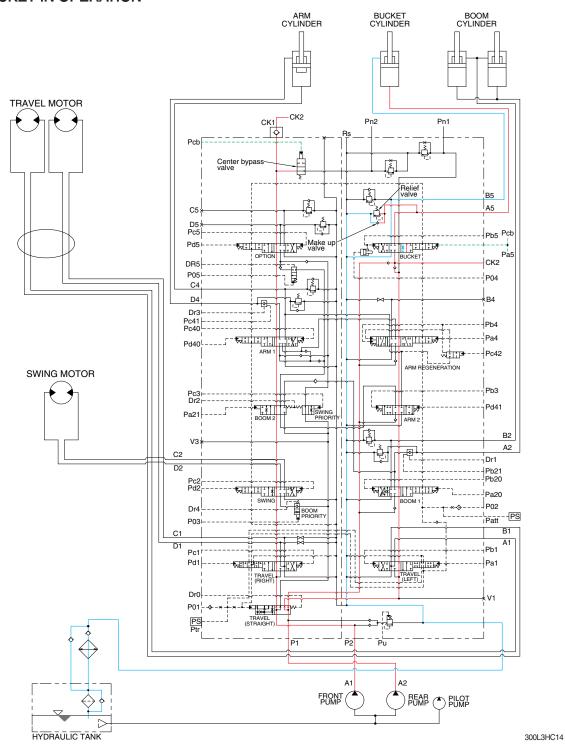
When this happens, the arm roll out. When the roll out speed of arm is faster, the oil returned from the large chamber of arm cylinder combines with the oil from both pump, and flows into the small chamber of the arm cylinder by a make up valve.

The excessive pressure in the arm cylinder rod end circuit is prevented by relief valve.

When the arm is rolled out and the control lever is returned to neutral position, the circuit for the holding pressure at the rod end of the arm cylinder is closed by the arm holding valve.

This prevents the hydraulic drift of arm cylinder.

5. BUCKET IN OPERATION



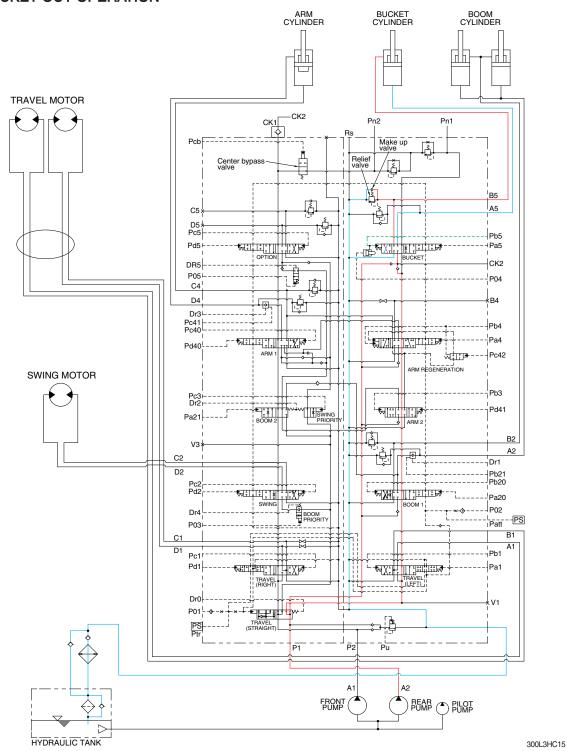
When the RH control lever is manually placed in the bucket roll in position. Then the oil flows from pilot pump through the pilot valve to bucket section of the main control valve. Here the spool position is moved to bucket roll in position.

The center bypass valve is change over by the pilot pressure (Pcb) and then the oil from A2 pump is joint to the flow of A1 pump via check 1 and external piping.

The oil flows from both pump through rod end of the cylinder through the bucket section returned to the hydraulic tank.

The cavitation which will happen to the bottom of the bucket cylinder is prevented by a make up valve, on other hand. The excessive pressure is also prevented by an overload relief valve in the main control valve.

6. BUCKET OUT OPERATION



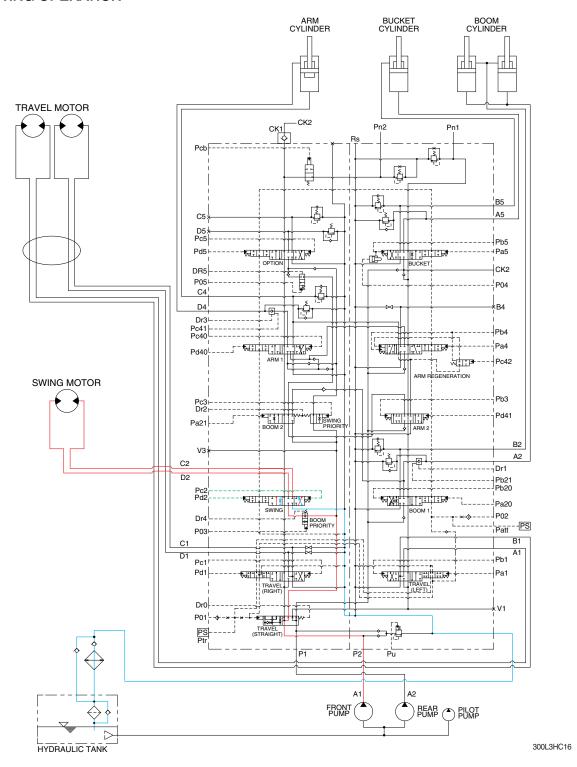
When the RH control lever is manually placed in the bucket roll out position. Then the oil flows from pilot pump through the pilot valve to bucket section of the main control valve. Here the spool position is moved to bucket roll out position.

The oil flows from A2 pump through bucket section of main control valve to the rod end of the bucket cylinder, and to roll out bucket.

The return oil flows from the bottom end of the cylinder through the bucket section returned to the hydraulic tank.

The cavitation which will happen to the rod of the bucket cylinder is prevented by a make up valve, on other hand. The excessive pressure is also prevented by an overload relief valve in the main control valve.

7. SWING OPERATION

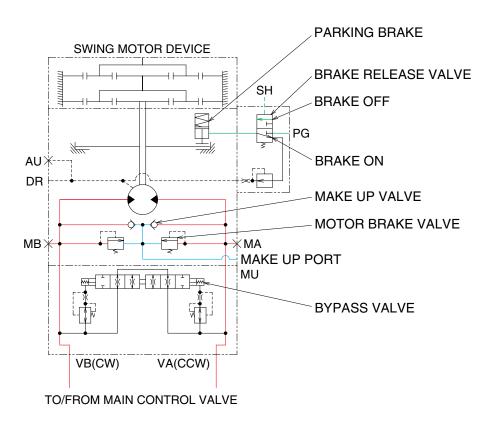


When the LH control lever is manually placed in the left (right) swing position. Then the oil flows from A1 pump through the swing section of the main control valve to swing motor to left (right) swing the superstructure. The return oil flows from swing motor through the swing section of the main control valve returned to the tank.

When the control lever placed in the neutral position, the pressure of the pilot oil passage down.

Then the brake release valve returned to the neutral position and the oil is returned from the brake piston to the tank. And the brake is set to "ON". The swing parking brake, make up valve and the overload relief valve are provide in the swing motors. The cavitation which will happen to the swing motor is prevented by the make up valve in the swing motor itself.

SWING CIRCUIT OPERATION



300L3HC17

1) MOTOR BRAKE VALVE

Motor brake valve for the swing motor limits to cushion the starting and stopping pressure of swing operation.

2) MAKE UP VALVE

The make up valves prevent cavitation by supplying return oil to the vacuum side of the motor.

3) PARKING BRAKE

In case that the parking, of the machine at slope is required during operation, there is the danger of involuntary swing caused by the self weight of the machine. The brake is connected to prevent this involuntary swing.

PARKING BRAKE "OFF" OPERATION

The parking brake is released by the pilot pressure oil from the pilot pump.

When the left control lever placed in the swing position, the pilot pressure at the shuttle valve is transferred to the brake release valve and the brake release valve is change over. Then the pilot pressure lift the brake piston and release the parking brake.

PARKING BRAKE "ON" OPERATION

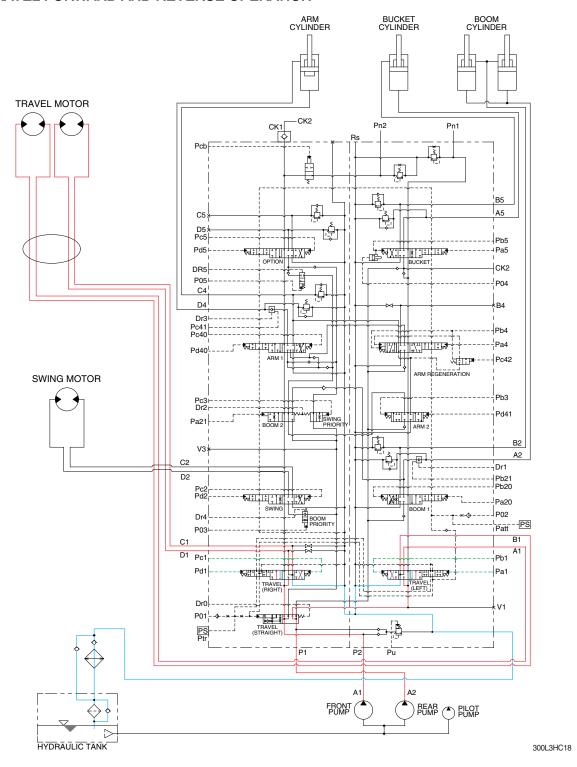
When the control lever placed in the neutral position, the pressure of the pilot oil passage down.

Then the brake release valve returned to the neutral position and the oil is returned from the brake piston to the tank. And the brake is set to 'ON".

4) BYPASS VALVE

This bypass valve absorbs shocks produced as swing motion stops and reduced oscillation cause by swing motion.

8. TRAVEL FORWARD AND REVERSE OPERATION

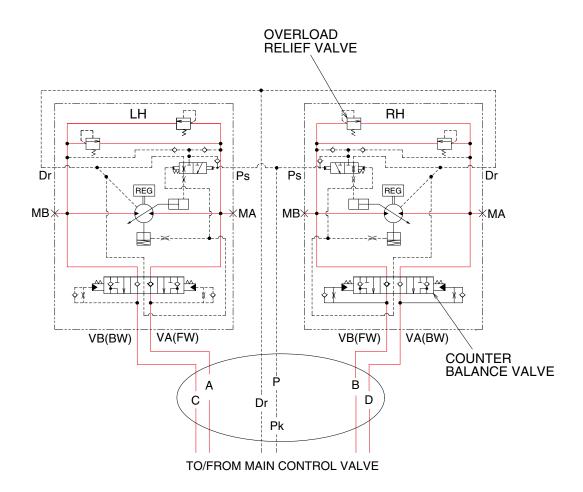


When the right and left travel levers are manually placed to the forward or reverse position, the oil flows from pilot pump through the pilot valve to travel sections of the main control valve.

Here, spool position is moved to forward and reverse position. The oil flows from A2 pump through the travel (RH) section of the main control valve and turning joint to the right travel motor and oil flows from A1 pump through the travel (LH) section of the main control valve and turning joint to the left travel motor and move the machine forward or reverse.

The return oil flows from both travel motor through the turning joint and travel (RH, LH) sections returned to the tank.

TRAVEL CIRCUIT OPERATION



300L3HC19

Valves are provided on travel motors to offer the following functions.

1) COUNTER BALANCE VALVE

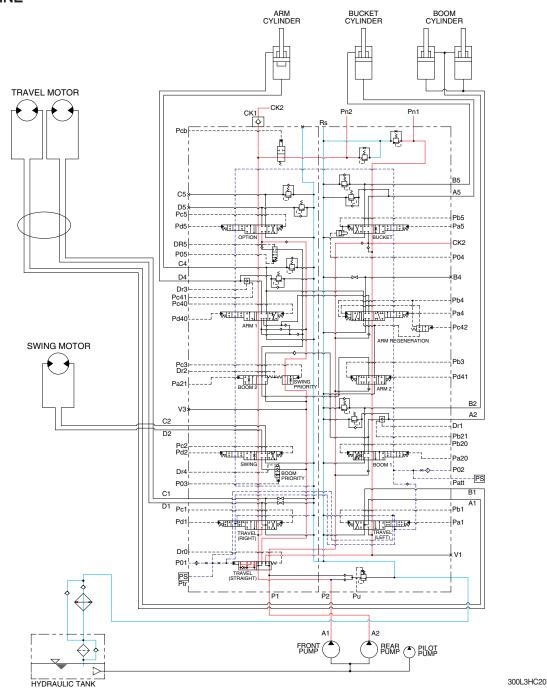
When stopping the motor of slope descending, this valve to prevent the motor over run.

2) OVERLOAD RELIEF VALVE

Relief valve limit the circuit pressure below 380 kgf/cm² to prevent high pressure generated at a time of stopping the machine. Stopping the motor, this valve sucks the oil from lower pressure passage for preventing the negative pressure and the cavitation of the motor.

GROUP 5 COMBINED OPERATION

1. OUTLINE



The oil from the A1 and A2 pump flows through the neutral oil passage, bypass oil passage and confluence oil passage in the main control valve. Then the oil goes to each actuator and operates them. Check valves and orifices are located on these oil passage in the main control valve. These control the oil from the main pumps so as to correspond to the operation of each actuator and smooth the combined operation.

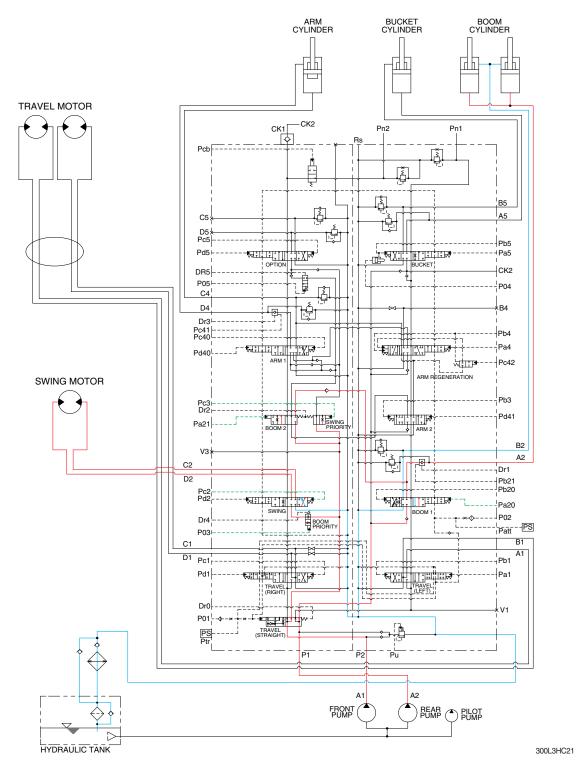
STRAIGHT TRAVEL SPOOL

This straight travel spool is provided in the main control valve.

If any actuator is operated when traveling, the straight travel spool is pushed to the right by the pilot oil pressure from the pilot pump.

Consequently, the left and right travel oil supply passage are connected, and equivalent amount of oil flows into the left and right travel motors. This keeps the straight travel.

2. COMBINED SWING AND BOOM UP OPERATION



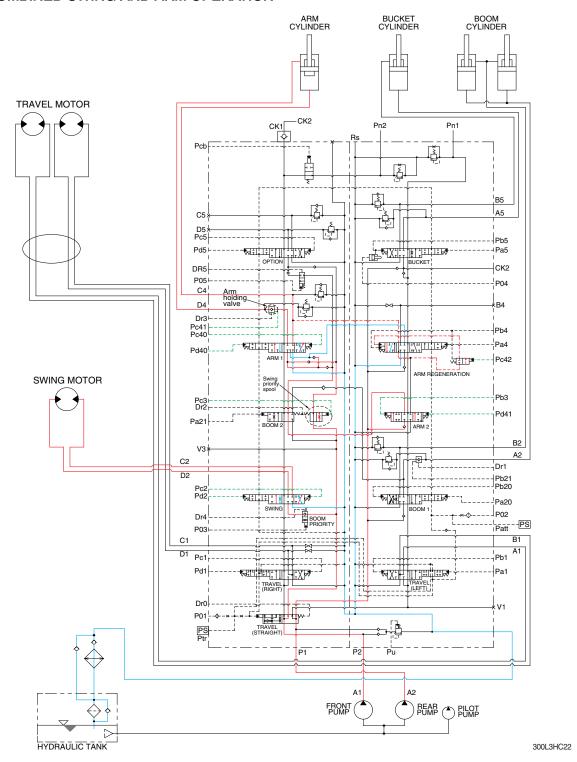
When the swing and boom up functions are operated, simultaneously the swing spool and boom spools changed. The oil flows from the A2 pump through boom 1 section of the main control valve to boom cylinders and the boom functions.

The oil flows from A1 pump flow into swing motor through swing spool and the boom cylinder through boom 2 spool.

The upper structure swing and the boom is up.

Refer to page 3-8 for the boom priority system.

3. COMBINED SWING AND ARM OPERATION

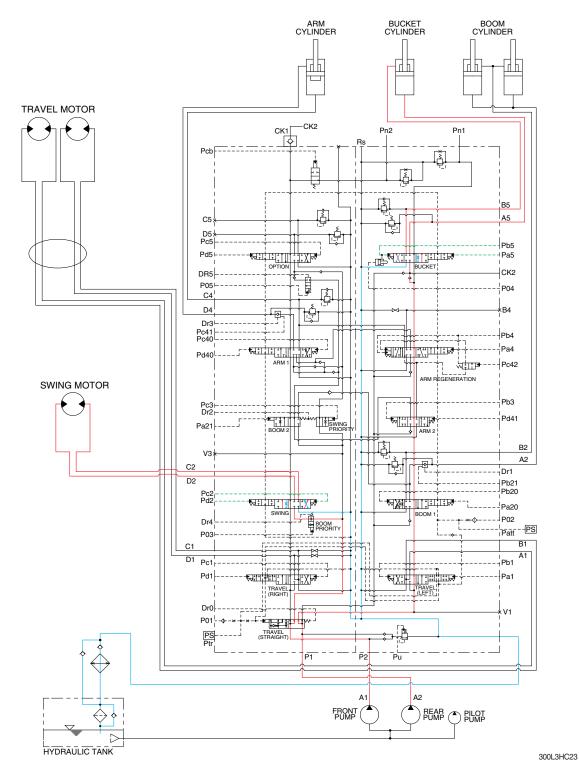


When the swing and arm functions are operated, simultaneously the swing spool and arm spools in the main control valve are moved to the functional position by the pilot oil pressure from the remote control valve.

The oil from the A1 pump flows into the swing motor through swing spool and the arm cylinder through arm 1 spool.

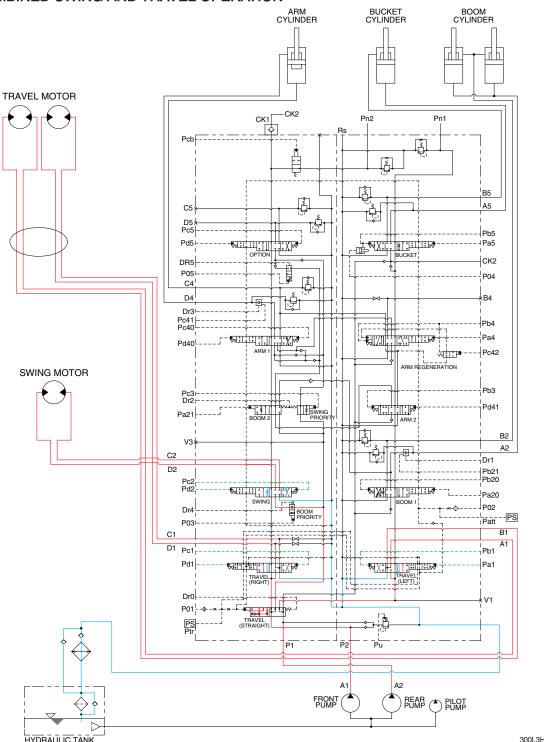
The oil from the A2 pump flows into the arm cylinder through the arm 2 spool of the right control valve. The upper structure swings and the arm is operated.

4. COMBINED SWING AND BUCKET OPERATION



When the swing and bucket functions are operated, the swing and bucket spools changed. The oil flows from the A2 pump through the bucket section of the main control valve to the bucket cylinder and the bucket functions. The oil flows from A1 pump through swing section of the main control valve to the swing motor and swing the superstructure.

5. COMBINED SWING AND TRAVEL OPERATION



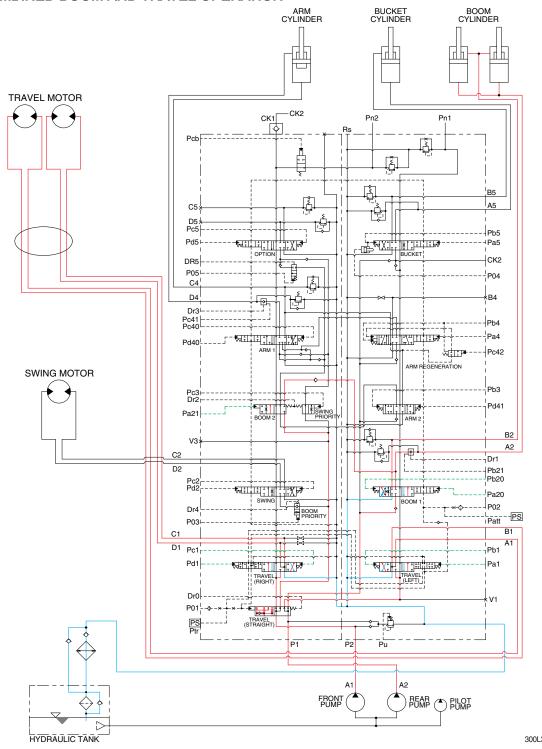
When the swing and travel functions are operated, simultaneously the swing spool and travel spools in the main control valve are moved to the functional position by the pilot oil pressure from the remote control valve. At the same time, the straight travel spool is pushed to the right by the pilot oil pressure from the pilot pump.

The oil from the A2 pump flows into the swing motor through the swing spool. The oil from the A1 pump flows into the travel motor through the RH travel spool of the right control valve and the LH travel spool of the left control valve via the straight travel spool.

When the pressure of the travel motors is lower than the pressure of the bucket cylinder, some oil from the A2 pump flows into the travel motors through the check valve and orifice in the straight travel spool. This prevents the rapid slowdown of the travel.

The superstructure swings and the machine travels straight.

6. COMBINED BOOM AND TRAVEL OPERATION

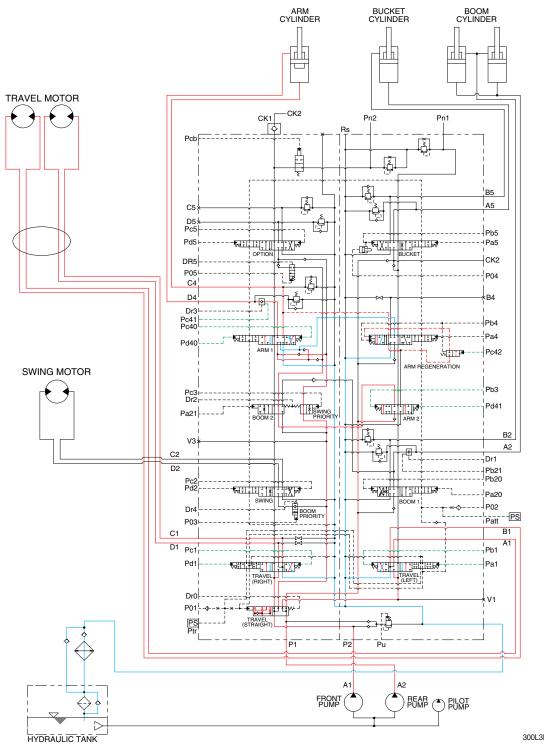


When the boom and travel functions are operated, simultaneously the boom spools and travel spools in the main control valve are moved to the functional position by the pilot oil pressure from the remote control valve. At the same time, the straight travel spool is pushed to the right by the pilot oil pressure from the pilot pump. The oil from the A2 pump flows into the boom cylinders through the boom 2 spool and boom 1 spool via the parallel and confluence passage in case boom up operation. The oil from the A1 pump flows into the travel motors through the RH travel spool of the right control valve and the LH travel spool of the left control valve via the straight travel spool.

When the pressure of the travel motors is lower than the pressure of the bucket cylinder, some oil from the A2 pump flows into the travel motors through the check valve and orifice in the straight travel spool. This prevents the rapid slowdown of the travel.

The boom is operated and the machine travels straight.

7. COMBINED ARM AND TRAVEL OPERATION

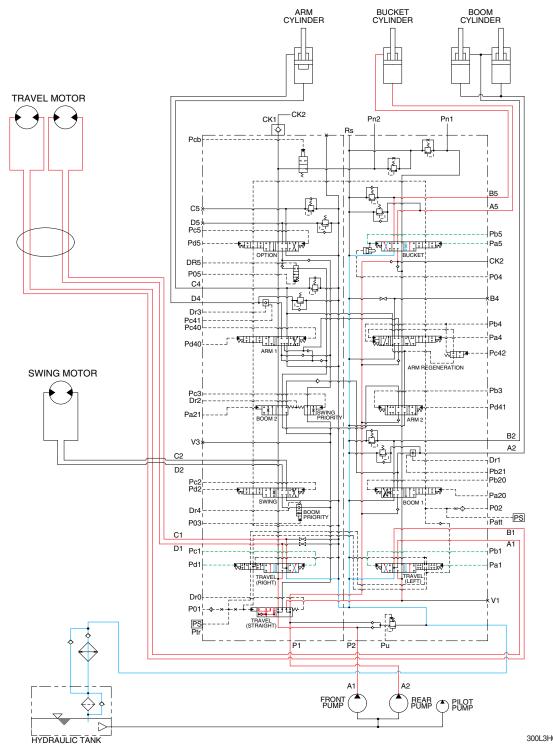


When the arm and travel functions are operated, simultaneously the arm spools and travel spools in the main control valve are moved to the functional position by the pilot oil pressure from the remote control valve. At the same time, the straight travel spool is pushed to the right by the pilot oil pressure from the pilot pump. The oil from the A2 pump flows into the arm cylinders through the arm 1 spool and arm 2 spool via the parallel and confluence oil passage. The oil from the A1 pump flows into the travel motors through the RH travel spool of the right control valve and the LH travel spool of the left control valve via the straight travel spool.

When the pressure of the travel motors is lower than the pressure of the bucket cylinder, some oil from the A2 pump flows into the travel motors through the check valve and orifice in the straight travel spool. This prevents the rapid slowdown of the travel.

The arm is operated and the machine travels straight.

8. COMBINED BUCKET AND TRAVEL OPERATION



When the bucket and travel functions are operated, simultaneously the bucket spool and travel spools in the main control valve are moved to the functional position by the pilot oil pressure from the remote control valve. At the same time, the straight travel spool is pushed to the right by the pilot oil pressure from the pilot pump. The oil from the A2 pump flows into the bucket cylinder through the bucket spool via the confluence oil passage. The oil from the A1 pump flows into the travel motors through the RH travel spool of the right control valve and the LH travel spool of the left control valve via the straight travel spool of the control valve.

When the pressure of the travel motors is lower than the pressure of the bucket cylinder, some oil from the A2 pump flows into the travel motors through the check valve and orifice in the straight travel spool. This prevents the rapid slowdown of the travel.

The bucket is operated and the machine travels straight.

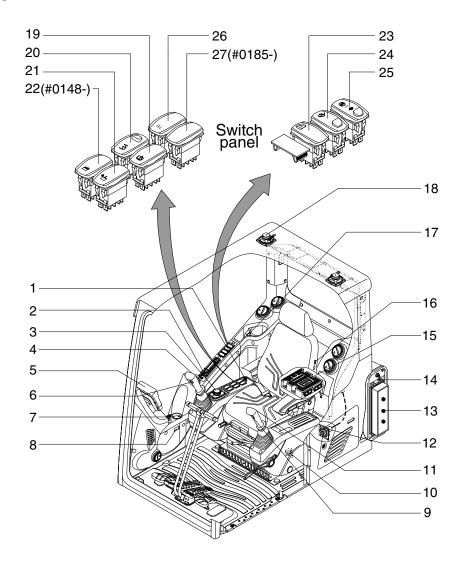
SECTION 4 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

| Group | 1 | Component Location ····· | 4-1 |
|-------|---|------------------------------------|------|
| Group | 2 | Electrical Circuit | 4-3 |
| Group | 3 | Electrical Component Specification | 4-23 |
| Group | 4 | Connectors | 4-32 |

SECTION 4 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

GROUP 1 COMPONENT LOCATION

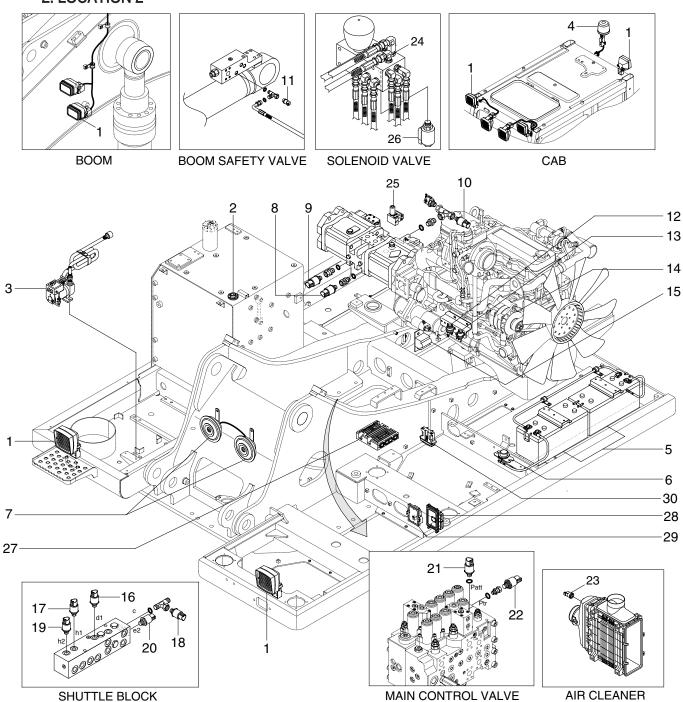
1. LOCATION 1



300L4EL115

| 1 | Cigar lighter | 10 | Emergency engine stop switch | 19 | Lower wiper & washer switch |
|---|--------------------------|----|------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| 2 | Radio & USB player | 11 | One touch decel switch | 20 | Boom floating switch |
| 3 | Haptic controller | 12 | RS232 & J1939 service socket | 21 | Swing lock switch |
| 4 | Horn switch | 13 | Fuse & relay box | 22 | Swing fine switch |
| 5 | Cluster | 14 | Master switch | 23 | Air compressor switch |
| 6 | Breaker operation switch | 15 | Machine control unit | 24 | Quick clamp switch |
| 7 | Starting switch | 16 | Seat heater switch | 25 | SCR system cleaning switch |
| 8 | Service meter | 17 | Service socket | 26 | Travel straight switch |
| 9 | Power max switch | 18 | Speaker | 27 | Option attach switch |

2. LOCATION 2



- 1 Lamp
- 2 Fuel sender
- 3 Fuel filler pump
- 4 Beacon lamp
- 5 Battery
- 6 Battery relay
- 7 Horn
- 8 P1 pressure sensor
- 9 P2 pressure sensor
- 10 EPPR pressure sensor

- 11 Overload pressure sensor
- 12 Start relay
- 13 Heater relay
- 14 Alternator
- 15 Travel alarm buzzer
- 16 Arm/Bucket in pressure sensor
- 17 Boom up pressure sensor
- 18 Swing pressure sensor
- 19 Boom down pressure sensor
- 20 Arm in/swing pressure sensor

- 21 Attach pressure sensor
- 22 Travel pressure sensor
- 23 Air cleaner sensor
- 24 Solenoid valve
- 25 Pump EPPR valve
- 26 Boom priority EPPR valve
- 27 MCU
- 28 AAVM controller
- 29 DRU
- 30 PVG32 controller

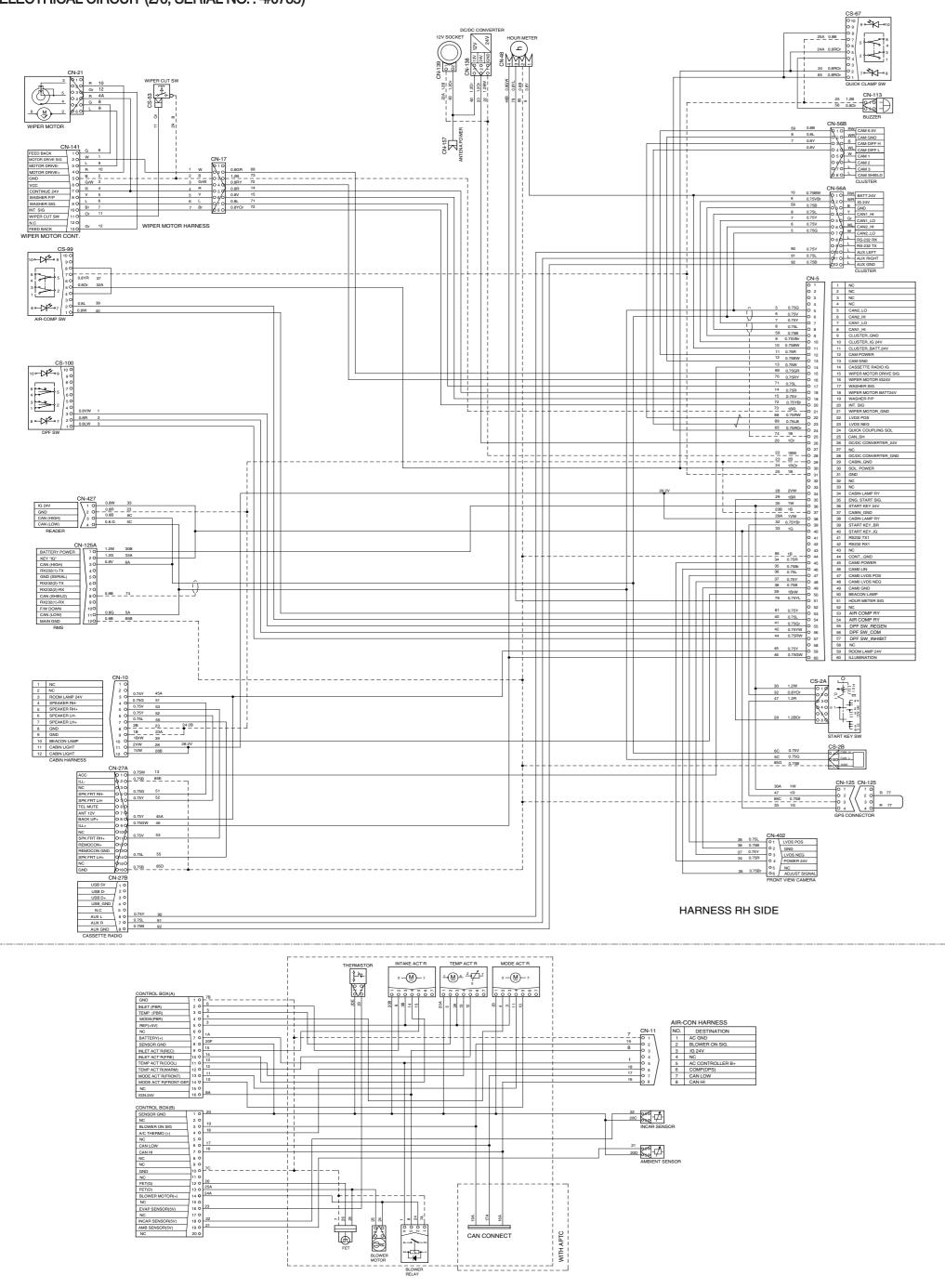
GROUP 2 ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT (1/6, SERIAL NO.: -#0785) 00 2W CS-74B 00 2W O4-6 8 8 CN-245 7A 2W 7E 2W 8 2B L----OE **∌**0--133 2Br 30---CN-407 0-0 1.280r 16 0-0 1.20r 73 0-1 1.280r 30 0-1 1.280r 16 0-1 1.280r 16 → 3/3 036 → 3/3 037 CN-242 CN-243 CN-1 0.8 85 0 10 0.8 85 0 2 0.6 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 6 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 7 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 7 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 7 0.0 84 0 8 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 9 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 0.0 84 0 0.0 84 1.50 84 0 0.0 84 0 0 0.788 G12 0.788 G13 T CN-126 IG 24V CAN2_L0 CAN2_L1 CAN2_L1 CAN4_L1 CAN4_L1 CON1_L1 RSS202_TX R ∌0--

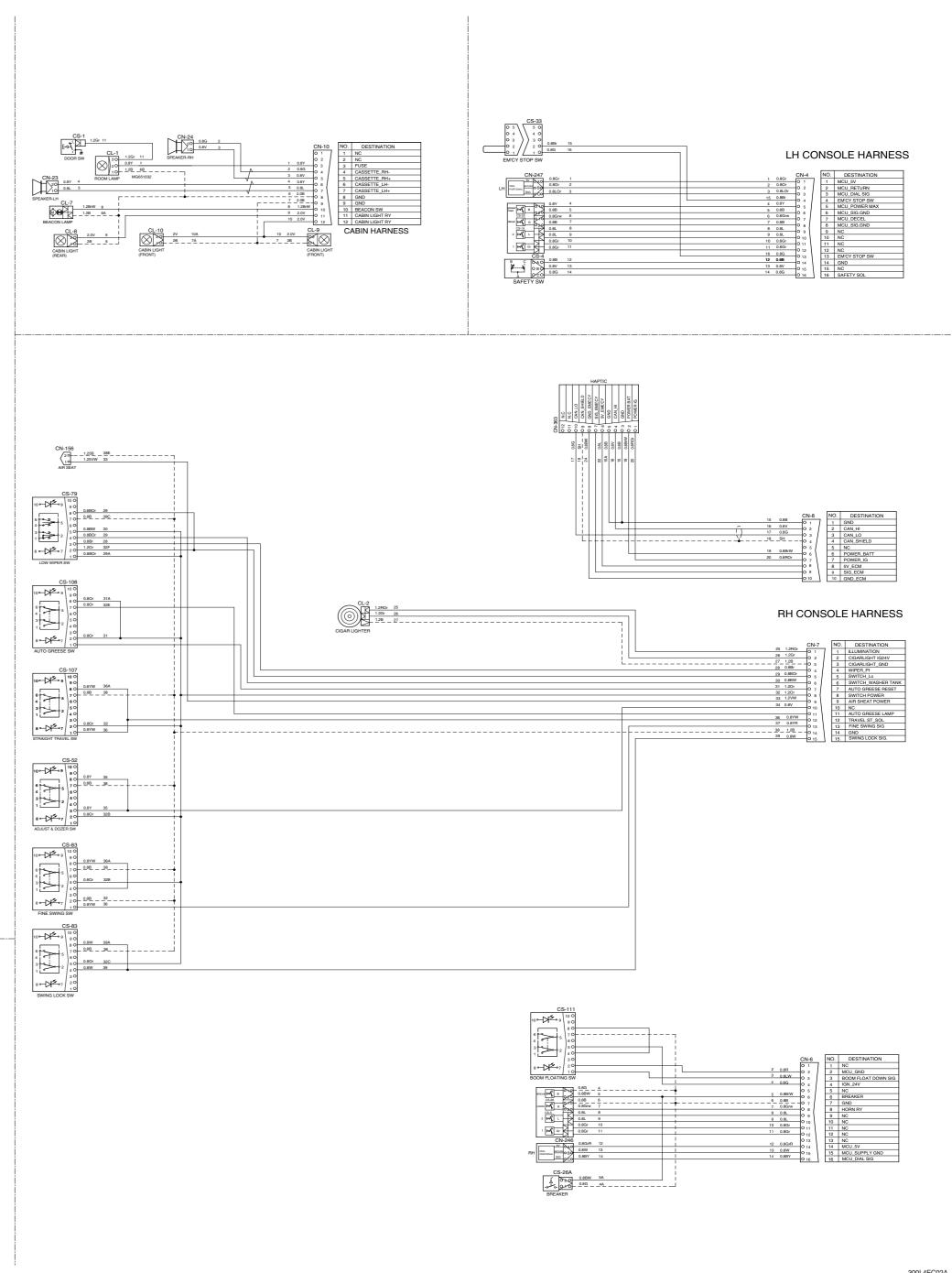
| Ch-4| | Ch-4

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MWELLAMM
WELLOW

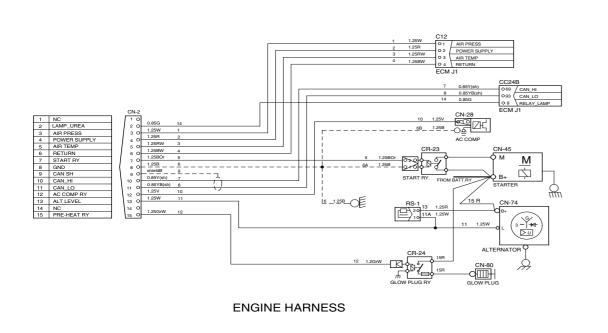
· ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT (2/6, SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

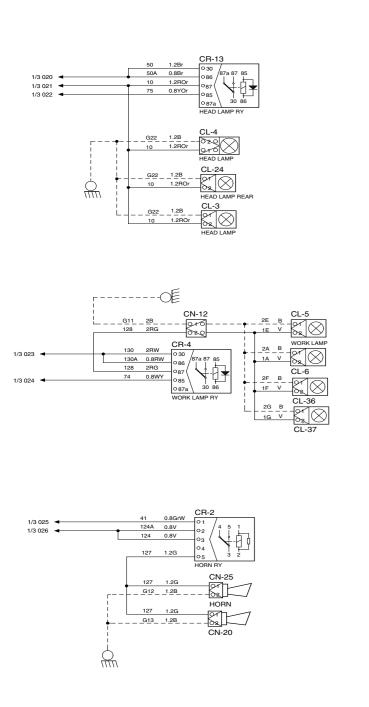


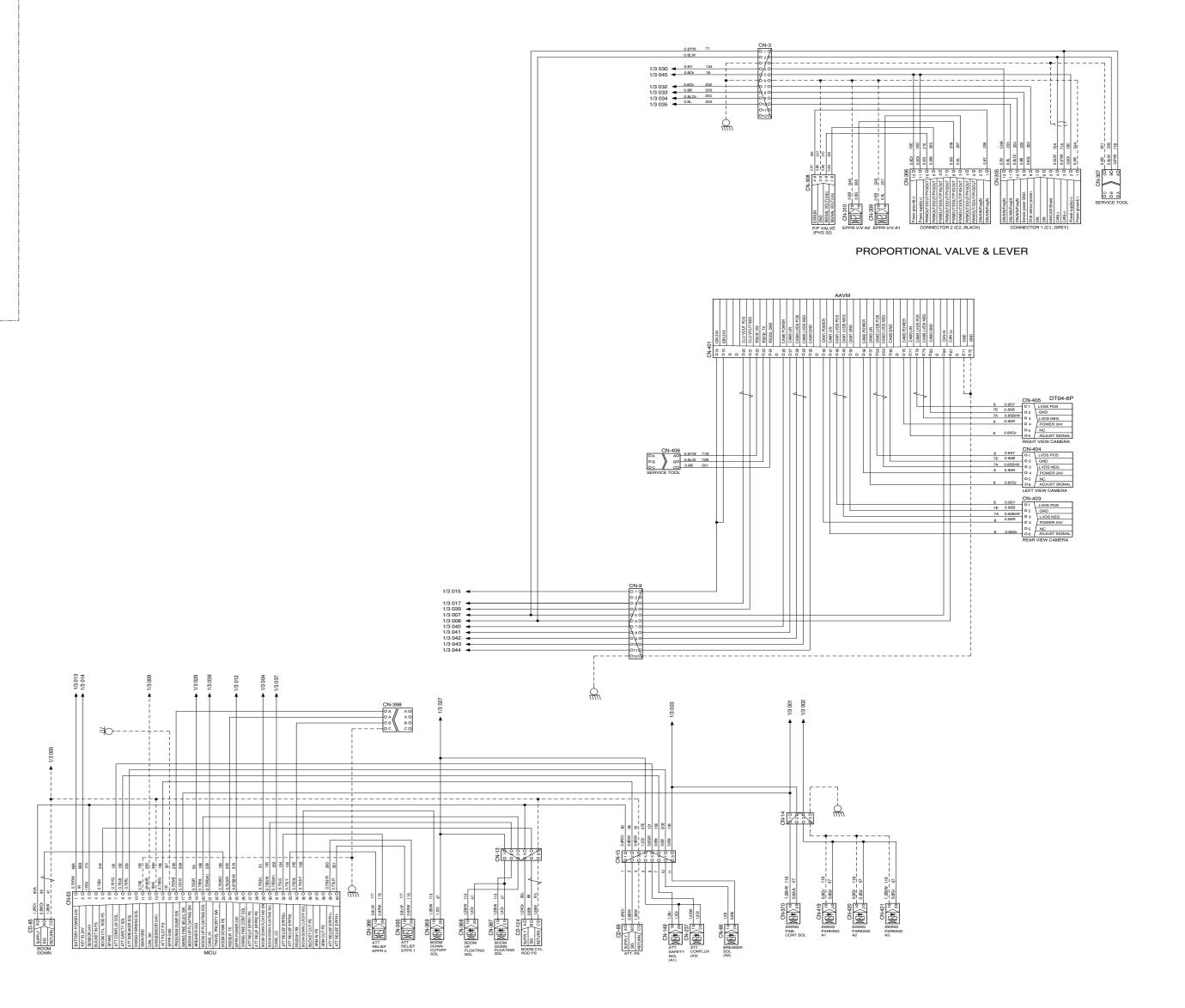


300L4EC02A

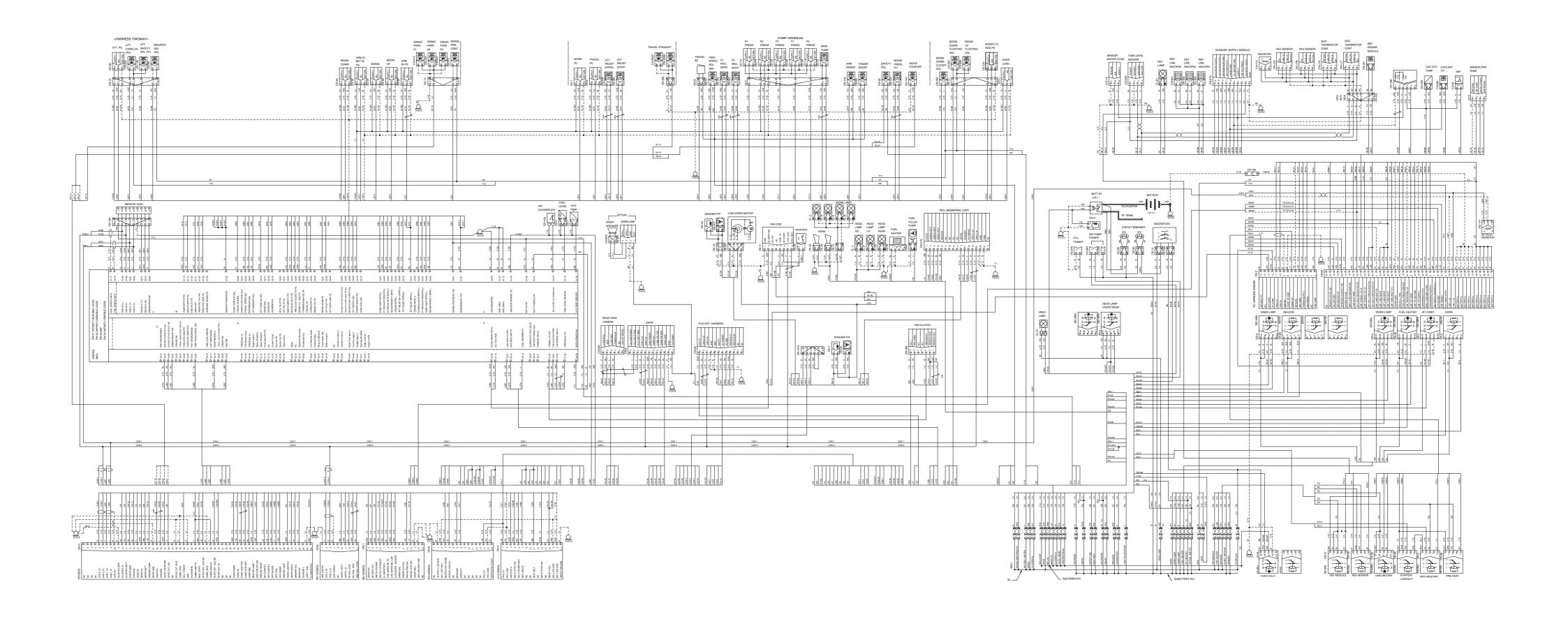
· ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT (3/6, SERIAL NO.: -#0785)





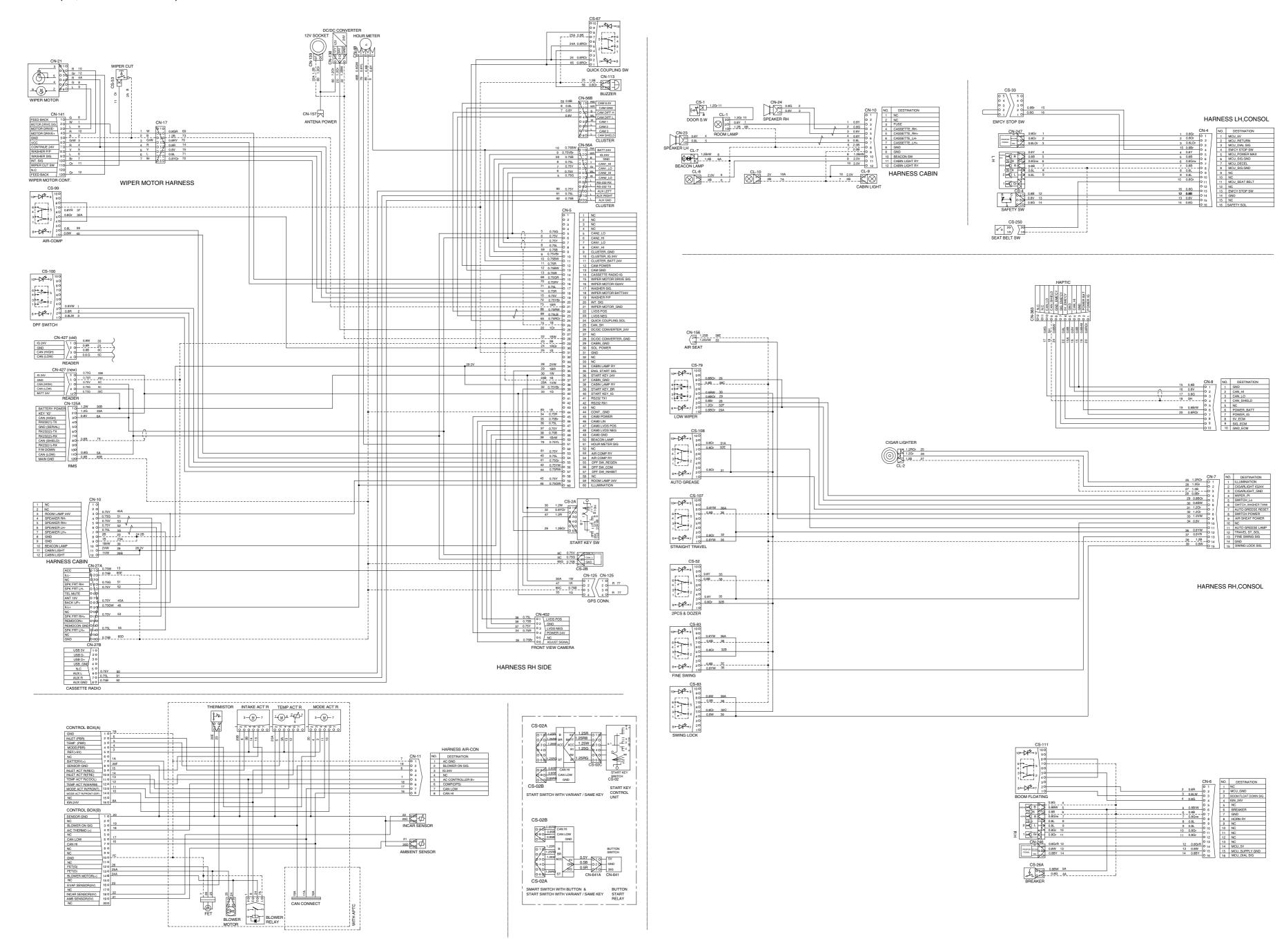


300L4EC03A



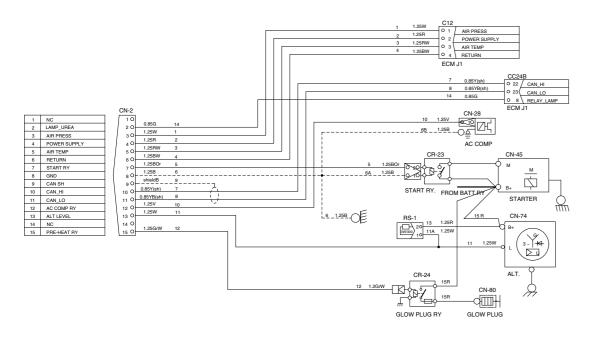
20K8-91202A

· ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT (5/6, SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

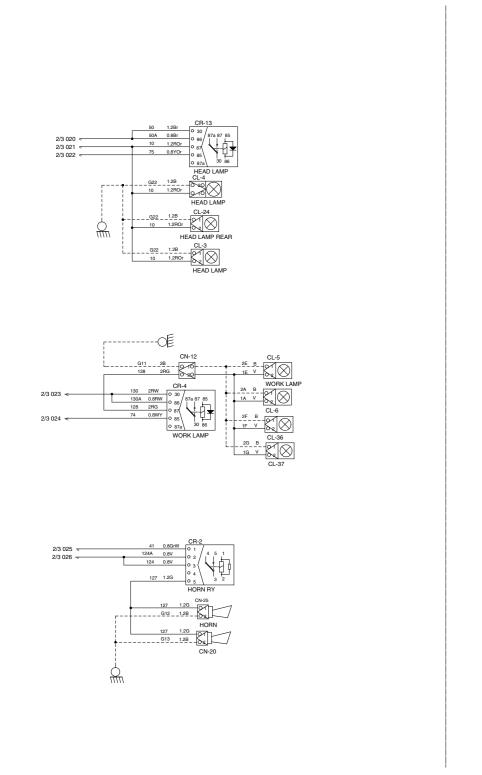


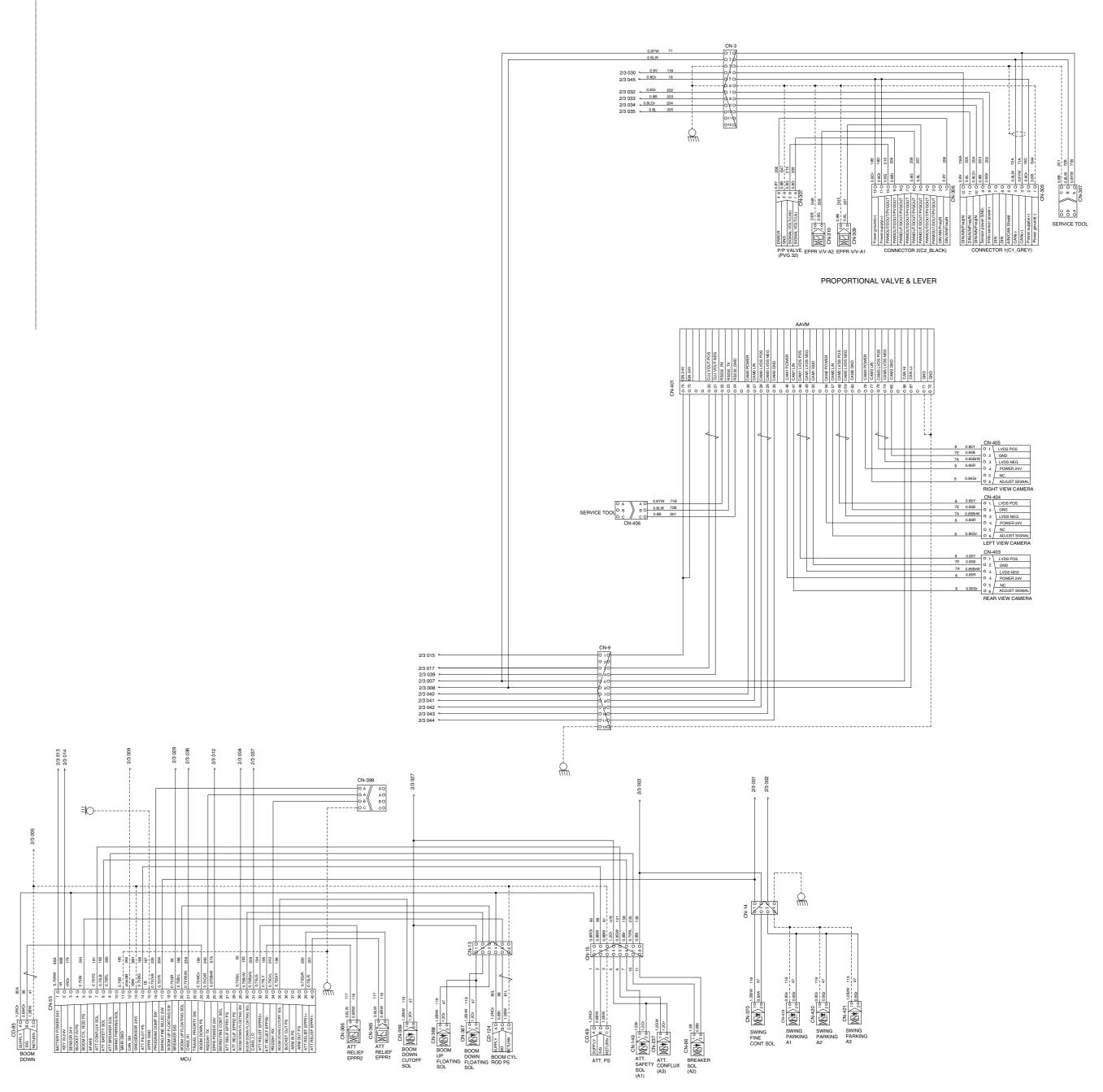
20K8-91103-00

· ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT (6/6, SERIAL NO.: #0786-)



ENGINE HARNESS





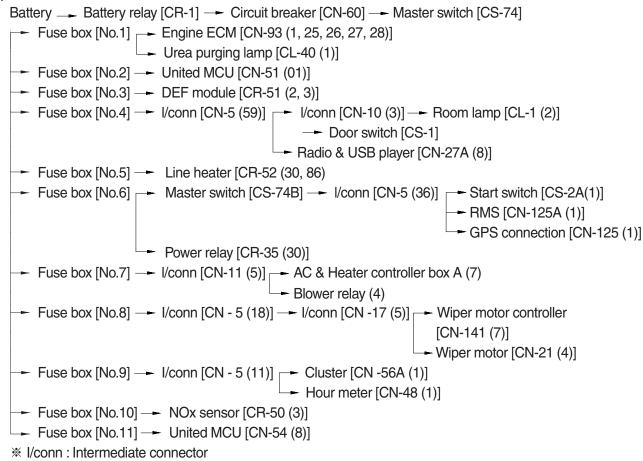
20K8-91300

MEMORANDUM

1. POWER CIRCUIT

The negative terminal of battery is grounded to the machine chassis through master switch. When the start switch is in the OFF position, the current flows from the positive battery terminal as shown below.

1) OPERATING FLOW

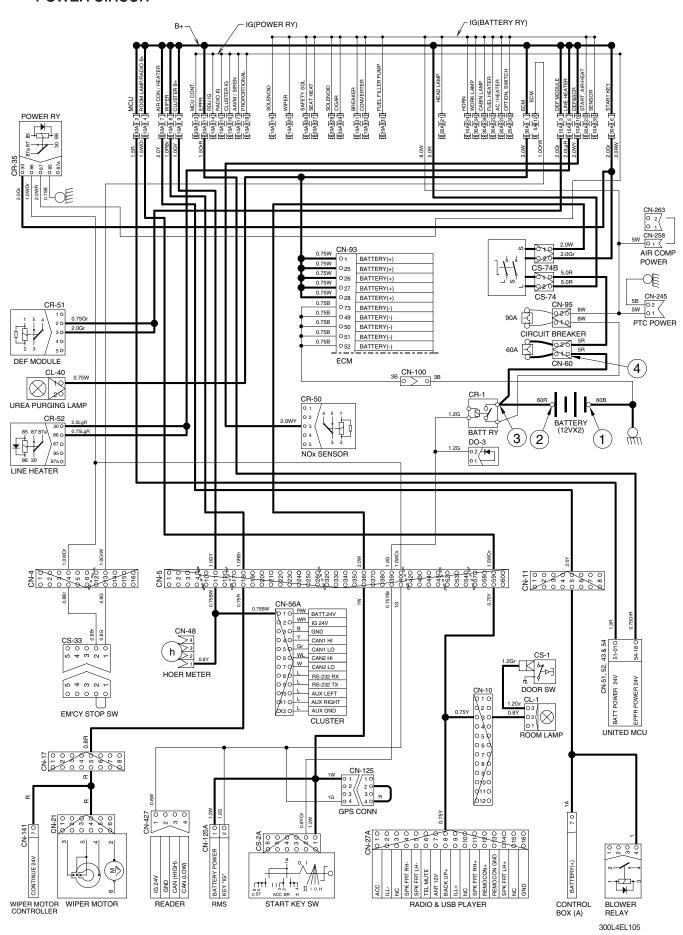


2) CHECK POINT

| Engine | Start switch | Check point | Voltage |
|--------|--------------|---------------------------|----------|
| | OFF | ① - GND (battery 1EA) | 10~12.5V |
| STOP | | ② - GND (battery 2EA) | 20~25V |
| 510P | | ③ - GND (battery relay) | 20~25V |
| | | ④ - GND (circuit breaker) | 20~25V |

% GND: Ground

POWER CIRCUIT



2. STARTING CIRCUIT

1) OPERATING FLOW

```
Battery (+) terminal — Battery relay [CR-1] — Circuit breaker [CN-60] — Master switch [CS-74] — Fuse box [No.5] — Master switch [CS-74B] — I/conn [CN-5 (36)] — Start switch [CS-2A (1)] — Power relay [CR-35 (30)]
```

(1) When start key switch is in ON position

```
Start switch ON [CS-2 (2)] → I/conn [CN-5 (39)]

Battery relay [CR-1] → Battery relay operating (all power is supplied with the electric component)

Start switch ON [CS-2 (3)] → GPS conn [CN-125 (2) → (4)

Vector of the electric component (2) → (4)

Fuse box [ICR-35 (86) → (87)]

Fuse box [IG (power relay)]

Vector of the electric component (2) → (4)

Fuse box [ICR-35 (86) → (87)]

Fuse box [ICR-35 (40)]

Fuse box [CS-33 (2) → (1)]

Fuse box [No. 12] → Engine ECM

Reader [CN-427 (1)]

RMS [CN-125A (2)]
```

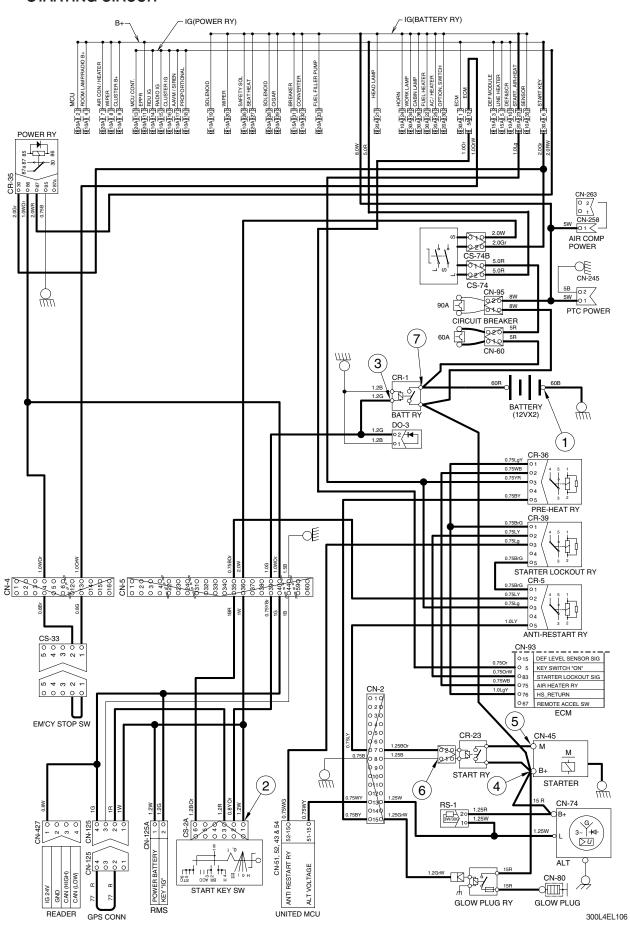
(2) When start key switch is in START position

Start switch START [CS-2 (6)]
$$\longrightarrow$$
 I/conn [CN-5 (35)] \longrightarrow Anti-restart relay [CR-5 (2) \rightarrow (5)] \longrightarrow I/conn [CN-2 (7)] \longrightarrow Start relay [CR-23] \longrightarrow Starter motor operating

2) CHECK POINT

| Engine | Start switch | Check point | Voltage |
|-----------|--------------|----------------------------|---------|
| | | ① - GND (battery) | |
| | | ② - GND (start key) | |
| | | ③ - GND (battery relay M4) | |
| OPERATING | START | ④ - GND (starter B+) | 20~25V |
| | | ⑤ - GND (starter M) | |
| | | ⑥ - GND (start relay) | |
| | | ⑦ - GND (battery relay M8) | |

STARTING CIRCUIT



3. CHARGING CIRCUIT

When the starter is activated and the engine is started, the operator releases the start switch to the ON position.

Charging current generated by operating alternator flows into the battery through the battery relay [CR-1].

The current also flows from alternator to each electrical component and controller through the fuse box.

1) OPERATING FLOW

(1) Warning flow

Alternator "L" terminal — I/conn [CN-2 (13)] — United MCU alternator level [CN-51 (15)] — Cluster charging warning lamp (Via serial interface)

(2) Charging flow

```
Alternator "B+" terminal — Starter [CN-45 (B+)]— Battery relay(M8)

Battery (+) terminal

Circuit breaker [CN-60] — Master switch [CS-74] — Fuse box [B+]

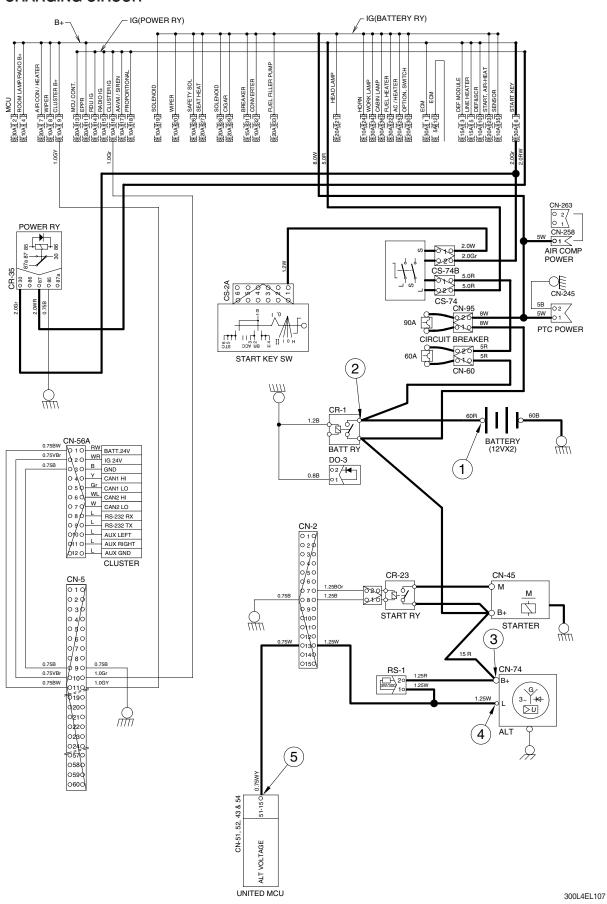
Circuit breaker [CN-95] — Fuse box
```

2) CHECK POINT

| Engine | Start switch | Check point | Voltage |
|--------|--------------|--|---------|
| | | ① - GND (battery voltage) | |
| | | ② - GND (battery relay) | |
| RUN | ON | ③ - GND (alternator B ⁺ terminal) | 20~25V |
| | | ④ - GND (alternator L terminal) | |
| | | ⑤ - GND (United MCU) | |

*** GND: Ground**

CHARGING CIRCUIT



4. HEAD AND WORK LIGHT CIRCUIT

1) OPERATING FLOW

```
Fuse box (No.21) — Head light relay [CR-13 (30,86)]
Fuse box (No.34) — Work light relay [CR-4 (30,86)]
Fuse box (No.14) — RDU membrane controller [CR-376 (1)]
```

(1) Head light switch ON

```
Head light switch ON [CN-376 (13)] → Head light relay [CR-13 (85) → (87)]

Head light ON [CL-3 (2), CL-4 (1), CL-24 (2)]

I/conn [CN-7 (1)] → Cigar lighter [CL-2]

I/conn [CN-5 (60)] → Radio & USB player illumination ON [CN-27A (9)]

Hour meter illumination ON [CN-48 (4)]
```

(2) Work light switch ON

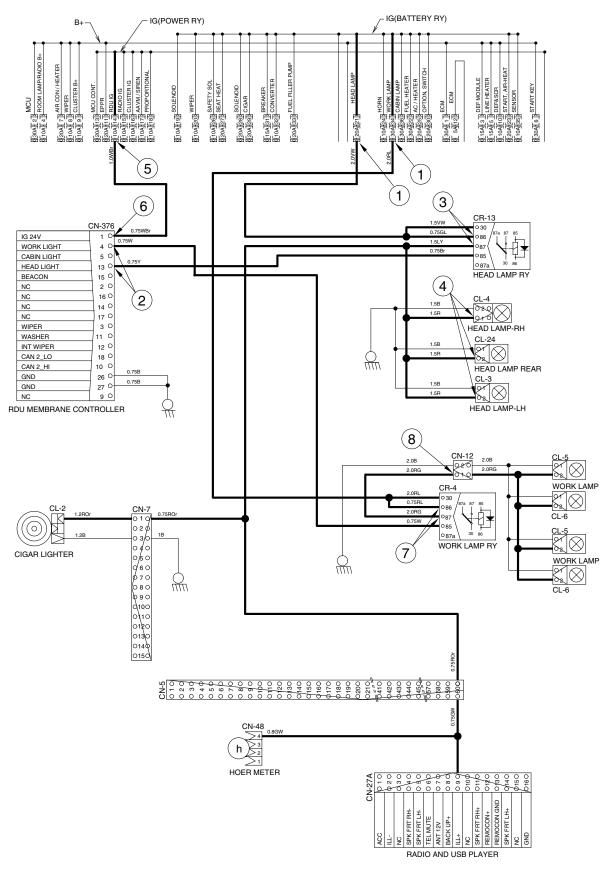
```
Work light switch ON [CN-376 (4)] \longrightarrow Work light relay [CR-4 (85) \rightarrow (87)] \longrightarrow l/conn [CN-12 (1)] \longrightarrow Work light ON [CL-5 (2), CL-6 (2)
```

2) CHECK POINT

| Engine | Start switch | Check point | Voltage |
|--------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| | | ① - GND (fuse box) | |
| | | ② - GND (switch power output) | 20~25V |
| | ON | ③ - GND (head light relay) | |
| OTOD | | ④ - GND (head light) | |
| STOP | ON | ⑤ - GND (fuse box) | |
| | | ⑥ - GND (switch power input) | |
| | ⑦ - GND (work light relay) | | |
| | | 8 - GND (work light) | |

***** GND : Ground

HEAD AND WORK LIGHT CIRCUIT



300L4EL108

5. BEACON LAMP AND CAB LIGHT CIRCUIT

1) OPERATING FLOW

```
Fuse box (No.30) — Beacon lamp relay [CR-85 (2, 3)]
Fuse box (No.36) — Cab light relay [CR-9 (30, 86)]
Fuse box (No.14) — RDU membrane controller [CN-376 (1)]
```

(1) Beacon lamp switch ON

```
Beacon lamp switch ON [CN-376 (15)] → Beacon lamp relay [CR-85 (1)→(5)] → I/conn [CN-5 (50)] → I/conn [CN-10 (10)] → Beacon lamp ON [CL-7]
```

(2) Cab light switch ON

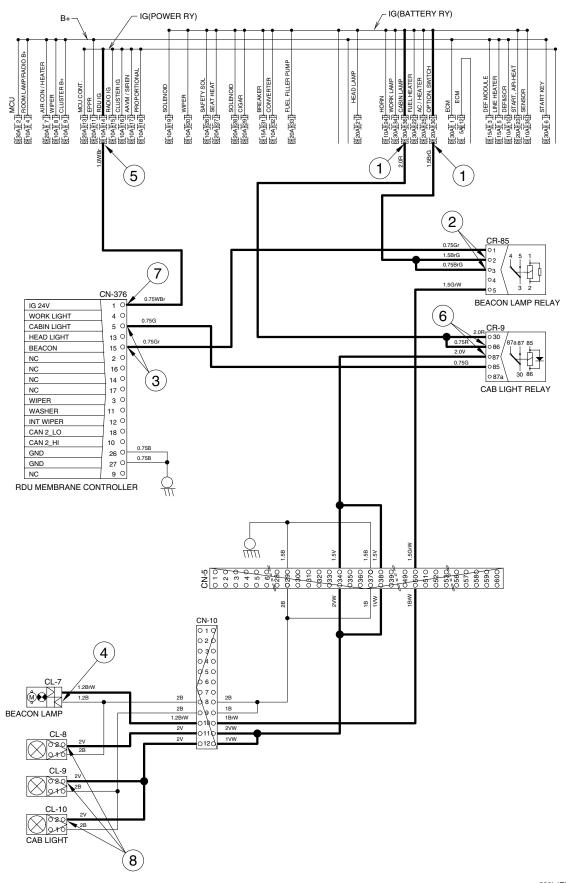
```
Cab light switch ON [CN-376 (8)] — Cab lamp relay [CR-9 (85) → (87)]
— I/conn [CN-10 (11)] — Cab light ON [CL-8 (2)]
— I/conn [CN-10 (12)] — Cab light ON [CL-9 (2), CL-10 (2)]
```

2) CHECK POINT

| Engine | Start switch | Check point | Voltage |
|--------|--------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| | | ① - GND (fuse box) | |
| | | ② - GND (beacon lamp relay) | 00.051/ |
| | | ③ - GND (switch power output) | |
| CTOD | ON | ④ - GND (beacon lamp) | |
| STOP | ON | ⑤ - GND (fuse box) | 20~25V |
| | | ⑥ - GND (cabin light relay) | |
| | | ⑦ - GND (switch power input) | 20~25V |
| | | 8 - GND (cab light) | |

% GND : Ground

BEACON LAMP AND CAB LIGHT CIRCUIT



300L4EL109

6. WIPER AND WASHER CIRCUIT

1) OPERATING FLOW

(1) Key switch ON

Fuse box (No.14) → RDU membrance controller [CN-376 (1)]

Fuse box (No.8) — I/conn [CN-5 (18)] — I/conn [CN-17 (5)] — Wiper motor controller [CN-141 (7)] — Wiper motor [CN-21 (4)]

Fuse box (No.20) - I/conn [CN-5 (16)] - I/conn [CN-17 (4)] - Wiper motor controller [CN-141 (6)] - Wiper motor [CN-407 (3)] - Washer pump [CN-22 (2)]

(2) Wiper switch ON (Intermittent)

Wiper switch ON [CN-376 (12)] → I/conn [CN-5 (20)] → I/conn [CN-17 (8)]

→ Wiper motor controller [CN-141 (10)→(3)] → Wiper motor [CN-21 (6)] → Intermittently operating

(3) Wiper switch ON (continual)

Wiper switch ON [CN-376 (3)] → I/conn[CN-5 (15)] → I/conn[CN-17 (2)]

— Wiper motor controller [CN-141 (2) → (4)] — Wiper motor [CN-21 (2)] — Continual operating

(4) Washer switch ON

Washer switch ON [CN-376 (11)] → I/conn [CN-5 (17)] → I/conn [CN-17 (7)]

- Wiper motor controller [CN-141 (9) → (8)] I/conn [CN-17 (6)] I/conn [CN-5 (19)]
- → Washer pump [CN-22 (1)] → Washer operating

Wiper switch ON [CN-376 (3)] → I/conn[CN-5 (15)] → I/conn[CN-17 (2)]

— Wiper motor controller [CN-141 (2) → (4)] — Wiper motor [CN-21 (2)] — Continual operating

(5) Auto parking (when switch OFF)

Switch OFF [CN-376 (3,12)] — Wiper motor parking position by wiper motor controller

2) OPERATING FLOW (LOW WIPER)

(1) Key switch ON

Fuse box (No. 30) — I/conn [CN-7 (8)] — Low wiper switch [CS-79 (1, 5)]

(2) Wiper switch ON (1st)

Wiper switch ON [CS-79 (1 \rightarrow 2)] \longrightarrow I/conn [CN-7 (5)] \longrightarrow Wiper motor [CN-407 (4)] \longrightarrow Wiper operating

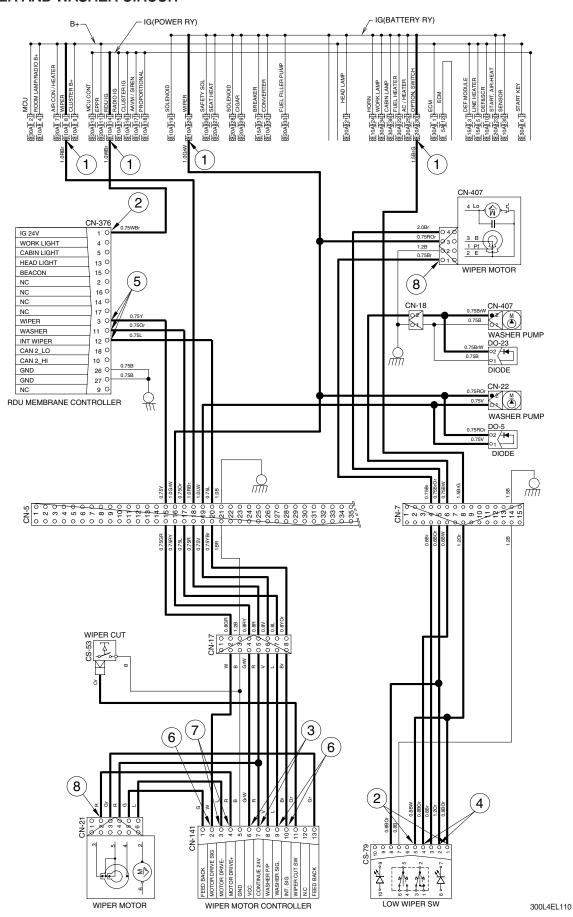
(3) Wiper switch ON (2nd)

Wiper switch ON [CS-79 (5 \rightarrow 4)] \longrightarrow I/conn [CN-7 (6)] \longrightarrow I/conn [NC-18 (2)] \longrightarrow Washer pump [CN-407 (2)] \longrightarrow Washer operating

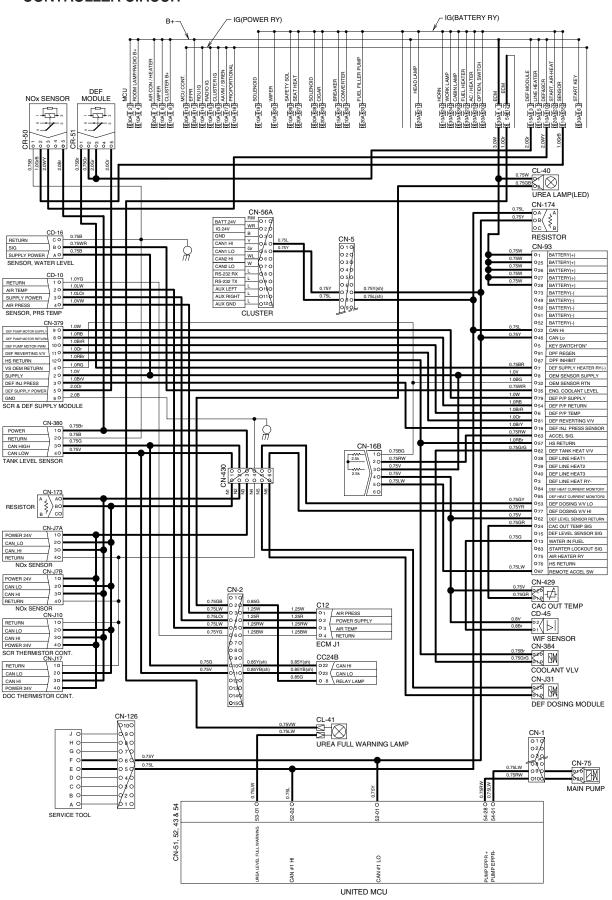
3) CHECK POINT

| Engine | Start switch | Check point | Voltage |
|--------|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | ① - GND (fuse box) | |
| | | ② - GND (switch power input) | Voltage 20~25V 0 ~ 5V 24V 0 or 24V |
| | ③ - GND (wiper power input) ④ - GND (switch power output) | 20~25V | |
| STOP | | ④ - GND (switch power output) | |
| 0101 | | ⑤ - GND (switch power output) | 0 51/ |
| | | ⑥ - GND (wiper switch power input) | 0 ~ 5V |
| | | ⑦ - GND (wiper power output) | 24V |
| | | 8 - GND (wiper motor) | 0 or 24V |

WIPER AND WASHER CIRCUIT

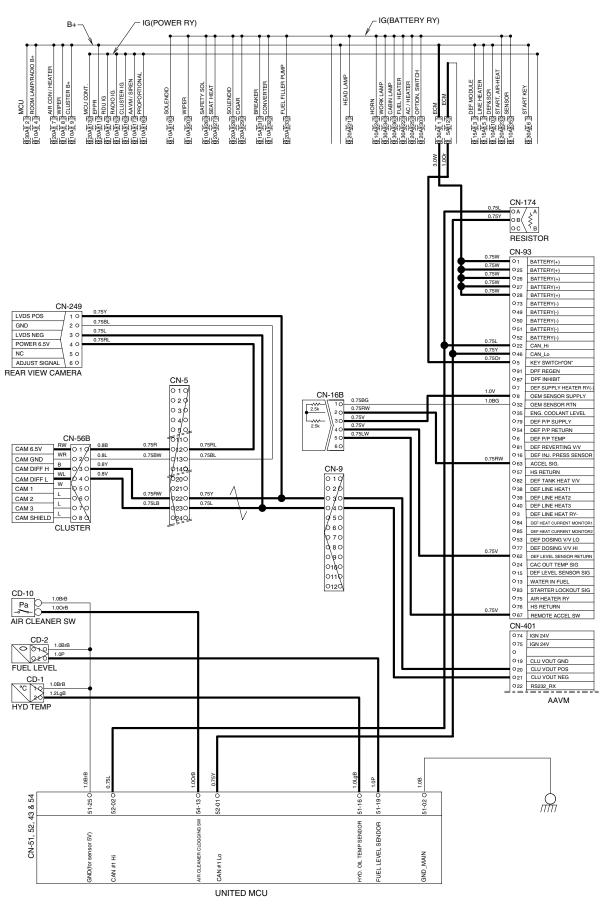


CONTROLLER CIRCUIT



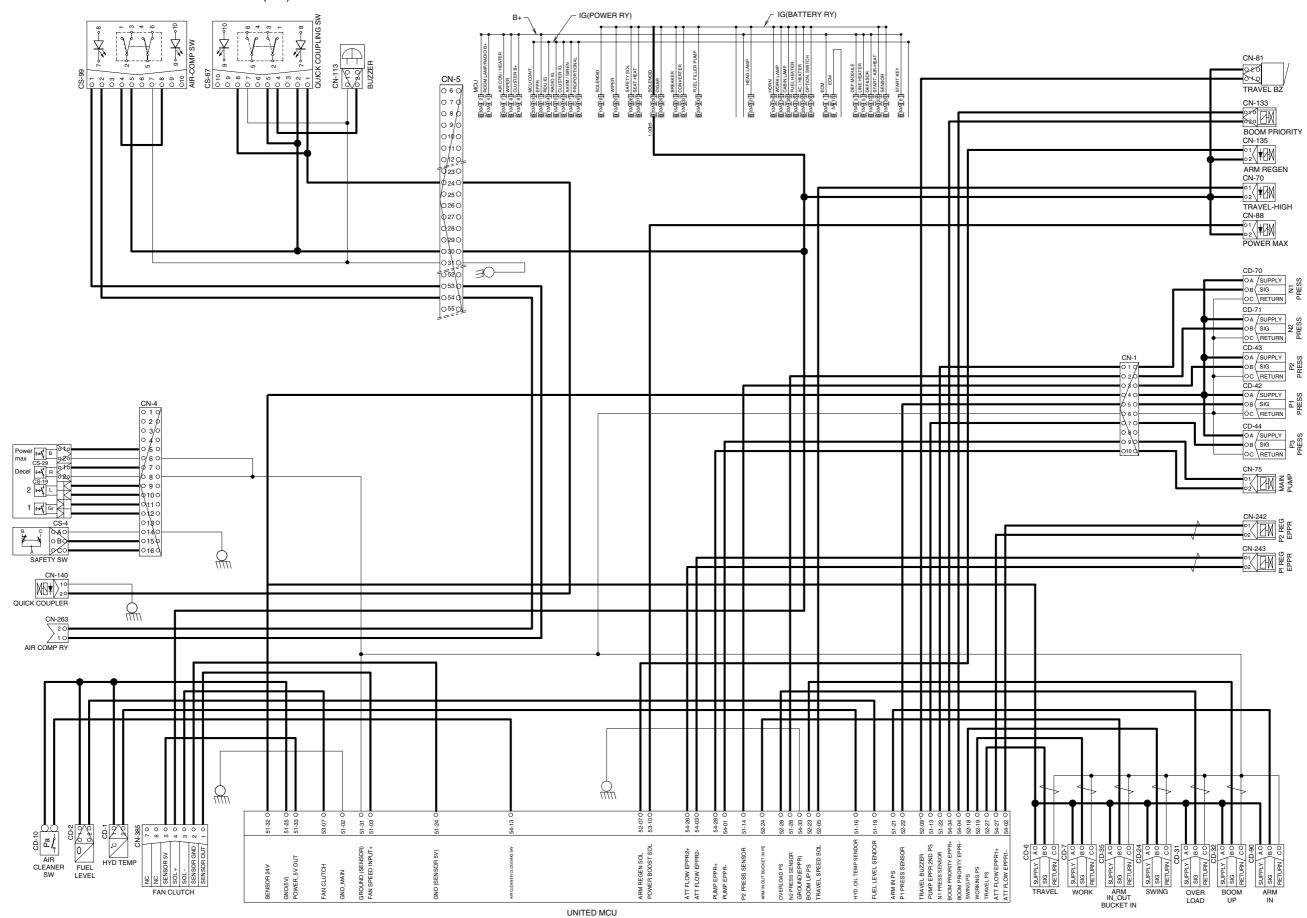
300L4EL111

MONITORING CIRCUIT



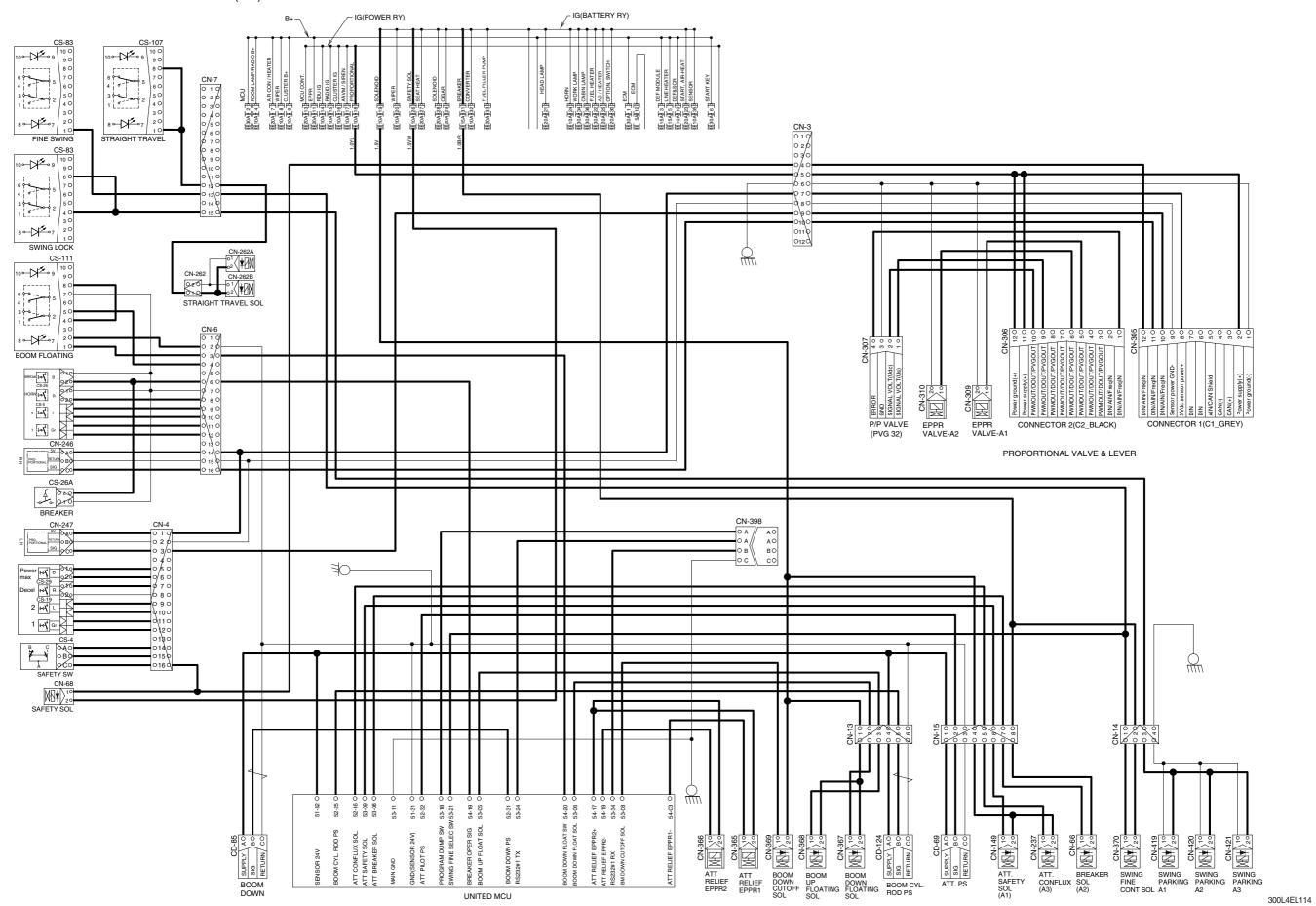
300L4EL112

ELECTRIC CIRCUIT FOR HYDRAULIC (1/2)



300L4EL113

ELECTRIC CIRCUIT FOR HYDRAULIC (2/2)



GROUP 3 ELECTRICAL COMPONENT SPECIFICATION

| Part name | Symbol | Specifications | Check |
|--------------------|--|---|---|
| Battery | | 12V × 160Ah (2EA) | Check specific gravity 1.280 over : Over charged 1.280 ~ 1.250 : Normal 1.250 below : Recharging |
| Battery relay | CR-1 | Rated load : 24V 100A (continuity) 1000A (30seconds) | Check coil resistance(M4 to M4) Normal : About 50 Ω Check contact Normal : ∞ Ω |
| Glow plug relay | CR-24 | 24V 200A | ** Check contact Normal : 0.942 Ω (For terminal 1-GND) |
| Start key | CS-5 | B-BR : 24V 1A B-ACC : 24V 10A B-ST : 24V 40A | * Check contact OFF: $\infty \Omega$ (for each terminal) ON: 0Ω (for terminal 1-3 and 1-2) START: 0Ω (for terminal 1-5) |
| Pressure sensor | CD-6 CD-7 CD-16 CD-24 CD-31 CD-32 CD-33 CD-35 CD-42 CD-43 CD-44 CD-69 CD-70 CD-71 CD-85 CD-90 CD-108 CD-109 CD-124 | 8~30V | % Check contact Normal : 0.1Ω |
| Resistor | O A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | 4W | ※ Check resistance A-B: 120 Ω |

| Part name | Symbol | Specifications | Check |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Glow plug | CN-80 | 24V 200A | ** Check resistance 0.25~0.12 \text{\Omega} |
| Temperature sensor (hydraulic) | °C 20 | - | Check resistance 50°C : 804Ω 80°C : 310Ω 100°C : 180Ω |
| Air cleaner pressure switch | Pa CD-10 | (N.O TYPE) | \divideontimes Check contact High level : $∞$ $Ω$ Low level : 0 $Ω$ |
| Fuel sender | CD-2 | - | * Check resistance Full : 50Ω 6/12 : 350Ω 11/12 : 100Ω 5/12 : 400Ω 10/12 : 150Ω 4/12 : 450Ω 9/12 : 200Ω 3/12 : 500Ω 8/12 : 250Ω 2/12 : 550Ω 7/12 : 300Ω 1/12 : 600Ω Empty warning : 700Ω |
| Relay (air con blower) | 3 4 40 30 20 1 2 10 | 24V 20A | ** Check resistance Normal : About 200 |
| Relay | CR-2 CR-5 CR-36 CR-39 CR-45 CR-51 | 24V 16A | ** Check resistance Normal : About 160 Ω (for terminal 1-2) 0Ω (for terminal 3-4) $\infty\Omega$ (for terminal 3-5) |

| Part name | Symbol | Specifications | Check |
|-----------------------|---|----------------|---|
| Relay | CR-4 CR-7 CR-9 CR-13 CR-35 CR-46 CR-50 CR-52 | 24V 16A | * Check resistance Normal : About 160 Ω (for terminal 85-86) 0Ω (for terminal 30-87a) $\infty\Omega$ (for terminal 30-87) |
| Solenoid valve | CN-66 CN-70 CN-88 CN-135 CN-140 CN-149 CN-237 CN-262 CN-367 CN-368 CN-369 CN-370 CN-384 CN-419 CN-420 CN-421 CN-J31 | 24V 1A | ** Check resistance Normal: 15~25Ω (for terminal 1-2) |
| EPPR valve | CN-75 CN-133 CN-242 CN-309 CN-310 CN-365 CN-366 CN-378 | 700mA | ** Check resistance Normal: 15~25 (for terminal 1-2) |
| Speaker | O 1 O 2 CN-23(LH) CN-24(RH) | 20W | ** Check resistance Normal : A few Ω |
| Switch (locking type) | CS-50 CS-67 CS-83 CS-99 CS-107 CS-108 CS-111 | 24V 1.5A | % Check contact Normal ON : 0 Ω (for terminal 3-7, 4-8) $\infty \Omega$ (for terminal 7-9, 8-10) OFF : $\infty \Omega$ (for terminal 3-7, 4-8) 0 Ω (for terminal 7-9, 8-10) |
| Room lamp | 3 O 2 O 1 O CL-1 | 24V 10W | ** Check disconnection Normal : 1.0Ω ON : 0Ω (For terminal 1-2) $\infty \Omega$ (For terminal 1-3) OFF : $\infty \Omega$ (For terminal 1-2) 0Ω (For terminal 1-3) |

| Part name | Symbol | Specifications | Check |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Head lamp, Work lamp, Cab lamp | CL-3 CL-4 CL-5 CL-6 CL-8 CL-9 CL-10 CL-24 CL-36 CL-37 | 24V 65W (H3 Type) | ** Check disconnection Normal : 1.2Ω |
| Beacon lamp | CL-7 | 21V 70W (H1 Type) | ※ Check disconnection Normal: A few Ω |
| Fuel filler pump | CN-61 | 24V 10A 35 ℓ /min | * Check resistance Normal : 1.0 Ω |
| Hour meter | 4 3 2 h | 16~32V | ** Check operation Supply power(24V) to terminal No.2 and connect terminal No.1 and ground |
| Horn | CN-20 CN-25 | DC22~28V 2A | Check operation Supply power(24V) to each terminal and connect ground. |
| Safety switch | 2 3 0 1 0 0 2 0 1 1 CS-4 | 24V 15A (N.C TYPE) | % Check contact Normal : 0Ω (for terminal 1-2) $\infty\Omega$ (for terminal 1-3) Operating : $\infty\Omega$ (for terminal 1-2) 0Ω (for terminal 1-3) |

| Part name | Symbol | Specifications | Check |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------|---|
| Wiper cut switch | CS-53 | 24V (N.O TYPE) | % Check contact Normal : 0Ω (one pin to ground) |
| Receiver dryer | P 2 0 CN-29 | 24V 2.5A | \divideontimes Check contact Normal : $∞$ Ω |
| Radio & USB player | 2 P- GND 1 LL GND 1 LL GND 2 P GND 3 P GND 3 P GND 4 CND 4 CND ANT 12V BACK UP+ 0 9 0 1 LL ANT 12V BACK UP+ 0 10 0 | 24V 2A | ** Check voltage 20~25V (for terminal 1-3, 3-8) |
| Washer pump | M 2 CN-22 CN-408 | 24V 3.8A | % Check contact Normal : 10.7Ω (for terminal 1-2) |
| Wiper motor | 3 0 10 0 20 0 30 0 40 0 60 0 60 0 60 0 60 0 60 0 6 | 24V 2A | % Check disconnection Normal : 7Ω (for terminal 2-6) |
| DC/DC Converter | 0 3 0 12V 12V 24V GND 24V CN-138 | 12V 3A | % Check voltage24V (for terminal 1-2)12V (for terminal 1-3) |

| Part name | Symbol | Specifications | Check |
|----------------------|---------|--------------------|---|
| Cigar lighter | CL-2 | 24V 5A 1.4W | Check coil resistance Normal : About 1M Ω Check contact Normal : ∞ Ω Operating time : 5~15sec |
| Alternator | CN-74 | Denso 24V 95A | Check contact Normal : 0Ω (for terminal B⁺-L) Normal : 24~27.5V |
| Starter | M M H | Denso 24V 4.8kW | % Check contact Normal : 0.1Ω |
| Travel alarm | CN-81 | 24V 0.5A | * Check contact Normal: 5.2 Ω |
| Aircon compressor | CN-28 = | 24V 79W | % Check contact Normal: 13.4Ω |
| Start relay | CR-23 | 24V 300A | % Check contact Normal : 0.94Ω (for terminal 1-2) |

| Part name | Symbol | Specifications | Check |
|--|---|-------------------|--|
| Blower motor | O t O M O 2 O O | 24V 9.5A | ** Check resistance Normal: 2.5 \(\Omega\$ (for terminal 1-2) |
| Duct sensor (switch) | 20-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0- | 1°C OFF 4°C ON | ** Check resistance Normal : 0 \(\Omega\$ (for terminal 1-2), the atmosphere temp : Over 4°C *C |
| Door switch | CS-1 | 24V 2W | * Check resistance Normal : About 5M Ω |
| Switch (power max, one touch decel, horn, breaker) | CS-5 CS-19 CS-26 CS-29 | 24V 6A | ** Check resistance Normal: ∞ Ω |
| Circuit breaker | CS-60 CS-95 | 60A | ※ Check disconnection Normal: 0 Ω (connect ring terminal and check resist between terminal 1 and 2) |
| Master switch | CS-74A, CS-74B | 6-36V | |

| Part name | Symbol | Specifications | Check |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Quick clamp buzzer | CN-113 | 24V 200mA 107±4dB | |
| Socket | O1 O2 CN-139 | 12V 10A | |
| Switch | CS-73 CS-79 CS-100 | 24V 8A | ** Check contact Normal ON : 0Ω (for terminal 3-7, 4-8) Ω (for terminal 7-9, 8-10) OFF : Ω (for terminal 3-7, 4-8) Ω (for terminal 7-9, 8-10) |
| Fuel heater | CN-96 | - | |
| DEF/AdBlue® line heater | O 1 O 2 O CN-381 CN-382 CN-383 | - | |
| WIF sensor | ©2 ©1 CD-45 | - | |

| Part name | Symbol | Specifications | Check |
|--|--|----------------|-------|
| DEF/AdBlue® sensor | O1 POWER 24V O2 CAN LO O3 CAN HI O4 RETURN CN-399 CN-J7A CN-J7B CN-J10 CN-J17 | - | |
| CAC out temperature sensor | CN-429 | - | |
| DEF/AdBlue® fill up warning lamp (LED) | CL-40 | - | |
| Proportional valve sensor | SIG CO CN-246 CN-247 | - | |

GROUP 4 CONNECTORS

1. CONNECTOR DESTINATION (SERIAL NO.: -#1094)

| Connector | Time | No. of | Doctination | Connecto | or part No. |
|-----------|-----------|--------|---|------------------|----------------|
| number | Type | pin | Destination | Female | Male |
| CN-1 | AMP | 10 | I/conn (Frame harness-Pump PS harness) | S816-010002 | S816-110002 |
| CN-2 | AMP | 15 | I/conn (Frame harness-Engine harness) | 2-85262-1 | 368301-1 |
| CN-3 | TYCO | 12 | I/conn (Frame harness-Pro vlv harness) | 174661-2 | 368537-1 |
| CN-4 | AMP | 16 | I/conn (Console harness LH-Frame harness) | 368047-1 | 368050-1 |
| CN-5 | DEUTSCH | 60 | I/conn (Side harness RH-Frame harness) | DRB16-60SAE-L018 | DRB12-60P-L018 |
| CN-6 | AMP | 16 | I/conn (Console harness RH-Frame harness) | 368047-1 | 368050-1 |
| CN-7 | AMP | 15 | I/conn (Console harness RH-Frame harness) | 2-85262-1 | 368301-1 |
| CN-8 | AMP | 10 | I/conn (Console harness RH-Frame harness) | S816-010002 | S816-110002 |
| CN-9 | DEUTSCH | 12 | I/conn (AAVM harness-Frame harness) | DT06-12SA-P021 | DT04-12PA-P021 |
| CN-10 | DEUTSCH | 12 | I/conn (Cab harness-Side harness RH) | DT06-12S-EP06 | DT04-12PA-P021 |
| CN-11 | DEUTSCH | 8 | I/conn (Frame harness-Aircon harness) | DT06-8S-EP06 | - |
| CN-12 | DEUTSCH | 2 | I/conn (Frame harness-Boom wire harness) | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E004 |
| CN-15 | AMP | 12 | I/conn (Frame harness-Breaker sol) | S816-012002 | S816-112002 |
| CN-16 | AMP | 6 | Emergency engine start & speed control | S816-006002 | S816-106002 |
| CN-17 | AMP | 8 | I/conn (Wiper harness-Side harness RH) | S816-008002 | S816-108002 |
| CN-20 | MOLEX | 2 | Horn | 36825-0211 | - |
| CN-21 | AMP | 6 | Wiper motor | S810-006202 | - |
| CN-22 | KET | 2 | Washer pump | MG640605 | - |
| CN-23 | KET | 2 | Speaker-LH | MG610070 | - |
| CN-24 | KET | 2 | Speaker-RH | MG610070 | - |
| CN-25 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Horn | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-27A | KUM | 16 | Radio & USB player | PK145-16017 | - |
| CN-27B | AMP | 8 | Radio & USB player | - | 174984-2 |
| CN-28 | KUM | 1 | Aircon compressor | NMWP01F-B | - |
| CN-29 | KET | 2 | Receiver dryer | MG640795 | - |
| CN-36 | - | - | Fuse & relay box | 21Q7-10910 | - |
| CN-45 | RING-TERM | - | Starter motor B+ | S820-108000 | - |
| CN-48 | KET | 1 | Hour meter | 2-520193-2 | - |
| CN-51 | DEUTSCH | 40 | MCU | DRC26-40SA | - |
| CN-52 | DEUTSCH | 40 | MCU | DRC26-40SB | - |
| CN-53 | DEUTSCH | 40 | MCU | DRC26-40SC | - |
| CN-56A | AMP | 12 | Cluster | - | 174663-2 |
| CN-56B | AMP | 8 | Cluster | - | 174984-2 |
| CN-60 | YAZAKI | 4 | Circuit breaker | 4-1416390-1 | - |
| CN-61 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Fuel filler pump | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |

| Connector | Turo | No. of | Destination | Connecto | or part No. |
|-----------|-------------|--------|---------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| number | Type | pin | Destination | Female | Male |
| CN-66 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Breaker solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-68 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Safety solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-70 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Travel high solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-74 | RING-TERM | 1 | Alternator "L" terminal | S820-108000 | - |
| CN-75 | AMP | 2 | Pump EPPR | S816-002002 | - |
| CN-80 | RING-TERM | - | Glow plug | S820-306000 | - |
| CN-81 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Travel buzzer solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-88 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Power max solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-93 | DELPHI | 60 | ECM | 13964577 | - |
| CN-95 | YAZAKI | 2 | Circuit breaker | - | 7222-4220-30 |
| CN-113 | KET | 2 | Buzzer | MG651205-5 | - |
| CN-125 | Econoseal J | 4 | RMS connector | S816-004002 | S816-104002 |
| CN-125A | DEUTSCH | 12 | RMS | DT06-12S-P021 | DT04-12PA-P021 |
| CN-126 | TYCO | 10 | Service tool | 2-1418390-1 | S816-110002 |
| CN-133 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Boom priority solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-135 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Arm regeneration solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-138 | FASTEN | 3 | DC/DC Converter | S810-003202 | - |
| CN-139 | FASTEN | 2 | 12V socket | 172434-2 | - |
| CN-140 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Quick clamp solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CN-141 | AMP | 13 | Wiper motor controller | 172498-1 | - |
| CN-147 | AMP | 4 | Fuel heater | 2-967325-3 | - |
| CN-149 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach safety solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-156 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Air seat | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CN-157 | AMP | 1 | Antena power | S822-014002 | - |
| CN-173 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Resistor | DT06-3S-EP06 | DT04-3P-EP10 |
| CN-174 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Resistor | DT06-3S-EP06 | DT04-3P-EP10 |
| CN-237 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach conflux solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-242 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach EPPR 1 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-245 | FCI | 4 | PTC power | 180900-0 | - |
| CN-246 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Proportional valve-RH | DT06-3S | DT04-3P |
| CN-247 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Proportional valve-LH | DT06-3S | DT04-3P |
| CN-249 | DEUTSCH | 4 | Rear view camera | DT06-4S-EP06 | DT04-4P-E005 |
| CN-258 | KET | 1 | Air compressor power | MG640944-5 | MG650943-5 |
| CN-259 | AMP | 6 | Camera | S816-006002 | S816-106002 |
| CN-262A | DELITOOLI | _ | Ctraight trayed as larged | DTOG OC EDOG | DT04 0D 5005 |
| CN-262B | DEUTSCH | 2 | Straight travel solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CN-263 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Air compressor relay | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |

| Connector | Type | No. of | Destination | Connecto | or part No. |
|-----------|---------|--------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| number | туре | pin | Destination | Female | Male |
| CN-305 | DEUTSCH | 12 | Proportional-Connector-1 | DTM06-12SA | - |
| CN-306 | DEUTSCH | 12 | Proportional-Connector-2 | DTM06-12SB | - |
| CN-307 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Proportional-Service tool | DT06-3S-E005 | DT06-3P-EP06 |
| CN-308 | AMP | 4 | Proportional-PVG32 | 2-967056-1 | - |
| CN-309 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Proportional-EPPR valve-A1 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-310 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Proportional-EPPR valve-A2 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-363 | AMP | 12 | Haptic controller | 174045-2 | - |
| CN-365 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach EPPR valve-LH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CN-366 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach EPPR valve-RH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CN-367 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Boom down floating solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CN-368 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Boom up floating solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CN-369 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Boom down cut off solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CN-370 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Swing fine control solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CN-376 | TYCO | 34 | Membrane controller | 4-1437290-1 | - |
| CN-378 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach EPPR 2 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-379 | TYCO | 2 | SCR & DEF/AdBlue® supply module | 2-1703639-1 | - |
| CN-381 | DELPHI | 2 | Line heater 1 | 12162194 | - |
| CN-382 | DELPHI | 2 | Line heater 2 | 12162194 | - |
| CN-383 | DELPHI | 2 | Line heater 3 | 12162194 | - |
| CN-384 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Coolant valve | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-385 | - | 7 | Fan clutch | 965570 | - |
| CN-398 | DEUTSCH | 4 | RS232 | DT04-4S-E005 | DT06-4P-E005 |
| CN-399 | TYCO | 4 | DEF/AdBlue® tank level sensor | 1-967325-1 | - |
| CN-402 | DEUTSCH | 6 | Front view camera | DT06-6S-EP06 | DT04-6P-EP14 |
| CN-403 | DEUTSCH | 6 | Rear view camera | DT06-6S-EP06 | DT04-6P-EP14 |
| CN-404 | DEUTSCH | 6 | RH view camera | DT06-6S-EP06 | DT04-6P-EP14 |
| CN-405 | DEUTSCH | 6 | LH view camera | DT06-6S-EP06 | DT04-6P-EP14 |
| CN-407 | FCI | 4 | Low wiper motor | 180900-0 | - |
| CN-408 | FCI | 4 | Washer tank | MG640795 | - |
| CN-419 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Swing parking-A1 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-420 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Swing parking-A2 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-421 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Swing parking-A3 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CN-427 | MOLEX | 4 | Reader-RMS | 039012040 | 026013096 |
| CN-429 | DELPHI | 4 | CAC Out temp | 12162197 | - |
| CN-J7A | TYCO | 4 | DOC Nox sensor | 2-1418390-1 | - |
| CN-J7B | TYCO | 4 | SCR Nox sensor | 1-1418390-1 | - |
| CN-J10 | TYCO | 4 | SCR Thermistor | 3-1418390-1 | - |
| CN-J17 | TYCO | 4 | DOC Thermistor | 4-1418390-1 | - |
| CN-J31 | BOSCH | 2 | DEF/AdBlue® dosing module | 1-928-403-874 | - |

| Connector | Turo | No. of | Destination | Connecto | or part No. |
|-----------|-----------|--------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| number | Type | pin | Destination | Female | Male |
| · Relay | | | | | |
| CR-1 | RING-TERM | - | Battery relay | ST710289-2 | - |
| CR-2 | - | 5 | Horn relay | - | - |
| CR-4 | - | 5 | Working lamp relay | - | - |
| CR-5 | - | 5 | Anti restart relay | - | - |
| CR-7 | - | 5 | Aircon compressor relay | - | - |
| CR-9 | - | 5 | Cabin lamp relay | - | - |
| CR-13 | - | 5 | Head lamp relay | - | - |
| CR-23 | KET | 2 | Start relay | S814-002001 | S814-102001 |
| CR-24 | RING TERM | 1 | Preheat relay | S822-014000 | - |
| CR-35 | - | 5 | Power relay | - | - |
| CR-36 | - | 5 | Preheat relay | - | - |
| CR-39 | - | 5 | Starter lock out relay | - | - |
| CR-45 | - | 5 | Beacon lamp relay | - | - |
| CR-46 | - | 5 | Fuel warmer relay | - | - |
| CR-50 | - | 5 | NOx sensor relay | - | - |
| CR-51 | - | 5 | DEF/AdBlue® module relay | - | - |
| CR-52 | - | 5 | Line heater relay | - | - |
| · Switch | | | | | |
| CS-1 | SHUR | 1 | Door switch | S822-014002 | S822-114002 |
| CS-2 | WP | 6 | Start key switch | S814-006100 | - |
| CS-4 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Safety switch | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CS-5 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Horn switch | - | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CS-19 | DEUTSCH | 2 | One touch decel switch | - | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CS-26 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Breaker switch | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CS-26A | AMP | 2 | Breaker pedal switch | S816-002002 | S816-102002 |
| CS-29 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Power max switch | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CS-33 | AMP | 6 | Emergency engine stop switch | S816-006002 | S816-106002 |
| CS-50 | CARLING | 10 | Travel priority switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-53 | AMP | 1 | Wiper cut switch | S822-014002 | - |
| CS-67 | CARLING | 10 | Quick clamp switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-73 | CARLING | 10 | Swing lock & fine switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-74A | AMP | 2 | Master switch | S813-030201 | - |
| CS-74B | DEUTSCH | 2 | Master switch | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CS-79 | CARLING | 10 | Lower wiper switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-83 | CARLING | 10 | Spare switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-99 | CARLING | 10 | Air compressor switch | VC2-01 | - |

| Connector | | No. of Doctination | Connector part No. | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| number | Type | pin | Destination | Female | Male |
| CS-100 | CARLING | 10 | SCR system cleaning switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-107 | CARLING | 10 | Travel straight switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-108 | CARLING | 10 | Auto grease switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-111 | CARLING | 10 | Boom floating switch | VC2-01 | - |
| · Light | | | | | |
| CL-1 | KET | 3 | Room lamp | MG651032 | - |
| CL-2 | AMP | 1 | Cigar light | S822-014002 | S822-114002 |
| CL-3 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Head lamp-LH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-4 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Head lamp-RH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-5 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Work lamp-LH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-6 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Work lamp-RH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-7 | SHUR | 1 | Beacon lamp | S822-014002 | S822-114002 |
| CL-8 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Cab light-LH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-9 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Cab light-RH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-10 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Cab light | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-24 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Head lamp | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CL-36 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Work lamp | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-37 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Work lamp | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-40 | DEUTSCH | 2 | DEF/AdBlue® lamp | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| · Sensor, se | ndor | | | | |
| CD-1 | AMP | 2 | Hydraulic oil temp sender | 85202-1 | - |
| CD-2 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Fuel sender | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CD-6 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Travel pressure switch | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-7 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Working pressure switch | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-10 | RING TERM | - | Air cleaner switch | ST730135-2 | - |
| CD-16 | AMP | 3 | Water level sensor | 12110293 | - |
| CD-24 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Swing sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-31 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Overload sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-32 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Boom up sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-35 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Arm & bucket in sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-42 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Pump pressure 1 | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-43 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Pump pressure 2 | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-44 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Pump pressure 3 | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-45 | DEUTSCH | 2 | WIF sensor | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CD-69 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Attach pressure sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-70 | DEUTSCH | 3 | N1 pressure sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-71 | DEUTSCH | 3 | N2 pressure sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-85 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Boom down sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | DT06-3P-E005 |
| CD-90 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Arm in sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-124 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Boom cylinder rod pressure snensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |

CONNECTOR DESTINATION (SERIAL NO. : #1095-)

| Connector | Type | No. of | Destination | Connecto | r part No. |
|-----------|-------------|--------|---|------------------|----------------|
| number | Type | pin | Destination | Female | Male |
| CN-1 | AMP | 10 | I/conn (Frame harness-Pump PS harness) | S816-010002 | S816-110002 |
| CN-2 | AMP | 15 | I/conn (Frame harness-Engine harness) | 2-85262-1 | 368301-1 |
| CN-3 | AMP | 12 | I/conn (Frame harness-Pro vlv harness) | 174661-2 | 368537-1 |
| CN-4 | AMP | 16 | l/conn (Console harness LH-Frame harness) | 368047-1 | 368050-1 |
| CN-5 | DEUTSCH | 60 | I/conn (Side harness RH-Frame harness) | DRB16-60SAE-L018 | DRB12-60P-L018 |
| CN-6 | AMP | 16 | l/conn (Console harness RH-Frame harness) | 368047-1 | 368050-1 |
| CN-7 | AMP | 15 | l/conn (Console harness RH-Frame harness) | 2-85262-1 | 368301-1 |
| CN-8 | AMP | 10 | l/conn (Console harness RH-Frame harness) | S816-010002 | 174655-2 |
| CN-9 | DEUTSCH | 12 | I/conn (Frame harness-AAVM harness) | DT06-12SA-EP06 | DT04-12PA-P021 |
| CN-10 | DEUTSCH | 12 | I/conn (Cab harness-Side harness RH) | DT06-12S-EP06 | DT04-12PA-P021 |
| CN-11 | DEUTSCH | 8 | I/conn (Frame harness-Aircon harness) | DT06-8S-EP06 | - |
| CN-12 | DEUTSCH | 2 | l/conn (Frame hamess-Boom wire hamess) | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E004 |
| CN-13 | TYCO | 6 | Boom floating | S816-006002 | S816-106002 |
| CN-14 | AMP/DEUTSCH | 4 | S/parking & fine control | 174257-2 | DT04-4P-E005 |
| CN-15 | - | 8 | l/conn (Frame harness-Breaker sol) | 174962-2 | S816-112002 |
| CN-16 | TYCO | 6 | Emergency engine start & speed control | S816-006002 | S816-106002 |
| CN-16B | - | 6 | Resistor | S816-006002 | 21NB-10710 |
| CN-17 | AMP | 8 | I/conn (Wiper harness-Side harness RH) | S816-008002 | S816-108002 |
| CN-18 | AMP | 2 | I/conn (Washer pump-Frame harness) | 174352-2 | 174354-2 |
| CN-20 | MOLEX | 2 | Horn | 36825-0211 | - |
| CN-21 | AMP | 6 | Wiper motor | S810-006202 | - |
| CN-22 | KET | 2 | Washer pump | MG640605 | - |
| CN-23 | KET | 2 | Speaker-LH | MG610070 | - |
| CN-24 | KET | 2 | Speaker-RH | MG610070 | - |
| CN-25 | MOLEX | 2 | Horn | 36825-0211 | - |
| CN-27A | KUM | 16 | Radio & USB player | PK145-16017 | - |
| CN-27B | AMP | 8 | Radio & USB player | - | 174984-2 |
| CN-28 | KUM | 1 | Aircon compressor | NMWP01F-B | - |
| CN-29 | KET | 2 | Receiver dryer | MG640795 | - |
| CN-36 | - | - | Fuse & relay box | 21Q7-10910 | - |
| CN-45 | RING-TERM | - | Starter motor B+ | S820-108000 | - |
| CN-48 | KET | 1 | Hour meter | 2-520193-2 | - |
| CN-51 | TE | 34 | United MCU | 2-1437285-3 | 3-6437285-0 |
| CN-52 | TE | 34 | United MCU | 4-1437290-1 | 6473427-1 |
| CN-53 | TE | 26 | United MCU | 1473416-1 | 6473427-1 |
| CN-54 | TE | 34 | United MCU | 4-1437290-0 | 6437288-1 |
| CN-56A | AMP | 12 | Cluster | - | 174663-2 |
| CN-56B | AMP | 8 | Cluster | - | 174984-2 |
| CN-60 | Y-TYPE | 2 | Circuit breaker | - | 7222-4220-30 |

| Connector | Type | No. of | Destination | Connecto | Connector part No. | |
|-----------|-------------|--------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
| number | туре | pin | Destillation | Female | Male | |
| CN-61 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Fuel filler pump | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-66 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Breaker solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-68 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Safety solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-70 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Travel high solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-74 | RING-TERM | 1 | Alternator "L" terminal | S820-108000 | - | |
| CN-75 | AMP | 2 | Pump EPPR | S816-002002 | - | |
| CN-80 | RING-TERM | - | Glow plug | S820-306000 | - | |
| CN-81 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Travel buzzer solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-88 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Power max solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-93 | DELPHI | 96 | ECM | 13964577 | - | |
| CN-95 | Y TYPE | 2 | Circuit breaker | - | 7222-4220-30 | |
| CN-100 | KET | 1 | ECM ground | MG640944-5 | - | |
| CN-113 | KET | 2 | Buzzer | MG651205-5 | - | |
| CN-125 | Econoseal J | 4 | GPS connector | S816-004002 | S816-104002 | |
| CN-125A | DEUTSCH | 12 | GPS | DT06-12S-P021 | DT04-12PA- P021 | |
| CN-126 | TYCO | 10 | Service tool | 2-1418390-1 | S816-110002 | |
| CN-133 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Boom priority solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-135 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Arm regeneration solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-138 | FASTEN | 3 | DC/DC Converter | S810-003202 | - | |
| CN-139 | FASTEN | 2 | 12V socket | 172434-2 | - | |
| CN-140 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Quick clamp solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 | |
| CN-141 | AMP | 13 | Wiper motor controller | 172498-1 | - | |
| CN-147 | AMP | 2 | Fuel heater | 85202-1 | - | |
| CN-149 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach safety solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-156 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Air seat | DT06-2S | DT04-2P | |
| CN-157 | AMP | 1 | Antena power | S822-014002 | - | |
| CN-173 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Resistor | DT06-3S-EP06 | DT04-3P-EP10 | |
| CN-174 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Resistor | DT06-3S-EP06 | DT04-3P-EP10 | |
| CN-237 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach conflux solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-242 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach EPPR 1 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-243 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach EPPR 2 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-245 | KET | 2 | PTC power | MG620558 | - | |
| CN-246 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Proportional valve-RH | DT06-3S | DT04-3P | |
| CN-247 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Proportional valve-LH | DT06-3S | DT04-3P | |
| CN-249 | DEUTSCH | 4 | Rear view camera | DT06-4S-EP06 | DT04-4P-E005 | |
| CN-258 | KET | 1 | Air compressor power | MG640944-5 | MG650943-5 | |
| CN-259 | AMP | 6 | Camera | S816-006002 | S816-106002 | |
| CN-260 | AMP | 2 | Siren lamp | 174352-2 | 174354-2 | |

| Connector | Tuno | No. of | Destination | Connector part No. | | |
|-----------|---------|--------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--|
| number | Type | pin | Destination | Female | Male | |
| CN-261 | - | 4 | Siren AMP | - | - | |
| CN-262 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Straight travel solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 | |
| CN-263 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Air compressor relay | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 | |
| CN-305 | DEUTSCH | 12 | Proportional-Connector-1 | DTM06-12SA | - | |
| CN-306 | DEUTSCH | 12 | Proportional-Connector-2 | DTM06-12SB | - | |
| CN-307 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Proportional-Service tool | DT06-3S-E005 | DT06-3P-EP06 | |
| CN-308 | AMP | 4 | Proportional-PVG32 | 2-967056-1 | - | |
| CN-309 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Proportional-EPPR valve 1 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-310 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Proportional-EPPR valve 2 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-363 | AMP | 12 | Haptic controller | 174045-2 | - | |
| CN-365 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach relief EPPR valve1 | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 | |
| CN-366 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach relief EPPR valve2 | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 | |
| CN-367 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Boom down floating solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 | |
| CN-368 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Boom up floating solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 | |
| CN-369 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Boom down cut off solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 | |
| CN-370 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Swing fine control solenoid | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 | |
| CN-376 | TYCO | 34 | Membrane controller | 4-1437290-1 | - | |
| CN-378 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Attach EPPR 2 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-379 | TYCO | 12 | SCR & DEF/AdBlue® supply module | 2-1703639-1 | - | |
| CN-380 | - | 4 | DEF/AdBlue® tank level sensor | 1-967325-1 | - | |
| CN-381 | BOSCH | 2 | DEF line heater 1 | 1 926 403 674 | - | |
| CN-382 | BOSCH | 2 | DEF line heater 2 | 1 926 403 674 | - | |
| CN-383 | BOSCH | 2 | DEF line heater 3 | 1 926 403 674 | - | |
| CN-384 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Coolant valve | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-385 | - | 7 | Fan clutch | 965570 | - | |
| CN-398 | DEUTSCH | 4 | RS232 | DT04-4S-E005 | DT06-4P-E005 | |
| CN-401 | FCI | 90 | AAVM controller | - | - | |
| CN-402 | DEUTSCH | 6 | Front view camera | DT06-6S-PO21 | DT04-6P-EP14 | |
| CN-403 | DEUTSCH | 6 | Rear view camera | DT06-6S-EP06 | DT04-6P-EP14 | |
| CN-404 | DEUTSCH | 6 | LH view camera | DT06-6S-EP06 | DT04-6P-EP14 | |
| CN-405 | DEUTSCH | 6 | RH view camera | DT06-6S-EP06 | DT04-6P-EP14 | |
| CN-406 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Service tool | DT06-3S-EP06 | DT04-3P-E005 | |
| CN-407 | DEUTSCH | 4 | Low wiper motor | DT06-4S-EP06 | DT04-4P-E005 | |
| CN-408 | FCI | 4 | Washer tank | MG640795 | - | |
| CN-419 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Swing parking-A3 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-420 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Swing parking-A2 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CN-421 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Swing parking-A1 | DT06-2S-EP06 | - | |
| CNI-427 | MOLEY | 4 | Reader-RMS | 039012040 | 026013096 | |
| CN-427 | MOLEX | 12 | Reader-RMS | 5557-12R | 5559-12P | |

| Connector | T | No. of | Destruction | Connecto | or part No. |
|-----------|-----------|--------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| number | Type | pin | Destination | Female | Male |
| CN-430 | DEUTSCH | 6 | Aftertreatment harness | DT06-6S-EP06 | - |
| CN-J7A | TYCO | 4 | DOC Nox sensor | 2-1418390-1 | - |
| CN-J7B | TYCO | 4 | SCR Nox sensor | 1-1418390-1 | - |
| CN-J10 | TYCO | 4 | SCR Thermistor | 3-1418390-1 | - |
| CN-J17 | TYCO | 4 | DOC Thermistor | 4-1418390-1 | - |
| CN-J31 | BOSCH | 2 | DEF/AdBlue® dosing module | 1-928-403-874 | - |
| · Relay | | | | , | |
| CR-1 | RING-TERM | - | Battery relay | ST710289-2 | - |
| CR-2 | - | 5 | Horn relay | - | - |
| CR-4 | - | 5 | Working lamp relay | - | - |
| CR-5 | - | 5 | Anti restart relay | - | - |
| CR-7 | - | 5 | Aircon compressor relay | - | - |
| CR-9 | - | 5 | Cabin lamp relay | - | - |
| CR-13 | - | 5 | Head lamp relay | - | - |
| CR-23 | KET | 2 | Start relay | S814-002001 | S814-102001 |
| CR-24 | RING TERM | 1 | Preheat relay | S822-014000 | - |
| CR-35 | - | 5 | Power relay | - | - |
| CR-36 | - | 5 | Preheat relay | - | - |
| CR-39 | - | 5 | Starter lock out relay | - | - |
| CR-45 | - | 5 | Beacon lamp relay | - | - |
| CR-46 | - | 5 | Fuel warmer relay | - | - |
| CR-50 | - | 5 | NOx sensor relay | - | - |
| CR-51 | - | 5 | DEF/AdBlue® module relay | - | - |
| CR-52 | - | 5 | Line heater relay | - | - |
| · Switch | | | | | |
| CS-1 | SHUR | 1 | Door switch | S822-014002 | S822-114002 |
| CS-2 | WP | 6 | Start key switch | S814-006100 | - |
| CS-2B | DEUTSCH | 3 | Reader-start | DT06-3S-EP06 | DT04-3P-E005 |
| CS-4 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Safety switch | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CS-5 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Horn switch | - | DT04-2P |
| CS-19 | DEUTSCH | 2 | One touch decel switch | - | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CS-26 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Breaker switch | DT06-2S | - |
| CS-26A | AMP | 2 | Breaker pedal switch | S816-002002 | S816-102002 |
| CS-29 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Power max switch | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CS-33 | AMP | 6 | Emergency engine stop switch | S816-006002 | S816-106002 |
| CS-50 | CARLING | 10 | Travel priority switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-52 | CARLING | 10 | 2 Piece switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-53 | AMP | 1 | Wiper cut switch | S822-014002 | - |
| CS-67 | CARLING | 10 | Quick clamp switch | VC2-01 | - |

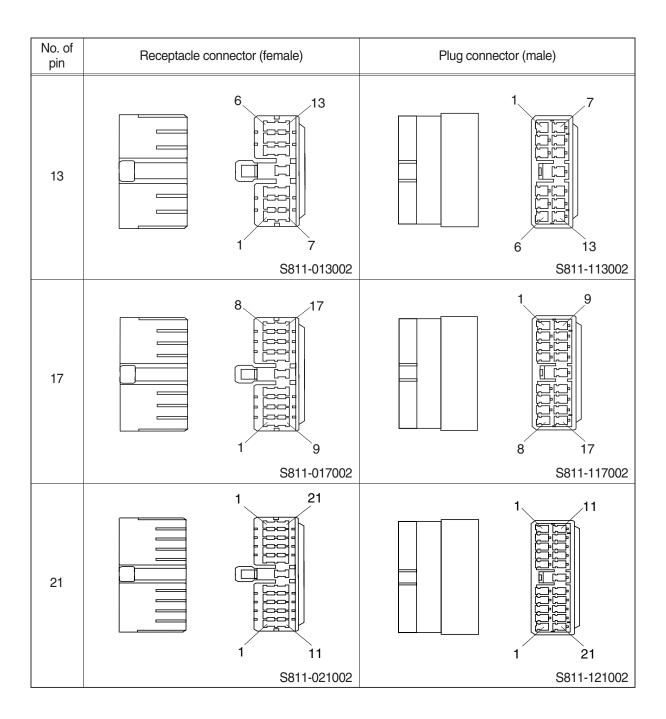
| Connector | Tyroo | No. of | Destination | Connecto | or part No. |
|-------------|----------|--------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| number | Type | pin | Destination | Female | Male |
| CS-73 | CARLING | 10 | Swing lock switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-73A | CARLING | 10 | Swing fine switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-74A | KET | 2 | Master switch | MG620558 | - |
| CS-74B | DEUTSCH | 2 | Master switch | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CS-79 | CARLING | 10 | Lower wiper switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-83 | CARLING | 10 | Spare switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-99 | CARLING | 10 | Air compressor switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-100 | CARLING | 10 | SCR system cleaning switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-107 | CARLING | 10 | Travel straight switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-108 | CARLING | 10 | Auto grease switch | VC2-01 | - |
| CS-111 | CARLING | 10 | Boom floating switch | VC2-01 | - |
| · Light | | | | | |
| CL-1 | KET | 3 | Room lamp | MG651032 | - |
| CL O | AMD | 4 | Cinau limbteu | S822-014002 | S822-114002 |
| CL-2 | AMP | 1 | Cigar lighter | S810-001002 | - |
| CL-3 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Head lamp-LH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-4 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Head lamp-RH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-5 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Work lamp-LH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-6 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Work lamp-RH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-7 | SHUR | 1 | Beacon lamp | S822-014002 | S822-114002 |
| CL-8 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Cab light-LH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-9 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Cab light-RH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-10 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Cab light-RH | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-24 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Head lamp-rear | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P-E005 |
| CL-36 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Work lamp | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-37 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Work lamp | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-40 | DEUTSCH | 2 | DEF/AdBlue® lamp | DT06-2S-EP06 | DT04-2P |
| CL-41 | - | 1 | DEF/AdBlue® lamp full warning | S822-014000 | S822-114000 |
| Sensor, ser | ndor | | | | |
| CD-1 | AMP | 2 | Hydraulic oil temp sender | 85202-1 | - |
| CD-2 | DEUTSCH | 2 | Fuel sender | DT06-2S-EP06 | - |
| CD-6 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Travel pressure switch | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-7 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Working pressure switch | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-10 | SUMITOMO | 4 | Air cleaner switch | 6098-0144 | - |
| CD-10A | AMP | 2 | Air cleaner switch | 85202-1 | - |
| CD-16 | AMP | 3 | Water level sensor | 12110293 | - |
| CD-24 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Swing sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-31 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Overload sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | DT04-3P-E005 |
| CD-32 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Boom up sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |

| Connector | Turno | No. of | Destination | Connecto | or part No. |
|-----------|---------|--------|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| number | Type | pin | Destination | Female | Male |
| CD-35 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Arm in/out & bucket in sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-42 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Pump pressure 1 | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-43 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Pump pressure 2 | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-44 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Pump pressure 3 | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-45 | AMP | 2 | WIF sensor | - | - |
| CD-69 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Attach pressure sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-70 | DEUTSCH | 3 | N1 pressure sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-71 | DEUTSCH | 3 | N2 pressure sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-85 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Boom down sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-90 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Arm in sensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |
| CD-124 | DEUTSCH | 3 | Boom cylinder rod pressure snensor | DT06-3S-EP06 | - |

2. CONNECTION TABLE FOR CONNECTORS

1) PA TYPE CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|--|--|
| 5 | 2 5 1 3 | 2 5 |
| 7 | \$811-005002 3 7 1 4 \$811-007002 | \$811-105002 1 4 3 7 \$811-107002 |
| 9 | 4 9 1 5 S811-009002 | 1 5 1 5 4 9 3\$811-109002 |
| 11 | 5 11 1 6 S811-011002 | 1 6 5 11 S811-111002 |

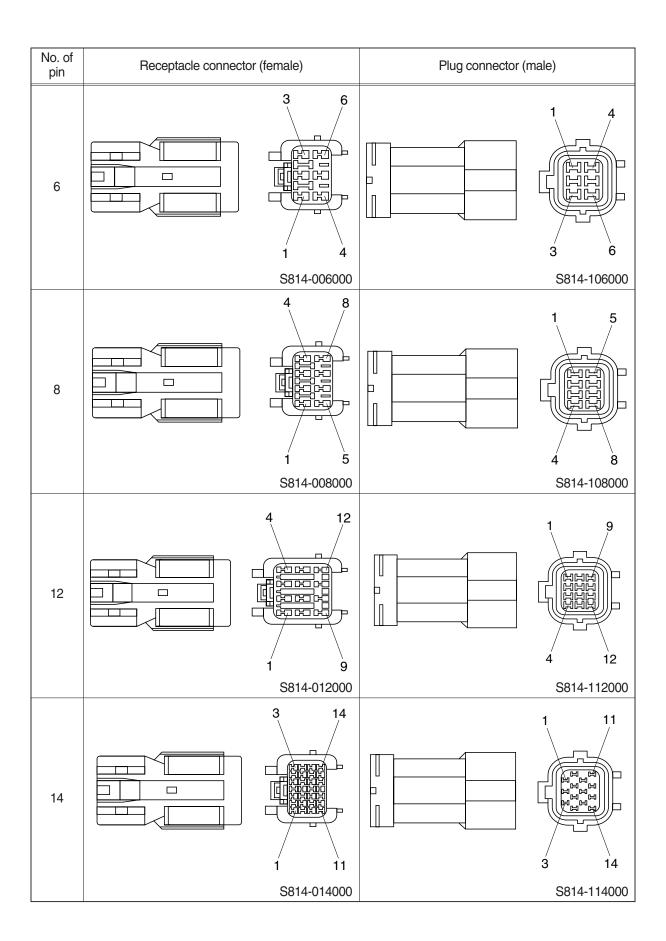


2) J TYPE CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle conne | ector (female) | Plug connector | r (male) |
|------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2 | | 2 S816-002001 | | 2 1 S816-102001 |
| 3 | | 3 1 S816-003001 | | 3 1 2 S816-103001 |
| 4 | | 3 1 4 2 S816-004001 | | 3 1 S816-104001 |
| 8 | | 6 3 1 8 5 2 S816-008001 | | 8 5 2 0000 6 3 1 S816-108001 |

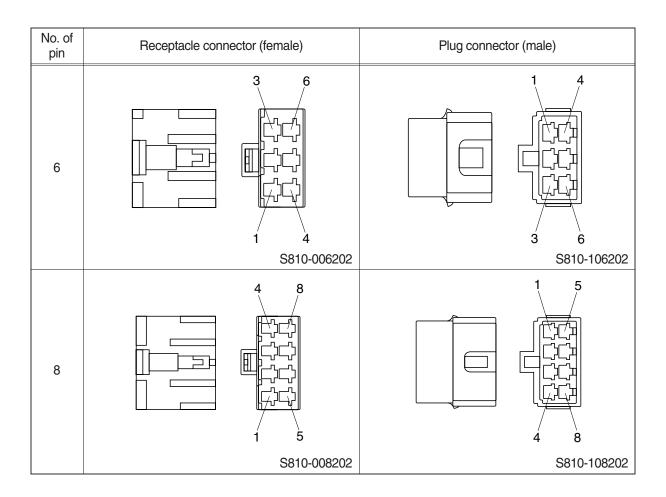
3) SWP TYPE CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (| female) | Plug connector (male) | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | | S814-001000 | | S814-101000 |
| 2 | | 2 1 S814-002000 | | 2 S814-102000 |
| 3 | | 3 2 1 S814-003000 | | 1 2 3 S814-103000 |
| 4 | | 2 4 1 3 5814-004000 | | 1 2 4 S814-104000 |

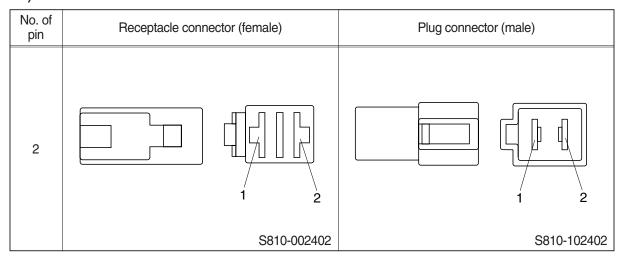


4) CN TYPE CONNECTOR

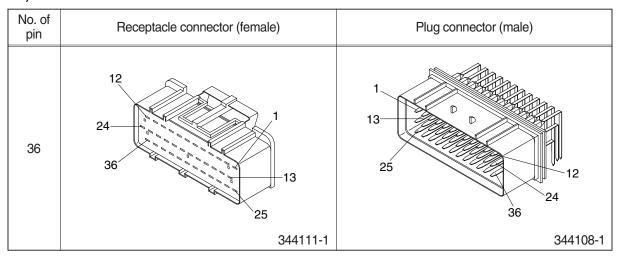
| No. of pin | Receptacle connecto | or (female) | Plug connector (| male) |
|------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| 1 | | 1 | | 1 |
| | | S810-001202 | | S810-101202 |
| 2 | | 1 | | 1 |
| | | S810-002202 | | S810-102202 |
| 3 | | 1 2 | | 1 3 |
| | | S810-003202 | | S810-103202 |
| 4 | | 2 4 | | 1 3 |
| | | S810-004202 | | S810-104202 |



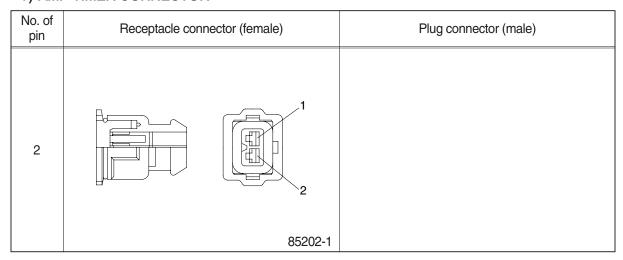
5) 375 FASTEN TYPE CONNECTOR



6) AMP ECONOSEAL CONNECTOR



7) AMP TIMER CONNECTOR



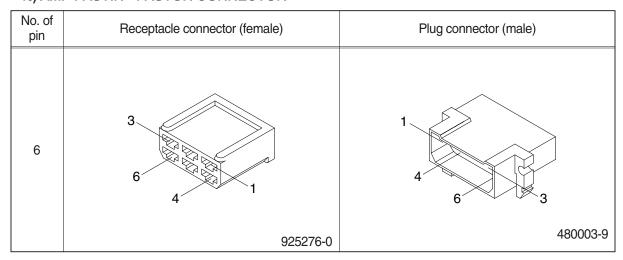
8) AMP 040 MULTILOCK CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | |
| 12 | 7 | |
| | 174045-2 | |

9) AMP 070 MULTILOCK CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 14 | 1 7 14 173852 | |

10) AMP FASTIN - FASTON CONNECTOR



11) KET 090 CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 | 1 | |
| | MG610070 | |

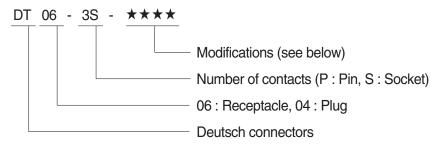
12) KET 090 WP CONNECTORS

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 | 1 2 MG640605 | |
| | | |
| 2 | 1 2 | |
| | MG640795 | |

13) KET SDL CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 14 | 7 | |
| | MG610406 | |

14) DEUTSCH DT CONNECTORS



Modification

E003: Standard end cap - gray

E004 : Color of connector to be black E005 : Combination - E004 & E003

EP04: End cap

EP06: Combination P012 & EP04

P012: Front seal enhancement - connectors color to black for 2, 3, 4 & 6pin

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 | | 1 2 |
| | DT06-2S | DT04-2P |
| 3 | 1 2 3 | 2 1 3 |
| | DT06-3S | DT04-3P |
| 4 | 2 3 | 3 2 |
| | DT06-4S | DT04-4P |

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 6 | | |
| | DT06-6S | DT04-6P |
| 8 | 5 4 8 1 | 5 |
| | DT06-8S | DT04-8P |
| 12 | 7 6 | 1 12 |
| | DT06-12S | DT04-12P |

15) MOLEX 2CKTS CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 | 1 2 | |
| | 35215-0200 | |

16) ITT SWF CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 10 | 1 9 | |
| | SWF593757 | |

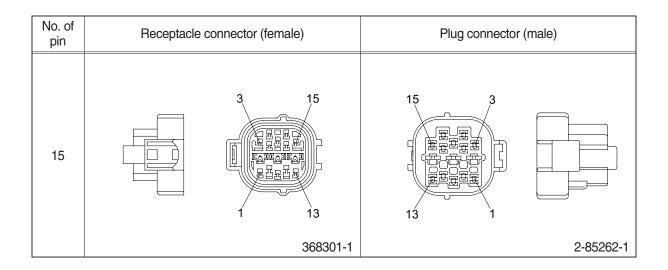
17) MWP NMWP CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 1 | |
| | NMWP01F-B | |

18) ECONOSEAL J TYPE CONNECTORS

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | S816-001002 | S816-101002 |
| 2 | 1 2 S816-002002 | 2 1 S816-102002 |
| 3 | S816-003002 | 3 2 1 S816-103002 |
| 4 | 3 4 S816-004002 | 2 1 4 3 \$816-104002 |

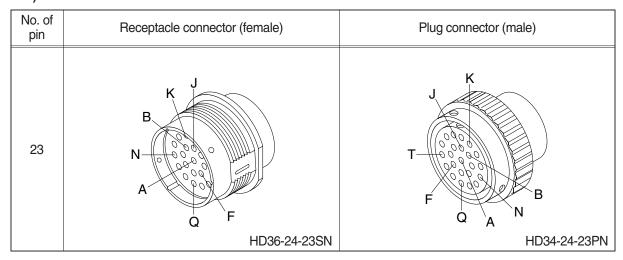
| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 6 | 3 4 6 S816-006002 | 3 1 6 4 S816-106002 |
| 8 | 5010 000002 1 4 5 8 8 8816-008002 | 4 1 8 5 S816-108002 |
| 10 | 5 6 10 S816-010002 | 5 10 6 S816-110002 |
| 12 | 7 12 S816-012002 | 6 1 |



19) METRI-PACK TYPE CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 | | |
| | 12040753 | |

20) DEUTSCH HD30 CONNECTOR



21) DEUTSCH MCU CONNECTOR (SERIAL NO.: -#1094)

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (Female) | Plug connector (Male) |
|------------|--|-----------------------|
| 40 | 11 21 31 35 36 40 30 DRC26-40SA/B | |
| | DN020-403A/D | |

22) DEUTSCH SERVICE TOOL CONNECTOR

| 9 F G B | No. of pin | Receptacle connector (Female) | Plug connector (Male) |
|------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| HD10-9-96P | 9 | E A B B H | |

23) AMP FUEL WARMER CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (Female) | Plug connector (Male) |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 4 | 3 2 4 | |
| | 2-967325-3 | |

24) DEUTSCH ENGINE ECM CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (Female) | Plug connector (Male) |
|------------|--|-----------------------|
| 50 | 11 5 6 10 21 20 20 41 45 46 50 40 DRC26-50S-04 | |

25) DEUTSCH INTERMEDIATE CONNECTOR

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (Female) | Plug connector (Male) |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
| 60 | 1 13 25 31 37 49 24 30 36 49 48 60 DRB16-60SAE-L018 | |

26) TE MCU CONNECTOR (SERIAL NO.: #1095-)

| No. of pin | Receptacle connector (female) | Plug connector (male) |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
| 26 | 1 8 14 20 20 20 26 1473416-1 | |
| 34 | 1 10 18 26 26 34 4-1437290-0 | |
| 34 | 1 10 18 26 26 34 4-1437290-1 | |
| | | |

SECTION 5 MECHATRONICS SYSTEM

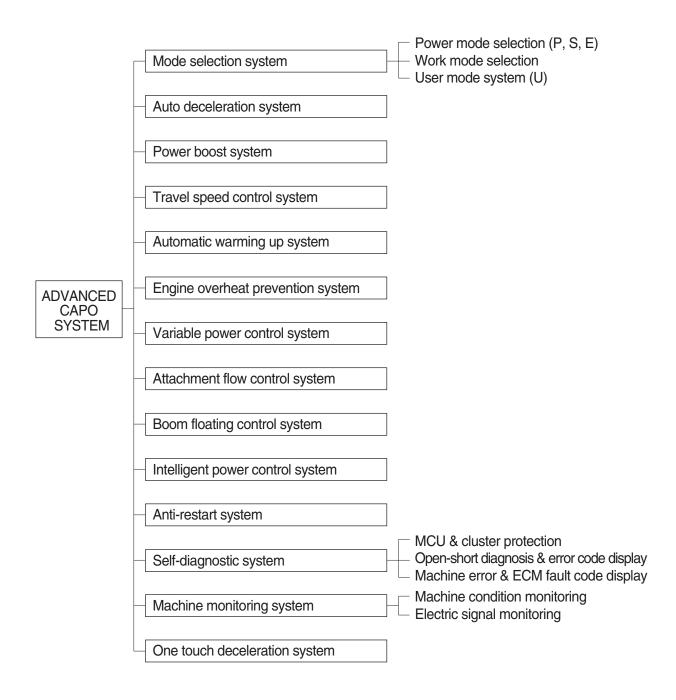
| Group | 1 | Outline | 5-1 |
|-------|----|---|------|
| Group | 2 | Mode Selection System ····· | 5-3 |
| Group | 3 | Automatic Deceleration System ····· | 5-6 |
| Group | 4 | Power Boost System | 5-7 |
| Group | 5 | Travel Speed Control System | 5-8 |
| Group | 6 | Automatic Warming Up System ····· | 5-9 |
| Group | 7 | Engine Overheat Prevention System ····· | 5-10 |
| Group | 8 | Variable Power Control System | 5-11 |
| Group | 9 | Attachment Flow Control System | 5-12 |
| Group | 10 | Boom Floating Control System | 5-13 |
| Group | 11 | Intelligent Power Control System | 5-14 |
| Group | 12 | Anti-Restart System ····· | 5-16 |
| Group | 13 | Self-Diagnostic System ···· | 5-17 |
| Group | 14 | Engine Control System ····· | 5-53 |
| Group | 15 | EPPR Valve | 5-54 |
| Group | 16 | Monitoring System | 5-59 |
| Group | 17 | Fuel Warmer System | 5-94 |

SECTION 5 MECHATRONICS SYSTEM

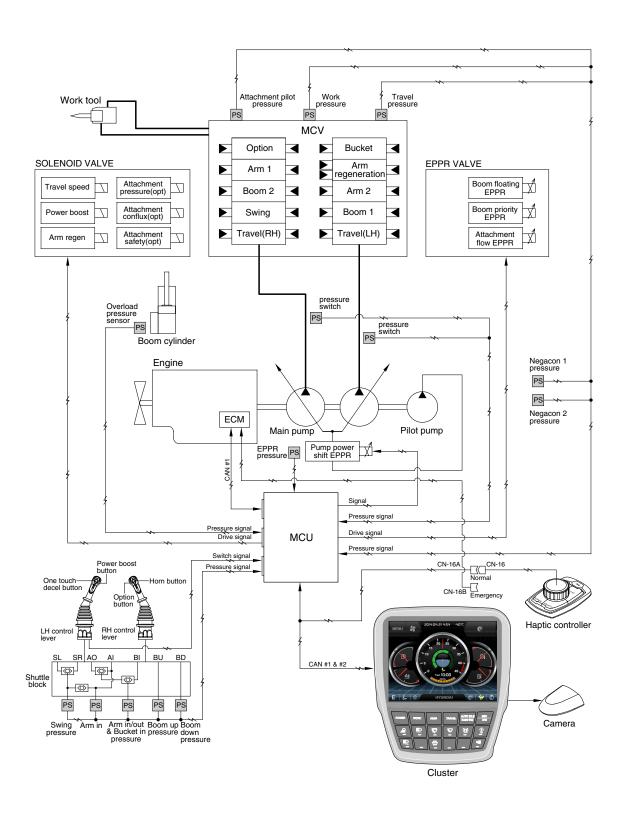
GROUP 1 OUTLINE

The ADVANCED CAPO (Computer Aided Power Optimization) system controls engine and pump mutual power at an optimum and less fuel consuming state for the selected work by mode selection, auto-deceleration, power boost function, etc. It monitors machine conditions, for instance, engine speed, coolant temperature, hydraulic oil temperature, and hydraulic oil pressure, etc.

It consists of a MCU, a cluster, an ECM, EPPR valves, and other components. The MCU and the cluster protect themselves from over-current and high voltage input, and diagnose malfunctions caused by short or open circuit in electric system, and display error codes on the cluster.



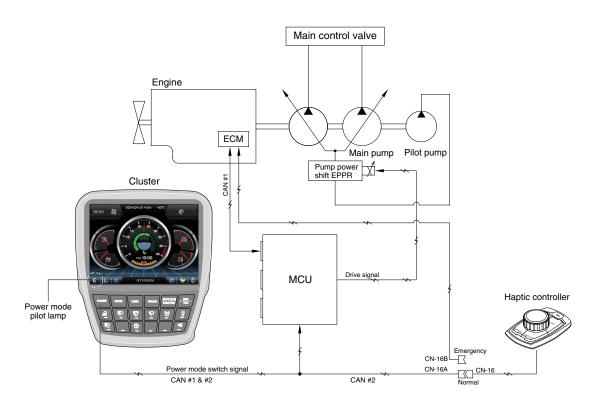
SYSTEM DIAGRAM



300L5MS101

GROUP 2 MODE SELECTION SYSTEM

1. POWER MODE SELECTION SYSTEM



300L5MS102

Mode selection system (micro computer based electro-hydraulic pump and engine mutual control system) optimizes the engine and pump performance.

The combination of 3 power modes (P, S, E) and acceleration mode (10 set) of haptic controller makes it possible to use the engine and pump power more effectively corresponding to the work conditions from a heavy and great power requesting work to a light and precise work.

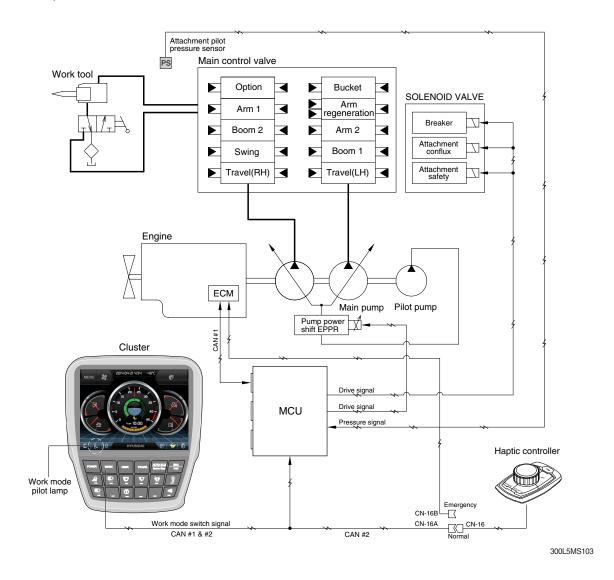
| | | Engine rpm | | | | Power shift by EPPR valve | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|------------|---------|----------|---------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Power | Application | Standard | | Option | | Standard | | Option | |
| mode | | Unload | Load | Unload | Load | Current (mA) | Pressure (kgf/cm²) | Current (mA) | Pressure (kgf/cm²) |
| Р | Heavy duty power | 1800±50 | 1950±50 | 1800±50 | 1900±50 | 290±30 | 8 (~5) | 290±30 | 8 (~5) |
| S | Standard power | 1700±50 | 1850±50 | 1700±50 | 1800±50 | 330±30 | 10 (~5)±3 | 330±30 | 10 (~5)±3 |
| E | Economy operation | 1600±50 | 1750±50 | 1600±50 | 1700±50 | 360±30 | 12 (~7)±3 | 360±30 | 12 (~7)±3 |
| AUTO DECEL | Engine deceleration | 1100±100 | - | 1100±100 | - | 700±30 | 38±3 | 700±30 | 38±3 |
| One touch decel | Engine quick deceleration | 1000±100 | - | 1000±100 | - | 700±30 | 38±3 | 700±30 | 38±3 |
| KEY START | Key switch start position | 1000±100 | - | 1000±100 | - | 700±30 | 38±3 | 700±30 | 38±3 |

* Power shift (Standard/Option) can be changed by "Service menu" in "Management" on the cluster.

※ (~*): Load

2. WORK MODE SELECTION SYSTEM

Work mode consists of the general operation (bucket) and the optional attachment (breaker, crusher).



1) GENERAL WORK MODE (bucket)

This mode is used to general digging work.

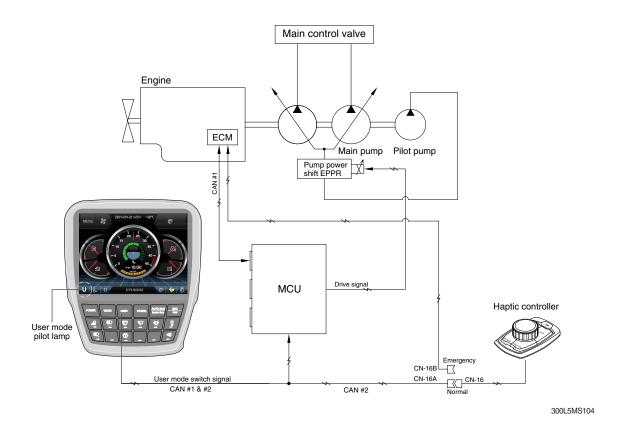
2) ATT WORK MODE (breaker, crusher)

It controls the pump flow and system pressure according to the operation of breaker or crusher.

| Description | General mode | Work tool | |
|------------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| Description | Bucket | Breaker | Crusher |
| Attachment safety solenoid | OFF | - | ON |
| Attachment conflux solenoid | OFF | ON/OFF | ON/OFF |
| Attachment flow EPPR current | 100 mA | 100~700 mA | 100~700 mA |
| Breaker solenoid* | OFF | ON | - |

[★] When breaker operating button is pushed.

3. USER MODE SELECTION SYSTEM

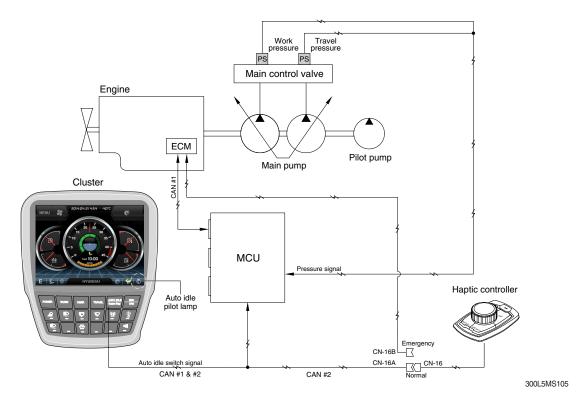


1) High idle rpm, auto idle rpm and EPPR pressure can be adjusted and memorized in the U-mode.

2) LCD segment vs parameter setting

| Step (■) | Engine speed (rpm) | Idle speed (rpm) | Power shift (bar) |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | 1300 | 700 | 0 |
| 2 | 1400 | 750 | 3 |
| 3 | 1500 | 800 | 6 |
| 4 | 1600 | 850 | 9 |
| 5 | 1700 | 900 | 12 |
| 6 | 1800 | 950 | 16 |
| 7 | 1850 | 1000 | 20 |
| 8 | 1900 | 1050 | 26 |
| 9 | 1950 | 1100 (auto decel) | 32 |
| 10 | 2000 | 1150 | 38 |

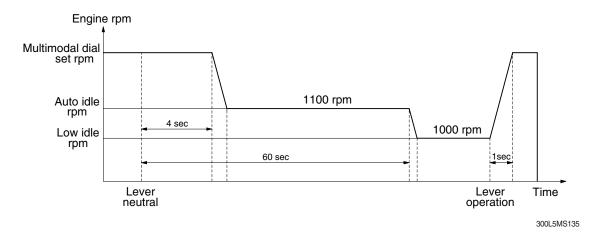
GROUP 3 AUTOMATIC DECELERATION SYSTEM



1. WHEN AUTO IDLE PILOT LAMP ON

When all of the work equipment control levers including swing and travel levers are at neutral for 4 seconds, MCU sends throttle command to ECM to reduce the engine speed to 1100 rpm. If the control levers are at neutral for 1 minute, MCU reduces the engine speed to 1000 rpm. As the result of reducing the engine speed, fuel consumption and noise are effectively cut down during non-operation of the control levers.

When the Auto idle pilot lamp is turned off by pressing the switch or any control lever is operated, the reduced engine speed rises upto the speed before deceleration in a second.

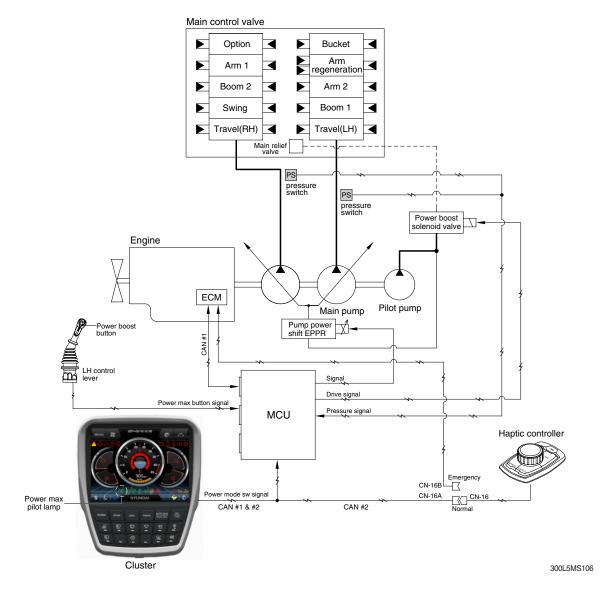


2. WHEN AUTO IDLE PILOT LAMP OFF

The engine speed can be set as desired using the multimodal dial switch, and even if the control levers are neutral, the engine speed is not reduced.

* Auto idle function can be activated when multimodal dial position is over 4.

GROUP 4 POWER BOOST SYSTEM

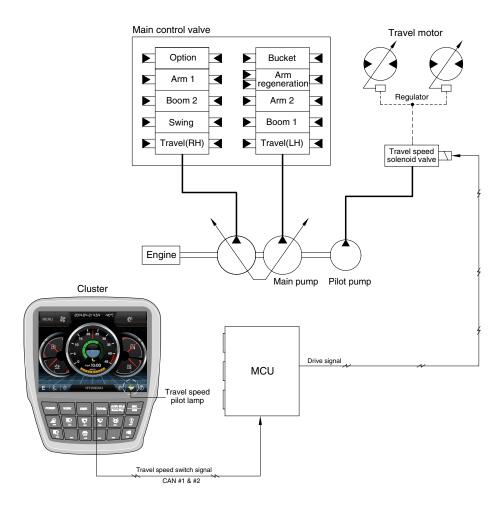


- When the power boost switch on the left control lever knob is pushed ON, the power mode is set P mode and maximum digging power is increased by 10 %.
- When the power boost function is activated, the power boost solenoid valve pilot pressure raises the set pressure of the main relief valve to increase the digging power.

| Description | Condition | Function |
|-------------|---|---|
| Activated | Power boost switch : ON Multimodal dial : over 8 | - Power mode : P - Multimodal dial power : 9 - Power boost solenoid : ON - Power boost pilot Imap : ON - Operating time : max 8 seconds |
| Canceled | Power boost switch : OFF | Pre-set power mode Power boost solenoid : OFF Power boost pilot lamp : OFF |

* When the auto power boost is set to Enable and power mode is set to P mode on the cluster, the digging power is automatically increased as working conditions by the MCU. It is operated max 8 seconds.

GROUP 5 TRAVEL SPEED CONTROL SYSTEM



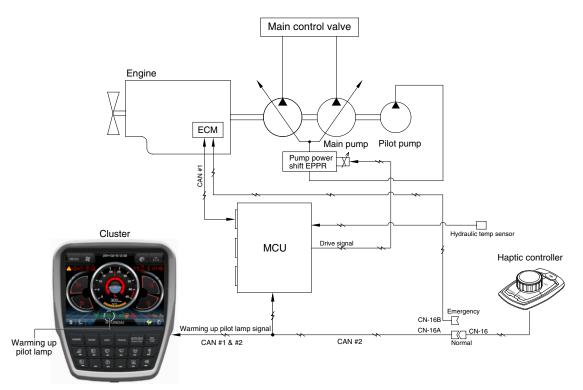
300L5MS107

Travel speed can be switched manually by pressing the travel speed switch on the cluster.

| Speed | Travel speed solenoid valve | Lamp on cluster | Operation |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Low | OFF | Turtle | Low speed, high driving torque in the travel motor |
| High | ON | Rabbit | High speed, low driving torque in the travel motor |

※ Default : Turtle (Low)

GROUP 6 AUTOMATIC WARMING UP SYSTEM



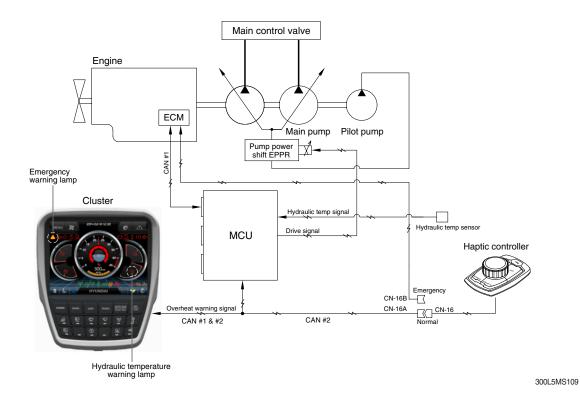
300L5MS108

- The MCU receives the engine coolant temperature from the ECM, and if the coolant temperature is below 30°C, it increases the engine speed from key start rpm to 1100 rpm. At this time the mode does not change. If the coolant temperature sensor has fault, the hydraulic oil temperature signal is substituted.
- 2. In case of the coolant temperature increases up to 30°C, the engine speed is decreased to key start speed. And if an operator changes power mode set during the warming up function, the MCU cancels the automatic warming up function.

3. LOGIC TABLE

| Description | Condition | Function |
|-------------|---|---|
| Actuated | - Coolant temperature : below 30°C (after engine run) | - Power mode : Default (E mode) - Warming up time : 10 minutes (max) - Warming up pilot lamp : ON |
| Canceled | Coolant temperature: Above 30°C Warming up time: Above 10 minutes Changed power mode set by operator RCV lever or pedal operating Auto idle cancel If any of the above conditions is applicable, the automatic warming up function is canceled | - Power mode : set mode - Warming up pilot lamp : OFF |

GROUP 7 ENGINE OVERHEAT PREVENTION SYSTEM

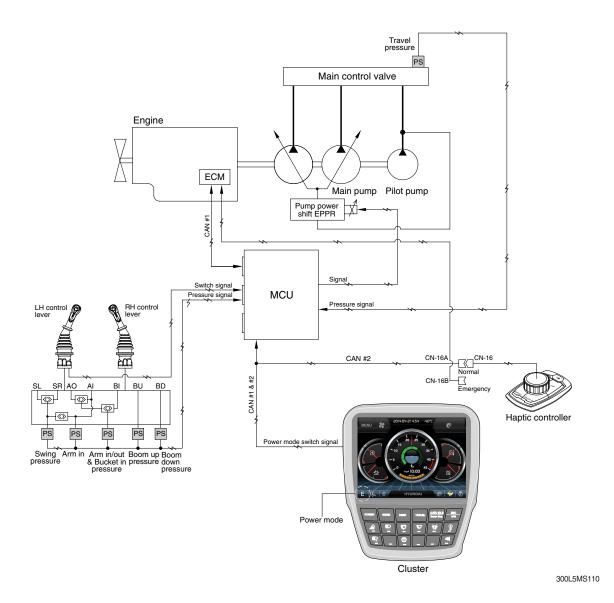


1. If the engine coolant temperature or the hydraulic oil temperature is overheated over 100°C, the warning lamp is ON and the pump input torque or the engine speed is reduced as below logic table.

2. LOGIC TABLE

| Descrip | otion | Condition | Function |
|-------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Activoted | - Coolant temperature : Above 103°C | - Warning lamp : ON , buzzer : OFF - Pump input torque is reduced. |
| First step | Activated | | Warning lamp & buzzer : ONPump input torque is reduced. |
| warning | Canceled | - Coolant temperature : Less than 100°C - Hydraulic oil temperature : Less than 95°C | - Return to pre-set the pump absorption torque. |
| Second step | Activated | - Coolant temperature : Above 107°C - Hydraulic oil temperature : Above 105°C | Emergency warning lamp pops up on the center of LCD and the buzzer sounds.Engine speed is reduced after 10 seconds. |
| warning | Canceled | - Coolant temperature : Less than 103°C - Hydraulic oil temperature : Less than 100°C | Return to pre-set the engine speed. Hold pump absorption torque on the first step warning. |

GROUP 8 VARIABLE POWER CONTROL SYSTEM



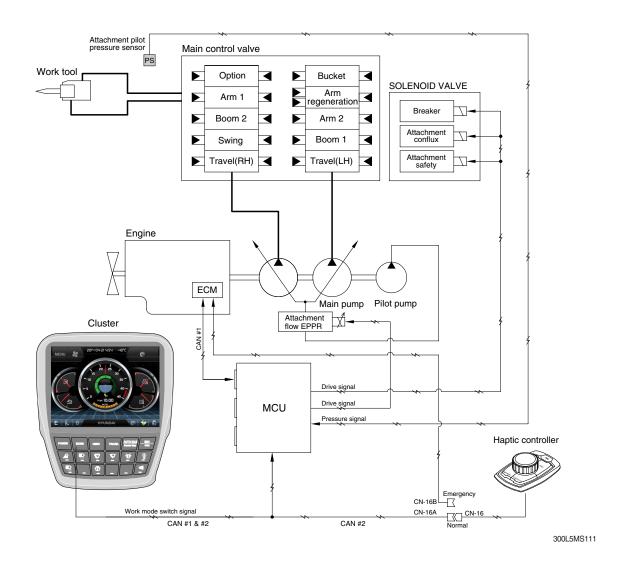
The variable power control system controls the engine and pump mutual power according to RCV lever stroke and pump load.

It makes fuel saving and smooth control at precise work.

| Description | Working condition | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| Power mode | P, S, E | |
| Work mode | General (bucket) | |
| Pressure sensor | Normal | |

* The variable power control function can be activated when the power mode is set to all power mode.

GROUP 9 ATTACHMENT FLOW CONTROL SYSTEM

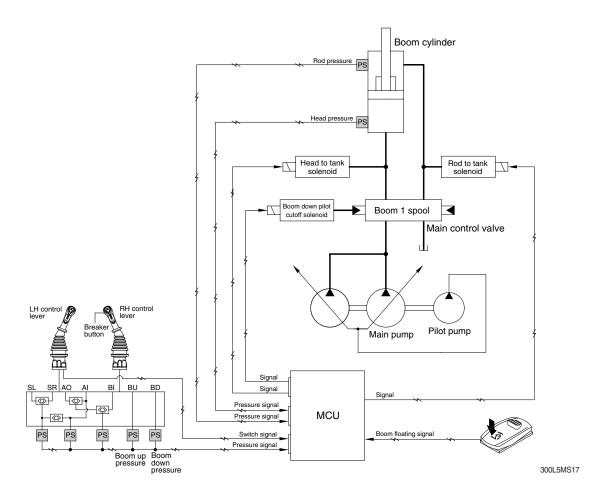


The system is used to control the pump delivery flow according to set of the work tool on the cluster by the attachment flow EPPR valve.

| Description | Work tool | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| Description | Breaker | Crusher | |
| Flow level | 100 ~ 220 lpm | 100 ~ 520 lpm | |
| Attach safety solenoid | - | ON | |
| Attach conflux solenoid | ON/OFF | ON/OFF | |
| Breaker solenoid* | ON | - | |

- * Refer to the page 5-79 for the attachment kinds and max flow.
- ★ When breaker operating button is pushed.

GROUP 10 BOOM FLOATING CONTROL SYSTEM



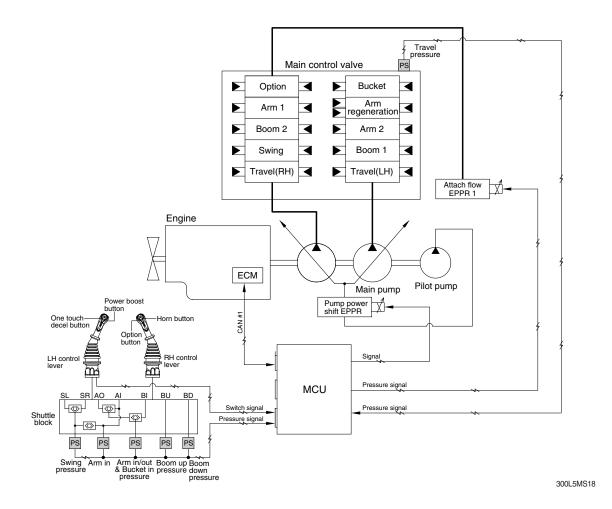
· Boom floating automatically controls boom cylinder along the ground by operating arm cylinder only.

| Desc | ription | O a sa diski a sa | Function | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| Work mode*1 | Floating mode | Condition | | |
| | Boom up floating*2 | Floating mode sw : ON | Rod to tank solenoid : ON Head to tank solenoid : OFF Boom down cutoff solenoid : OFF | |
| General mode | Boom up/down floating*2 | Floating mode sw : ON Breaker button : Pressed Boom down pilot pressure > 25 bar Boom up pilot pressure < 5 bar | Rod to tank solenoid : ON Head to tank solenoid : ON Boom down cutoff solenoid : ON | |
| Breaker mode | Boom down floating | Floating mode sw : ON Breaker button : Pressed Boom down pilot pressure > 25 bar Boom up pilot pressure < 5 bar | Rod to tank solenoid : OFF Head to tank solenoid : ON Boom down cutoff solenoid : ON | |
| Temporarily canceled | | During operation of boom floating Boost sw : Pressed | Rod to tank solenoid : OFF Head to tank solenoid : OFF Boom down cutoff solenoid : OFF | |

^{*1} Boom floating is not activated when work mode is crusher mode.

^{*2} These functions are activated just in case the excavator is not in jack up status.

GROUP 11 INTELLIGENT POWER CONTROL SYSTEM



1. When the requirement of pump flow rate is low, IPC mode controls pump flow rate to improve fuel efficiency.

| Condition ^{★1} | Function |
|-------------------------|--|
| IPC mode : ON*2 | |
| Boom up | |
| Arm in | Limitation of pump flow rate : Activated |
| Not travel motion | |
| Not swing motion | |
| None of upper condition | Limitation of pump flow rate : Canceled |

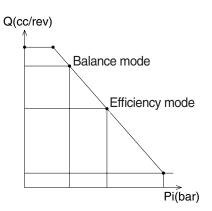
^{*1} AND condition

^{*2} IPC mode ON/OFF is selected at "Mode setup > IPC mode". See next page.

2. IPC MODE SELECTION

IPC mode ON/OFF and the levels of flow rate limit can be selected at "Mode setup > IPC mode"

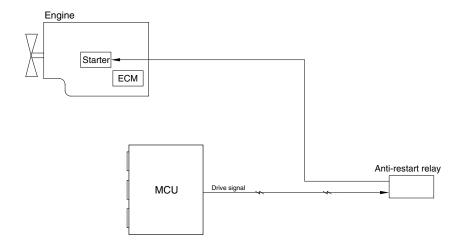




290F3CD311

| IPC mode | Description |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Balance mode (default) | IPC mode ON, limit level 1 |
| Efficiency mode | IPC mode ON, limit level 2 |
| Speed mode | IPC mode OFF |

GROUP 12 ANTI-RESTART SYSTEM



140L5MS12

1. ANTI-RESTART FUNCTION

After a few seconds from the engine starts to run, MCU turns off the start safety relay to protect the starter from inadvertent restarting.

GROUP 13 SELF-DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM

1. OUTLINE

When any abnormality occurs in the ADVANCED CAPO system caused by electric parts malfunction and by open or short circuit, the MCU diagnoses the problem and sends the error codes to the cluster and also stores them in the memory.

2. MONITORING

1) Active fault



· The active faults of the MCU, engine ECM or air conditioner can be checked by this menu.

2) Logged fault



· The logged faults of the MCU, engine ECM or air conditioner can be checked by this menu.

3) Delete logged fault



• The logged faults of the MCU, engine ECM or air conditioner can be deleted by this menu.

3. MACHINE ERROR CODES TABLE (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

| DTC | · | 5 0 | Ap | plicat | ion | | | |
|--------|----------------------|--|-------|--------|-----|--|--|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W | | | |
| | 3 | 10 seconds continuous, Hydraulic Oil Temp. Measurement Voltage > 3.8V | • | | | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Hydraulic Oil Temp. Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | | | | |
| | (Resu | ults / Symptoms) | | | | | | |
| 101 | 1. Mo | nitor – Hydraulic oil temperature display failure | | | | | | |
| | 2. Co | ntrol Function – Fan revolutions control failure | | | | | | |
| | (Ched | cking list) | | | | | | |
| | | -1 (#2) - CN-52 (#24) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 2. CD | -1 (#1) - CN-51 (#5) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Working Press. Sensor | | | | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Working Press. Sensor Measurement | | | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | Voltage < 0.8V | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Working Press. Sensor | | | | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | | | | |
| 105 | (Results / Symptoms) | | | | | | | |
| | | nitor – Working Press. display failure | | | | | | |
| | 2. Co | ntrol Function – Auto Idle operation failure, Engine variable horse power control | opera | tion | | | | |
| | , <u></u> | failure | | | | | | |
| | l , | cking list) | | | | | | |
| | | 1-7 (#B) – CN-52 (#37) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | | 1-7 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 3. CD | 1-7 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Oil Press. Sensor | | | | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V ≤ Travel Oil Press. Sensor Measurement | | | | | | |
| | 1 | Voltage < 0.8V | | | | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Oil Press. Sensor | | | | | | |
| | 4 | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | | | | |
| | (Resi | ults / Symptoms) | | | - | | | |
| 108 | ١, | nitor – Travel Oil Press. display failure | | | | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Auto Idle operation failure, Engine variable horse power control | opera | tion | | | | |
| | | failure, IPC operation failure, Driving alarm operation failure | - | | | | | |
| | (Ched | cking list) | | | | | | |
| | l , | -6 (#B) – CN-52 (#38) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | | 1-6 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | | 1-6 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | | . , , | | | | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

G : General C : Crawler Type W : Wheel Type

| DTC | | Diagnostic Critorio | Application | | |
|--------|-------------------|---|-------------|--------|-------|
| HCESPN | FMI | 10 seconds continuous, Main Pump 1 (P1) Press, Sensor Measureme | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Main Pump 1 (P1) Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 0 | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V ≤ Main Pump 1 (P1) Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Main Pump 1 (P1) Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | /Deau | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 120 | ` | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Main Pump 1 (P1) Press. display failure ntrol Function – Automatic voltage increase operation failure, Overload at compe | neati | on co | ntro |
| | 2.001 | failure | noau | 011 00 | 11110 |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | ' | -42 (#B) – CN-52 (#29) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -42 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -42 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Main Pump 2 (P2) Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 0 | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Main Pump 2 (P2) Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Main Pump 2 (P2) Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 121 | ` | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Main Pump 2 (P2) Press. display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor failure | ntrol Function – Automatic voltage increase operation failure, Overload at comp | ensat | ion cc | ontro |
| | | king list) | | | |
| | ' | -43 (#B) – CN-52 (#12) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -43 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -43 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V ≤ Overload Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Overload Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 122 | (Resu | lts / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Mor | nitor – Overload Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Overload warning alarm failure | | | |
| | ` | king list) | | | |
| | | -31 (#B) – CN-52 (#16) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -31 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -31 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 ${\sf G:General} \qquad \qquad {\sf C:Crawler\,Type} \qquad \qquad {\sf W:Wheel\,Type}$

| DTC | | Diagnostic Criteria | Application | | | | | |
|--------|---|--|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W | | | |
| | _ | 10 seconds continuous, Negative 1 Press. Sensor | | | | | | |
| | 0 | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, $0.3V \le Negative \ 1 \ Press. \ Sensor \ Measurement$ | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Negative 1 Press. Sensor | | | | | | |
| | - | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | | | | |
| 123 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | |
| | 1. Mor | nitor – Negative 1 Press. display failure | | | | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – IPC operation failure, Option attachment flow control operation f | ailure | | | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | | | | |
| | | -70 (#B) – CN-52 (#33) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 2. CD- | 70 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 70 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Negative 2 Press. Sensor | | | | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Negative 2 Press. Sensor Measurement | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Negative 2 Press. Sensor | | | | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | | | | |
| 124 | ` | lts / Symptoms) | | | | | | |
| | | nitor – Negative 2 Press. display failure | | | | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Option attachment flow control operation failure | | | | | | |
| | ` | king list) | | | | | | |
| | | 71 (#B) – CN-52 (#17) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | | 71 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 71 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Up Pilot Press. Sensor | | | | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Boom Up Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Up Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement < 0.3V | | | | | | |
| | (Results / Symptoms) | | | | | | | |
| 127 | 1. Monitor – Boom Up Pilot Press. display failure | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Control Function – Engine/Pump variable horse power control operation failure, IPC operation | | | | | | | |
| | | failure, Boom first operation failure | | | | | | |
| | ` | king list) | | | | | | |
| | 1. CD-32 (#B) – CN-52 (#19) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | 32 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 32 (#C) – CN-5 1(#13) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

G : General C : Crawler Type W : Wheel Type

| DTC | | Dia una astia Oritania | Ар | plicat | ion |
|--------|--------|--|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Boom Down Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| 128 | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | (Rocu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | , | nitor – Boom Down Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Boom floating operation failure | | | |
| | | king list) | | | |
| | , | -85 (#B) – CN-53 (#23) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -85 (#A) – CN-53 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -85 (#C) – CN-53 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | _ | 10 seconds continuous, Arm In Pilot Press. Sensor | _ | | |
| | 0 | Measurement Voltage > 4.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Arm In Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 1 | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Arm In Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 129 | , | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Arm In Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – IPC operation failure | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | | 90 (#B) – CN-52 (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 90 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -90 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, | | | |
| | | Arm In/Out & Bucket In Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V 10 seconds continuous, | | | |
| | 1 | 0.3V≤ Arm In/Out & Bucket In Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | · | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, | | | |
| | 4 | Arm In/Out & Bucket In Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 133 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Mor | nitor – Arm In/Out & Bucket In Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Engine variable horse power control operation failure | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | | 35 (#B) – CN-52 (#14) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 35 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 35 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 $\mbox{G : General} \qquad \qquad \mbox{C : Crawler Type} \qquad \qquad \mbox{W : Wheel Type}$

| DTC | ; | Diagnostic Critoria | Application | | |
|--------|--------|---|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Swing Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | U | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Swing Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Swing Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 135 | l ' | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Swing Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – IPC operation, Boom first operation failure | | | |
| | l ' | king list) | | | |
| | | 24 (#B) – CN-52 (#36) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 24 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 24 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | Monitor – Select Attachment(breaker / crusher) | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | | Monitor – Select Attachment(breaker / crusher) | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Attachment Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| ı | 4 | Monitor – Select Attachment(breaker / crusher) | | | |
| 138 | | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| 100 | | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | l ' | lts / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Attachment Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Option attachment flow control operation failure | | | |
| | l ' | king list) | | | |
| | | 69 (#B) – CN-53 (#14) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 69 (#A) – CN-53 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 69 (#C) – CN-53 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| ı | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Option Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Option Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 139 | l ' | lts / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Option Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Auto Idle operation failure | | | |
| | l ' | king list) | | | |
| ı | | -100 (#B) – CN-52 (#21) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -100 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -100 (#C) – CN-1 (#6) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

G : General C : Crawler Type W : Wheel Type

| DTC | ; | Dia manadia Oritaria | Ap | plicat | ion |
|--------|-----------------|---|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 5 | (Detection) (When Pump EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR drive current < 0 mA (Cancellation) (When Pump EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR drive current ≥10 mA | • | | |
| 140 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR drive current > 1.0A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec | Ilts / Symptoms) Introl Function – Pump horse power setting specification difference (Fuel efficiency/speed specification failure) Eking list) Introl Function – Pump horse power setting specification difference (Fuel efficiency/speed specification failure) Eking list) Introl Function – CN-52 (#9) Checking Open/Short Introl Function – Pump horse power setting specification difference (Fuel efficiency/speed specification difference (Fuel efficiency/speed specification difference (Fuel efficiency/speed specification failure) | | | |
| | 5 | (Model Parameter) mounting Boom Priority EPPR (Detection) (When Boom Priority EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Priority EPPR drive current < 0 mA (Cancellation) (When Boom Priority EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Priority EPPR drive current ≥ 10 mA | • | | |
| 141 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Priority EPPR drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Priority EPPR drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec | ults / Symptoms) Introl Function – Boom first control operation failure Eking list) Introl Function – Boom first control operation failure Introl Function – Boom first control operation failure Introl Function – CN-52 (#34) Checking Open/Short Introl Function – CN-52 (#35) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

G : General C : Crawler Type W : Wheel Type

| DTC | <u>, </u> | Dia supartia Cuitavia | Ap | plicat | ion |
|--------|---|---|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 5 | (Detection) (When Travel EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Travel EPPR drive current = 0 mA (Cancellation) (When Travel EPPR Current is more than 100 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Travel EPPR drive current ≥ 10 mA | | | • |
| 143 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Travel EPPR drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Travel EPPR drive current ≤ 1.0 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN | olts / Symptoms) Its / Symptoms) Itrol Function – cruise control operation failure Itking list) Itrol Function – Cruise control operation failure Itrol Function – CN-54 (#39) Checking Open/Short Itrol Function – CN-54 (#39) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| 145 | 5 | (Model Parameter) mounting Remote Cooling Fan EPPR (Detection) (When Remote Cooling Fan EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Remote Cooling Fan EPPR drive current = 0 mA (Cancellation) (When Remote Cooling Fan EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Remote Cooling Fan EPPR drive current ≥ 10 mA | • | | |
| | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Remote Cooling Fan EPPR drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Remote Cooling Fan EPPR drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec | olts / Symptoms) Introl Function – Remote fan control operation failure Eking list) Introl Function – Remote fan control operation failure Introl Function failure | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\mathbb{X}\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 ${\sf G:General} \qquad \qquad {\sf C:Crawler\,Type} \qquad \qquad {\sf W:Wheel\,Type}$

| DTC | ; | Diagnostia Critoria | Αp | plicat | ion |
|--------|-----------------|--|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 4 | (Detection) (When Working Cutoff Relay is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Working Cutoff Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Working Cutoff Relay is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Working Cutoff Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| 164 | 6 | (Detection) (When Working Cutoff Relay is On) 10 seconds continuous, Working Cutoff Relay drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Working Cutoff Relay is On) 3 seconds continuous, Working Cutoff Relay drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. CR- | failure king list) -47 (#85) – CN-54 (#9) Checking Open/Short -47 (#30, #86) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| 166 | 4 | (Detection) (When Power Max Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Power Max Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Power Max Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Power Max Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | • | | |
| | 6 | (Detection) (When Power Max Solenoid is On) 5 seconds continuous, Power Max Solenoid drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Power Max Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Power Max Solenoid drive current ≤ 4.5 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Voltage increase operation failure king list) -88 (#1) – CN-52 (#2) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\fint \fint \fin$

 $\mbox{G : General} \qquad \qquad \mbox{C : Crawler Type} \qquad \qquad \mbox{W : Wheel Type}$

| DTC | ; | Dia was atia Oritaria | Ap | plicat | ion |
|--------|-----------------|--|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| 167 | | (Detection) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | • | |
| | 4 | (When Parking mode is not) (Detection) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| | 6 | (Detection) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive current ≤ 4.5 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec | Its / Symptoms) htrol Function – driving in 1/2 transmission operation failure king list) -70 (#1) – CN-52(#20) Checking Open/Short -70 (#2) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 $\mbox{$G:$ General } \mbox{$C:$ Crawler Type} \mbox{$W:$ Wheel Type}$

| DTC HCESPN FMI | | Diagnostia Critaria | Ар | plicat | ion |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 4 | Monitor – Selecting attachment(breaker / crusher) (Detection) (When Attachment Conflux Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Conflux Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Attachment Conflux Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Conflux Solenoid drive unit Measurement | • | | |
| 169 | 6 | Voltage > 3.0V (Detection) (When Attachment Conflux Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Conflux Solenoid drive Current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Attachment Conflux Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Conflux Solenoid drive Current ≤ 6.5 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Eco l (Chec 1. CN- | Its / symptoms) Its / symptoms) Itrol Function – Option attachment flow control – Joining operation failure Itrol Function – Option attachment flow control – Joining operation failure Itrology operation failure | | | |
| 170 | 4 | (Model Parameter) mounting Arm Regenerating Solenoid (Detection) (When Arm Regeneration Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Arm Regeneration Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Arm Regeneration Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Arm Regeneration Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | • | | |
| | 1. Cor | (Detection) (When Arm Regeneration Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Arm Regeneration Solenoid drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Arm Regeneration Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Arm Regeneration Solenoid drive current ≤ 4.5 A lts / symptoms) htrol Function – Arm regeneration operation failure king list) | • | | |
| | | -135 (#1) – CN-52 (#1) Checking Open/Short -135 (#2) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

G : General C : Crawler Type W : Wheel Type

| DTC HCESPN FMI | | Diagnostic Criteria | Ар | plicat | ion | | |
|----------------|---|---|-------|--------|-----|--|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnosiic Chiena | G | С | W | | |
| | | Monitor – Selecting attachment(crusher) | | | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | | | |
| | | (When Attachment Safety Solenoid is Off) | | | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | |
| | 4 | Voltage ≤ 3.0V | | | | | |
| | | (Cancellation) | | | | | |
| | | (When Attachment Safety Solenoid is Off) | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | |
| | | Voltage > 3.0V | | | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | | | |
| 171 | | (When Attachment Safety Solenoid is On) | | | | | |
| | 6 | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A | | | | | |
| | | (Cancellation) | | | | | |
| ı | | (When Attachment Safety Solenoid is On) | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | | | |
| | | lts / Symptoms) | | | | | |
| | 1. Control Function - Option attachment flow control - Option spool pilot pressure cut off failur | | | | | | |
| | (crusher mode) | | | | | | |
| | l ' | king list) | | | | | |
| | | -149 (#1) – CN-53 (#8) Checking Open/Short | | | | | |
| | 2. CN | -149 (#2) – Fuse box (#17) Checking Open/Short | | | | | |
| | | Monitor – Selecting attachment(breaker / crusher) | | | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | | | |
| ı | | (When Breaker Operating Solenoid is Off) | | | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | |
| | 4 | Voltage ≤ 3.0V | | | | | |
| ı | | (Cancellation) | | | | | |
| | | (When Breaker Operating Solenoid is Off) | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | |
| | | Voltage > 3.0V | | | | | |
| 179 | | (Detection) | | | | | |
| 170 | | (When Breaker Operating Solenoid is On) | | | | | |
| | 6 | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A | | | | | |
| | | (Cancellation) | | | | | |
| | | (When Breaker Operating Solenoid is On) | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | | | |
| | l ' | lts / Symptoms) | | | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Option attachment flow control – Breaker operation failure (brea | ker m | ode) | | | |
| | l ' | king list) | | | | | |
| | | -66 (#1) – CN-53 (#9) Checking Open/Short | | | | | |
| | 2. CN | -66 (#2) – Fuse box (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 ${\sf G:General} \qquad \qquad {\sf C:Crawler\,Type} \qquad \qquad {\sf W:Wheel\,Type}$

| DTC | ; | Diagnostic Critoria | Application | | |
|--------|----------------------|--|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| 181 | 4 | (Model Parameter) mounting Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid (Detection) (When Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | • | | |
| | 6 | (Detection) (When Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid drive current ≤ 4.5 A | • | | |
| | (Results / Symptoms) | | | | |
| | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Cooling Fan reverse control operation failure (not applicable) (Detection) | | | |
| | 5 | (When Attachment Flow EPPR 1 current is equal or more than 300 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR drive current < 100 mA (Cancellation) (When Attachment Flow EPPR 1 current is equal or more than 300 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR drive current ≥ 100 mA | • | | |
| 188 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR 1 drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR 1 drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | (Resu | lts / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – IPC operation failure, Option attachment flow control operation f | ailure | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| l | | -242 (#2) – CN-52 (#39) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CN | -242 (#1) – CN-52 (#40) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | | Diagnostia Critoria | Ap | plicat | ion |
|--------|--|--|--------|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 5 | (Detection) (When Attachment Flow EPPR 2 current is equal or more than 300 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR drive current < 100 mA (Cancellation) (When Attachment Flow EPPR 2 current is equal or more than 300 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR drive current ≥ 100 mA | • | | |
| 189 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR 2 drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR 2 drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Option attachment flow control operation failure king list) -243 (#2) – CN-52 (#6) Checking Open/Short -243 (#1) – CN-52 (#7) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | HW145 10 seconds continuous, Attachment flow control EPPR 1 press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | HW145 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Attachment flow control EPPR 1 press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| 196 | 4 | HW145 10 seconds continuous, Attachment flow control EPPR 1 press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CD- 2. CD- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Driving second pump joining function operation failure king list) -93 (#B) – CN-52 (#11) Checking Open/Short -93 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short -93 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 1 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Pump EPPR Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V 10 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | • | | |
| 200 | (Resu 1. Mor 2. Cor (Fuel (Chec | Its / Symptoms) nitor – Pump EPPR Press. display failure ntrol Function – Pump input horse power control failure, Overload at compensat operation failure efficiency/speed performance failure) king list) | ion co | ontrol | |
| | 2. CD- | -44 (#B) – CN-52 (#32) Checking Open/Short -44 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short -44 (#C) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\mathbb{X}\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 $\mbox{G : General} \qquad \qquad \mbox{C : Crawler Type} \qquad \qquad \mbox{W : Wheel Type}$

| DTC | ; | Dia was atta Oritaria | Ap | plicat | ion |
|--------|---|--|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 0 | (Mounting pressure sensor) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Cylinder Rod Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | • | | |
| | 1 | (Mounting pressure sensor) 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Boom Cylinder Rod Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | • | | |
| 205 | 4 | (Mounting pressure sensor) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Cylinder Rod Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | • | | |
| | 1. Mor 2. Cor (Chec 1. CD- 2. CD- | Its / Symptoms) nitor – Boom Cylinder Rod Press. display failure ntrol Function – Boom floating control operation failure king list) -124 (#B) – CN-53 (#5) Checking Open/Short -124 (#A) – CN-53 (#3) Checking Open/Short -124 (#C) – CN-53 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 4 | Mounting pressure sensor (HCESPN128 or HCESPN 205) (Detection) (When Boom Up Floating Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Up Floating Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Boom Up Floating Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Up Floating Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | • | | |
| 218 | 6 | (Detection) (When Boom Up Floating Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Up Floating Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Boom Up Floating Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Up Floating Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Boom floating control operation failure king list) -368 (#1) – CN-53 (#20) Checking Open/Short -368 (#2) – Fuse box (#17) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 ${\sf G:General} \qquad \qquad {\sf C:Crawler\,Type} \qquad \qquad {\sf W:Wheel\,Type}$

| DTC HCESPN FMI | | Diagnostic Criteria | Ар | plicat | ion |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Chiena | G | С | W |
| 220 | 4 | Mounting pressure sensor (HCESPN 128 or 205) (Detection) (When Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid drive unit | • | | |
| | 6 | Measurement Voltage > 3.0V (Detection) (When Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | Its / Symptoms) htrol Function – Boom floating control operation failure king list) -369 (#1) – CN-53 (#35) Checking Open/Short -369 (#2) – Fuse box (#17) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 5 | Monitor – Selecting attachment(breaker / crusher) (Detection) (When ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 Current is equal or more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 drive current = 0 mA (Cancellation) ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 Current is equal or more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 drive current ≥ 10 mA | • | | |
| 221 | 6 (Resu | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 drive current ≤ 1.0 A Its / Symptoms) | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | ntrol Function – Option attachment flow control – P1 relief pressure setting failure king list) 365 (#2) – CN-53 (#39) Checking Open/Short 365 (#1) – CN-53 (#40) Checking Open/Short | e | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC HCESPN EMI | | Dispussable Cuitavia | | Application | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|-----|-------------|---|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W | |
| | 5 | Monitor – Selecting attachment(crusher) (Detection) (When ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 Current is equal or more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 drive current = 0 mA (Cancellation) (When ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 Current is equal or more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 drive current ≥ 10mA | • | | | |
| 222 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function — Option attachment flow control — P2 relief pressure setting failuring list) -366 (#2) — CN-53 (#32) Checking Open/Short -366 (#1) — CN-53 (#33) Checking Open/Short | ıre | | | |
| | 3 | 10 seconds continuous, Fuel Level Measurement Voltage > 3.8V | | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Fuel Level Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | | |
| 301 | 1. Mor (Chec 1. CD- | lts / Symptoms) nitor – Fuel remaining display failure king list) -2 (#2) – CN-52 (#26) Checking Open/Short -2 (#1) – CN-51 (#5) Checking Open/Short | | | | |
| | 4 | (Model Parameter) mounting Fuel Warmer Relay (Detection) (When Fuel Warmer Relay is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Fuel Warmer Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Fuel Warmer Relay is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Fuel Warmer Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | • | | | |
| 325 | 6 (Resu | (Detection) (When Fuel Warmer Relay is On) 10 seconds continuous, Fuel Warmer Relay drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Fuel Warmer Relay is On) 3 seconds continuous, Fuel Warmer Relay drive current ≤ 4.5 A lts / Symptoms) | • | | | |
| | (Chec | ntrol Function – Fuel warmer operation failure king list) -46 (#85) – CN-52 (#30) Checking Open/Short -46 (#86) – Fuse box (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | , | Diagnostic Criteria | Application | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------|---------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Ontena | G | С | W |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Transmission Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | • |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, $0.3V \le$ Transmission Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < $0.8V$ | | | |
| 5 0.4 | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Transmission Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 501 | 1. Mor (Chec 1. CD- 2. CD- | lts / Symptoms) nitor – Transmission Oil Press. display failure, Transmission Oil low pressure warking list) -5 (#B) – CN-54 (#27) Checking Open/Short -5 (#A) – CN-54 (#3) Checking Open/Short | ning ' | failure | ! |
| | 3. CD- | -5 (#C) – CN-54 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Brake Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | • |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Brake Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Brake Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 503 | 1. Mor (Chec 1. CD- 2. CD- | Its / Symptoms) nitor – Brake Oil Press. display failure, Brake Oil low pressure warning failure king list) -3 (#B) – CN-54 (#4) Checking Open/Short -3 (#A) – CN-54 (#3) Checking Open/Short -3 (#C) – CN-54 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Working Brake Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Working Brake Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Working Brake Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 505 | 1. Mor (Chec 1. CD- 2. CD- | lts / Symptoms) nitor – Working Brake Oil Press. display failure, Working Brake Oil low pressure king list) -38 (#B) – CN-54 (#5) Checking Open/Short -38 (#A) – CN-54 (#3) Checking Open/Short -38 (#C) – CN-54 (#13) Checking Open/Short | warni | ng fail | ure |

 $\ensuremath{\,\mathbb{X}\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 ${\sf G:General} \qquad \qquad {\sf C:Crawler\,Type} \qquad \qquad {\sf W:Wheel\,Type}$

| DTC HCESPN FMI | | Diagnostia Critoria | Application | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 4 | (Detection) (When Parking Relay is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Parking Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Parking Relay is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Parking Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| 514 | 6 | (Detection) (When Parking Relay is On) 10 seconds continuous, Parking Relay drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Parking Relay is On) 3 seconds continuous, Parking Relay drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CR- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Parking Relay operation failure king list) -66 (#1) – CN-54 (#20) Checking Open/Short -66 (#2) – Fuse box (#30) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 4 | (Detection) (When Traveling Cutoff Relay is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Traveling Cutoff Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Traveling Cutoff Relay is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Traveling Cutoff Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | |
| 517 | 6 | (Detection) (When Traveling Cutoff Relay is On) 10 seconds continuous, Traveling Cutoff Relay drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Traveling Cutoff Relay is On) 3 seconds continuous, Traveling Cutoff Relay drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CR- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Traveling Cutoff Relay operation failure king list) -47 (#85) – CN-54 (#9) Checking Open/Short -47 (#86) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\fint \fint \fin$

 ${\sf G:General} \qquad \qquad {\sf C:Crawler\,Type} \qquad \qquad {\sf W:Wheel\,Type}$

| DTC HCESPN FMI | | Diagnostia Critaria | Application | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 4 | (Detection) (When Ram Lock Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Ram Lock Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Ram Lock Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Ram Lock Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| 525 | 6 | (Detection) (When Ram Lock Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Ram Lock Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Ram Lock Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Ram Lock Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Ram lock control operation failure king list) -69 (#1) – CN-54 (#8) Checking Open/Short -69 (#2) – Fuse box (#33) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| 527 | 4 | (Detection) (When Creep Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Creep Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Creep Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Creep Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| | 6 | (Detection) (When Creep Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Creep Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Creep Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Creep Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | Its / Symptoms) htrol Function – Creep mode operation failure king list) -206 (#1) – CN-54 (#7) Checking Open/Short -206 (#2) – Fuse box (#30) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\fint \fint \fin$

| DTC | | Diagnostia Critoria | Application | | |
|--------|--------|--|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Forward Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 0 | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Travel Forward Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | • |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Forward Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 4 | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 530 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Mor | nitor – Travel Forward Press. display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Driving interoperability power control operation failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | | -73 (#B) – CN-54 (#6) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -73 (#A) – CN-54 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -73 (#C) – CN-54 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Travel Reverse Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | • |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Reverse Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 4 | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 531 | 1. Mor | nitor – Travel Reverse Press. display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Driving interoperability power control operation failure | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | | -74 (#B) – CN-54 (#23) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -74 (#A) – CN-54 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -74 (#C) – CN-54 (#13) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Battery input Voltage > 35V | • | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, Battery input Voltage < 18V | • | | |
| 705 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Startup impossibility | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CS- | 74A (#1) – CN-51 (#1) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | (When Engine is equal or more than 400 rpm) 10 seconds continuous, | | | |
| | 1 | Alternator Node L Measurement Voltage < 18V | | | |
| | | (In case 12v goods, Alternator Node I Measurement Voltage < 9V) | | | |
| 707 | , | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Battery charging circuit failure | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CS- | 74A (#1) – CN-51 (#2) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | | Diagnostia Critoria | Application | | |
|--------|--------|---|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 0 | (Model Parameter) Mounting Acc. Dial | | | |
| | 3 | 10 seconds continuous, Acc. Dial Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 4 | (Model Parameter) Mounting Acc. Dial | | | |
| | - | 10 seconds continuous, Acc. Dial Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 714 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Moi | nitor – Acc. Dial Voltage display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Engine rpm control failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CN | -7 (#15) – CN-52 (#23) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | |
| | | (When Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound is Off) | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay drive unit | | | |
| | 4 | Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V | | | |
| | 4 | (Cancellation) | | | |
| | | (When Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay is Off) | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay drive unit | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | |
| | | (When Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound is On) | | | |
| 722 | 6 | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay drive | | | |
| | | current > 4.5 A | | | |
| | 6 | (Cancellation) | | | |
| | | (When Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound is On) | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay drive | | | |
| | | current ≤ 4.5 A | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Driving alarm operation failure | | | |
| | | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CN | -81 (#1) - CN-52 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -81 (#2) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | _ | (When mounting the A/C Controller) | _ | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, A/C Controller Communication Data Error | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 831 | ` | ntrol Function – A/C Controller operation failure | | | |
| | | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CN | -11 (#8) – CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -11 (#7) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, Cluster Communication Data Error | | | |
| | | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | l ' | ntrol Function – Cluster operation failure | | | |
| 840 | | king list) | | | |
| | ` | -56A (#7) – CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -56A (#7) – CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | Z. UIV | -300 (#0) - 014-31 (#02) OHBUNING OPEN/3HUIL | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | ; | Dia sus satis Oritaria | Application | | |
|--------|---------------------------|--|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 2 | 10 seconds continuous, ECM Communication Data Error | • | | |
| 841 | 1. Cor | Its / Symptoms) htrol Function – ECM operation failure | ' | | |
| | 1. CN- | king list) -93 (#22) – CN-51 (#21) Checking Open/Short -93 (#46) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 | (When mounting the I/O Controller 1) 60 seconds continuous, I/O Controller 1 Communication Data Error | • | | |
| 845 | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | Its / Symptoms) htrol Function – I/O Controller 1 operation failure king list) -53 (#21) – CN-51 (#23) Checking Open/Short -53 (#31) – CN-51 (#33) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 (Resu | (When mounting the Haptic Controller) 60 seconds continuous, Haptic Controller Communication Data Error Its / Symptoms) | • | | |
| 848 | (Chec | ntrol Function – Haptic Controller operation failure king list) -8 (#2) – CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short -8 (#3) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 | (When mounting the RMCU) 60 seconds continuous, RMCU communication Data Error | • | | |
| 850 | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | luts / Symptoms) htrol Function – RMCU operation failure king list) -125A (#3) – CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short -125A (#11) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 (Resu | (When mounting the I/O Controller 2) 60 seconds continuous, I/O Controller 2 communication Data Error Its / Symptoms) | • | | |
| 861 | (Chec | htrol Function – I/O Controller 2 operation failure king list) -53 (#21) – CN-51 (#23) Checking Open/Short -53 (#31) – CN-51 (#33) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | , | Diagnostia Critaria | Applic | | ion |
|--------|--------|---|--------|---|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 2 | (When mounting the AAVM) | | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, AAVM communication Data Error | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 866 | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – AAVM operation failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CN- | -401 (#86) - CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CN- | -401 (#87) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, RDU communication Data Error | | | |
| | (Resu | lts / Symptoms) | | | |
| 867 | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – RDU operation failure | | | |
| 007 | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CN- | -376 (#10) – CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CN- | -376 (#18) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, Switch Controller communication Data Error | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 868 | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Switch Controller operation failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CN- | -56A (#7) – CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CN- | -56A (#6) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 | (When mounting the BKCU) | | | |
| | | 60 seconds continuous, BKCU communication Data Error | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 869 | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – BKCU operation failure | | | |
| | l ' | king list) | | | |
| | | -2B (#A) – CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CS- | 2B (#B) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

MACHINE ERROR CODES TABLE (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

| DTC | ; | Diagnostia Critaria | Application | | |
|--------|--------------|--|-------------|------|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 3 | 10 seconds continuous, Hydraulic Oil Temp. Measurement Voltage > 3.8V | • | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Hydraulic Oil Temp. Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | (Resu | lts / Symptoms) | | | |
| 101 | 1. Mor | nitor – Hydraulic oil temperature display failure | | | |
| 101 | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Fan revolutions control failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CD- | -1 (#2) - CN-51 (#16) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CD- | -1 (#1) - CN-51 (#25) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Working Press. Sensor | | | |
| | U | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Working Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Working Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 105 | , | lts / Symptoms) | | | |
| .00 | | nitor – Working Press. display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Auto Idle operation failure, Engine variable horse power control | opera | tion | |
| | , 0.1 | failure | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | | -7 (#B) – CN-19 (#19) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -7 (#A) – CN-32 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD. | -7 (#C) – CN-31 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Oil Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V ≤ Travel Oil Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 1 | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Oil Press. Sensor | | | |
| | 4 | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 108 | , | nitor – Travel Oil Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Auto Idle operation failure, Engine variable horse power control | opera | tion | |
| | | failure, IPC operation failure, Driving alarm operation failure | - | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CD- | -6 (#B) – CN-27 (#27) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CD- | -6 (#A) – CN-32 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -6 (#C) – CN-31 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | ; | Diagnostic Critorio | Application | | |
|--------|----------|---|-------------|--------|----------|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | | С | W |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Main Pump 1 (P1) Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 0 | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V ≤ Main Pump 1 (P1) Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | _ | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Main Pump 1 (P1) Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | /D | Voltage < 0.3V | | | <u> </u> |
| 120 | , | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Main Pump 1 (P1) Press. display failure ntrol Function – Automatic voltage increase operation failure, Overload at compe | ncati | on oo | ntro |
| | 2.001 | failure | Hoali | 011 00 | TILIO |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | | -42 (#B) – CN-52 (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -42 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -42 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Main Pump 2 (P2) Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 0 | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Main Pump 2 (P2) Press. Sensor | | | |
| | <u>'</u> | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Main Pump 2 (P2) Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | · | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 121 | | lts / Symptoms) | | | |
| 121 | | nitor – Main Pump 2 (P2) Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Automatic voltage increase operation failure, Overload at comp | ensat | ion co | ntro |
| | failure | | | | |
| | | king list) | | | |
| | | -43 (#B) – CN-51 (#14) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -43 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short -43 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. OD | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V ≤ Overload Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | ' | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Overload Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 122 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Mor | nitor – Overload Press. display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Overload warning alarm failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CD- | -31 (#B) – CN-52 (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -31 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -31 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 $\mbox{$G:$ General } \mbox{$C:$ Crawler Type} \mbox{$W:$ Wheel Type}$

| DTC | ; | Diagnostic Criteria | Application | | | | | | |
|--------|--|--|-------------|--------|---|--|--|--|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Chiena | G | С | W | | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Negative 1 Press. Sensor | | | | | | | |
| | U | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Negative 1 Press. Sensor Measurement | | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V 10 seconds continuous, Negative 1 Press. Sensor | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | | | | | |
| 123 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | | |
| 123 | ` | nitor – Negative 1 Press. display failure | | | | | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – IPC operation failure, Option attachment flow control operation f | ailure | | | | | | |
| | | king list) | andio | | | | | | |
| | ` | -70 (#B) – CN-51 (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | -70 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | -70 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Negative 2 Press. Sensor | _ | | | | | | |
| | 0 | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Negative 2 Press. Sensor Measurement | _ | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Negative 2 Press. Sensor | | | | | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | | | | | |
| 124 | (Results / Symptoms) | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Monitor – Negative 2 Press. display failure | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Option attachment flow control operation failure | | | | | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | | | | | |
| | 1. CD- | -71 (#B) - CN-51 (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | 2. CD- | -71 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -71 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Up Pilot Press. Sensor | | | | | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Boom Up Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Up Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement < 0.3V | | | | | | | |
| | ` | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | | |
| 127 | | nitor – Boom Up Pilot Press. display failure | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Engine/Pump variable horse power control operation failure, IPC |) ope | ration | | | | | |
| | | failure, Boom first operation failure | | | | | | | |
| | ` | king list) | | | | | | | |
| | | 32 (#B) – CN-52 (#23) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | 2. CD-32 (#A) - CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 32 (#C) – CN-5 1(#31) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | ; | Diagnostia Critoria | Application | | |
|--------|--------|--|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, $0.3V \le$ Boom Down Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | | (when you had conditions mounting pressure sensor) | | | |
| 128 | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| 120 | | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | l ' | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Boom Down Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Boom floating operation failure | | | |
| | l , | king list) | | | |
| | | 85 (#B) – CN-52 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -85 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 85 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Arm In Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage > 4.8V | | | _ |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Arm In Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | - |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Arm In Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | /D | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 129 | l ' | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Arm In Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – IPC operation failure | | | |
| | l ' | king list) -90 (#B) – CN-51 (#21) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 90 (#A) – CN-51 (#21) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 90 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0.00 | 10 seconds continuous, | | | |
| | 0 | Arm In/Out & Bucket In Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, | | | |
| | 1 | 0.3V≤ Arm In/Out & Bucket In Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, | | | |
| | 4 | Arm In/Out & Bucket In Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 133 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | - |
| | , | nitor – Arm In/Out & Bucket In Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Engine variable horse power control operation failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CD- | 35 (#B) – CN-52 (#24) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CD- | 35 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 35 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |

※ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 $\mbox{G : General} \qquad \qquad \mbox{C : Crawler Type} \qquad \qquad \mbox{W : Wheel Type}$

| DTC | ; | Diagnostic Critoria | Ар | plicat | ion |
|--------|--------|---|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Swing Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | U | Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Swing Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Swing Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | (D | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 135 | , | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Swing Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – IPC operation, Boom first operation failure | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | | 24 (#B) – CN-52 (#18) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 24 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 24 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| ı | | Monitor – Select Attachment(breaker / crusher) | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | | Monitor – Select Attachment(breaker / crusher) | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Attachment Pilot Press. Sensor | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| ı | 4 | Monitor – Select Attachment(breaker / crusher) | | | |
| 138 | | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | , | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Attachment Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Option attachment flow control operation failure | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | | 69 (#B) – CN-52 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 69 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | 69 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Option Pilot Press. Sensor Measurement | | | • |
| | | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Option Pilot Press. Sensor | | | • |
| | (D | Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | l , | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 139 | | nitor – Option Pilot Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Auto Idle operation failure | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | | 100 (#B) – CN-52 (#21) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 100 (#A) – CN-51 (#3) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -100 (#C) – CN-1 (#6) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | ; | Dia manadia Oribaria | Ap | plicat | ion |
|--------|-----------------|--|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 5 | (Detection) (When Pump EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR drive current < 0 mA (Cancellation) (When Pump EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR drive current ≥10 mA | • | | |
| 140 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR drive current > 1.0A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec | lts / Symptoms) ntrol Function – Pump horse power setting specification difference (Fuel efficiency/speed specification failure) eking list) -75 (#2) – CN-54 (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 5 | -75 (#1) – CN-54 (#01) Checking Open/Short (Model Parameter) mounting Boom Priority EPPR (Detection) (When Boom Priority EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Priority EPPR drive current < 0 mA (Cancellation) (When Boom Priority EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Priority EPPR drive current ≥ 10 mA | • | | |
| 141 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Priority EPPR drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Priority EPPR drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec | olts / Symptoms) Its / Symptoms) Itrol Function – Boom first control operation failure Isking list) Itrol Function – Boom first control operation failure Isking list) Itrol Function – CN-54 (#34) Checking Open/Short Itrol Function – CN-54 (#04) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | } | Diagnostia Critoria | Ap | plicat | ion |
|--------|--------------------------|--|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 5 | (Detection) (When Travel EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Travel EPPR drive current = 0 mA (Cancellation) (When Travel EPPR Current is more than 100 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Travel EPPR drive current ≥ 10 mA | | | • |
| 143 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Travel EPPR drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Travel EPPR drive current ≤ 1.0 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN | olts / Symptoms) Its / Symptoms Its / Sy | | | |
| 145 | 5 | (Model Parameter) mounting Remote Cooling Fan EPPR (Detection) (When Remote Cooling Fan EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Remote Cooling Fan EPPR drive current = 0 mA (Cancellation) (When Remote Cooling Fan EPPR Current is more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Remote Cooling Fan EPPR drive current ≥ 10 mA | • | | |
| | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Remote Cooling Fan EPPR drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Remote Cooling Fan EPPR drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN | olts / Symptoms) Its / Symptoms | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\mathbb{X}\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 ${\sf G:General} \qquad \qquad {\sf C:Crawler\,Type} \qquad \qquad {\sf W:Wheel\,Type}$

| DTC | | Diagnostia Critoria | Application | | |
|--------|--------------------------|---|-------------|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 4 | (Detection) (When Working Cutoff Relay is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Working Cutoff Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Working Cutoff Relay is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Working Cutoff Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| 164 | 6 | (Detection) (When Working Cutoff Relay is On) 10 seconds continuous, Working Cutoff Relay drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Working Cutoff Relay is On) 3 seconds continuous, Working Cutoff Relay drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | (Chec | ntrol Function – (Wheel Excavator) In driving mode, attachment hydraulic pilot p failure king list) -47 (#85) – CN-54 (#9) Checking Open/Short -47 (#30, #86) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | ressu | re cut | Off |
| | 4 | (Detection) (When Power Max Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Power Max Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Power Max Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Power Max Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | • | | |
| 166 | 6 | (Detection) (When Power Max Solenoid is On) 5 seconds continuous, Power Max Solenoid drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Power Max Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Power Max Solenoid drive current ≤ 4.5 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Voltage increase operation failure king list) -88 (#1) – CN-53 (#10) Checking Open/Short -88 (#2) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 $\mbox{G : General} \qquad \qquad \mbox{C : Crawler Type} \qquad \qquad \mbox{W : Wheel Type}$

| DTC | ; | Dia was atia Oritaria | Ap | Application | | |
|--------|-----------------|--|----|-------------|---|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W | |
| | | (Detection) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | • | | |
| 167 | 4 | (When Parking mode is not) (Detection) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • | |
| | 6 | (Detection) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Travel Speed Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Travel Speed Solenoid drive current ≤ 4.5 A | • | | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – driving in 1/2 transmission operation failure king list) -70 (#1) – CN-52(#05) Checking Open/Short -70 (#2) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 $\mbox{$G:$ General } \mbox{$C:$ Crawler Type} \mbox{$W:$ Wheel Type}$

| DTC HCESPN FMI | | Diagnostia Critaria | Ар | plicat | ion |
|----------------|-------|--|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 4 | Monitor – Selecting attachment(breaker / crusher) (Detection) (When Attachment Conflux Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Conflux Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Attachment Conflux Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Conflux Solenoid drive unit Measurement | • | | |
| 169 | 6 | Voltage > 3.0V (Detection) (When Attachment Conflux Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Conflux Solenoid drive Current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Attachment Conflux Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Conflux Solenoid drive Current ≤ 6.5 A | • | | |
| | , | Its / symptoms) htrol Function – Option attachment flow control – Joining operation failure | | | |
| | (Chec | breaker mode, crusher mode) king list) 237 (#1) – CN-52 (#16) Checking Open/Short 237 (#2) – Fuse box (#19) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 4 | (Model Parameter) mounting Arm Regenerating Solenoid (Detection) (When Arm Regeneration Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Arm Regeneration Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Arm Regeneration Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Arm Regeneration Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | • | | |
| 170 | , | (Detection) (When Arm Regeneration Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Arm Regeneration Solenoid drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Arm Regeneration Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Arm Regeneration Solenoid drive current ≤ 4.5 A lts / symptoms) | • | | |
| | (Chec | ntrol Function – Arm regeneration operation failure king list) ·135 (#1) – CN-52 (#07) Checking Open/Short ·135 (#2) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC HCESPN FMI | | Diagnostic Criteria | Ар | plicat | ion | | | |
|----------------|--|---|-------|--------|-----|--|--|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnosiic Chiena | G | С | W | | | |
| | | Monitor – Selecting attachment(crusher) | | | | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | | | | |
| | | (When Attachment Safety Solenoid is Off) | | | | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | | |
| | 4 | Voltage ≤ 3.0V | | | | | | |
| | | (Cancellation) | | | | | | |
| | | (When Attachment Safety Solenoid is Off) | | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage > 3.0V | | | | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | | | | |
| 171 | | (When Attachment Safety Solenoid is On) | | | | | | |
| | 6 | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A | | | | | | |
| | | (Cancellation) | | | | | | |
| | | (When Attachment Safety Solenoid is On) | | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | |
| | 1. Control Function - Option attachment flow control - Option spool pilot pressure cut off failure | | | | | | | |
| | (crusher mode) | | | | | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | | | | |
| | | -149 (#1) – CN-53 (#09) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 2. CN | -149 (#2) – Fuse box (#19) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | | Monitor – Selecting attachment(breaker / crusher) | | | | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | | | | |
| | | (When Breaker Operating Solenoid is Off) | | | | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | | |
| | 4 | Voltage ≤ 3.0V | | | | | | |
| | | (Cancellation) | | | | | | |
| | | (When Breaker Operating Solenoid is Off) | | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage > 3.0V | | | | | | |
| 179 | | (Detection) | | | | | | |
| 179 | | (When Breaker Operating Solenoid is On) | | | | | | |
| | 6 | 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A | | | | | | |
| | | (Cancellation) | | | | | | |
| | | (When Breaker Operating Solenoid is On) | | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Safety Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | |
| | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Option attachment flow control – Breaker operation failure (brea | ker m | iode) | | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | | | | |
| | | -66 (#1) – CN-52 (#08) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |
| | 2. CN | -66 (#2) – Fuse box (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | <u> </u> | Dia was satis Criteria | Ар | Application | |
|--------|--------------------------|---|--------|-------------|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| 181 | 4 | (Model Parameter) mounting Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid (Detection) (When Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | • | | |
| | 6 | (Detection) (When Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Reverse Cooling Fan Solenoid drive current ≤ 4.5 A | • | | |
| | (Resu | lts / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Cooling Fan reverse control operation failure (not applicable) | | | |
| | 5 | (Detection) (When Pump P1 regulator EPPR current is equal or more than 300 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Pump P1 regulator EPPR drive current < 100 mA (Cancellation) (When Pump P1 regulator EPPR current is equal or more than 300 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Pump P1 regulator EPPR drive current ≥ 100 mA | • | | |
| 188 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Pump P1 regulator EPPR drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Pump P1 regulator EPPR drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN | olts / Symptoms) Its / Symptoms) Itrol Function – IPC operation failure, Option attachment flow control operation foliations (sking list) Iterative (#2) – CN-54 (#27) Checking Open/Short Iterative (#1) – CN-54 (#02) Checking Open/Short | ailure | | |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | ; | Diagnostic Criteria | Ap | plicat | ion |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--------|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Chiena | G | С | W |
| | 5 | (Detection) (When Pump P2 regulator EPPR current is equal or more than 300 mA) 10 seconds continuous, Pump P2 regulator EPPR drive current < 100 mA (Cancellation) (When Pump P2 regulator EPPR current is equal or more than 300 mA) 3 seconds continuous, Pump P2 regulator EPPR drive current ≥ 100 mA | • | | |
| 189 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR 2 drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, Attachment Flow EPPR 2 drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Option attachment flow control operation failure king list) -243 (#2) – CN-54 (#26) Checking Open/Short -243 (#1) – CN-54 (#03) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | HW145 10 seconds continuous, Attachment flow control EPPR 1 press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | HW145 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Attachment flow control EPPR 1 press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| 196 | 4 | HW145 10 seconds continuous, Attachment flow control EPPR 1 press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CD- 2. CD- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Driving second pump joining function operation failure king list) -93 (#B) – CN-52 (#34) Checking Open/Short -93 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short -93 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 1 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Pump EPPR Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V 10 seconds continuous, Pump EPPR Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | • | | |
| 200 | 1. Mor 2. Cor (Chec 1. CD- | lts / Symptoms) nitor – Pump EPPR Press. display failure ntrol Function – Pump input horse power control failure, Overload at compensat operation failure (Fuel efficiency/speed performance failure) king list) -44 (#B) – CN-51 (#13) Checking Open/Short -44 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | ion co | ontrol | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | | Diagnostia Critoria | Application | | | | | | | |
|--------|---|---|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W | | | | | |
| | | (Mounting pressure sensor) | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Cylinder Rod Press. Sensor Measurement | | | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage > 5.2V | | | | | | | | |
| | | (Mounting pressure sensor) | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Boom Cylinder Rod Press. Sensor | | | | | | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | (Mounting pressure sensor) | | | | | | | | |
| 205 | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Cylinder Rod Press. Sensor Measurement | | | | | | | | |
| | (D | Voltage < 0.3V | | | | | | | | |
| | | Ilts / Symptoms) | | | | | | | | |
| | | nitor – Boom Cylinder Rod Press. display failure | | | | | | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Boom floating control operation failure | | | | | | | | |
| | ٠, | sking list) | | | | | | | | |
| | | -124 (#B) – CN-52 (#25) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. CD-124 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short 3. CD-124 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3. OD | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Mounting pressure sensor (HCESPN128 or HCESPN 205) | | | | | | | | |
| | | (Detection) (When Boom Up Floating Solenoid is Off) | | | | | | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Up Floating Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | Voltage ≤ 3.0V | | | | | | | | |
| | 7 | (Cancellation) | | | | | | | | |
| | | (When Boom Up Floating Solenoid is Off) | | | | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Boom Up Floating Solenoid drive unit Measurement | | | | | | | | |
| | | Voltage > 3.0V | | | | | | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | | | | | | |
| 218 | | (When Boom Up Floating Solenoid is On) | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | 10 seconds continuous, Boom Up Floating Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A | | | | | | | | |
| | 6 | (Cancellation) | | | | | | | | |
| | | (When Boom Up Floating Solenoid is On) | | | | | | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Boom Up Floating Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | | | | | | |
| | (Resu | ılts / Symptoms) | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Boom floating control operation failure | | | | | | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | | | | | | |
| | | -368 (#1) – CN-53 (#05) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. CN | -368 (#2) – Fuse box (#19) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | | Diagnostic Criteria | Ар | plicat | ion |
|--------|---------------------------|---|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Ontena | G | С | W |
| 220 | 4 | Mounting pressure sensor (HCESPN 128 or 205) (Detection) (When Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid drive unit | • | | |
| | 6 | Measurement Voltage > 3.0V (Detection) (When Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Boom Down Pilot Pressure Cutoff Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Boom floating control operation failure king list) -369 (#1) – CN-53 (#08) Checking Open/Short -369 (#2) – Fuse box (#19) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| 221 | 5 | Monitor – Selecting attachment(breaker / crusher) (Detection) (When ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 Current is equal or more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 drive current = 0 mA (Cancellation) ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 Current is equal or more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 drive current ≥ 10 mA | • | | |
| | 6 (Resu | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 1 drive current ≤ 1.0 A lts / Symptoms) | • | | |
| | (Chec | ntrol Function – Option attachment flow control – P1 relief pressure setting failur king list) -365 (#2) – CN-54 (#17) Checking Open/Short -365 (#1) – CN-54 (#09) Checking Open/Short | е | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | | Discounting Office in | Ap | plicati | on |
|--------|--------------------------|---|-----|---------|----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | W | |
| | 5 | Monitor – Selecting attachment(crusher) (Detection) (When ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 Current is equal or more than 10 mA) 10 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 drive current = 0 mA (Cancellation) (When ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 Current is equal or more than 10 mA) 3 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 drive current ≥ 10mA | • | | |
| 222 | 6 | (Detection) 10 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 drive current > 1.0 A (Cancellation) 3 seconds continuous, ATT Relief Setting EPPR 2 drive current ≤ 1.0 A | • | | |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Option attachment flow control – P2 relief pressure setting failuking list) -366 (#2) – CN-54 (#17) Checking Open/Short -366 (#1) – CN-54 (#10) Checking Open/Short | ıre | | |
| | 3 | 10 seconds continuous, Fuel Level Measurement Voltage > 3.8V | • | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Fuel Level Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | • | | |
| 301 | 1. Moi (Chec 1. CD | lts / Symptoms) nitor – Fuel remaining display failure king list) -2 (#2) – CN-51 (#19) Checking Open/Short -2 (#1) – CN-51 (#25) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 4 | (Model Parameter) mounting Fuel Warmer Relay (Detection) (When Fuel Warmer Relay is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Fuel Warmer Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Fuel Warmer Relay is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Fuel Warmer Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | • | | |
| 325 | , | (Detection) (When Fuel Warmer Relay is On) 10 seconds continuous, Fuel Warmer Relay drive current > 4.5 A (Cancellation) (When Fuel Warmer Relay is On) 3 seconds continuous, Fuel Warmer Relay drive current ≤ 4.5 A lts / Symptoms) ntrol Function – Fuel warmer operation failure | • | | |
| | 1. CR | king list) -46 (#85) – CN-52 (#13) Checking Open/Short -46 (#86) – Fuse box (#22) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | ; | Diagnostic Criteria | Ap | plicat | ion |
|------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------|---------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Chteria | G | С | W |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Transmission Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | • |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, $0.3V \le$ Transmission Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < $0.8V$ | | | • |
| 504 | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Transmission Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | • |
| 501 | 1. Mor (Chec 1. CD- 2. CD- | lts / Symptoms) nitor – Transmission Oil Press. display failure, Transmission Oil low pressure warking list) -5 (#B) – CN-52 (#26) Checking Open/Short -5 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | ning ' | failure | ! |
| | 3. CD | -5 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Brake Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | • |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Brake Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.8V | | | • |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Brake Oil Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 503 | 1. Mor (Chec 1. CD- 2. CD- | Its / Symptoms) nitor – Brake Oil Press. display failure, Brake Oil low pressure warning failure king list) -3 (#B) – CN-52 (#29) Checking Open/Short -3 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short -3 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Working Brake Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, $0.3V \le$ Working Brake Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage $< 0.8V$ | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Working Brake Press. Sensor Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 505 | 1. Mor (Chec 1. CD- 2. CD- | lts / Symptoms) nitor – Working Brake Oil Press. display failure, Working Brake Oil low pressure king list) -38 (#B) – CN-51 (#30) Checking Open/Short -38 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short -38 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | warni | ng fail | ure |

 $\ensuremath{\,\mathbb{X}\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 ${\sf G:General} \qquad \qquad {\sf C:Crawler\,Type} \qquad \qquad {\sf W:Wheel\,Type}$

| DTC | | Diagnostic Criteria | Ap | plicat | ion |
|--------|---------------------------|--|----|--------|-----|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Officia | G | С | W |
| | 4 | (Detection) (When Parking Relay is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Parking Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Parking Relay is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Parking Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| 514 | 6 | (Detection) (When Parking Relay is On) 10 seconds continuous, Parking Relay drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Parking Relay is On) 3 seconds continuous, Parking Relay drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CR- | Its / Symptoms) htrol Function – Parking Relay operation failure king list) -66 (#1) – CN-53 (#11) Checking Open/Short -66 (#2) – Fuse box (#30) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| 517 | 4 | (Detection) (When Traveling Cutoff Relay is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Traveling Cutoff Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Traveling Cutoff Relay is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Traveling Cutoff Relay drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| | 6 | (Detection) (When Traveling Cutoff Relay is On) 10 seconds continuous, Traveling Cutoff Relay drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Traveling Cutoff Relay is On) 3 seconds continuous, Traveling Cutoff Relay drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CR- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Traveling Cutoff Relay operation failure king list) -47 (#85) – CN-53 (#04) Checking Open/Short -47 (#86) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC HCESPN FMI | | Diagnostia Critaria | Application | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| 525 | 4 | (Detection) (When Ram Lock Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Ram Lock Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Ram Lock Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Ram Lock Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| | 6 | (Detection) (When Ram Lock Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Ram Lock Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Ram Lock Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Ram Lock Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | lts / Symptoms) htrol Function – Ram lock control operation failure king list) -69 (#1) – CN-53 (#12) Checking Open/Short -69 (#2) – Fuse box (#33) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| 527 | 4 | (Detection) (When Creep Solenoid is Off) 10 seconds continuous, Creep Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V (Cancellation) (When Creep Solenoid is Off) 3 seconds continuous, Creep Solenoid drive unit Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | • |
| | 6 | (Detection) (When Creep Solenoid is On) 10 seconds continuous, Creep Solenoid drive current > 6.5 A (Cancellation) (When Creep Solenoid is On) 3 seconds continuous, Creep Solenoid drive current ≤ 6.5 A | | | • |
| | 1. Cor (Chec 1. CN- | Its / Symptoms) Its / Symptoms Its / Sy | | | |

 $\fint \fint \fin$

| DTC | ; | Diamonatia Cuitavia | Application | | |
|--------|-------------|--|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Forward Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | U | Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Travel Forward Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | • | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Forward Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | (D) | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 530 | , | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | nitor – Travel Forward Press. display failure | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Driving interoperability power control operation failure king list) | | | |
| | , | -73 (#B) – CN-51 (#20) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -73 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -73 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, 0.3V≤ Travel Reverse Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 1 | Voltage < 0.8V | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Reverse Press. Sensor Measurement | | | |
| | 4 | Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 531 | 1. Mor | nitor – Travel Reverse Press. display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Driving interoperability power control operation failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | | -74 (#B) – CN-52 (#20) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | -74 (#A) – CN-51 (#32) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 3. CD- | -74 (#C) – CN-51 (#31) Checking Open/Short | | 1 | |
| | 0 | 10 seconds continuous, Battery input Voltage > 35V | | | |
| | 1 | 10 seconds continuous, Battery input Voltage < 18V | | | |
| 705 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Startup impossibility | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CS- | 74A (#1) – CN-51 (#01) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | (When Engine is equal or more than 400 rpm) 10 seconds continuous, | | | |
| | 1 | Alternator Node L Measurement Voltage < 18V | | | |
| | | (In case 12v goods, Alternator Node I Measurement Voltage < 9V) | | | |
| 707 | , | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | | ntrol Function – Battery charging circuit failure | | | |
| | , | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CS- | 74A (#1) – CN-51 (#26) Checking Open/Short | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | ; | Diagnostia Critoria | Application | | |
|--------|--------|---|-------------|---|---|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W |
| | _ | (Model Parameter) Mounting Acc. Dial | | | |
| | 3 | 10 seconds continuous, Acc. Dial Measurement Voltage > 5.2V | | | |
| | 4 | (Model Parameter) Mounting Acc. Dial | | | |
| | 4 | 10 seconds continuous, Acc. Dial Measurement Voltage < 0.3V | | | |
| 714 | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Mor | nitor – Acc. Dial Voltage display failure | | | |
| | 2. Cor | ntrol Function – Engine rpm control failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | 1. CN- | -7 (#15) – CN-52 (#33) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | | (Detection) (When Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound is Off) | | | |
| | | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay drive unit | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage ≤ 3.0V | | | |
| | 4 | (Cancellation) | | | |
| | | (When Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay is Off) | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay drive unit | | | |
| | | Measurement Voltage > 3.0V | | | |
| | | (Detection) | | | |
| | | (When Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound is On) | | | |
| 722 | | 10 seconds continuous, Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay drive | | | |
| | 6 | current > 4.5 A | | | |
| | 0 | (Cancellation) | | | |
| | | (When Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound is On) | | | |
| | | 3 seconds continuous, Travel Alarm (Buzzer) Sound Relay drive | | | |
| | | current ≤ 4.5 A | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Driving alarm operation failure | | | |
| | (Chec | king list) | | | |
| | | -81 (#1) – CN-52 (#09) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CN- | -81 (#2) – Fuse box (#28) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 | (When mounting the A/C Controller) | | | |
| | | 60 seconds continuous, A/C Controller Communication Data Error | | | |
| | ` | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 831 | | ntrol Function – A/C Controller operation failure | | | |
| | ` | king list) | | | |
| | | -11 (#8) – CN-51 (#09) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CN- | -11 (#7) – CN-51 (#08) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, Cluster Communication Data Error | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | |
| 840 | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Cluster operation failure | | | |
| 2.3 | l , | king list) | | | |
| | | -56A (#5) – CN-52 (#01) Checking Open/Short | | | |
| | 2. CN- | -56A (#4) – CN-52 (#02) Checking Open/Short | | | |

* Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

| DTC | · | Diagnostic Oritoria | Application | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------|---|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G | С | W | | | | |
| | 2 | 10 seconds continuous, ECM Communication Data Error | • | | | | | | |
| | l , | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | | |
| 841 | | ntrol Function – ECM operation failure king list) | | | | | | | |
| | l , | 93 (#22) – CN-52 (#02) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | 93 (#46) – CN-52 (#01) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | (When mounting the Haptic Controller) | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, Haptic Controller Communication Data Error | | | | | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | | |
| 848 | l , | ntrol Function – Haptic Controller operation failure | | | | | | | |
| | | king list) | | | | | | | |
| | 1. CN | -8 (#2) – CN-51 (#09) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | 2. CN | -8 (#3) – CN-51 (#08) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | (When mounting the RMCU) | | | | | | | |
| | | 60 seconds continuous, RMCU communication Data Error | | | | | | | |
| | (Resuluts / Symptoms) | | | | | | | | |
| 850 | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – RMCU operation failure | | | | | | | |
| | l , | king list) | | | | | | | |
| | | -125A (#3) – CN-51 (#09) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | 2. CN | -125A (#11) – CN-51 (#08) Checking Open/Short | 1 | | | | | | |
| | 2 | (When mounting the AAVM) | | | | | | | |
| | (D | 60 seconds continuous, AAVM communication Data Error | | | | | | | |
| 000 | l , | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | | |
| 866 | | ntrol Function – AAVM operation failure king list) | | | | | | | |
| | , | 9 (#5) – CN-51 (#09) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | 9 (#6) – CN-51 (#08) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, RDU communication Data Error | | | | | | | |
| | | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | | |
| | ` | ntrol Function – RDU operation failure | | | | | | | |
| 867 | | king list) | | | | | | | |
| | l , | 376 (#10) – CN-51 (#09) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | -376 (#18) – CN-51 (#08) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | | · / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | |

 $\ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

 $\mbox{G : General} \qquad \qquad \mbox{C : Crawler Type} \qquad \qquad \mbox{W : Wheel Type}$

| DTC | | Diagnostia Critaria | Applica | | ion | | | | |
|--------|--|---|---------|--|-----|--|--|--|--|
| HCESPN | FMI | Diagnostic Criteria | G C | | W | | | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, Switch Controller communication Data Error | • | | | | | | |
| | (Resu | Its / Symptoms) | | | | | | | |
| 868 | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – Switch Controller operation failure | | | | | | | |
| 000 | (Chec | (Checking list) | | | | | | | |
| | 1. CN-56A (#7) – CN-51 (#08) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. CN-56A (#6) – CN-51 (#09) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | (When mounting the BKCU) | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | 60 seconds continuous, BKCU communication Data Error | | | | | | | |
| | (Results / Symptoms) | | | | | | | | |
| 869 | 1. Cor | ntrol Function – BKCU operation failure | | | | | | | |
| | (Chec | (Checking list) | | | | | | | |
| | 1. CS- | -2B (#A) – CN-51 (#08) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |
| | 2. CS- | 2B (#B) - CN-51 (#09) Checking Open/Short | | | | | | | |

^{*} Some error codes are not applied to this machine.

4. ENGINE FAULT CODE

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 111 629 12 | Engine control module critical internal failure - Bad intelligent device or component. Error internal to the ECM related to memory hardware failures or internal ECM voltage supply circuits. | Possible no noticeable performance effects, engine dying, or hard starting. |
| 115 612 2 | Engine magnetic crankshaft speed/position lost both of two signals - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The ECM has detected the primary and backup speed sensor signals are connected backwards. | The engine will shut down or will not start. |
| 122 102 3 | Intake manifold 1 pressure sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the intake manifold pressure circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 123 102 4 | Intake manifold 1 pressure sensor circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low Source. Low signal voltage or open circuit detected at the intake manifold pressure circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 124 102 16 | Intake manifold 1 pressure - Data valid but above normal operational range - Moderately severe level. Intake manifold pressure is above the maximum operating limit. | Engine power derate. |
| 125 102 18 | Intake Manifold 1 Pressure - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. Intake manifold pressure is below the minimum operating limit. | Engine power derate. |
| 131 91 3 | Accelerator pedal or lever position sensor 1 circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at accelerator pedal position number 1 circuit. | The engine will operate in limp home mode. |
| 132 91 4 | Accelerator pedal or lever position sensor 1 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at accelerator pedal position number 1 signal circuit. | The engine will operate in limp home mode. |
| 133 974 3 | Remote accelerator pedal or lever position sensor 1 circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at remote accelerator pedal position signal circuit. | Remote accelerator will not operate. |
| 134 974 4 | Remote accelerator pedal or lever position sensor 1 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at remote accelerator pedal position signal circuit. | Remote accelerator will not operate. |
| 143 100 18 | Engine oil rifle pressure - Data valid but below normal operational range - Moderately severe level. Engine oil pressure signal indicates engine oil pressure is below the engine protection warning limit. | Engine power derate. |

^{*} Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 144 110 3 | Engine coolant temperature 1 sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at engine coolant temperature circuit. | Fan will stay ON if controlled by ECM. |
| 145 110 4 | Engine coolant temperature 1 sensor circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at engine coolant temperature circuit. | Fan will stay ON if controlled by ECM. |
| 146 110 16 | Engine coolant temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Moderately severe level. Engine coolant temperature is above engine protection warning limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red stop lamp starts flashing. |
| 151 110 0 | Engine coolant temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Most severe level. Engine coolant temperature signal indicates engine coolant temperature above engine protection critical limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red stop lamp starts flashing. |
| 153 105 3 | Intake manifold 1 temperature sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at intake manifold air temperature circuit. | Fan will stay ON if controlled by ECM. |
| 154 105 4 | Intake manifold 1 temperature sensor circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at intake manifold air temperature circuit. | Fan will stay ON if controlled by ECM. |
| 155 105 0 | Intake manifold 1 temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Most severe level. Intake manifold air temperature signal indicates intake manifold air temperature above engine protection critical limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red stop lamp starts flashing. |
| 175 3464 3 | Electronic throttle control actuator driver circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. A short circuit to battery or open circuit has been detected in the engine intake air throttle actuator signal circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 176 3464 4 | Electronic throttle control actuator driver circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. A short circuit to ground has been detected in the engine intake air throttle actuator signal circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 177 3464 7 | Electronic throttle control actuator - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The engine intake air throttle actuator has failed the auto zero span check. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 187 3510 4 | Sensor supply 2 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at the sensor supply number 2 circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 195 111 3 | Coolant level sensor 1 circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at engine coolant level circuit. | None on performance. |

[※] Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 196 111 4 | Coolant level sensor 1 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at engine coolant level circuit. | None on performance. |
| 197 111 18 | Coolant level - Data valid but below normal operational range - Moderately severe level. Low coolant level has been detected. | Engine power derate. |
| 221 108 3 | Barometric pressure sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at barometric pressure circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 222 108 4 | Barometric pressure sensor circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at barometric pressure circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 227 3510 3 | Sensor supply 2 circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at sensor supply number 2 circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 234 190 0 | Engine crankshaft speed/position - Data valid but above normal operational range - Most severe level. Engine speed signal indicates engine speed above engine protection limit. | Engine power derate. |
| 238 3511 4 | Sensor supply 3 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected on the +5 volt sensor supply circuit to the engine speed sensor. | Engine may run rough, may stop running, may not start, or may be difficult to start. |
| 239 3511 3 | Sensor supply 3 circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High voltage detected on the 5 volt sensor supply circuit to the engine speed sensor. | Engine may run rough, may stop running, may not start, or may be difficult to start. |
| 241 84 2 | Wheel-based vehicle speed - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The ECM lost the vehicle speed signal or is reading an erratic value. | Engine speed limited to ,maximum engine speed without VSS parameter value. Cruise control, gear-down protection, and road speed governor will not work. |
| 245 647 4 | Fan control circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the fan control circuit when commanded on. | The fan may stay on continuously or not run at all. |
| 249 171 3 | Ambient air temperature sensor 1 circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at ambient air temperature circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 256 171 4 | Ambient air temperature sensor 1 circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at ambient air temperature circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 271 1347 4 | Fuel pump pressurizing assembly 1 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the fuel pump actuator circuit. | Engine power derate. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| 272 1347 3 | Fuel pump pressurizing assembly 1 circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at the fuel pump actuator circuit. | Engine may run rough, may stop running, may not start, or may be difficult to start. |
| 285 639 9 | SAE J1939 multiplexing PGN timeout error - Abnormal update rate. The ECM expected information from a multiplexed device but did not receive it soon enough or did not receive it at all. | At least one multiplexed device will not operate properly. |
| 286 639 13 | SAE J1939 multiplexing configuration error - Out of calibration. The ECM expected information from a multiplexed device but only received a portion of the necessary information. | At least one multiplexed device will not operate properly. |
| 288 974 19 | Sae J1939 multiplexing remote accelerator pedal or lever position sensor circuit - Received network data in error. The oem vehicle electronic control unit (VECM) detected a fault with the remote accelerator. | Remote accelerator will not operate. |
| 295 108 2 | Barometric pressure - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. An error in the barometric pressure sensor signal was detected by the ECM. | Engine power derate. |
| 322 651 5 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 1 circuit - Current below normal, or open circuit. Current detected at injector 1 when voltage is turned OFF. | Engine power derate. |
| 323 655 5 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 5 circuit - Current below normal, or open circuit. Current detected at injector 5 when voltage is turned OFF. | The current to the injector is shut OFF. Engine power derate. |
| 324 653 5 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 3 circuit - Current below normal, or open circuit. Current detected at injector 3 when voltage is turned OFF. | The current to the injector is shut OFF. Engine power derate. |
| 325 656 5 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 6 circuit - Current below normal, or open circuit. Current detected at injector 6 when voltage is turned OFF. | The current to the injector is shut OFF. Engine power derate. |
| 331 652 5 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 2 circuit - Current below normal, or open circuit. Current detected at injector 2 when voltage is turned OFF. | The current to the injector is shut OFF. Engine power derate. |
| 332 654 5 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 4 circuit - Current below normal, or open circuit. Current detected at injector 4 when voltage is turned OFF. | The current to the injector is shut OFF. Engine power derate. |
| 334 110 2 | Engine coolant temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The engine coolant temperature sensor is reading an erratic value at initial key ON. | None on performance. |

^{*} Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| 338 1267 3 | Idle shutdown vehicle accessories relay driver circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. Open circuit or short to voltage source detected at the idle shutdown vehicle accessory/ignition bus relay circuit. | Vehicle accessories or ignition bus loads controlled by the idle shutdown relay will not power up. |
| 339 1267 4 | Idle shutdown vehicle accessories relay driver circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at the idle shutdown vehicle accessory or ignition bus relay circuit when commanded ON. | Vehicle accessories or ignition bus loads controlled by the idle shutdown relay will not power up. |
| 343 629 12 | Engine control module warning internal hardware failure - Bad intelligent device or component. ECM power supply errors have been detected. | Engine power derate. |
| 346 630 12 | Engine control module calibration memory software - Bad intelligent device or component. Invalid switch configuration adjustable parameter setting have been detected by the engine control module (ECM). | Various optional switch inputs to the ECM may not operate correctly. |
| 351 627 12 | Injector power supply - Bad intelligent device or component. The ECM measured injector boost voltage is low. | Engine power derate. |
| 352 3509 4 | Sensor supply 1 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at sensor supply number 1 circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 383 729 5 | Engine intake air heater 1 circuit - Current below normal or open circuit. A malfunctioning engine intake air heater circuit has been detected. | Engine may not start or may be difficult to start. |
| 386 3509 3 | Sensor supply 1 circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at sensor supply number 1 circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 415 100 1 | Engine oil rifle pressure - Data valid but below normal operational range - Most severe level. Oil pressure signal indicates oil pressure below the engine protection critical limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, engine will shut down 30 seconds after red stop lamp starts flashing. |
| 418 97 15 | Water in fuel indicator - Data valid but above normal operational range - Least severe level. water has been detected in the fuel filter. | None on performance. |
| 427 639 9 | J1939 data link - Abnormal update rate. Communication between the engine control module (ECM) and another device on the SAE J1939 data link has been lost. | Engine will only idle. |
| 428 97 3 | Water in fuel indicator sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at the water in fuel circuit. | None on performance. No water in fuel warning available. |
| 435 100 2 | Engine oil rifle pressure - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The engine oil pressure sensor is reading an erratic value. | None on performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 436 105 2 | Intake manifold 1 temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The intake manifold temperature sensor is reading an erratic value at initial key on or while the engine is running. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 441 168 18 | Battery 1 voltage - Data valid but below normal operational range - Moderately severe level. ECM supply voltage is below the minimum system voltage level. | Engine may run rough, may stop running, may not start, or may be difficult to start. |
| 442 168 16 | Battery 1 Voltage - Data valid but above normal operational range - Moderately severe level. ECM supply voltage is above the maximum system voltage level. | None on performance. |
| 451 157 3 | Injector metering rail 1 pressure sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the rail fuel pressure sensor circuit. | Power and/or speed derate. |
| 452 157 4 | Injector metering rail 1 pressure sensor circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the rail fuel pressure sensor circuit. | Power and/or speed derate. |
| 483 1349 3 | Injector metering rail 2 pressure sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the fuel rail 2 pressure sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 484 1349 4 | Injector metering rail 2 pressure sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the fuel rail 2 pressure sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 515 3514 3 | Sensor supply 6 circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High voltage detected on the +5 volt sensor supply circuit to the fuel rail pressure sensor. | Engine power derate. |
| 516 3514 4 | Sensor supply 6 circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected on the +5 volt sensor supply circuit to the fuel rail pressure sensor. | Engine power derate. |
| 553 157 16 | Injector metering rail 1 pressure - Data valid but above normal operational range - Moderately severe level. The ECM has detected that fuel pressure is higher than commanded pressure. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 555 101 16 | Crankcase pressure - Data valid but above normal operational range - Moderately severe level. The crankcase breather filter requires maintenance. | None on performance. |
| 556 101 0 | Crankcase pressure - Data valid but above normal operational range - Most severe level. The crankcase breather filter requires maintenance. | None on performance. |

^{*} Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| 559 157 18 | Injector metering rail 1 pressure - Data valid but below normal operational range - Moderately severe level. The ECM has detected that fuel pressure is lower than commanded pressure. | Possibly hard to start or low power. Engine could possibly not start. |
| 584 677 3 | Starter relay driver circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. Open circuit or high voltage detected at starter lockout circuit. | Either the engine will not start or the engine will not have starter lockout protection. |
| 585 677 4 | Starter relay driver circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at starter lockout circuit. | Either the engine will not start or the engine will not have starter lockout protection. |
| 595 103 16 | Turbocharger 1 speed - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. High turbocharger speed has been detected by the ecm. | Engine power derate. |
| 596 167 16 | Electrical charging system voltage - Data valid but above normal operational range - Moderately severe level. High battery voltage detected by the battery voltage monitor feature. | None on performance. |
| 597 167 18 | Electrical charging system voltage - Data valid but below normal operational range - Moderately severe level. Low battery voltage detected by the battery voltage monitor feature. | None on performance. |
| 649 1378 31 | Engine oil change interval - Condition exists. Change engine oil and filter. | None on performance. |
| 687 103 18 | Turbocharger 1 speed - Data valid but below normal operational range - Moderately severe level. Low turbocharger speed detected by the ECM. | Engine power derate. The ECM uses an estimated turbocharger speed. |
| 689 190 2 | Engine crankshaft speed/position - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The ECM has detected an error in the engine speed signal. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 691 1172 3 | Turbocharger 1 compressor inlet temperature sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at turbocharger compressor inlet air temperature circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 692 1172 4 | Turbocharger 1 compressor inlet temperature circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at turbocharger compressor inlet air temperature circuit. | Engine power derate. |
| 693 1172 2 | Turbocharger 1 compressor intake temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. A temperature too high or low for the operating conditions has been detected by the turbocharger compressor intake temperature sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| 731 723 7 | Engine speed / position camshaft and crankshaft misalignment - Mechanical system not responding properly or out of adjustment. Engine position signal from the crankshaft position sensor and camshaft position sensor do not match. | Engine power derate. |
| 755 157 7 | Injector metering rail 1 pressure - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The ECM has detected a difference in the 2 fuel rail pressure signals. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 778 723 2 | Engine camshaft speed / position sensor - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The ECM has detected an error in the camshaft position sensor signal. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 784 1590 2 | Adaptive cruise control mode - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. Loss of communication with adaptive cruise control. | Adaptive cruise control will not operate. Standard cruise control may not operate. |
| 1117 627 2 | Power supply lost with ignition on - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. Supply voltage to the ECM fell below 6.2 volts momentarily, or the ECM was not allowed to power down correctly (retain battery voltage for 30 seconds after key OFF). | Possible no noticeable performance. |
| 1139 651 7 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 1 - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The ECM has detected an error with the injection timing or quantity. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1141 652 7 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 2 - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The ECM has detected an error with the injection timing or quantity. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1142 653 7 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 3 - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The ECM has detected an error with the injection timing or quantity. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1143 654 7 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 4 - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The ECM has detected an error with the injection timing or quantity. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1144 655 7 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 5 - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The ECM has detected an error with the injection timing or quantity. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1145 656 7 | Injector solenoid driver cylinder 6 - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The ECM has detected an error with the injection timing or quantity. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1228 27 2 | Egr valve position - Data erratic, intermittent, or Incorrect. The EGR valve is unable to meet commanded position. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1239 2623 3 | Accelerator pedal or lever position sensor 2 circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at accelerator pedal position number 2 signal circuit. | The engine will operate in limp home mode. |
| 1241 2623 4 | Accelerator pedal or lever position sensor 2 circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at accelerator pedal position number 2 signal circuit. | The engine will operate in limp home mode. |
| 1242 91 2 | Accelerator pedal or lever position sensor 1 and 2 - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. Accelerator position sensor number 1 and number 2 are reading different values. | The engine will only idle. |
| 1515 91 19 | Sae J1939 multiplexed accelerator pedal or lever sensor system - Received network data in error. The J1939 multiplexing controller has indicated a malfunction of the multiplexed accelerator pedal. | The engine will only idle. |
| 1654 1323 31 | Engine misfire cylinder 1- Condition exists. Engine misfire has been detected in cylinder number 1. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1655 1324 31 | Engine misfire cylinder 2 - Condition exists. Engine misfire has been detected in cylinder number 2. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1656 1325 31 | Engine misfire cylinder 3 - Condition exists. Engine misfire has been detected in cylinder number 3. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1657 1326 31 | Engine misfire cylinder 4 - Condition exists. Engine misfire has been detected in cylinder number 4. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1658 1327 31 | Engine misfire cylinder 5 - Condition exists. Engine misfire has been detected in cylinder number 5. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1659 1328 31 | Engine misfire cylinder 6 - Condition exists. Engine misfire has been detected in cylinder number 6. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1668 1761 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1669 1761 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the catalyst tank level sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1673 1761 1 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level - Data valid but below normal operating range - Most severe level. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level has fallen below the critical warning level. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\mathbb{X}\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1677 3031 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank temperature sensor - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid tank temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1678 3031 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank temperature sensor - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at the diesel exhaust fluid tank temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1679 3031 2 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The diesel exhaust fluid tank temperature sensor has indicated a tank temperature too high or too low for the ambient conditions. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1682 3362 31 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit input lines - Condition exists. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit is unable to prime. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1683 3363 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank heater - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank heater circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1684 3363 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank heater - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank heater circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1691 100 18 | Aftertreatment diesel oxidation catalyst conversion efficiency - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The temperature increase across the aftertreatment catalyst is lower than expected. | Possible frequent need for aftertreatment regeneration. |
| 1695 3513 3 | Sensor supply 5 - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at sensor supply 5 circuit in the oem harness. | the engine will operate in limp home mode. |
| 1696 3513 4 | Sensor supply 5 - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at sensor supply number 5 circuit in the oem harness. | the engine will operate in limp home mode. |
| 1712 3363 18 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank heater - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank heater is unable to thaw the frozen diesel exhaust fluid. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

[※] Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1713 3363 16 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank heater - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The diesel exhaust fluid tank heater is continuously in the on position. | None on performance. |
| 1718 1322 31 | Engine misfire for multiple cylinders - Condition exists. Engine misfire has been detected in multiple cylinder numbers. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1776 2634 3 | Power relay driver circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at power relay driver circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1777 2634 4 | Power relay driver circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. An open circuit or low voltage has been detected at the power relay circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1843 101 3 | Crankcase pressure circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the crankcase pressure circuit. | None on performance. |
| 1844 101 4 | Crankcase pressure circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the crankcase pressure circuit. | None on performance. |
| 1866 411 2 | Exhaust gas recirculation valve delta pressure - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. An error in the EGR delta pressure signal was detected at initial key on or the sensor failed the autozero test. | possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1867 412 2 | Engine gas recircuilation temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. Engine misfire has been detected in multiple cylinder numbers. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1879 3251 3 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter differential pressure sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment differential pressure sensor circuit. | possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1881 3251 4 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter differential pressure sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage or open circuit detected at the aftertreatment differential pressure sensor circuit. | possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1883 3251 2 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter differential pressure sensor - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter differential pressure sensor is reading an erratic value at initial key on or during engine operation. | possible reduced engine performance. |

^{*} Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1885 3216 4 | Aftertreatment intake NOx sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. An internal circuit error has been detected by the aftertreatment intake NOx sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1887 3226 4 | Aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. An internal circuit error has been detected by the aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1896 2791 13 | EGR valve controller - Out of calibration. The EGR valve has failed the automatic calibration procedure at initial key ON. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1921 3251 0 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter differential pressure - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The soot load of the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter has exceeded the recommended limits. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1922 3251 0 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter differential pressure - Data valid but above normal operating range - Most severe level. The soot load of the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter has exceeded the recommended limits. Engine protection derate is enabled. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1938 3597 1 | Ecu power output supply voltage 1 - Data valid but below normal operational range - Moderately severe level. Low battery voltage detected by the VGT actuator. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1942 101 2 | Crankcase pressure - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The ECM has detected that the crankcase pressure signal is reading an erratic value at initial key ON or during engine operation. | None on performance. |
| 1961 2791 0 | EGR valve control circuit calculated over temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Least severe level. High EGR valve driver temperature has been detected. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 1962 641 0 | VGT Actuator driver over temperature (calculated) - Data valid but above normal operating range - Least severe level. High internal VGT actuator temperature has been detected. | None on performance. |
| 1974 101 16 | Crankcase pressure - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The crankcase breather filter requires maintenance. | None on performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| 1993 4795 31 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter missing - Condition exists. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter in the exhaust system is not present. | Active aftertreatment diesel particulate filter regeneration will be disabled. |
| 2185 3512 3 | Sensor supply 4 circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at 5 VDC sensor supply circuit to the accelerator pedal position sensor. | Engine will only idle. |
| 2186 3512 4 | Sensor supply 4 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at 5 VDC sensor supply circuit to the accelerator pedal position sensor. | Engine will only idle. |
| 2198 641 11 | VGT Actuator driver circuit - Root cause not known. Intermittent communication between the smart VGT controller and the ECM has been detected. The VGT controller is not interpreting the J1939 message from the ECM correctly. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2272 27 4 | EGR Valve position circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage has been detected at the EGR valve position sensor circuit | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2273 411 3 | Exhaust gas recirculation valve delta pressure sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the EGR differential pressure sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2274 411 4 | Exhaust gas recirculation valve delta pressure sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the EGR differential pressure sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2288 103 15 | Turbocharger 1 speed - Data valid but above normal operating range - Least severe level. High turbocharger speed has been detected by the ECM. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2311 633 31 | Electronic fuel injection control valve circuit - Condition exists. Fuel pump actuator circuit resistance too high or too low, or an intermittent connection has been detected. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2322 723 2 | Engine camshaft speed / position sensor - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. Camshaft engine speed sensor intermittent synchronization. | None on performance. |
| 2349 2791 5 | EGR Valve control circuit - Current below normal or open circuit. Motor terminal or motor coil open circuit has been detected by the ECM. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 2353 2791 6 | EGR Valve control circuit - Current above normal or grounded circuit. A short circuit to ground has been detected in the EGR valve motor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2372 95 16 | Fuel filter differential pressure - Data valid but above normal operational range - Moderately severe level. Excessive fuel flow restriction to the high pressure fuel pump has been detected. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2373 1209 3 | Exhaust gas pressure sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the exhaust gas pressure circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2374 1209 4 | Exhaust gas pressure sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the exhaust gas pressure circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2375 412 3 | Exhaust gas recirculation temperature sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at EGR temperature circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2376 412 4 | Exhaust gas recirculation temperature sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at EGR temperature circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2377 647 3 | Fan control circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. Open circuit or high voltage detected at the fan control circuit. | The fan can stay on continuously or not run at all. |
| 2387 641 7 | VGT Actuator driver circuit (motor) - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The smart VGT controller has detected incorrect stop limits, or the VGT is unable to move to the closed position. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2398 171 2 | Ambient air temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The ambient air temperature sensor is reading an erratic value. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2448 111 17 | Coolant level - Data valid but below normal operational range - Least severe level. Low engine coolant level detected. | none on performance. |
| 2449 641 13 | Vgt actuator controller - Out of calibration. The VGT actuator has been installed incorrectly. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2468 102 3 | Engine crankshaft speed/position - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The engine speed has exceeded a critical limit. | Engine will be shut down. |
| 2554 1209 2 | Exhaust gas pressure - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. The exhaust gas pressure sensor is reading an erratic value. | possible reduced engine performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 2555 729 3 | Intake air heater 1 circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High voltage detected at the intake air heater signal circuit. | The intake air heaters may be ON or OFF all the time. |
| 2556 729 4 | Intake air heater 1 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low voltage detected at the intake air heater signal circuit. | The intake air heaters may be ON or OFF all the time. |
| 2634 641 12 | VGT Actuator controller - Bad intelligent device or component. An internal error has been detected by the smart VGT controller. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2636 641 9 | VGT Actuator driver circuit - abnormal update rate. No communications on the J1939 data link between the engine ECM and the smart VGT controller. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2638 5298 17 | Aftertreatment diesel oxidation catalyst conversion efficiency - Data valid but below normal operating range - Least severe level. The temperature increase across the aftertreatment diesel oxidation catalyst is lower than expected. | Possible frequent need for aftertreatment regeneration. |
| 2639 3251 15 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter differential pressure - Data valid but above normal operating range - Least severe level. The soot load of the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter has exceeded the recommended limits. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2646 110 32 | Engine coolant temperature - Condition exists. The EGR valve was closed to reduce engine coolant temperature. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2718 520325 31 | Brake switch and accelerator pedal position incompatible - Condition exists. The ECM has detected the brake pedal and accelerator pedal were depressed simultaneously. | The engine will operate in limp home mode. |
| 2771 3226 9 | Aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor - Abnormal update rate. No communications or an invalid data transfer rate detected on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2777 3703 31 | Particulate trap active regeneration inhibited due to inhibit switch - Condition exists. Regeneration of the diesel particulate filter has been prevented due to the permit switch being disabled. | Possible frequent need for aftertreatment regeneration. |
| 2961 412 15 | Exhaust gas recirculation temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Least severe level. EGR temperature has exceeded the engine protection limit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2962 412 16 | Exhaust gas recirculation temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Moderately severe level. EGR temperature has exceeded the engine protection limit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 2963 110 15 | Engine coolant temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Least severe level. Engine coolant temperature is above the engine protection warning limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the Engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red STOP lamps starts flashing. |
| 2964 105 15 | Intake manifold 1 temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Least severe level. Intake manifold air temperature signal indicates intake manifold air temperature is above engine protection warning limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the Engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red STOP lamps starts flashing. |
| 2973 102 2 | Intake manifold 1 pressure - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The intake manifold pressure sensor is reading an erratic value. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 2976 3361 2 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. An internal error has been detected in the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3133 3610 3 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet pressure sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet pressure sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3134 3610 4 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet pressure sensor circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet pressure sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3135 3610 2 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet pressure - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet pressure sensor is reading an erratic value at initial key ON or during engine operation. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3146 4363 3 | Aftertreatment SCR outlet temperature sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the SCR outlet temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3147 4363 4 | Aftertreatment SCR outlet temperature sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the SCR outlet temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3148 4363 2 | Aftertreatment SCR outlet temperature sensor - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The SCR outlet temperature sensor is not changing with engine operating conditions. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3151 4794 31 | Aftertreatment SCR catalyst system missing - Condition exists. The aftertreatment SCR catalyst in the exhaust system is not present. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 3165 4363 0 | Aftertreatment SCR outlet temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Most severe level. The SCR outlet temperature sensor reading has exceeded the maximum engine protection temperature limit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3168 3936 16 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter system - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The system has detected a malfunction in the filtering capability of the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter. | None on performance. |
| 3186 1623 9 | Tachograph output shaft speed - Abnormal update rate. No communication or an invalid data transfer rate has been detected on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the tachograph output shaft speed sensor. | None on performance. |
| 3213 1623 19 | Tachograph output shaft speed - Received network data in error. The J1939 multiplexing controller has indicated a malfunction of the tachograph output shaft speed sensor. | None on performance. |
| 3228 3216 2 | Aftertreatment Intake NOx sensor - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. An incorrect NOx sensor reading has been detected by the aftertreatment intake NOx sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3232 3216 9 | Aftertreatment Intake NOx sensor - Abnormal update rate. No communication or an invalid data transfer rate has been detected on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the aftertreatment intake NOx sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3235 4363 16 | Aftertreatment SCR outlet temperature - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The SCR outlet temperature sensor reading has exceeded the maximum temperature limit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3237 4340 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater 1 circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid line heater 1 circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3238 4340 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater 1 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid line heater 1 circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3239 4342 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater 2 circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid line heater 2 circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3241 4342 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater 2 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid line heater 2 circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\mathbb{X}\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| 3242 3363 7 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank heater - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid temperature did not increase when the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank heater was commanded ON. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3243 3060 18 | Engine cooling system monitor - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The engine is not warming up as expected. | None on performance. |
| 3251 4765 16 | Aftertreatment diesel oxidation catalyst intake temperature - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The diesel oxidation catalyst intake temperature sensor reading has exceeded the maximum temperature limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the Engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red STOP lamps starts flashing. |
| 3253 3242 16 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature sensor reading has exceeded the maximum engine protection temperature limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the Engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red STOP lamps starts flashing. |
| 3254 3242 15 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature - Data valid but above normal operating range - Least severe level. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature sensor reading has exceeded the maximum engine protection temperature limit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3255 3246 16 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature sensor reading has exceeded the maximum engine protection temperature limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red STOP lamps starts flashing. |
| 3256 3246 15 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature - Data valid but above normal operating range - Least severe level. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature sensor reading has exceeded the maximum engine protection temperature limit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3258 4340 5 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater 1 circuit - Current below normal or open circuit. Open circuit detected in the diesel exhaust fluid line heater 1. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3261 4342 5 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater 2 circuit - Current below normal or open circuit. Open circuit detected in the diesel exhaust fluid line heater 2. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

[※] Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| 3311 3242 0 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature - Data valid but above normal operating range - Most severe level. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature sensor reading has exceeded the maximum engine protection temperature limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red STOP lamps starts flashing. |
| 3312 3246 0 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature - Data valid but above normal operating range - Most severe level. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature sensor reading has exceeded the maximum engine protection temperature limit. | Progressive power and/or speed derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If the engine protection shutdown feature is enabled, the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the red STOP lamps starts flashing. |
| 3313 4765 4 | Aftertreatment diesel oxidation catalyst intake temperature sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the catalyst intake sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3314 4765 3 | Aftertreatment diesel oxidation catalyst intake temperature sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the catalyst intake temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3315 4765 2 | Aftertreatment diesel oxidation catalyst intake temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The aftertreatment diesel oxidation catalyst intake temperature sensor is not changing with engine operating conditions. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3316 3242 4 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3317 3242 3 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3318 3242 2 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter intake temperature is not changing with engine operating conditions. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3319 3246 3 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature sensor circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| 3321 3246 4 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature sensor circuit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3322 3246 2 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The aftertreatment diesel particulate filter outlet temperature is not changing with engine operating conditions. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3326 91 9 | SAE J1939 Multiplexed accelerator pedal or lever sensor system - Abnormal update rate. The ECM expected information from a multiplexed accelerator pedal or lever sensor but did not receive it soon enough or did not receive it at all. | Engine will only idle. |
| 3328 191 9 | Transmission output shaft speed - Abnormal update rate. No communication or an invalid data transfer rate has been detected on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the transmission output shaft speed sensor. | None on performance. |
| 3342 4752 18 | Engine exhaust gas recirculation cooler efficiency - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The EGR cooler is not cooling the recirculated exhaust gas sufficiently. | None on performance. |
| 3343 5285 18 | Engine charge-air cooler efficiency - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The engine charge air cooler is not cooling the intake air flow sufficiently. | None on performance. |
| 3361 102 10 | Intake manifold 1 pressure - Abnormal rate of change. The VGT position reading is stuck. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3366 111 18 | Coolant level - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. Very low engine coolant level detected. | None on performance. |
| 3374 1818 31 | Roll over protection brake control active - Condition exists. The ECM received a message from the anti-lock braking (ABS) controller, inhibiting cruise control operation. | Cruise control could possibly not operate. |
| 3375 5397 31 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter regeneration too frequent - Condition exists. The system has detected the need for an active regeneration has occurred too soon following the last active regeneration. | None on performance. |
| 3376 5319 31 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter incomplete regeneration - Condition exists. The system has detected that the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter differential pressure is too high following an active regeneration. | Possible frequent need for aftertreatment regeneration. |

^{*} Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| 3382 3058 18 | Engine exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) system - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. Measured egr flow is lower than commanded. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3383 3058 16 | Engine exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) system - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe Level. Measured EGR flow is higher than commanded. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3394 4766 18 | Aftertreatment 1 diesel oxidation catalyst outlet gas temperature - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The diesel oxidation catalyst outlet Temperature is below the operating limit | Possible frequent need for aftertreatment regeneration. |
| 3396 3750 31 | Diesel particulate filter 1 conditions not met for active regeneration - Condition exists. The aftertreatment temperatures are not warm enough for aftertreatment injection. | Possible frequent need for aftertreatment regeneration. |
| 3418 191 19 | Transmission output shaft speed - Received network data in error. The J1939 multiplexing controller has indicated a malfunction of the transmission output shaft speed sensor. | None on performance. |
| 3422 4344 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater 3 circuit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid line heater 3 circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3423 4344 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater 3 circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid line heater 3 circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3425 4344 5 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater 3 circuit - Current below normal or open circuit. Open circuit detected in the diesel exhaust fluid line heater 3. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3488 563 9 | Anti-lock braking (ABS) controller - Abnormal update rate. No communication or an invalid data transfer rate has been detected on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the anti-lock braking (ABS) controller. | None on performance. |
| 3492 251 10 | Real time clock - Abnormal rate of change. The real time clock indicates a stuck engine off timer. | None on performance. |
| 3494 1081 7 | Engine wait to start lamp - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. Wait to Start lamp has malfunction. | None on performance. |
| 3497 1761 17 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level - Data valid but below normal operating range - Least severe level. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level is low. | None on performance. |

^{*} Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 3498 1761 18 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level is very low. | None on performance. |
| 3525 84 19 | Wheel-based vehicle speed - Received network data in error. The J1939 multiplexing controller has indicated a malfunction of the wheel-based vehicle speed sensor. | Engine speed limited to maximum engine speed without VSS parameter value. Cruise control, gear-down protection, and road speed governor will not work. |
| 3526 84 9 | Wheel-Based vehicle speed - Abnormal update rate. No communication or an invalid data transfer rate has been detected on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the wheel-based vehicle speed sensor. | Engine speed limited to maximum engine speed without VSS parameter value. Cruise control, gear-down protection, and road speed governor will not work. |
| 3527 558 19 | Accelerator pedal or lever idle validation switch - Received network data in error. The J1939 multiplexing controller has indicated a malfunction of the accelerator pedal or lever idle validation switch. | The engine will only idle. |
| 3528 558 9 | Accelerator pedal or lever idle validation switch - Abnormal update rate. No communication or an invalid data transfer rate has been detected on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the accelerator pedal or lever idle validation switch. | Engine will only idle. |
| 3531 171 9 | Ambient air temperature - Abnormal update rate. No communication or an invalid data transfer rate has been detected on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the ambient air temperature sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3532 171 19 | Ambient air temperature - Received network data in error. The J1939 multiplexing controller has indicated a malfunction of the ambient air temperature sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3539 51 3 | Engine intake throttle actuator position sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the engine intake air throttle position sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3541 51 4 | Engine intake throttle actuator position sensor circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the engine intake air throttle position sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3542 51 2 | Engine intake throttle actuator position sensor - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. The engine intake air throttle posistion feedback is erratic or incorrect. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3545 3226 10 | Aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor circuit - Abnormal rate of change. The aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor reading is not valid. | None on performance. |

^{*} Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| 3547 4096 31 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank empty - Condition exists. The diesel exhaust fluid tank is empty. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3555 1081 9 | Engine wait to start lamp - Abnormal update rate. A loss of communication has been detected. | None on performance. |
| 3556 1081 19 | Engine wait to start lamp - Received network data in error. The ECM received an invalid signal on the SAE J1939 datalink. | None on performance. |
| 3558 3361 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3559 3361 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3562 5491 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater relay - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid line heater relay. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3563 5491 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid line heater relay - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid line heater relay. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3567 5394 5 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing valve - Current below normal or open circuit. A circuit error has been detected in the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing valve circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3568 5394 7 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid (DEF) Dosing valve - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. A mechanical malfunction has been detected in the DEF dosing valve. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3571 4334 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid pressure sensor - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid pressure sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3572 4334 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid pressure sensor - Voltage below normal or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid pressure sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3574 4334 18 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid pressure sensor - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. Low diesel exhaust fluid pressure has been detected in the dosing unit. | Possible reduced engine performance. |

^{*} Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| 3575 4334 16 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid pressure sensor - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit has detected a blockage in the diesel exhaust fluid return flow. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3577 4376 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid return valve - Voltage above normal or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid return valve. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3578 4376 4 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid return valve - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the diesel exhaust fluid return valve. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3582 4364 18 | Aftertreatment SCR catalyst conversion efficiency - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. NOx conversion across the SCR catalyst is too low. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3583 5031 10 | Aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor heater - Abnormal rate of change. The aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor heater is unable to maintain its normal operating temperature. | None on performance. |
| 3596 4334 2 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid pressure sensor - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The diesel exhaust fluid pressure sensor has reported a reading too high or low for the operating conditions. | Possible reduced engine performance. |
| 3649 5024 10 | Aftertreatment Intake NOx sensor heater - Abnormal rate of change. The aftertreatment intake NOx sensor heater is unable to maintain its normal operating temperature. | None on performance. |
| 3681 3228 2 | Aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor power supply - Data erratic, intermittent, or incorrect. The aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor indicates that the power supply to the sensor is incorrect. | None on performance. |
| 3682 3218 2 | Aftertreatment Intake NOx sensor power supply - Data erratic, entermittent or encorrect. The aftertreatment intake NOx sensor indicates that the power supply to the sensor is incorrect. | None on performance. |
| 3697 630 12 | Engine control module calibration memory - Bad intelligent device or component. Error internal to the ECM related to engine software failures. | Engine may not start or may be difficult to start. |
| 3712 5246 0 | Aftertreatment SCR operator inducement - Data valid but above normal operational range - Most severe level. Critical SCR related fault codes have been active for an extended period of time and require immediate attention. | Vehicle speed will be limited to 8 km [5 miles] per hour. |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code | | | |
|------------------------|--|--|--|
| J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) | |
| 3714 1569 31 | Engine protection torque derate - Condition exists. Critical fault codes related to engine operation are active. | | |
| 3715 188 16 | Engine speed at idle - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The engine speed at idle has exceeded the governed idle speed. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 3716 188 18 | Engine speed at idle - Data valid but below normal operational range - Moderately severe level. Engine is not maintaining the governed idle speed. | None on performance. | |
| 3717 3226 13 | Aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor - Out of calibration. A calibration mismatch between the aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor and the ECM has been detected. | None on performance. | |
| 3718 3216 13 | Aftertreatment intake NOx - Out of calibration. A calibration mismatch between the aftertreatment intake NOx sensor and the ECM has been detected. | ' | |
| 3724 168 17 | Battery 1 voltage - Data valid but below normal operating range - Least severe level. Low voltage to the EGR valve device driver has been detected. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 3725 3216 10 | Aftertreatment Intake NOx sensor - Abnormal rate of change. The aftertreatment intake NOx sensor reading is not valid. | None on performance. | |
| 3727 5571 7 | High pressure common rail fuel pressure relief valve - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. The fuel rail high-pressure relief valve has opened at a lower than expected pressure. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 3737 1675 31 | Engine starter mode overcrank protection - Condition exists. The starter motor has been temporarily disabled in order to prevent starter damage. | Starter operation is prohibited until the starter motor has adequately cooled. | |
| 3741 5571 0 | High pressure common rail fuel pressure relief valve - Data valid but above normal operational range - Most severe level. The fuel rail pressure relief valve has opened due to high fuel rail pressure. | Engine may run rough, may stop running, may not start, or may be difficult to start. | |
| 3749 3226 20 | Aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor - Data not rational - Drifted high. An offset in the outlet NOx sensor reading has been detected. | None on performance. | |
| 3838 2978 9 | Estimated engine parasitic losses - Percent torque - Abnormal update rate. A loss of communication has been detected. | None on performance. | |
| 3843 5603 9 | Cruise control disable command - Abnormal update rate. No communication or an invalid data transfer rate has been detected on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the cruise control. | None on performance. | |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 3844 5605 31 | Cruise control pause command - Condition exists. The adaptive cruise control has dropped out and must be manually engaged. | | |
| 3845 5603 31 | Cruise control disable command - Condition exists. The adaptive cruise control has dropped out and must be manually engaged. | Cruise control could possibly not operate. | |
| 3899 5848 4 | Aftertreatment 1 SCR Intermediate NH3 sensor - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. A circuit error has been detected in the NH3 sensor. | None on performance. | |
| 3911 5848 9 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate NH3 sensor - Abnormal update rate. Loss of communication with the aftertreatment SCR intermediate NH3 sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 3912 5853 10 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate NH3 sensor heater - Abnormal rate of change. A malfunction of the aftertreatment SCR intermediate NH3 sensor heater has been detected. | 3 | |
| 3932 5851 16 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate NH3 gas sensor power supply - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. High battery voltage supply detected at the aftertreatment SCR intermediate NH3 sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 3933 5851 18 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate NH3 gas sensor power supply - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. Low battery voltage supply detected at the aftertreatment SCR intermediate NH3 sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 3934 5851 2 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate NH3 gas sensor power supply - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. Intermittent battery voltage supply detected at the aftertreatment SCR intermediate NH3 sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 3935 5848 13 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate NH3 sensor - Out of calibration. Incorrect trim resistance has been detected in the aftertreatment SCR intermediate NH3 sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 3936 5848 12 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate NH3 sensor - Bad intelligent device or component. An internal error of the aftertreatment SCR intermediate NH3 sensor has been detected. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 3937 5848 10 | Aftertreatment 1 SCR Intermediate NH3 sensor - Abnormal rate of change. The aftertreatment SCR intermediate NH3 sensor reading is NOT valid. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| J1939 FMI 4149 2623 8 | Accelerator pedal or lever position sensor 2 circuit frequency - Abnormal frequency or pulse width or period. The accelerator pedal position sensor reading is out of range. | The engine will operate in Limp Home mode. | | |
| 4151 5742 9 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module - Abnormal update rate. No communications on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4152 5743 9 | Aftertreatment selective catalytic reduction temperature sensor module - Abnormal update rate. No communications on the J1939 data link between the ECM and the aftertreatment SCR temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4155 5746 3 | Aftertreatment 1 diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater relay - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater relay circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4156 5746 4 | Aftertreatment 1 diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater relay - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater relay circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4157 4376 7 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid return valve - Mechanical system not responding or out of adjustment. A stuck aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid return valve has been detected. | None on performance. | | |
| 4158 5742 12 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module - Bad intelligent device or component. An internal error has been detected in the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4159 5743 12 | Aftertreatment selective catalytic reduction temperature sensor module - Bad intelligent device or component. An internal error has been detected in the aftertreatment SCR temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4161 5742 3 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High battery supply voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4162 5742 4 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low battery supply voltage detected at the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 4163 5742 16 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module- Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. High internal temperature detected in the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module. | t | |
| 4164 5743 3 | Aftertreatment selective catalytic reduction temperature sensor module - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High battery supply voltage detected at the aftertreatment SCR temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4165 5743 4 | Aftertreatment selective catalytic reduction temperature sensor module - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low battery supply voltage detected at the aftertreatment SCR temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4166 5743 16 | Aftertreatment selective catalytic reduction temperature sensor module - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. High internal temperature detected in the aftertreatment SCR temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4168 5745 3 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. The aftertreatment diesel exhasut fluid dosing unit heater is detected to be stuck on. | None on performance. | |
| 4169 5745 5 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. The aftertreatment diesel exhasut fluid dosing unit heater is detected to be stuck off. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4171 5745 18 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit failed to thaw. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4213 3695 2 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter regeneration inhibit switch - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. The diesel particulate filter regeneration permit switch is stuck in the OFF or INHIBIT position. | Possible frequent need for aftertreatment regeneration. | |
| 4215 563 31 | Anti-lock braking (ABS) Active - Condition exists. Cruise control was paused due to an anti-wheel slip message from teh ABS controller. | Adaptive cruise control will not operate. Standard cruise control may not operate. | |
| 4244 4337 2 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing temperature - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing temperature is irrational. | None on performance. | |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 4245 5798 2 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater temperature - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater temperature is irrational. | | | |
| 4249 4337 10 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing temperature - Abnormal rate of change. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit temperature is stuck. | None on performance. | | |
| 4251 5798 10 | Aftertreatment 1 diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater temperature - Abnormal rate of change. The aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid dosing unit heater temperature sensor reading is stuck. | None on performance. | | |
| 4252 1081 31 | Engine wait to start lamp - Condition exists. The received signal does not match the commanded signal. | None on performance. | | |
| 4259 5742 11 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module - Root cause not known. Intermittent battery voltage supply detected at the aftertreatment diesel particulate filter temperature sensor module. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4261 5743 11 | Aftertreatment selective catalytic reduction temperature sensor module - Root cause not known. Intermittent battery voltage supply detected at the aftertreatment SCR temperature sensor module. | | | |
| 4279 5848 21 | Aftertreatment 1 SCR Intermediate NH3 - Data not rational - Drifted low. An in range low failure has been detected. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4281 5848 2 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate NH3 - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. The aftertreatment SCR intermediate NH3 sensor reading is stuck. | None on performance. | | |
| 4284 5793 9 | Desired engine fueling state - Abnormal update rate. A valid message from the transmission ECU has NOT been received. | Engine may not start or may be difficult to start. | | |
| 4289 91 8 | Accelerator pedal or lever position sensor 1 circuit frequency - Abnormal frequency or pulse width or period. The accelerator pedal position sensor reading is out of range. | | | |
| 4452 520668 31 | Aftertreatment outlet NOx sensor closed loop operation - Condition exists. The maximum dosing adjustment has been reached. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4453 520669 31 | Aftertreatment intermediate NH3 sensor closed loop operation - Condition exists. The maximum dosing adjustment has been reached. | None on performance. | | |
| 4517 237 13 | Vehicle Identification number - Out of calibration. The vehicle identification number has not been programmed into the ECM. | None on performance. | | |

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\%\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 4518 5862 3 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate gas temperature sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the aftreatment SCR intermediate temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4519 5862 4 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate gas temperature sensor circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the aftertreatment SCR intermediate temperature sensor circuit. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4521 5862 2 | Aftertreatment SCR Intermediate gas temperature sensor - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. The aftertreatment SCR intermediate temperature sensor reading is irrational. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4524 5862 0 | Aftertreatment SCR intermediate gas temperature - Data valid but above normal operational range - Most severe level. The aftertreatment SCR intermediate temperature sensor reading is above the engine protection limit. | increasing in severity from time of alert. If the engine protection shutdown feature is enabled the engine will shut down 30 seconds after the | | |
| 4525 5862 16 | Aftertreatment 1 SCR intermediate gas temperature - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. High SCR Intermediate temperature detected. | increasing in severity from time of alert. If the | | |
| 4526 521 2 | Brake pedal position - Data erratic, intermittent or incorrect. The values of the 2 brake switch signals do not match. | None on performance. | | |
| 4572 3031 9 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank temperature - Abnormal update rate. The ECM lost communication with the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank temperature sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4584 3936 14 | Aftertreatment diesel particulate filter system - Special instructions. The incorrect aftertreatment diesel particulate filter system has been installed with the engine. | Engine will be shut down. | | |
| 4585 4792 14 | Aftertreatment 1 SCR catalyst system - Special instructions. The incorrect SCR system has been Installed. | Engine will be shut down. | | |
| 4612 520701 31 | Engine intake manifold pressure system monitor - Condition exists. The engine is unable to meet the air handling system commands. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |
| 4658 4331 18 | Aftertreatment SCR actual dosing reagent quantity - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. Low aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid flow detected. | Possible reduced engine performance. | | |

^{*} Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

| Fault code J1939 SPN J1939 FMI | Reason | Effect (only when fault code is active) | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 4691 5585 18 | Engine injector metering rail 1 cranking pressure - Data valid but below normal operating range - Moderately severe level. The fuel rail pressure during cranking is too low for the engine to start. | Engine may not start or may be difficult to start. | |
| 4713 5357 31 | Engine fuel injection quantity error for multiple cylinders - Condition exists. A malfunction of all fuel injectors has been detected. | Engine may run rough, may stop running, may not start, or may be difficult to start. | |
| 4726 1239 16 | Engine fuel leakage - Data valid but above normal operating range - Moderately severe level. Fuel rail pressure decay has been detected. | Engine may run rough, may stop running, may not start, or may be difficult to start. | |
| 4727 157 15 | Injector metering rail 1 pressure - Data valid but above normal operating range - Least severe level. A self pumping condition has been detected in the fuel system. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4731 3031 13 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank temperature sensor - Out of calibration. The received datalink message was not valid. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4732 1761 13 | Aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level sensor - Out of calibration. The received datalink message was not valid. | None on performance. | |
| 4739 1761 11 | Aftertreatment 1 diesel exhaust fluid tank level sensor - Root cause not known. An unknown error has been detected with the aftertreatment diesel exhaust fluid tank level sensor. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4769 1761 10 | Aftertreatment 1 diesel exhaust fluid tank level sensor - Abnormal rate of change. A valid diesel exhaust fluid tank level reading has NOT been received. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4865 6303 3 | Engine coolant level 2 sensor circuit - Voltage above normal, or shorted to high source. High signal voltage detected at the engine coolant level 2 circuit. | None on performance. | |
| 4866 6303 4 | Engine coolant level 2 sensor circuit - Voltage below normal, or shorted to low source. Low signal voltage detected at the engine coolant level 2 circuit. | None on performance. | |
| 4956 520750 13 | Engine variable geometry turbo (VGT) software - Out of calibration. VGT software does not match application. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |
| 4957 520750 31 | Engine variable geometry turbo (VGT) software - Condition exists. The VGT actuator and ECM software is not compatible. | Possible reduced engine performance. | |

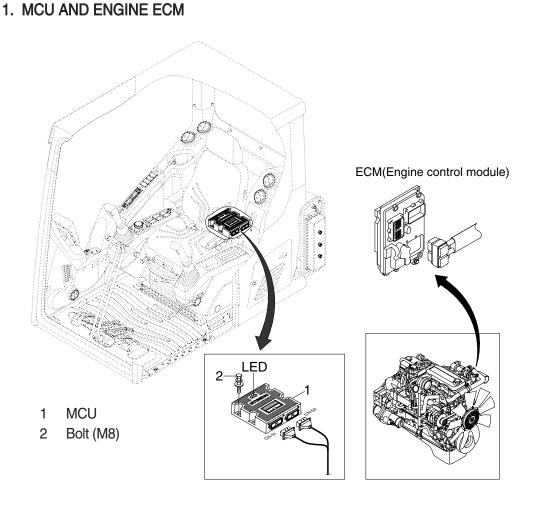
 $[\]ensuremath{\,\mathbb{X}\,}$ Some fault codes are not applied to this machine.

5. AAVM FAULT CODE

| Fault Code | Description |
|------------|--|
| A01 | AAVM Communication Error -AAVM |
| A02 | AAVM Communication Error -Front Camera |
| A03 | AAVM Communication Error -Rear Camera |
| A04 | AAVM Communication Error -Left Camera |
| A05 | AAVM Communication Error -Right Camera |
| A06 | Manual Setting Fail |
| A07 | No MCU CID |
| A08 | MCU CID Format Error |
| A09 | AAVM Hardware Error -AAVM |
| A10 | AAVM Hardware Error -Front Camera |
| A11 | AAVM Hardware Error -Rear Camera |
| A12 | AAVM Hardware Error -Left Camera |
| A13 | AAVM Hardware Error -Right Camera |
| A14 | MCU CID Model is not registered |
| A15 | MCU CID Model can't be applied |

GROUP 14 ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

(SERIAL NO. : -#1094)



300L5MS13

2. MCU ASSEMBLY

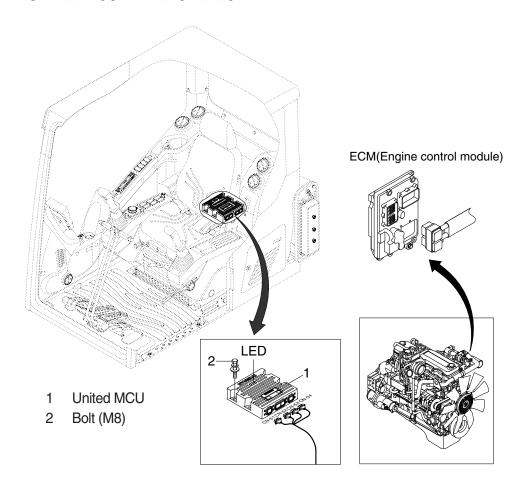
- 1) To match the pump absorption torque with the engine torque, MCU varies EPPR valve output pressure, which control pump discharge amount whenever feedbacked engine speed drops under the reference rpm of each mode set.
- 2) Three LED lamps on the MCU display as below.

| LED lamp Trouble | | Service | |
|--|--------|---|--|
| G is turned ON | Normal | - | |
| G and R are turned ON Trouble on MCU | | · Change the MCU | |
| G and Y are turned ON Trouble on serial communication line | | · Check if serial communication lines between MCU and cluster are disconnected | |
| Three LED are turned OFF Trouble on MCU power | | Check if the input power wire (24 V, GND) of MCU is disconnected Check the fuse | |

G: green, R: red, Y: yellow

(SERIAL NO.: #1095-)

1. UNITED MCU AND ENGINE ECM



300L5MS113

2. UNITED MCU ASSEMBLY

1) To match the pump absorption torque with the engine torque, united MCU varies EPPR valve output pressure, which control pump discharge amount whenever feedbacked engine speed drops under the reference rpm of each mode set.

2) Three LED lamps on the united united MCU display as below.

| LED lamp | Trouble | Service | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| G is turned ON | Normal | - | |
| G and R are turned ON | Trouble on united MCU | · Change the united MCU | |
| G and Y are turned ON Trouble on serial communication line | | Check if serial communication lines between united MCU and cluster are disconnected | |
| Three LED are turned OFF | Trouble on united MCU power | Check if the input power wire (24 V, GND) of united MCU is disconnected Check the fuse | |

G: green, R: red, Y: yellow

GROUP 15 EPPR VALVE

1. PUMP EPPR VALVE

1) COMPOSITION

EPPR (Electro Proportional Pressure Reducing) valve consists of electro magnet and spool valve installed at main pump.

(1) Electro magnet valve

Receive electric current from MCU and move the spool proportionally according to the specific amount of electric current value.

(2) Spool valve

Is the two way direction control valve for pilot pressure to reduce main pump flow. When the electro magnet valve is activated, pilot pressure enters into flow regulator of main pump.

(3) Pressure and electric current value for each mode

| Mode | | Pressure | | Electric current | Engine rpm (at multimodal dial 10) | |
|----------|---|---------------------|----------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| | | kgf/cm ² | psi | (mA) | No load | load |
| | Р | 8 | 114 | 290 ± 30 | 1800 ± 50 | 1950 ± 50 |
| Standard | S | 10 ± 3 | 142 ± 40 | 330 ± 30 | 1700 ± 50 | 1850 ± 50 |
| | Е | 12 ± 3 | 171 ± 40 | 360 ± 30 | 1600 ± 50 | 1750 ± 50 |
| | Р | 8 | 114 | 290 ± 30 | 1800 ± 50 | 1900 ± 50 |
| Option | S | 10 ± 3 | 142 ± 40 | 330 ± 30 | 1700 ± 50 | 1800 ± 50 |
| | Е | 12 ± 3 | 171 ± 40 | 360 ± 30 | 1600 ± 50 | 1700 ± 50 |

2) HOW TO SWITCH THE POWER SHIFT (STANDARD ↔ OPTION) ON THE CLUSTER

You can switch the EPPR valve pressure set by selecting the power shift (standard ↔ option).

- Management

· Service menu

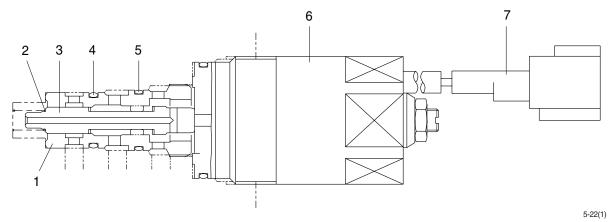


290F3CD151

· Power shift (standard/option): Power shift pressure can be set by option menu.

3) OPERATING PRINCIPLE (pump EPPR valve)

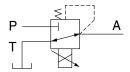
(1) Structure



- 1 Sleeve
- 2 Spring
- 3 Spool

- 4 O-ring
- 5 O-ring

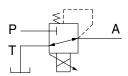
- 6 Solenoid valve
- 7 Connector

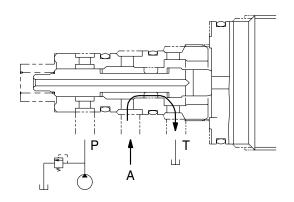


- P Pilot oil supply line (pilot pressure)
- T Return to tank
- A Secondary pressure to flow regulator at main pump

(2) Neutral

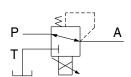
Pressure line is blocked and A oil returns to tank.

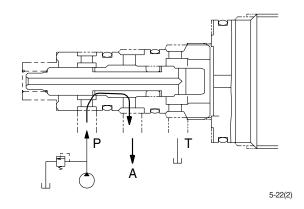




(3) Operating

Secondary pressure enters into A.

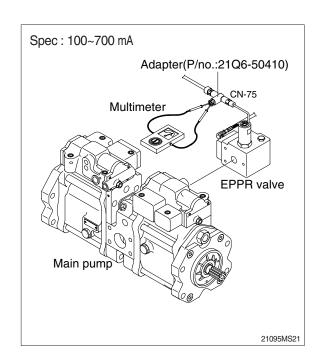




4) EPPR VALVE CHECK PROCEDURE

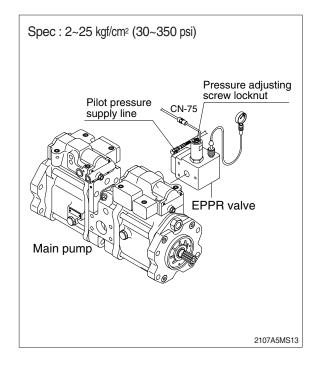
(1) Check electric current value at EPPR valve

- ① Disconnect connector CN-75 from EPPR valve.
- ② Insert the adapter to CN-75 and install multimeter as figure.
- ③ Start engine.
- 4 Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
- 5 Position the multimodal dial at 10.
- 6 If rpm display show approx 1700 \pm 50 rpm check electric current at bucket circuit relief position.
- Theck electric current at bucket circuit relief position.



(2) Check pressure at EPPR valve

- ① Remove plug and connect pressure gauge as figure.
 - · Gauge capacity: 0 to 50 kgf/cm² (0 to 725 psi)
- ② Start engine.
- ③ Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
- 4) Position the multimodal dial at 10.
- ⑤ If tachometer show approx 1700±50 rpm check pressure at relief position of bucket circuit by operating bucket control lever.
- 6 If pressure is not correct, adjust it.
- 7 After adjust, test the machine.



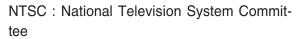
CLUSTER CONNECTOR (SERIAL NO.: #1095-)

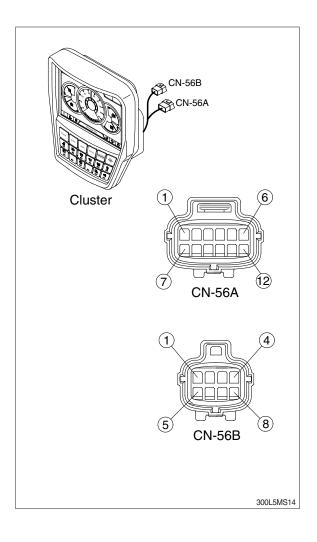
1) CN-56A

| No. | Name | Signal |
|-----|----------------|--------|
| 1 | Battery 24V | 20~32V |
| 2 | Power IG (24V) | 20~32V |
| 3 | GND | - |
| 4 | CAN 1 (H) | 0~5V |
| 5 | CAN 1 (L) | 0~5V |
| 6 | CAN 2 (H) | 0~5V |
| 7 | CAN 2 (L) | 20~32V |
| 8 | NC | - |
| 9 | NC | - |
| 10 | Aux left | 0~5V |
| 11 | Aux right | 0~5V |
| 12 | Aux GND | 0~5V |

2) CN-56B

| No. | Name | Signal | |
|-----|--------------|-------------|--|
| 1 | CAM 6.5V | 6.3~6.7V | |
| 2 | CAM GND | - | |
| 3 | CAM DIFF (H) | 0~5V | |
| 4 | CAM DIFF (L) | 0~5V | |
| 5 | CAM 1 | NTSC signal | |
| 6 | CAM 2 | NTSC signal | |
| 7 | CAM 3 | NTSC signal | |
| 8 | CAM shield | 0~5V | |





2. BOOM PRIORITY EPPR VALVE

1) COMPOSITION

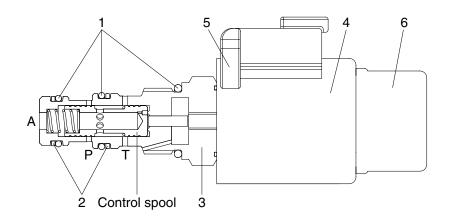
The boom priority EPPR valve is built in a manifold and mainly consisting of valve body and coil. This EPPR valve installed under the solenoid valve.

2) CONTROL

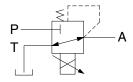
The boom priority EPPR valve has to be controlled by a specific electronic amplifier card, which is supplying the coil with a current 580 mA at 30Ω and 24 V.

3) OPERATING PRINCIPLE

(1) Structure



21095MS14



P: Pilot supply line T: Return to tank

A: Secondary pressure to flow MCV

- 1 O-ring2 Support ring
- 3 Valve body
- 5 Connector

- 2 Support ring
- 4 Coil

6 Cover cap

(2) Operation

In de-energized mode the inlet port (P) is closed and the outlet port (A) is connected to tank port (T).

In energized mode the solenoid armature presses onto the control spool with a force corresponding to the amount of current. This will set a reduced pressure at port A. The setting is proportional to the amount of current applied.

(3) Maximum pressure relief

If a pressure from outside is applied on port A the valve may directly switch to tank port (T) and protect the system before overload.

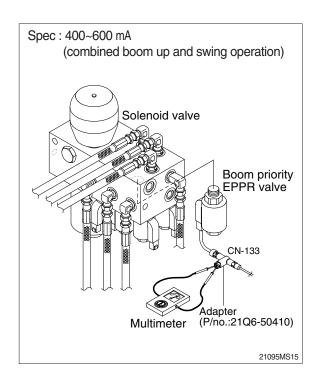
2) EPPR VALVE CHECK PROCEDURE

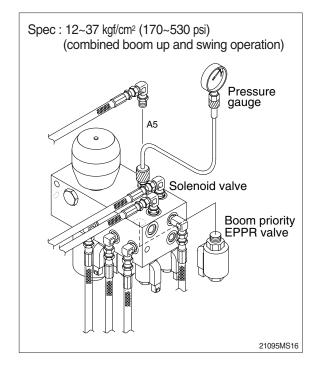
- (1) Check electric current value at EPPR valve
 - ① Disconnect connector CN-133 from EPPR valve.
 - ② Insert the adapter to CN-133 and install multimeter as figure.
 - ③ Start engine.
 - Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.

 - ⑥ Check electric current in case of combined boom up and swing operation.

(2) Check pressure at EPPR valve

- ① Remove hose from A5 port and connect pressure gauge as figure.
 - · Gauge capacity: 0 to 50 kgf/cm² (0 to 725 psi)
- ② Start engine.
- ③ Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
- ④ If rpm display approx 1700±50 rpm check pressure (In case of combined boom up and swing operation).
- (5) If pressure is not correct, adjust it.
- 6 After adjust, test the machine.





GROUP 16 MONITORING SYSTEM

1. OUTLINE

Monitoring system consists of the monitor part and switch part.

The monitor part gives warnings when any abnormality occurs in the machine and informs the condition of the machine.

Various select switches are built into the monitor panel, which act as the control portion of the machine control system.

2. CLUSTER

1) MONITOR PANEL



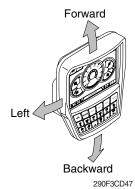
220F3CD01

* The warning lamp pops up and/or blinks and the buzzer sounds when the machine has a problem.

The warning lamp blinks until the problem is cleared. Refer to page 5-65 for details.

* This cluster is adjustable.

- · Vertical (forward/backward) : each 15°
- · Horizontal (left only): 8°



2) CLUSTER CHECK PROCEDURE

(1) Start key: ON

① Check monitor

- a. Buzzer sounding for 4 seconds with HYUNDAI logo on cluster.
- * If the ESL mode is set to the enable, enter the password to start engine.
- ② After initialization of cluster, the operating screen is displayed on the LCD. Also, self diagnostic function is carried out.
 - a. Engine rpm display: 0 rpm
 - b. Engine coolant temperature gauge: White range
 - c. Hydraulic oil temperature gauge: White range
 - d. Fuel level gauge: White range

③ Indicating lamp state

- a. Power mode pilot lamp: E mode or U mode
- b. Work mode pilot lamp : General operation mode (bucket)
- c. Travel speed pilot lamp: Low (turtle)

(2) Start of engine

① Check machine condition

- a. RPM display indicates at present rpm
- b. Gauge and warning lamp: Indicate at present condition.
- When normal condition : All warning lamp OFF
- c. Work mode selection: General work
- d. Power mode selection: E mode or U mode
- e. Travel speed pilot lamp: Low (turtle)

When warming up operation

- a. Warming up pilot lamp: ON
- b. After engine started, engine speed increases 1100 rpm.
- * Others same as above.

③ When abnormal condition

- a. The warning lamp lights up and the buzzer sounds.
- b. If BUZZER STOP switch is pressed, buzzer sound is canceled but the lamp warning lights up until normal condition.
- * The pop-up warning lamp moves to the original position and blink when the buzzer stop switch is pushed. Also the buzzer stops.

3. CLUSTER CONNECTOR (SERIAL NO.: -#1094)

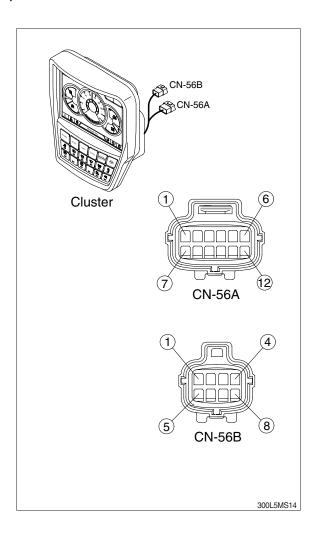
1) CN-56A

| No. | Name | Signal |
|-----|----------------------|--------|
| 1 | 1 Battery 24V 20~32V | |
| 2 | Power IG (24V) | 20~32V |
| 3 | GND | - |
| 4 | CAN 1 (H) | 0~5V |
| 5 | CAN 1 (L) | 0~5V |
| 6 | CAN 2 (H) | 20~32V |
| 7 | CAN 2 (L) | 20~32V |
| 8 | RS-232 (RX) | ±15V |
| 9 | RS-232 (TX) | ±15V |
| 10 | Aux left | 0~5V |
| 11 | Aux right | 0~5V |
| 12 | Aux GND | - |

2) CN-56B

| No. | Name | Signal | |
|-----|--------------|-------------|--|
| 1 | CAM 6.5V | 6.3~6.7V | |
| 2 | CAM GND | - | |
| 3 | CAM DIFF (H) | 0~5V | |
| 4 | CAM DIFF (L) | 0~5V | |
| 5 | CAM 1 | NTSC signal | |
| 6 | CAM 2 | NTSC signal | |
| 7 | CAM 3 | NTSC signal | |
| 8 | CAM shield | - | |

NTSC: National Television System Committee



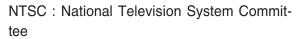
CLUSTER CONNECTOR (SERIAL NO.: #1095-)

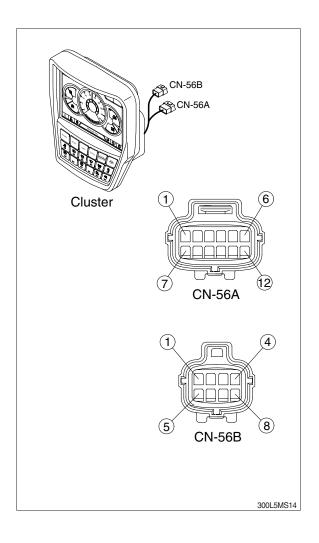
1) CN-56A

| No. | Name | Signal |
|-----|----------------|--------|
| 1 | Battery 24V | 20~32V |
| 2 | Power IG (24V) | 20~32V |
| 3 | GND | - |
| 4 | CAN 1 (H) | 0~5V |
| 5 | CAN 1 (L) | 0~5V |
| 6 | CAN 2 (H) | 0~5V |
| 7 | CAN 2 (L) | 20~32V |
| 8 | RS-232 (RX) | - |
| 9 | RS-232 (TX) | - |
| 10 | Aux left | 0~5V |
| 11 | Aux right | 0~5V |
| 12 | Aux GND | 0~5V |

2) CN-56B

| No. | Name | Signal | |
|-----|--------------|-------------|--|
| 1 | CAM 6.5V | 6.3~6.7V | |
| 2 | CAM GND | - | |
| 3 | CAM DIFF (H) | 0~5V | |
| 4 | CAM DIFF (L) | 0~5V | |
| 5 | CAM 1 | NTSC signal | |
| 6 | CAM 2 | NTSC signal | |
| 7 | CAM 3 | NTSC signal | |
| 8 | CAM shield | 0~5V | |





2) GAUGE

(1) Operation screen

When you first turn starting switch ON, the operation screen will appear.





290F3CD51

- 1 RPM / Speed gauge
- 2 Engine coolant temperature gauge
- 3 Hydraulic oil temperature gauge
- 4 Fuel level gauge

- 5 DEF/AdBlue® level gauge
- 6 Tripmeter display
- 7 Eco guage
- 8 Accel dial gauge
- * Operation screen type can be set by the screen type menu of the display.
 Refer to page 5-86 for details.

(2) RPM / Speed gauge



① This display the engine speed.

(3) Engine coolant temperature gauge



290F3CD53

- ① This gauge indicates the temperature of coolant.
 - · White range: 40-107°C (104-225°F)
 - · Red range : Above 107°C (225°F)
- ② If the indicator is in the red range or lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds turn OFF the engine and check the engine cooling system.
- * If the gauge indicates the red range or lamp blinks in red even though the machine is on the normal condition, check the electric device as that can be caused by the poor connection of electricity or sensor.

(4) Hydraulic oil temperature gauge



290F3CD54

- ① This gauge indicates the temperature of hydraulic oil.
 - · White range: 40-105°C(104-221°F)
 - · Red range : Above 105°C(221°F)
- ② If the indicator is in the red range or limit lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds reduce the load on the system. If the gauge stays in the red range, stop the machine and check the cause of the problem.
- * If the gauge indicates the red range or lamp blinks in red even though the machine is on the normal condition, check the electric device as that can be caused by the poor connection of electricity or sensor.

(5) Fuel level gauge



- ① This gauge indicates the amount of fuel in the fuel tank.
- ② Fill the fuel when the red range, or | lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
- * If the gauge indicates the red range or lamp blinks in red even though the machine is on the normal condition, check the electric device as that can be caused by the poor connection of electricity or sensor.

(6) DEF/AdBlue® Level gauge



- ① This gauge indicates the amount of liquid in the DEF/AdBlue®
- ② Fill the DEF/AdBlue® when the red range, or 😂 lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
- ③ Do not pour DEF/AdBlue® any more when the DEF/AdBlue® fill up warning lamp lights ON.
- * Refer to page 5-70.
- * If the gauge indicates the red range or lamp blinks in red even though the machine is on the normal condition, check the electric device as that can be caused by the poor connection of electricity or sensor.

(7) Tripmeter display



- ① This displays the engine the tripmeter.
- Refer to page 5-88 for details.

(8) Eco gauge



290F3CD58

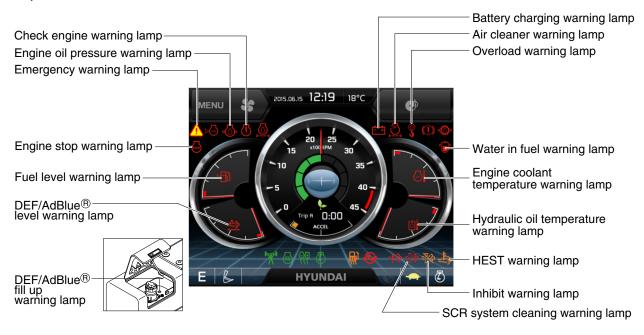
- ① This gauge indicates the fuel consumption rate and machine load status. So that operators can be careful with fuel economy.
- ② The fuel consumption rate or machine load is higher, the number of segment is increased.
- ③ The color of Eco gauge indicates operation status.
 - · White: Idle operation
 - · Green : Economy operation
 - · Yellow : Non-economy operation at a medium level.
 - · Red : Non-economy operation at a high level.

(9) Accel dial gauge



① This gauge indicates the level of multimodal dial.

3) WARNING LAMPS



290F3CD60

Warning lamps and buzzer

| Warnings | When error happened | Lamps and buzzer |
|--|---|---|
| All warning lamps except below | Warning lamp pops up on the center of the LCD and the buzzer sounds | The pop-up warning lamp moves to the original position and blinks, and the buzzer stops when; the buzzer stop switch is pushed the knob of the haptic controller is pushed the lamp of the LCD is touched |
| ************************************** | Warning lamp pops up on the center of the LCD and the buzzer sounds | The pop-up warning lamp moves to the original position and light ON or blinks, and the buzzer stops when; the buzzer stop switch is pushed the knob of the haptic controller is pushed the lamp of the LCD is touched Refer to page 5-70 for details. |
| | Warning lamp pops up on the center of the LCD and the buzzer sounds | The pop-up warning lamp moves to the original position and lights ON, and the buzzer stops when 2 seconds elapsed. |
| - <u>□</u> 3) | Warning lamp pops up on the center of the LCD and the buzzer sounds | The pop-up warning lamp moves to the original position and blinks, and the buzzer stops when 2 seconds elapsed. |
| | Warning lamp pops up on the center of the LCD and the buzzer sounds | * Refer to page 5-66 for details. |

^{*} Refer to page 5-75 for the buzzer stop switch and operator's manual page 3-57 for the haptic controller.

(1) Engine coolant temperature warning lamp



290F3CD61

- ① Engine coolant temperature warning is indicated two steps.
 - 103° C over : The \bigcirc lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
 - 107°C over: The \(\) lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
- ② The pop-up \square , lamps move to the original position and blinks when the buzzer stop switch with is pushed. And the buzzer
- 3 Check the cooling system when the lamps keep blink.

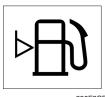
(2) Hydraulic oil temperature warning lamp



290F3CD62

- ① Hydraulic oil temperature warning is indicated two steps.
 - 100°C over: The | ₪ lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
 - 105°C over: The /i lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
- ② The pop-up $|\dot{a}|$, \hat{A} lamps move to the original position and blinks when the buzzer stop switch is pushed. And the buzzer stops and |o| , / lamps keep blink.
- 3 Check the hydraulic oil level and hydraulic oil cooling system.

(3) Fuel level warning lamp



290F3CD63

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the level of fuel is below 55 ℓ (14.5 U.S. gal).
- ② Fill the fuel immediately when the lamp blinks.

(4) Emergency warning lamp



290F3CD64

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when each of the below warnings is happened.
 - Engine coolant overheating (over 107°C)
 - Hydraulic oil overheating (over 105°C)
 - MCU input voltage abnormal
 - Cluster communication data error
 - Engine ECM communication data error
- The pop-up warning lamp moves to the original position and blinks when the buzzer stop switch when the buzzer stop switch is pushed. And the buzzer stops.
- 2 When this warning lamp blinks, machine must be checked and serviced immediately.

(5) Engine oil pressure warning lamp



290F3CD65

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the engine oil pressure is low.
- ② If the lamp blinks, shut OFF the engine immediately. Check oil level.

(6) Check engine warning lamp

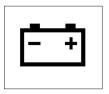


290F3CD66

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the communication between MCU and engine ECM on the engine is abnormal, or if the cluster received specific fault code from engine ECM.
- ② Check the communication line between them.

 If the communication line is OK, then check the fault codes on the cluster.

(7) Battery charging warning lamp



290F3CD67

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the battery charging voltage is low.
- ② Check the battery charging circuit when this lamp blinks.

(8) Air cleaner warning lamp



290F3CD68

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the filter of air cleaner is clogged.
- ② Check the filter and clean or replace it.

(9) Overload warning lamp (opt)



290F3CD69

- ① When the machine is overload, the overload warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds during the overload switch is ON. (if equipped)
- 2 Reduce the machine load.

(10) Engine stop warning lamp



- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when 30 minutes elapsed with empty condition of the DEF/AdBlue® tank, stop the engine immediately and check the DEF/AdBlue® tank.
- ② Fill the DEF/AdBlue® immediately in the DEF/AdBlue® tank.
- * Refer to page 5-70.
- ③ This lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the stationary SCR system cleaning is not performed.
- * Refer to page 5-68.
- * Please contact your HD Hyundai Construction Equipment service center or local dealer.

(11) SCR (selective catalytic reduction) system cleaning warning lamp



290F3CD70

① This warning lamp lights ON or blinks when the SCR system cleaning is needed as table below.

| | Warning lamp | | |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|--|
| SCR | Check engine | Stop engine | |
| = <u>[</u> :3> | <u>(I)</u> | STOP | Description |
| Off | Off | Off | Automatic SCR system cleaning |
| Blink | Off | Off | The status of a manual (stationary) SCR system cleaning when the SCR system cleaning switch has been activated. **Refer to page 5-69.** |
| On | On | Off | The aftertreatment SCR system needs to be cleaned immediately. Engine power will be reduced automatically if action is not taken. ** The SCR system cleaning can be accomplished by: Changing to more challengine duty cycle. Performing a manual SCR system cleaning. |
| On | On | On | These lamps will be ON when a stationary (manual) SCR system cleaning is not performed. Stop the engine immediately. Please contact your HD Hyundai Construction Equipment service center or local dealer. |

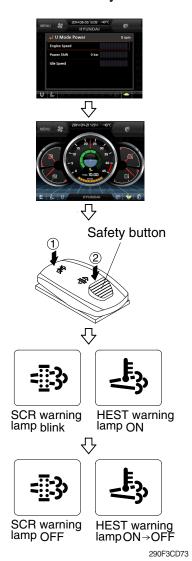
(12) SCR system cleaning inhibit warning lamp



- ① This warning lamp indicates, when illuminated, the SCR system cleaning switch is pushed inhibit position, therefore automatic and manual SCR system cleaning can not occur.
- * Refer to the operator's manual page 3-36 for the SCR system cleaning switch.

2609A3CD20

Manual SCR system cleaning



- Manual SCR system cleaning applies if the machine is in a fireproof area.
- * To stop a manual SCR system cleaning before it has completed, set to the SCR system cleaning switch to the inhibit position or turn OFF the engine.
- ① Stop and park the machine.

- ② Pull the safety button and push the switch to position ② to initiate the manual SCR system cleaning.
- ** Refer to the operator's manual page 3-36 for the SCR system cleaning switch operation.
- ** The engine speed may increase to 950~1050 rpm and SCR system cleaning begins and it will take approximately 20~60 minutes.
- The SCR system cleaning warning lamp will blink and HEST warning lamp will light ON during the SCR system cleaning is operating.
- ① The SCR system cleaning and/or HEST warning lamp will light OFF when the SCR system cleaning is completed.

(13) HEST (High exhaust system temperature) warning lamp



2609A3CD21

- ① This warning lamp indicates, when illuminated, that exhaust temperatures are high due to SCR system cleaning.
- ② The lamp will also illuminate during a manual SCR system cleaning.
- When this lamp is illuminated, be sure the exhaust pipe outlet is not directed at any surface or material that can melt, burn, or explode.
- ♠ When this lamp is illuminated, the exhaust gas temperature could reach 800°C [1500°F], which is hot enough to ignite or melt common materials, and to burn people.
- * The lamp does not signify the need for any kind of equipment or engine service; It merely alerts the equipment operator to high exhaust temperatures. It will be common for the lamp to illuminate on and off during normal equipment operation as the engine completes SCR system cleaning.

(14) DEF/AdBlue® level warning lamp

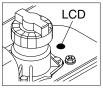


- ① This warning lamp indicates when ON or blinking, that the DEF/AdBlue® level is low as table below.
- It is recommended that the DEF/AdBlue® tank be filled completely full of the DEF/AdBlue® in order to correct any fault conditions.

290F3CD257

| Warning lamp | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|
| DEF/AdBlue® level | Check engine | Stop engine | | |
| | | STOP | Description | |
| On | Off | Off | The DEF/AdBlue® level has fallen below the initial warning level (10%). | |
| Blink | Off | Off | The DEF/AdBlue® level has fallen below the critical warning level (5%). | |
| Blink | On | Off | The DEF/AdBlue® level has fallen below the initial derate level (2.5%). The engine power will be limited automatically. | |
| Blink | On | On | This is happened when 30 minutes elapsed with empty conditions (0%) of the DEF/AdBlue® tank. The engine will enter the final derate level which may include low idle lock or engine shutdown with restart limitations. In order to remove the final derate, the DEF/AdBlue® tank must be filled to above 10 persent gauge reading. | |

(15) DEF/AdBlue® fill up warning lamp



290F3CD272

- ① This lamp lights ON when the DEF/AdBlue® tank is completely filled with DEF/AdBlue®.
- * Fill the tank with the DEF/AdBlue® after start switch ON and then turn OFF the start switch.
- Do not pour DEF/AdBlue® any more when this lamp lights
 ON. Otherwise DEF/AdBlue® tank may freeze and burst in
 winter season.

(16) Water in fuel warning lamp



- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the water separator is full of water or malfunctioning.
- When this lamp blinks, stop the machine and spill water out of the separator.

4) PILOT LAMPS



(1) Mode pilot lamps

| No | Mode | Pilot lamp | Selected mode |
|----|----------------|------------|---|
| | | P | Heavy duty power work mode |
| 1 | Power mode | S | Standard power mode |
| | | E | Economy power mode |
| 2 | User mode | U | User preferable power mode |
| | | | General operation - IPC speed mode |
| | | | General operation - IPC balance mode |
| 3 | Work tool mode | | General operation - IPC efficiency mode |
| | | | Breaker operation mode |
| | | Á | Crusher operation mode |
| 4 | Travel mode | | Low speed traveling |
| 4 | Travel Hioue | * | High speed traveling |
| 5 | Auto idle mode | | Auto idle |

(2) Power max pilot lamp



- ① The lamp will be ON when pushing power max switch on the LH RCV lever.
- ② The power max function is operated maximum 8 seconds.
- * Refer to the operator's manual page 3-38 for power max function.

(3) Preheat pilot lamp



290F3CD79

- ① Turning the start key switch ON position starts preheating in cold weather.
- ② Start the engine after this lamp is OFF.

(4) Warming up pilot lamp



290F3CD80

- ① This lamp is turned ON when the coolant temperature is below 30°C(86°F).
- ② The automatic warming up is cancelled when the engine coolant temperature is above 30°C, or when 10 minutes have passed since starting the engine.

(5) Decel pilot lamp



290F3CD81

- ① Operating one touch decel switch on the RCV lever makes the lamp ON.
- ② Also, the lamp will be ON and engine speed will be lowered automatically to save fuel consumption when all levers and pedals are at neutral position, and the auto idle function is selected.
- One touch decel is not available when the auto idle pilot lamp is turned ON.
- * Refer to the operator's manual page 3-38.

(6) Fuel warmer pilot lamp



290F3CD82

- ① This lamp is turned ON when the coolant temperature is below 10°C (50°F) or the hydraulic oil temperature 20°C (68°F).
- ② The automatic fuel warming is cancelled when the engine coolant temperature is above 60°C, and the hydraulic oil temperature is above 45°C since the start switch was ON position.

(7) Maintenance pilot lamp



290F3CD83

- ① This lamp will be ON when the consuming parts are needed to change or replace. It means that the change or replacement interval of the consuming parts remains below 30 hours.
- ② Check the message in maintenance information of main menu. Also, this lamp lights ON for 3 minutes when the start switch is ON position.
- * Refer to the page 5-82.

(8) Entertainment pilot lamp



290F3CD84

- ① This lamp is on when audio or video files are playing.
- * Refer to the page 5-87.

(9) Smart key pilot lamp (opt)



290F3CD214

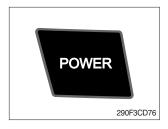
- ① This lamp is ON when the engine is started by the start button.
- ② This lamp is red when the a authentication fails, green when succeeds.
- * Refer to the page 5-83

5) SWITCHES



When some of the switches are selected, the pilot lamps are displayed on the LCD. Refer to the page 5-71 for details.

(1) Power mode switch



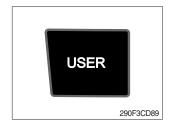
- ① This switch is to select the machine power mode and selected power mode pilot lamp is displayed on the pilot lamp position.
 - · P : Heavy duty power work.
 - · S : Standard power work.
 - · E : Economy power work.
- ② The pilot lamp changes $E \rightarrow S \rightarrow P \rightarrow E$ in order.

(2) Work mode switch



- ① This switch is to select the machine work mode, which shifts from general operation mode to optional attachment operation mode.
 - · 🖒 : General operation mode
 - · S : Breaker operation mode (if equipped)
 - : Crusher operation mode (if equipped)
 - · Not installed: Breaker or crusher is not installed.
- Refer to the operator's manual page 4-7 for details.

(3) User mode switch



- ① This switch is used to memorize the current machine operating status in the MCU and activate the memorized user mode.
 - · Memory : Automatically saved after key OFF.
 - · Action : Push this switch.
 - · Cancel : Push this switch once more.
- ② Refer to the page 5-79 for another set of user mode.

(4) Travel speed switch



- ① This switch is used to select the travel speed alternatively.
 - · Low speed : High speed
- Do not change the setting of the travel speed switch. Machine stability may be adversely affected.
- ♠ Personal injury can result from sudden changes in machine stability.

(5) Auto idle/ buzzer stop switch



- ① This switch is used to activate or cancel the auto idle function.
 - · Pilot lamp ON : Auto idle function is activated.
 - · Pilot lamp OFF: Auto idle function is cancelled.
- ② The buzzer sounds when the machine has a problem. In this case, push this switch and buzzer stops, but the warning lamp blinks until the problem is cleared.

(6) Escape/Camera switch



- ① This switch is used to return to the previous menu or parent menu.
- ② In the operation screen, pushing this switch will display the view of the camera on the machine (if equipped).

 Please refer to page 5-88 for the camera.
- ③ If the camera is not installed, this switch is used only ESC function.

(7) Work light switch



- ① This switch is used to operate the work light.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(8) Head light switch



- ① This switch is used to operate the head light.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(9) Intermittent wiper switch



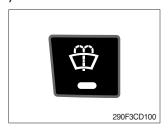
- ① This switch is used to wipe operates intermittently.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(10) Wiper switch



- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$ This switch is used to operate the window wiper.
- 2 Note that the wiper will self-park when switched off.
- ③ The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.
- If the wiper does not operate with the switch in ON position, turn the switch OFF immediately. Check the cause.
 If the switch remains ON, motor failure can result.

(11) Washer switch



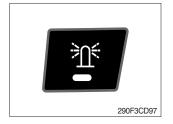
- ① The washer liquid is sprayed and the wiper is operated only while pressing this switch.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(12) Cab light switch



- ① This switch turns ON the cab light on the cab.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(13) Beacon switch



- ① This switch turns ON the rotary light on the cab.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(14) Overload switch



- ① When this switch turned ON, buzzer makes sound and overload warning lamp comes ON in case that the machine is overload.
- ② When it turned OFF, buzzer stops and warning lamp goes out.
- ⚠ Overloading the machine could impact the machines stability which could result in tipover hazard. A tipover hazard could result in serious injury or death. Always activate the overload warning device before you handle or lift objects.

(15) Travel alarm switch



- ① This switch is to activate travel alarm function surrounding when the machine travels.
 - · ON : The travel alarm function is activated.
 - · OFF : The travel alarm function is not activated.

(16) Air conditioner quick touch switch



- ① This switch used to select air conditioner control mode.
- * Refer to the page 5-90.

(17) Main menu quick touch switch



- ① This switch is to activate the main menu in the cluster.
- * Refer to the page 5-78.

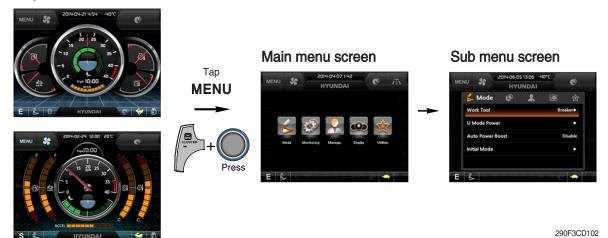
(18) Entertainment quick touch switch



- ① This switch is to activate the entertainment control menu in the cluster.
- * Refer to the page 5-87.

6) MAIN MENU

- You can select or set the menu by the haptic controller or touch screen.
 On the operation screen, tap MENU to access the main menu screen.
 On the sub menu screen, you can tap the menu bar to access functions or applications.
- · Operation screen



2901300102

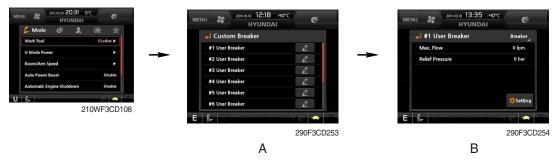
Please refer to the haptic controller, operator's manual page 3-57 for selection and change of menu and input value.

(1) Structure

| No | Main menu | Sub menu | Description |
|----|--------------------------|---|--|
| 1 | Mode 290F3CD103 | Work tool U mode power Boom/Arm speed Auto power boost IPC mode Auto engine shutdown (option) Initial mode Emergency mode | Breaker, Crusher, Not installed User mode only Boom speed, Arm speed Enable, Disable Speed mode, Balance mode, Efficiency mode One time, Always, Disable Key on initial mode, Accel initial mode / step Switch function |
| 2 | Monitoring 290F3CD104 | Active fault Logged fault Delete logged fault Monitoring | MCU, Engine ECM MCU, Engine ECM All logged fault delete, Initialization canceled Machine information, Switch status, Output status, |
| 3 | Management 290F3CD105 | Fuel rate information Maintenance information Machine security Machine information Contact Service menu Clinometer Update | General record, Hourly, Daily, Mode record Replacement, Change interval oils and filters ESL mode setting, Password change Model, MCU, Monitor, Haptic / switch controller, RMCU, Relay drive unit, FATC, AAVM (opt) A/S phone number, A/S phone number change Power shift, Operating hour, Breaker mode pump acting, EPPR current level, Overload pressure Clinometer setting Cluster, ETC device |
| 4 | Display 290F3CD106 | Display item Clock Brightness Unit setup Language selection Screen type | Engine speed, Tripmeter A, Tripmeter B, Tripmeter C Clock Manual, Auto Temperature, Pressure, Flow, Distance, Date format Korean, English, Chinese, ETC A type, B type |
| 5 | Utilities 290F3CD107 | Entertainment Tripmeter Camera | Play Video, Audio, Smart terminal. 3 kinds (A, B, C) Number of active, Display order, AAVM (opt) |

(2) Mode setup

① Work tool



- · Select on installed optional attachment
 - A: It can set the user's attachment. It is available in setting #1~#10.
 - B : Max flow Set the maximum flow for the attachment. Relief pressure - Set the relief pressure.

2 U mode power



290F3CD112

- Engine high idle rpm, auto idle rpm and pump torque (power shift) can be modulated and memorized separately in U-mode.
- · U-mode can be activated by user mode switch.

| Step (■) | Engine speed (rpm) | Idle speed (rpm) | Power shift (bar) | |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 1 | 1300 | 700 | 0 | |
| 2 | 1400 | 750 | 3 | |
| 3 | 1500 | 800 | 6 | |
| 4 | 1600 | 850 | 9 | |
| 5 | 1700 | 900 | 12 | |
| 6 | 1800 | 950 | 16 | |
| 7 | 1850 | 1000 | 20 | |
| 8 | 1900 | 1050 | 26 | |
| 9 | 1950 | 1100 (auto decel) | 32 | |
| 10 | 2000 | 1150 | 38 | |
| V One touch decal & low idle : 1000 rpm | | | | |

*One touch decel & low idle: 1000 rpm

3 Boom/Arm speed



· Boom speed

Boom priority function can be activated or cancelled
 Enable - Boom up speed is automatically adjusted as working conditions by the MCU.
 Disable - Normal operation

· Arm speed

- Arm regeneration function can be activated or cancelled. Enable - Arm in speed is up.

Disable - Normal operation.

4 Auto power boost

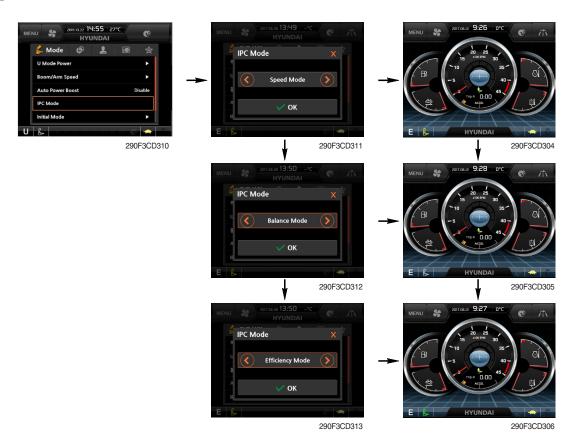


200E3CD117

- · The power boost function can be activated or cancelled.
 - Enable The digging power is automatically increased as working conditions by the MCU. It is operated max 8 seconds.

Disable - Not operated.

⑤ IPC mode



- · The IPC mode can be selected by this menu.
 - Speed mode
 - Balance mode (default)
 - Efficiency mode
- · This mode is applied only general operation mode of the work tool mode.
- * Please update the cluster programs if this mode is not displayed in the mode setup menu. Refer to the operator's manual page 3-25-1.

6 Automatic engine shutdown (option)



- · The automatic engine shutdown function can be set by this menu.
 - One time
 - Always
 - Disable
 - Wait time setting : Max 40 minutes, min 2 minutes

7 Initial mode



290F3CD119

- · Key on initial mode
 - Selected the power mode is activated when the engine is started.
- · Accel initial mode
 - Last setting value
 - User setting value
- · Accel initial step
 - 0~9 step

8 Emergency mode



- · This mode can be use when the switches are abnormal on the cluster.
- · The cluster switches will be selected by touched each icon.

(3) Monitoring

① Active fault



· The active faults of the MCU, engine ECM or air conditioner can be checked by this menu.

2 Logged fault



· The logged faults of the MCU, engine ECM or air conditioner can be checked by this menu.

3 Delete logged fault



• The logged faults of the MCU, engine ECM or air conditioner can be deleted by this menu.

4 Monitoring



- The machine status such as the engine rpm, oil temperature, voltage and pressure etc. can be checked by this menu (Analog input).
- The switch status or output status can be confirmed by this menu (Digital input & Digital output).
- . The activated switch or output pilot lamps
 are light ON.

(4) Management

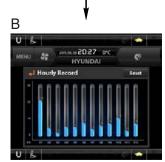
① Fuel rate information

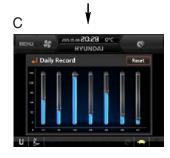






210WF3CD15







210WF3CD16

· General record (A)

- Average fuel rate (left) (from "Reset" to now)
 Fuel consumption devided by engine run time (service meter time).
- A days fuel used (right)
 Fuel consumption from 24:00 (or "Reset" time) to now (MCU real time).

· Hourly record (B)

- Hourly fuel rates for past 12 hours (service meter time).
- No record during key-off time.
- One step shift to the right for every one hour.
- Automatic deletion for 12 hours earlier data.
- All hourly records deletion by "Reset".

· Daily record (C)

- Daily fuel consumption for past seven days (MCU real time).
- No record during key-off time.
- One step shift to the right at 24:00 for every day.
- Automatic deletion for 7 days earlier data.
- All daily records deletion by "Reset".

· Mode record (D)

- Average fuel rate for each power mode/multimodal dial (at least 7) from "Reset" to now.
- No record during idle.
- All mode records deletion by "Reset".

2 Maintenance information



- · Alarm lamp () is ON when oil or filter needs to be changed or replaced.
- · Replacement : The elapsed time will be reset to zero (0).
- · Change interval: The change or replace interval can be changed in the unit of 50 hours.

· Change or relpace interval

| No | Item | Interval |
|----|----------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | Engine oil | 500 |
| 2 | Final gear oil | 1000 |
| 3 | Swing gear oil | 1000 |
| 4 | Hydraulic oil | 5000 |
| 5 | Pilot line filter | 1000 |
| 6 | Drain filter | 1000 |
| 7 | Hydraulic oil return filter | 1000 |
| 8 | Engine oil filter | 500 |
| 9 | Fuel filter | 500 |
| 10 | Pre-filter | 500 |
| 11 | Hydraulic tank breather | 1000 |
| 12 | Air cleaner (inner & outer) | 4000 |
| 13 | Radiator coolant | 2000 |
| 14 | Swing gear pinion grease | 1000 |
| 15 | DEF/AdBlue® supply module filter | 4500 |
| 16 | Crankcase Breather Filter | 2000 |
| 17 | DEF/AdBlue® Tank Filter | 4000 |

3 Machine security



· ESL mode setting

- ESL: Engine Starting Limit
- ESL mode is desingned to be a theft deterrent or will prevent the unauthorized operation of the machine.
- When you Enable the ESL mode, the password will be required when the starting switch is turned to the on position.
- Machine security

Disable: ESL function is disabled and password is not required to start engine.

Enable (always): The password is required whenever the operator starts engine.

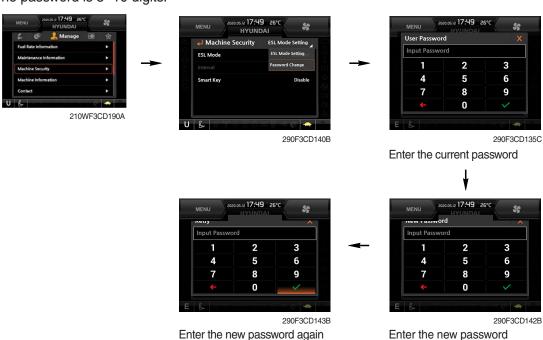
- Interval: The password is required when the operator starts engine first. But the operator can restart the engine within the interval time without inputting the password. The interval time can be set to a maximum 4 hours.
 - ※ Default password : 00000 +

 ✓
 - ※ Password length: (5~10 digits) +

 ✓
- Smart key (option) : Refer to next page.

Password change

- The password is 5~10 digits.



* Before first use, please set user password and owner password in advance for machine security.

- Smart key



290F3CD135C

- · Smart key is registered when equipped with optional smart key. If smart key is not inside of the cabin, authentication process fails and the password is needed.
- · Tag management menu is activated when the Smart key menu is Enabled.

You can register and delete the tags.

- Tag management

- · When registering a tag : Only the tag you want to register must be in the cabin.
- \cdot When deleting a tag : All registered tags are deleted.







290F3CD005

4 Machine Information



 This can confirm the identification of the model information (ECU), MCU, monitor, haptic controller, switch controller, RMCU, relay driver unit, FATC (air conditioner controller), AAVM (opt).

(5) Contact (A/S phone number)



Enter the new A/S phone number

6 Service menu



- · Power shift (standard/option): Power shift pressure can be set by option menu.
- · Operating hours : Operating hours since the machine line out can be checked by this menu.
- · Breaker mode pump acting (1 pump/2 pump)
- EPPR current level (attach flow EPPR 1 & 2, boom priority EPPR, attach relief pressure EPPR 1& 2)
- · Overload pressure: 100 ~ 350 bar

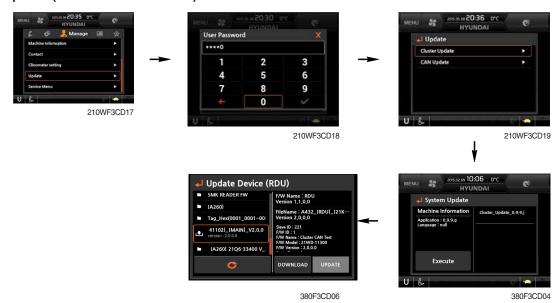
7 Clinometer



· When the machine is on the flatland, if tap the "initialization", the values of X, Y reset "0".

· You can confirm tilt of machine in cluster's operating screen.

8 Update (cluster & ETC devices)



- · ETC devices and cluster can be updated through CAN 2 network.
- $\cdot\,$ Insert USB memory stick which includes program files, start download.

(5) Display

① Display item



- · The center display type of the LCD can be selected by this menu.
- · The engine speed or each of the tripmeter (A,B,C) is displayed on the center display.

② Clock



- The first line's three spots "**/**/ represent Month/Day/Year each.
- The second line shows the current time. (0:00~23:59)

3 Brightness



· If "Auto" is chosen, brightness for day and night can be differently set up. Also by using the bar in lower side, users can define which time interval belongs to day and night. (in bar figure, white area represents night time while orange shows day time)

4 Unit



 $\cdot \ \, \mathsf{Temperature} : {}^{\circ}\mathsf{C} \longleftrightarrow {}^{\circ}\mathsf{F}$

· Pressure : bar \leftrightarrow MPa \leftrightarrow kgf/cm²

 $\begin{array}{ll} \cdot \ \, \text{Volume} & : \ell \longleftrightarrow \text{gal} \\ \cdot \ \, \text{Flow} & : |\text{pm} \longleftrightarrow \text{gpm} \\ \cdot \ \, \text{Distance} & : \text{km} \longleftrightarrow \text{mile} \end{array}$

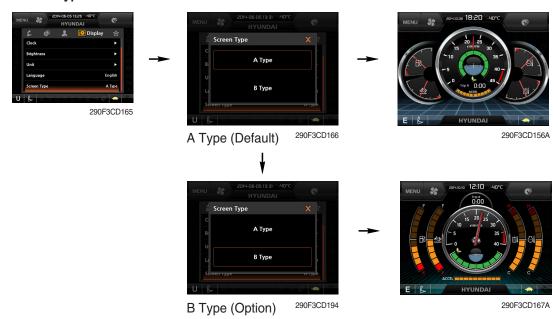
· Date format : $yy/mm/dd \leftrightarrow mm/dd/yy \leftrightarrow dd-mm-yy$

5 Language



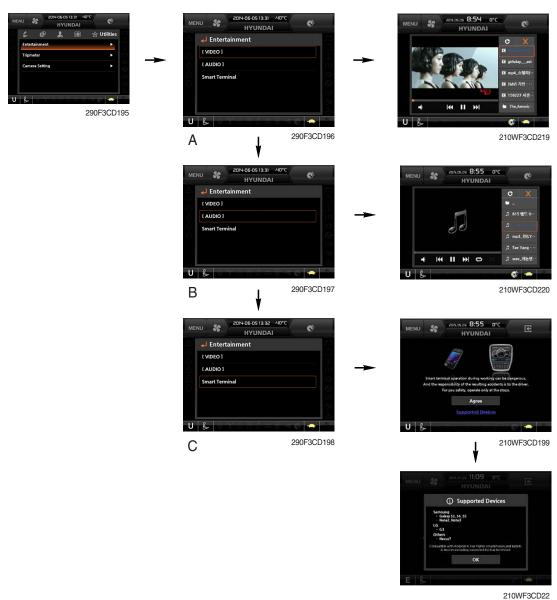
· User can select preferable language and all displays are changed the selected language.

6 Screen type



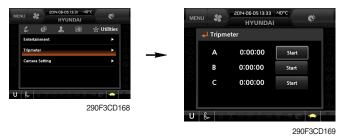
(6) Utilities

① Entertainment



- Video (A): This menu operates the video play function. mp4, mkv, avi files and so on.
- Audio (B): This menu operates the play music. mp3, mp4 files and so on.
- Smart terminal (C): The menu features a smartphone and operates the miracast.

2 Tripmeter



- · Maximum 3 kinds of tripmeters can be used at the same time.
- Each tripmeter can be turned on by choosing "Start" while it also can be turned off by choosing "Stop".
- · If the tripmeter icon is activated in the operation screen, it can be controlled directly there.

③ Camera setting

- · If the rear camera is not installed on the machine, set disable.
- · If the rear camera installed on the machine, set enable.



· In the operation screen, rear camera screen show up when ESC/CAM button is pushed.



- 4 AAVM (All Around View Monitoring, option)
- · The AAVM buttons of the cluster consist of ESC/CAM and AUTO IDLE/Buzzer stop.



- Escape button
- · It will enter into the AAVM mode from the beginning screen if the AAVM is installed.
- · While in the AAVM mode, select the ESC button to return to the beginning screen.



- Buzzer stop button
- · In AAVM mode, it detects surrounding pedestrians or objects and the warning buzzer sounds.
- · User can turn OFF the warning sound by pressing buzzer stop button.



290F3CD246

- When the worker or pedestrian go to the blue line (radius 5 m), an external danger area of equipping on the cluster screen, the warning buzzer sounds and it displays the blue rectangular box for the recognition of the worker and pedestrian.
 - At this time, the operator should stop work immediately, and stop the buzzer by pressing the buzzer stop button. And then, please work after you check whether the danger factors are solved.



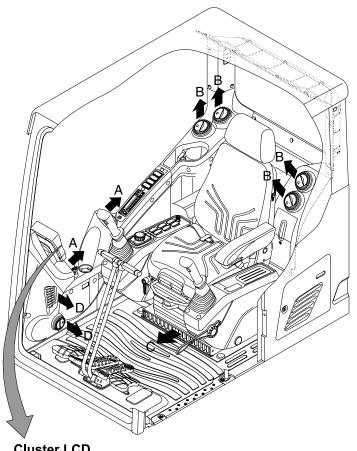
290F3CD247

- When the worker or pedestrian go inside of red line (radius 3 m), an internal danger area of equipping on the cluster screen, the warning buzzer sounds and it displays the red rectangular box for the recognition of the worker and pedestrian.
 - At this time, the operator should stop work immediately, and stop the buzzer by pressing the buzzer stop button. And then, please work after you check whether the danger factors are solved.
- * In AAVM mode, a touch screen of the LCD is available only. The multimodal dial of the haptic controller is not available.

7) AIR CONDITIONER AND HEATER

Full auto air conditioner and heater system automatically keeps the optimum condition in accordance with operator's temperature configuration sensing ambient and cabin inside temperature.

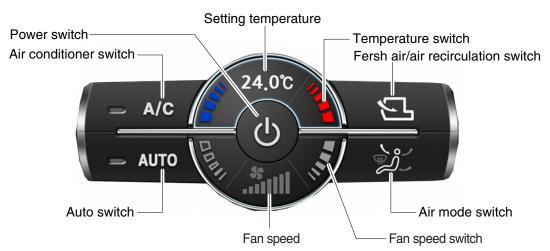
· Location of air flow ducts











* Haptic controller: Refer to the operator's manual page 3-57.

290F3CD201

(1) Power switch



- This switch makes the system ON/OFF.
 Just before the power OFF, set values are stored.
- ② Default setting values

| Function | Air conditioner | In/outlet | LCD | Temperature | Mode |
|----------|-----------------|-----------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|
| Value | OFF | Inlet | OFF | Previous sw OFF | Previous sw OFF |

(2) Air conditioner switch



- ① This switch turns the compressor ON/OFF.
- ** Air conditioner operates to remove vapor and drains water through a drain hose. Water can be sprayed into the cab in case that the drain cock at the ending point of drain hose has a problem.

In this case, exchange the drain cock.

(3) Auto switch



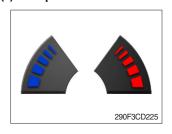
① Auto air conditiner and heater system automatically keeps the optimum condition in accordance with operator's temperature configuration sensing ambient and cabin inside temperature.

(4) Setting temperature



① Display the temperature setting out.

(5) Temperature switch



- ① Setting temperature indication
 - · Lo (17°C), 17.5~31.5°C, Hi (32°C)
- 2 Max cool and max warm beeps 5 times.
- The max cool or the max warm position operates as following table.

| Temperature | Compressor | Fan speed | In/outlet | Mode |
|-------------|------------|-------------|---------------|----------|
| Max cool | ON | Hi (8 step) | Recirculation | Face |
| Max warm | OFF | Hi (7 step) | Fresh | Def/Foot |

- ④ Temperature unit can be changed between celsius (°C) and fahrenheit (°F)
- a. Default status (°C)
- b. Push Up/Down temperature switch simultaneously more than
 5 second displayed temperature unit change (°C → °F)

(6) Fan speed switch



- ① Fan speed is controlled automatically by setted temperature.
- ② This switch controls fan speed manually.
 - · There are 8 up/down steps to control fan speed.
 - · The maximum step or the minimum step beeps 5 times.

(7) Fan speed



① Steps 1 through 8 to display the amount of wind.

(8) Fresh air/air recirculation switch



- ① It is possible to change the air-inlet method.
- a. Fresh air (🕒)
 Inhaling air from the outside.
- b. Air recirculation (巨)
 It recycles the heated or cooled air to increase the energy efficiency.
- * Change air occasionally when using recirculation for a long time.
- * Check out the fresh air filter and the recirculation filter periodically to keep a good efficiency.

(9) Air mode switch



① Operating this switch, it beeps and displays symbol of each mode in order. (Face → Face/Rear → Face/Rear/Foot → Foot → Def/Foot)

| Mod | do | Face | Face/Rear | Face/Rear/Foot | Foot | Def/Foot |
|--------|----|------|-----------|----------------|--------|----------|
| switch | | ž | ريم | کی ۔ | مُدُكُ | Š |
| | Α | • | • | • | | |
| Outlet | В | | • | • | | |
| Outlet | С | | | • | • | • |
| | D | | | | | • |

② When defroster mode operating, FRESH AIR/AIR RECIRCULATION switch turns to FRESH AIR mode and air conditioner switch turns ON.

8) SELF DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

- $\hbox{ (1) Diagnostic methods: Diagnostic information window, select} \\$
- (2) Diagnostic indication (Displays fault)

| Fault code | Description | Fail safe function | |
|------------|--|--|--|
| F01 | Ambient temperature sensor open | 20°C alternate value control | |
| F02 | Ambient temperature sensor short | | |
| F03 | Cab inside temperature sensor open | OF°C alternate value control | |
| F04 | Cab inside temperature sensor short | 25°C alternate value control | |
| F05 | Evaporate temperature sensor open | 0°C alternate value control | |
| F06 | Evaporate temperature sensor short | 0°C alternate value control | |
| F07 | Null | - | |
| F08 | Null | - | |
| F09 | Mode 1 actuator open/short | The alternate value is face | |
| F10 | Mode 1 actuator drive circuit malfunction | If not, the alternate value is Def/Foot | |
| F11 | Intake actuator open/short | The alternate value is air recirculation | |
| F12 | Intake actuator drive circuit malfunction | The alternate fresh air | |
| F13 | Temperature actuator open/short | If opening amount is 0 %, the alternate value is 0 % | |
| F14 | Temperature actuator drive circuit malfunction | If not, the alternate value is 100 % | |
| F15 | Null | - | |
| F16 | Null | - | |

GROUP 17 FUEL WARMER SYSTEM

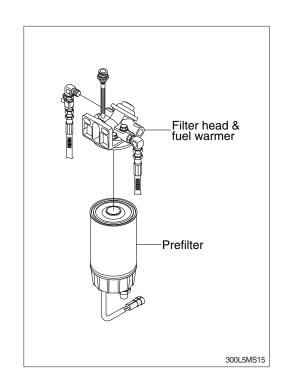
(SERIAL NO.: -#1094) 1. SPECIFICATION

1) Operating voltage : $24\pm4~V$

2) Power: 350±50 W 3) Current: 15 A

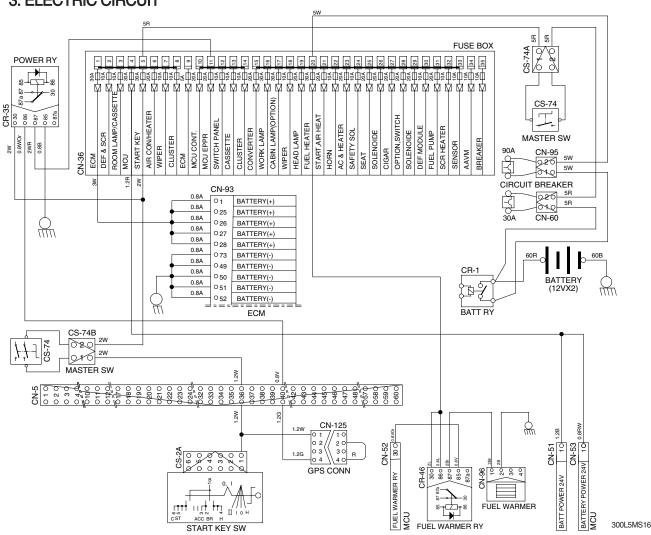
2. OPERATION

- The current of fuel warmer system is automatically controlled without thermostat according to fuel temperature.
- 2) At the first state, the 15 A current flows to the fuel warmer and engine may be started in 1~2 minutes
- 3) If the fuel starts to flow, ceramic-disk in the fuel warmer heater senses the fuel temperature to reduce the current as low as 1.5 A. So, fuel is protected from overheating by this



3. ELECTRIC CIRCUIT

mechanism.



(SERIAL NO.: #1095-) 1. SPECIFICATION

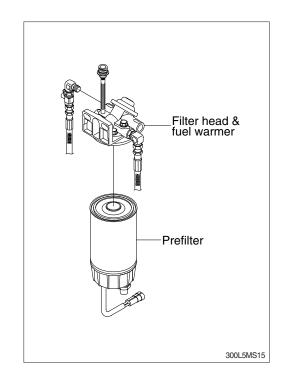
1) Operating voltage: 24±4 V

2) Power: 350±50 W 3) Current: 15 A

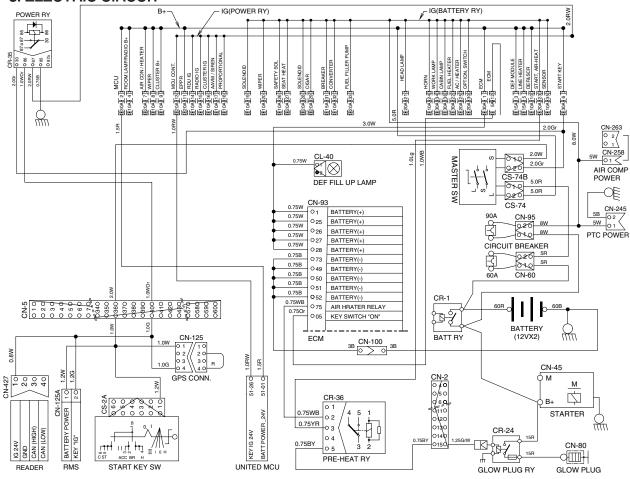
2. OPERATION

- 1) The current of fuel warmer system is automatically controlled without thermostat according to fuel temperature.
- 2) At the first state, the 15 A current flows to the fuel warmer and engine may be started in 1~2 minutes.
- 3) If the fuel starts to flow, ceramic-disk in the fuel warmer heater senses the fuel temperature to reduce the current as low as 1.5 A.

So, fuel is protected from overheating by this mechanism.



3. ELECTRIC CIRCUIT



SECTION 6 TROUBLESHOOTING

| Group | 1 | Before Troubleshooting ····· | 6-1 |
|-------|---|---------------------------------|------|
| Group | 2 | Hydraulic and Mechanical System | 6-4 |
| Group | 3 | Electrical System | 6-24 |
| Group | 4 | Mechatronics System ····· | 6-40 |

SECTION 6 TROUBLESHOOTING

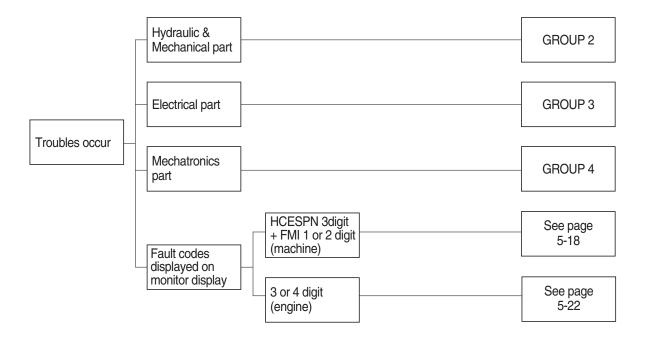
GROUP 1 BEFORE TROUBLESHOOTING

1. INTRODUCTION

When a trouble is occurred in the machine, this section will help an operator to maintain the machine with easy.

The trouble of machine is parted Hydraulic & Mechanical system, Electrical system and Mechatronics system. At each system part, an operator can check the machine according to the troubleshooting process diagram.

* Before carring out troubleshooting procedure, check monitoring menu in the cluster.



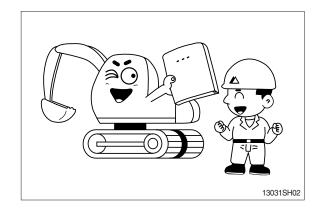
2. DIAGNOSING PROCEDURE

To carry out troubleshooting efficiently, the following steps must be observed.

STEP 1. Study the machine system

Study and know how the machine is operating, how the system is composing, what kinds of function are installed in the machine and what are specifications of the system components by the machine service manual.

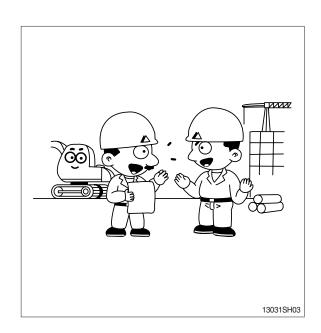
Especially, deepen the knowledge for the related parts of the trouble.



STEP 2. Ask the operator

Before inspecting, get the full story of malfunctions from a witness --- the operator.

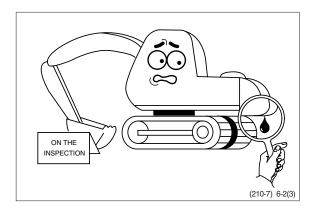
- 1) How the machine is used and when it is serviced?
- 2) When the trouble was noticed and what work the machine was doing at that time?
- 3) What is the phenomenon of the trouble? Was the trouble getting worse, or did it come out suddenly for the first time?
- 4) Did the machine have any troubles previously? If so, which parts were repaired before.



STEP 3. Inspect the machine

Before starting troubleshooting, check the machine for the daily maintenance points as shown in the operator's manual.

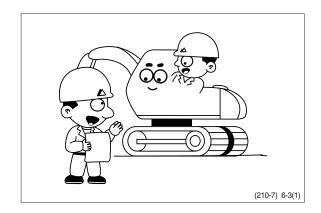
And also check the electrical system including batteries, as the troubles in the electrical system such as low battery voltage, loose connections and blown out fuses will result in malfunction of the controllers causing total operational failures of the machine.



STEP 4. Inspect the trouble actually on the machine

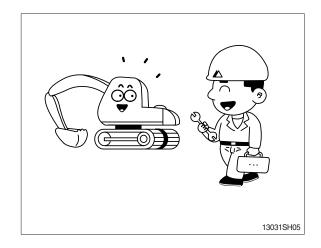
In case that some trouble cannot be confirmed, obtain the details of the malfunction from the operator.

Also, check if there are any in complete connections of the wire harnesses are or not.



STEP 5. Perform troubleshooting

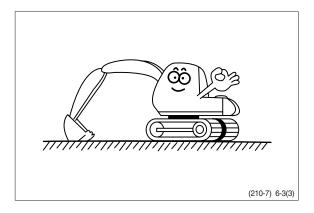
According to where the trouble parts are located, hydraulic & mechanical system part or electrical system part or mechatronics system part, perform troubleshooting the machine refer to the each system part's troubleshooting process diagram.



STEP 6. Trace a cause

Before reaching a conclusion, check the most suspectible causes again. Try to trace what the real cause of the trouble is.

Make a plan of the appropriate repairing procedure to avoid consequential malfunctions.



GROUP 2 HYDRAULIC AND MECHANICAL SYSTEM

1. INTRODUCTION

1) MACHINE IN GENERAL

- (1) If even a minor fault is left intact and operation is continued, a fatal failure may be caused, entailing a large sum of expenses and long hours of restoration.
 - Therefore when even a small trouble occurs, do not rely on your intuition and experience, but look for the cause based on the troubleshooting principle and perform maintenance and adjustment to prevent major failure from occurring. Keep in mind that a fault results from a combination of different causes.
- (2) The following lists up commonly occurring faults and possible causes with this machine. For the troubleshooting of the engine, refer to the coming troubleshooting and repair.
- (3) When carrying out troubleshooting, do not hurry to disassemble the components. It will become impossible to find the cause of the problem.
- (4) Ask user or operator the following.
- ① Was there any strange thing about machine before failure occurred?
- ② Under what conditions did the failure occur?
- 3 Have any repairs been carried out before the failure?
- (5) Check before troubleshooting.
- ① Check oil and fuel level.
- ② Check for any external leakage of oil from components.
- 3 Check for loose or damage of wiring and connections.

2) MACHINE STATUS MONITORING ON THE CLUSTER

(1) The machine status such as the engine rpm, oil temperature, voltage and pressure etc. can be checked by this menu.



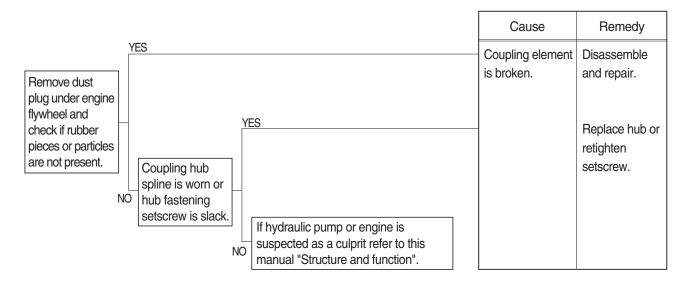


(2) Specification

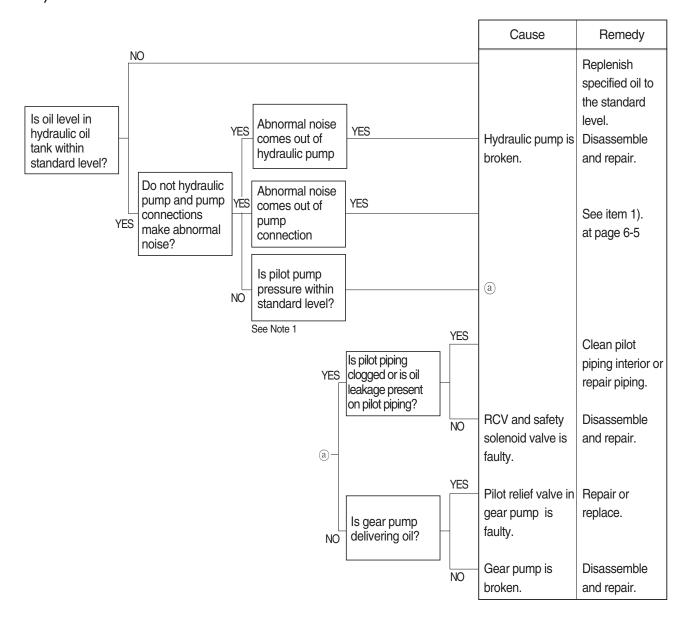
| No. | Description | Specification |
|--------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Note 1 | Work pilot pressure | 40 ⁺² bar |
| Note 2 | Swing pilot pressure | 0~40 bar |
| Note 3 | Boom up pilot pressure | 0~40 bar |
| Note 4 | Arm/bucket pilot pressure | 0~40 bar |
| Note 5 | Pump 1 regulator pressure | 0~50 bar |
| Note 6 | Pump 2 regulator pressure | 0~50 bar |
| Note 7 | Pump 1 pressure | 350 bar |

2. DRIVE SYSTEM

1) UNUSUAL NOISE COMES OUT OF PUMP CONNECTION

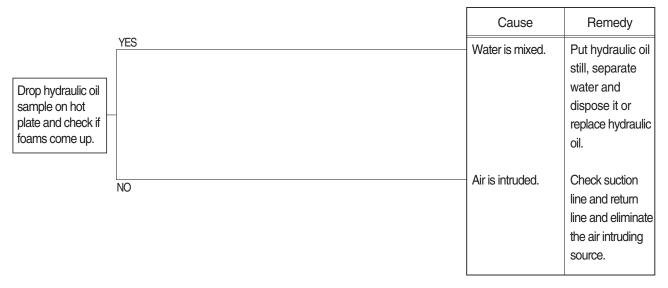


2) ENGINE STARTS BUT MACHINE DOES NOT OPERATE AT ALL

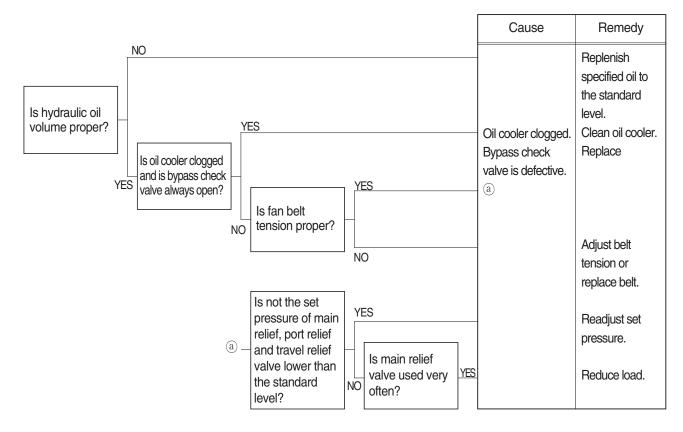


3. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

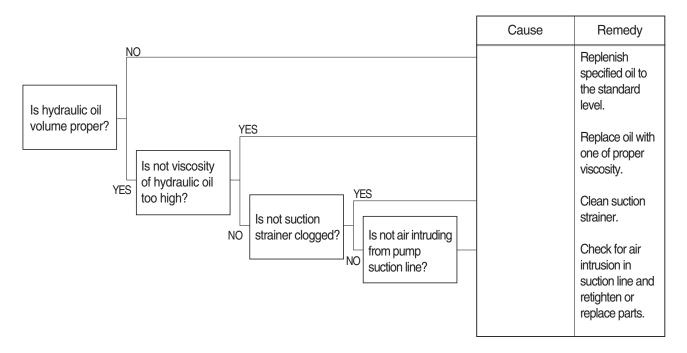
1) HYDRAULIC OIL IS CLOUDY



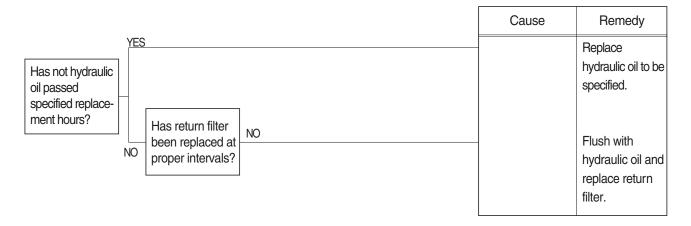
2) HYDRAULIC OIL TEMPERATURE HAS RISEN ABNORMALLY



3) CAVITATION OCCURS WITH PUMP

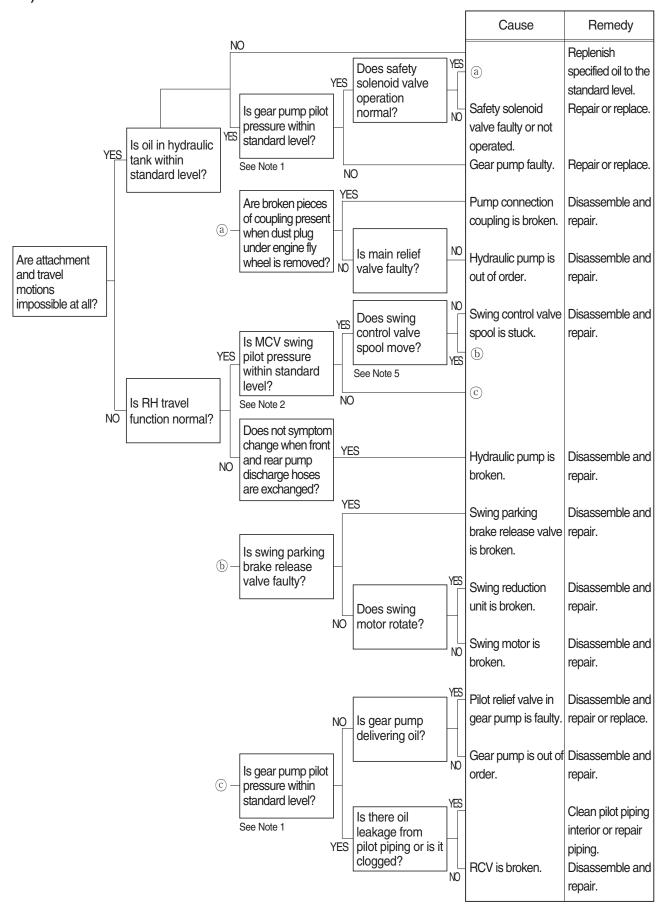


4) HYDRAULIC OIL IS CONTAMINATED

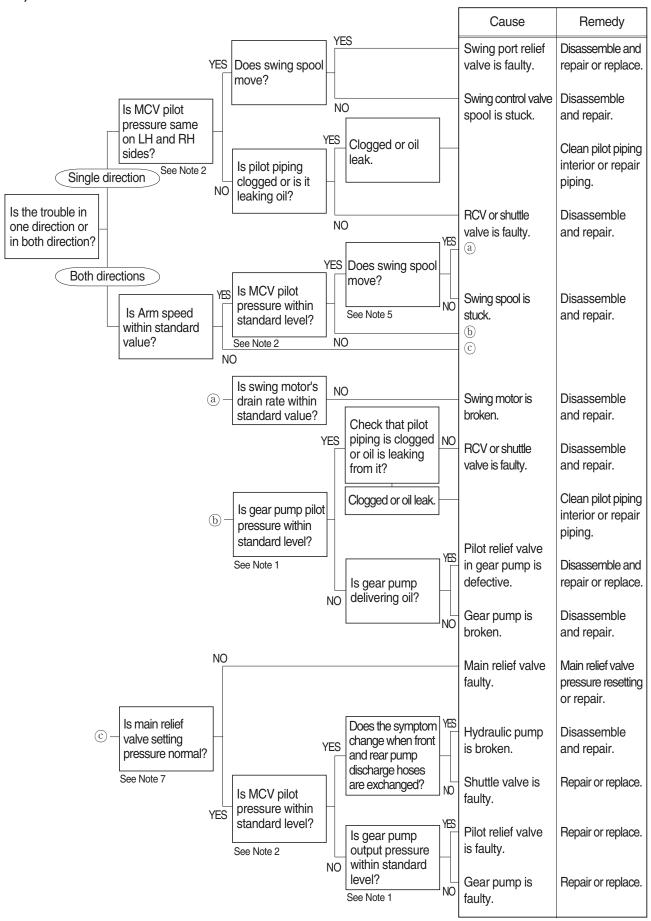


4. SWING SYSTEM

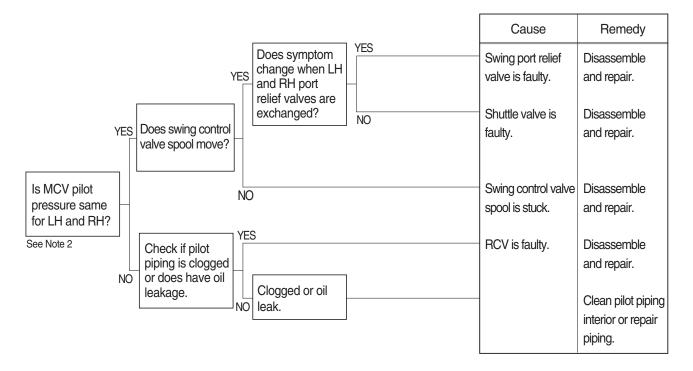
1) BOTH LH AND RH SWING ACTIONS ARE IMPOSSIBLE



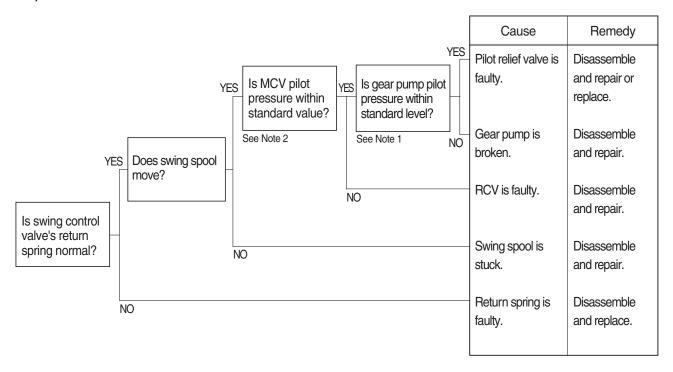
2) SWING SPEED IS LOW



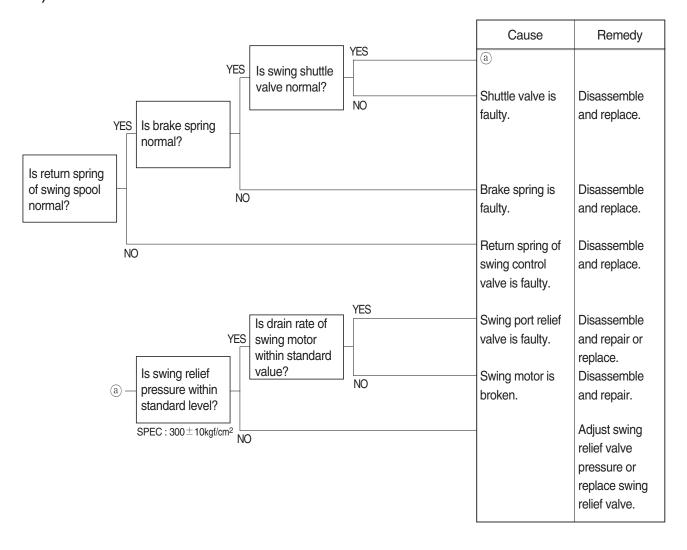
3) SWING MOTION IS IMPOSSIBLE IN ONE DIRECTION



4) MACHINE SWINGS BUT DOES NOT STOP

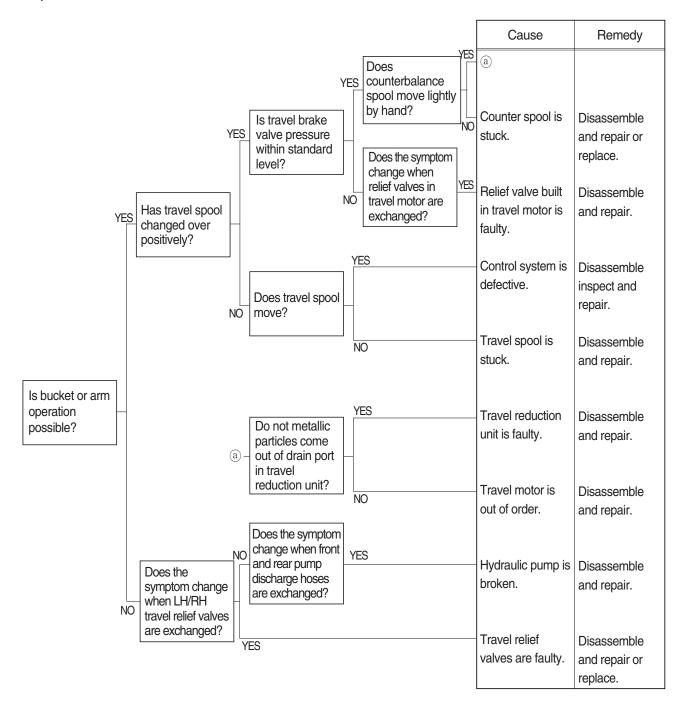


5) THE SWING UNIT DRIFTS WHEN THE MACHINE IS AT REST ON A SLOPE

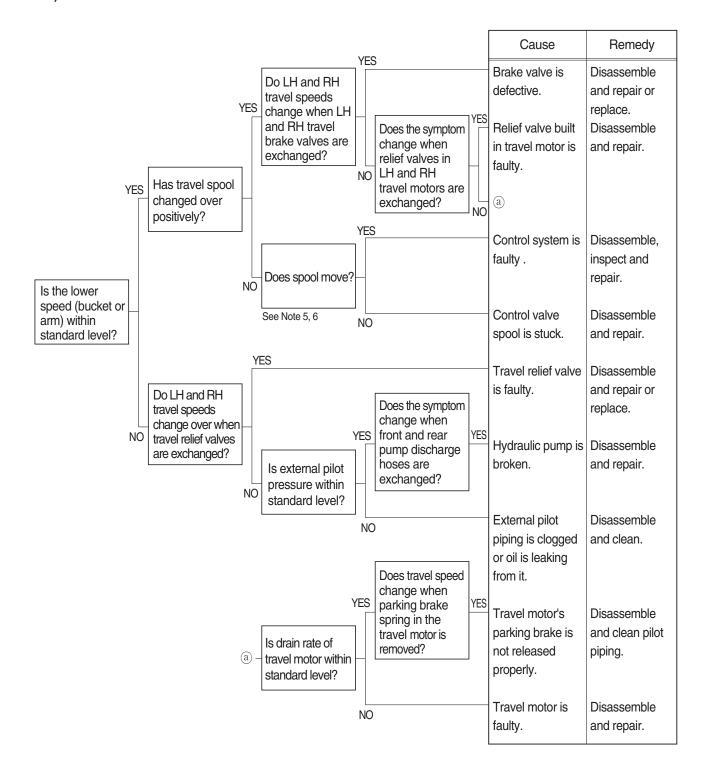


5. TRAVEL SYSTEM

1) TRAVEL DOES NOT FUNCTION AT ALL ON ONE SIDE

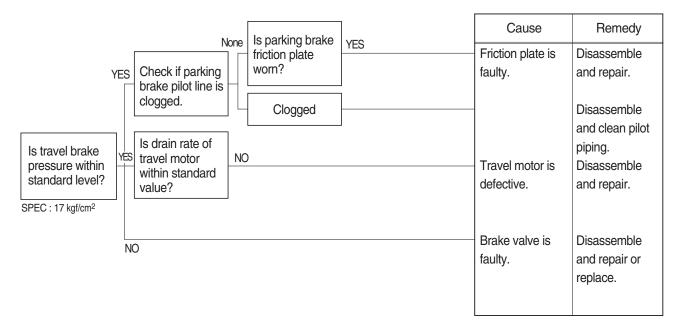


2) SPEED ON ONE SIDE FALLS AND THE MACHINE CURVES

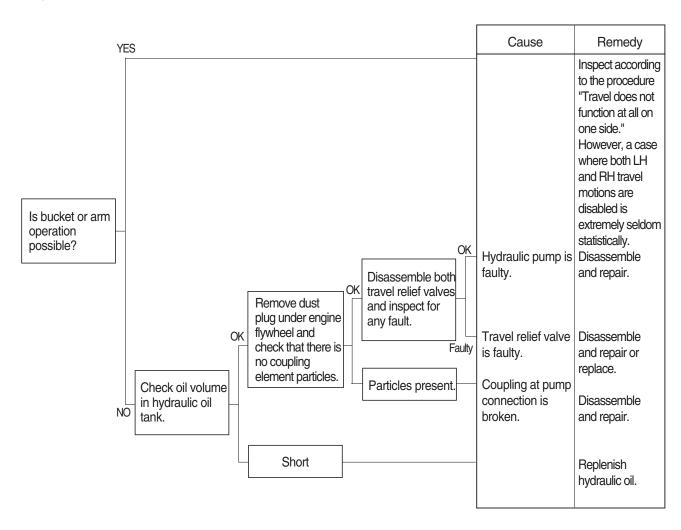


3) MACHINE DOES NOT STOP ON A SLOPE

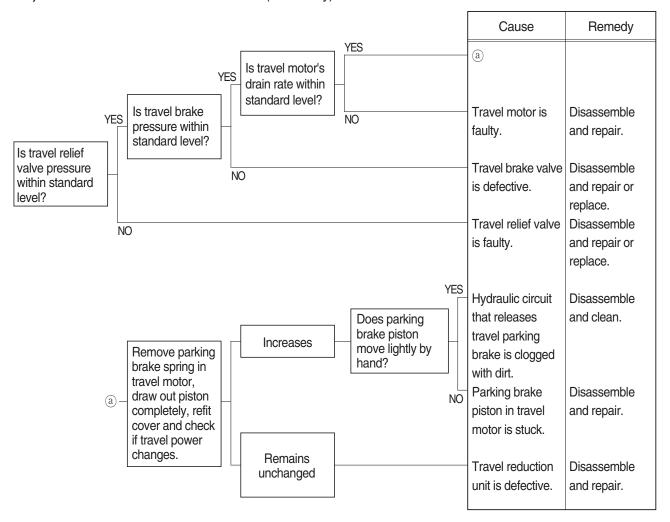
Machine is pulled forward as sprocket rotates during digging operation.



4) LH AND RH TRAVEL MOTIONS ARE IMPOSSIBLE



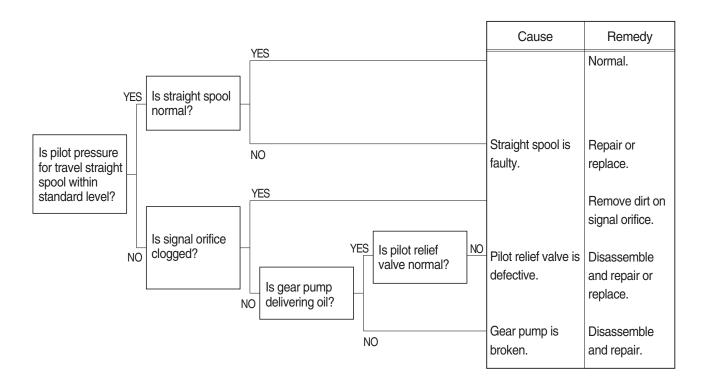
5) TRAVEL ACTION IS POWERLESS (travel only)



6) MACHINE RUNS RECKLESSLY ON A SLOPE

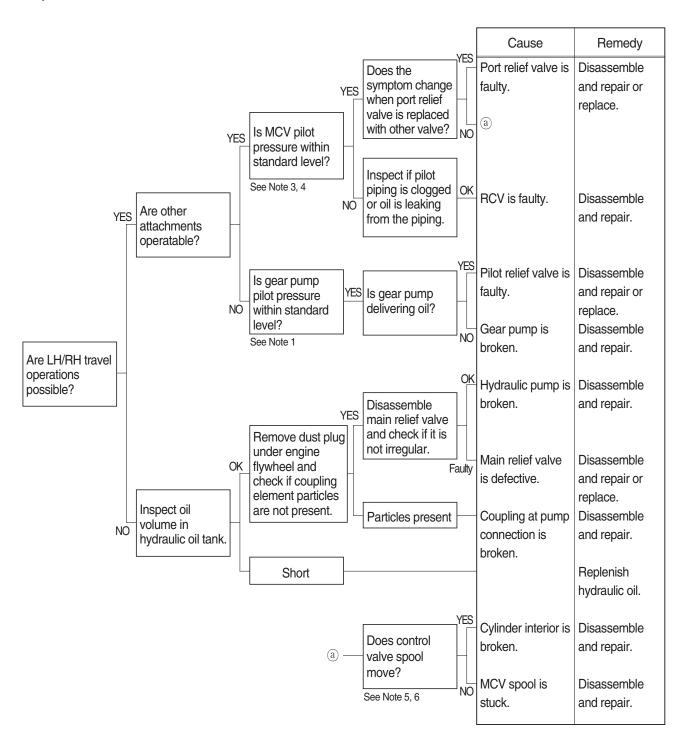


7) MACHINE MAKES A CURVED TRAVEL OR DOES NOT TRAVEL AT ALL WHEN TRAVEL AND ATTACHMENT OPERATIONS ARE EXECUTED AT THE SAME TIME

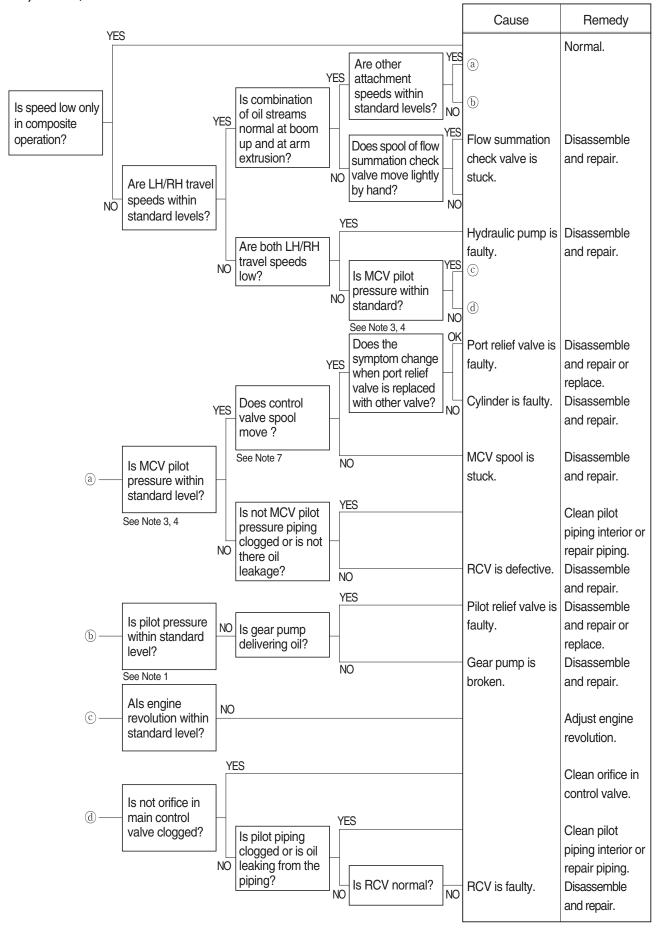


6. ATTACHMENT SYSTEM

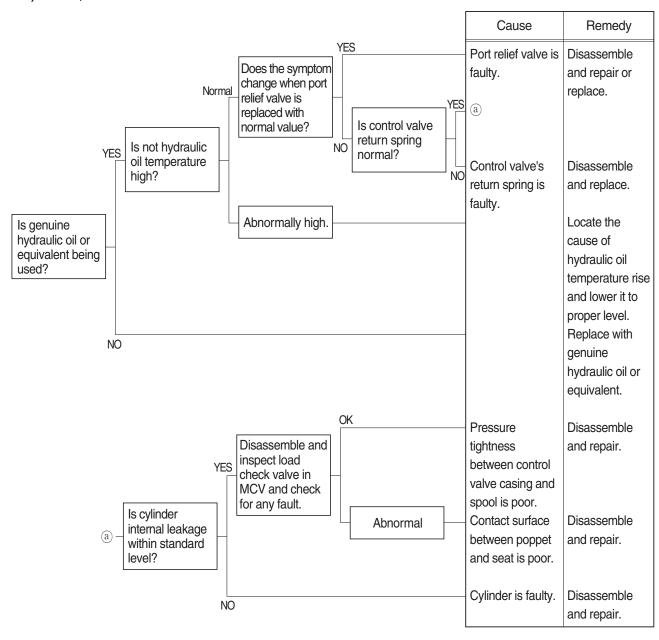
1) BOOM OR ARM ACTION IS IMPOSSIBLE AT ALL



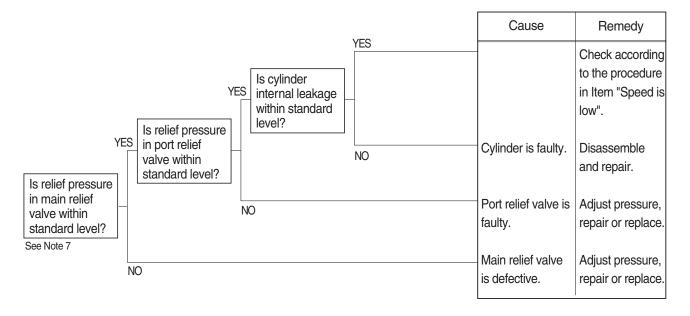
2) BOOM, ARM OR BUCKET SPEED IS LOW



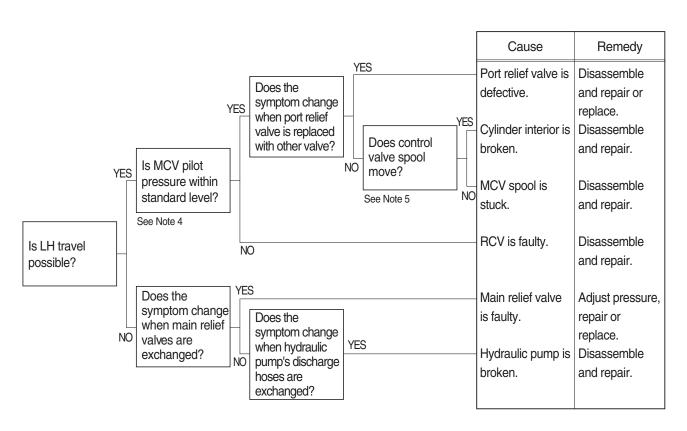
3) BOOM, ARM OR BUCKET CYLINDER EXTENDS OR CONTRACTS ITSELF AND ATTACHMENT FALLS



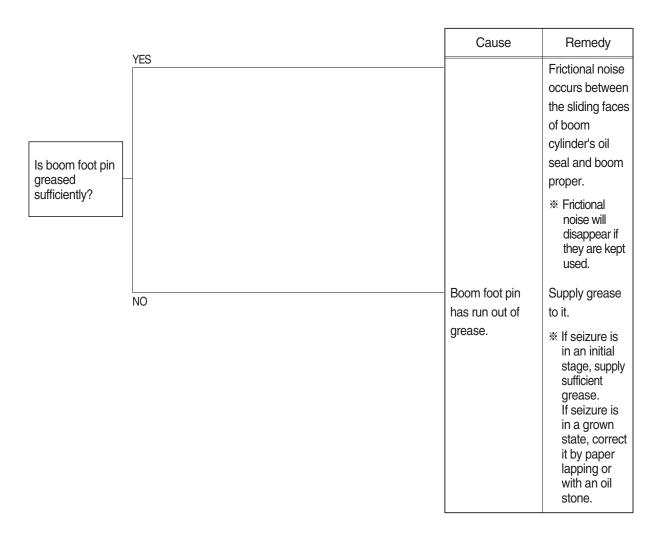
4) BOOM, ARM OR BUCKET POWER IS WEAK



5) ONLY BUCKET OPERATION IS TOTALLY IMPOSSIBLE

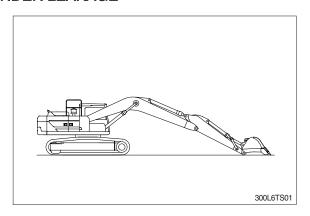


6) BOOM MAKES A SQUEAKING NOISE WHEN BOOM IS OPERATED

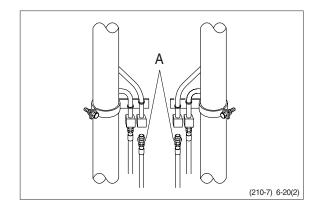


**** HOW TO CHECK INTERNAL BOOM CYLINDER LEAKAGE**

1. Lower the bucket teeth to the ground with bucket cylinder fully retracted and arm cylinder rod retracted almost in full.



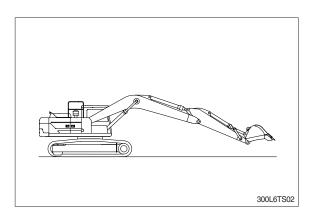
2. Disconnect hose (A) from rod side of boom cylinder and drain oil from cylinders and hose. (put cups on piping and hose ends)



3. Raise bucket OFF the ground by retracting the arm cylinder rod.

If oil leaks from piping side and boom cylinder rod is retracted there is an internal leak in the cylinder.

If no oil leaks from piping side and boom cylinder rod is retracted, there is an internal leak in the control valve.

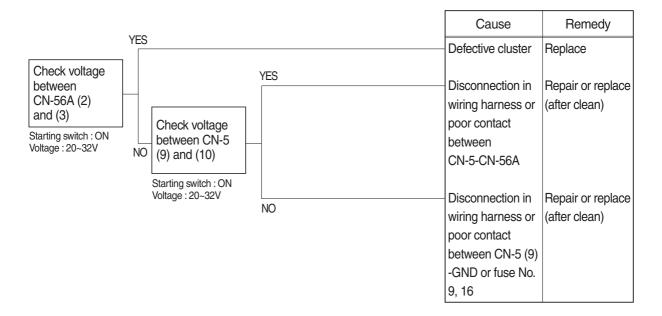


GROUP 3 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

(SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

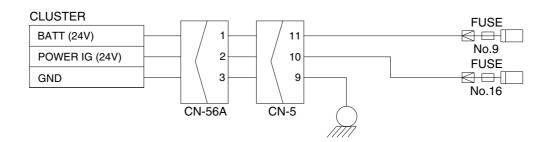
1. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, CLUSTER DISPLAY DOES NOT APPEAR

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No. 9, 16.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



Check voltage

| YES | 20~32V |
|-----|--------|
| NO | 0V |

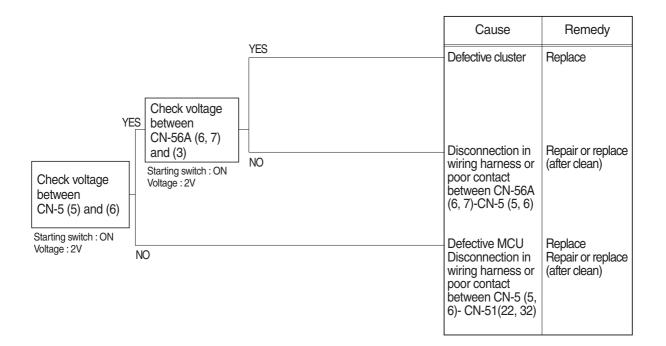


300L6ES51

(SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

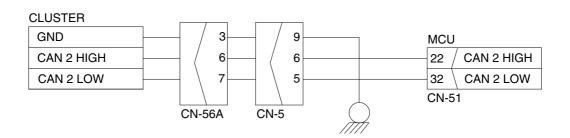
2. COMMUNICATION ERROR FLASHES ON THE CLUSTER (HCESPN 840, FMI 2)

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



Check voltage

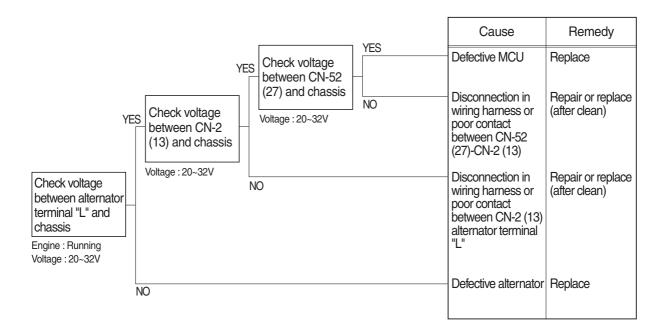
| YES | 2V |
|-----|----|
| NO | 0V |



300L6ES02

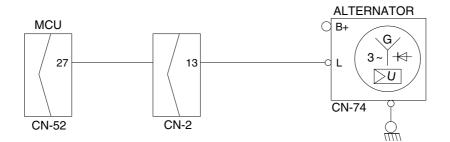
3. Fractional BATTERY CHARGING WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (Starting switch : ON)

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



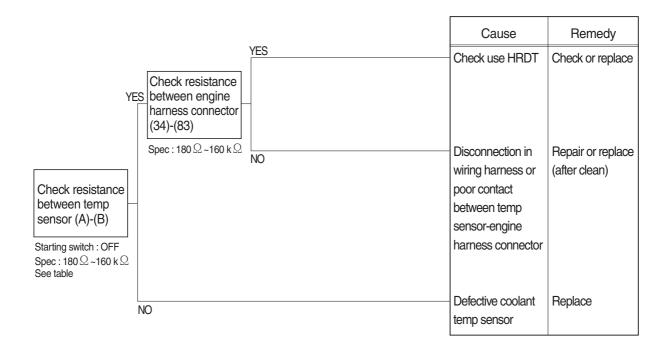
Check voltage

| YES | 20~32V |
|-----|--------|
| NO | 0V |



4. WHEN COOLANT OVERHEAT WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (engine is started)

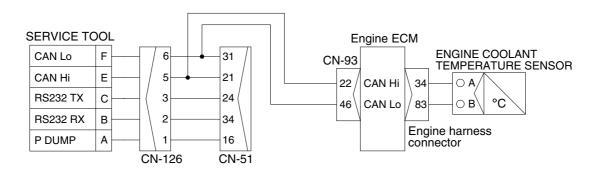
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.





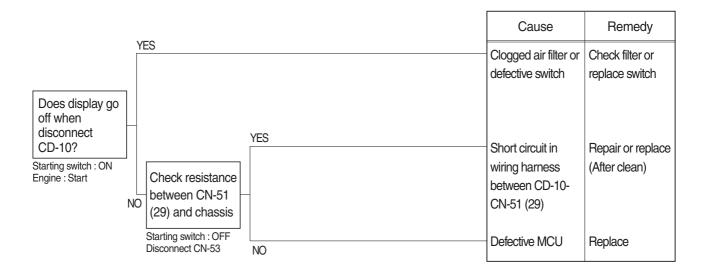
Check Table

| Temperature (°C) | 0 | 25 | 50 | 80 | 95 |
|--------------------------|-------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Resistance ($k\Omega$) | 30~37 | 9.3~10.7 | 3.2~3.8 | 1.0~1.3 | 0.7~0.8 |



5. WHEN AIR CLEANER WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (engine is started)

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

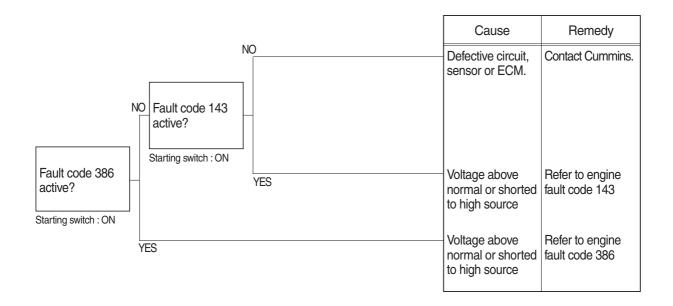


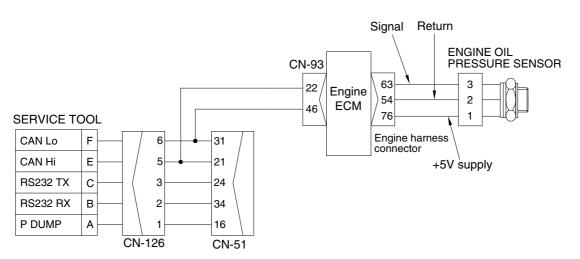
Check resistance

| YES | MAX 1 Ω | | | |
|-----|----------------|-------|---------------|--------------------|
| NO | MIN 1MΩ | | ,,,,, | |
| | | | | |
| | | | \mathcal{L} | |
| | | MCU | | AIR CLEANER SWITCH |
| | | | | |
| | | | | Pa |
| | | / 29 | | |
| | | | | CD-10 |
| | | CN-51 | | |

6. WHEN ENGINE OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (engine is started)

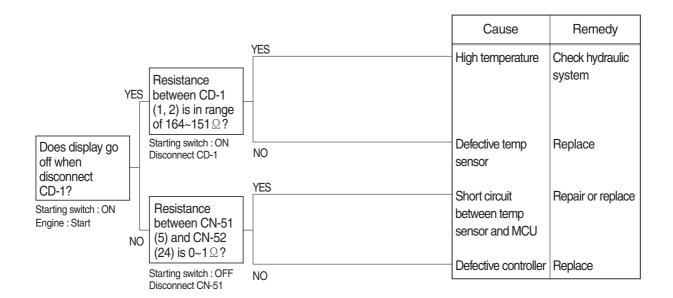
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.





7. WHEN HYDRAULIC OIL TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (engine is started)

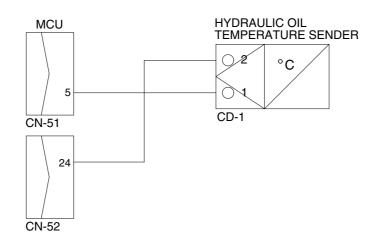
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



Check Table

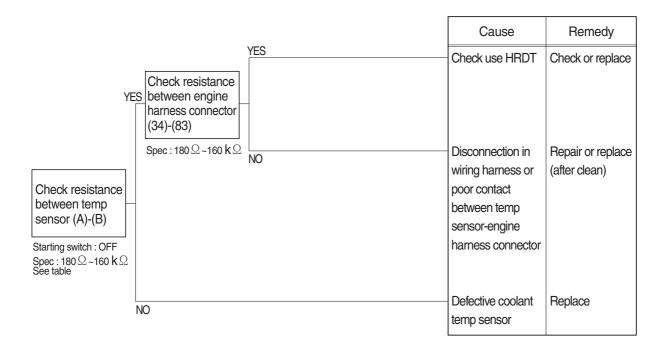


| Temperature (°C) | ~ -30 | ~ -10 | ~ 0 | ~ 40 | ~ 70 | ~ 80 | ~ 90 | ~ 100 | 105~ |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Resistance (kΩ) | 22.22 ~31.78 | 8.16 ~10.74 | 5.18 ~ 6.6 | 1.06 ~1.28 | 0.39 ~0.476 | 0.322 ~0.298 | 0.243 ~0.219 | 0.185 ~0.167 | 0.164 ~0.151 |



8. WHE RE GAUGE DOES NOT OPERATE

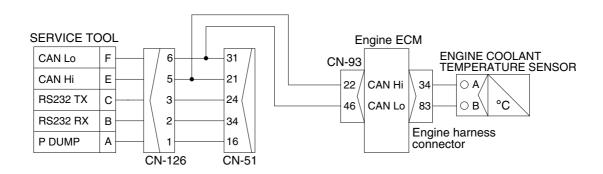
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.





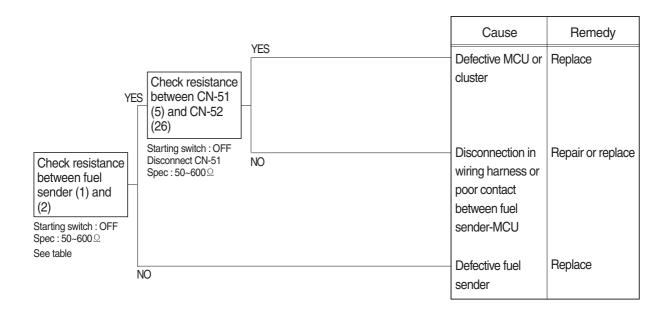
Check Table

| Temperature (°C) | 0 | 25 | 50 | 80 | 95 |
|--------------------------|-------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Resistance (k Ω) | 30~37 | 9.3~10.7 | 3.2~3.8 | 1.0~1.3 | 0.7~0.8 |



9. WHEN FUEL GAUGE DOES NOT OPERATE (HCESPN 301, FMI 3 or 4)

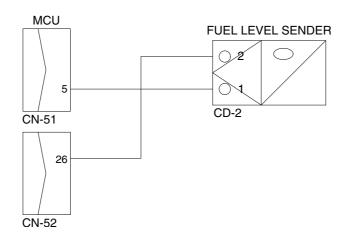
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.





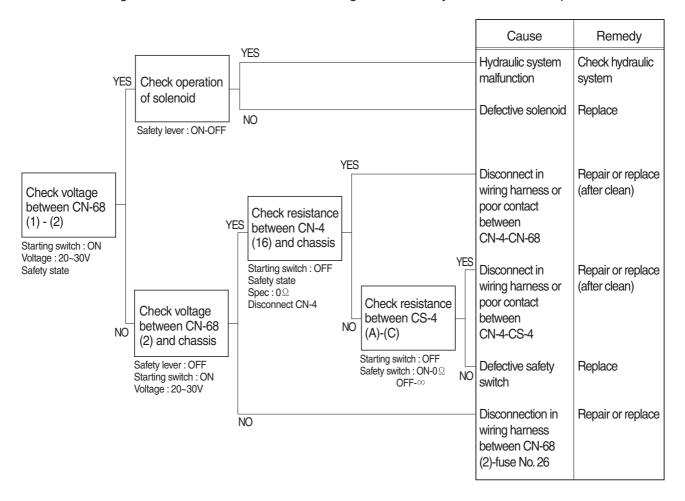
Check Table

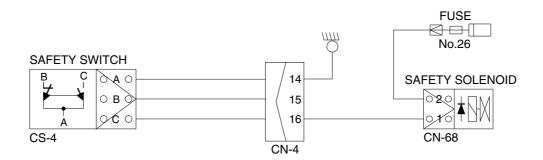
| Range | Resistance (Ω) | Range | Resistance (Ω) |
|-------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Full | 50 | 5/12 | 400 |
| 11/12 | 100 | 4/12 | 450 |
| 10/12 | 150 | 3/12 | 500 |
| 9/12 | 200 | 2/12 | 550 |
| 8/12 | 250 | 1/12 | 600 |
| 7/12 | 300 | Empty warning | 700 |
| 6/12 | 350 | - | - |



10. WHEN SAFETY SOLENOID DOES NOT OPERATE

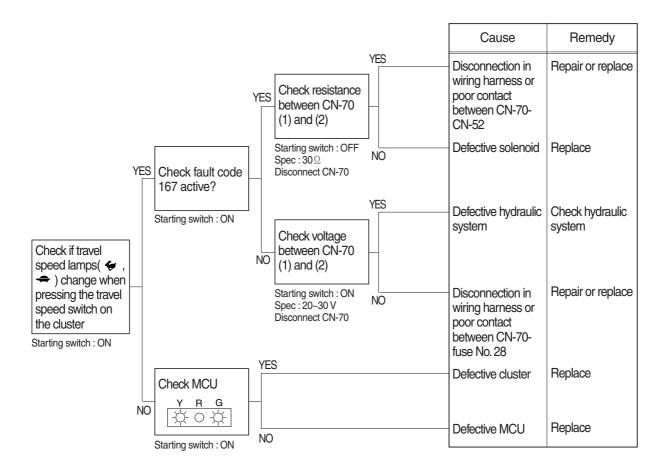
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No. 26.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

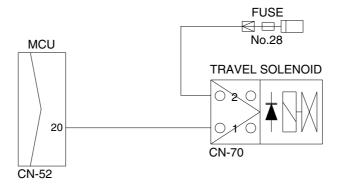




11. WHEN TRAVEL SPEED 1, 2 DOES NOT OPERATE (HCESPN 167, FMI 4 or 6)

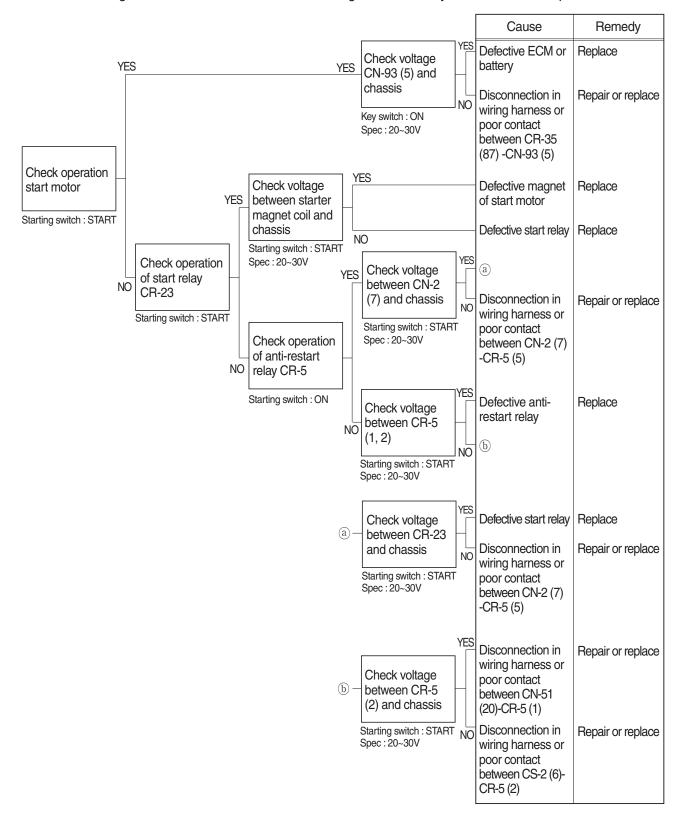
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No. 28.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

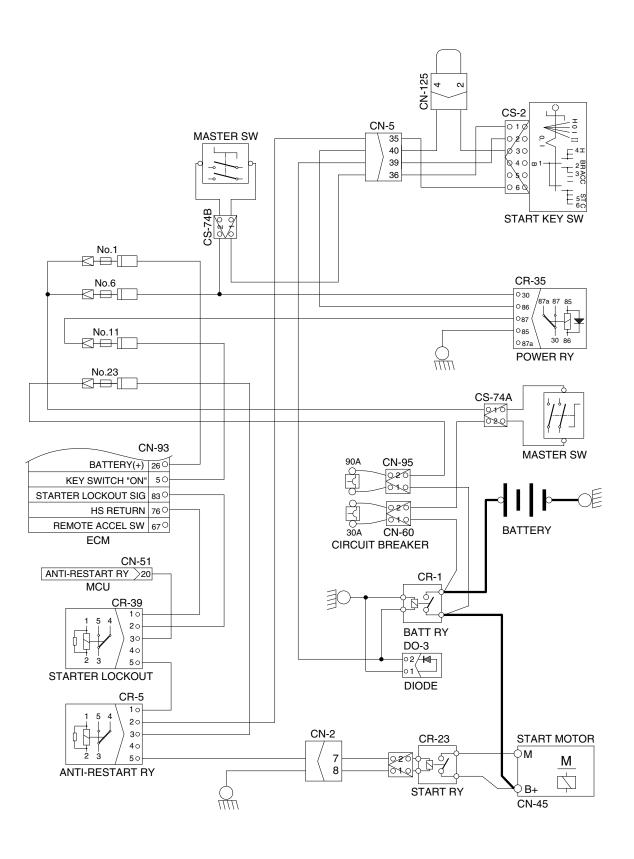




12. WHEN ENGINE DOES NOT START (| lights up condition)

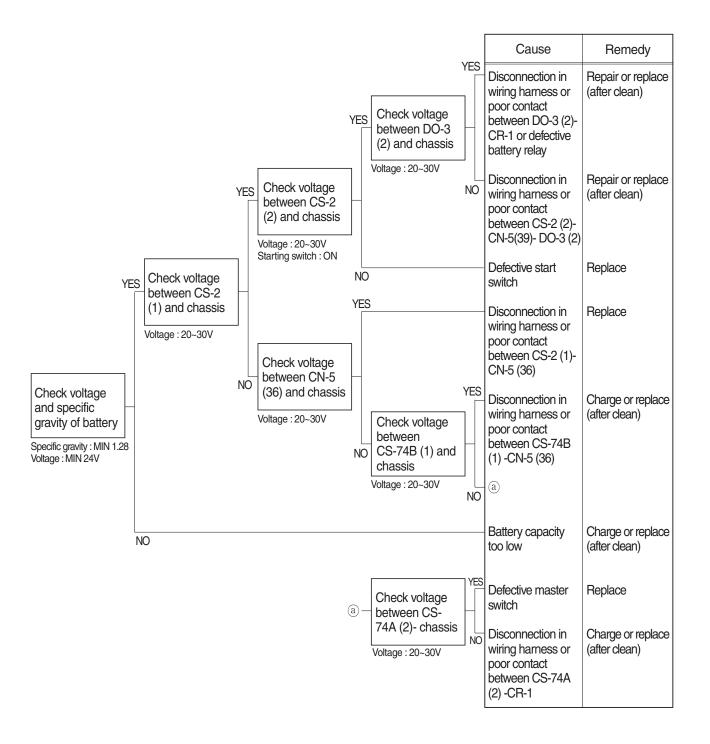
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No. 1, 6, 11, 23.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

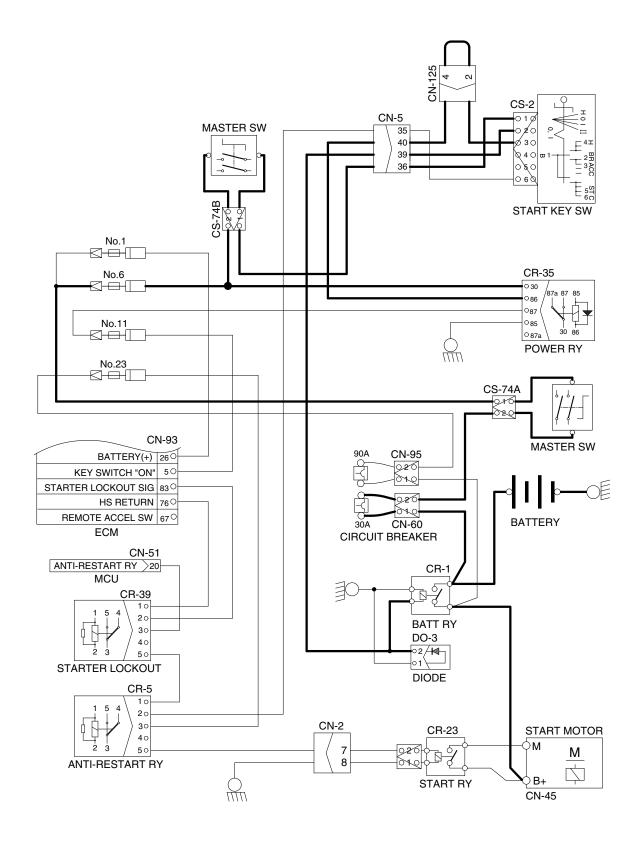




13. WHEN STARTING SWITCH ON DOES NOT OPERATE

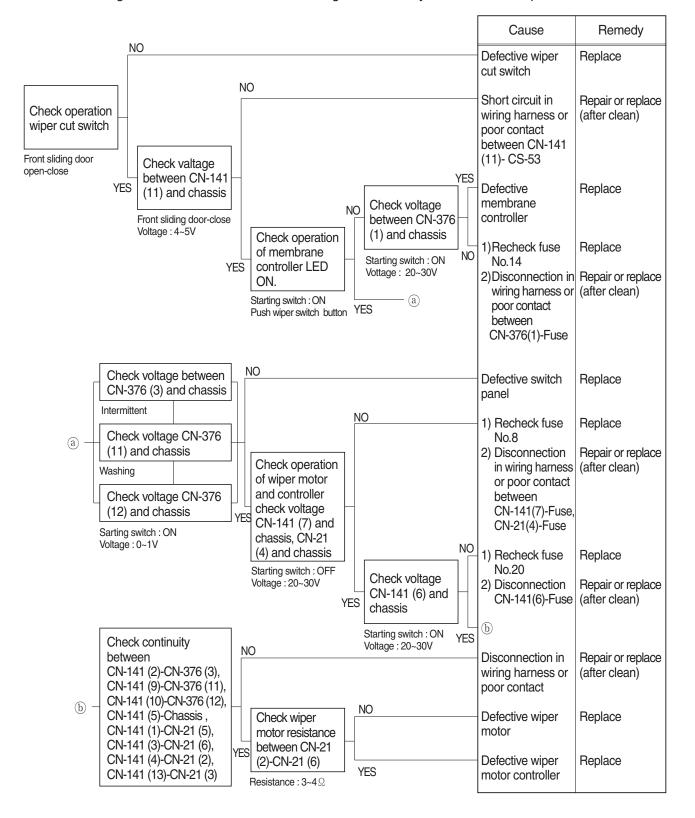
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted, master switch ON and check open circuit of fusible link (CN-60).
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

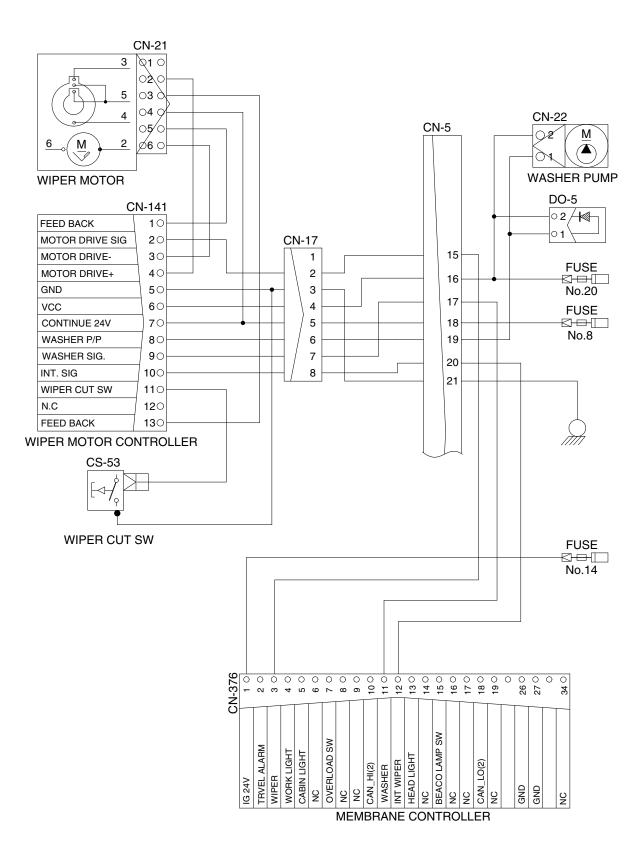




14. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, WIPER MOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE

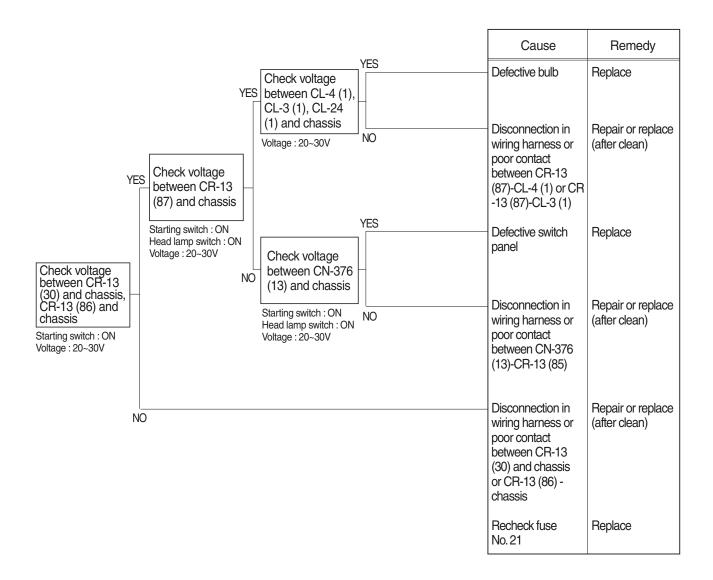
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and the fuse No. 8, 14 and 20 is not blown out.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

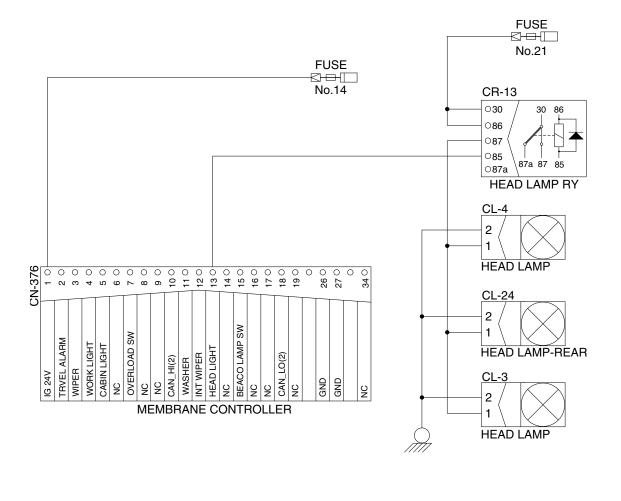




15. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, HEAD LAMP DOES NOT LIGHTS UP

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No.21.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



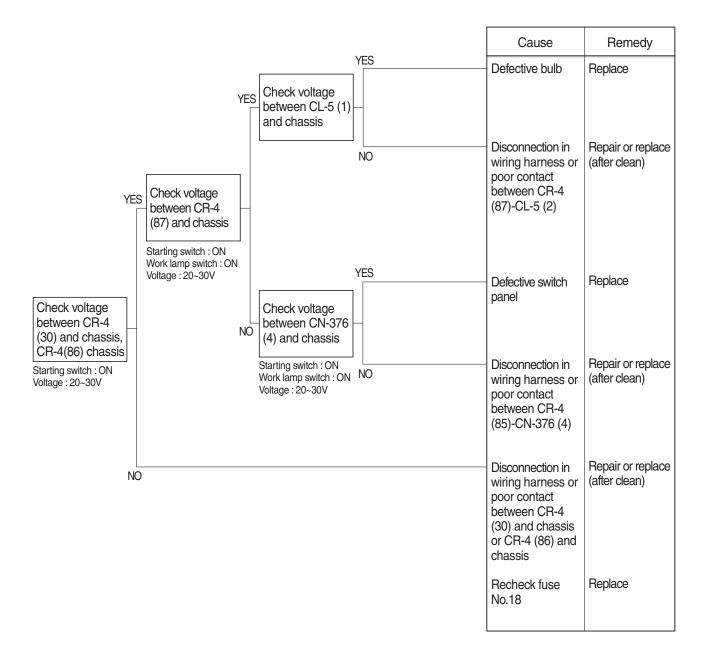


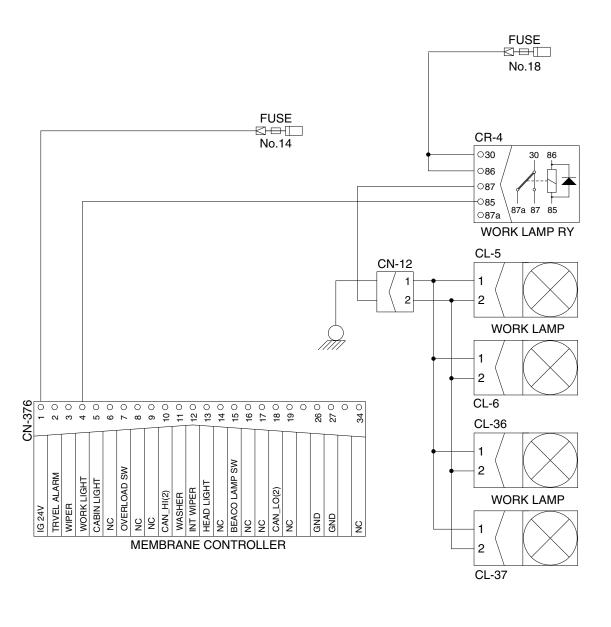
300L6ES17

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16. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, WORK LAMP DOES NOT LIGHTS UP

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No.18.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



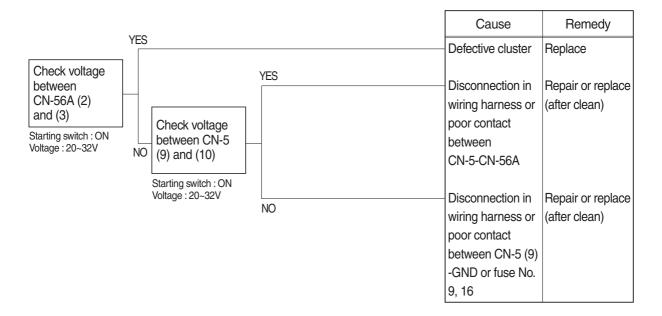


GROUP 3 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

(SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

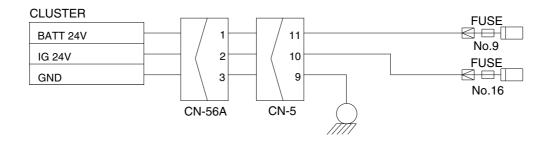
1. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, CLUSTER DISPLAY DOES NOT APPEAR

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No. 9, 16.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



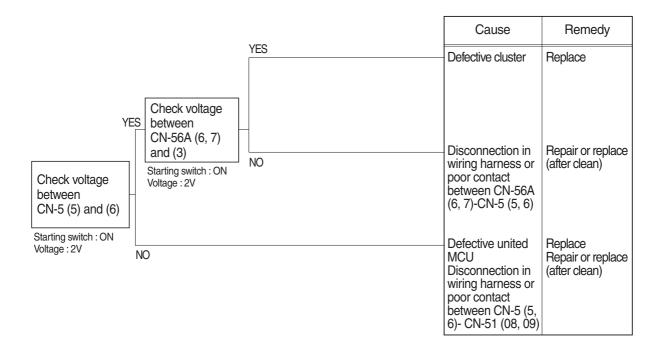
Check voltage

| YES | 20~32V |
|-----|--------|
| NO | 0V |



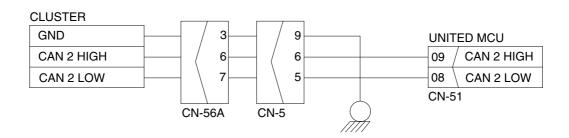
2. COMMUNICATION ERROR FLASHES ON THE CLUSTER (HCESPN 840, FMI 2)

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



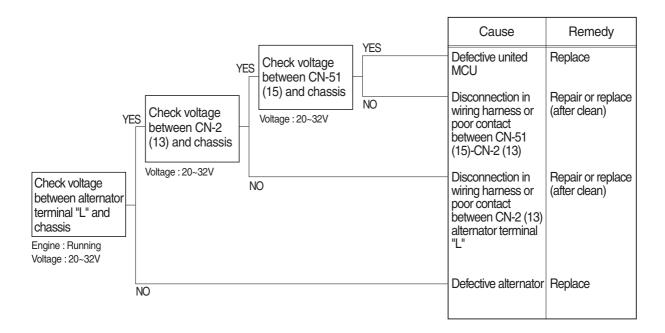
Check voltage

| YES | 2V |
|-----|----|
| NO | 0V |



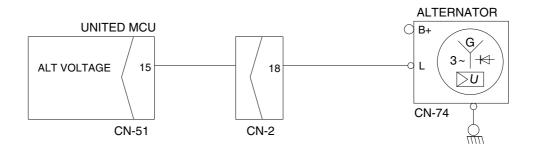
3. Fractional BATTERY CHARGING WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (Starting switch : ON)

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



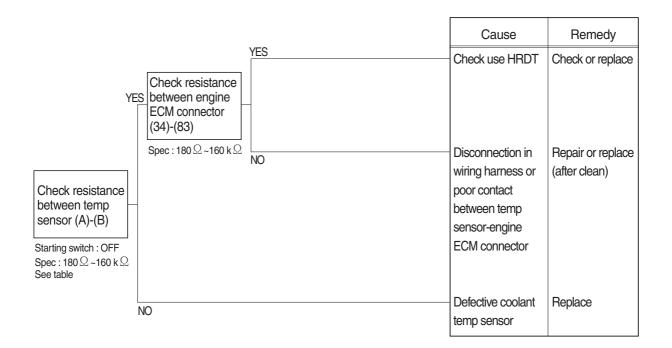
Check voltage

| YES | 20~32V |
|-----|--------|
| NO | 0V |



4. WHEN COOLANT OVERHEAT WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (engine is started)

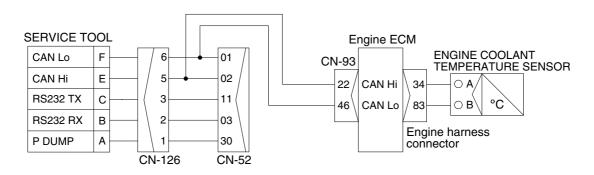
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.





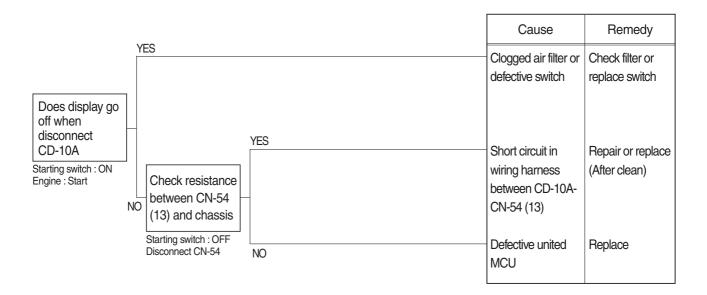
Check Table

| Temperature (°C) | 0 | 25 | 50 | 80 | 95 |
|--------------------------|-------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Resistance ($k\Omega$) | 30~37 | 9.3~10.7 | 3.2~3.8 | 1.0~1.3 | 0.7~0.8 |



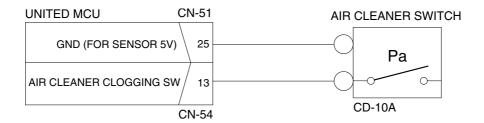
5. WHEN AIR CLEANER WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (engine is started)

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



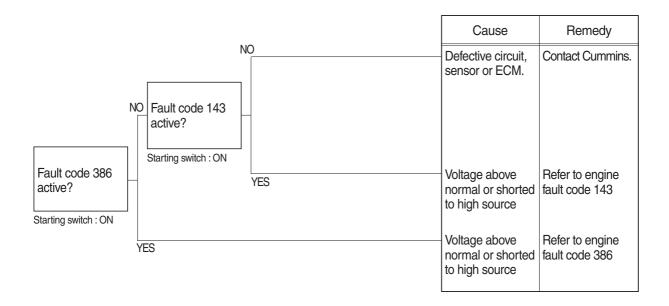
Check resistance

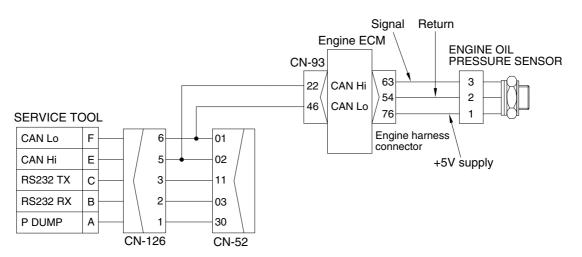
| YES | MAX 1 Ω |
|-----|----------------|
| NO | MIN 1MΩ |



6. WHEN ENGINE OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (engine is started)

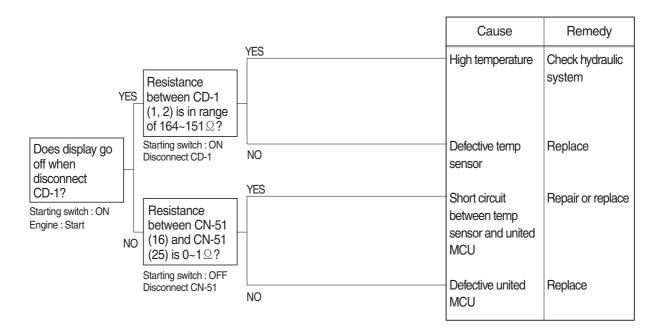
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.





7. WHEN HYDRAULIC OIL TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP LIGHTS UP (engine is started)

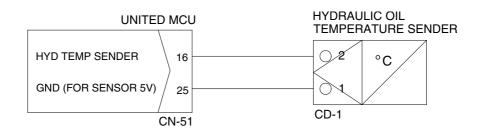
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



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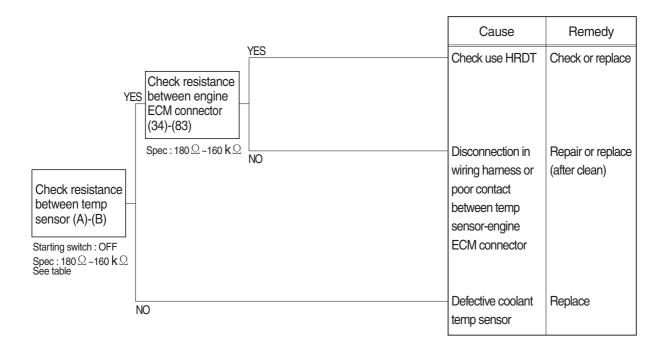
Check Table

| Temperature (°C) | ~ -30 | ~ -10 | ~ 0 | ~ 40 | ~ 70 | ~ 80 | ~ 90 | ~ 100 | 105~ |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Resistance (kΩ) | 22.22 ~31.78 | 8.16 ~10.74 | 5.18 ~ 6.6 | 1.06 ~1.28 | 0.39 ~0.476 | 0.322 ~0.298 | 0.243 ~0.219 | 0.185 ~0.167 | 0.164 ~0.151 |



8. WHE RE GAUGE DOES NOT OPERATE

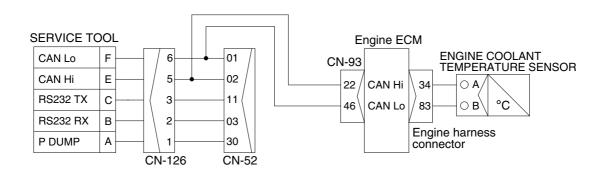
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.





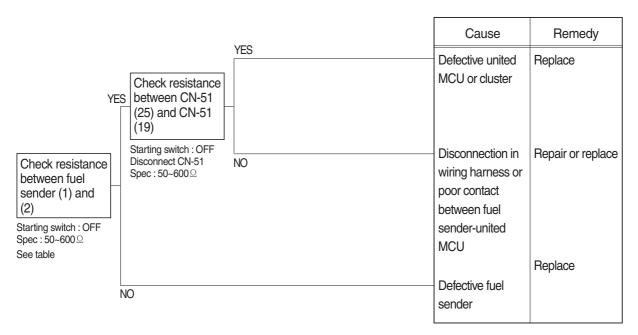
Check Table

| Temperature (°C) | 0 | 25 | 50 | 80 | 95 |
|--------------------------|-------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Resistance (k Ω) | 30~37 | 9.3~10.7 | 3.2~3.8 | 1.0~1.3 | 0.7~0.8 |



9. WHEN FUEL GAUGE DOES NOT OPERATE (HCESPN 301, FMI 3 or 4)

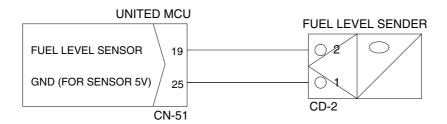
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.





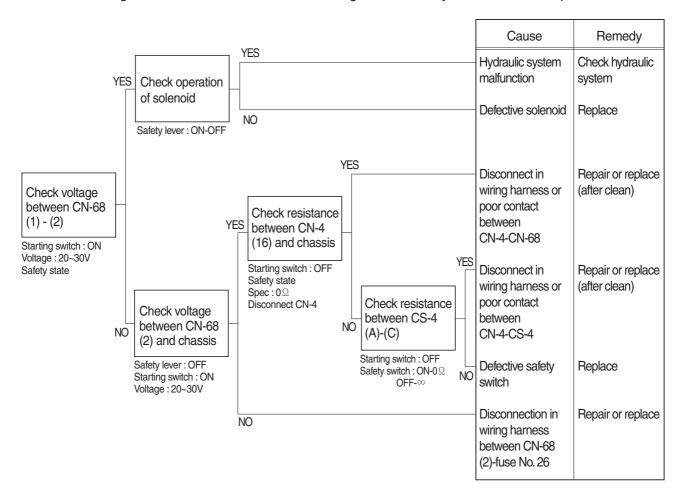
Check Table

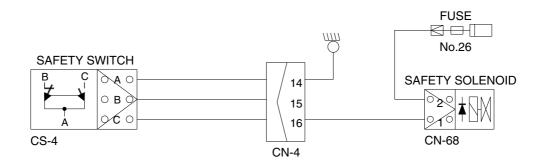
| CITOCIC TODIO | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Range | Resistance (Ω) | Range | Resistance (Ω) |
| Full | 50 | 5/12 | 400 |
| 11/12 | 100 | 4/12 | 450 |
| 10/12 | 150 | 3/12 | 500 |
| 9/12 | 200 | 2/12 | 550 |
| 8/12 | 250 | 1/12 | 600 |
| 7/12 | 300 | Empty warning | 700 |
| 6/12 | 350 | - | - |



10. WHEN SAFETY SOLENOID DOES NOT OPERATE

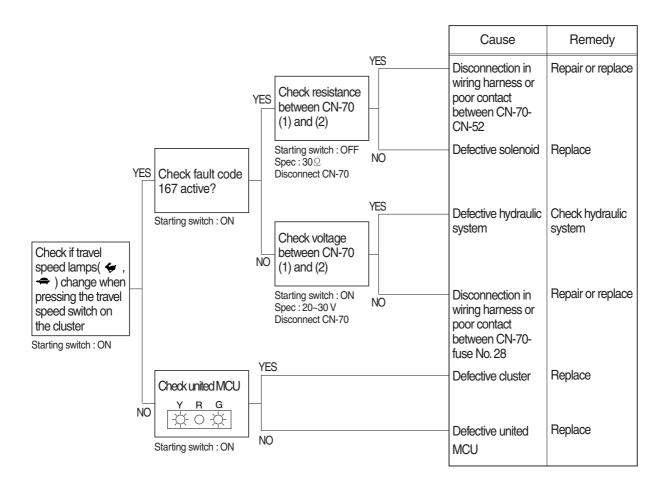
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No. 26.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

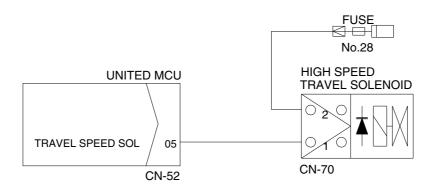




11. WHEN TRAVEL SPEED 1, 2 DOES NOT OPERATE (HCESPN 167, FMI 4 or 6)

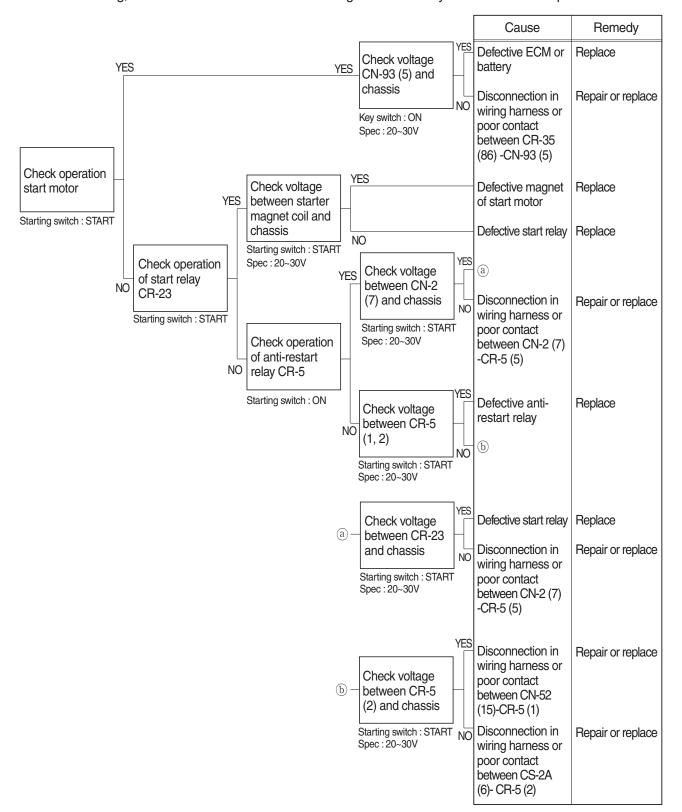
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No. 28.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

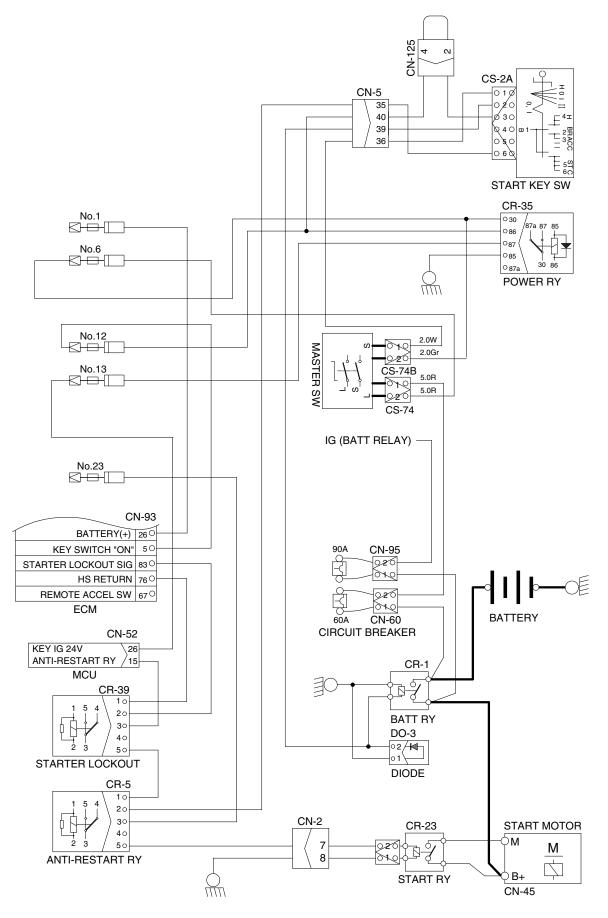




12. WHEN ENGINE DOES NOT START (| lights up condition)

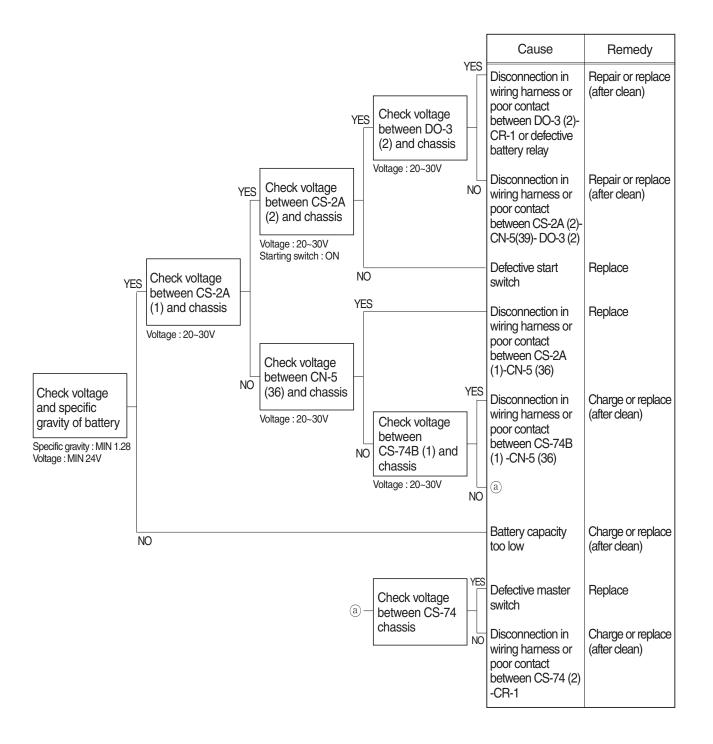
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No. 1, 6, 12, 13, 23.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

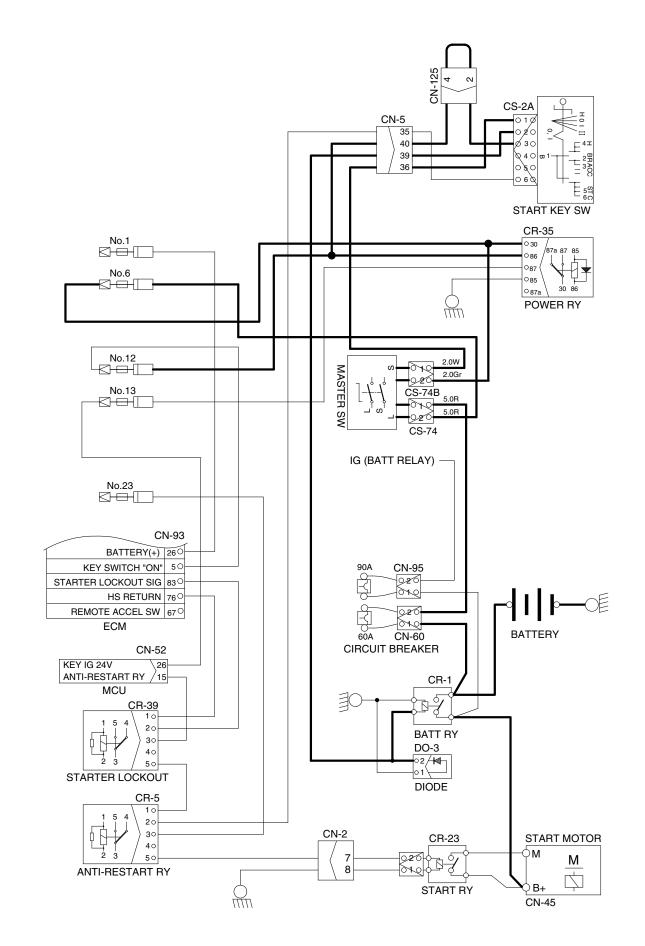




13. WHEN STARTING SWITCH ON DOES NOT OPERATE

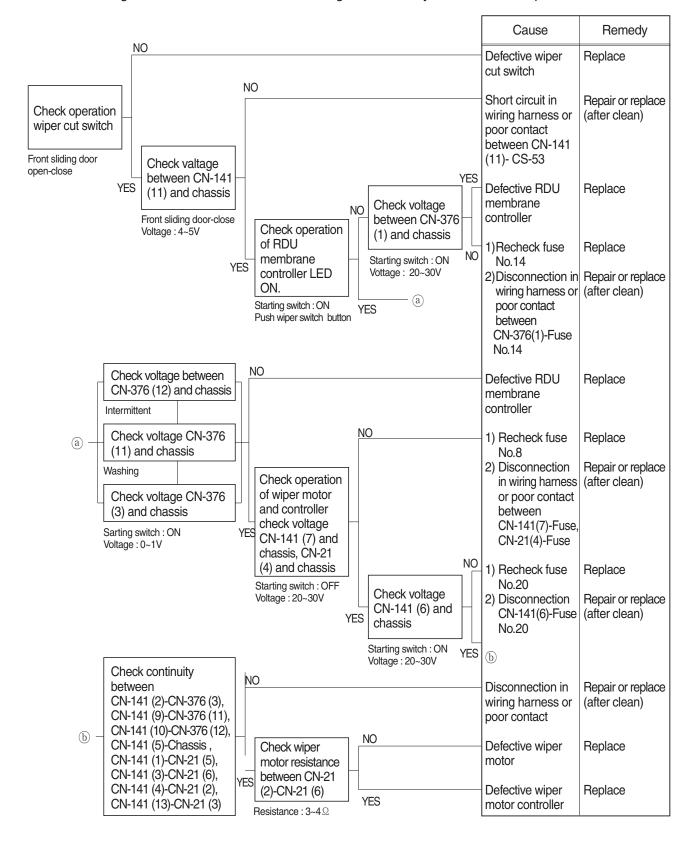
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted, master switch ON and check open circuit of circuit breaker (CN-60).
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

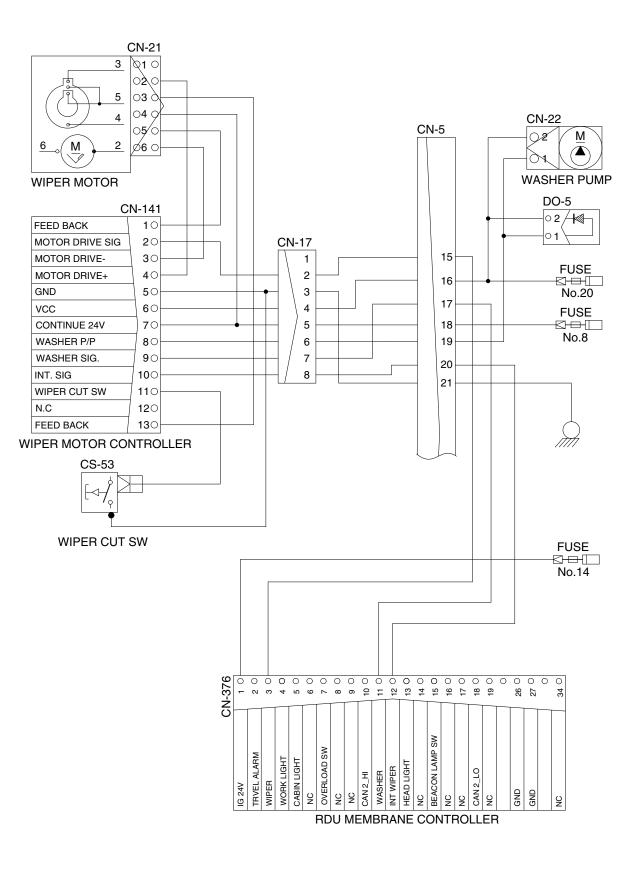




14. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, WIPER MOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE

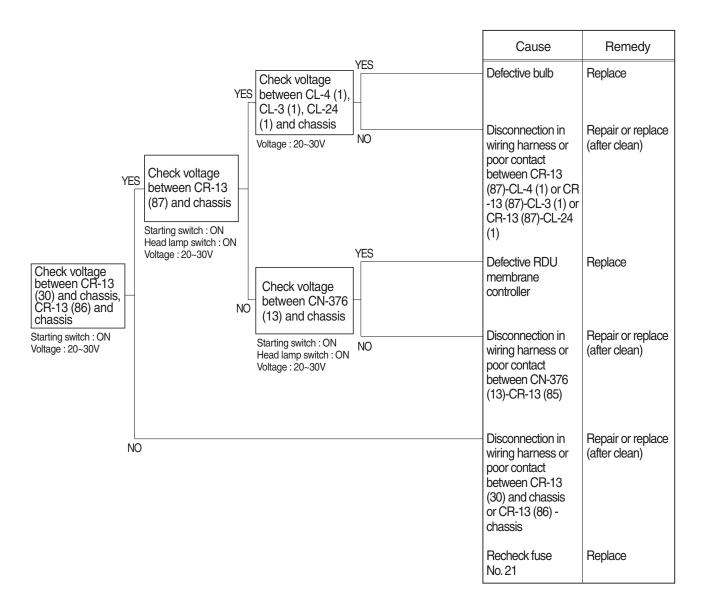
- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and the fuse No. 8, 14 and 20 is not blown out.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.

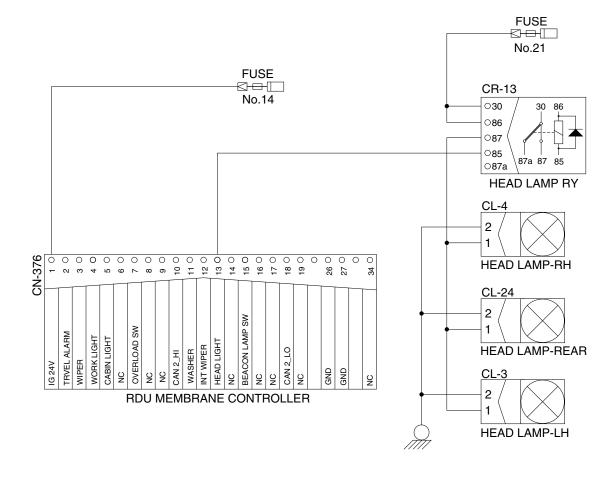




15. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, HEAD LAMP DOES NOT LIGHTS UP

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No.14 & 21.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



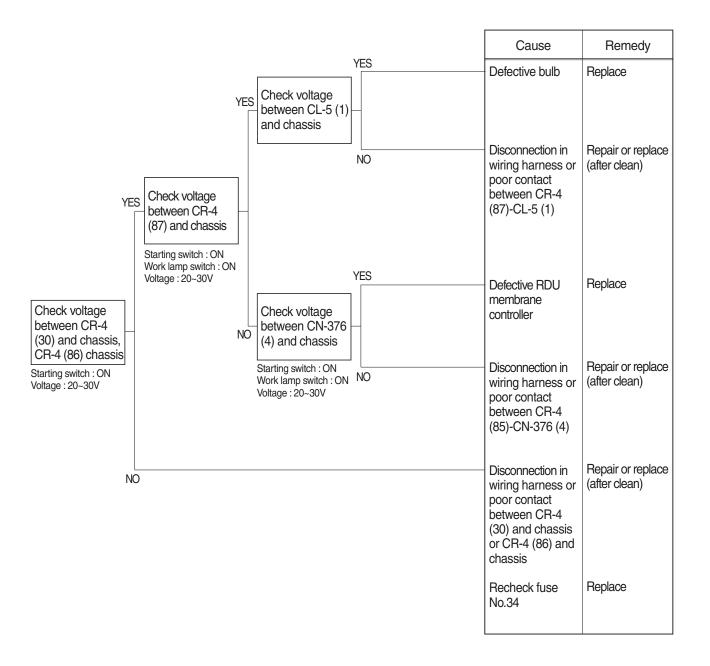


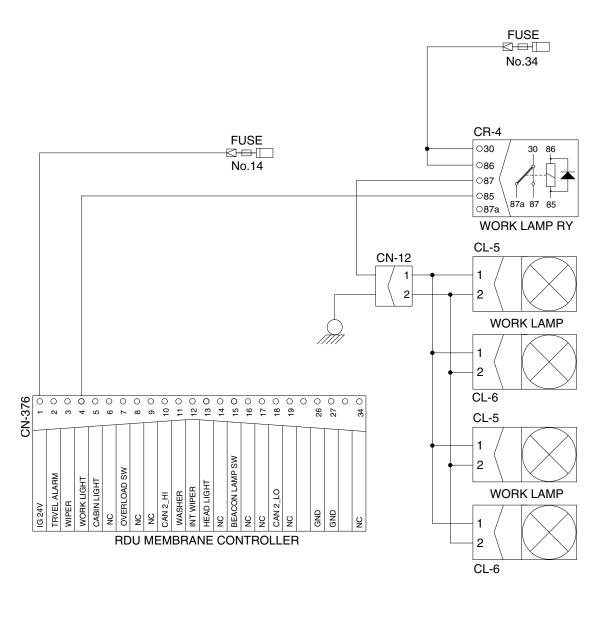
300L6ES117

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16. WHEN STARTING SWITCH IS TURNED ON, WORK LAMP DOES NOT LIGHTS UP

- · Before disconnecting the connector, always turn the starting switch OFF.
- · Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and short of fuse No.14 & 34.
- · After checking, insert the disconnected connectors again immediately unless otherwise specified.



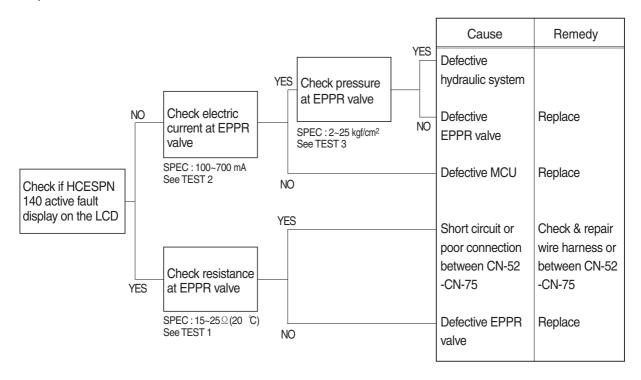


GROUP 4 MECHATRONICS SYSTEM

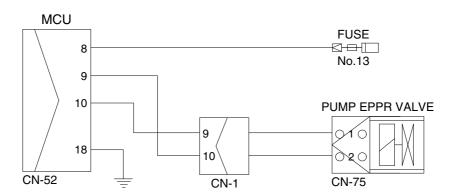
1. ALL ACTUATORS SPEED ARE SLOW (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- * Boom, Arm, Bucket, Swing and travel speed are slow, but engine speed is good.
- lpha Spec : P-mode 1800 \pm 50 rpm S -mode 1700 \pm 50 rpm E-mode 1600 \pm 50 rpm
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and fault code on the cluster.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



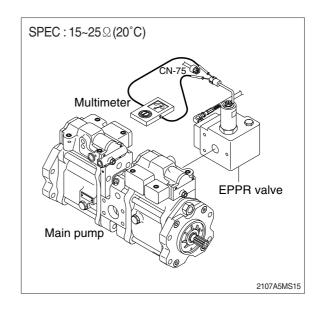
Wiring diagram



300L6MS51

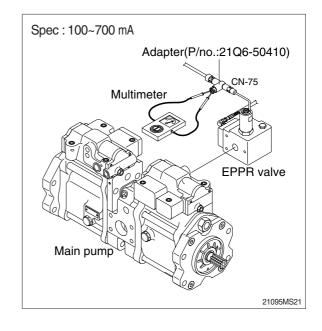
2) TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) **Test 1**: Check resistance at connector CN-75.
- Starting key OFF.
- ② Disconnect connector CN-75 from EPPR valve at main hydraulic pump.
- 3 Check resistance between 2 lines as figure.



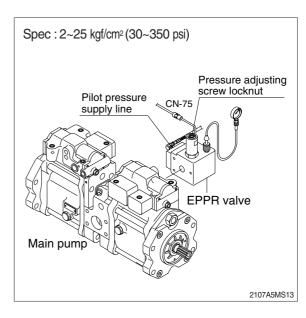
(2) Test 2 : Check electric current at EPPR valve.

- ① Disconnect connector CN-75 from EPPR valve.
- ② Insert the adapter to CN-75 and install multimeter as figure.
- ③ Start engine.
- 4 Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
- (5) Position the multimodal dial at 10.
- ⑥ If tachometer show approx 1700±50 rpm disconnect one wire harness from EPPR valve.
- Theck electric current at bucket circuit relief position.



(3) Test 3: Check pressure at EPPR valve.

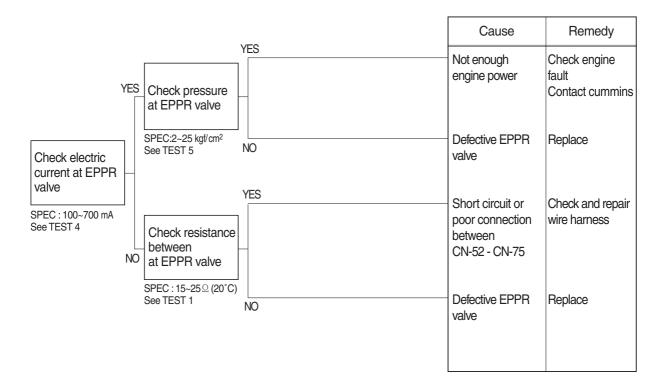
- ① Remove plug and connect pressure gauge as figure.
 - · Gauge capacity: 0 to 50 kgf/cm² (0 to 725 psi)
- 2 Start engine.
- 3 Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
- 4 Position the multimodal dial at 10.
- ⑤ If tachometer show approx 1700±50 rpm check pressure at relief position of bucket circuit by operating bucket control lever.
- 6 If pressure is not correct, adjust it.
- 7 After adjust, test the machine.



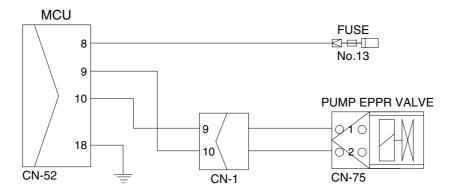
2. ENGINE STALL (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



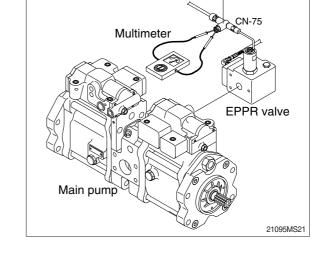
Wiring diagram



300L6MS51

(SERIAL NO.: -#0785) 2) TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) **Test 4**: Check electric current at EPPR valve.
 - ① Disconnect connector CN-75 from EPPR valve.
 - ② Insert the adapter to CN-75 and install multimeter as figure.
 - 3 Start engine.
 - 4 Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
 - 5 Position the multimodal dial at 10.
- ⑥ If rpm show approx 1700±50 rpm disconnect one wire harness from EPPR valve.
- Theck electric current at bucket circuit relief position.

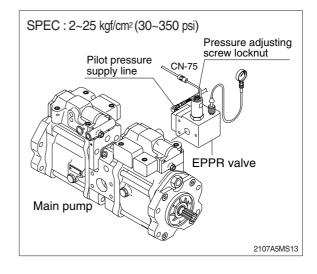


Adapter(P/no.:21Q6-50410)

Spec: 100~700 mA

(2) Test 5 : Check pressure at EPPR valve.

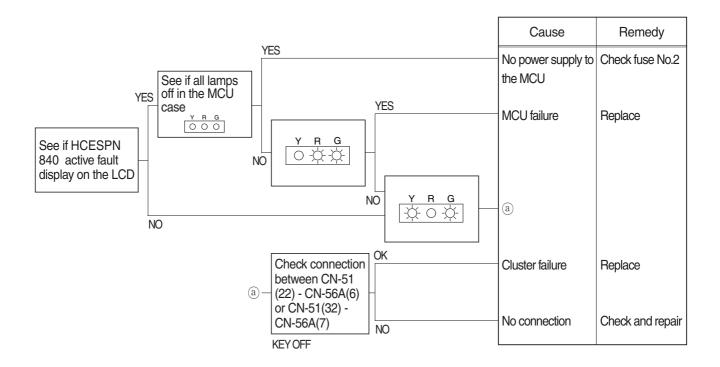
- ① Remove plug and connect pressure gauge as figure.
 - · Gauge capacity: 0 to 50 kgf/cm² (0 to 725 psi)
- ② Start engine.
- ③ Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
- 4 Position the multimodal dial at 10.
- ⑤ If rpm show approx 1700±50 rpm check pressure at relief position of bucket circuit by operating bucket control lever.
- 6 If pressure is not correct, adjust it.
- 7 After adjust, test the machine.



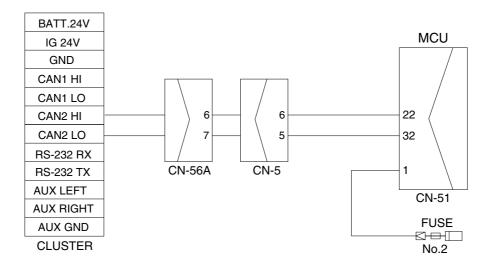
3. MALFUNCTION OF CLUSTER OR MODE SELECTION SYSTEM (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram

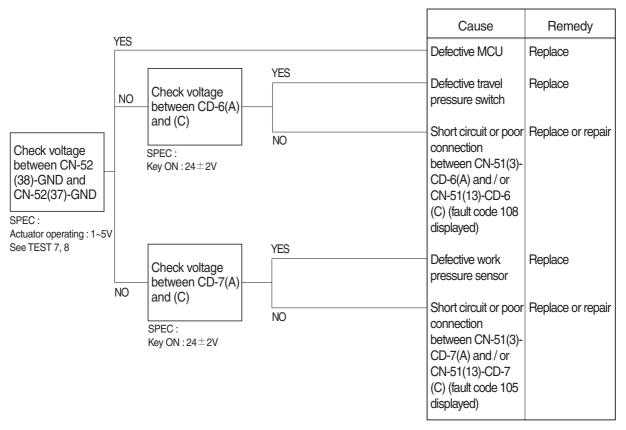


300L6MS52

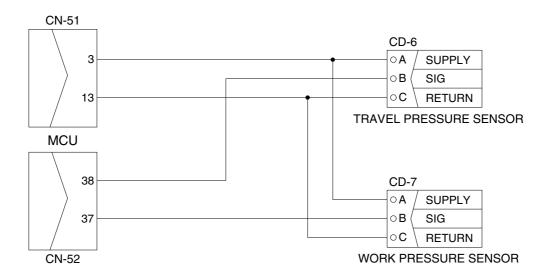
4. AUTO DECEL SYSTEM DOES NOT WORK (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- Fault code: HCESPN 105, FMI 0~4 (work pressure sensor)
 HCESPN 108, FMI 0~4 (travel oil pressure sensor)
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE

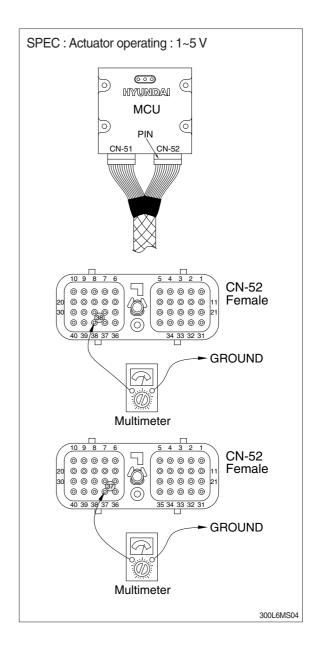


Wiring diagram



300L6MS03

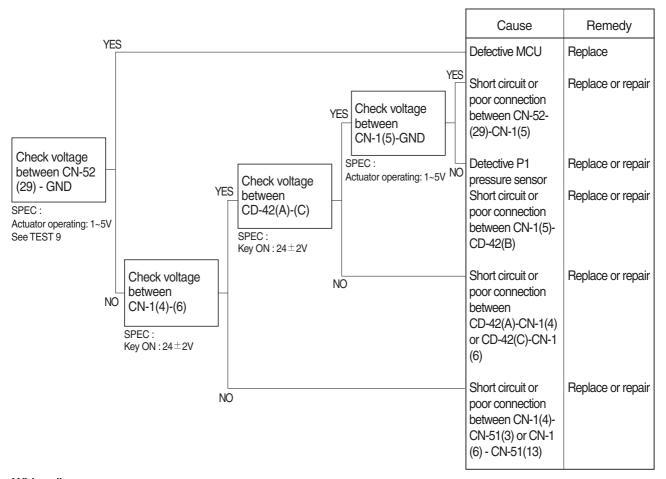
- (1) Test 7: Check voltage at CN-52 (38) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors : One pin to (38) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.
- (2) Test 8: Check voltage at CN-52 (37) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (37) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



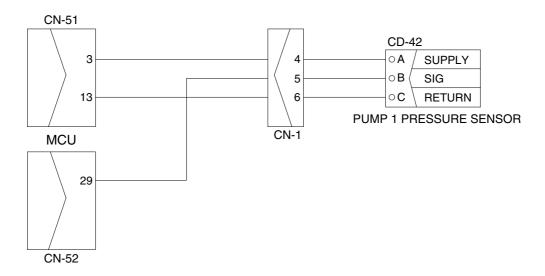
5. MALFUNCTION OF PUMP 1 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 120, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

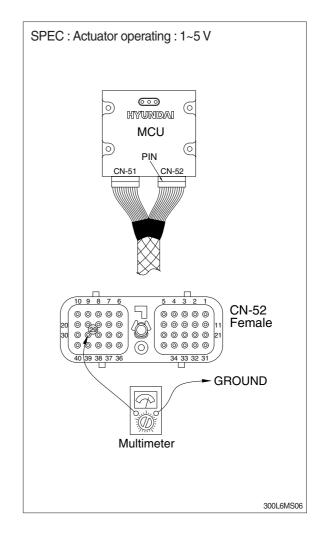
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



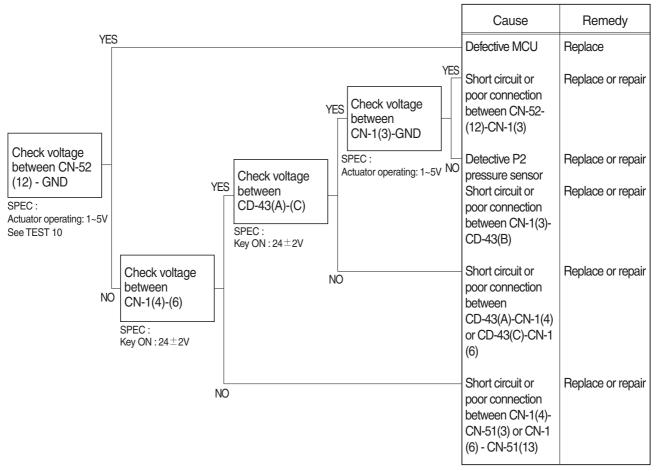
- (1) Test 9: Check voltage at CN-52 (29) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (29) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



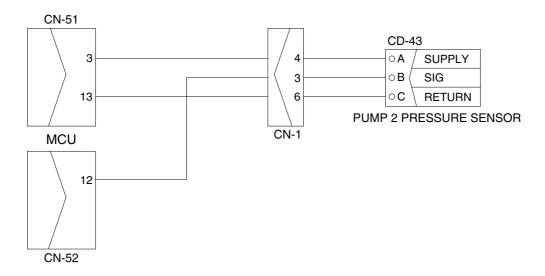
6. MALFUNCTION OF PUMP 2 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 121, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

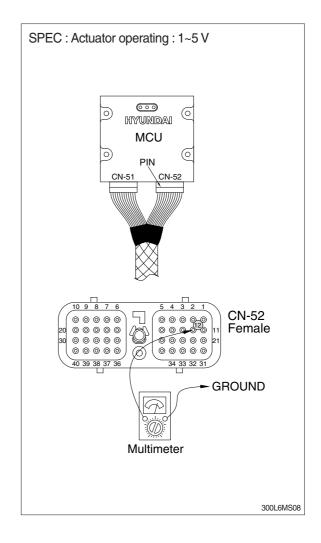
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



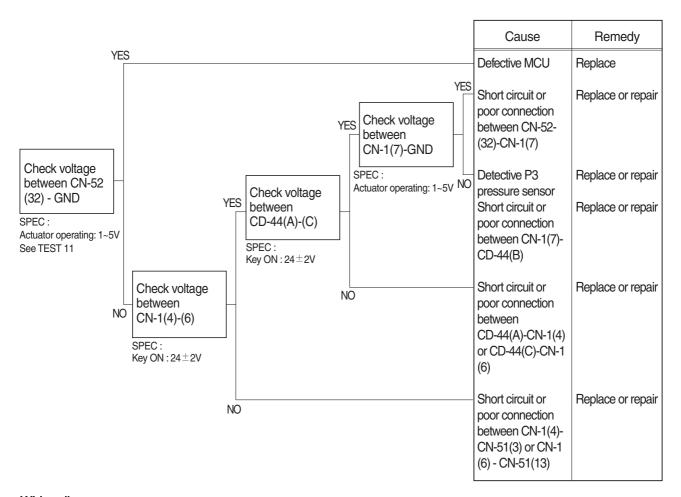
- (1) Test 10: Check voltage at CN-52 (12) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (12) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



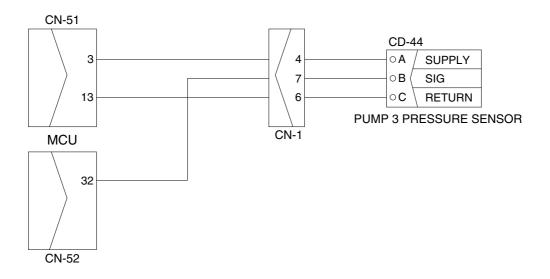
7. MALFUNCTION OF PUMP 3 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

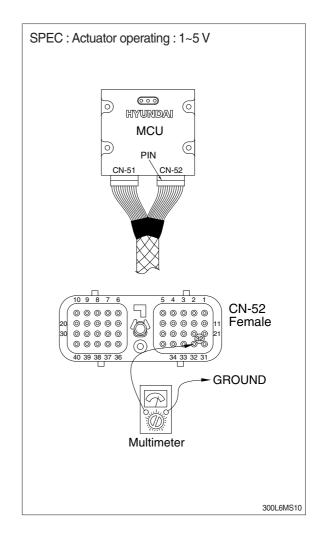
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



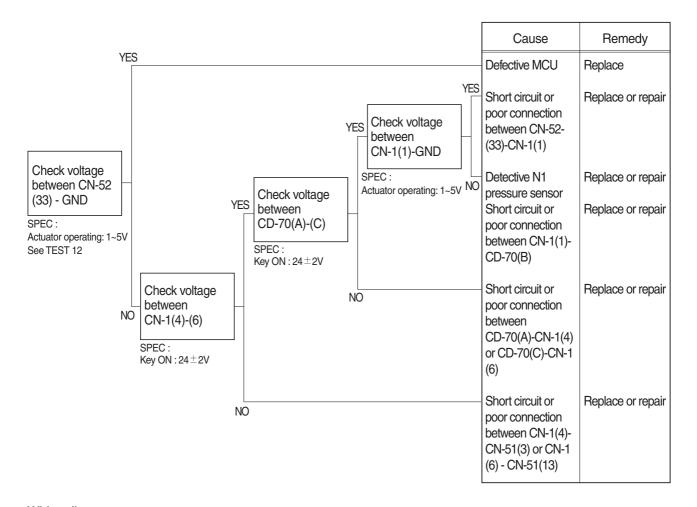
- (1) Test 11: Check voltage at CN-52 (32) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (32) of CN-52.
- ③ Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



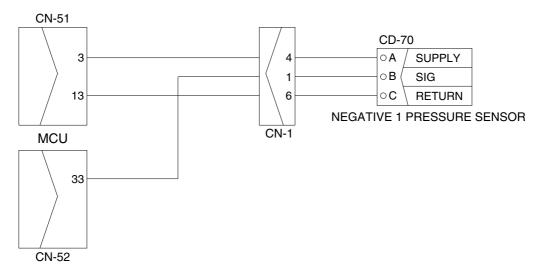
8. MALFUNCTION OF NEGATIVE 1 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 123, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

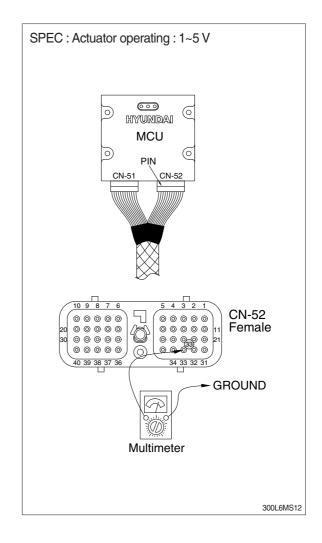
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



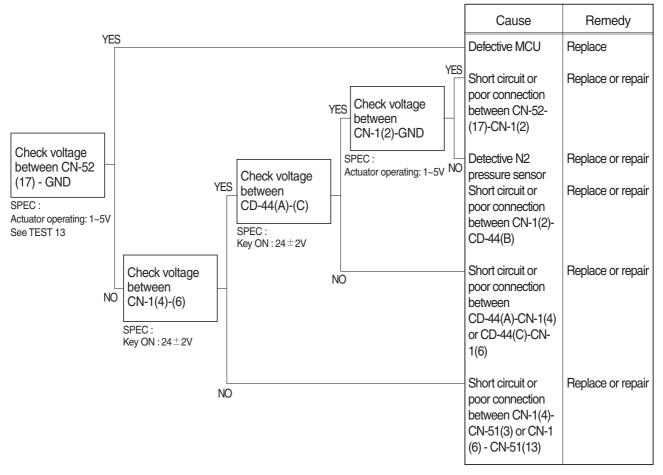
- (1) Test 12: Check voltage at CN-52 (33) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (33) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



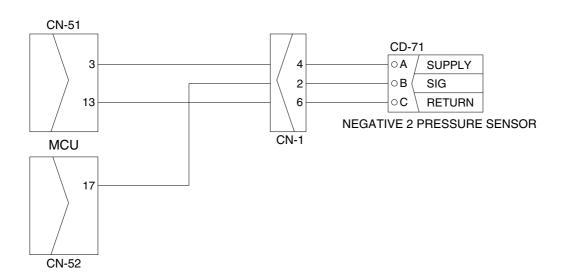
9. MALFUNCTION OF NEGATIVE 2 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 124, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

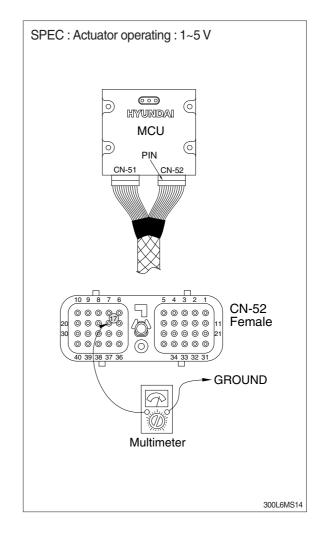
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



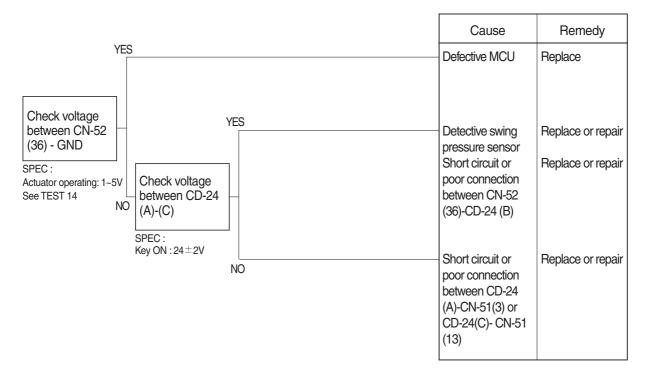
- (1) Test 13: Check voltage at CN-52 (17) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors : One pin to (17) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



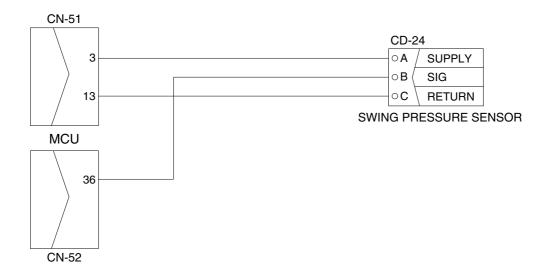
10. MALFUNCTION OF SWING PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 135, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

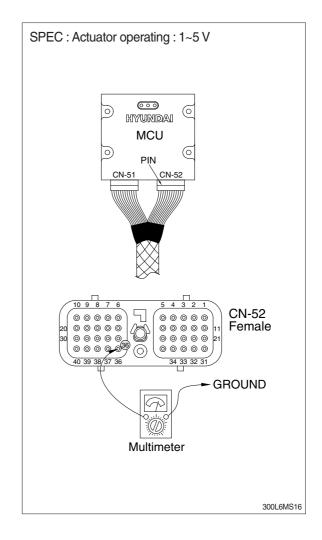
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



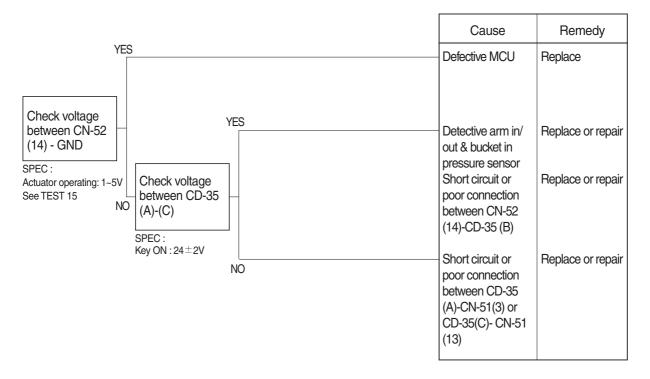
- (1) Test 14: Check voltage at CN-52 (36) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (36) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



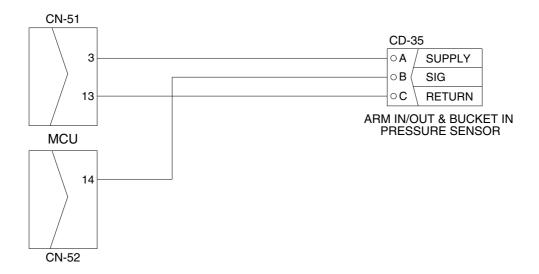
11. MALFUNCTION OF ARM IN/OUT & BUCKET IN PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 133, FMI 0~4
- ** Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

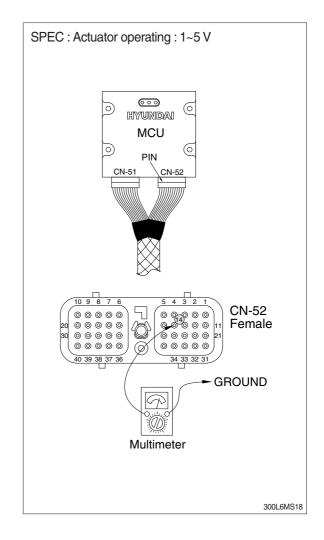
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



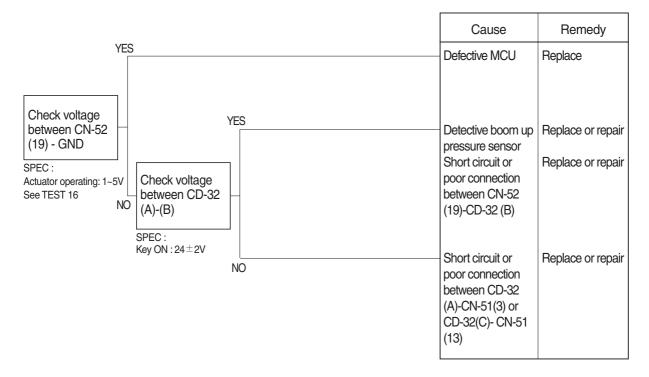
- (1) Test 15: Check voltage at CN-52 (14) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (14) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



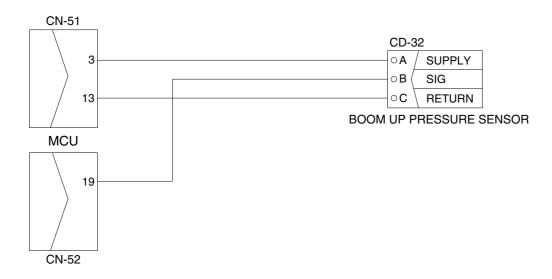
12. MALFUNCTION OF BOOM UP PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 127, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

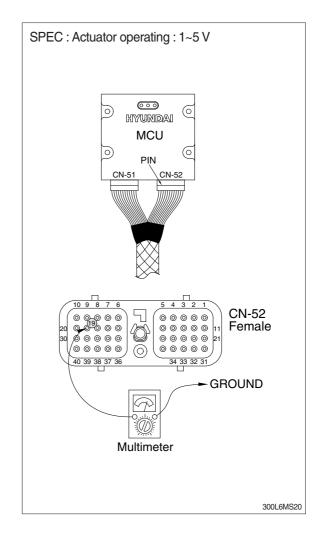
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



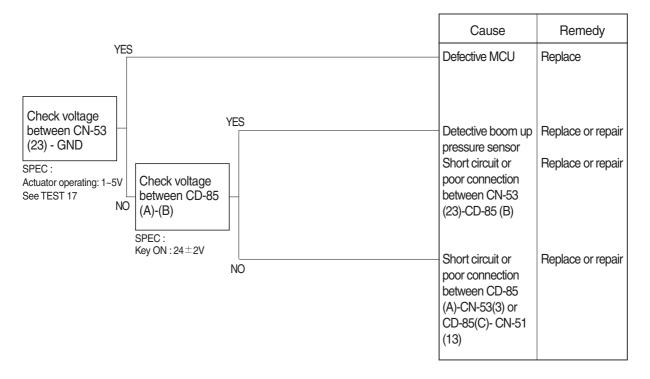
- (1) Test 16: Check voltage at CN-52 (19) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (19) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



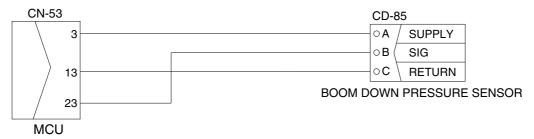
13. MALFUNCTION OF BOOM DOWN PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 128, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

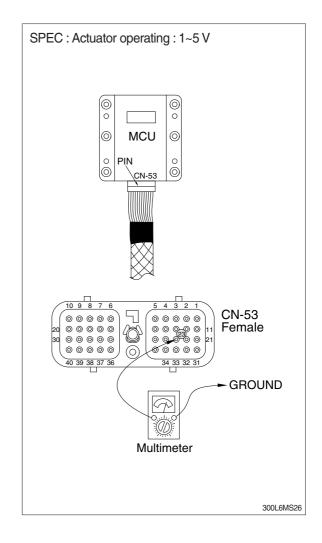
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



- (1) Test 17: Check voltage at CN-53 (23) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (23) of CN-53.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.

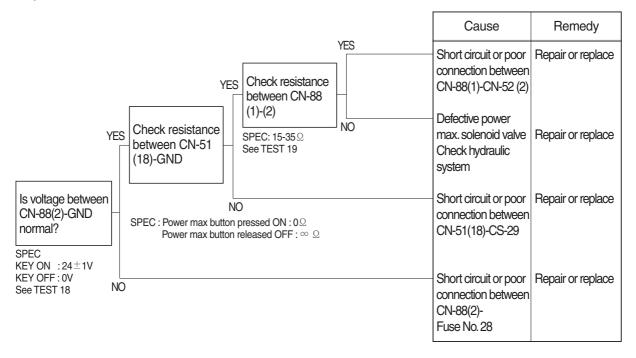


14. MALFUNCTION OF POWER MAX (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

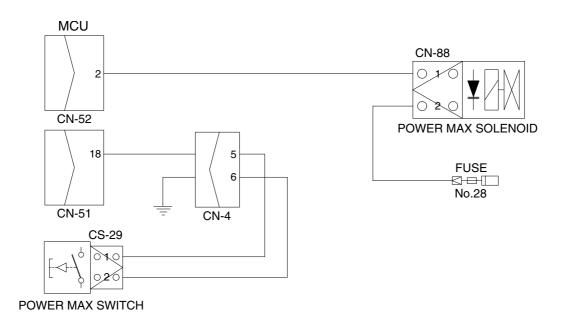
· Fault code: HCESPN 166, FMI 4 or 6

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

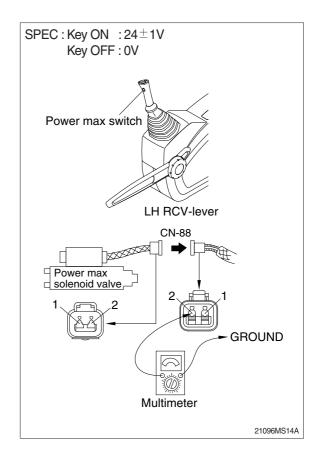
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



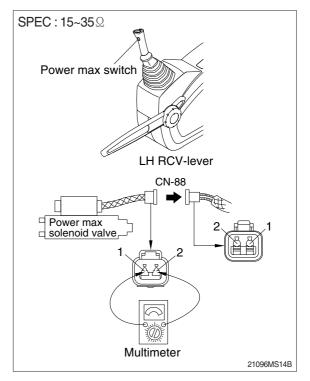
Wiring diagram



- (1) Test 18: Check voltage between connector CN-88 (2) GND.
- ① Disconnect connector CN-88 from power max solenoid valve.
- 2 Start key ON.
- 3 Check voltage as figure.



- (2) Test 19: Check resistance of the solenoid valve between CN-88 (1)-(2).
- ① Starting key OFF.
- ② Disconnect connector CN-88 from power max solenoid valve.
- 3 Check resistance as figure.

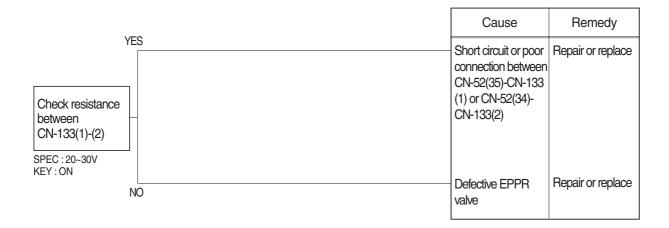


15. MALFUNCTION OF BOOM PRIORITY EPPR VALVE (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

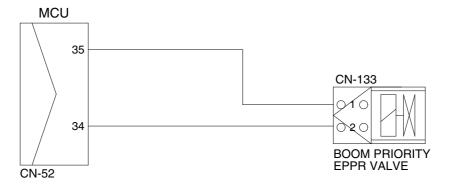
· Fault code: HCESPN 141, FMI 5 or 6

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram

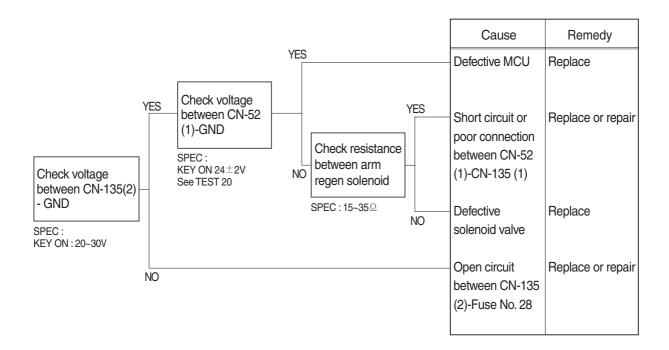


16. MALFUNCTION OF ARM REGENERATION SOLENOID (SERIAL NO.: -#0785)

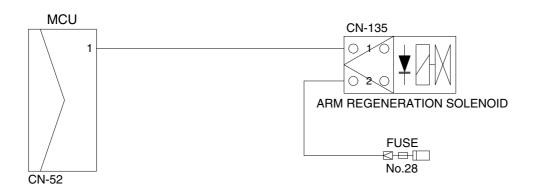
· Fault code: HCESPN 170, FMI 4 or 6

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

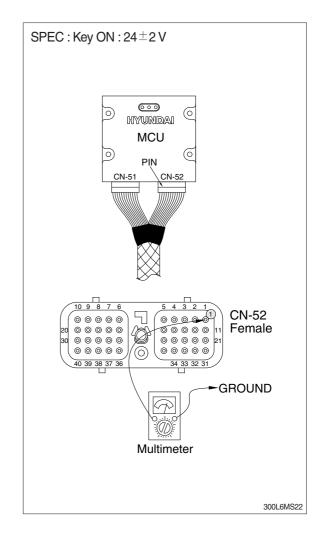
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



- (1) Test 20: Check voltage at CN-52 (1) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (1) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting key ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.

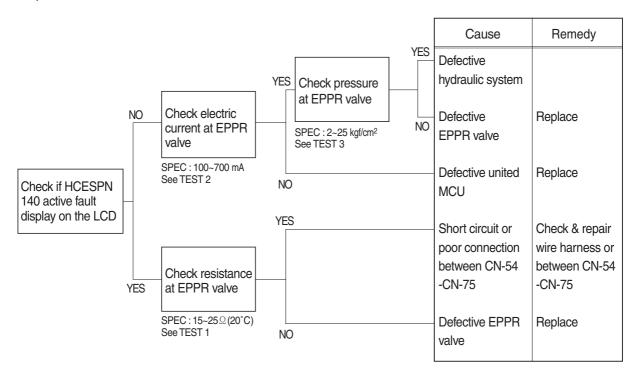


MECHATRONICS SYSTEM

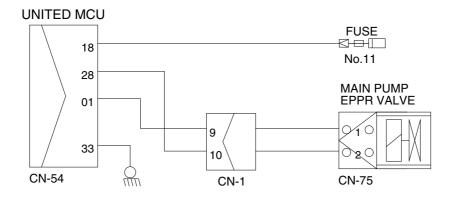
1. ALL ACTUATORS SPEED ARE SLOW (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- * Boom, Arm, Bucket, Swing and travel speed are slow, but engine speed is good.
- lpha Spec : P-mode 1800 \pm 50 rpm S -mode 1700 \pm 50 rpm E-mode 1600 \pm 50 rpm
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted and fault code on the cluster.

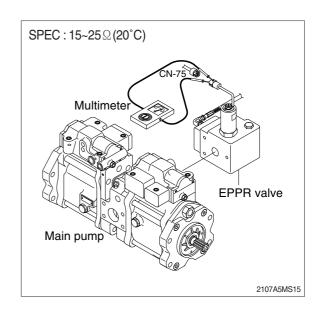
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



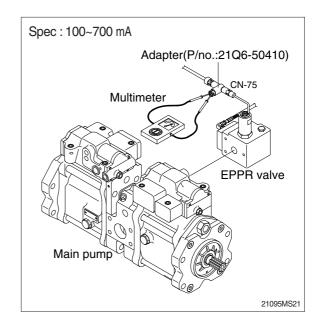
Wiring diagram



- (1) **Test 1**: Check resistance at connector CN-75.
- ① Starting key OFF.
- ② Disconnect connector CN-75 from EPPR valve at main hydraulic pump.
- 3 Check resistance between 2 lines as figure.

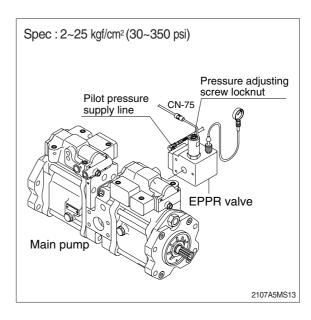


- (2) Test 2 : Check electric current at EPPR valve.
- ① Disconnect connector CN-75 from EPPR valve.
- ② Insert the adapter to CN-75 and install multimeter as figure.
- ③ Start engine.
- 4 Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
- (5) Position the multimodal dial at 10.
- ⑥ If tachometer show approx 1700±50 rpm disconnect one wire harness from EPPR valve.
- ⑦ Check electric current at bucket circuit relief position.



- (3) Test 3: Check pressure at EPPR valve.
 - ① Remove plug and connect pressure gauge as figure.
 - · Gauge capacity: 0 to 50 kgf/cm² (0 to 725 psi)
 - ② Start engine.
- Set ③ S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.

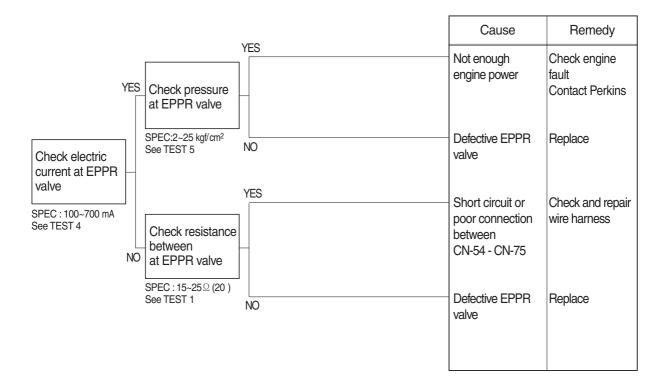
 Position the multimodal dial at 10.
 - 4 If tachometer show approx 1700±50 rpm
 - ⑤ check pressure at relief position of bucket circuit by operating bucket control lever. If pressure is not correct, adjust it.
 - 6 After adjust, test the machine.
 - \bigcirc



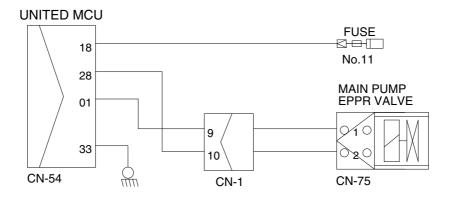
2. ENGINE STALL (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



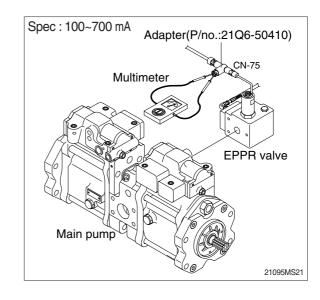
Wiring diagram

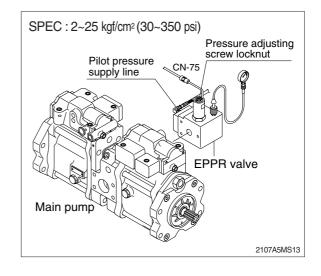


- (1) **Test 4**: Check electric current at EPPR valve.
 - ① Disconnect connector CN-75 from EPPR valve.
 - ② Insert the adapter to CN-75 and install multimeter as figure.
 - 3 Start engine.
 - Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
 - ⑤ Position the multimodal dial at 10.
 - © If rpm show approx 1700±50 rpm disconnect one wire harness from EPPR valve.
 - Theck electric current at bucket circuit relief position.



- ① Remove plug and connect pressure gauge as figure.
 - · Gauge capacity : 0 to 50 kgf/cm² (0 to 725 psi)
- ② Start engine.
- ③ Set S-mode and cancel auto decel mode.
- 4 Position the multimodal dial at 10.
- ⑤ If rpm show approx 1700±50 rpm check pressure at relief position of bucket circuit by operating bucket control lever.
- 6 If pressure is not correct, adjust it.
- 7 After adjust, test the machine.

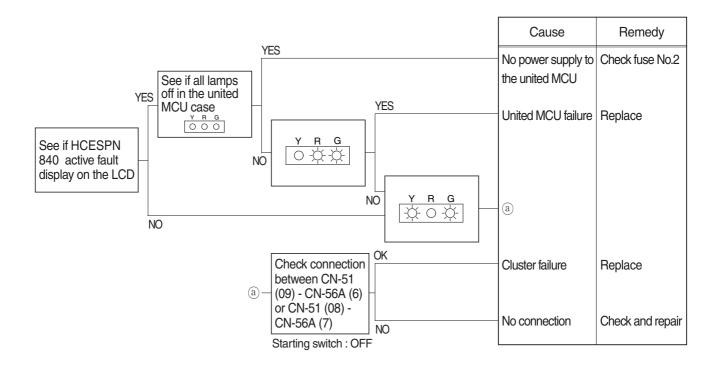




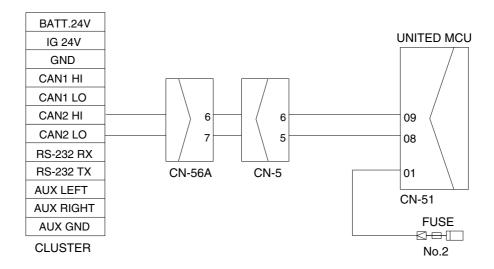
3. MALFUNCTION OF CLUSTER OR MODE SELECTION SYSTEM (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



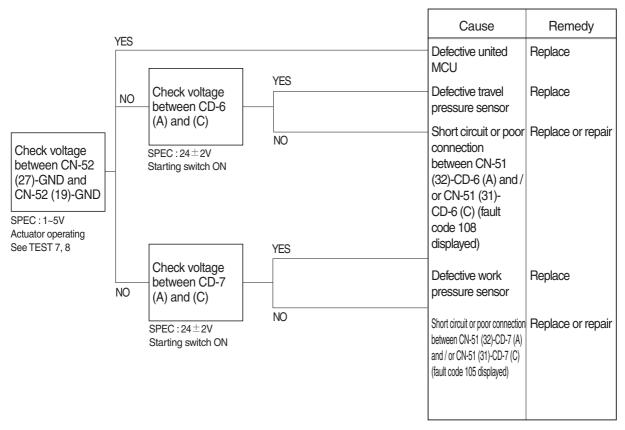
Wiring diagram



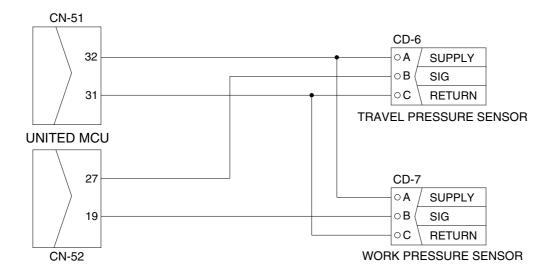
4. AUTO DECEL SYSTEM DOES NOT WORK (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- Fault code: HCESPN 105, FMI 0~4 (work pressure sensor)
 HCESPN 108, FMI 0~4 (travel oil pressure sensor)
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE

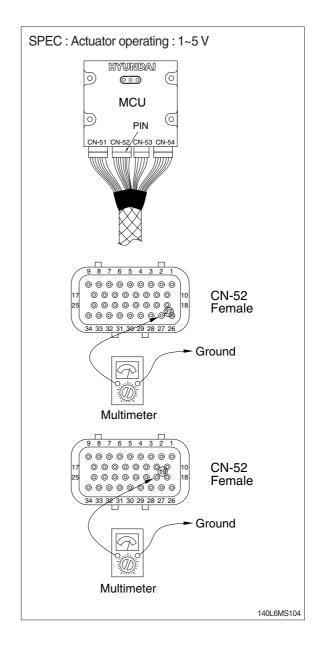


Wiring diagram



(SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

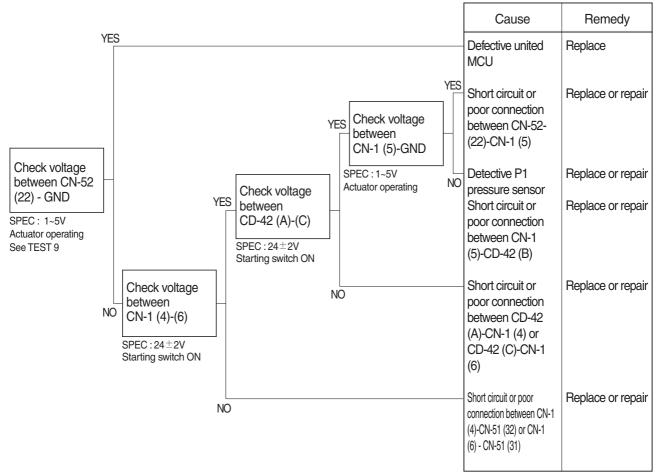
- 2) TEST PROCEDURE
- (1) Test 7: Check voltage at CN-52 (27) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors : One pin to (27) of CN-52.
- 3 Starting switch ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.
- (2) Test 8: Check voltage at CN-52 (19) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (19) of CN-52.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



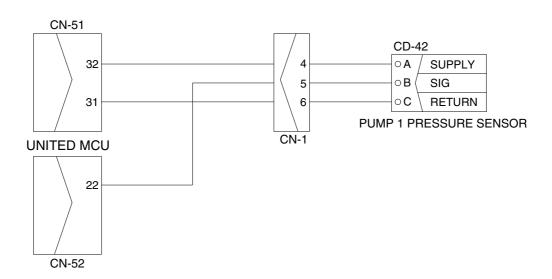
5. MALFUNCTION OF PUMP 1 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 120, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

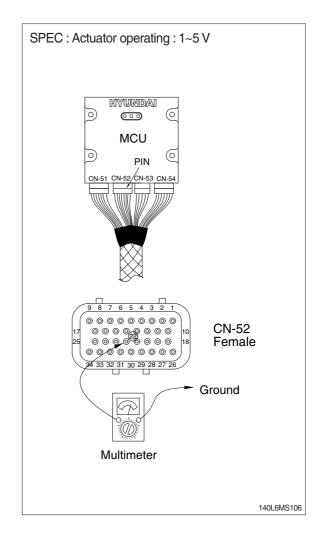
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



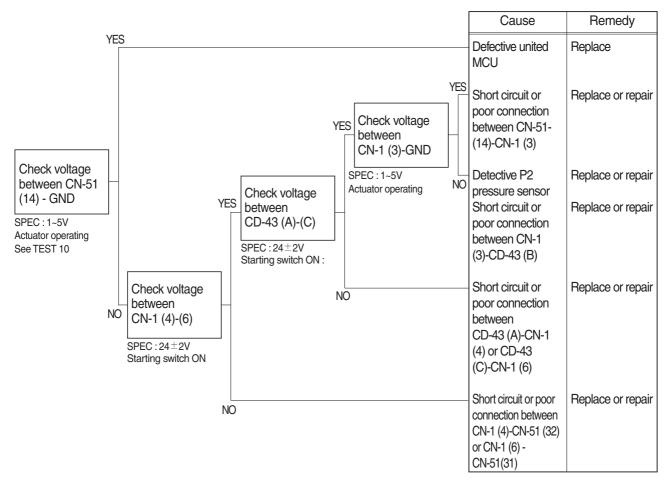
- (1) Test 9: Check voltage at CN-52 (22) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (22) of CN-52.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



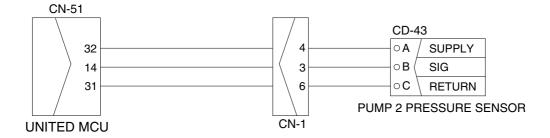
6. MALFUNCTION OF PUMP 2 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 121, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

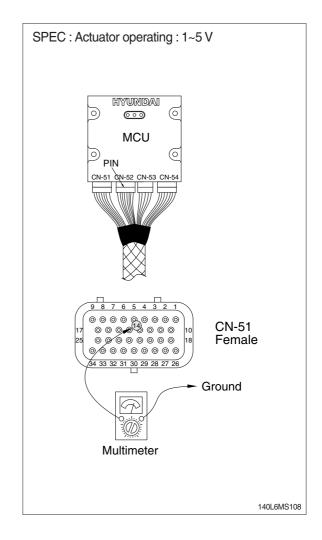
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



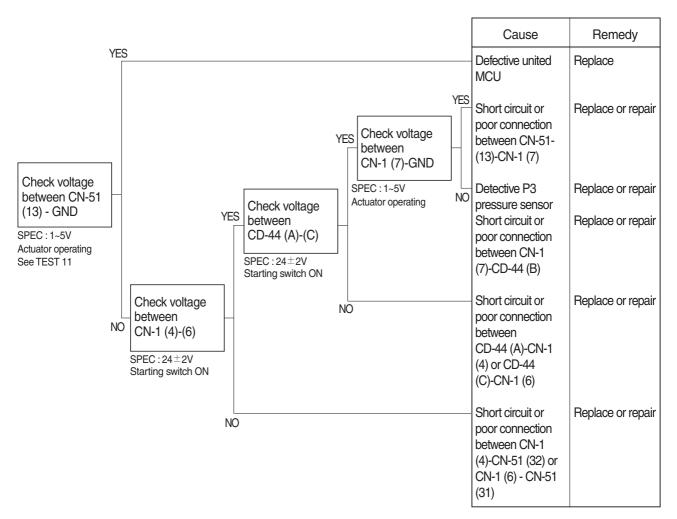
- (1) Test 10: Check voltage at CN-51 (14) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (14) of CN-51.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



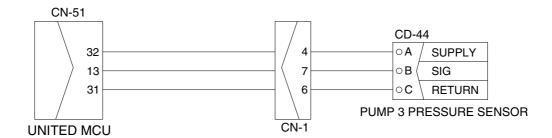
7. MALFUNCTION OF PUMP 3 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE

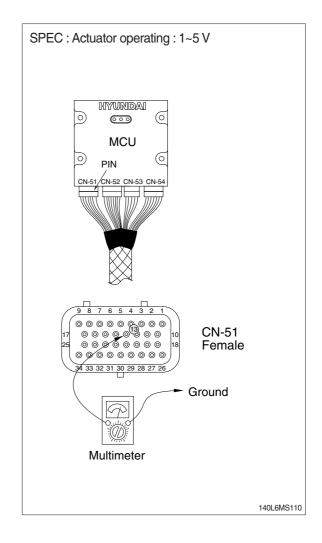


Wiring diagram



2) TEST PROCEDURE

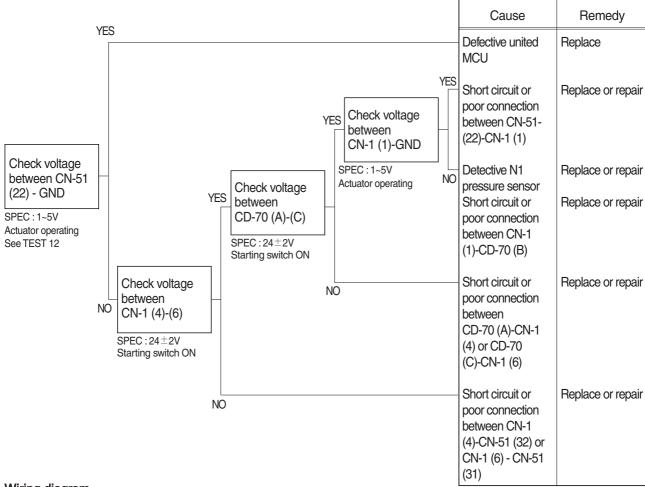
- (1) Test 11: Check voltage at CN-51 (13) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (13) of CN-51.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



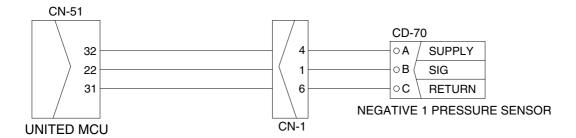
8. MALFUNCTION OF NEGATIVE 1 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 123, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



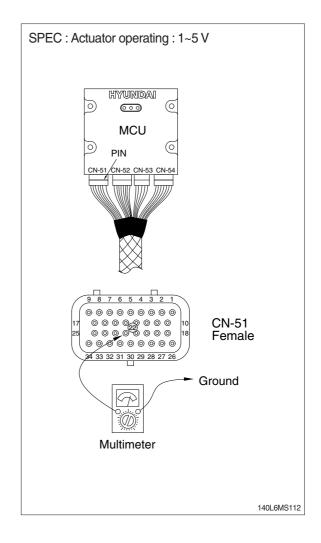
Wiring diagram



140L6MS111

2) TEST PROCEDURE

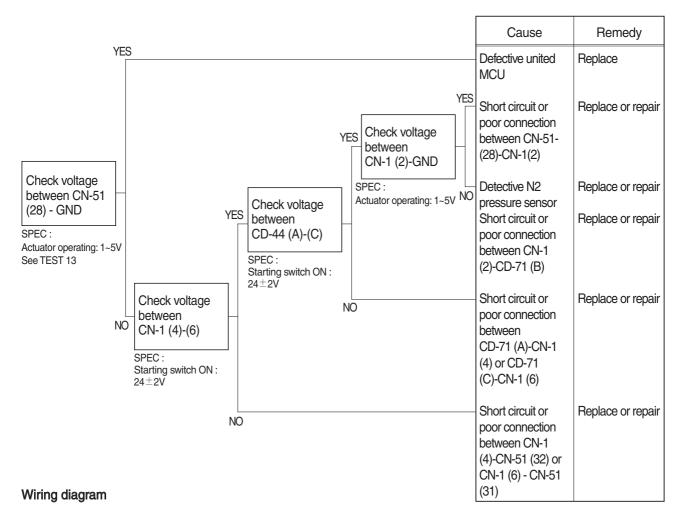
- (1) Test 12: Check voltage at CN-51 (22) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (22) of CN-51.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.

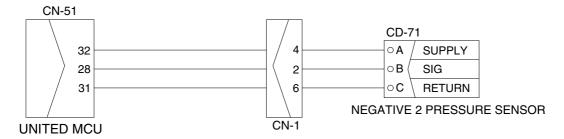


9. MALFUNCTION OF NEGATIVE 2 PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 124, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

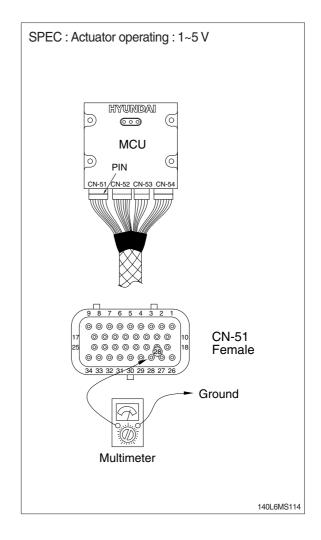
1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE





2) TEST PROCEDURE

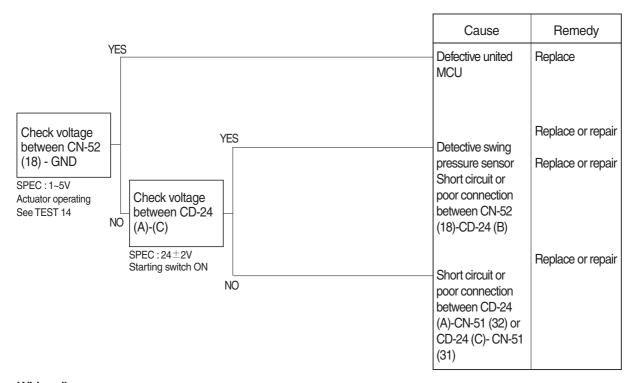
- (1) Test 13: Check voltage at CN-51 (28) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (28) of CN-51.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- ④ Check voltage as figure.



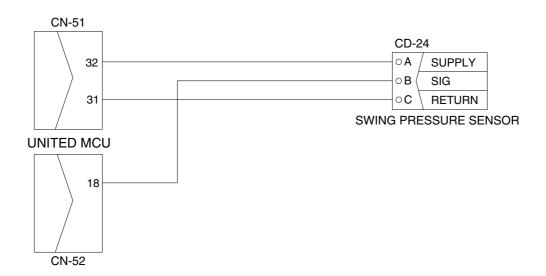
10. MALFUNCTION OF SWING PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 135, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE

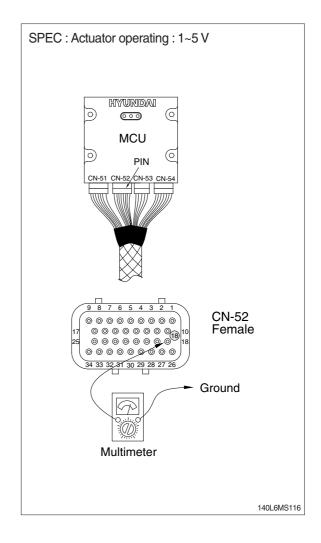


Wiring diagram



140L6MS115

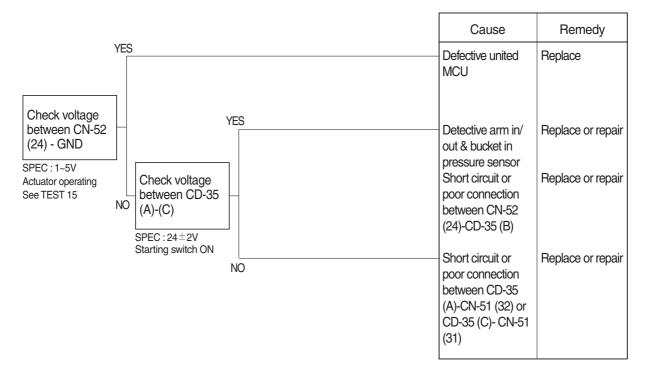
- 2) TEST PROCEDURE
- (1) Test 14: Check voltage at CN-52 (18) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (18) of CN-52.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- ④ Check voltage as figure.



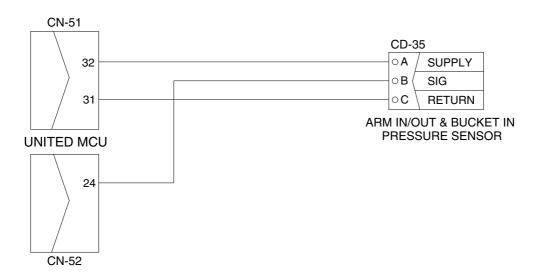
11. MALFUNCTION OF ARM IN/OUT & BUCKET IN PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 133, FMI 0~4
- ** Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



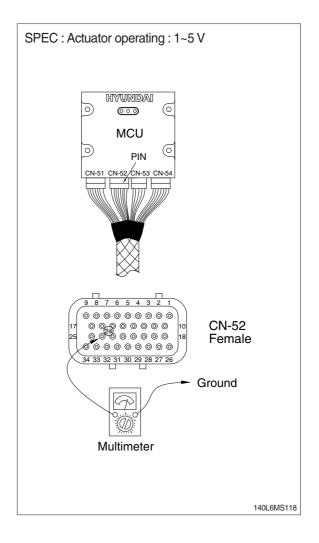
Wiring diagram



140L6MS117

2) TEST PROCEDURE

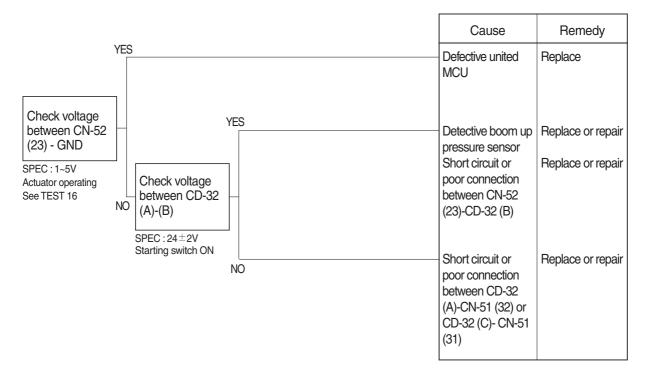
- (1) Test 15: Check voltage at CN-52 (24) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (24) of CN-52.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



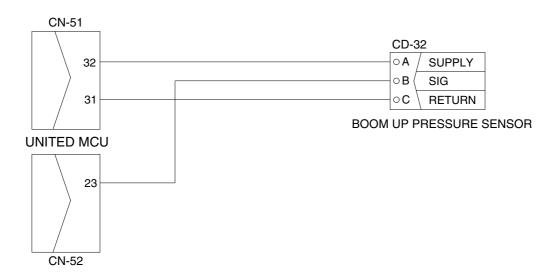
12. MALFUNCTION OF BOOM UP PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 127, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE

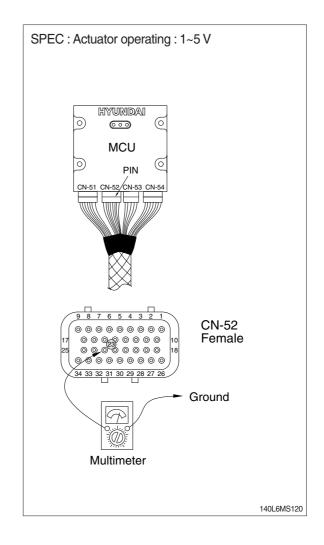


Wiring diagram



140L6MS119

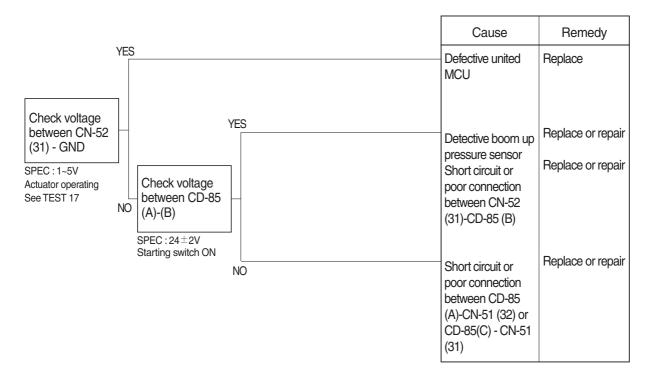
- 2) TEST PROCEDURE
- (1) Test 16: Check voltage at CN-52 (23) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (23) of CN-52.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- ④ Check voltage as figure.



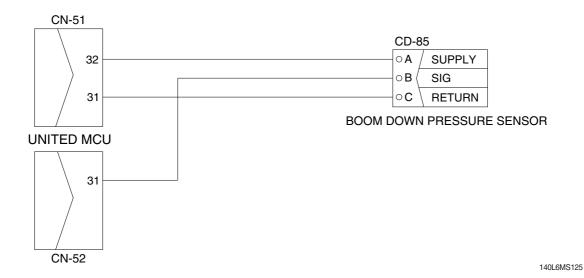
13. MALFUNCTION OF BOOM DOWN PRESSURE SENSOR (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

- · Fault code: HCESPN 128, FMI 0~4
- * Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE

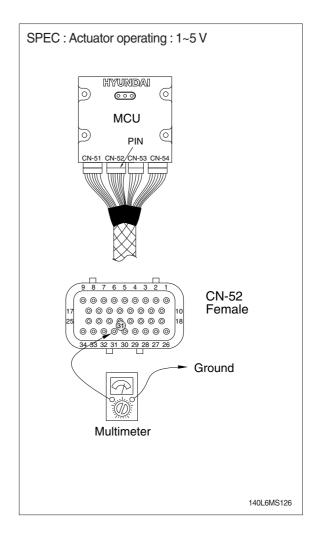


Wiring diagram



2) TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) Test 17: Check voltage at CN-52 (31) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (31) of CN-52.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.

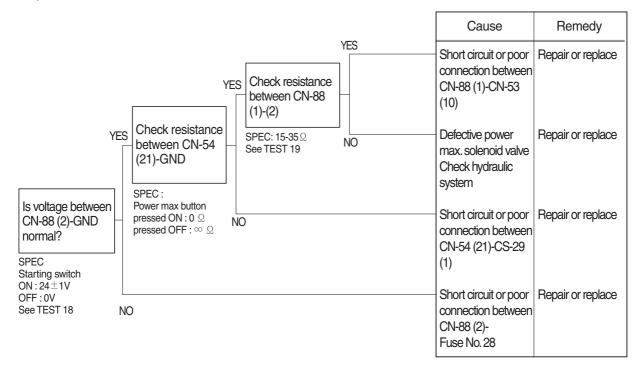


14. MALFUNCTION OF POWER MAX (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

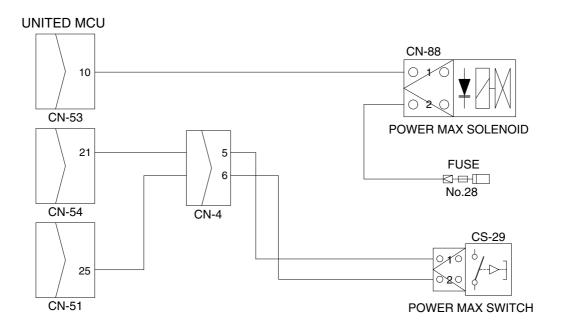
· Fault code: HCESPN 166, FMI 4 or 6

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



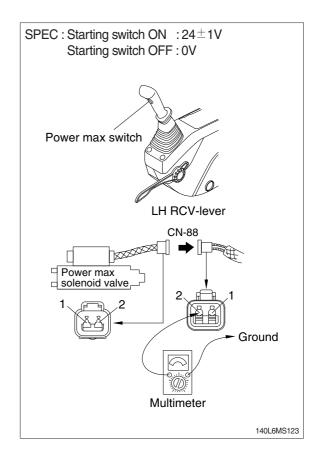
Wiring diagram



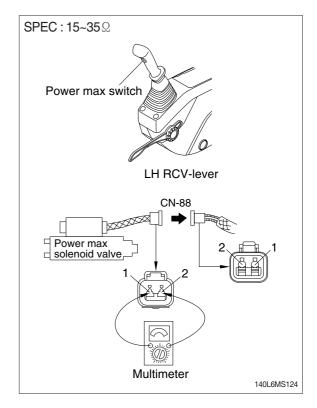
140L6MS121

2) TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) Test 18: Check voltage between connector CN-88 (2) GND.
- ① Disconnect connector CN-88 from power max solenoid valve.
- ② Start switch ON.
- ③ Check voltage as figure.



- (2) Test 19: Check resistance of the solenoid valve between CN-88 (1)-(2).
- ① Starting switch OFF.
- ② Disconnect connector CN-88 from power max solenoid valve.
- ③ Check resistance as figure.

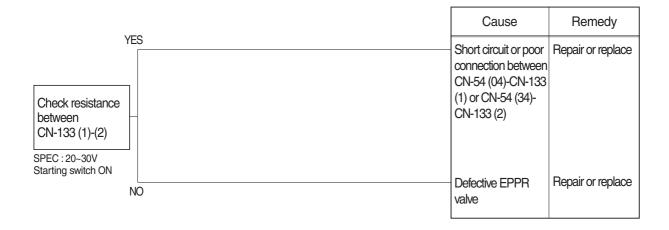


15. MALFUNCTION OF BOOM PRIORITY EPPR VALVE (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

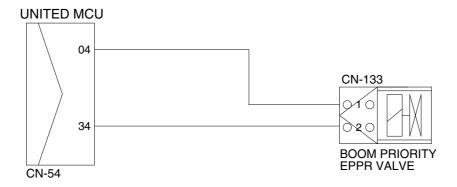
· Fault code: HCESPN 141, FMI 5 or 6

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



Wiring diagram



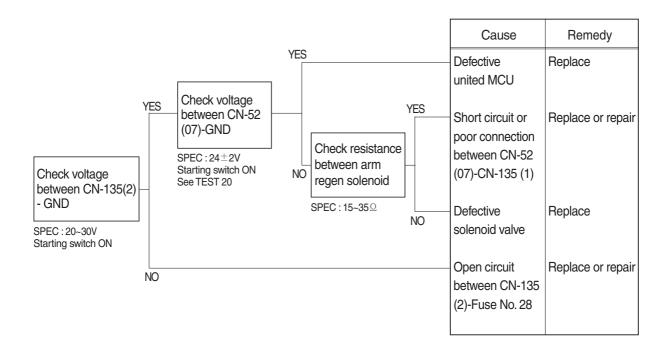
140L6MS122

16. MALFUNCTION OF ARM REGENERATION SOLENOID (SERIAL NO.: #0786-)

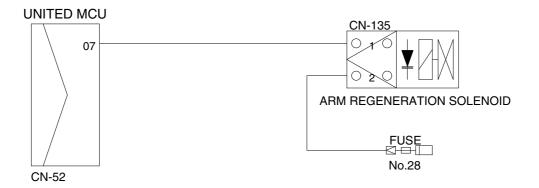
· Fault code: HCESPN 170, FMI 4 or 6

* Before carrying out below procedure, check all the related connectors are properly inserted.

1) INSPECTION PROCEDURE



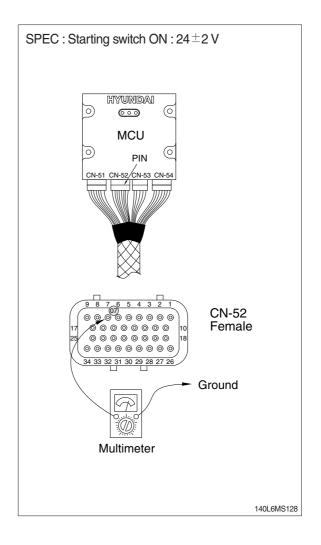
Wiring diagram



140L6MS127

2) TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) Test 20 : Check voltage at CN-52 (07) and ground.
- ① Prepare 1 piece of thin sharp pin, steel or copper.
- ② Insert prepared pin to rear side of connectors: One pin to (07) of CN-52.
- ③ Starting switch ON.
- 4 Check voltage as figure.



SECTION 7 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

| Group | 1 | Operational Performance Test | 7-1 |
|-------|---|------------------------------|------|
| Group | 2 | Major Components | 7-21 |
| Group | 3 | Track and Work Equipment | 7-32 |

SECTION 7 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

GROUP 1 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

1. PURPOSE

Performance tests are used to check:

1) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A NEW MACHINE

Whenever a new machine is delivered in parts and reassembled at a customer's site, it must be tested to confirm that the operational performance of the machine meets HD Hyundai Construction Equipment spec.

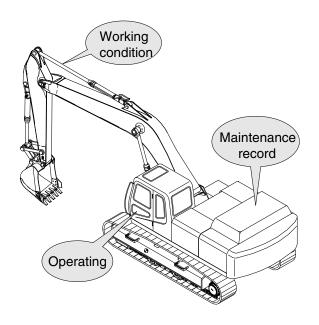
2) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A WORKING MACHINE

With the passage of time, the machine's operational performance deteriorates, so that the machine needs to be serviced periodically to restore it to its original performance level.

Before servicing the machine, conduct performance tests to check the extent of deterioration, and to decide what kind of service needs to be done(by referring to the "Service Limits" in this manual).

3) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A REPAIRED MACHINE

After the machine is repaired or serviced, it must be tested to confirm that its operational performance was restored by the repair and/or service work done.

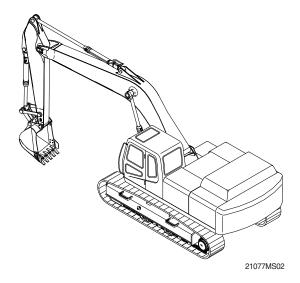


21077MS01

2. TERMINOLOGY

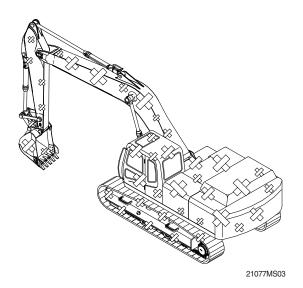
1) STANDARD

Specifications applied to the brand-new machine, components and parts.



2) SERVICE LIMIT

The lowest acceptable performance level. When the performance level of the machine falls below this level, the machine must be removed from work and repaired. Necessary parts and components must be replaced.



3. OPERATION FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

 Observe the following rules in order to carry out performance tests accurately and safely.

(1) The machine

Repair any defects and damage found, such as oil or water leaks, loose bolts, cracks and so on, before starting to test.

(2) Test area

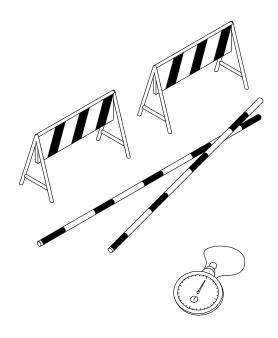
- ① Select a hard, flat surface.
- ② Secure enough space to allow the machine to run straight more than 20 m, and to make a full swing with the front attachment extended.
- ③ If required, rope off the test area and provide signboards to keep unauthorized personnel away.

(3) Precautions

- ① Before starting to test, agree upon the signals to be employed for communication among coworkers. Once the test is started, be sure to communicate with each other using these signals, and to follow them without fail.
- ② Operate the machine carefully and always give first priority to safety.
- While testing, always take care to avoid accidents due to landslides or contact with high voltage power lines. Always confirm that there is sufficient space for full swings.
- Avoid polluting the machine and the ground with leaking oil. Use oil pans to catch escaping oil. Pay special attention to this when removing hydraulic pipings.

(4) Make precise measurements

- Accurately calibrate test instruments in advance to obtain correct data.
- ② Carry out tests under the exact test conditions prescribed for each test item.
- ③ Repeat the same test and confirm that the test data obtained can be procured repeatedly. Use mean values of measurements if necessary.



(210-7) 7-3

2) ENGINE SPEED

- (1) Measure the engine speed at each power mode
- ** The engine speed at each power mode must meet standard RPM; if not, all other operational performance data will be unreliable. It is essential to perform this test first.

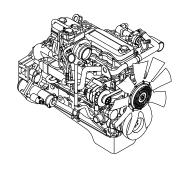
(2) Preparation

- ① Warm up the machine, until the engine coolant temperature reaches 50°C or more, and the hydraulic oil is 50±5°C.
- ② Set the accel dial at 10 (Max) position.
- 3 Measure the engine RPM.

(3) Measurement

- ① Start the engine. The engine will run at start idle speed. Measure engine speed with a engine rpm display.
- ② Measure and record the engine speed at each mode (P, S, E).
- 3 Select the P-mode.
- 4 Lightly operate the bucket control lever a few times, then return the control lever to neutral; The engine will automatically enter the auto-idle speed after 4 seconds.
- Measure and record the auto deceleration speed.





300L7MS01

(4) Evaluation

The measured speeds should meet the following specifications.

Unit: rpm

| Model | Engine speed | Standard | Remarks |
|---------|-----------------|----------|---------|
| | Start idle | 1000±100 | |
| | P mode | 1800±50 | |
| HX300 L | S mode | 1700±50 | |
| HA300 L | E mode | 1600±50 | |
| | Auto decel | 1100±100 | |
| | One touch decel | 1000±100 | |

Condition: Set the accel dial at 10 (Max) position.

3) TRAVEL SPEED

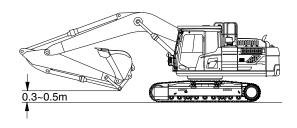
(1) Measure the time required for the excavator to travel a 20 m test track.

(2) Preparation

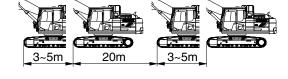
- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Prepare a flat and solid test track 20m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- 3 Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Measure both the low and high speeds of the machine.
- ② Before starting either the low or high speed tests, adjust the travel mode switch to the speed to be tested, then select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch: P mode
- 3 Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- 4 Measure the time required to travel 20 m.
- S After measuring the forward travel speed, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure the reverse travel speed.
- ⑥ Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times in each direction and calculate the average values.



260A7MS02



260A7MS03

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 20 m

| Model | Travel speed | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|--------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| HX300 L | 1 Speed | 22.5±2.0 | 29.9 | |
| HA300 L | 2 Speed | 13.6±1.0 | 18.7 | |

4) TRACK REVOLUTION SPEED

(1) Measure the track revolution cycle time with the track raised off ground.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both side tracks to be equal.
- ② On the track to be measured, mark one shoe with chalk.
- ③ Swing the upperstructure 90° and lower the bucket to raise the track off ground. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90 to 110° as shown. Place blocks under machine frame.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



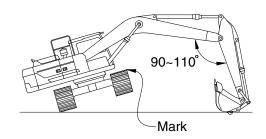
- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Travel mode switch : 1 or 2 speed
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- · Auto idle switch : OFF
- ② Operate the travel control lever of the raised track in full forward and reverse.
- 3 Rotate 1 turn, then measure time taken for next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Raise the other side of machine and repeat the procedure.
- S Repeat steps 3 and 4 three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The revolution cycle time of each track should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 3 revolutions

| Model | Travel speed | Standard | Maximum allowable |
|---------|--------------|----------|-------------------|
| HX300 L | 1 Speed | 36±2.0 | 45 |
| ∏∧300 L | 2 Speed | 21±2.0 | 26.3 |



300L7MS04

5) TRAVEL DEVIATION

(1) Measure the deviation by the tracks from a 20 m straight line.

(2) Preparation

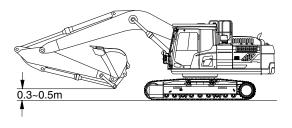
- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- 2 Provide a flat, solid test yard 20 m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- 3 Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50±5°C.



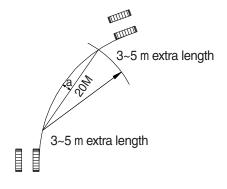
- ① Measure the amount of mistracking at high and low travel speeds.
- ② Before beginning each test, select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- 3 Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the distance between a straight 20 m line and the track made by the machine. (Dimension a)
- ⑤ After measuring the tracking in forward travel, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure that in reverse travel.
- 6 Repeat steps 4 and 5 three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

Mistrack should be within the following specifications.



260A7MS02



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Unit: mm/20 m

| Model | Model Standard | | Remarks |
|---------|----------------|-----|---------|
| HX300 L | 200 below | 240 | - |

6) SWING SPEED

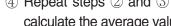
(1) Measure the time required to swing three complete turns.

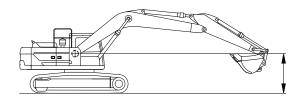
(2) Preparation

- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- 3 With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50 ± 5 °C.



- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Operate swing control lever fully.
- 3 Swing 1 turn and measure time taken to swing next 3 revolutions.
- 4 Repeat steps 2 and 3 three time and calculate the average values.





300L7MS05

(4) Evaluation

The time required for 3 swings should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 3 revolutions

| Model Power mode switch | | Standard | Maximum allowable |
|-------------------------|--|----------|-------------------|
| HX300 L P mode | | 17.5±1.5 | 21.5 |

7) SWING FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

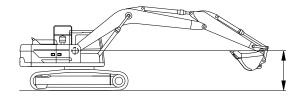
 Measure the swing drift on the bearing outer circumference when stopping after a 360° full speed swing.

(2) Preparation

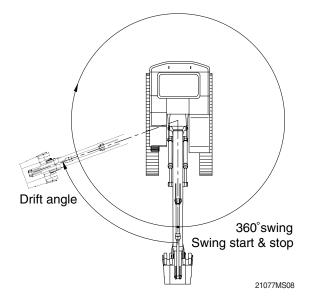
- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- Make two chalk marks: one on the swing bearing and one directly below it on the track frame.
- (5) Swing the upperstructure 360°.
- 6 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

(3) Measurement

- ① Conduct this test in the M mode.
- ② Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Operate the swing control lever fully and return it to the neutral position when the mark on the upperstructure aligns with that on track frame after swinging 360°
- Measure the distance between the two marks.
- ⑤ Align the marks again, swing 360°, then test the opposite direction.
- ⑥ Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times each and calculate the average values.



300L7MS05



(4) Evaluation

The measured drift angle should be within the following specifications.

Unit : Degree

| Model | Power mode switch | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| HX300 L | P mode | 90 below | 157.5 | |

8) SWING BEARING PLAY

(1) Measure the swing bearing play using a dial gauge to check the wear of bearing races and balls.

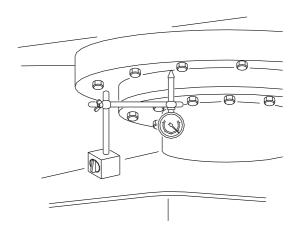
(2) Preparation

- ① Check swing bearing mounting cap screws for loosening.
- ② Check the lubrication of the swing bearing. Confirm that bearing rotation is smooth and without noise.
- ③ Install a dial gauge on the track frame as shown, using a magnetic base.
- ④ Position the upperstructure so that the boom aligns with the tracks facing towards the front idlers.
- ⑤ Position the dial gauge so that its needle point comes into contact with the bottom face of the bearing outer race.
- 6 Bucket should be empty.

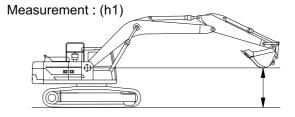
(3) Measurement

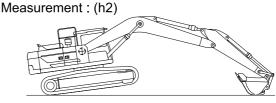
- ① With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bottom face of the bucket to the same height of the boom foot pin.

 Record the dial gauge reading (h1).
- ② Lower the bucket to the ground and use it to raise the front idler 50 cm. Record the dial gauge reading (h2).
- ③ Calculate bearing play (H) from this data (h1 and h2) as follows.
 H=h2-h1



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300L7MS06

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm

| Model Standard | | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------------|-----------|-------------------|---------|
| HX300 L | 0.5 ~ 1.5 | 3.0 | |

9) HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME

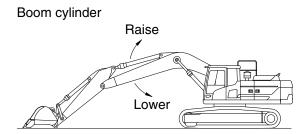
(1) Measure the cycle time of the boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders.

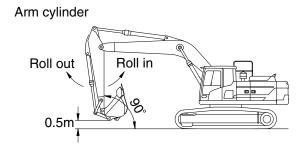
(2) Preparation

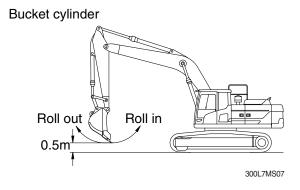
- ① To measure the cycle time of the boom cylinders:
 - With the arm rolled out and the empty bucket rolled out, lower the bucket to the ground, as shown.
- ② To measure the cycle time of the arm cylinder.
 - With the empty bucket rolled in, position the arm so that it is vertical to the ground. Lower the boom until the bucket is 0.5 m above the ground.
- To measure the cycle time of the bucket cylinder.
 - The empty bucket should be positioned at midstroke between roll-in and roll-out, so that the sideplate edges are vertical to the ground.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

(3) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② To measure cylinder cycle times.
- Boom cylinders.
 - Measure the time it takes to raise the boom, and the time it takes to lower the boom. To do so, position the boom at one stroke end then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.
- Arm cylinder.
 - Measure the time it takes to roll in the arm, and the time it takes to roll out the arm. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.







-Bucket cylinders

Measure the time it takes to roll in the bucket, and the time it takes to roll out the bucket. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

-Repeat each measurement 3 times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds

| Model | Fu | nction | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|------------|-------------|----------|---------------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom ra | aise | 3.7±0.4 | 4.7 | |
| | Boom lo | wer | 3.0±0.4 | 3.8 | |
| HX300 L | Arm in | Regen ON | 3.1±0.4 | 3.9 | |
| HX300 L | Arm out | | 3.1±0.3 | 3.9 | |
| | Bucket load | | 2.5±0.4 | 3.2 | |
| | Bucket dump | | 2.5±0.3 | 3.2 | |
| | Boom ra | aise | 4.0 ± 0.4 | 5.0 | |
| | Boom lo | wer | 3.0 ± 0.4 | 3.8 | |
| HX300 L | Arm in | | 3.5 ± 0.4 | 4.6 | |
| Long reach | Arm out | | 4.1 ± 0.3 | 4.8 | |
| | Bucket I | oad | 1.4±0.4 | 2.2 | _ |
| | Bucket of | dump | 1.5±0.3 | 2.2 | |

10) DIG FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

(1) Measure dig function drift, which can be caused by oil leakage in the control valve and boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders, with the loaded bucket. When testing the dig function drift just after cylinder replacement, slowly operate each cylinder to its stroke end to purge air.

(2) Preparation

 Load bucket fully. Instead of loading the bucket, weight(W) of the following specification can be used.

· W=M³×1.5 Where:

M³ = Bucket heaped capacity (m³)

1.5 = Soil specific gravity

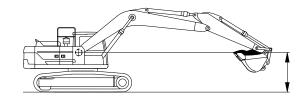
- ② Position the arm cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm extended from the fully retracted position.
- ③ Position the bucket cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm retracted from the fully extended position.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin.
- ⑤ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Five minutes after the engine has been stopped, measure the changes in the positions of the boom, arm and bucket cylinders.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.
- (4) The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm/5min

| Model | Drift to be measured | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom cylinder | 10 below | 20 | |
| HX300 L | Arm cylinder | 10 below | 20 | |
| | Bucket cylinder | 40 below | 50 | |



300L7MS08

11) CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE

(1) Use a spring scale to measure the maximum resistance of each control lever at the middle of the grip.

(2) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Start the engine.
- ② Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Operate each boom, arm, bucket and swing lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force for each.
- ① Lower the bucket to the ground to raise one track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force required. When finished, lower the track and then jack-up the other track.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured operating force should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf

| Model | Kind of lever | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom lever | 1.6 or below | 2.0 | |
| | Arm lever | 1.6 or below | 2.0 | |
| HX300 L | Bucket lever | 1.3 or below | 1.7 | |
| | Swing lever | 1.3 or below | 1.7 | |
| | Travel lever | 2.1 or below | 3.15 | |

12) CONTROL LEVER STROKE

- (1) Measure each lever stroke at the lever top using a ruler.
- When the lever has play, take a half of this value and add it to the measured stroke.

(2) Preparation

Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Measure each lever stroke at the lever top from neutral to the stroke end using a ruler.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm

| Model | Kind of lever | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|---------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom lever | 101±10 | 125 | |
| | Arm lever | 101±10 | 125 | |
| HX300 L | Bucket lever | 90±10 | 115 | |
| | Swing lever | 90±10 | 115 | |
| | Travel lever | 142±10 | 178 | |

13) PILOT PRIMARY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

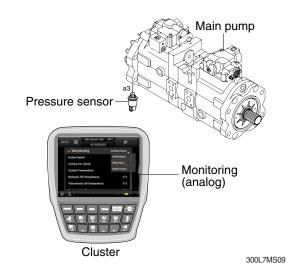
① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

① Select the following switch positions.

Power mode switch : P modeAuto decel switch : OFF

② Measure the primary pilot pressure by the monitoring menu of the cluster.



(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications:

Unit: kgf/cm2

| Model | Engine speed | Standard | Allowable limits | Remarks |
|---------|--------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| HX300 L | P mode | 40 +2 | - | |

14) FOR TRAVEL SPEED SELECTING PRESSURE:

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- ③ To measure the speed selecting pressure: Install a connector and pressure gauge
- ④ assembly to turning joint P port as shown. Start the engine and check for on leakage from the adapter.
- \bigcirc Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

① Select the following switch positions.

· Power mode switch : P mode

· Travel mode switch : 1 speed

2 speed

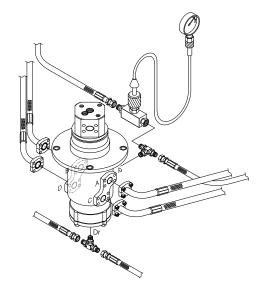
- ② Measure the travel speed selecting pressure in the Hi or Lo mode.
- ③ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise the track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the fast speed pressure.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times and calculate the average values.

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm2

| Model | Travel speed mode | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| HX300 L | 1 Speed | 0 | - | |
| | 2 Speed | 40±5 | - | |



21077MS13

15) SWING PARKING BRAKE RELEASING PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- 3 The pressure release L wrench to bleed air.
- ④ Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to swing motor SH port, as shown.
- ⑤ Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the adapter.
- 6 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Operate the swing function or arm roll in function and measure the swing brake control pressure with the brake disengaged. Release the control lever to return to neutral and measure the control pressure when the brake is applied.

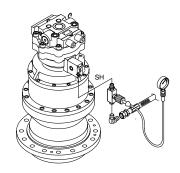
Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm2

| Model | Description | Standard | Allowable limits | Remarks |
|---------|------------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| HV2001 | Brake disengaged | 40 | 31~42 | |
| HX300 L | Brake applied | 0 | - | |



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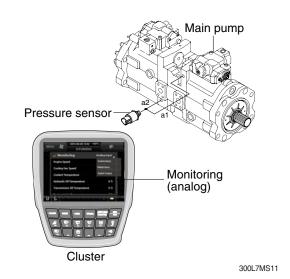
16) MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Measure the main pump delivery pressure in the P mode (high idle).



(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm2

| Model | Engine speed | Standard | Allowable limits | Remarks |
|---------|--------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| HX300 L | High idle | 40±5 | - | |

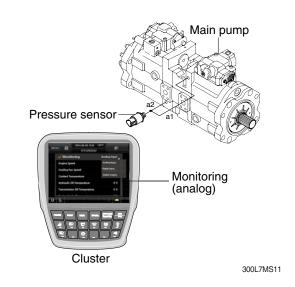
17) SYSTEM PRESSURE REGULATOR RELIEF SETTING

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Slowly operate each control lever of boom, arm and bucket functions at full stroke over relief and measure the pressure.
- ③ In the swing function, place bucket against an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.
- ④ In the travel function, lock undercarriage with an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.



(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

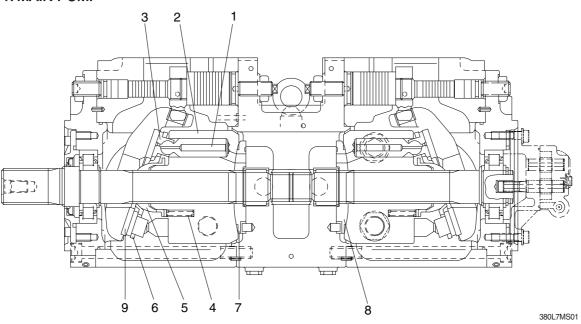
Unit: kgf/cm²

| Model | Function to be tested | Standard | Port relief setting |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | Boom, Arm, Bucket | 350 (380)±10 | 400±10 |
| HX300 L | Travel | 350 ± 10 | - |
| | Swing | $300\!\pm\!10$ | - |

(): Power boost

GROUP 2 MAJOR COMPONENT

1. MAIN PUMP



| Part name & inspection item | | Standard dimension | Recommended replacement value | Counter measures |
|--|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Clearance between piston(1) & cylinder bore(2) (D-d) | d D | 0.043 | 0.070 | Replace piston or cylinder. |
| Play between piston(1) & shoe caulking section(3) (δ) | | 0-0.1 | 0.3 | Replace assembly of |
| Thickness of shoe (t) | t A | 5.4 | 5.0 | piston & shoe. |
| Free height of cylinder spring(4) | | 47.9 | 47.1 | Replace cylinder spring. |
| Combined height of set plate(5) & spherical bushing(6) (H-h) | h H | 23.8 | 22.8 | Replace retainer or set plate. |
| Surface roughness for valve plate (sliding face) | Surface roughness necessary to be corrected | 3z | | |
| (7,8), swash plate (shoe plate area) (9), & cylinder(2) (sliding face) | Standard surface roughness (corrected value) | 0.4z or lower | | Lapping |

2. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

| Part name | Inspection item | Criteria & measure |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Casing | · Existence of scratches, rust or corrosion. | In case of damage in following section, replace casing. |
| | | Sliding sections of casing hole and spool, especially land sections applied with held pressure. Seal pocket section where spool is inserted. Sealing section of port where O-ring contacts. Sealing section of each relief valve for main and port. Sealing section of plug. Other damages that may damage normal function. |
| Spool | Existence of scratch, gnawing, rusting or corrosion. | Replacement when its outside sliding section has scratch (especially on seals-contacting section). |
| | O-ring seal sections at both ends. | Replacement when its sliding section has scratch. |
| | Insert spool into casing hole, rotate and reciprocate it. | Correction or replacement when O-ring is damaged or when spool does not move smoothly. |
| Poppet | · Damage of spring | · Replacement. |
| | · Damage of poppet | Correction or replacement when sealing is incomplete. |
| | Insert poppet into casing and function it. | Normal when it can function lightly and smoothly without sticking. |
| Spring and related parts | Rusting, corrosion, deformation or breakage of spring, spring seat, plug or cover. | · Replacement for significant damage. |
| Around seal | · External oil leakage. | · Correction or replacement. |
| for spool | Rusting, corrosion or deformation of seal plate. | · Correction or replacement. |
| Main relief valve, | · External rusting or damage. | · Replacement. |
| port relief valve & negative control | Contacting face of valve seat. | · Replacement when damaged. |
| valve | · Contacting face of poppet. | · Replacement when damaged. |
| | · O-rings and back up rings. | · Replacement in principle. |

3. SWING DEVICE

1) WEARING PARTS

| Inspection item | Standard dimension | Recommended replacement value | Counter measures |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Clearance between piston and cylinder block bore | 0.041 | 0.060 | Replace piston or cylinder block |
| Thickness of valve plate | 6 | 5.88 | Replace |
| Play between piston and shoe caulking section (δ) | 0.025 | 0.1 | Replace assembly of piston and shoe |
| Thickness of shoe (t) | 6.6 | 6.5 | Replace assembly of piston and shoe |
| Combined height of retainer plate and spherical bushing (H-h) | 17.6 | 17.3 | Replace set of retainer plate and sperical bushing |
| Thickness of friction plate | 2.94 | 2.7 | Replace |
| t Å | 550 | Training Training | ↓h H ↑ ↑ |
| T 140W77MS12 | | | 2609A7MS01 |

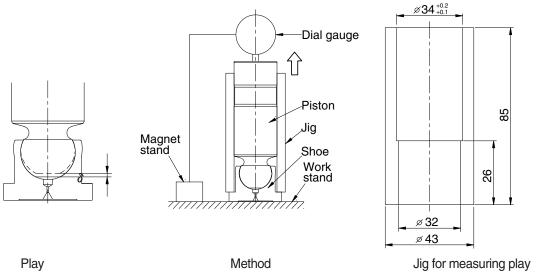
2) SLIDING PARTS

| Part name | Standard roughness | Allowable roughness | Remark |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| Shoe | Rmax=1S (Ra=0.2a) (LAPPING) | 4S (Ra=0.1a) | |
| Shoe plate | Rmax=0.4S (Ra=0.1a) (LAPPING) | 3S (Ra=0.8a) | |
| Cylinder | Rmax=0.4S (Ra=0.1a) (LAPPING) | 3S (Ra=0.8a) | |
| Valve plate | Rmax=0.4S (Ra=0.1a) (LAPPING) | 2S (Ra=0.5a) | |

4. TRAVEL MOTOR

The followings are the general maintenance standards. However, it is the most important to determine which parts should be replaced, depending on the characteristics before disassembling, damages and discoloration of exterior view, the purpose of disassembling, the expected remaining service life. etc..

| Che | ck item | Measuring method | Criteria | Allowable | Remedy |
|--|---|--|--------------------|-----------------|---|
| Sliding surface of cylinder block, valve plate and swash plate | Surface roughness of cylinder block, valve plate and swas plate | Measure the surface roughness by roughness tester | Below 0.4 Ζμ | Below 3.0 Zμ | Replace or repair ** Lap together the surfaces of both cylinder block and valve plate to remedy their roughness (# 1200 power) |
| | Swash plate - hardness of sliding surface | Measure the surface hardness of swash plate by hardness tes- ter | Over HS78 | HS74 | Replace |
| Clearance between piston and cylinder block | Outer dia of piston d max - d min | Measure outer dia of piston and bore of cylinder block at least 3 | 0.01 mm | 0.05 mm | Replace piston or cylinder block |
| | Inner dia of cylinder bore D max - D min | places in the longitudinal direction with micrometer and obtain: max outer dia = d max | 0.01 mm | 0.022 mm | * In exchanging pistons, replace all of nine pis- |
| Measurement position | Clearance D-d | min outer dia = d min max inner dia = D max min inner dia = D min | 0.037~ 0.047 mm | 0.065 mm | tons at the same time |
| Play between piston and shoe | Play between calked piston and shoe (δ) | With the jig, hold down the shoe on work stand and pull up the piston vertical direction to measure the play between piston and shoe | 0~0.1 mm | 0.3 mm | Replace piston |



| Check item | Measuring method | Criteria | Allowable | Remedy |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Parking brake torque | After completion of assembly, set the torque wrench on the shaft end, and measure the braking torque generat- ed when the shaft starts to rotate | 92.6 kgf · m (670 lbf · ft) | 82.8 kgf · m (599 lbf · ft) | Replace all of separator, friction plates and springs |
| Standard of replacing friction and separating plate. When measuring parking brake torque, it needs to disassemble traveling unit to motor and reduction gear portion, and it's so hard. The right allowable value is a standard of replacing friction and separating plate. If it is impossible to disassemble traveling unit, refer to the right value. | Measure the total thickness of 4 pieces of friction plate and 5 pieces of separating plate. | 22.76 mm | Thickness: 21.3 mm | Replace all separating and friction plates and springs. |

| Check item | Measuring method | Judging criteria and remedy |
|-----------------------|--|---|
| Shaft | Measure the wear at contacting surface of oil seal (3) with the surface roughness tester | If the depth of shaft wear is less than 0.05 mm, the shaft is reusable. ** In case of replacing the shaft (9), replace oil seal (3) at the same time. |
| Bearings | Replace bearings (10, 51) after decided hours | Replace bearings (10, 51) before hour meter of host machine indicates 10,000 hours. In case replacing the bearings (10, 51), replace both inner and outer races at the same time. Also the bearing shims (52) must be readjusted when replaced shaft (9) and/or bearings (10, 51). Contact dealers for jigs and tools required. |
| Splines | Replace if the wear of splines exceeds the allowable value | If the wear of splines is less than 0.3 mm, the spline is reusable. |
| Overload relief valve | Do not try to adjust the valve, since special hydraulic test bench is required for inspecting and adjusting the pressure | Replace relief valve part as an assembly each time the host machine works for 10,000 hours. |

5. RCV LEVER

| Maintenance check item | Criteria | Remark |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Leakage | The valve is to be replaced when the leakage becomes more than 1000 cc/m at neutral handle position, or more than 2000 cc/m during operation. | Conditions : Primary pressure : 40 kgf/cm² Oil viscosity : 23 cSt |
| Spool | This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10 μ m, compared with the non-sliding surface. | The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage. |
| Push rod | 1 mm | |
| | This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1 mm. | |
| Play at operating section | The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2 mm due to wears or so on. | When a play is due to looseness of a tightened section, adjust it. |
| Operation stability | When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6. Troubleshooting, replace the related parts. | |

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

2. When loosening the hexagon socket head cap screw (125), replace the seal washers (121) without fail.

6. RCV PEDAL

| Maintenance check item | Criteria | Remark |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Leakage | The valve is to be replaced when the leakage effect to the system. For example, the primary pressure drop. | Conditions : Primary pressure : 40 kgf/cm² Oil viscosity : 23 cSt |
| Spool | This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10 μ m, compared with the non-sliding surface. | The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage. |
| Push rod | 1 mm | |
| | This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1 mm. | |
| Play at operating section | The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2 mm due to wears or so on. | When a play is due to looseness of a tightened section, adjust it. |
| Operation stability | When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6. Troubleshooting, replace the related parts. | |

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

7. TURNING JOINT

| F | Part name | Maintenance standards | Remedy |
|----------|--|---|-----------------------|
| | Sliding surface with sealing sections. | Plating worn or peeled due to seizure or contamination. | Replace |
| Body, | Sliding surface between body and stem other than | · Worn abnormality or damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth due to seizure contamination. | Replace |
| Stem | sealing section. | · Damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth. | Smooth with oilstone. |
| | Sliding surface with thrust plate. | · Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality. | Replace |
| | with tillust plate. | · Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in). | Smooth |
| | | Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in). | Smooth |
| Cover | Sliding surface | · Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality. | Replace |
| | with thrust plate. | · Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in). | Smooth |
| | | Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in). | Replace |
| | | · Extruded excessively from seal groove square ring. | Replace |
| | - | Square ring Extrusion | |
| | | Slipper ring 1.5 mm (0.059 in) narrower than seal groove, or narrower than back ring. | Replace |
| Seal set | - | 1.5 mm (max.) | |
| | - | · Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) ~ 1.5 mm (MAX.) (0.059 in) | Replace |

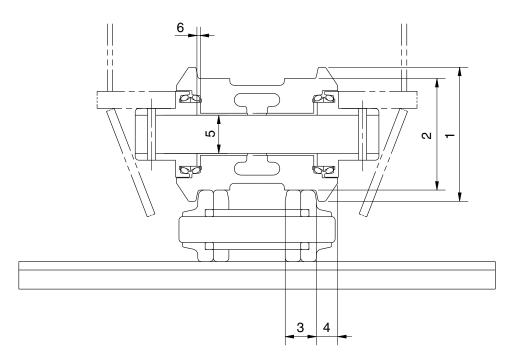
8. CYLINDER

| Part name | Inspecting section | Inspection item | Remedy |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| Piston rod | · Neck of rod pin | · Presence of crack | · Replace |
| | · Weld on rod hub | · Presence of crack | · Replace |
| | Stepped part to which piston is attached. | · Presence of crack | · Replace |
| | · Threads | · Presence of crack | · Recondition or replace |
| | · Plated surface | Plating is not worn off to base metal. | · Replace or replate |
| | | · Rust is not present on plating. | · Replace or replate |
| | | · Scratches are not present. | · Recondition, replate or replace |
| | · Rod | · Wear of O.D. | · Recondition, replate or replace |
| | · Bushing at mounting part | · Wear of I.D. | · Replace |
| Cylinder tube | · Weld on bottom | · Presence of crack | · Replace |
| | · Weld on head | · Presence of crack | · Replace |
| | · Weld on hub | · Presence of crack | · Replace |
| | · Tube interior | · Presence of faults | · Replace if oil leak is seen |
| | · Bushing at mounting part | · Wear on inner surface | · Replace |
| Gland | · Bushing | · Flaw on inner surface | · Replace if flaw is deeper than coating |
| | | | |

GROUP 3 TRACK AND WORK EQUIPMENT

1. TRACK

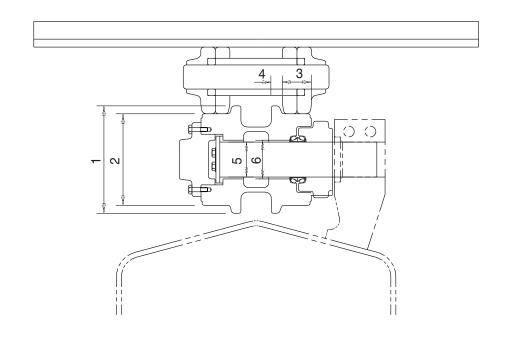
1) TRACK ROLLER



Unit:mm

| No. | Check item | | Crit | eria | | Remedy | |
|-----|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------|------------|--|
| 4 | Outside diameter of flange | Standard size | | Repa | | | |
| ' | Outside diameter of flarige | Ø | 216 | _ | | Rebuild or | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of tread | Ø | 180 | ø 168 | | replace | |
| 3 | Width of tread | 50 | | 56 | | | |
| 4 | Width of flange | Ę | 57 | 21 | | | |
| | | Standard size & tolerance | | Standard | Clearance | | |
| 5 | Clearance between shaft | Shaft | Hole | clearance | limit | Replace | |
| | and bushing | nd bushing | | 0.35 to 0.40 | 2.0 | bushing | |
| 6 | Side clearance of roller | Standard clearance | | Clearance limit | | Replace | |
| 0 | (both side) | 0.16~1.24 | | 2. | 2.0 | | |

2) CARRIER ROLLER

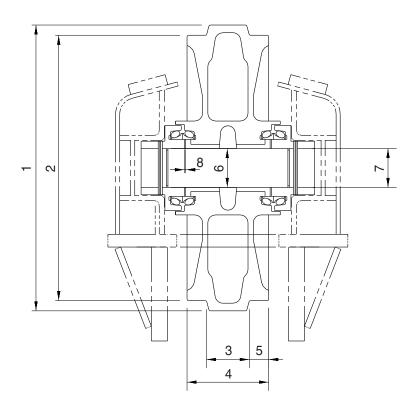


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Unit:mm

| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|---------|
| 4 | Outside dismeter of flance | Standa | ard size | Repa | | | |
| ı | Outside diameter of flange | ø : | 200 | _ | | Rebuild or | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of tread | ø. | 168 | ø 158 | | replace | |
| 3 | Width of tread | 54 | | 59 | | | |
| 4 | Width of flange | 1 | 9 | _ | | | |
| | | Standard size & tolerance | | Standard | Clearance | | |
| 5 | Clearance between shaft | Shaft | Hole | clearance | limit | Replace | |
| | and bushing | and bushing 9 55 +0.085 +0.086 | | ø 55 +0.37 +0.33 | 0.245 to 0.304 | 2.0 | bushing |
| 6 | Clearance between shaft and support | ø 58 0 -0.1 | ø 58 +0.5 +0.3 | 0.3 to 0.6 | 1.2 | Replace | |

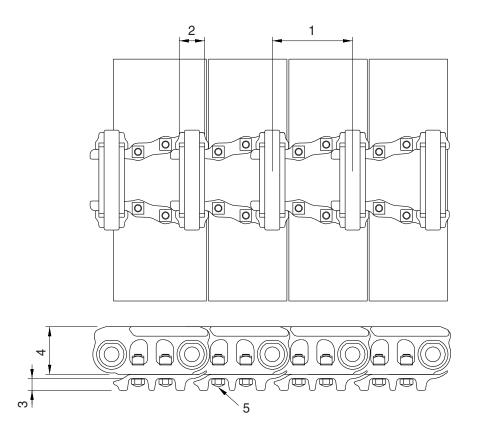
3) IDLER



Unit: mm

| | | | | | | OT III. | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------|------------|--|--|
| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | | |
| 1 | Outoido diameter of protrucion | Standa | ard size | Repair limit | | | | |
| ' | Outside diameter of protrusion | Ø | 646 | - | _ | | | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of tread | Ø. | 594 | ø 5 | 588 | Rebuild or | | |
| 3 | Width of protrusion | 1 | 02 | - | _ | replace | | |
| 4 | Total width | 2 | 03 | _ | | | | |
| 5 | Width of tread | 50.5 | | 56.5 | | 1 | | |
| | | Standard size | e & tolerance | Standard | Clearance | | | |
| 6 | Clearance between shaft | Shaft | Hole | clearance | limit | Replace | | |
| | and bushing | ø 90 0 -0.035 | ø 90.35 ^{+0.05} | 0.35 to 0.435 | 2.0 | bushing | | |
| 7 | Clearance between shaft and support | ø 90 0 -0.035 | ø 90 +0.09 +0.036 | 0.036 to 0.125 | 1.2 | Replace | | |
| 8 | Side clearance of idler (both side) | Standard clearance 0.4 to 1.2 | | | | Replace | | |

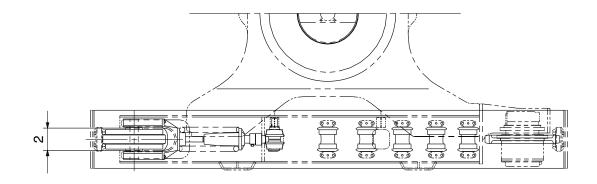
4) TRACK

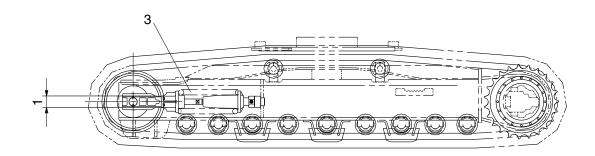


Unit:mm

| No. | Check item | Crit | Remedy | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--|
| 1 Link nitoh | Link pitch | Standard size | Repair limit | Turn or | |
| ' | LITK PILOT | 216 | 221 | replace | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of bushing | ø 66.5 | ø 60.9 | 5 | |
| 3 | Height of grouser | 30 | 23 | Rebuild or replace | |
| 4 | Height of link | 116 | 111 | | |
| 5 | Tightening torque | Initial tightening torque: 115 | Retighten | | |

5) TRACK FRAME AND RECOIL SPRING

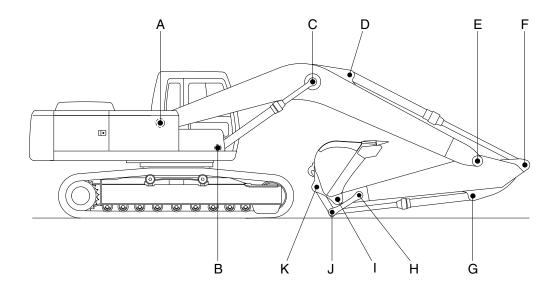




Unit:mm

| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | | Standar | d size | Tole | erance | Repair limit | |
| 1 Vertical width of id | Vertical width of idler guide | Track frame | e 132 | 2 | | -2 0 | 136 | |
| | | Idler suppo | rt 130 |) | | 0 1.5 | 126 | Rebuild or replace |
| 2 | Horizontal width of idler guide | Track frame | e 292 | 2 | | -2 0 | 297 | Τοριασο |
| | Tionzontal width of idler guide | Idler suppo | rt 290 |) | | - | 288 | |
| | | S | Standard size | | Repair limit | | | |
| 3 | Recoil spring | Free length | Installation length | Installa load | | Free length | Installation load | Replace |
| | | ø 253×710 | 580 | 19012 | kg | _ | 15210 kg | |

2. WORK EQUIPMENT



Unit:mm

| | | | Pi | in | Busi | ning | Pomody |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Mark | Measuring point (Pin and Bushing) | Normal value | Recomm. service limit | Limit of use | Recomm. service limit | Limit of use | Remedy & Remark |
| Α | Boom Rear | 110 | 109 | 108.5 | 110.5 | 111 | Replace |
| В | Boom Cylinder Head | 90 | 89 | 88.5 | 90.5 | 91 | " |
| С | Boom Cylinder Rod | 100 | 99 | 98.5 | 100.5 | 101 | " |
| D | Arm Cylinder Head | 90 | 89 | 88.5 | 90.5 | 91 | " |
| Е | Boom Front | 100 | 99 | 98.5 | 100.5 | 101 | " |
| F | Arm Cylinder Rod | 90 | 89 | 88.5 | 90.5 | 91 | " |
| G | Bucket Cylinder Head | 90 | 89 | 88.5 | 90.5 | 91 | " |
| Н | Arm Link | 80 | 79 | 78.5 | 80.5 | 81 | " |
| I | Bucket and Arm Link | 90 | 89 | 88.5 | 90.5 | 91 | " |
| J | Bucket Cylinder Rod | 80 | 79 | 78.5 | 80.5 | 81 | " |
| K | Bucket Link | 90 | 89 | 88.5 | 90.5 | 91 | " |

SECTION 8 DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

| Group | 1 | Precaution | 8-1 |
|-------|----|-------------------------------|-------|
| Group | 2 | Tightening Torque ····· | 8-4 |
| Group | 3 | Pump Device | 8-7 |
| Group | 4 | Main Control Valve | 8-30 |
| Group | 5 | Swing Device | 8-56 |
| Group | 6 | Travel Device ···· | 8-80 |
| Group | 7 | RCV Lever | 8-113 |
| Group | 8 | Turning Joint | 8-127 |
| Group | 9 | Boom, Arm and Bucket Cylinder | 8-132 |
| Group | 10 | Undercarriage | 8-149 |
| Group | 11 | Work Equipment ····· | 8-161 |

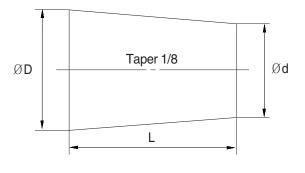
SECTION 8 DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

GROUP 1 PRECAUTIONS

1. REMOVAL WORK

- Lower the work equipment completely to the ground.
 If the coolant contains antifreeze, dispose of it correctly.
- 2) After disconnecting hoses or tubes, cover them or fit blind plugs to prevent dirt or dust from entering.
- 3) When draining oil, prepare a container of adequate size to catch the oil.
- 4) Confirm the match marks showing the installation position, and make match marks in the necessary places before removal to prevent any mistake when assembling.
- 5) To prevent any excessive force from being applied to the wiring, always hold the connectors when disconnecting the connectors.
- 6) Fit wires and hoses with tags to show their installation position to prevent any mistake when installing.
- 7) Check the number and thickness of the shims, and keep in a safe place.
- 8) When raising components, be sure to use lifting equipment of ample strength.
- 9) When using forcing screws to remove any components, tighten the forcing screws alternately.
- 10) Before removing any unit, clean the surrounding area and fit a cover to prevent any dust or dirt from entering after removal.
- 11) When removing hydraulic equipment, first release the remaining pressure inside the hydraulic tank and the hydraulic piping.
- 12) If the part is not under hydraulic pressure, the following corks can be used.

| Nominal | | Dimensions | |
|---------|----|------------|----|
| number | D | d | L |
| 06 | 6 | 5 | 8 |
| 08 | 8 | 6.5 | 11 |
| 10 | 10 | 8.5 | 12 |
| 12 | 12 | 10 | 15 |
| 14 | 14 | 11.5 | 18 |
| 16 | 16 | 13.5 | 20 |
| 18 | 18 | 15 | 22 |
| 20 | 20 | 17 | 25 |
| 22 | 22 | 18.5 | 28 |
| 24 | 24 | 20 | 30 |
| 27 | 27 | 22.5 | 34 |



2. INSTALL WORK

- 1) Tighten all bolts and nuts (sleeve nuts) to the specified torque.
- 2) Install the hoses without twisting or interference.
- Replace all gaskets, O-rings, cotter pins, and lock plates with new parts.
- 4) Bend the cotter pin or lock plate securely.
- 5) When coating with adhesive, clean the part and remove all oil and grease, then coat the threaded portion with 2-3 drops of adhesive.
- 6) When coating with gasket sealant, clean the surface and remove all oil and grease, check that there is no dirt or damage, then coat uniformly with gasket sealant.
- 7) Clean all parts, and correct any damage, dents, burrs, or rust.
- 8) Coat rotating parts and sliding parts with engine oil.
- 9) When press fitting parts, coat the surface with antifriction compound (LM-P).
- 10) After installing snap rings, check that the snap ring is fitted securely in the ring groove (check that the snap ring moves in the direction of rotation).
- 11) When connecting wiring connectors, clean the connector to remove all oil, dirt, or water, then connect securely.
- 12) When using eyebolts, check that there is no deformation or deterioration, and screw them in fully.
- 13) When tightening split flanges, tighten uniformly in turn to prevent excessive tightening on one side.
- 14) When operating the hydraulic cylinders for the first time after repairing and reassembling the hydraulic cylinders, pumps, or other hydraulic equipment or piping, always bleed the air from the hydraulic cylinders as follows:
 - (1) Start the engine and run at low idling.
 - (2) Operate the control lever and actuate the hydraulic cylinder 4-5 times, stopping 100mm before the end of the stroke.
 - (3) Next, operate the piston rod to the end of its stroke to relieve the circuit. (The air bleed valve is actuated to bleed the air.)
 - (4) After completing this operation, raise the engine speed to the normal operating condition.
 - If the hydraulic cylinder has been replaced, carry out this procedure before assembling the rod to
 - * the work equipment.
 - Carry out the same operation on machines that have been in storage for a long time after completion of repairs.

3. COMPLETING WORK

- 1) If the coolant has been drained, tighten the drain valve, and add water to the specified level. Run the engine to circulate the water through the system. Then check the water level again.
- 2) If the hydraulic equipment has been removed and installed again, add engine oil to the specified level. Run the engine to circulate the oil through the system. Then check the oil level again.
- 3) If the piping or hydraulic equipment, such as hydraulic cylinders, pumps, or motors, have been removed for repair, always bleed the air from the system after reassembling the parts.
- 4) Add the specified amount of grease (molybdenum disulphied grease) to the work equipment related parts.

GROUP 2 TIGHTENING TORQUE

1. MAJOR COMPONENTS

| Na | No. Descriptions | | Dalkaina | Tor | que |
|------|------------------|--|------------------|----------------|-------------|
| INO. | | | Bolt size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
| 1 | | Engine mounting bolt (engine-bracket) | M12 × 1.75 | 11.5 ± 1.0 | 83.2 ± 7.2 |
| 2 | | Engine mounting bolt (bracket-frame, FR) | $M20 \times 2.5$ | 52.1 ± 5.0 | 377 ± 36.2 |
| 3 | Facino | Engine mounting bolt (bracket-frame, RR) | M24 × 3.0 | 90 ± 9.0 | 651 ± 65 |
| 4 | Engine | Radiator mounting bolt | M16 × 2.0 | 29.7 ± 4.5 | 215 ± 32.5 |
| 5 | | Coupling mounting socket bolt | $M20 \times 2.5$ | 46.5 ±2.5 | 336 ±18.1 |
| 6 | | Fuel tank mounting bolt | $M20 \times 2.5$ | 46 \pm 5.1 | 333 ± 36.9 |
| 7 | | Main pump housing mounting bolt | $M10 \times 1.5$ | 4.8 ± 0.3 | 34.7 ± 2.2 |
| 8 | | Main pump mounting socket bolt | $M20 \times 2.5$ | 52.1 ± 5.0 | 377 ± 36.2 |
| 9 | Hydraulic system | Main control valve mounting nut | M12 × 1.75 | 12.3 \pm 1.3 | 89.0 ± 9.4 |
| 10 | | Hydraulic oil tank mounting bolt | $M20 \times 2.5$ | 46 \pm 5.1 | 333 ± 36.9 |
| 11 | | Turning joint mounting bolt, nut | M12 × 1.75 | 12.3 ± 1.3 | 89.0 ± 9.4 |
| 12 | | Swing motor mounting bolt | $M20 \times 2.5$ | 58.4 \pm 6.4 | 422 ± 46.3 |
| 13 | Power | Swing bearing upper part mounting bolt | M24 	imes 3.0 | 100 \pm 10 | 723 ± 72.3 |
| 14 | train | Swing bearing lower part mounting bolt | M24 	imes 3.0 | 100 \pm 10 | 723 ± 72.3 |
| 15 | system | Travel motor mounting bolt | M24 	imes 3.0 | 84 \pm 8.0 | 608 ± 57.8 |
| 16 | | Sprocket mounting bolt | $M20 \times 2.5$ | 57.9 ± 6.0 | 419 ± 43.4 |
| 17 | | Carrier roller mounting bolt, nut | $M16 \times 2.0$ | 29.7 ± 3.0 | 215 ± 21.7 |
| 18 | | Track roller mounting bolt | $M20 \times 2.5$ | 57.9 ± 6.0 | 419 ± 43.4 |
| 19 | Under carriage | Track tension cylinder mounting bolt | M16 × 2.0 | 29.7 ± 4.5 | 215 ± 32.5 |
| 20 | damago | Track shoe mounting bolt, nut | M22 × 1.5 | 123 \pm 6.0 | 831 ± 36 |
| 21 | | Track guard mounting bolt | $M20 \times 2.5$ | 57.9 ± 8.7 | 419 ± 62.9 |
| 22 | | Counterweight mounting bolt | M36 × 3.0 | 337 ± 33 | 2440 ± 72.3 |
| 23 | Others | Cab mounting bolt | M12 × 1.75 | 12.8 \pm 3.0 | 92.6 ± 21.7 |
| 24 | | Operator's seat mounting bolt | M 8 × 1.25 | 4.05 ± 0.8 | 29.3 ± 5.8 |

^{**} For tightening torque of engine and hydraulic components, see engine maintenance guide and service manual.

2. TORQUE CHART

Use following table for unspecified torque.

1) BOLT AND NUT

(1) Coarse thread

| Dolt size | 8.8T | | 10. | .9T | 12.9T | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Bolt size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
| M 6×1.0 | 0.8 ~ 1.2 | 5.8 ~ 8.6 | 1.2 ~ 1.8 | 8.7 ~ 13.0 | 1.5 ~ 2.1 | 10.9 ~ 15.1 |
| M 8×1.25 | 2.0 ~ 3.0 | 14.5 ~ 21.6 | 2.8 ~ 4.2 | 20.3 ~ 30.4 | 3.4 ~ 5.0 | 24.6 ~ 36.1 |
| M10×1.5 | 4.0 ~ 6.0 | 29.0 ~ 43.3 | 5.6 ~ 8.4 | 40.5 ~ 60.8 | 6.8 ~ 10.0 | 49.2 ~ 72.3 |
| M12×1.75 | 6.8 ~ 10.2 | 50.0 ~ 73.7 | 9.6 ~ 14.4 | 69.5 ~ 104 | 12.3 ~ 16.5 | 89.0 ~ 119 |
| M14×2.0 | 10.9 ~ 16.3 | 78.9 ~ 117 | 16.3 ~ 21.9 | 118 ~ 158 | 19.5 ~ 26.3 | 141 ~ 190 |
| M16×2.0 | 17.9 ~ 24.1 | 130 ~ 174 | 25.1 ~ 33.9 | 182 ~ 245 | 30.2 ~ 40.8 | 141 ~ 295 |
| M18×2.5 | 24.8 ~ 33.4 | 180 ~ 241 | 34.8 ~ 47.0 | 252 ~ 340 | 41.8 ~ 56.4 | 302 ~ 407 |
| M20×2.5 | 34.9 ~ 47.1 | 253 ~ 340 | 49.1 ~ 66.3 | 355 ~ 479 | 58.9 ~ 79.5 | 426 ~ 575 |
| M22×2.5 | 46.8 ~ 63.2 | 339 ~ 457 | 65.8 ~ 88.8 | 476 ~ 642 | 78.9 ~ 106 | 570 ~ 766 |
| M24×3.0 | 60.2 ~ 81.4 | 436 ~ 588 | 84.6 ~ 114 | 612 ~ 824 | 102 ~ 137 | 738 ~ 991 |
| M30×3.5 | 120 ~161 | 868 ~ 1164 | 168 ~ 227 | 1216 ~ 1641 | 202 ~ 272 | 1461 ~ 1967 |

(2) Fine thread

| Bolt size | 8. | .8T | 10 | .9T | 12.9T | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Boil Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft | |
| M 8×1.0 | 2.1 ~ 3.1 | 15.2 ~ 22.4 | 3.0 ~ 4.4 | 21.7 ~ 31.8 | 3.6 ~ 5.4 | 26.1 ~ 39.0 | |
| M10×1.25 | 4.2 ~ 6.2 | 30.4 ~ 44.9 | 5.9 ~ 8.7 | 42.7 ~ 62.9 | 7.0 ~ 10.4 | 50.1 ~ 75.2 | |
| M12×1.25 | 7.3 ~ 10.9 | 52.8 ~ 78.8 | 10.3 ~ 15.3 | 74.5 ~ 110 | 13.1 ~ 17.7 | 94.8 ~ 128 | |
| M14×1.5 | 12.4 ~ 16.6 | 89.7 ~ 120 | 17.4 ~ 23.4 | 126 ~ 169 | 20.8 ~ 28.0 | 151 ~ 202 | |
| M16×1.5 | 18.7 ~ 25.3 | 136 ~ 182 | 26.3 ~ 35.5 | 191 ~ 256 | 31.6 ~ 42.6 | 229 ~ 308 | |
| M18×1.5 | 27.1 ~ 36.5 | 196 ~ 264 | 38.0 ~ 51.4 | 275 ~ 371 | 45.7 ~ 61.7 | 331 ~ 446 | |
| M20×1.5 | 37.7 ~ 50.9 | 273 ~ 368 | 53.1 ~ 71.7 | 384 ~ 518 | 63.6 ~ 86.0 | 460 ~ 622 | |
| M22×1.5 | 51.2 ~ 69.2 | 370 ~ 500 | 72.0 ~ 97.2 | 521 ~ 703 | 86.4 ~ 116 | 625 ~ 839 | |
| M24×2.0 | 64.1 ~ 86.5 | 464 ~ 625 | 90.1 ~ 121 | 652 ~ 875 | 108 ~ 146 | 782 ~ 1056 | |
| M30×2.0 | 129 ~ 174 | 933 ~ 1258 | 181 ~ 245 | 1310 ~ 1772 | 217 ~ 294 | 1570 ~ 2126 | |

2) PIPE AND HOSE (FLARE TYPE)

| Thread size (PF) | Width across flat (mm) | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------------------|------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1/4" | 19 | 4 | 28.9 |
| 3/8" | 22 | 5 | 36.2 |
| 1/2" | 27 | 9.5 | 68.7 |
| 3/4" | 36 | 18 | 130.2 |
| 1" | 41 | 21 | 151.9 |
| 1-1/4" | 50 | 35 | 253.2 |

3) PIPE AND HOSE (ORFS TYPE)

| Thread size (UNF) | Width across flat (mm) | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|-------------------|------------------------|---------|----------|
| 9/16-18 | 19 | 4 | 28.9 |
| 11/16-16 | 22 | 5 | 36.2 |
| 13/16-16 | 27 | 9.5 | 68.7 |
| 1-3/16-12 | 36 | 18 | 130.2 |
| 1-7/16-12 | 41 | 21 | 151.9 |
| 1-11/16-12 | 50 | 35 | 253.2 |

4) FITTING

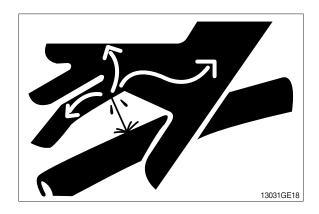
| Thread size | Width across flat (mm) | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|-------------|------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1/4" | 19 | 4 | 28.9 |
| 3/8" | 22 | 5 | 36.2 |
| 1/2" | 27 | 9.5 | 68.7 |
| 3/4" | 36 | 18 | 130.2 |
| 1" | 41 | 21 | 151.9 |
| 1-1/4" | 50 | 35 | 253.2 |

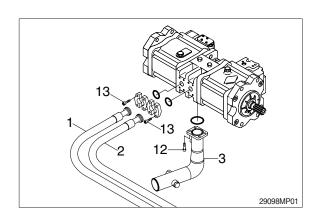
GROUP 3 PUMP DEVICE

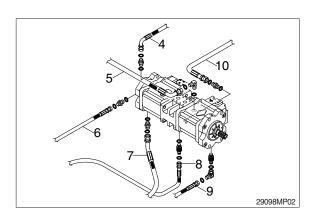
1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

1) REMOVAL

- (1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- ▲ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- (4) Remove the wirings for the pressure sensors and so on.
- (5) Loosen the drain plug under the hydraulic tank and drain the oil from the hydraulic tank.
 - · Hydraulic tank quantity: 190 &
- (6) Remove bolts (13) and disconnect pipe (1,2).
- (7) Disconnect pilot line hoses (4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10).
- (8) Remove bolts(12) and disconnect pump suction tube (3).
- When pump suction tube is disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (9) Sling the pump assembly and remove the pump mounting bolts.
 - · Weight: 140 kg (310 lb)
- Pull out the pump assembly from housing. When removing the pump assembly, check that all the hoses have been disconnected.





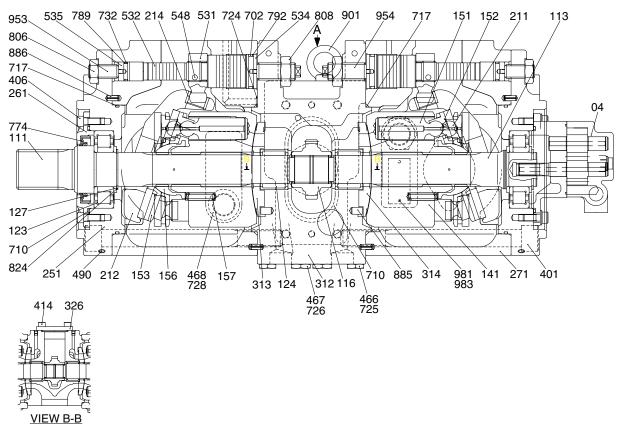


2) INSTALL

- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal
- (2) Remove the suction strainer and clean it.
- (3) Replace the return filter with a new one.
- (4) Remove breather and clean it.
- (5) After adding oil to the hydraulic tank to the specified level.
- (6) Bleed the air from the hydraulic pump.
- ① Remove the air vent plug (2EA)
- 2 Tighten plug lightly
- ③ Start the engine, run at low idling, and check oil come out from plug.
- ④ Tighten plug.
- (7) Start the engine, run at low idling (3~5 minutes) to circulate the oil through the system.
- (8) Confirmed the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leaks or not.

2. MAIN PUMP (1/2)

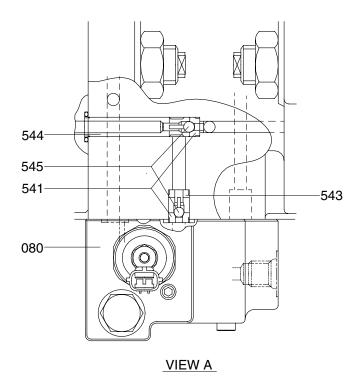
1) STRUCTURE



29092MP02

| 04 | Gear pump | 271 | Pump casing | 710 | O-ring |
|-----|---------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|------------------|
| 111 | Drive shaft (F) | 312 | Valve block | 717 | O-ring |
| 113 | Drive shaft (R) | 313 | Valve plate (R) | 724 | O-ring |
| 116 | Gear | 314 | Valve plate (L) | 725 | O-ring |
| 123 | Roller bearing | 326 | Cover | 728 | O-ring |
| 124 | Needle bearing | 401 | Hexagon socket bolt | 732 | O-ring |
| 127 | Bearing spacer | 406 | Hexagon socket bolt | 774 | Oil seal |
| 141 | Cylinder block | 414 | Hexagon socket bol | 789 | Back up ring |
| 151 | Piston | 466 | VP plug | 792 | Back up ring |
| 152 | Shoe | 467 | VP plug | 806 | Hexagon head nut |
| 153 | Set plate | 468 | VP plug | 808 | Hexagon head nut |
| 156 | Spherical bushing | 490 | VP plug | 824 | Snap ring |
| 157 | Cylinder spring | 531 | Tilting pin | 885 | Pin |
| 211 | Shoe plate | 532 | Servo piston | 886 | Spring pin |
| 212 | Swash plate | 534 | Stopper (L) | 901 | Eye bolt |
| 214 | Bushing | 535 | Stopper (S) | 953 | Set screw |
| 251 | Swash plate support | 548 | Feedback pin | 954 | Set screw |
| 261 | Seal cover (F) | 702 | O-ring | | |
| | | | | | |

MAIN PUMP (2/2)



3009SH2MP02

| 080 | Proportional reducing valve | 543 | Stopper 1 | 545 | Steel ball |
|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|------------|
| 541 | Seat | 544 | Stopper 2 | | |

2) TOOLS AND TIGHTENING TORQUE

(1) Tools

The tools necessary to disassemble/reassemble the pump are shown in the follow list.

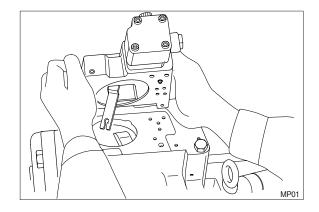
| Tool name & size | Part name | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Allen wrench B | | Hexagon socket head bolt | PT plug (PT thread) | | PO plug (PF thread) | | Hexagon socket head setscrew | |
| | 4 | M 5 | BP-1/16 | | - | | M 8 | |
| | 5 | M 6 | BP1/8 | | - | | M10 | |
| B | 6 | M 8 | I | BP-1/4 | PO-1/4 | | M12, M14 | |
| | 8 | M10 | I | BP-3/8 | PO-3/8 | } | M16, M18 | |
| | 17 | M20, M22 | | BP-1 | PO-1, 1 1/4, | 1 1/2 | - | |
| Double ring spanner, socket wrench, double | - | Hexagon head bolt | | Hexagon head bolt | | VP plug (PF thread) | | |
| (single) open end spanner | 19 | M12 | | M12 | | VP-1/4 | | |
| | 24 | M16 | | M16 | | - | | |
| - B | 27 | M18 | | M18 | | VP-1/2 | | |
| | 30 | M20 | | M20 | | - | | |
| | 36 | - | | - | | VP-3/4 | | |
| Adjustable angle wrench | | Medium size, 1 set | | | | | | |
| Screw driver | | Minus type screw driver, Medium size, 2 sets | | | | | | |
| Hammer | | Plastic hammer, 1 set | | | | | | |
| Pliers | | For snap ring, TSR-160 | | | | | | |
| Steel bar | | Steel bar of key material approx. $10 \times 8 \times 200$ | | | | | | |
| Torque wrench | Capable of tightening with the specified torques | | | | | | | |

(2) Tightening torque

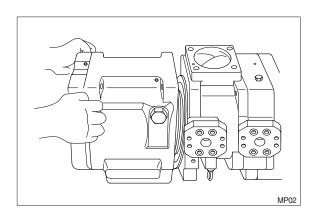
| Dort name | Bolt size | Tor | que | Wrench size | | |
|--|-----------|---------|----------|-------------|----|--|
| Part name | DOIL SIZE | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft | in | mm | |
| Hexagon socket head bolt | M 5 | 0.7 | 5.1 | 0.16 | 4 | |
| (material : SCM435) | M 6 | 1.2 | 8.7 | 0.20 | 5 | |
| | M 8 | 3.0 | 21.7 | 0.24 | 6 | |
| | M10 | 5.8 | 42.0 | 0.31 | 8 | |
| | M12 | 10.0 | 72.3 | 0.39 | 10 | |
| | M14 | 16.0 | 115.7 | 0.47 | 12 | |
| | M16 | 24.0 | 173.6 | 0.55 | 14 | |
| | M18 | 34.0 | 245.9 | 0.55 | 14 | |
| | M20 | 44.0 | 318.3 | 0.67 | 17 | |
| PT plug (material : S45C) | PT 1/16 | 0.7 | 5.1 | 0.16 | 4 | |
| Wind a seal tape 1 1/2 to 2 turns round the plug | PT 1/ 8 | 1.05 | 7.59 | 0.20 | 5 | |
| 2 tamo round the plag | PT 1/ 4 | 1.75 | 12.66 | 0.24 | 6 | |
| | PT 3/ 8 | 3.5 | 25.3 | 0.31 | 8 | |
| | PT 1/ 2 | 5.0 | 36.2 | 0.39 | 10 | |
| PF plug (material : S45C) | PF 1/ 4 | 3.0 | 21.7 | 0.24 | 6 | |
| | PF 1/ 2 | 10.0 | 72.3 | 0.39 | 10 | |
| | PF 3/ 4 | 15.0 | 108.5 | 0.55 | 14 | |
| | PF 1 | 19.0 | 137.4 | 0.67 | 17 | |
| | PF 1 1/4 | 27.0 | 195.3 | 0.67 | 17 | |
| | PF 1 1/2 | 28.0 | 202.5 | 0.67 | 17 | |

3) DISASSEMBLY

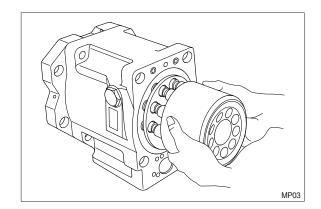
- (1) Select place suitable to disassembling.
- Select clean place.
- Spread rubber sheet, cloth or so on, on overhaul workbench top to prevent parts from being damaged.
- (2) Remove dust, rust, etc, from pump surfaces with cleaning oil or so on.
- (3) Remove drain port plug (468) and let oil out of pump casing. (front and rear pump).
- (4) Remove hexagon socket head bolts (412, 413) and remove regulator.Remove hexagon socket head bolts (416) and remove gear pump.



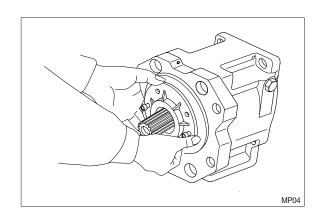
- (5) Loosen hexagon socket head bolts (401) fixing swash plate support (251), pump casing (271) and valve block (312).
- (6) Place pump horizontally on workbench with its regulator-fitting surface down, and separate pump casing (271) from valve block (312).
- Before bringing this surface down, spread rubber sheet on workbench without failing to prevent this surface from being damaged.

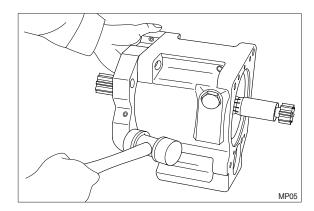


- (7) Pull cylinder (141) out of pump casing (271) straightly over drive shaft (111). Pull out also pistons (151), set plate (153), spherical bush (156) and cylinder springs (157) simultaneously.
- * Take care not to damage sliding surfaces of cylinder, spherical bushing, shoes, swash plate, etc.

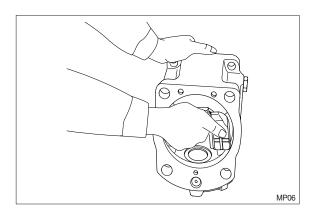


- (8) Remove hexagon socket head bolts (406) and then seal cover (F) (261). Fit bolt into pulling out tapped hole of seal cover (F), and cover can be removed easily.
- Since oil seal is fitted on seal cover (F), take care not to damage it when removing cover.
- (9) Remove hexagon socket head bolts (408) and then seal cover (R, 262). In case of fitting a gear pump, first, remove gear pump.
- (10) Tapping lightly fitting flange section of swash plate support (251) on its pump casing side, separate swash plate support from pump casing.

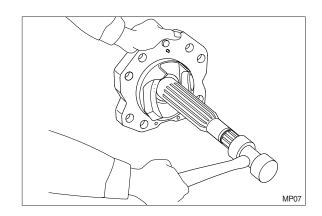




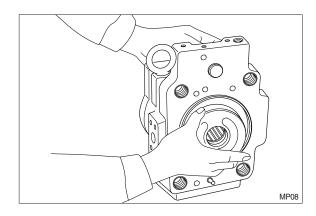
(11) Remove shoe plate (211) and swash plate (212) from pump casing (271).



(12) Tapping lightly shaft's end of drive shafts (111, 113) with plastic hammer, take out drive shafts from swash plate supports.



- (13) Remove valve plates (313, 314) from valve block (312).
- * These may be removed in work 6.

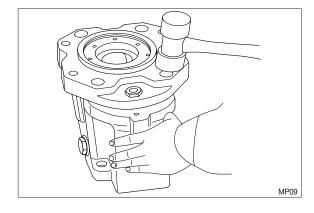


- (14) If necessary, remove stopper (L, 534), stopper (S, 535), servo piston (532) and tilting pin(531) from pump casing (271), and needle bearing (124) and gear (116) from valve block (312).
- In removing tilting pin, use a protector to prevent pin head from being damaged.
- Since loctite is applied to fitting areas of tilting pin and servo piston, take care not to damage servo piston.
- Do not remove needle bearing as far as possible, except when it is considered to be out of its life span.
- Do not loosen hexagon nuts of valve block and swash plate support. Once loosened, flow setting will be changed.

4) ASSEMBLY

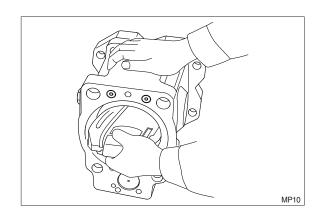
- (1) For reassembling reverse the disassembling procedures, paying attention to the following items.
- ① Do not fail to repair the parts damaged during disassembling, and prepare replacement parts in advance.
- ② Clean each part fully with cleaning oil and dry it with compressed air.
- 3 Do not fail to apply clean working oil to sliding sections, bearings, etc. before assembling them.
- ④ In principle, replace seal parts, such as O-rings, oil seals, etc.
- ⑤ For fitting bolts, plug, etc., prepare a torque wrench or so on, and tighten them with torques shown in Section 2-3.
- ⑤ For the double-pump, take care not to mix up parts of the front pump with those of the rear pump.
- (2) Fit swash plate support (251) to pump casing (271), tapping the former lightly with a hammer.
- After servo piston, tilting pin, stopper (L) and stopper (S) are removed, fit them soon to pump casing in advance for
- ** reassembling. In tightening servo piston and tilting pin, use a protector to prevent tilting pin head and feedback pin from being damaged. In addition, apply lock-tight (medium)

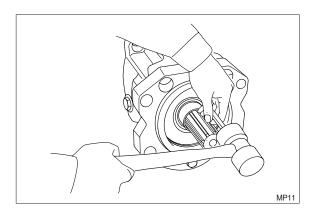
strength) to their threaded sections.

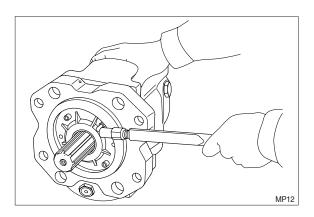


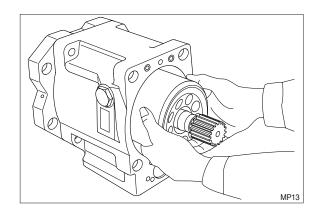
- (3) Place pump casing with its regulator fitting surface down, fit tilting bush of swash plate to tilting pin (531), and fit swash plate (212) to swash plate support (251) correctly.
- * Confirm with fingers of both hands that swash plate can be removed smoothly.
- Apply grease to sliding sections of swash plate and swash plate support, and drive shaft can be fitted easily.
- (4) To swash plate support (251), fit drive shaft (111) set with bearing (123), bearing spacer (127) and snap ring (824).
- Do not tap drive shaft with hammer or so on.
- Assemble them into support, tapping outer race of bearing lightly with plastic hammer.
- Fit them fully, using steel bar or so on.
- (5) Assemble seal cover (F, 261) to pump casing (271) and fix it with hexagon socket head bolts (406).
- Apply grease lightly to oil seal in seal cover (F).
- Assemble oil seal, taking full care not to damage it.
- For tandem type pump, fit rear cover (263) and seal cover (262).
- (6) Assemble piston cylinder subassembly [Cylinder (141), piston subassembly (151, 152), set plate (153), spherical bush (156), spacer (158) and cylinder spring (157).]

Fit spline phases of retainer and cylinder. Then, insert piston cylinder subassembly into pump casing.

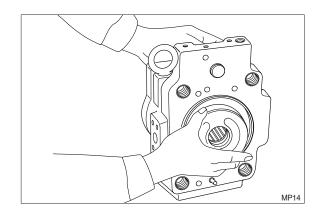




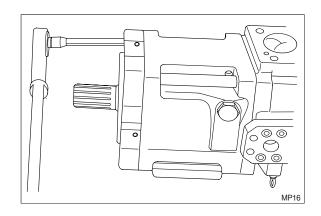




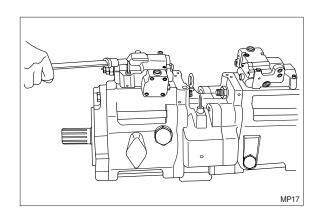
- (7) Fit valve plate (313) to valve block (312), entering pin into pin hole.
- * Take care not to mistake suction / delivery directions of valve plate.



- (8) Fit valve block (312) to pump casing (271) and tighten hexagon socket head bolts (401).
- At first assemble this at rear pump side, and this work will be easy.
- * Take care not to mistake direction of valve block.



- Clockwise rotation (viewed from input shaft side)
- Fit block with regulator up and with delivery flange left, viewed from front side.
- (9) Putting feedback pin of tilting pin into feedback lever of regulator, fit regulator and tighten hexagon socket head bolts (412, 413).
- * Take care not to mistake regulator of front pump for that of rear pump.

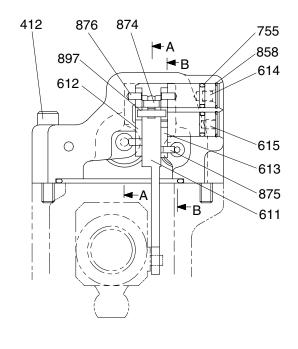


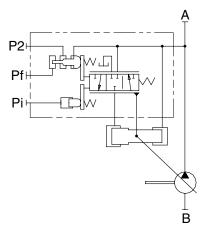
(10) Fit drain port plug (468).

This is the end of reassembling procedures.

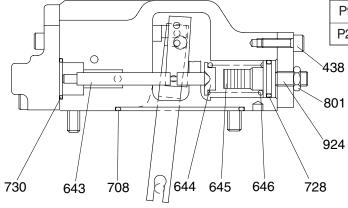
3. REGULATOR

1) STRUCTURE(1/2)

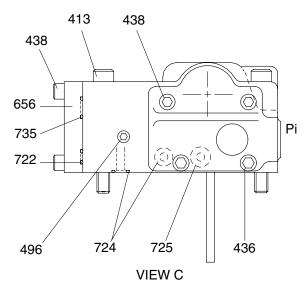




| Port | Port name | Port size |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Α | Delivery port | 1" |
| В | Suction port | 2 1/2" |
| Pi | Pilot port | PF 1/4-15 |
| Pf | Power shift pressure | - |
| P2 | Companion delivery pressure | - |

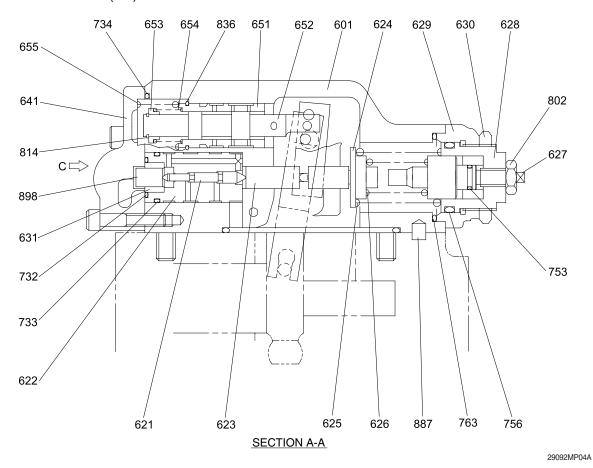


SECTION B-B



29092MP03

REGULATOR (2/2)



| 412 | Hexagon socket screw | 630 | Lock nut | 733 | O-ring |
|-----|----------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|-----------|
| 413 | Hexagon socket screw | 631 | Sleeve, pf | 734 | O-ring |
| 436 | Hexagon socket screw | 641 | Pilot cover | 735 | O-ring |
| 438 | Hexagon socket screw | 643 | Pilot piston | 753 | O-ring |
| 496 | Plug | 644 | Spring seat (Q) | 755 | O-ring |
| 601 | Casing | 645 | Adjust stem (Q) | 756 | O-ring |
| 611 | Feed back lever | 646 | Pilot spring | 763 | O-ring |
| 612 | Lever (1) | 651 | Sleeve | 801 | Nut |
| 613 | Lever (2) | 652 | Spool | 802 | Nut |
| 614 | Fulcrum plug | 653 | Spring seat | 814 | Snap ring |
| 615 | Adjust plug | 654 | Return spring | 836 | Snap ring |
| 621 | Compensator piston | 655 | Set spring | 858 | Snap ring |
| 622 | Piston case | 656 | Block cover | 874 | Pin |
| 623 | Compensator rod | 708 | O-ring | 875 | Pin |
| 624 | Spring seat (C) | 722 | O-ring | 876 | Pin |
| 625 | Outer spring | 724 | O-ring | 887 | Pin |
| 626 | Inner spring | 725 | O-ring | 897 | Pin |
| 627 | Adjust stem (C) | 728 | O-ring | 898 | Pin |
| 628 | Adjust screw (C) | 730 | O-ring | 924 | Set screw |
| 629 | Cover (C) | 732 | O-ring | | |

2) TOOLS AND TIGHTENING TORQUE

(1) Tools

The tools necessary to disassemble/reassemble the pump are shown in the follow list.

| Tool name & size | | | | Part name | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| В | | | | | | Hexagon socket head setscrew | | | | |
| 4 | M 5 | Е | 3P-1/16 | - | | M 8 | | | | |
| 5 | M 6 | | BP1/8 | - | | M10 | | | | |
| 6 | M 8 | I | BP-1/4 | PO-1/4 | 1 | M12, M14 | | | | |
| - | Hexagon head bolt | | Hexagon nut | | | VP plug (PF thread) | | | | |
| 6 | M 8 | | M 8 | | - | | | | | |
| | Small size, Max 36 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minus type screw driver, Medium size, 2 sets | | | | | | | | | |
| | Plastic hammer, 1 set | | | | | | | | | |
| | For snap ring, TSR-160 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Steel bar of key material approx. 10×8×200 | | | | | | | | | |
| Torque wrench Pincers | | | | Capable of tightening with the specified torques. | | | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | |
| | M4, Length: 50 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 5 6 | head bolt M 5 M 6 M 8 Hexagon head M 8 Hexagon head M 8 Small size, Max 3 Minus type screw Plastic hammer, 1 For snap ring, TSI Steel bar of key m Capable of tighter - | B head bolt (P 4 M 5 E 5 M 6 6 M 8 - Hexagon head bolt 6 M 8 Small size, Max 36 mm Minus type screw driver, Plastic hammer, 1 set For snap ring, TSR-160 Steel bar of key material Capable of tightening with the state of the state | B Hexagon socket head bolt (PT thread) 4 M 5 BP-1/16 5 M 6 BP1/8 6 M 8 BP-1/4 - Hexagon head bolt Hexagon head bolt Hexagon head bolt Hexagon head bolt Small size, Max 36 mm Minus type screw driver, Medium size Plastic hammer, 1 set For snap ring, TSR-160 Steel bar of key material approx. 10 Capable of tightening with the specification. | B Hexagon socket head bolt (PT thread) (PF thread) 4 M 5 BP-1/16 - 5 M 6 BP1/8 - 6 M 8 BP-1/4 PO-1/4 - Hexagon head bolt Hexagon nut 6 M 8 M 8 Small size, Max 36 mm Minus type screw driver, Medium size, 2 sets Plastic hammer, 1 set For snap ring, TSR-160 Steel bar of key material approx. 10×8×200 Capable of tightening with the specified torques. | B Hexagon socket head bolt (PT thread) (PF thread) 4 M 5 BP-1/16 - 5 M 6 BP1/8 - 6 M 8 BP-1/4 PO-1/4 - Hexagon head bolt Hexagon nut 6 M 8 M 8 Small size, Max 36 mm Minus type screw driver, Medium size, 2 sets Plastic hammer, 1 set For snap ring, TSR-160 Steel bar of key material approx. 10×8×200 Capable of tightening with the specified torques. | | | | |

(2) Tightening torque

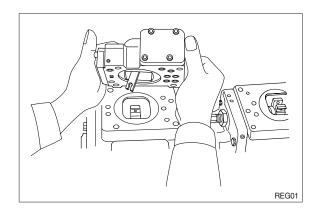
| Dort name | D 11 : | Tor | que | Wrench size | | |
|--|-----------|---------|----------|-------------|----|--|
| Part name | Bolt size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft | in | mm | |
| Hexagon socket head bolt | M 5 | 0.7 | 5.1 | 0.16 | 4 | |
| (material : SCM435) | M 6 | 1.2 | 8.7 | 0.20 | 5 | |
| | M 8 | 3.0 | 21.7 | 0.24 | 6 | |
| | M10 | 5.8 | 42.0 | 0.31 | 8 | |
| | M12 | 10.0 | 72.3 | 0.39 | 10 | |
| | M14 | 16.0 | 115.7 | 0.47 | 12 | |
| PT plug (material : S45C) | PT 1/16 | 0.7 | 5.1 | 0.16 | 4 | |
| Wind a seal tape 1 1/2 to 2 turns round the plug | PT 1/ 8 | 1.05 | 7.59 | 0.20 | 5 | |
| 2 turns round the plug | PT 1/ 4 | 1.75 | 12.66 | 0.24 | 6 | |
| PF plug (material : S45C) | PT 1/ 4 | 3.0 | 21.7 | 0.24 | 6 | |

3) DISASSEMBLY

Since the regulator consists of small precision finished parts, disassembly and assembly are rather complicated.

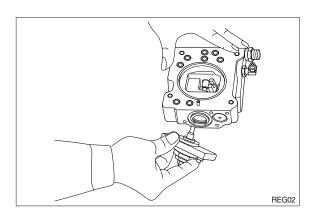
For this reason, replacement of a regulator assembly is not recommended, unless there is a special reason, but in case disassembly is necessary for an unavoidable reason, read through this manual to the end before starting disassembly.

- (1) Choose a place for disassembly.
- Choose a clean place.
- Spread rubber sheet, cloth, or so on on top of work-bench to prevent parts from being damaged.
- (2) Remove dust, rust, etc. from surfaces of regulator with clean oil.
- (3) Remove hexagon socket head screw (412, 413) and remove regulator main body from pump main body.
- * Take care not to lose O-ring.



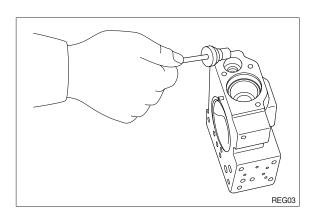
- (4) Remove hexagon socket head screw (438) and remove cover (C, 629).
- ** Cover (C) is fitted with adjusting screw (C, 628), adjusting stem (C, 627), lock nut (630), hexagon nut (801) and adjusting screw (924).

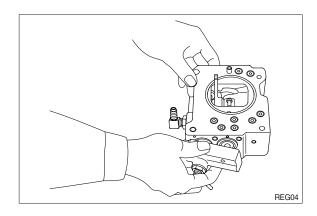
Do not loosen these screws and nuts. If they are loosened, adjusted pressureflow setting will vary.



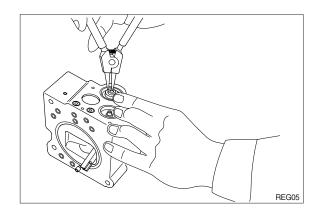
- (5) After removing cover (C, 629) subassembly, take out outer spring (625), inner spring (626) and spring seat (C, 624) from compensating section.
 Then draw out adjusting stem (Q, 645), pilot spring (646) and spring seat (644) from pilot section.
- Adjusting stem (Q, 645) can easily be drawn out with M4 bolt.
- (6) Remove hexagon socket head screws (436, 438) and remove pilot cover (641).

 After removing pilot cover, take out set spring (655) from pilot section.

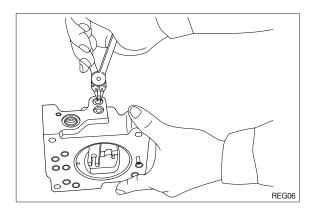


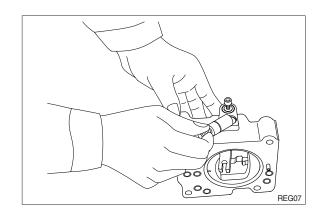


- (7) Remove snap ring (814) and take out spring seat (653), return spring (654) and sleeve (651).
 - Sleeve (651) is fitted with snap ring (836).
- When removing snap ring (814), return spring (654) may pop out.
- * Take care not to lose it.

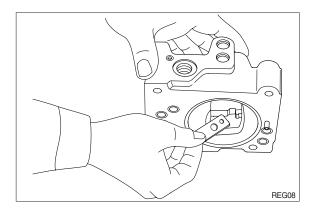


- (8) Remove locking ring (858) and take out fulcrum plug (614) and adjusting plug (615).
- Fulcrum plug (614) and adjusting plug (615) can easily be taken out with M6 bolt.

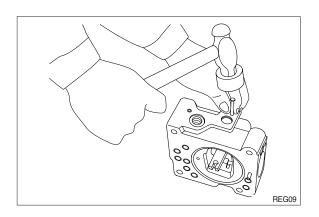


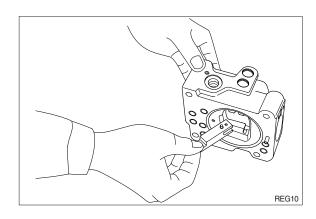


- (9) Remove lever (2, 613). Do not draw out pin (875).
- Work will be promoted by using pincers or so on.



- (10) Draw out pin (874) and remove feedback lever (611).
- Push out pin (874, 4 mm in dia.) from above with slender steel bar so that it may not interfere with lever (1, 612).



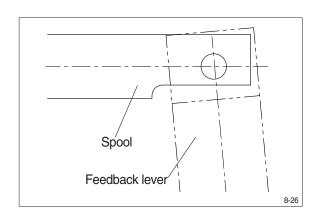


- (11) Remove lever (1, 612). Do not draw out pin (875).
- (12) Draw out pilot piston (643) and spool (652).
- (13) Draw out piston case (622), compensating piston (621) and compensating rod (623).
- Piston case (622) can be taken out by pushing compensating rod (623) at opposite side of piston case.

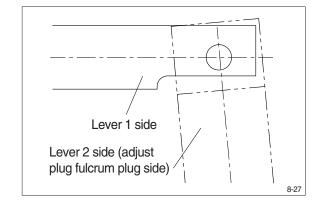
This completes operation.

4) ASSEMBLY

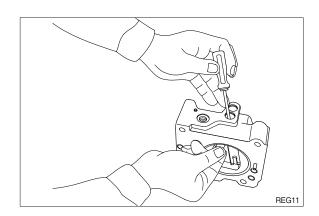
- (1) For assembly, reverse disassembly procedures, but pay attention to the following items.
- Always repair parts that were scored at disassembly.
 - Get replacement parts ready beforehand.
- ② Mixing of foreign matter will cause malfunction.
 - Therefore, wash parts well with cleaning oil, let them dry with jet air and handle them in clean place.
- 3 Always tighten bolts, plugs, etc. to their specified torques.
- ④ Do not fail to coat sliding surfaces with clean hydraulic oil before assembly.
- ⑤ Replace seals such as O-ring with new ones as a rule.
- (2) Put compensating rod (623) into compensating hole of casing (601).
- (3) Put pin force-fitted in lever (1, 612) into groove of compensating rod and fit lever (1) to pin force-fitted in casing.
- (4) Fit spool (652) and sleeve (651) into hole in spool of casing.
- Confirm that spool and sleeve slide smoothly in casing without binding.
- Pay attention to orientation of spool.



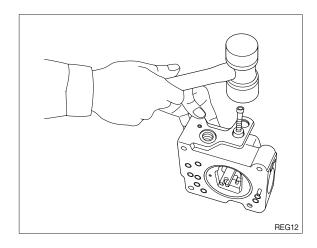
- (5) Fit feedback lever (611), matching its pin hole with pin hole in spool. Then insert pin (874).
- Insert pin in feedback lever a little to ease operation.
- * Take care not to mistake direction of feedback lever.

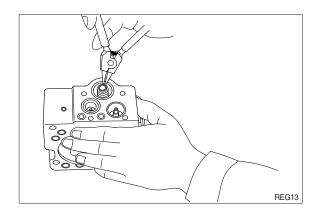


- (6) Put pilot piston (643) into pilot hole of casing.
- Confirm that pilot piston slides smoothly without binding.
- (7) Put pin force-fitted in lever (2, 613) into groove of pilot piston. Then fix lever (2).



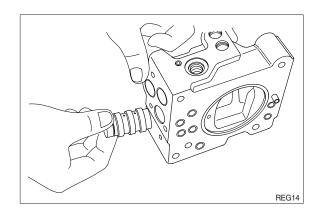
- (8) Fit fulcrum plug (614) so that pin forcefitted in fulcrum plug(614) can be put into pin hole of lever (2).
 - Then fix locking ring (858).
- (9) Insert adjusting plug (615) and fit locking ring.
- * Take care not to mistake inserting holes for fulcrum plug and adjusting plug. At this point in time move feedback lever to confirm that it has no large play and is free from binding.
- (10) Fit return spring (654) and spring seat (653) into spool hole and attach snap ring (814).



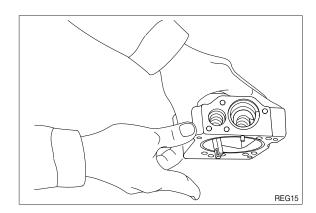


(11) Fit set spring (655) to spool hole and put compensating piston (621) and piston case (622) into compensating hole.

Fit pilot cover (641) and tighten it with hexagonal socket head screws (436, 438).



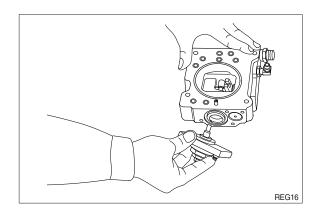
- (12) Put spring seat (644), pilot spring (646) and adjusting stem (Q, 645) into pilot hole. Then fix spring seat (624), inner spring (626) and outer spring (625) into compensating hole.
- When fitting spring seat, take care not to mistake direction of spring seat.



(13) Install cover (C, 629) fitted with adjusting screws (628), adjusting stem (C, 627), lock nut (630), hexagon nut (802) and adjusting screw (924).

Then tighten them with hexagonal socket head screws (438).

This completes assembly.



GROUP 4 MAIN CONTROL VALVE

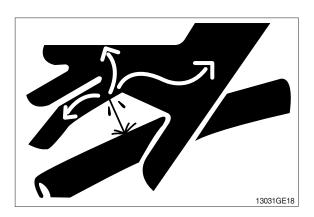
1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL OF MOTOR

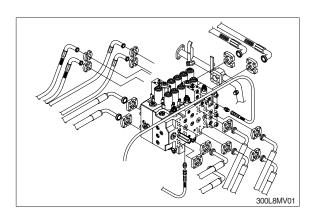
1) REMOVAL

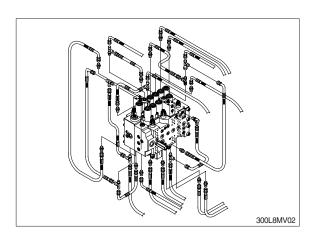
- (1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- ♠ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- When pipes and hoses are disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (4) Remove the wirings for the pressure sensor and so on.
- (5) Remove bolts and disconnect pipe.
- (6) Disconnect pilot line hoses.
- (7) Disconnect pilot piping.
- (8) Sling the control valve assembly and remove the control valve mounting bolt.
 - · Weight: 200 kg (441lb)
- (9) Remove the control valve assembly. When removing the control valve assembly, check that all the piping have been disconnected.

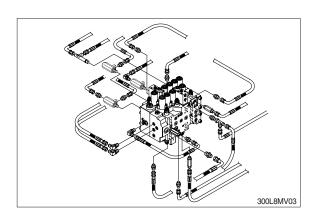
2) INSTALL

- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Bleed the air from below items.
- ① Cylinder (boom, arm, bucket)
- ② Swing motor
- ③ Travel motor
- See each item removal and install.
- (3) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and recheck the hydraulic oil leak or not.



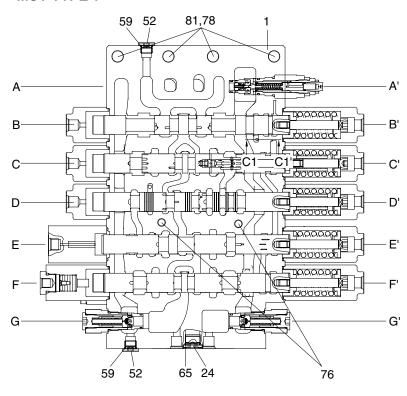


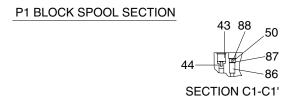


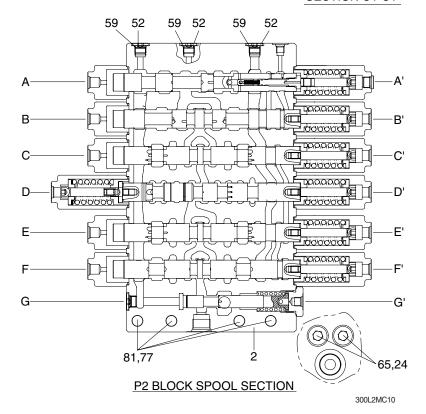


2. STRUCTURE

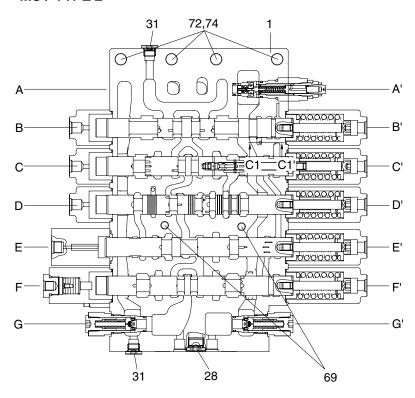
· MCV TYPE 1





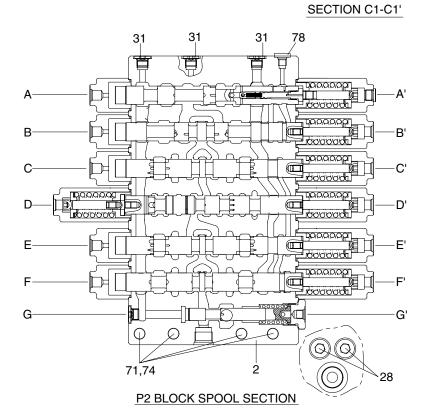


- 1 Housing (P1)
- 2 Housing (P2)
- 24 Plug
- 43 Orifice-signal
- 44 Coin type filter
- 50 O-ring
- 52 Plug
- 59 O-ring
- 65 O-ring
- 76 Hex socket head bolt
- 77 Hex socket head bolt
- 78 Hex socket head bolt
- 81 Spring washer
- 86 Poppet
- 87 Check spring
- 88 Plug

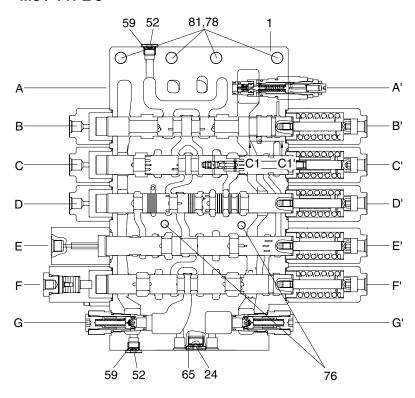


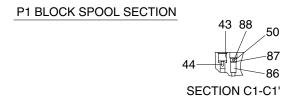


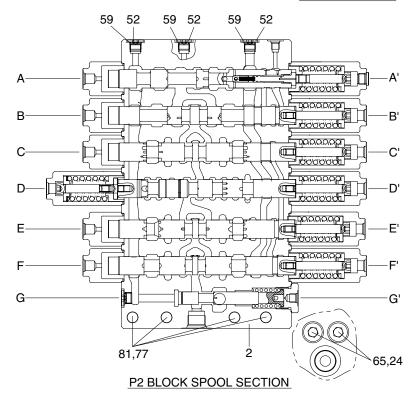




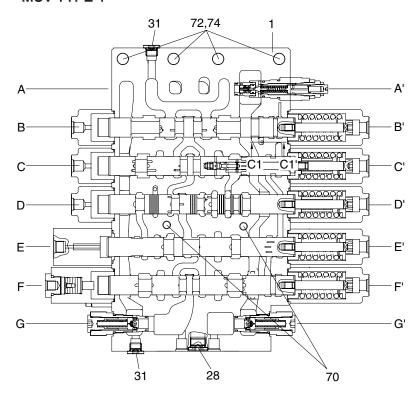
- 1 Housing (P1)
- 2 Housing (P2)
- 25 Orifice-signal
- 28 Plug
- 30 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 47 Poppet
- 48 Spring
- 69 Hex socket head bolt
- 71 Hex socket head bolt
- 72 Hex socket head bolt
- 74 Spring washer
- 78 Dust cap



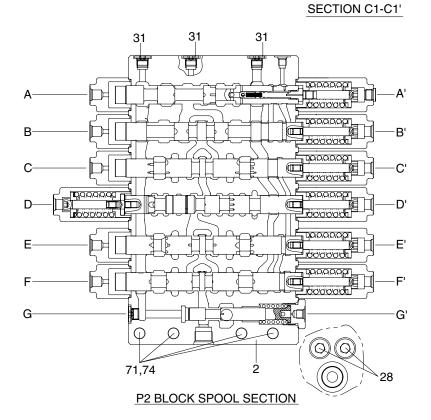




- 1 Housing (P1)
- 2 Housing (P2)
- 24 Plug
- 43 Orifice-signal
- 44 Coin type filter
- 50 O-ring
- 52 Plug
- 59 O-ring
- 65 O-ring
- 76 Hex socket head bolt
- 77 Hex socket head bolt
- 78 Hex socket head bolt
- 81 Spring washer
- 86 Poppet
- 87 Check spring
- 88 Plug

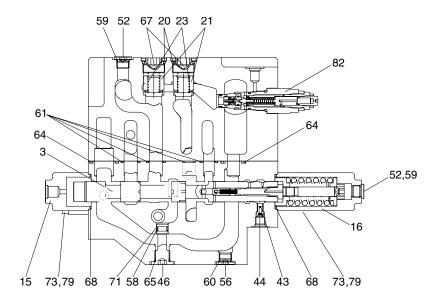




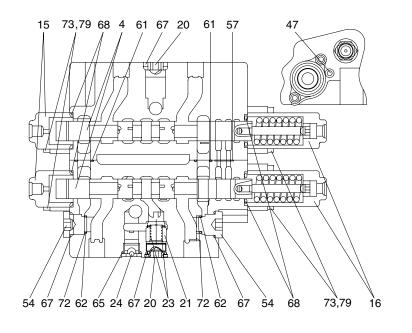


- 1 Housing (P1)
- 2 Housing (P2)
- 25 Orifice-signal
- 28 Plug
- 30 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 47 Poppet-signal
- 48 Spring-signal
- 70 Hex socket head bolt
- 71 Hex socket head bolt
- 72 Hex socket head bolt
- 74 Spring washer

300L2MC215



A-A' (STRAIGHT-TRAVEL & SUPPLY)



B-B' (TRAVEL RIGHT & LEFT)

3 Spool-straight

4 Spool-travel

15 Cover A-pilot

16 Cover B1-pilot

20 Plug

21 Poppet 1-check valve

23 Spring 1-check valve

24 Plug

43 Orifice-signal

44 Coin type filter

46 Plug

47 Plug

52 Plug

54 Plug

56 Plug

57 O-ring

58 O-ring

59 O-ring

60 O-ring

61 O-ring

62 O-ring

64 O-ring

65 O-ring

67 O-ring

68 O-ring

71 Back-up ring

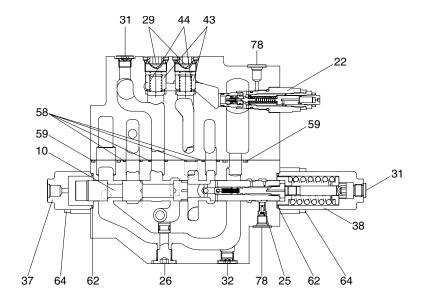
72 Back-up ring

73 Hex socket head bolt

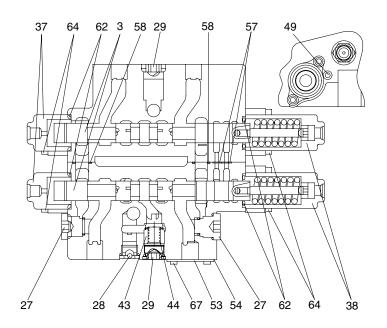
79 Washer

300L2MC111

82 Main relief valve



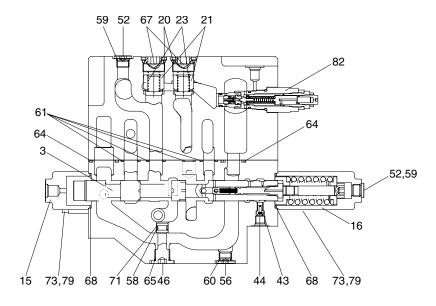
A-A' (STRAIGHT-TRAVEL & SUPPLY)



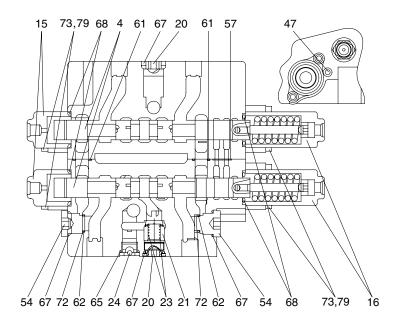
B-B' (TRAVEL RIGHT & LEFT)

300L2MC116

- 3 Spool-travel
- 10 Spool-straight
- 22 Main relief valve
- 25 Orifice-signal
- 26 Parallel block plug
- 27 Plug
- 28 Plug
- 29 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 32 Plug
- 37 Cover A-pilot
- 38 Cover B1-pilot
- 43 Poppet 1-check valve
- 44 Spring 1-check valve
- 49 Plug
- 53 Cover 1
- 54 Gasket 1
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 59 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 64 Hex socket head bolt
- 67 Hex socket head bolt
- 78 Dust cap



A-A' (STRAIGHT-TRAVEL & SUPPLY)



B-B' (TRAVEL RIGHT & LEFT)

3 Spool-straight

3 Spool-travel

15 Cover A-pilot

16 Cover B1-pilot

20 Plug

21 Poppet 1-check valve

23 Spring 1-check valve

24 Plug

43 Orifice-signal

Coin type filter 44

46 Plug

47 Plug

52 Plug

54 Plug

Plug 56

57 O-ring

O-ring 58

59 O-ring

60 O-ring

61 O-ring

62 O-ring

64 O-ring

65 O-ring

67

O-ring

O-ring 68

71 Back-up ring

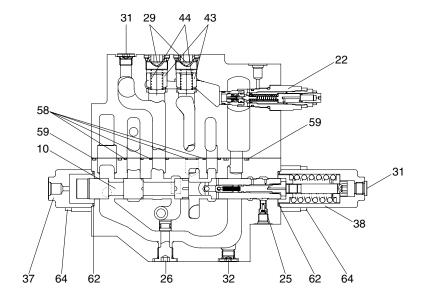
72 Back-up ring

73 Hex socket head bolt

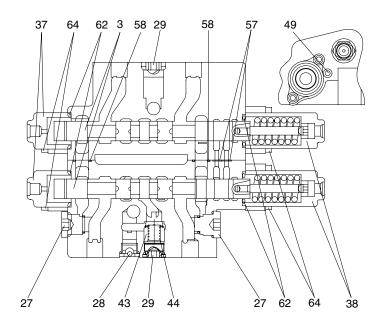
79 Washer

300L2MC111

82 Main relief valve

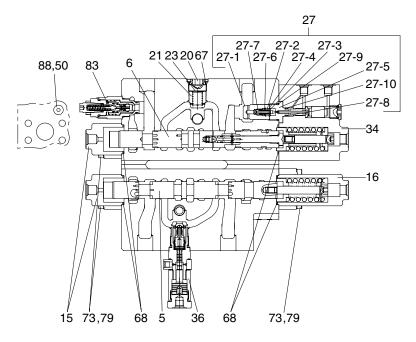


A-A' (STRAIGHT-TRAVEL & SUPPLY)

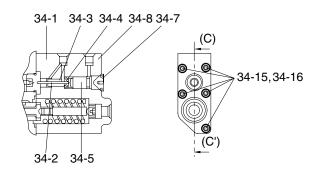


B-B' (TRAVEL RIGHT & LEFT)

- 3 Spool-travel
- 10 Spool-straight travel
- 22 Main relief valve
- 25 Orifice-signal
- 26 Parallel block plug
- 27 ORV Plug
- 28 Plug
- 29 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 32 Plug
- 37 Cover A-pilot
- 38 Cover B1-pilot
- 43 Poppet 1-check valve
- 44 Spring 1-check valve
- 49 Plug
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 59 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 64 Hex socket head bolt

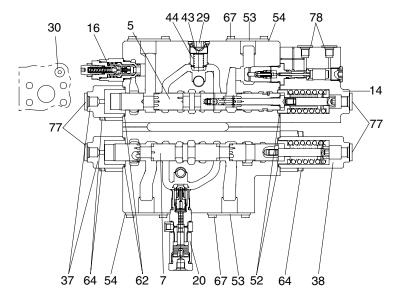


C-C' (SWING & BOOM 1)

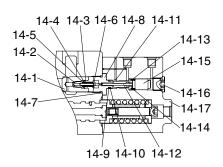


34 DETAIL (HOLDING ASSY)

| 5 | Spool-swing | 27-5 | Poppet seat | 34-7 | Plug |
|------|----------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| 6 | Spool-boom | 27-6 | C-ring | 34-8 | Plug |
| 15 | Cover A-pilot | 27-7 | Restrictor-lock valve | 34-15 | Socket bolt |
| 16 | Cover B1-pilot | 27-8 | O-ring | 34-16 | Spring washer |
| 20 | Plug | 27-9 | O-ring | 36 | Logic valve |
| 21 | Poppet 1-check valve | 27-10 | Back up ring | 50 | O-ring |
| 23 | Spring 1-check valve | 34 | Holding kit A1 | 67 | O-ring |
| 27 | Holding kit B | 34-1 | Block-holding P1 | 68 | O-ring |
| 27-1 | Poppet | 34-2 | Piston 1-holding | 73 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 27-2 | Spring | 34-3 | Guide piston-holding | 79 | Washer |
| 27-3 | Poppet guide | 34-4 | Spring 1-lock valve | 83 | Overload relief valve |
| 27-4 | Pilot poppet | 34-5 | Piston 2-holding | 88 | Plug |

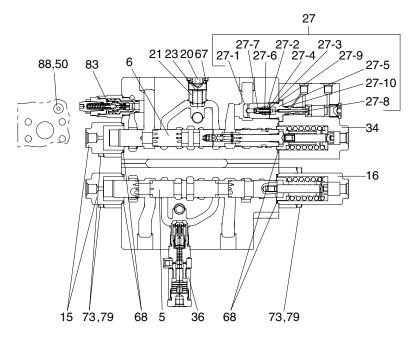


C-C' (SWING & BOOM1)

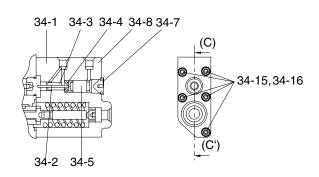


14 DETAIL (HOLDING VALVE ASSY)

| 5 | Spool-boom 1 | 14-10 | O-ring | 37 | Cover-pilot A |
|------|--------------------|-------|-----------------------|----|----------------------|
| 7 | Spool-swing | 14-11 | Plug | 38 | Cover-pilot B1 |
| 14 | Holding valve assy | 14-12 | Pilot spring | 43 | Spring 1-check valve |
| 14-1 | Poppet | 14-13 | Piston guide | 44 | Poppet 1-check valve |
| 14-2 | Restrictor | 14-14 | Spring | 53 | Cover 1 |
| 14-3 | Spring | 14-15 | Main piston | 54 | Gasket 1 |
| 14-4 | C-ring | 14-16 | Plug | 62 | O-ring |
| 14-5 | Pilot poppet | 14-17 | Block | 64 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-6 | Poppet guide | 16 | Overload relief valve | 67 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-7 | O-ring | 20 | Logic valve | 77 | Dust cap |
| 14-8 | Poppet seat | 29 | Plug | 78 | Dust cap |
| 14-9 | Back up ring | 30 | Plug | | |

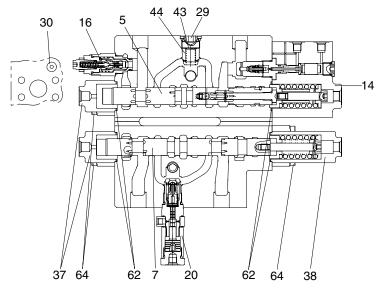


C-C' (SWING & BOOM 1)

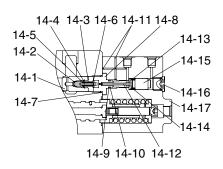


34 DETAIL (HOLDING ASSY)

| 5 | Spool-swing | 27-5 | Poppet seat | 34-7 | Plug |
|------|----------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| 6 | Spool-boom | 27-6 | C-ring | 34-8 | Plug |
| 15 | Cover A-pilot | 27-7 | Restrictor-lock valve | 34-15 | Socket bolt |
| 16 | Cover B1-pilot | 27-8 | O-ring | 34-16 | Spring washer |
| 20 | Plug | 27-9 | O-ring | 36 | Logic valve |
| 21 | Poppet 1-check valve | 27-10 | Back up ring | 50 | O-ring |
| 23 | Spring 1-check valve | 34 | Holding kit A1 | 67 | O-ring |
| 27 | Holding kit B | 34-1 | Block-holding P1 | 68 | O-ring |
| 27-1 | Poppet | 34-2 | Piston 1-holding | 73 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 27-2 | Spring | 34-3 | Guide piston-holding | 79 | Washer |
| 27-3 | Poppet guide | 34-4 | Spring 1-lock valve | 83 | Overload relief valve |
| 27-4 | Pilot poppet | 34-5 | Piston 2-holding | 88 | Plug |

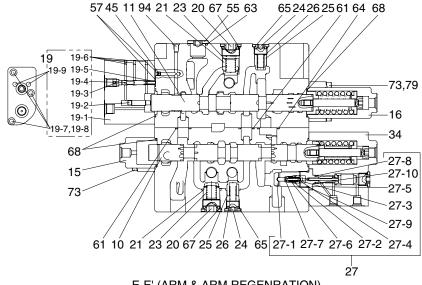


C-C' (SWING & BOOM 1)

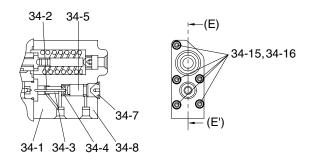


14 DETAIL (HOLDING VALVE ASSY)

| 5 | Spool-boom 1 | 14-8 Poppet seat | 16 | Overload relief valve |
|------|--------------------|--------------------|----|-----------------------|
| 7 | Spool-swing | 14-9 Back up ring | 20 | Logic valve-swing |
| 14 | Holding valve assy | 14-10 O-ring | 29 | Plug |
| 14-1 | Poppet-main | 14-11 Plug | 30 | Plug |
| 14-2 | Restrictor | 14-12 Pilot piston | 37 | Cover A-pilot |
| 14-3 | Spring-pilot | 14-13 Piston guide | 38 | Cover B1-pilot |
| 14-4 | C-ring | 14-14 Spring | 43 | Spring 1-check valve |
| 14-5 | Pilot poppet | 14-15 Main piston | 44 | Poppet 1-check valve |
| 14-6 | Poppet guide | 14-16 Plug | 62 | O-ring |
| 14-7 | O-ring | 14-17 Block | 64 | Hex socket head bolt |

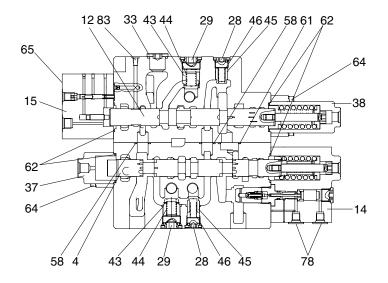


E-E' (ARM & ARM REGENRATION)

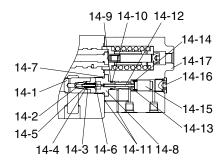


34 DETAIL (HOLDING ASSY)

| 10 | Spool-arm 1 | 25 | Poppet 2-check valve | 34-5 | Piston 2-holding |
|------|------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|----------------------|
| 11 | Spool-arm regeneration | 26 | Spring 2-check valve | 34-7 | Plug |
| 15 | Cover A-pilot | 27 | Poppet-lock valve | 34-8 | Plug |
| 16 | Cover B1-pilot | 27-1 | Poppet | 34-15 | Socket bolt |
| 19 | Arm-regeneration | 27-2 | Spring | 34-16 | Spring washer |
| 19-1 | Block-regeneration | 27-3 | Poppet guide | 45 | Orifice-plug |
| 19-2 | Piston-cut off | 27-4 | Pilot poppet | 55 | Plug |
| 19-3 | Stopper-regeneration | 27-5 | Poppet seat | 57 | O-ring |
| 19-4 | Spool-regeneration | 27-6 | C-ring | 61 | O-ring |
| 19-5 | Spring-regeneration | 27-7 | Restrictor-lock valve | 63 | O-ring |
| 19-6 | Plug | 27-8 | O-ring | 64 | O-ring |
| 19-7 | Socket bolt | 27-9 | O-ring | 65 | O-ring |
| 19-8 | Spring wahser | 27-10 | Back up ring | 67 | O-ring |
| 19-9 | Pin-regeneration | 34 | Holding kit A1 | 68 | O-ring |
| 20 | Plug | 34-1 | Block-holding P1 | 73 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 21 | Poppet 1-check valve | 34-2 | Piston 1-holding | 79 | Washer |
| 23 | Spring 1-check valve | 34-3 | Guide piston-holding | 94 | Plug |
| 24 | Plug | 34-4 | Spring 1-lock valve | | |

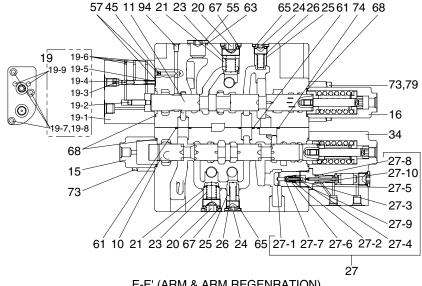


E-E' (ARM & ARM REGENRATION)

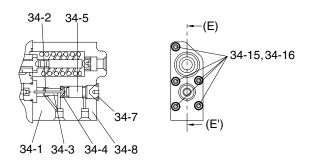


14 DETAIL (HOLDING VALVE ASSY)

| 4 | Spool-arm 1 | 14-11 | Plug | 43 | Poppet 1-check valve |
|-------|------------------------|-------|------------------------|----|----------------------|
| 12 | Spool-arm regeneration | 14-12 | Pilot piston | 44 | Spring 1-check valve |
| 14 | Holding valve assy | 14-13 | Piston guide | 45 | Poppet 2-check valve |
| 14-1 | Poppet | 14-14 | Spring | 46 | Spring 2-check valve |
| 14-2 | Restrictor | 14-15 | Main piston | 58 | O-ring |
| 14-3 | Spring | 14-16 | Plug | 61 | O-ring |
| 14-4 | C-ring | 14-17 | Block | 62 | O-ring |
| 14-5 | Pilot poppet | 15 | Arm regeneration valve | 64 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-6 | Poppet guide | 28 | Plug | 65 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-7 | O-ring | 29 | Plug | 78 | Dust cap |
| 14-8 | Poppet seat | 33 | Plug | 83 | Plug |
| 14-9 | Back up ring | 37 | Cover A-pilot | | |
| 14-10 | O-ring | 38 | Cover B1-pilot | | |

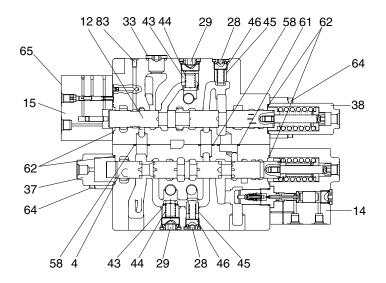


E-E' (ARM & ARM REGENRATION)

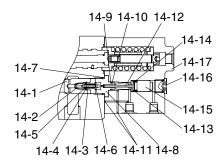


34 DETAIL (HOLDING ASSY)

| 10 | Spool-arm 1 | 25 | Poppet 2-check valve | 34-5 | Piston 2-holding |
|------|------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|----------------------|
| | • | | • • | | • |
| 11 | Spool-arm regeneration | 26 | Spring 2-check valve | 34-7 | Plug |
| 15 | Cover A-pilot | 27 | Holding kit B | 34-8 | Plug |
| 16 | Cover B1-pilot | 27-1 | Poppet | 34-15 | Socket bolt |
| 19 | Arm-regeneration | 27-2 | Spring | 34-16 | Spring washer |
| 19-1 | Block-regeneration | 27-3 | Poppet guide | 45 | Orifice-plug |
| 19-2 | Piston-cut off | 27-4 | Pilot poppet | 55 | Plug |
| 19-3 | Stopper-regeneration | 27-5 | Poppet seat | 57 | O-ring |
| 19-4 | Spool-regeneration | 27-6 | C-ring | 61 | O-ring |
| 19-5 | Spring-regeneration | 27-7 | Restrictor-lock valve | 63 | O-ring |
| 19-6 | Plug | 27-8 | O-ring | 65 | O-ring |
| 19-7 | Socket bolt | 27-9 | O-ring | 67 | O-ring |
| 19-8 | Spring wahser | 27-10 | Back up ring | 68 | O-ring |
| 19-9 | Pin-regeneration | 34 | Holding kit A1 | 73 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 20 | Plug | 34-1 | Block-holding P1 | 74 | O-ring |
| 21 | Poppet 1-check valve | 34-2 | Piston 1-holding | 79 | Washer |
| 23 | Spring 1-check valve | 34-3 | Guide piston-holding | 94 | Plug |
| 24 | Plug | 34-4 | Spring 1-lock valve | | |
| | | | | | |

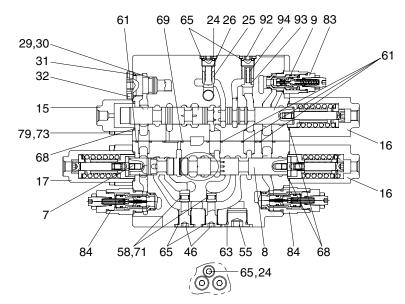


E-E' (ARM & ARM REGENRATION)

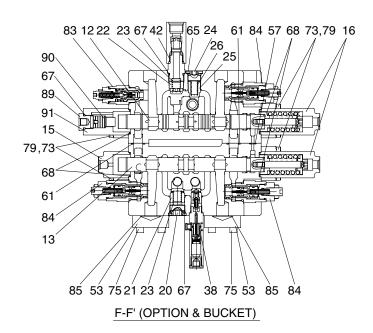


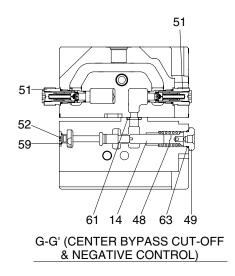
14 DETAIL (HOLDING VALVE ASSY)

| 4 | Spool-arm 1 | 14-11 | Plug | 43 | Poppet 1-check valve |
|-------|------------------------|-------|------------------------|----|----------------------|
| 12 | Spool-arm regeneration | 14-12 | Pilot piston | 44 | Spring 1-check valve |
| 14 | Holding valve assy | 14-13 | Piston guide | 45 | Poppet 2-check valve |
| 14-1 | Poppet-main | 14-14 | Spring | 46 | Spring 2-check valve |
| 14-2 | Restrictor | 14-15 | Main piston | 58 | O-ring |
| 14-3 | Spring-pilot | 14-16 | Plug | 61 | O-ring |
| 14-4 | C-ring | 14-17 | Block | 62 | O-ring |
| 14-5 | Pilot poppet | 15 | Arm regeneration valve | 64 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-6 | Poppet guide | 28 | Plug | 65 | Hex socket head bolt |
| 14-7 | O-ring | 29 | Plug | 83 | Plug |
| 14-8 | Poppet seat | 33 | Plug | | |
| 14-9 | Back up ring | 37 | Cover A-pilot | | |
| 14-10 | O-ring | 38 | Cover B1-pilot | | |



D-D' (SWING PRIORITY-BOOM2 & ARM2)





7 Spool-swing priority

8 Spool-boom 2

9 Spool-arm 2

12 Spool-bucket

13 Spool-option

14 Spool-bypass cut

15 Cover A-pilot

16 Cover B1-pilot

17 Cover B2-pilot

20 Plug

21 Poppet 1-check valve

22 Poppet-L/C bucket

23 Spring 1-check valve

24 Plug

Poppet 2-check valve 25

26 Spring 2-check valve

29 Back up ring

30 O-ring

31 O-ring

32 Plug

38 Load check valve assy

42 Check valve

46 Plua

48 Spring-bypass cut spool

49 Plug-bypass cut spool

Negative control valve 51

52 Plug

53 Flange

55 Plug

57 O-ring

58 O-ring

59 O-ring

61 O-ring

63 O-ring

65

O-ring

67 O-ring 68 O-ring

69

O-ring

71 Back-up ring

73 Hex socket head bolt

75 Socket bolt

79 Washer

83 Overload relief valve

Overload relief valve 84

85 O-ring

89 Plug

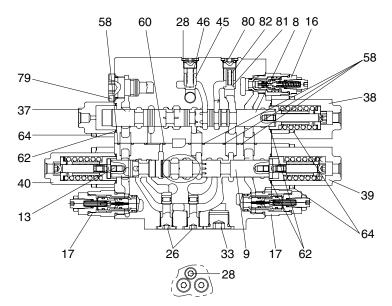
90 Piston

Pilot cover C1 91

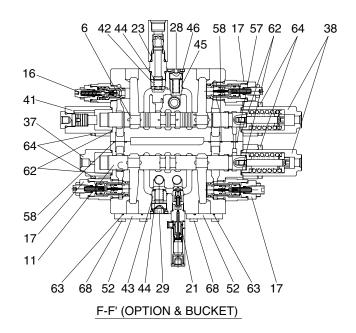
92 Plug

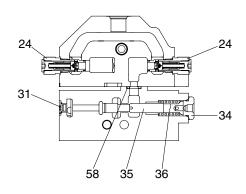
93 **Poppet**

94 Spring



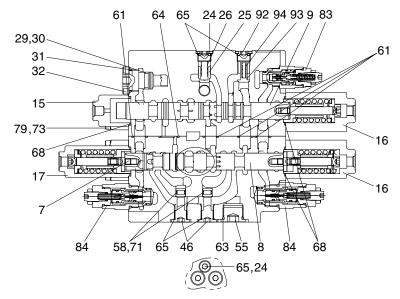
D-D' (SWING PRIORITY-BOOM 2 & ARM 2)



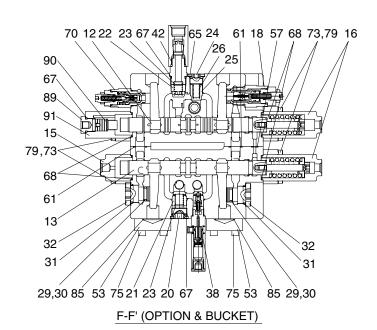


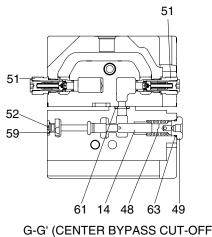
G-G' (CENTER BYPASS CUT-OFF & NEGATIVE CONTROL)

- 6 Spool-bucket
- 8 Spool-arm 2
- 9 Spool-boom 2
- 11 Spool-option
- 13 Spool-swing priority
- 16 Overload relief valve
- 17 Overload relief valve
- 21 Option logic valve assy
- 23 Spool-bypass cut
- 24 Negative control valve
- 26 Plug
- 28 Plug
- 29 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 33 Plug
- 34 Plug-bypass cut spool
- 35 Spool-bypass cut
- 36 Spring-bypass cut spool
- 37 Cover A-pilot
- 38 Cover B1-pilot
- 39 Cover B2-pilot
- 40 Cover B3-pilot
- 41 Pilot cover C1
- 42 Poppet L/C-bucket
- 43 Poppet 1-check valve
- 44 Spring 1-check valve
- 45 Poppet 2-check valve
- 46 Spring 2-check valve
- 52 Flange
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 60 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 00 0
- 63 O-ring
- 64 Hex socket head bolt
- 67 Hex socket head bolt
- 68 Hex socket head bolt
- 79 Plug
- 80 Plug
- 81 Poppet 3-check valve
- 82 Spring 3-check valve



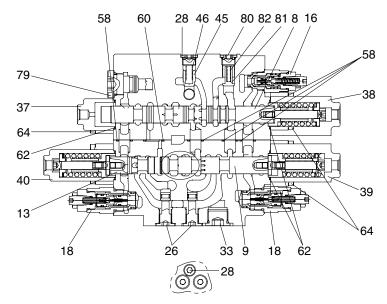
D-D' (SWING PRIORITY-BOOM2 & ARM2)



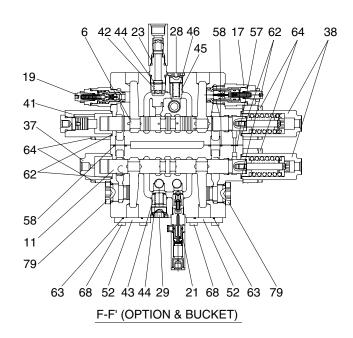


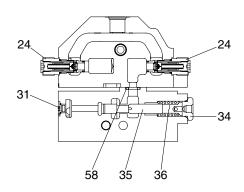
& NEGATIVE CONTROL)

- 7 Spool-swing priority
- 8 Spool-boom 2
- 9 Spool-arm 2
- 12 Spool-bucket
- 13 Spool-option
- 14 Spool-bypass cut
- 15 Cover A-pilot
- 16 Cover B1-pilot
- 17 Cover B3-pilot
- 18 Overload relief valve
- 20 Plug
- 21 Poppet 1-check valve
- 22 Poppet-L/C bucket
- 23 Spring 1-check valve
- 24 Plug
- 25 Poppet 2-check valve
- 26 Spring 2-check valve
- 29 O-ring
- 30 Back-up ring
- 31 O-ring
- 32 Plug
- 38 Load check valve assy
- 42 Check valve
- 46 Plug
- 48 Spring-bypass cut spool
- 49 Plug-bypass cut spool
- 51 Negative control valve
- 52 Plug
- 53 Flange
- 55 Plug
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 59 O-ring
- 61 O-ring
- 63 O-ring
- 05 C-IIIIg
- 65 O-ring
- 67 O-ring
- 68 O-ring
- 70 Overload relief valve
- 71 Back-up ring
- 73 Hex socket head bolt
- 75 Socket bolt
- 79 Washer
- 83 Overload relief valve
- 84 Overload relief valve
- 85 O-ring
- 89 Plug
- 90 Piston
- 91 Pilot cover C1
- 92 Plug
- 93 Poppet
- 94 Spring



D-D' (SWING PRIORITY-BOOM 2 & ARM 2)





G-G' (CENTER BYPASS CUT-OFF & NEGATIVE CONTROL)

- 6 Spool-bucket
- 8 Spool-arm 2
- 9 Spool-boom 2
- 11 Spool-option
- 13 Spool-swing priority
- 18 Overload relief valve
- 19 Overload relief valve
- 21 Option logic valve
- 23 Spool-bypass cut
- 24 Negative control valve
- 26 Plug
- 28 Plug
- 29 Plug
- 31 Plug
- 33 Plug
- 34 Plug-bypass cut spool
- 35 Spool-bypass cut
- 36 Spring-bypass cut spool
- 37 Cover A-pilot
- 38 Cover B1-pilot
- 39 Cover B2-pilot
- 40 Cover B3-pilot
- 41 Pilot cover C1
- 42 Poppet L/C-bucket
- 43 Poppet 1-check valve
- 44 Spring 1-check valve
- 45 Poppet 2-check valve
- 46 Spring 2-check valve
- 52 Flange
- 57 O-ring
- 58 O-ring
- 60 O-ring
- 62 O-ring
- 63 O-ring
- 64 Hex socket head bolt
- 68 Hex socket head bolt
- 79 Plug
- 80 Plug
- 81 Poppet 3-check valve
- 82 Spring 3-check valve

3. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

1) GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- (1) As hydraulic equipments, not only this valve are constructed precisely with very small clearances, disassembling and assembling must be carefully done in a clean place with preventing dusts and contaminants from entering.
- (2) Prepare the section drawing and study the structure of MCV and then start disassembly work.
- (3) When removing the control valve from the machine, install caps on every ports, and wash the outside of the assembly with confirming the existence of caps before disassembling. Prepare a suitable table and some clean papers or rubber mat on the table for disassembling.
- (4) If the components are left disassembled, they may get rust. Make sure to measure the greasing and sealing.
- (5) For carrying the control valve, never hold with pilot cover or relief valve and overload relief valve and carefully treat the valves.
- (6) Do not tap the valve even if the spool movement is not smooth.
- (7) Several tests for such as relief characteristics, leakage, overload relief valve setting and flow resistance are required after re-assembling, and the hydraulic test equipments for those tests are needed.

Therefore, do not disassemble what cannot perform test adjustment, even if it can disassemble.

* Be sure to observe the mark (*) description in the disassembly and assembly procedures.

2) TOOLS

Before disassembling the control valve, prepare the following tools beforehand.

| Name of tool | Quantity | Size (mm) |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Vice mounted on bench (soft jaws) | 1 unit | |
| Hexagon wrench | Each 1 piece | 5, 6, 10, 12 and 14 |
| Socket wrench | Each 1 piece | 27 and 32 |
| Spanner | Each 1 piece | 26 and 32 (main relief valve) |

3) DISASSEMBLY

(1) Removing spool

① The case of the section without holding valve

Instruction for removing the travel spool (for instance) is follows: Remove two hex socket bolts by 5 mm allen key wrench, then remove pilot cover.

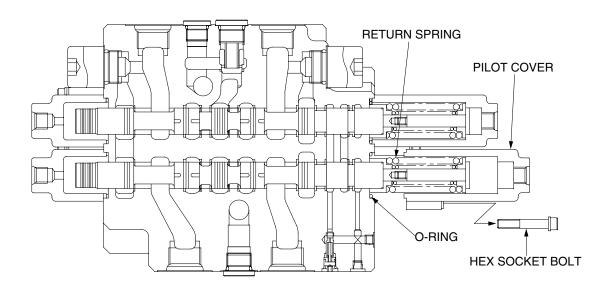
Pay attention not to lose the O-ring under the pilot cover.

As the return spring portion of travel spool comes out, pull the spring straight slowly, by which spool assembly is removed.

* The spools have to remove from the spring side.

Other spools (no lock valve type) can be removed in the same manner but the swing priority spool is reversed.

- When spool replace, do not disassemble of a spool by any cases. Please replace by spool assembly.
- Please attach using a tag etc. in the case of two or more kinds of spool replace, and understand a position.



29098MC01

② The case of the section with holding valve

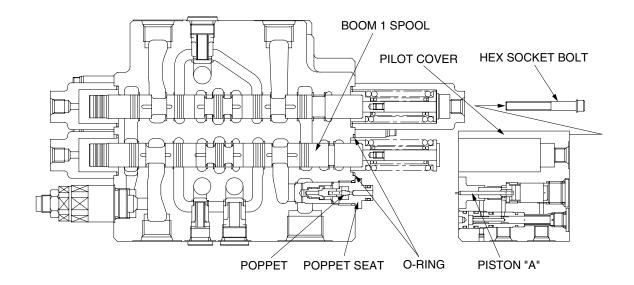
Instruction for removing the boom spool (for instance) is follows:

Remove five hex socket bolts with washer by 5 mm allen key wrench. Then remove pilot cover with internal parts below figure.

- * Be careful not to separate O-ring and poppet under pilot cover.
- * Pay attention not to damage the exposed piston A under pilot cover.

As the return spring portion of boom 1 spool comes out, pull the spring straight slowly, by which spool assembly is removed.

- * The spools have to remove form the spring side.
- When spool replace, do not disassemble of a spool by any cases, please replace by spool assembly.

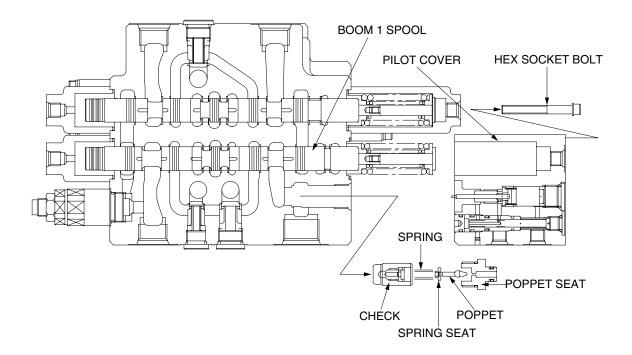


29098MC02

(2) Removing holding valve

Remove the pilot cover with the holding valve as described on previous page.

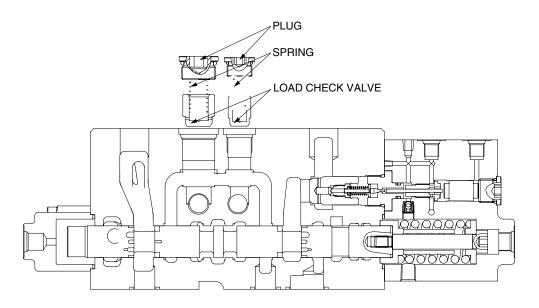
- Do not disassembled internal parts of the pilot cover.
 - Loosen the poppet seat by 26 mm spanner and remove the poppet, the spring seat, the spring and the check in order.
- Pay attention not to lose the poppet.
- Do not disassembled internal parts of the check because the plug, functioning orifice, can damage easily.



(3) Removing load check valve and negative relief valve

① The load check valve

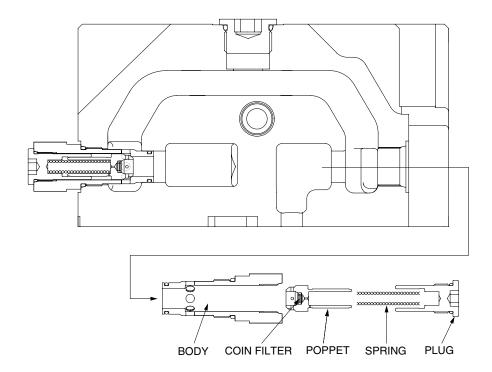
- Fix the body to suitable work bench. Loosen the plug by 10 mm allen key wrench.
- Remove the spring and the load check valve with pincers or magnet.



29098MC04

② The negative relief valve

Loosen the socket by 12 mm allen key wrench. Remove the spring, the spring holder, the piston and the negative control poppet.



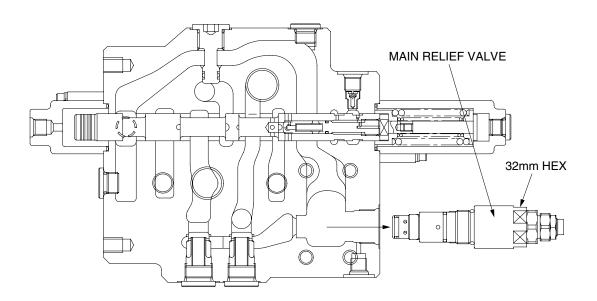
29098MC05

* Do not disassemble the coin filter inside the negative control poppet because of forced fit.

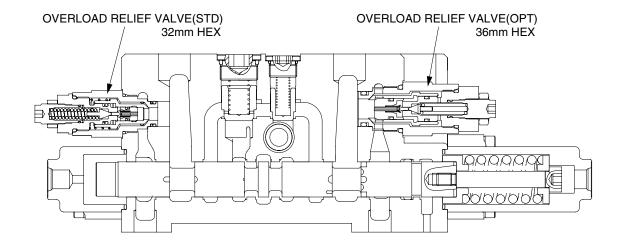
(4) Removing main relief valve and overload relief valve

Fix the valve body to suitable work bench. Remove the main relief valve by 32 mm spanner and remove the overload relief valve 32 mm spanner (standard) or 36 mm spanner (optional).

- * When disassembled, tag the relief valve for identification so that they can be reassembled correctly.
- * Pay attention not to damage seat face of disassembled main relief and overload relief valve.
- Main relief and overload relief valve are very critical parts for performance and safety of the machine. Also, the pressure set is very difficult. Therefore, any abnormal parts are found, replace it with completely new relief valve assembly.

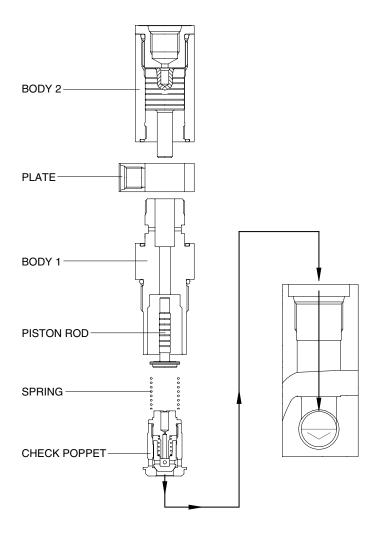


29098MC06



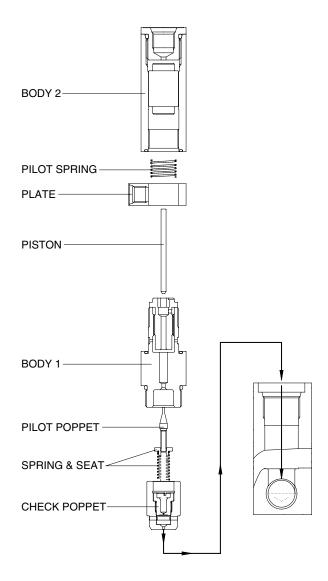
(5) Removing the swing logic valve and bucket logic valve

- Fix the valve body to suitable work bench.
- Loosen the body 2 by 32 mm spanner (swing logic valve) or 24 mm spanner (bucket logic valve) and remove it.
- Remove the banjo plate.
- Loosen the body 1 as the same spanner of body 2 and remove it.
- Remove the check poppet and spring.
- * Pay attention not to damage seat face of removed check poppet.
- * Do not disassemble the check poppet and replace it with a assembly in case any abnormal parts are found.
- * Pay attention not to lose and separation while disassembling and assembling.



(6) Removing the option ON/OFF valve

- Fix the valve body to suitable work bench.
- Loosen the body 2 by 24 mm spanner and remove it.
- Remove the banjo plate.
- Loosen the body 1 as the same spanner of body 2 and remove it.
- Remove the pilot poppet, spring and seat.
- Remove the check poppet.



4) ASSEMBLY

(1) Precaution

- ① When you assemble, please wash all parts by pure cleaning liquid.
- ② For re-assembling, basically use only bland new seals for all portions.
- 3 Apply grease or hydraulic oil to the seals and seal fitting section to make the sliding smooth, unless otherwise specified.
- ④ Pay attention not to roll the O-ring when fitting and it may cause oil leakage.
- ⑤ Do not tap the valve even if the spool movement is not smooth.
- 6 Prepare the section drawing and study the structure of MCV and then start disassembly work.
- Tighten bolt and parts with thread for all section by torque wrench to the respective tightening torque.

(2) Assembly

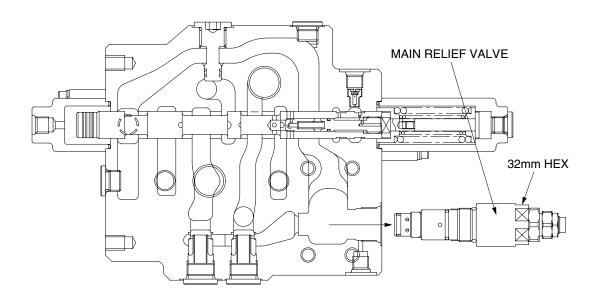
Explanation only is shown for the assembly, refer to the figures shown in the previous disassembly section.

① Main relief and overload relief valve

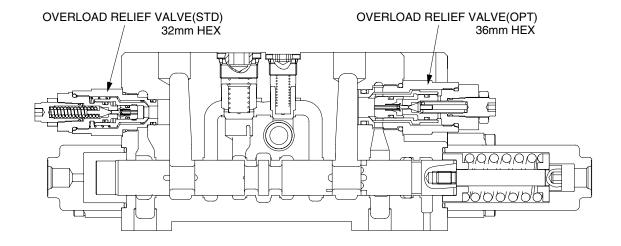
Fix the valve body to suitable work bench.

Install main relief valve and overload relief valve into the body and tighten to the specified torque by 32 mm torque wrench.

· Tightening torque: 8~9 kgf·m (57.8~65.1 lbf·ft)



29098MC06

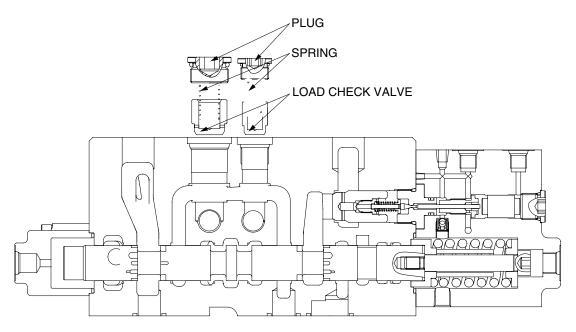


② Load check valve

Assemble the load check valve and spring.

Put O-rings on to plug and tighten plug to the specified torque by 10 mm torque wrench.

· Tightening torque : 6~7 kgf·m (43.4~50.6 lbf·ft)

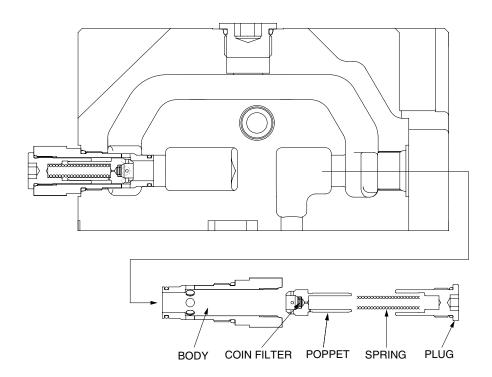


29098MC04

3 Negative control relief valve

Assemble the nega-con poppet, piston, spring holder and spring into body in order and tighten the socket to the specified torque by 12 mm torque wrench.

· Tightening torque : 8~9 kgf·m (57.8~65.1 lbf·ft)



4 Holding valves

Assemble the check, spring seat and poppet into the hole of valve body in order.

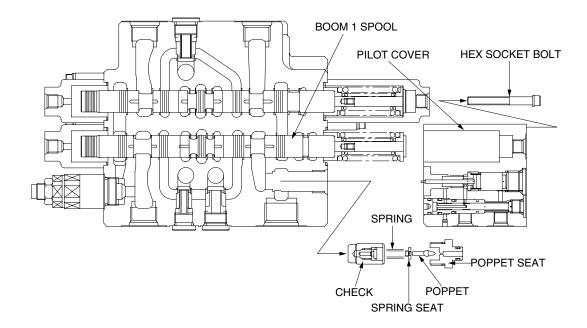
Tighten the poppet seat to the specified torque by 25 mm torque wrench.

· Tightening torque : 6~7 kgf·m (43.4~50.6 lbf·ft)

Fit the "piston A" under pilot cover with internal parts into hole on the poppet seat.

Tighten hexagon socket head bolt to specified torque by 5 mm torque wrench.

- · Tightening torque: 1~1.1 kgf·m (7.23~7.96 lbf·ft)
- Pay attention poppet not to separation.
- * Confirm that O-rings have been well fitted on the groove of body. (apply grease on O-ring)



⑤ Main spool

Put the spool position upward and fix it to the vise. Carefully insert the previously assembled spool assemblies into their respective bores within of body.

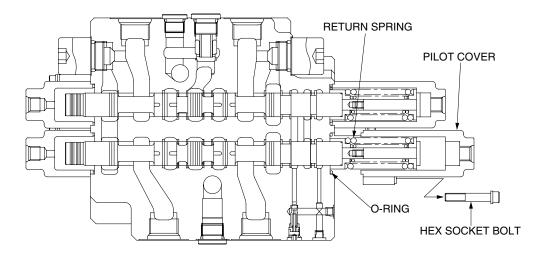
Fit spool assemblies into body carefully and slowly. Do not under any circumstances push them forcibly in.

Fit the pilot cover to the groove of the valve body.

Confirm that O-rings have been fitted on the groove of body. (apply grease on O-ring)

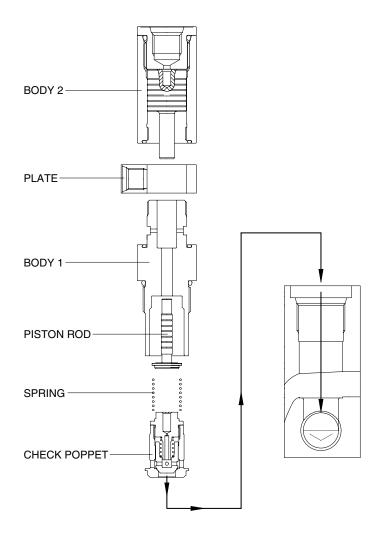
Tighten the two socket bolt to the specified torque by 5 mm torque wrench.

· Tightening torque: 1~1.1 kgf·m (7.23~7.96 lbf·ft)



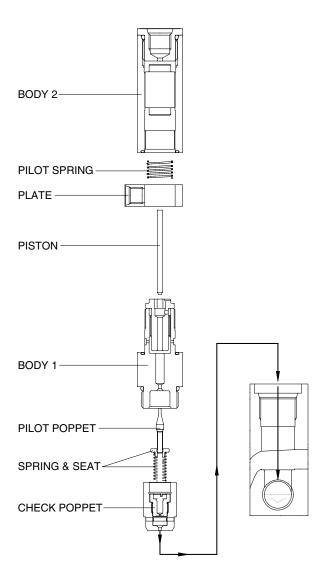
6 The swing logic valve and bucket logic valve

- Assemble the piston rod, spring and check poppet into the body 1 in order.
- Install the body 1 assembly into valve body and tighten to the specified torque.
 - · Tightening torque: 2.9 kgf·m (21.0 lbf·ft)
- Assemble the banjo plate.
- * Confirm O-ring has been seated on the groove of banjo plate.
- Tighten the body 2 to the specified torque.
 - · Tightening torque : 1.5 kgf·m (10.8 lbf·ft)



⑦ Option ON/OFF valve

- Assemble the check poppet into the valve body.
- * Push the check poppet about half of hole.
- Assemble the pilot poppet, spring and seat into check poppet.
- * As it can not be fixed, hang it diagonally.
- Insert the end of pilot poppet into the machined center hole of body 1 and push it complete
- slowly. Then tighten to the specified torque.
 - · Tightening torque : 2.9 kgf·m (21.0 lbf·ft)
- * Tighten socket piston.
- When push the piston to the end, confirm the repulsive spring force.
- Assemble the banjo plate.
- Put the pilot spring into body 2 and assemble it into body 1 and then tighten to the specified torque.
 - · Tightening torque: 1.5 kgf·m (10.8 lbf·ft)



GROUP 5 SWING DEVICE

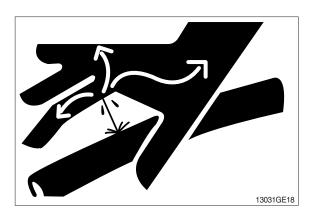
1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL OF MOTOR

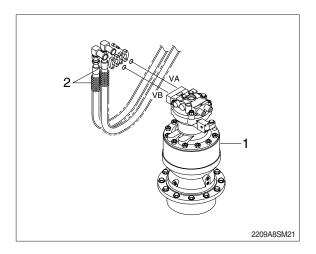
1) REMOVAL

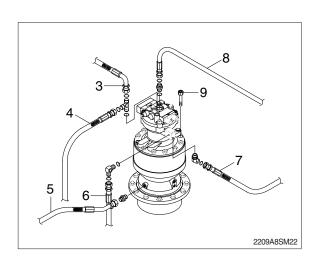
- (1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- ▲ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- When pipes and hoses are disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (4) Disconnect hose assembly (2).
- (5) Disconnect pilot line hoses (3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8).
- (6) Sling the swing motor assembly (1) and remove the swing motor mounting socket bolts (9).
 - · Motor device weight: 61 kg (135 lb)
- (7) Remove the swing motor assembly.
- When removing the swing motor assembly, check that all the piping have been disconnected.

2) INSTALL

- Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Bleed the air from the swing motor.
- ① Remove the air vent plug.
- ② Pour in hydraulic oil until it overflows from the port.
- 3 Tighten plug lightly.
- Start the engine, run at low idling and check oil come out from plug.
- 5 Tighten plug fully.
- (3) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

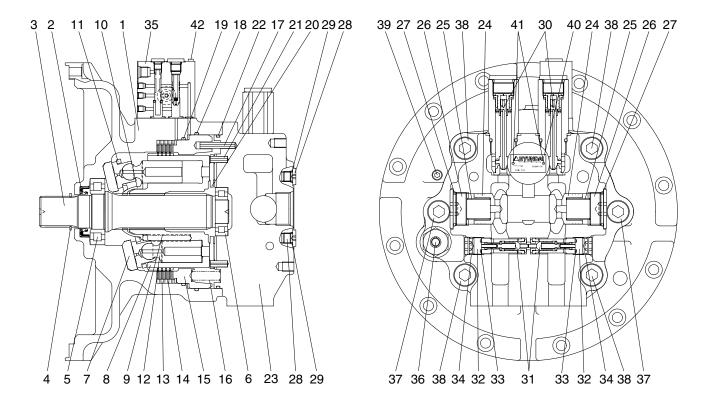






2. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF SWING MOTOR

1) STRUCTURE



300L2SM02

| 1 | Casing | 15 | Parking piston | 29 | O-ring |
|----|----------------|----|----------------|----|-------------------------|
| 2 | Oil seal | 16 | Brake spring | 30 | Relief valve assy |
| 3 | Shaft | 17 | Spring pin | 31 | Reactionless valve assy |
| 4 | Snap ring | 18 | O-ring | 32 | Plug |
| 5 | Roller bearing | 19 | O-ring | 33 | O-ring |
| 6 | Needle bearing | 20 | Valve plate | 34 | O-ring |
| 7 | Swash plate | 21 | Spring pin | 35 | Time delay valve assy |
| 8 | Cylinder block | 22 | O-ring | 36 | Level gauge |
| 9 | Spring | 23 | Valve casing | 37 | Socket bolt |
| 10 | Ball guide | 24 | Check valve | 38 | Socket bolt |
| 11 | Retainer plate | 25 | Spring | 39 | Plug |
| 12 | Piston assy | 26 | Plug | 40 | Name plate |
| 13 | Friction plate | 27 | O-ring | 41 | Rivet |
| 14 | Separate plate | 28 | Plug | 42 | Socket bolt |

2) DISASSEMBLY

(1) Disassemble drive shaft

① Unloosing socket bolt (time delay valve, 42) and disassemble time delay valve assy (35) from casing (1).



2209A8SM51

② Disassemble level gauge (36) from casing (1).



2209A8SM52

③ Hang valve casing (23) on hoist, unloose socket bolt (37, 38) and disassemble from casing (1).



2209A8SM53

④ Disassemble spring (16) and using a jig, disassemble parking piston (15) from casing (1).



2209A8SM54

⑤ Disassemble respectively cylinder block sub (8), friction plate (13), separate plate (14) from casing (1).



2209A8SM55

⑥ Disassemble swash plate (7) from casing (1).



2209A8SM56

① Using a plier jig, disassemble snap ring (4) from casing (1).



2209A8SM57

® Disassemble shaft assy (3), oil seal (2) and O-ring (18, 22) from casing (1).



2209A8SM58

(2) Disassemble cylinder block sub

① Disassemble piston assy (12) from cylinder block (8).



2209A8SM59

- ② Disassemble ball guide (10) and spring (cylinder block, 9) from cylinder block (8).
 - · Ball guide \times 1EA
 - · Spring \times 9EA



2209A8SM60

(3) Disassemble valve casing sub

① Disassemble spring pin (17, 21), valve plate (20), O-ring (22) from valve casing (23).



② Using a torque wrench, disassemble relief valve (30) from valve casing (23).



2209A8SM62

③ Using a torque wrench, disassemble plug (32) from valve casing (23) and disassemble O-ring (33, 34) and reactionless valve assy (31).



2209A8SM63

④ Using a torque wrench, disassemble check valve (24) from valve casing (23).



2209A8SM64

⑤ Disassemble plug (28), O-ring (29) from valve casing (23).



2209A8SM65

3) ASSEMBLING

(1) Assemble shaft sub

① Put roller bearing (3) on preheater and provide heat to inner race.

(Temperature in conveyor: 120°C for 3~5

minutes)



2209A8SM66

② Using a robot machine, assemble and press preheated roller bearing (3) into shaft (5).



2209A8SM67

(2) Assemble cylinder block sub

- ① Assemble 9 springs (cylinder block, 9) into cylinder block (8).
 - · Spring \times 9EA



2209A8SM68

- ② Assemble ball guide (10) into cylinder block (8).
 - · Ball guide \times 1EA



2209A8SM69

- 3 Assemble 9 piston assy (12) into retainer plate (11).
 - · Piston assy×9EA
 - · Retainer plate × 1EA



2200A8SM70

④ Assemble parts of procedure ② and ③.



2209A8SM71

(3) Assemble valve casing sub

- ① Assemble make up check valve sub Assemble check valve (24), O-ring (27), plug (26) in that order and then screw it torque wrench.
 - · Make up check valve × 2EA
 - · Spring×2EA
 - · Plug×2EA
 - · O-ring \times 2EA
 - Tightening torque : $38\pm3.8 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ (275 \pm 27.5 lbf · ft)



2209A8SM72

2 Assemble reactionless valve assy

Assemble reactionless valve assy (31), plug (32), O-ring (33, 34) in that order and then screw it a torque wrench.

- · Reactionless valve assy (31)×2EA
- · Plug (32) × 2EA
- · O-ring (33, 34) × 2EA
- Tightening torque : $22\pm1.5 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ (159 $\pm11 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft}$)



2209A8SM73

- ③ Using a torque wrench, assemble relief valve (30) 2 sets into valve casing (23).
 - · Relief valve (30) × 2EA
 - Tightening torque : 18±1.8 kgf · m

 $(130\pm13 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$



2209A8SM74

- ④ Assemble plug (28) and O-ring (27) into valve casing (23).
 - · Plug (28) × 3EA
 - · O-ring (27) \times 3EA
 - . Tightening torque : 4.5 ± 0.4 kgf \cdot m (32.5 ±2.9 lbf \cdot ft)



2209A8SM75

- S Assemble needle bearing (6) into valve casing (23) and assemble spring pin (17, 21) into valve casing (23).
 - · Needle bearing (6) × 1EA
 - · Spring pin (17, 21) \times 1EA



2209A8SM76

⑥ Apply some grease valve plate (20) and assemble it into valve casing (23).



2209A8SM77

(4) Assemble drive shaft sub

① Using a jig, assemble oil sealing (2) into casing (1).



2209A8SM78

② Fit shaft sub (shaft+roller bearing) into casing (1).



2209A8SM79

- ③ Using a plier jig, assemble snap ring (4) to shaft (3).
 - · Snap ring \times 1EA

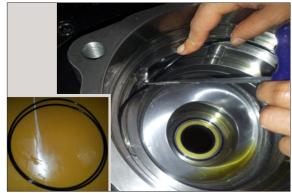


2209A8SM80

- 4 Apply some grease swash plate (7) and assemble it into casing (1).
 - · Swash plate \times 1EA



- ⑤ Insert O-ring (18, 19) into casing (1).
 - · O-ring (18)×1EA
 - · O-ring (19)×1EA



2209A8SM82

Assemble cylinder block (8) into casing (1).



2209A8SM83

- Assemble separate plate (14) and friction plate (13) 4 sets into casing (1) and fit parking piston (15) into casing (1) by a jig or a press.
 - · Separate plate × 4EA
 - · Friction plate \times 4EA
 - · Parking piston × 1EA



2209A8SM84

- Assemble spring (parking piston, 16) into parking piston (15).
 - · Spring×26EA



2209A8SM85

9 Lift up valve casing (23) on casing (1) by a crane and assemble it with socket bolts (37, 38).

· Tightening torque : 33 \pm 3.3 kgf \cdot m $(239 \pm 23.9 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$



① Assemble level gauge (36) and plug (39) into casing (1).

 \cdot Tightening torque (36) : 15 \pm 1.0 kgf \cdot m $(108.5 \pm 7.2 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$

 \cdot Tightening torque (39) : 3 \pm 0.3 kgf \cdot m

 $(21.7\pm2.2 \, lbf \cdot ft)$



2209A8SM87

- ① Assemble time delay valve assy (35) into valve casing (23) with socket bolt (42).
 - · Time delay valve \times 1EA
 - · Socket bolt × 3EA
 - · Tightening torque (42) : 1.3 \pm 0.1 kgf · m $(9.4 \pm 0.72 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$



12 Air pressing test

Be sure of leakage, after press air into assembled motor and put it in water for 1 minute (pressure: 2 kgf/cm²).



13 Leakage check

Place motor on a bench tester and after cleaning motor by color check No.1, paint No.3 and be sure of leakage.



2209A8SM90

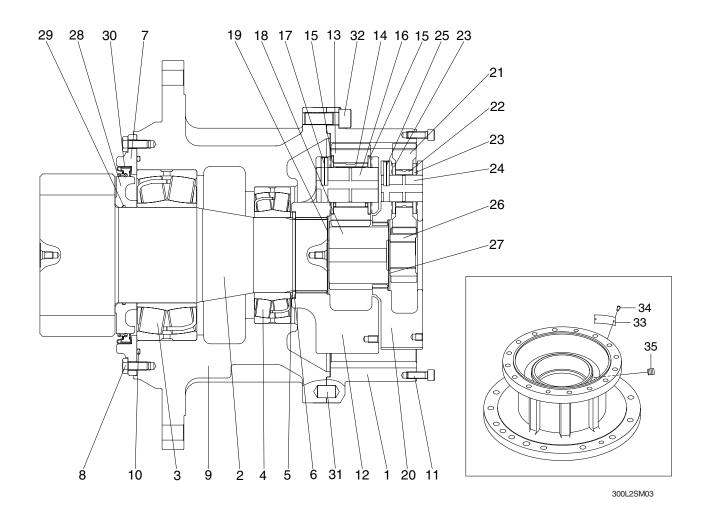
Mount test bench

Mounting motor a test bench, test the availability of each part.



2209A8SM91

3. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF REDUCTION GEAR 1) STRUCTURE



- 1 Ring gear
- 2 Drive shaft
- 3 Bearing
- 4 Bearing
- 5 Thrust plate
- 6 Snap ring
- 7 Cover
- 8 Hex head bolt
- 9 Casing
- 10 O-ring
- 11 Hex socket head bolt
- 12 Carrier 2

- 13 Planetary gear 2
- 14 Needle bearing 2
- 15 Thrust washer 2
- 16 Carrier pin 2
- 17 Spring pin 2
- 18 Sun gear 2
- 19 Thrust plate 2
- 20 Carrier 1
- 21 Planetary gear 1
- 22 Needle bearing 1
- 23 Thrust washer 1
- 24 Carrier pin 1

- 25 Spring pin 1
- 26 Sun gear 1
- 27 Thrust plate 1
- 28 Sleeve
- 29 O-ring
- 30 Oil seal
- 31 Parallel pin
- 32 Hex socket head bolt
- 33 Name plate
- 34 Rivet
- 35 Plug

2) DISASSEMBLY REDUCTION GEAR

(1) Preparation

- ① The reduction gear removed from machine is usually covered with mud.
 - Wash out side of reduction gear and dry it.
- ② Setting reduction gear on work stand for disassembling.
- ③ Mark for mating Put marks on each mating parts when disassembling so as to reassemble correctly as before.
- ▲ Take great care not to pinch your hand between parts while disassembling not let fall parts on your foot while lifting them.

(2) Disassemble the swing motor

① Loosen the hex wrench bolt (11, M10), and remove the swing motor.



(3) Disassemble the carrier No.1 assy

① Disassemble gear-sun No.1 (26), tightening eye-bolt (M10) to screw holes for disassembly in carrier No.1 (20), then disassemble carrier No.1 assy.



(4) Disassemble the carrier No.2 assy

① Disassemble gear-sun No.2 (18), tighten eye-bolt (M10) to screw holes for disassembly in carrier No.2 (12), then disassemble carrier No.2 assy.



300L8SR03

(5) Disassemble carrier No.1 assy

- ① Hold jig to spring pin No.1 (26), then tap jig with a hammer, so that place spring pin in the center of carrier pin No.1 (24).
- Do not reuse spring pin.
- Disassemble method of carrier No.2 assy is same.
- ② Disassemble carrier pin No.1 (24), then disassemble planetary gear No.1 (21), thrust washer No.1 (23) from the carrier No.1 (20).





- (6) Disassemble the ring gear (1).
- ① Separate ring gear (1) from casing (9).
- Separate casing (9) by using the groove area because loctite is spread on joining surface of ring gear (1) and casing (9) to prevent oil leakage.



- (7) Disassemble the drive shaft (2).
- ① Using the snapring plier, disassemble snapring (6),then disassemble thrust plate (5).



300L8SR07

② Turn casing (9) over to face pinion gear upward. Then unscrew hex.head bolt (8) 12ea by using the tool.



300L8SR0

- ③ Disassemble drive shaft sub assy by using the press machine.
- The drive shaft sub assy fall all together, so becareful when removing it.



- ④ Disassemble sph. roller bearing (3), cover (7), oil seal (30), and sleeve (28) from the drive shaft (2).
- * Do not reuse oil seal (30).



300L8SR10

(8) Separate sph. roller bearing (4) from casing (9) by using the press machine.



3) ASSEMBLY REDUCTION GEAR

- (1) Even though assembly is accomplished by reversing disassembly steps, be careful of the following.
 - ① Repair the damaged part when disassembling, prepare parts for the exchange in advance.
 - 2 All parts should be cleaned with cleaner, and dried with compressed air.
 - 3 Sliding surface, O-ring, bearing and oil seal should be lubricated with clean hydraulic oil, prior to final assembly.
 - Replacement O-ring and oil seal with new parts is generally recommended.
- ⑤ Use a torque wrench to make sure that assembly fasteners are tightened to specified values.
- 6 When assembling bolt, spread Loctite.
- (2) Assemble drive shaft (2).
- ① After heating sleeve (28) for 5 minutes at 80 ~ 90°C, assemble O-ring (29).
- Apply grease to the O-ring (29) to prevent damage.



- ② Apply grease to the oil seal (30), placed on the jig and then assemble it to cover (7) by using the press machine.
- ※ Apply grease to oil seal lip portion.
- * Be careful of damage of oil seal.



300L8SR13

- ③ Assemble sleeve (28) and cover (7) to drive shaft (2).
- Be careful of the direction of cover (7), sleeve (28).
- * Be careful of damage of oil seal.



4 After heating sph. roller bearing (3) for 13 minutes at 80~90°C and doing demagnetization, then assemble it to drive shaft (2).



300L8SR15

⑤ After assembling O-ring (10) on casing (9), assemble drive shaft sub assy by using a press machine.



300L8SR16

- ⑥ After spreading loctite #262 on hex.head bolt (8), screw them to fix casing (9) and cover (7).
- % Tightening torque : 8.8 \pm 0.9 kgf \cdot m (63.7 \pm 6.51 lbf \cdot ft)
- * Screwing when rust inhibitor is not remove.



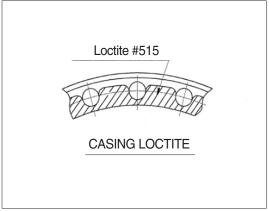
- (3) Assemble sph. roller bearing (4).
- ① Assemble sph. roller bearing (4) to casing (9) by using the press machine.



- ② After assembling thrust plate (5), assemble snap ring (6) to assembly groove of drive shaft (2).
- Assemble selected thrust plate (5) to make gap (0.1~0.3 mm) between snap ring (6) and sph. roller bearing (4).



- (4) Assemble ring gear (1).
- ① Spread the loctite #515 on the casing (9) with reference to the right detail view.
- * Loctite should not flow into casing (9).



300L8SR20

- ② After press-fitting parallel pin (31) with a hammer on the casing (9). Then spreading loctite #262 on hex.head bolt (32), screw them.
- % Tightening torque : 33 \pm 3.3 kgf \cdot m

 $(239 \pm 23.9 \, lbf \cdot ft)$

* Screwing when rust inhibitor is not removed.



300L8SR21

(5) Assemble carrier No.1 assy

- ① After assembling thrust plate No.1 (27) on carrier No.1 (20), assemble thrust washer No.1 (23), planetary gear No.1 (21), then assemble carrier pin No.1 (24) by using the hammer.
- Assembly method of carrier No.2 assy is same.



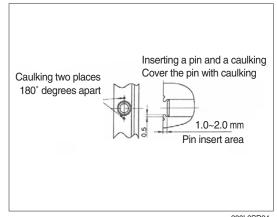
300L8SR22

2 Assemble spring pin No.1 (25) to fix carrier No.1 (20) and spring pin No.1 (25) by using the jig.



300L8SR23

- 3 Caulking is performed on the assembled spring pin unit.
- * To cover pins, implement the caulking in two places that are located direction of 180 degrees around assembled spring pin No.1 (25).



300L8SR24

(6) Assemble carrier No.2 assy

- ① Lift pre-assembled carrier No.2 assy. Shaking it from side to side, assemble it to ring gear (1) to engage with ring gear (1). Then, press-fit it with polyurethane hammer.
- Check caulking and rotating state before assembly.



300L8SR25

- (7) Assemble sun gear No.2 (18).
- ① Shaking sun gear No.2 (18) from side to side, assemble it to carrier No.2 assy to engage with planetary gear No.2 (13).



300L8SR26

- (8) Assemble carrier No.1 assy. Lift carrier No.1 assy. Shaking it from side to side, assemble it to ring gear (1) to engage with ring gear (1).
- Check rotating state before assembly.



300L8SR2

- (9) Assemble sun gear No.1 (26).
- ① Shaking sun gear No.1 (26) from side to side, assembleit to engage planetary gear No.1 (21). Then fill with gear oil 11 liter.



300L8SR28

GROUP 6 TRAVEL DEVICE (TYPE 1 & 3)

1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

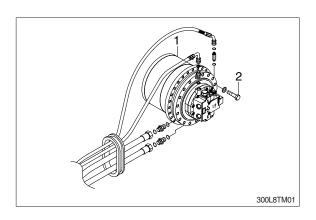
1) REMOVAL

- (1) Swing the work equipment 90 ° and lower it completely to the ground.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- A Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- When pipes and hoses are disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (4) Remove the track shoe assembly.
 For details, see removal of track shoe assembly.
- (5) Remove the cover.
- (6) Remove the hoses.
- Fit blind plugs to the disconnected hoses.
- (7) Remove the bolts and the sprocket.
- (8) Sling travel device assembly (1).
- (9) Remove the mounting bolts (2), then remove the travel device assembly.
 - · Weight: 430 kg (950 lb)

2) INSTALL

- Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Bleed the air from the travel motor.
- ① Remove the air vent plug.
- ② Pour in hydraulic oil until it overflows from the port.
- 3 Tighten plug lightly.
- Start the engine, run at low idling, and check oil come out from plug.
- ⑤ Tighten plug fully.
- (3) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

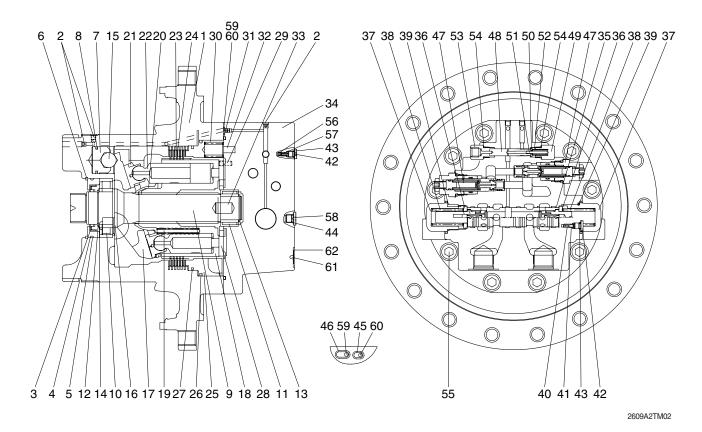




2. SPECIFICATION

1) TRAVEL MOTOR

21 Retainer plate



| 1 | Casing | 22 | Piston assy | 43 | O-ring |
|----|-------------------------|----|-----------------|----|--------------------------|
| 2 | Plug | 23 | Friction plate | 44 | O-ring |
| 3 | Oil seal | 24 | Separated plate | 45 | O-ring |
| 4 | Thrust block | 25 | Parking piston | 46 | O-ring |
| 5 | O-ring | 26 | D-ring | 47 | Relief valve |
| 6 | Snap ring | 27 | D-ring | 48 | Spool |
| 7 | Piston | 28 | Valve plate | 49 | Plug |
| 8 | Piston seal | 29 | Parallel pin | 50 | Spring seat |
| 9 | Shaft | 30 | Spring | 51 | Parallel pin |
| 10 | Cylinder roller bearing | 31 | O-ring | 52 | Spring |
| 11 | Needle bearing | 32 | Spring pin | 53 | Connector |
| 12 | Snap ring | 33 | Parallel pin | 54 | O-ring |
| 13 | Snap ring | 34 | Rear cover | 55 | Hexagon socket head bolt |
| 14 | Thrust plate | 35 | Main spool assy | 56 | Check valve |
| 15 | Steel ball | 36 | Spring seat | 57 | Spring |
| 16 | Pivot | 37 | Plug | 58 | Plug |
| 17 | Swash plate | 38 | Spring | 59 | Restrictor |
| 18 | Cylinder block | 39 | O-ring | 60 | Restrictor |
| 19 | Spring | 40 | Restrictor | 61 | Name plate |
| 20 | Ball guide | 41 | Spring | 62 | Rivet |

42 Plug

2) TOOL AND TIGHTENING TORQUE

(1) Tools

| Name of tools | B-size | Name of part applied |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | 4 | Plug (2), Orifice screw (3, 4, 38) |
| Hexagonal | 8 | Hex socket bolt (50), Lock screw (62, 72), Plug (65) |
| L-Wrench | 10 | Hex socket bolt (49) |
| | 46 | Hex (57) |
| | 19 | Hp plug (54) |
| Socket wrench/ spanner | 24 | Hex nut (63) |
| Spariner | 27 | Hp plug (56) |
| Snap-ring plier (for holes | , axis) | Ring stop (14), Ring lock (74) |
| Solder hammer | | Needle bearing (34), Pin (5, 6, 36) |
| Torque wrench | | Size: 500, 3000 |
| Jig for assembling oil sea | ıl | Oil seal (73) |
| Induction heating appara | tus for bearing | Roller bearing (13) |

(2) Tightening torque

| NO | David va a va a | Oka is ala isal | 0: | Torque | | | |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|-------------|--|--|
| NO. | Part name | Standard | Size | kgf ⋅ m | lbf ⋅ ft | | |
| 2 | Plug | NPTF 1/16 | 4 0.9±0.2 | | 6.51 ± 1.45 | | |
| 3, 4, 38 | Orifice screw | NPTF 1/16 | 4 | 0.7 | 5.06 | | |
| 49 | Hex socket bolt | M12 | 10 | 10 | 72.33 | | |
| 50 | Hex socket bolt | M10 | 8 | 6.7 | 48.46 | | |
| 54 | Plug | PF 1/4 | 19 | 3.7 | 26.76 | | |
| 56 | Plug | PF 1/2 | 27 | 11 | 79.56 | | |
| 57 | Relief valve | HEX 27 | 1 5/16 | 34 ± 3.4 | 246±24.6 | | |
| 63 | Nut | M16 | 24 | 24 | 173.59 | | |
| 65 | Plug | PF 3/8 | 8 | 7.5 | 54.25 | | |
| 70, 72 | Hex socket bolt | M16 | 14 | 24 | 173.59 | | |
| 71 | Hex socket bolt | M16 | 14 | 24 | 173.59 | | |

3. DISASSEMBLING

1) GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

▲ Combustibles such as white kerosene are used for washing parts. These combustibles are easily ignited, and could result in fire or injury. Be very careful when using.

▲ Internal parts are coated with hydraulic fluid during disassembling and are slippery.
If a part slips out of your hand and fails, it could result in bodily injury or could damage the park.

Be very careful when handling.

- (1) Generally, hydraulic equipment is precisely manufactured and clearances between each parts are very narrow. Therefore, disassembling and assembling works should be performed on the clean place where dusts hardly gather. Tools and kerosene to wash parts should also be clean and handled with great care.
- (2) When motor is removed from the host machine, wash around the ports sufficiently and put the plugs so that no dust and/or water may invade. Take off these plugs just before the piping works when re-attach it to the host machine.
- (3) Bofore disassembling, review the sectional drawing and prepare the required parts, depending on the purpose and the range of disassembling.

Seals, O-rings, etc., if once disassembled, are not reusable.

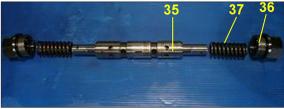
There are some parts that should be replaced as a subassembly.

Consult with the parts manual in advance.

- (4) The piston can be inserted to whichever cylinder block for the initial assembling. However, their combination should not be changed if they are once used. To reuse them, put the matching mark on both pistons and cylinder block before disassembling.
- ▲ Take great care not to pinch your hand between parts while disassembling nor let fall parts on your foot while lifting them.

2) DISASSEMBLING TRAVEL MOTOR

(1) Disassemble main spool cover (36) into rear cover (34) using spanner and torque wrench and then disassemble spring (37), main spool assy (35).







(2) Disassemble wrench bolt (54) using torque wrench.



2609A8TM04

(3) Take out rear cover (34) into casing (1).



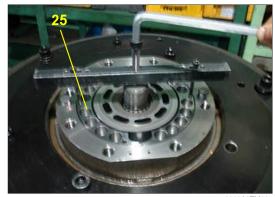
(4) Remove brake spring (30, 14EA)



(5) Disassemble parking piston (25) using jig.



2609A8TM07



2609A8TM08

(6) Disassemble separate plate (24, 5EA) and friction plate (23, 4EA).







2609A8TM12

(7) Remove cylinder block kit. It is easier to work by placing the casing (1) horizontal.



2609A8TM13

(8) Disassemble cylinder block (18), retainer plate (21), piston assy (22), ball guide (20) and spring (19) into cylinder block kit.







2609A8TM15



2609A8TM16







2609A8TM18

(9) Disassemble swash plate (17) into casing (1).





2609A8TM20

- (10) Disassemble steel ball (15), swash piston (7) into casing (1).
- Mean Hole in the Casing(1) of two speed line is decomposed by injecting air.



2609A8TM21



2609A8TM22



2609A8TM23

(11) Disassemble pivot (16, 2EA) into casing (1).



2609A8TM24

(12) Disassemble snap ring (6) using pliers.



(13) Disassemble trust block (4) and oil-seal (3) into casing (1).



2609A8TM26



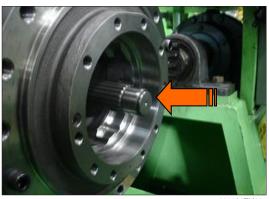
2609A8TM27

(14) In the casing (1), the arrow part of the shaft (8) using a rubber mallet taps and then disassemble the shaft (8) and bearing-roller

(10) to the other side.



2609A8TM28



2609A8TM29

(15) Disassemble valve plate (28) into rear cover (34).



2609A8TM30

(16) Disassemble relief valve (46, 2EA) into rear cover (34) using the torque wrench.

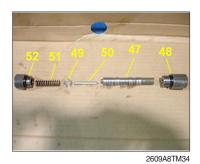






2609A8TM3

(17) Disassemble plug (48), connector (52) into rear cover (34) using the torque wrench and then disassemble spring (51), spring seat (49), parallel pin (50) and spool (47) in regular sequence.





2609A8TM35



(18) Disassemble plug (57) into rear cover (34).



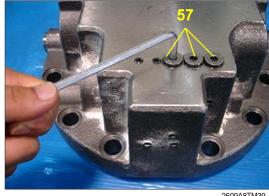
2609A8TM37

(19) Disassemble plug (57) into rear cover (34) and then disassemble spring (56), check valve (55) into rear cover (34) in regular

sequence.



2609A8TM38



2609A8TM39

4. REASSEMBLING

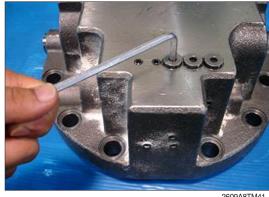
1) ASSEMBLING MOTOR

- REAR COVER ASSY

(1) Assemble check valve (55), spring (56) into rear cover (34) and then assemble plug (57) using L-wrench.



2609A8TM40



2609A8TM41

(2) Apply loctite #242 on the NPTF 1/16 plug (2) and then assemble 12-NPTF 1/16 Plug (2) into rear cover(34).

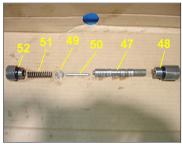


2609A8TM42



2609A8TM43

(3) Assemble spool (47), parallel pin (50), spring seat (49) and spring (51) into rear cover (34) in regular sequence and then assemble plug (48) and connector (52).



2609A8TM44



2609A8TM45



(4) Assemble relief valve (42, 2EA) into rear cover (34).



2609A8TM47



2609A8TM48



2609A8TM49

(5) Press needle bearing (11) into rear cover (34) using jig.



2609A8TM50

(6) Assemble spring pin (32) and parallel pin (29) using small hammer.



- (7) Assemble valve plate (28) into rear cover (34).
- * Apply grease to the valve plate contact and then assemble valve plate into rear cover (34).



(8) Apply grease to the O-ring and then assemble O-ring into rear cover (34).



2609A8TM53

(9) Install casing (1) into assembling jig.



① The temperature of the Roller Bearing: 100°C.

Using tool: Heater.

* Be careful not to damage the sliding surface for the Oil seal on the shaft.





2609A8TM56



2609A8TM54



2609A8TM57

(11) Assemble the heated needle bearing inner ring on the shaft (8).



2609A8TM58

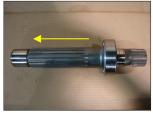


2609A8TM59

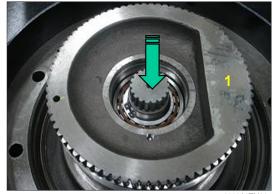
(12) Assemble snap ring (13) into Shaft (8) using pliers.



(13) Insert assembled shaft assy in the direction of the arrow into casing (1) using a rubber mallet.



2609A8TM61



2609A8TM62

(14) Assemble oil seal(3) into trust block (4) with a assembling jig and press it into casing (1).

Caution the direction of oil seal (3).



2609A8TM63



2609A8TM64

(15) Assemble snap ring(6) into casing(1) using pliers.



2609A8TM65

(16) Apply the grease to pivot (16, 2EA) and then assemble pivot (16) into casing(1).



2609A8TM66

(17) Warm piston seal (8) and assemble it on swash piston (7) and then bind the piston seal (8) with a bend for a minute.

Remove the bend and assemble it into

casing (1).



2609A8TM67



2609A8TM68

(18) Apply the grease to steel ball(15) and then assemble steel ball(15) into casing(1).



2609A8TM69



2609A8TM70

(19) Apply the grease to swash plate(17) and then assemble swash plate(17) into casing(1).



2609A8TM71



2609A8TM72

(20) Assemble spring (19), ball guide((20), retainer plate (21), piston assy (22) into cylinder block (18) in regular sequence.







2609A8TM74 2609A8TM75





(21) Stant the casing (1) and then assemble cylinder block kit into casing (1).



2609A8TM78

(22) Assemble separated plate (24), friction plate (23) into cylinder block in regular sequence.

Friction plate: 4EA Separated plate: 5EA

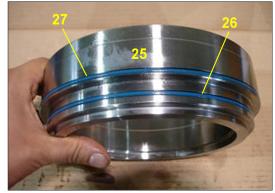






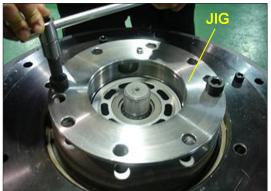
2609A8TM82

(23) Apply the grease to D-ring (26, 27) and then assemble D-ring (26, 27) into parking piston (25).



2609A8TM83

(24) Assemble parking piston into casing using jig.



2609A8TM84

(25) Assemble brake spring (30, 18EA).



2609A8TM85

(26) Put on the rear cover (34) on the casing (1).



2609A8TM86

(27) Assemble rear cover (34) into casing (1) and then tighten the wrench bolt (54, 55) using torque wrench.

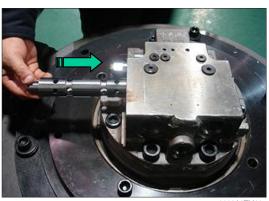


2609A8TM87

(28) Assemble main spool assy (35) into rear cover (34) after checking the direction to be correct.



2609A8TM88



2609A8TM89

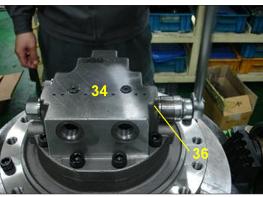
(29) Assemble spring (37), plug (36) into rear cover (34) in regular sequence and then plug (36) into rear cover (34) using torque wrench.



2609A8TM90

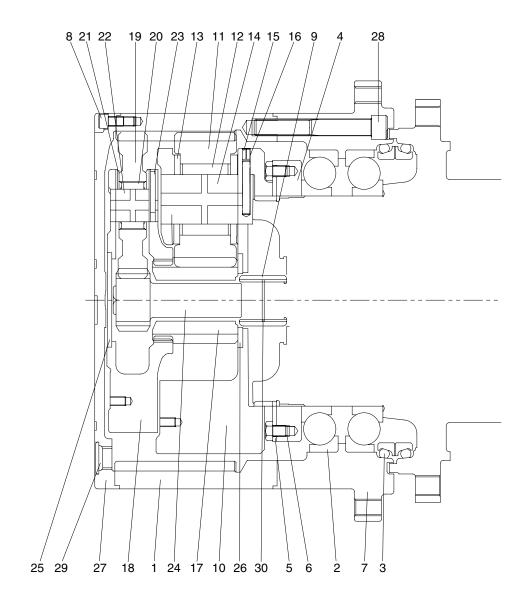


2609A8TM91



2609A8TM92

2) TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR



2609A2TM03

| 1 | Gear ring | 11 | Planetary gear 2 | 21 | Thrust washer 1 |
|----|--------------------------|----|------------------|----|--------------------------|
| 2 | Ball bearing | 12 | Needle bearing 2 | 22 | Carrier pin 1 |
| 3 | Floating seal assy | 13 | Thrust washer 2 | 23 | Spring pin 1 |
| 4 | Nut ring | 14 | Carrier pin 2 | 24 | Sun gear 1 |
| 5 | Lock plate | 15 | Spring pin 2 | 25 | Thrust plate |
| 6 | Hexagon socket head bolt | 16 | Solid pin 2 | 26 | Thrust plate |
| 7 | Housing | 17 | Sun gear 2 | 27 | Cover |
| 8 | Hexagon socket head bolt | 18 | Carrier 1 | 28 | Hexagon socket head bolt |
| 9 | Coupling | 19 | Planetary gear 1 | 29 | Plug |
| 10 | Carrier 2 | 20 | Needle bearing 1 | 30 | Snap ring |
| | | | | | |

6. DISASSEMBLING

1) GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

▲ Combustibles such as white kerosene are used for washing parts.

These combustibles are easily ignited, and could result in fire or injury.

Be very careful when using.

▲ Internal parts are coated with gear oil during disassembling and are slippery.
If a part slips off from your hand and fails, it could result in bodily injury or could damage the park.

Be very careful when handling.

(1) Therefore, disassembling and assembling works should be performed on the clean place where dusts hardly gather.

Tools and kerosene to wash parts should also be clean and handled with great care.

(2) Bofore disassembling, review the sectional drawing and prepare the required parts, depending on the purpose and the range of disassembling.

Seals, O-rings, etc., if once disassembled, are not reusable.

There are some parts that should be replaced as a subassembly.

Consult with the parts manual in advance.

▲ Take great care not to pinch your hand between parts while disassembling nor let fall parts on your foot while lifting them.

2) DISASSEMBLING TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR

(1) Preparation for disassembling

- ① The reduction units removed from excavator are usually covered with mud. Wash outside of propelling unit and dry it.
- ② Locate reducer in order for drain port to be at the lowest level loosen taper screw plug of drain port, and drain oil from reduction gear.
- While oil is still hot, inside of the unit may be pressurized.
- ▲ Take care of the hot oil gushing out of the unit when loosening the plug.
- 3 Mark for mating

Put marks on each mating parts when disassembling so as to reassemble correctly as before.

(2) Set the reduction unit on table

- ① Remove 7/16-14UNC hexagon socket head bolts at 3 places from cover almost equally apart each other, and then install 7/16-14UNC eye bolts.
- ▲ Take great care not to pinch your hand between parts while disassembling nor let fall parts on your foot while lifting them.

(3) Removing cover

- ① Remove 22 socket bolts (7/16-14UNC) those are attached to ring gear.
- ② Cover is stuck (27) to ring gear (1). So use sharp chisel for removing cover (27) from ring gear (1).



2609A8TM02

(4) Removing sun gear No.1

Pull sun gear No.1 (24) vertically slow after removing thrust plate (25).



2609A8TM03

(5) Removing carrier No.1 sub assembly

Pull away carrier No.1 (18) with attached eyebolt (M10) that is assembled to hole on carrier sub-assembly.



(6) Removing sun gear No.2 Pull away sun gear No.2 (17) for removing.

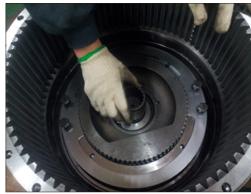


- (7) Deassembleing carrier No.2 sub-assembly Attach eye-bolt (M10) to the hole of carrier No.2 (10), and remove the carrier No.2 sub-assembly to lift up slowly.
- * Keep horizontal to ground and make sure the eye-bolts to be safe operation.



2609A8TM06

(8) Take away coupling Take away the coupling (9) from casing (1).



2609A8TM07

(9) Lock plate

Release four hex head bolts (6, M12) and remove lock plate (5).



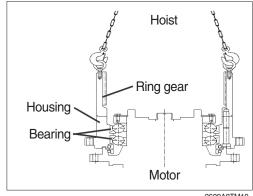
(10) Nut ring

Release nut ring with removing jig.



(11) Housing sub-assembly

Lift up housing part slowly with hoist after attaching eye-bolt (7/16-14UNC) on it If you hit softly the center of motor with hammer and particular jig, you can remove the device easily.



2609A8TM10

(12) Ring gear

① Reverse the housing sub-assembly part with machine, and remove floating seal (3) from the inside.

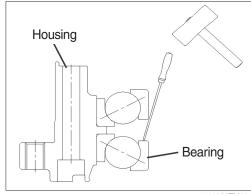


2 Release 25 hex wrench bolts (28. M18) and remove ring gear (1) from housing (7).



(13) Angular Bearing

Put the housing sub-assembly (7) like this figure. And hit each opposite side of bearing with driver and hammer.



2609A8TM13

(14) Carrier No.1 sub-assembly

① Lay it on deassemblig jig. And remove pin No.1 (22) with press machine.



2609A8TM14

2 Then remove planet gear No.1 (19) and thrust washer No.1 (21) from carrier No.1 (18).



2609A8TM15

(15) Carrier No.2 sub-assembly

Same as carrier No.1 (12) sub-asembly.



2609A8TM16

(16) Coupling

Remove snap ring (30) inside coupling (9) with nipper.



2609A8TM17

7. ASSEMBLY REDUTION UNIT

1) GENERAL NOTES

- (1) Clean every part by kerosene and dry them by air blow.
- (2) Surfaces to be applied by loctite must be decreased by solvent.
- (3) Check every part for any abnormal.
- (4) Each hexagon socket head bolt should be used with loctite No.242 applied on its threads.
- (5) Apply gear oil slightly on each part before assembling.
- ▲ Take great care not to pinch your hand between parts or tools while assembling nor let fall parts on your foot while lifting them.
 Inspection before reassembling.

Thrust washer

- · Check if there are seizure, abnormal wear or uneven wear.
- · Check if wear is over the allowable limit.

Gear

- · Check if there are pitting or seizure on the tooth surface.
- · Check if there are cracks on the root of tooth by die check.

Bearing

· Rotate by hand to see if there are something unusual such as noise or uneven rotation.

Floating seal

· Check flaw or score on sliding surfaces or O-ring.

2) ASSEMBLING CARRIER 1 SUB-ASSY

- (1) Put carrier No.1 (18) on the flat table.
- (2) Insert needle bearing No.1 (20) in planet gear No.1 (20), and attach 2 thrust washers No.1 (21) on the both side of planet gear No.1. then assemble them in carrier No.1 (18).
- When assembling thrust washer, rounded edge-side should be facing casting side of carrier.
- (3) Insert pin No.1 (22) into pinhole of carrier correctly.
- Insert careful the pin not to scratch thrust washer and needle bearing.



2609A8TM18



2609A8TM19

- (4) Press spring pin No.1 (23) with jig and strike round spring pinhole (2 symmetrical point) with tool.
- * After striking, draw the line by marker pen.
- Check swinging condition of planet gears.
- (5) Press two more pins and spring pins on the same way.



2609A8TM20

3) ASSEMBLING CARRIER 2 SUB-ASSY

(1) Put thrust plate (26) inside of carrier No.2 (10).



2609A8TM21

- (2) Insert needle bearing No.2 (12) in planet gear No.2 (11) and attach 2 thrust washers No.2 (13) on the both side of planet gear No.2. Then assemble them in carrier No.2 (10).
- When assembling thrust washer, rounded edge-side should be facing casting side of carrier.
- (3) Insert pin No.2 (14) into pinhole of carrier No.2
- * Insert careful pin No.2 not to scratch thrust washer and needle bearing.
- (4) Insert solid pin No.2 (16) with pressing jig and insert spring pin No.2 (15) in the same position. When insertion is done, strike inner circle of spring pin (2 symmetrical point) with tool.
- After striking, draw the line by marker pen.
- Check the spining condition of planet gear.
- (5) Insert two more pins and spring pins on the same way.



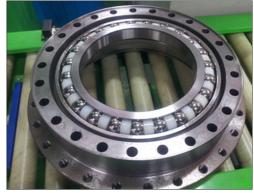
2609A8TM22



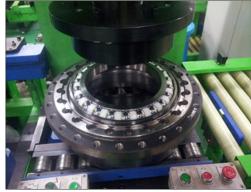
2609A8TM23

4) ANGULAR BEARING

- (1) Put the jig on housing (7) and insert angular bearing (2) into it with pressing machine, and turn down the upside of housing (7) by reversing machine.
- * Check the direction of bearing when inserting



(2) Insert angular bearing (2) into reversed housing (7) on the same way.



5) ASSEMBLING FLOATING SEAL

(1) Paint alchole on floating seal (3) and polish it.



- (2) Put floating seal (3) on the right position of housing (3) and insert it by pressing jig. After complete, check the condition by lifting with hand softly.
- * Keep clean on surface of floating seal while assembling.



2609A8TM27

- (3) Put the gauge for seal measurement on floating seal (3) and check the horizontal angle by gauge scale.
- Two gauge scales should be same. (pass inspection)

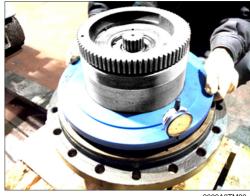


2609A8TM28

(4) Attach floating seal to motor that will be assembled with housing (on the same way to (1), (2))



- (5) Put the measuring jig on floating seal (3) and check the horizontal angle condition with both gauge scale.
- * Two gauge scales should be same. (pass inspection)



6) ASSEMBLING RING GEAR

- (1) Put ring gear (1) on contact surface (should be upside) of housing (7).
- (2) Paint loctite #515 on ring gear (1) and put on housing (7). Then assemble 25 hexwrench bolts (28, M18)
- Paint loctite #262 on hex-wrench bolts (28) before assembling.
- Tightening torque: 38.5±3.8 kgf · m $(278.5 \pm 27.5 lbf \cdot ft)$
- Bolts should be assembled with lust preventing oil.



7) ASSEMBLING NUT RING

- (1) Put housing (7) sub-assembly upside down (ring gear side is up), and attach it to motor by lifting with hoist. (shaking it lightly)
- (2) When housing (7) sub-assembly is set, put nut ring (4) on it, and assemble with jig.
- Tightening torque for assembling nut ring: $66\pm6.0 \text{ kgf-m} (477.3\pm43.3 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$
- * Floating seal should not be damaged or separated while assembling.



2609A8TM32

8) ASSEMBLING LOCK PLATE

- (1) Put lock plate (5) on nut ring (4) to fit to M12 bolt hole. Then assemble 4 he head bolts (6, M12)
- * Paint loctite #262 on hex-head bolts.
- * Tightening torque: 6.05±0.6 kgf · m $(43.8 \pm 4.3 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$
- * Bolts should be assembled with lust preventing oil.



2609A8TM33

9) ASSEMBLING COUPLING

(1) Attach snap ring (3) into coupling (9) with nipper.



2609A8TM34

(2) Put coupling (9) on motor shaft to fit.



2609A8TM35

10) ASSEMBLING NO.2 CARRIER SUB-ASSY

- Lift carrier No.2 subassembly and put on ring gear (1), and fit it into internal side of ring gear (1). Then hit urethan hammer to fit.
- Check turning and cocking condition before assembling.



2600 V 8 T V 36

11) ASSEMBLING NO.2 SUN GEAR

(1) Insert sun gear No.2 (17) in the middle of carrier No.2 sub assembly and make it fit in carrier No.2.



2609A8TM37

12) ASSEMBLING NO.1 CARRIER SUB-ASSY

- Lift carrier No.1 sub-assembly and put it into ring gear (1) and shake carrier No.1 to fit into ring gear.
- Check turning and cocking condition before assembling.



2609A8TM38

13) SWINGING TORQUE INSPECTION

(1) Attach inspection jig before assembling sun gear No.1 (24).



2609A8TM39

- (2) Attach torque wrench to the jig, check the torque when it swings.
- ※ Swinging torque: below 3.0 kgf ⋅ m (21.7 lbf ⋅ ft)



2609A8TM40

14) ASSEMBLING NO.1 SUN GEAR

(1) Remove the jig and wrench after torque inspection complete. And assemble sun gear No.1 (24) with pushing round to fix to the center of carrier No.1



2609A8TM41

15) ASSEMBLING THRUST PLATE

- (1) Put thrust plate (25) on carrier No.1 sub assembly. And paint loctite #515 on flat side of ring gear (1).
- * When assembling thrust washer, rounded edge-side should be facing casting side of carrier.



2609A8TM42

16) ASSEMBLING COVER

- (1) Attach cover on ring gear (1) with assembling 22 hex-wrench bolts (8, 7/16-16UNC).
- Paint loctite #262 on screw of hex bolts.
- % Tightening torque: 8.1 \pm 0.8 kgf · m $(58.6 \pm 5.8 lbf \cdot ft)$
- * Bolts should be assembled with lust preventing oil.



2609A8TM43

17) ASSEMBLING OIL INJECTION

(1) Inject the oil (10 ℓ) through PF3/4 hole on cover (27).



2609A8TM44

18) ASSEMBLING PLUG

- (1) Assemble 3 plugs (29, PF3/4) after oil injection complete.
- % Tightening torque : 10 \pm 1.0 kgf \cdot m (72.3 \pm 7.2 lbf \cdot ft)



2609A8TM45

■ TRAVEL MOTOR (TYPE 2)

1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

1) REMOVAL

- (1) Swing the work equipment 90° and lower it completely to the ground.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.

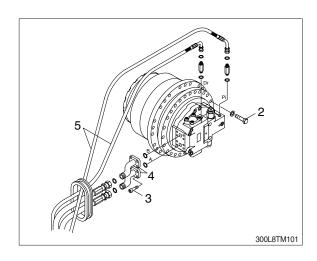
♠ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

- When pipes and hoses are disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (4) Remove the track shoe assembly.
 For details, see removal of track shoe assembly.
- (5) Remove the cover.
- (6) Loosen socket bolts (3) and remove the flange weld assy (4)
- (7) Remove the hoses (5).
- Fit blind plugs to the disconnected hoses.
- (8) Remove the bolts and the sprocket.
- (9) Sling travel device assembly (1).
- (10) Remove the mounting bolts (2), then remove the travel device assembly.
 - · Weight: 425 kg (940 lb)

2) INSTALL

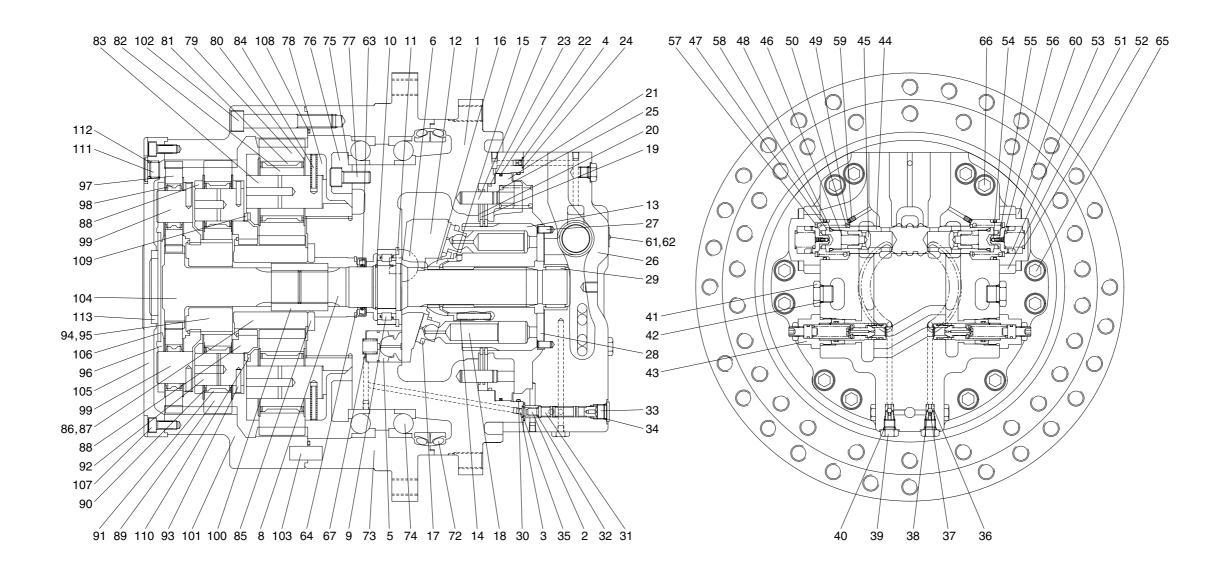
- Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Bleed the air from the travel motor.
- ① Remove the air vent plug.
- ② Pour in hydraulic oil until it overflows from the port.
- 3 Tighten plug lightly.
- 4 Start the engine, run at low idling, and check oil come out from plug.
- ⑤ Tighten plug fully.
- (3) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.





2. SPECIFICATION

1) TRAVEL MOTOR



3809A2TM22

| 1 | Shaft casing | 15 | Spacer | 29 | Needle bearing | 43 | Relief valve assy | 57 | Spring seat | 75 | Shim | 89 | Planetary gear | 103 | Parallel pin |
|----|-----------------|----|--------------------|----|----------------|----|-------------------|----|---------------|----|-----------------|-----|----------------|-----|--------------|
| 2 | Plug | 16 | Ball guide | 30 | O-ring | 44 | Main spool | 58 | O-ring | 76 | Bearing guide | 90 | Plate | 104 | Drive gear |
| 3 | Orifice | 17 | Set plate | 31 | Swash spool | 45 | Check | 59 | Orifice | 77 | Wrench bolt | 91 | Needle bearing | 105 | End cover |
| 4 | Orifice screw | 18 | Piston & Shoe assy | 32 | Swash spring | 46 | Spring | 60 | Wrench bolt | 78 | Carrier | 92 | Pin | 106 | Plate |
| 5 | Swash piston | 19 | Friction plate | 33 | Plug | 47 | Plug | 61 | Name plate | 79 | Planetary gear | 93 | Spring pin | 107 | Wrench bolt |
| 6 | Swash ball | 20 | Separator plate | 34 | O-ring | 48 | O-ring | 62 | Rivet | 80 | Plate | 94 | Sun gear | 108 | O-ring |
| 7 | Brake pin | 21 | Brake piston | 35 | O-ring | 49 | Spring seat | 63 | Oil seal | 81 | Needle bearing | 95 | Snap ring | 109 | Ring |
| 8 | Shaft | 22 | Piston ring | 36 | Seat | 50 | Spring | 64 | Snap ring | 82 | Bearing bushing | 96 | Carrier | 110 | Ring |
| 9 | Roller bearing | 23 | Piston ring | 37 | Steel ball | 51 | Cover | 65 | Wrench bolt | 83 | Pin | 97 | Planetary gear | 111 | Plug |
| 10 | Stop ring | 24 | O-ring | 38 | Stopper | 52 | Spring | 66 | Wrench bolt | 84 | Spring pin | 98 | Needle bearing | 112 | O-ring |
| 11 | Lock ring | 25 | Brake spring | 39 | Plug | 53 | Spool | 67 | Spring pin | 85 | Thrust plate | 99 | Pin | 113 | Bushing |
| 12 | Swash plate | 26 | Valve casing | 40 | O-ring | 54 | Steel ball | 72 | Floating seal | 86 | Sun gear | 100 | Coupling | | _ |
| 13 | Cylinder block | 27 | Valve plate pin | 41 | Plug | 55 | Spring | 73 | Hub | 87 | Snap ring | 101 | Ring gear | | |
| 14 | Cylinder spring | 28 | Valve plate | 42 | O-ring | 56 | Plug | 74 | Bearing | 88 | Carrier | 102 | Wrench bolt | | |

2) TOOL AND TIGHTENING TORQUE

(1) Tools

| Name of tools | B-size | Name of part applied |
|-----------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|
| | 4 | Plug (2), Orifice screw (3, 4) |
| Hexagonal | 8 | Plug (33) |
| L-Wrench | 10 | Wrench bolt (60) |
| | 27 | Hex (43) |
| Socket wrench/ | 19 | Hp plug (39) |
| spanner | 27 | Hp plug (41) |
| Snap-ring plier (for holes | , axis) | Ring stop (10), Snap ring (64) |
| Hammer | | Needle bearing (29), Pin (7, 27) |
| Torque wrench | | Size : 500 kgf · m, 3000 kgf · m |
| Jig for oil seal assembling | 9 | Oil seal (63) |
| Heating tool for bearing | | Roller bearing (11) |

(2) Tightening torque

| NO | NO. Part name Standard | | Ciro | Torque | | | |
|------|------------------------|-----------|------|---------|-------------|--|--|
| NO. | | | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft | | |
| 2 | Plug | NPTF 1/16 | 4 | 0.9±0.2 | 6.51 ± 1.45 | | |
| 3, 4 | Orifice screw | NPTF 1/16 | 4 | 0.7 | 5.06 | | |
| 33 | Plug | PF 3/8 | 8 | 7.5 | 54.25 | | |
| 39 | HP plug | PF 1/4 | 19 | 3.7 | 26.76 | | |
| 41 | HP plug | PF 1/2 | 27 | 11 | 79.56 | | |
| 43 | Relief valve | HEX 27 | 27 | 18±1.0 | 130±7.0 | | |
| 60 | Wrench bolt | M12×35L | 10 | 13 | 94.03 | | |
| 65 | Wrench bolt | M16×50L | 14 | 13 | 94.03 | | |
| 66 | Wrench bolt | M16×100L | 14 | 6.7 | 48.46 | | |

2. DISASSEMBLING

1) GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) Generally, hydraulic equipment is precisely manufactured and clearances between each parts are very narrow. Therefore, disassembling and assembling works should be performed on the clean place where dusts hardly gather. Tools and kerosene to wash parts should also be clean and handled with great care.
- (2) When motor is removed from the host machine, wash around the ports sufficiently and put the plugs so that no dust and/or water may invade. Take off these plugs just before the piping works when re-attach it to the host machine.
- (3) Before disassembling, review the sectional drawing and prepare the required parts, depending on the purpose and the range of disassembling.
 - Seals, O-rings, etc., if once disassembled, are not reusable.
 - There are some parts that should be replaced as a subassembly.
 - Consult with the parts manual in advance.
- (4) The piston can be inserted to whichever cylinder block for the initial assembling. However, their combination should not be changed if they are once used. To reuse them, put the matching mark on both pistons and cylinder block before disassembling.
- ▲ Take great care not to pinch your hand between parts while disassembling nor let fall parts on your foot while lifting them.

2) DISASSEMBLEING

- (1) Set up the motor assembly on the workbench for disassembly.
- When you spin the disassembly-assembly jig at 90°, please fix the motor drain plug (56) to the bottom.



3809A2TM040

- (2) Please emit the oil in the motor case with dismantlement for the drain plug (56).
- Please inspect whether there are some kinds of foreign substance (metal powders, processed chips and others) during drain oil.



3809A2TM04

(3) Disassemble the snap-ring (64) using pliers.



3809A2TM042

(4) Please disassemble the hexagonal socket bolt (65, 66) fixing the valve casing.



3809A2TM043

(5) Disassemble the valve plate (28) after the valve casing sub.

* If abrasion on the valve plate, please change to new product.



(6) Remove brake springs (25) and take the brake piston out by screwing a M16 screw into the brake piston.

* Number of brake springs is 10.



- (7) Remove the cylinder and piston assembly.
- * It is easer to work by placing the motor shaft horizontal.



(8) Take swash plate (12) out.



(9) Take swash piston kit out.



3809A2TM048

(10) Take swash ball (06) out.



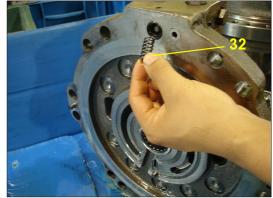
3809A2TM049

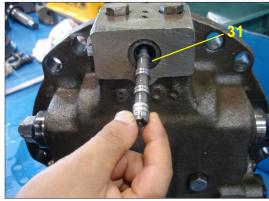
- (11) Take out shaft (8) from shaft casing (1) by striking the bottom part lightly with a hammer.
- Be careful not to damage the roller bearing (9).



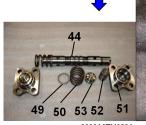
3809A2TM050

- (12) Take valve casing sub out.
- * Be careful not to damage the needle bearing
- ① Remove automatic control spring (32), automatic control spool (31).





2 Take out main spool cover (51) from valve casing (26). Remove spring (52), spool (53), spring seat (49), spring (50) and main spool (44) in sequence.



③ Remove relief valve assembly (43).



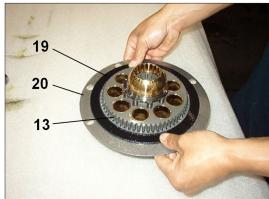
3809A2TM054

- (13) Take cylinder sub out.
 - ① Remove set plate (17) and piston (18) sub.



3809A2TM055

② Remove friction plates (19) and separate plates (20) from cylinder block (13).



3809A2TM056

3 Remove ball guide (16), spacer (15), cylinder spring (14).





3809A2TM058



3809A2TM059

 Disassembly has completed. Check that the motor parts are broken or not.

3) ASSEMBLING TRAVEL MOTOR

(1) Shaft sub assembly

- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$ Fit bearing spacer to shaft (08) and press-fit roller bearing (09).
- * Press the roller bearing after preheating.



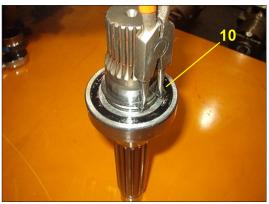


3809A2TM061

- a. Induction heating apparatus temperature: 100°C
- b. Be careful not to damage the sliding surface for the seal on the shaft.



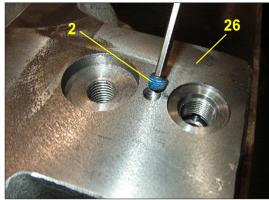
- ② Insert stop ring (10) with snap ring pliers.
- * Pay attention to the direction of the stop ring. (round direction is bearing direction.)



3809A2TM063

(2) Assemble valve casing sub assembly

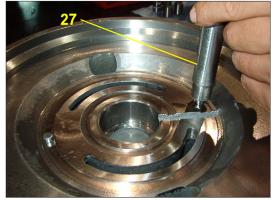
- ① Tighten plugs (2) to valve casing (26) to the specified torque.
 - a. Apply loctite to the plug, and tighten them to the specified torque.
 - · Tightening torque : 70~110 kgf · cm



3809A2TM064

2 Press-fit pin (27).

The pin's length will be 5 mm from valve plate with contacted area using a hammer.



3809A2TM065

- ③ Assemble needle bearing (29).
 - Tools : Press-fit jig and hammer.



3809A2TM066

④ Assemble seat (36), ball (37), stopper (38), O-ring (40) and HP plug (39) in sequence.





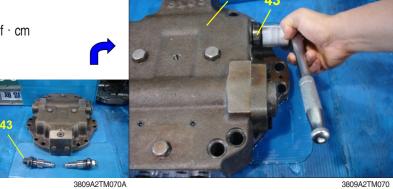
3809A2TM068

- * Pay attention to the direction of the seat and stopper.
- · Tightening torque : 370 kgf · cm
- ⑤ Assemble HP plug (39) to the specified torque.
 - · 5 places
 - · Tightening torque : 370 kgf · cm



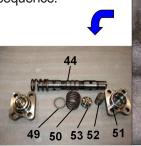
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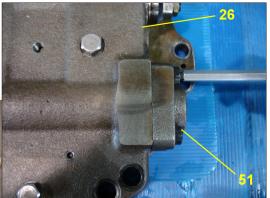
- $\ensuremath{\texttt{\textcircled{6}}}\xspace$ Mount relief valve (43) to the specified torque.
 - · Tightening torque : 2200 kgf · cm



3809A2TM070

(52), spool (53), spring seat (49), spring (50), and main spool (44) in sequence.





3809A2TM071

- ® Assemble automatic control spool (31), spring (32), O-ring (35).
 - · Tightening torque: 750 kgf · cm



3809A2TM072



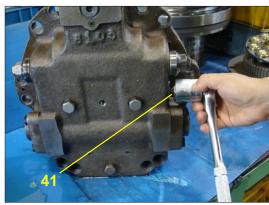
3809A2TM07

(9) Insert O-ring (30) to valve casing. Apply grease to the O-ring.



3809A2TM074

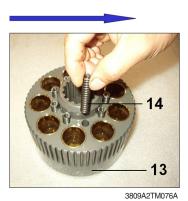
- Assemble drain plug (41) to the specified torque.
 - · Tightening torque : 1100 kgf · cm



3809A2TM075

(3) Assemble cylinder sub assembly

① Fit cylinder spring (14), spacer (15) and ball guide (16) to cylinder block (13). Align the phase of the cylinder and the splineof the ball guide.

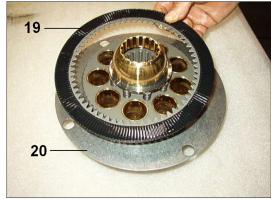






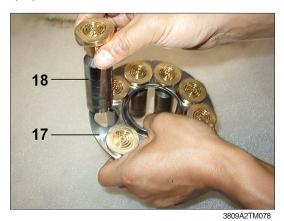
3809A2TM076 3809A2TM076B

② Assemble friction plates (19) and separate plates (20).



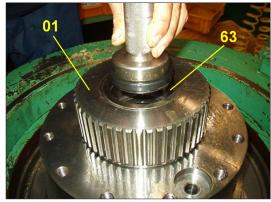
3809A2TM077

③ Insert the assembly of piston shoe (18) to retainer set plate (17) and fit it to the cylinder block (13).



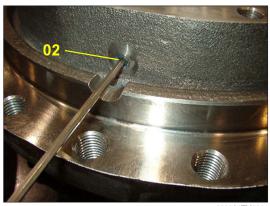


- (4) Fit oil-seal (63).
- * Be careful not to damage the lip of the seal.

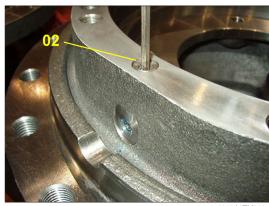


3809A2TM08

(5) Assemble plug (02) to the specified torque.



3809A2TM081



3809A2TM082

- ① Apply loctite to the plug and assemble.
- ② Tightening torque: 70~110 kgf·cm

(6) Fit pins (7).

- Tools : Hammer

Pin (7): Please keep the length at 19 mm from surface of the shaft casing.

Pin (7) numbers - 4 EA



3809A2TM083

(7) Assemble the shaft sub assembly.



(8) Assemble swash plate (12).



3809A2TM085

(9) Assemble swash piston kit assembly.



3809A2TM086

(10) Assemble swash ball (06).



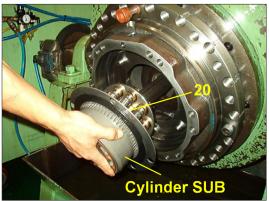
3809A2TM087

- (11) Work when the shaft casing is at the vertical direction.
- * Be careful not to drop the swash plate.



3809A2TM088

- (12) Fit the cylinder sub assembly.
- * Align the separate plates (20) to the pin.



3809A2TM089

(13) Place the motor vertical again.



3809A2TM090

(14) Fit piston ring (22), piston ring (23) to brake piston (21).



3809A2TM091

- (15) Fit the brake piston (21) to the shaft casing (01).
- * Pay attention to the direction of the brake piston.



3809A2TM092

- (16) Mount brake springs (25).
 - ① Numbers : Springs 10EA , Holes 10EA



809A2TM093

- (17) Tighten orifice (03, 04) to the specified torque.
 - 1 Numbers and size : (03) 1 EA $\ensuremath{\mathcal{O}}$ 0.6
 - (04) 1 EA -Ø 0.8



3809A2TM09

- (18) Mount valve plate (26) to valve casing and tighten it with hexagonal socket bolt (66).
 - ① Apply grease to the valve plate back and be careful not to drop the valve plate.
 - ② When you assemble the valve casing to shaft casing, please use a crane.

 - 4 Coat grease to swash spool of swash spring.Tightening torque: 2400 kgf · cm
 - Bolt tightening torque : 1800 \pm 100 kgf \cdot cm



3809A2TM095



3809A2TM096

(19) Tighten relief valves (43) to the specified torque.



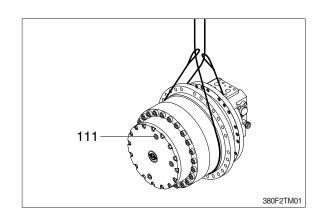
3809A2TM097

Assembly has completed.

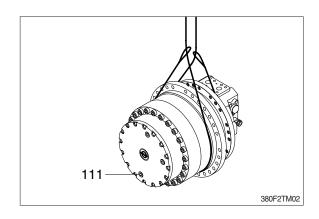
3. DISASSEMBLING REDUCTION GEAR 1) DISASSEMBLY

(1) Loosen drain plug (111).

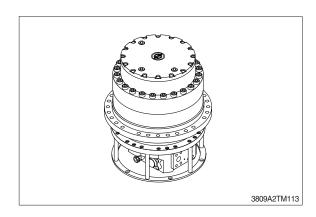
- Do not remove drain plug (111) at once.
- Because gear oil was compressed, plug and oil protrude suddenly.



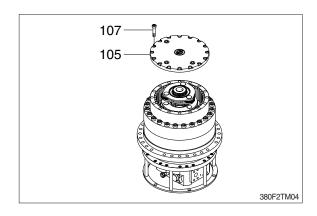
(2) After loosening drain plug (111), drain gear oil.



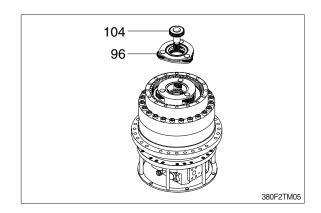
(3) Overturn the traveling device.



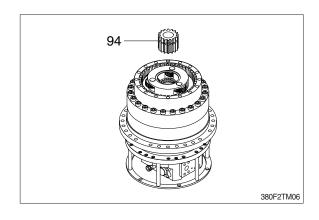
(4) After loosening bolt (107), take cover (105) off.



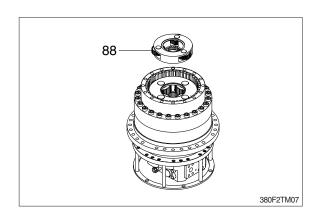
(5) Remove drive gear (104) and No.3 carrier (96).



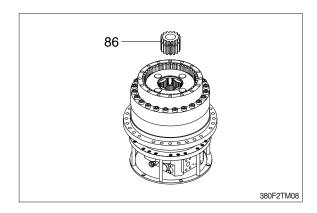
(6) Remove No.2 sun gear B (94).



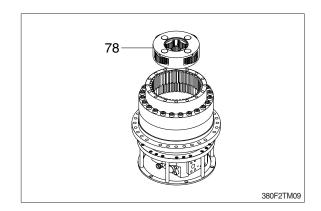
(7) Remove No.2 carrier B (88).



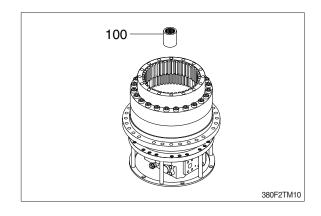
(8) Remove No.1 sun gear A (86).



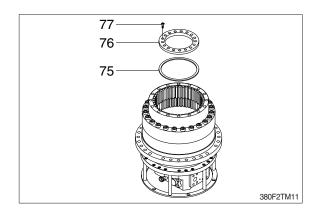
(9) Remove No.1 carrier A (78).



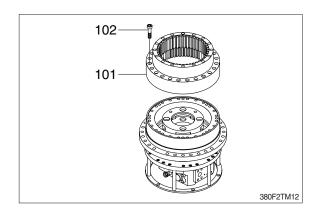
(10)Remove coupling (100).



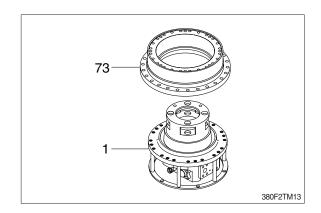
(11)After loosening bolt (77), remove bearing guide (76) and shim (75).



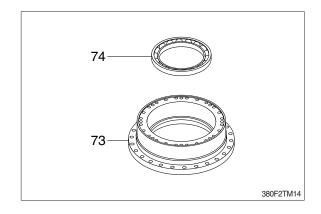
- (12)After loosening bolt (102), remove ring gear (101).
 - Tools : I-bolt, Hoist



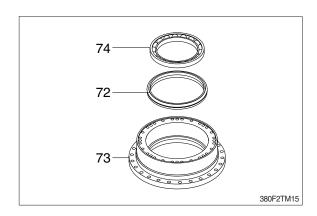
(13)Remove hub (73) from assembly (1). - Tools : I-bolt, Hoist



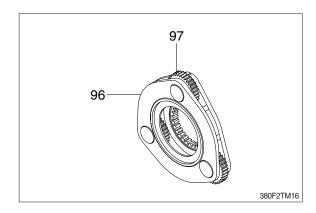
(14)Remove angular bearing (74) from hub (73).



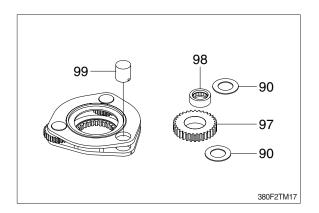
(15)Remove floating seal (72) and angular bearing (74) at opposite of hub (73).



(16)Remove planetary gear C (97) from No.3 carrier C (96).



(17)After removing pin (99), remove No.3 planetary gear C (97), needle bearing (81) and plate C (90).



- (18) Remove No.2 carrier B (88) assy.
- (19) Remove No.1 carrier A (78) assy.
- ※ Disassembly has completed.

4. ASSEMBLING REDUCTION GEAR

- General precautions

Clean every part by kerosene and dry them by air blow.

Surfaces to be applied by loctite must be decreased by solvent.

Check every part for any abnormals.

Each hexagon socket head bolt should be used with loctite No. 242 applied on its threads.

Apply gear oil slightly on each part before assembling.

Take great care not to pinch your hand between parts or tools while assembling nor let fall parts on your foot while lifting them.

Inspection before reassembling

Thrust washer

- · Check if there are seizure, abnormal wear or uneven wear.
- · Check if wear is over the allowable limit.

Gears

- · Check if there are pitting or seizure on the tooth surface.
- · Check if there are cracks on the root of tooth by die check.

Bearings

· Rotate by hand to see if there are something unusual such as noise or uneven rotation.

Floating seal

· Check flaw or score on sliding surface or on O-rings.

1) Track gearbox, assembly

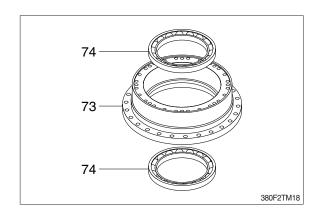
Before assembly track gearbox

Please observe following item.

- Wash all parts cleanly using solvent and dry all parts perfectly using compressed air.
- Check metal dust in casing and cleansing solution.
- Before application packing, please remove oil certainly.
- Before insert needle bearing, apply grease to bearing inlet enough.
- Apply lubricant to rotation part and sliding part.
- Damaged part or discolored part exchanges by new parts.

(1) Assemble hub

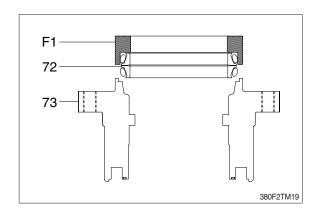
① Press fit angular bearing (74) to hub (73).

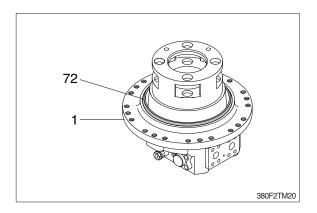


- ② Assemble floating seal (72) to hub (73) using press jig (F1).
 - Remove completely the oil of surface that O-ring and O-ring contact.
 - Dry completely the floating seal.
 - After assembling the floating seal, check floating seal angle (within 1 mm).
 - After assembling the floating seal, coat lubricant to the sliding surface of the floating seal.
- 3 Assemble floating seal (72) to track motor(1) using press jig (F1).

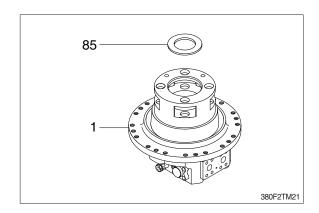
Assembling sequence is same with sequence (②).

- Remove completely the oil of surface that O-ring and O-ring contact.
- Dry completely the floating seal.
- After assembling floating seal, coat lubricant to the sliding surface of the floating seal.

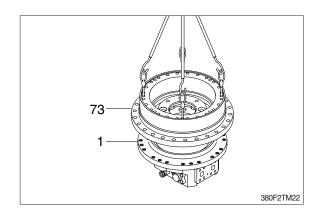




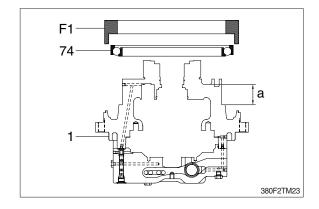
(2) Assemble thrust plate (85) to spline surface of track motor (1).



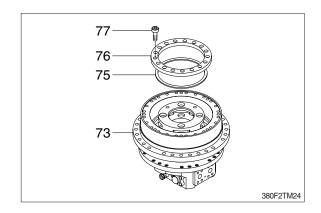
(3) Insert the assembly of hub (73) to track motor (1).



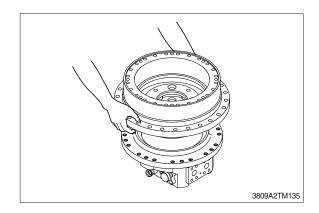
- (4) Stick bearing (74) to track motor (1) using press jig (F1).
 - Don't heat the bearing.
 - Don't hit the bearing retainer.
 - Spin the hub. (two times ~ three times)
 - Measure "a" size of figure.



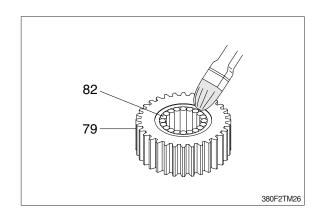
- (5) After assembling shim (75), assemble bearing guide (76) using bolt (77).
 - Select thickness of shim (75) and assembly.
 - Apply loctite #262 to bolt (77).
 - · Tightening torque: 1300 kgf · cm



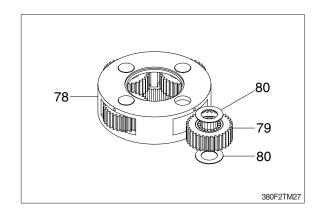
(6) Assemble bearing guide.
According to the hub turn, we can check it goes on smoothly or not.



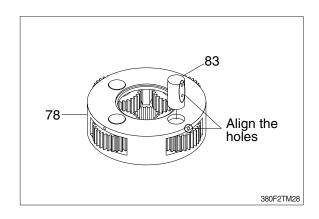
- (7) Assemble No.1 carrier A (78) sub.
- ① Mount bearing bushing (82) to No.1 planetary gear A (79).
 - Bearing bushing numbers : 18EA Insert needle and coat grease.



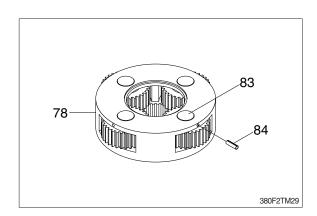
- ② Mount No.1 planetary gear A (79) and plate A (80) to No.1 carrier A (78).
 - Align the hole of carrier and needle inside diameter.



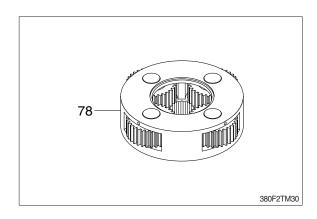
- ③ Put pin (83) on holes of No.1 carrier A (78).
- * Align the holes of the carrier and pin holes.
- * Beat on it lightly with hammer and put in.



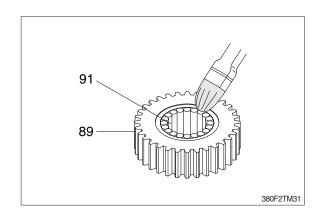
Assemble carrier (78) and pin (83) striking pin (84) by hammer.After assembly pin (84), caulking.



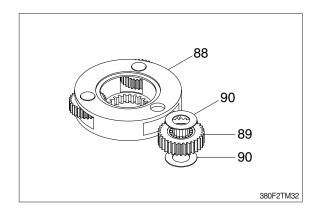
⑤ Complete remainder by equal method.



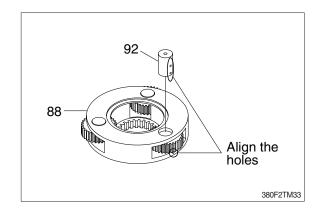
- (8) Assemble No.2 carrier B (88) sub.
- ① Mount needle (91) to No.2 planetary gear B (89).
 - Needle numbers : 15 EA
 Insert needle and coat grease.



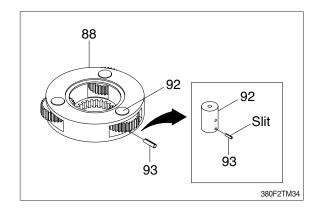
- ② Insert No.2 planetary gear B (89) and plate B (90) to No.2 carrier B (88).
 - Align the holes of the carrier and pin holes.



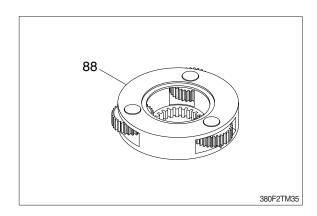
- ③ Put pin (92) on holes of No.2 carrier B (88).
- * Align the holes of the carrier and pin holes.
- * Beat on it lightly with hammer and put in.



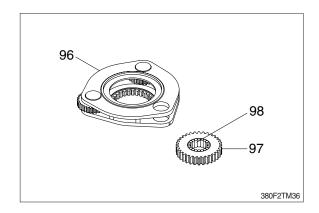
- 4 Assemble carrier (88) and pin (92), striking pin (93) by hammer.
 - If the pin's divided side is not located in the above,it will be damaged during operation.
 - After assembly pin, caulking.



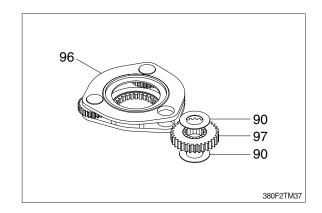
(5) Complete remainder by equal method.



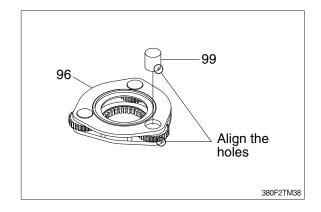
- (9) Assemble No.3 carrier C (96) sub.
- ① Insert needle bearing (98) to No.3 planetary gear C (97).
 Insert needle and coat grease.



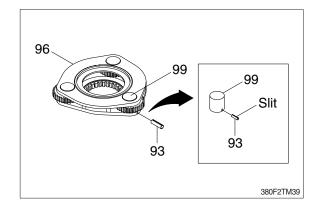
- ② Insert No.3 planetary gear C (97) and plate C (90) to No.3 carrier C (96).
 - Align the holes of the carrier and inside diameter of needle bearing.



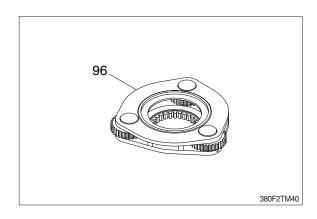
- ③ Put pin (99) on holes of No.3 carrier C (96).
- * Align the holes of the carrier and pin holes.
- * Beat on it lightly with hammer and put in.



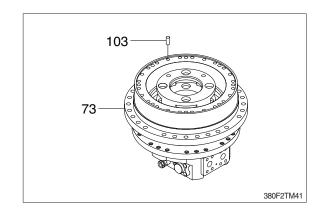
- Assemble carrier (96) and pin (99) striking pin (93) by hammer.
 - If the pin's divided side is not located in the above, it will be damaged during operation.
 - After assembly pin, caulking.



(5) Complete remainder by equal method.

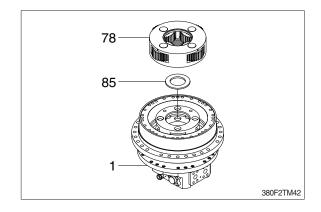


- (10)Press-fit parallel pin (103) to the surface of hub (73).
 - Parallel pin numbers : 8EA

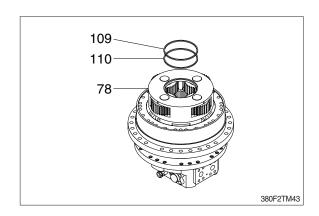


(11)Insert thrust plate (85) to shaft casing of track motor (1).

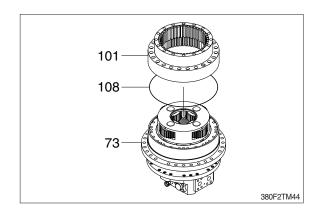
Press-fit No.1 carrier A (78) assy to shaft casing spline using hoist.



(12)Press-fit ring (109, 110) to the No.1 carrier A (78) assy.



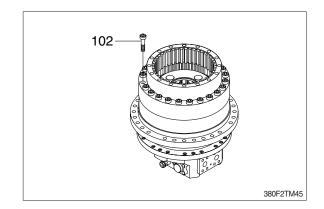
(13)Mounting O-ring (108) into hub (73), and assemble ring gear (101) to hub (73).



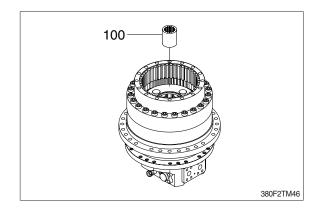
(14) Tighten hub and ring gear.

- Bolt numbers: 24 EA

- Tightening torque : 1800 kgf \cdot cm

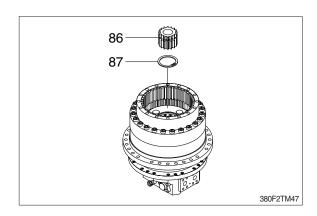


(15)Insert coupling (100) to spline of shaft.

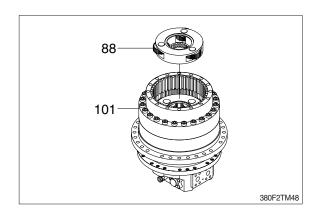


(16)Assemble snap ring (87) to sun gear A (86).

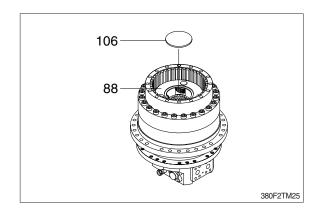
Insert sun gear A (86) to carrier A.



(17) Assemble carrier B (88) to ring gear (101).

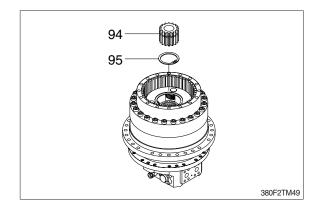


(18) Assemble plate (106) to carrier B (88).



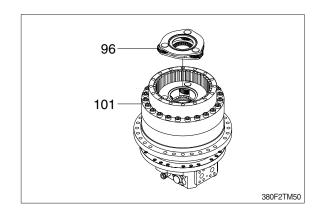
(19)Assemble snap ring (95) to sun gear B (94).

Insert carrier B to sun gear B (94).

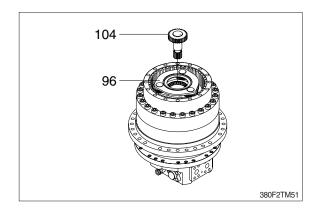


(20) Assemble carrier C (96) assy to ring gear (101).

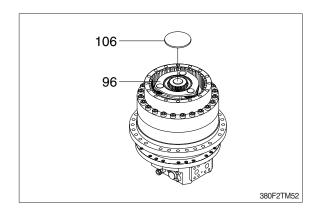
After assembling, check whether gear rotate or not.



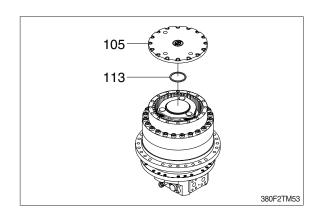
(21)Assemble carrier C (96) to drive gear (104).



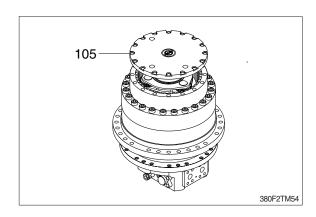
(22) Assemble plate (106) to carrier C (96).



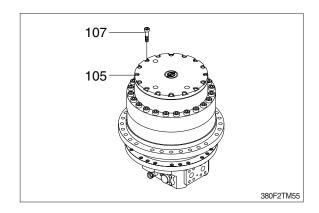
(23) Press-fit bushing (113) to cover (105).



(24) Assemble cover (105).

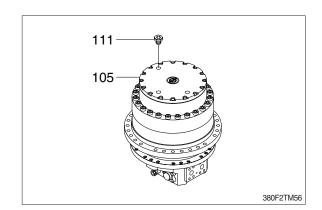


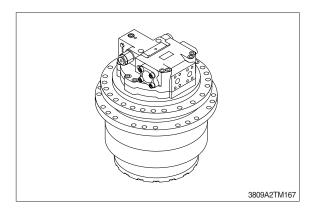
- (25)Assemble cover (105) and tighten them to the specified torque.
 - · Tightening torque: 750 kgf · cm



(26)Inject gear oil and assemble plug (111) of cover (105).

- Volume of gear oil : 4.5 liter





* Assembly has completed.

GROUP 7 RCV LEVER

1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

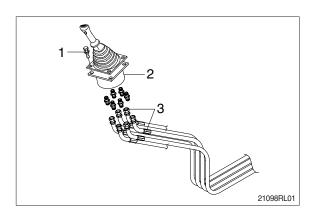
1) REMOVAL

- (1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- ▲ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- (4) Loosen the socket bolt (1).
- (5) Remove the cover of the console box.
- (6) Disconnect pilot line hoses (3).
- (7) Remove the pilot valve assembly (2).
- When removing the pilot valve assembly, check that all the hoses have been disconnected.

2) INSTALL

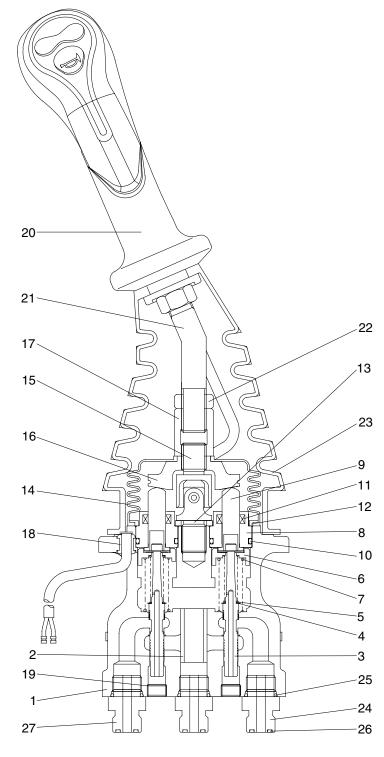
- Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.





2. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

1) STRUCTURE



| 1 | Case | 8 | Plug | 15 | Joint assembly | 22 | Nut |
|---|-------------|----|----------|----|-----------------|----|-------------------|
| 2 | Bushing | 9 | Push rod | 16 | Swash plate | 23 | Boot |
| 3 | Spool | 10 | O-ring | 17 | Adjusting nut | 24 | Last guard filter |
| 4 | Shim | 11 | Rod seal | 18 | Bushing | 25 | O-ring |
| 5 | Spring | 12 | Plate | 19 | Plug | 26 | O-ring |
| 6 | Spring seat | 13 | Spacer | 20 | Handle assembly | 27 | Connector |
| 7 | Spring | 14 | Boot | 21 | Handle bar | | |

300L2RL06

2) TOOLS AND TIGHTENING TORQUE

(1) Tools

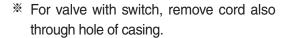
| Tool name | Remark | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| Allen wrench | 6 <u>B</u> | | |
| Channe | 22 | | |
| Spanne | 27 | | |
| (+) Driver | Length 150 | | |
| (-) Driver | Width 4~5 | | |
| Torque wrench | Capable of tightening with the specified torques | | |

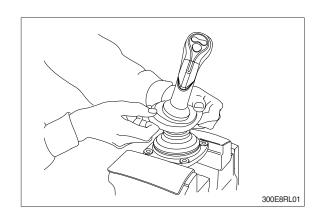
(2) Tightening torque

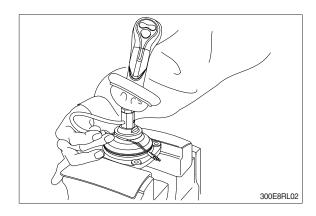
| Part name | Item | Size | Torque | | |
|---------------|------|------|----------|----------|--|
| Faithaine | nem | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft | |
| Joint | 15 | M14 | 3.5 | 25.3 | |
| Swash plate | 16 | M14 | 5.0±0.35 | 36.2±2.5 | |
| Adjusting nut | 17 | M14 | 5.0±0.35 | 36.2±2.5 | |
| Lock nut | 22 | M14 | 5.0±0.35 | 36.2±2.5 | |

3) DISASSEMBLY

- * Procedures are based on the type L1.
- (1) Clean pilot valve with kerosene.
- Put blind plugs into all ports
- (2) Fix pilot valve in a vise with copper (or lead) sheets.
- (3) Remove end of boot (23) from case (1) and take it out upwards.



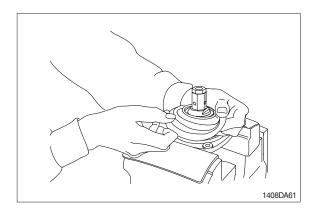




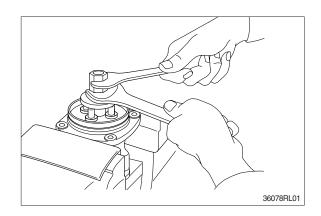
(4) Loosen lock nut (22) and adjusting nut (17) with spanners on them respectively, and take out handle section as one body.

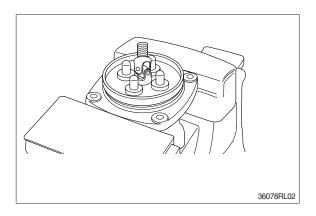


(5) Remove the boot (14).

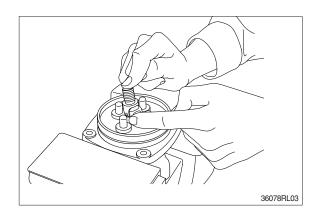


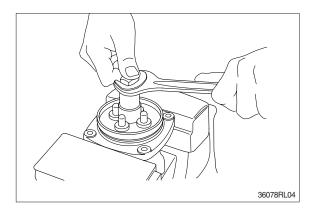
(6) Loosen adjusting nut (17) and swash plate (16) with spanners on them respectively, and remove them.



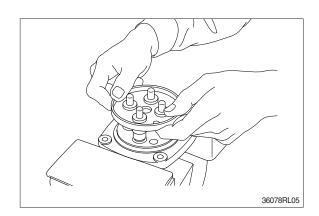


- (7) Turn joint anticlockwise to loosen it, utilizing jig (Special tool).
- When return spring (7) is strong in force, plate (12), plug (8) and push rod (9) will come up on loosening joint. Pay attention to this.

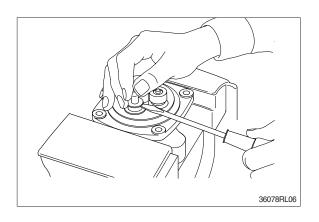


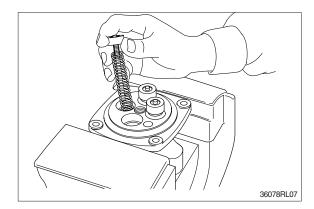


(8) Remove plate (12).

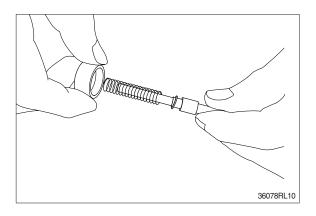


- (9) When return spring (7) is weak in force, plug (8) stays in casing because of sliding resistance of O-ring.
- * Take it out with minus screwdriver. Take it out, utilizing external periphery groove of plug and paying attention not to damage it by partial loading.
- During taking out, plug may jump up due to return spring (7) force.
 Pay attention to this.
- (10) Remove reducing valve subassembly and return spring (7) out of casing.
- ** Record relative position of reducing valve subassembly and return springs.

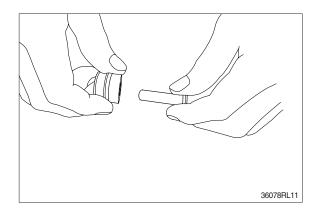




- (11) Separate spool (3), spring seat (6), spring (5) and shim (4) individually.
- Pay attention not to damage spool surface.
- * Record original position of spring seat (6).
- W Until being assembled, they should be handled as one subassembly group.

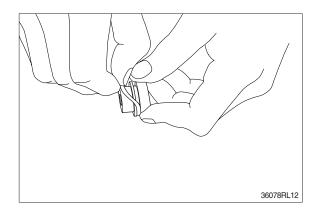


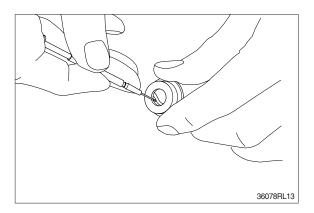
(12) Take push rod (9) out of plug (8).



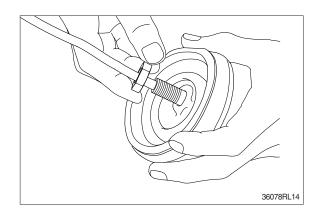
(13) Remove O-ring (10) and seal (11) from plug (8).

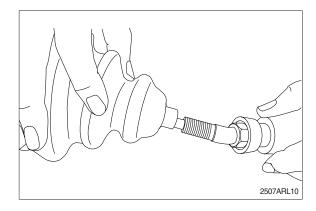
Use small minus screwdriver or so on to remove this seal.





(14) Remove lock nut (22) and then boot (23).





(15) Cleaning of parts

- ① Put all parts in rough cleaning vessel filled with kerosene and clean them (rough cleaning).
- If dirty part is cleaned with kerosene just after putting it in vessel, it may be damaged. Leave it in kerosene for a while to loosen dust and dirty oil.
- If this kerosene is polluted, parts will be damaged and functions of reassembled valve will be degraded.
 - Therefore, control cleanliness of kerosene fully.
- ② Put parts in final cleaning vessel filled with kerosene, turning it slowly to clean them even to their insides (finish cleaning).
- Do not dry parts with compressed air, since they will be damaged and/or rusted by dust and moisture in air.

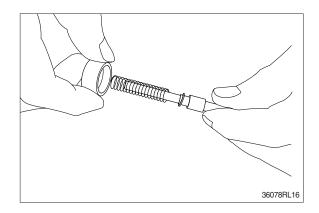
(16) Rust prevention of parts

Apply rust-preventives to all parts.

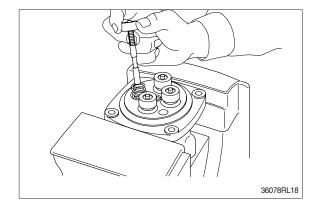
If left as they after being cleaned, they will be rusted and will not display their functions fully after being reassembled.

4) ASSEMBLY

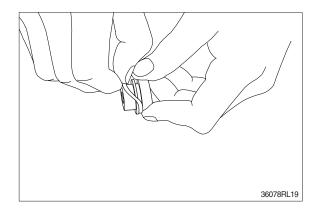
(1) Put shim (4), springs (5) and spring seat (6) onto spool (3) in this order.



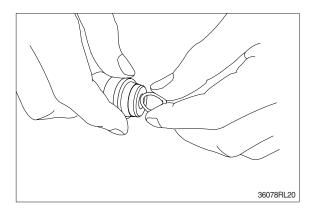
- (2) Assemble spring (7) into casing (1).
 Assemble reducing valve subassembly into casing.
- * Assemble them to their original positions.



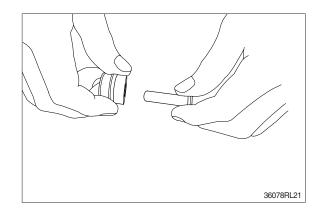
(3) Assemble O-ring (10) onto plug (8).



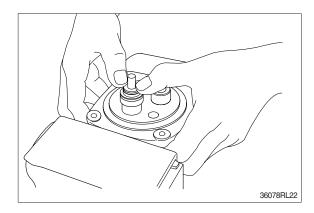
- (4) Assemble seal (11) to plug (8).
- Assemble seal in such lip direction as shown below.



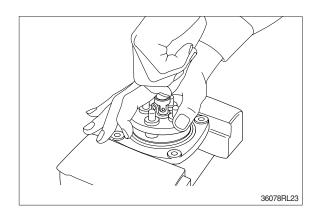
- (5) Assemble push rod (9) to plug (8).
- * Apply working oil on push-rod surface.



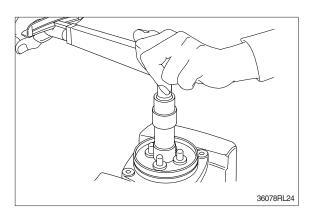
- (6) Assemble plug subassembly to casing.
- When return spring is weak in force, subassembly stops due to resistance of O-ring.



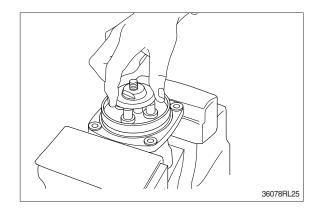
(7) When return spring is strong in force, assemble 4 sets at the same time, utilizing plate (12), and tighten joint (15) temporarily.



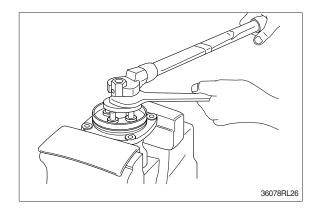
- (8) Fit plate (12).
- (9) Tighten joint (15) with the specified torque to casing, utilizing jig.



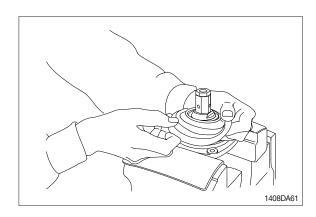
- (10) Assemble swash plate (16) to joint (15).
- Screw it to position that it contacts with 4 push rods evenly.
- Do not screw it over.



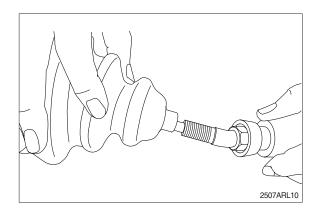
- (11) Assemble adjusting nut (17), apply spanner to width across flat of plate (16) to fix it, and tighten adjusting nut to the specified torque.
- During tightening, do not change position of disk.

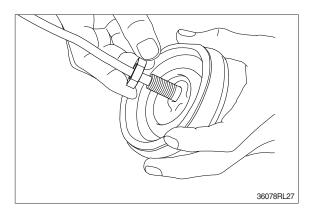


(12) Fit boot (14) to plate.

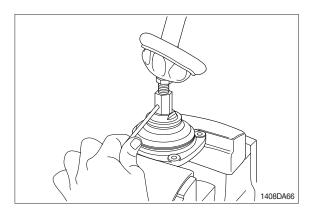


(13) Fit boot (23) and lock nut (22), and handle subassembly is assembled completely.

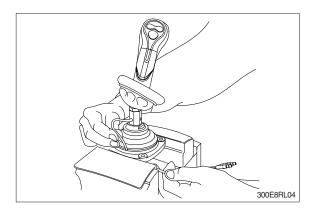




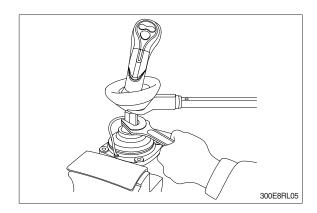
(14) Pull out cord and tube through adjusting nut hole provided in direction 60 °to 120 °from casing hole.



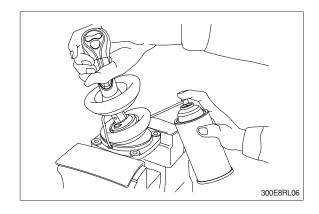
- (15) Assemble bushing (18) to plate and pass cord and tube through it.
- Provide margin necessary to operation.



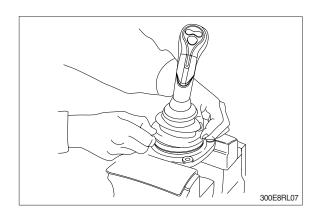
(16) Determine handle direction, tighten lock nut (22) to specified torque to fix handle.



(17) Apply grease to rotating section of joint and contacting faces of disk and push rod.



- (18) Assemble lower end of bellows to casing.
- (19) Inject volatile rust-preventives through all ports and then put blind plugs in ports.



GROUP 8 TURNING JOINT

1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

1) REMOVAL

- (1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- ♠ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- When pipes and hoses are disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (4) Disconnect all hoses.
- (5) Sling the turning joint assembly (1) and remove the mounting bolt (2).

Weight: 55 kg (120 lb)

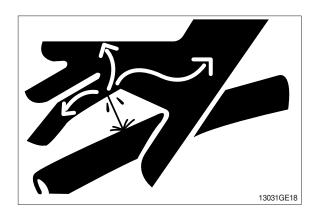
Tightening torque : 12.3 ± 1.3 kgf ⋅ m

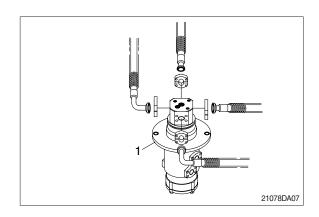
 $(89 \pm 9.4 \, lbf \cdot ft)$

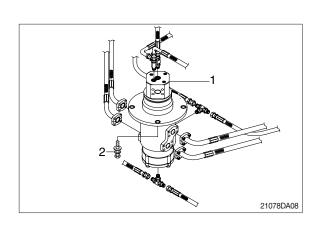
- (6) Remove the turning joint assembly.
- When removing the turning joint, check that all the hoses have been disconnected.

2) INSTALL

- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- * Take care of turning joint direction.
- Assemble hoses to their original positions.
- Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

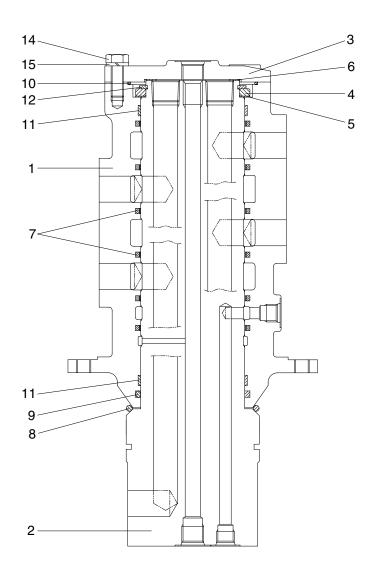






2. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

1) STRUCTURE

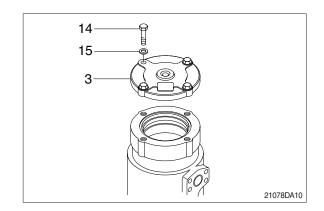


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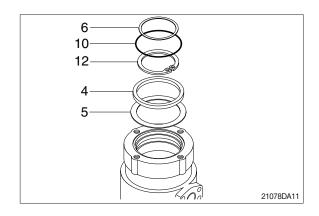
| 1 | Hub | 6 | Shim | 11 | Wear ring |
|---|--------|----|--------------|----|---------------|
| 2 | Shaft | 7 | Slipper seal | 12 | Retainer ring |
| 3 | Cover | 8 | O-ring | 13 | Plug |
| 4 | Spacer | 9 | O-ring | 14 | Hexagon bolt |
| 5 | Shim | 10 | O-ring | 15 | Spring washer |

2) DISASSEMBLY

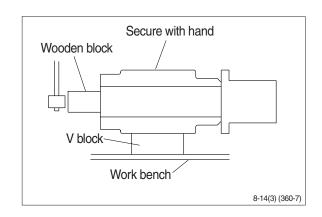
- Before the disassembly, clean the turning joint.
- (1) Remove bolts (14), washer (15) and cover (3).



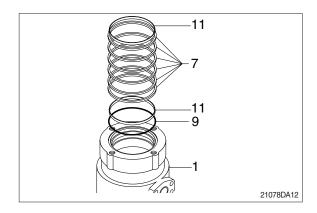
- (2) Remove shim (6) and O-ring (10).
- (3) Remove retainer ring (12), spacer (4) and shim (5).



- (4) Place hub (1) on a V-block and by using a wood buffer at the shaft end, hit out shaft(2) to about 1/2 from the body with a hammer.
- Take care not to damage the shaft (2) when remove hub (1) or rest it sideway.
- Put a fitting mark on hub (1) and shaft (2).

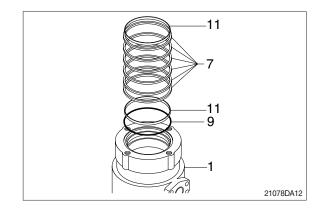


(5) Remove six slipper seals (7) and O-ring (9), two wear ring (11) from hub (1).

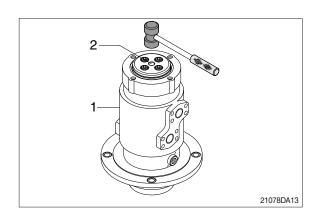


3) ASSEMBLY

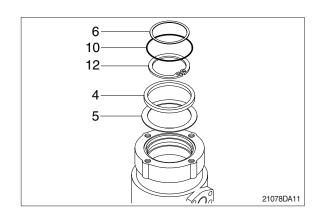
- Clean all parts.
- As a general rule, replace oil seals and O-ring.
- Coat the sliding surfaces of all parts with engine oil or grease before installing.
- (1) Fix seven slipper seal (7) and O-ring (9), two wear ring (11) to hub (1).
- (2) Fit O-ring (8) to shaft (2).



(3) Set shaft (2) on block, tap hub (1) with a plastic hammer to install.

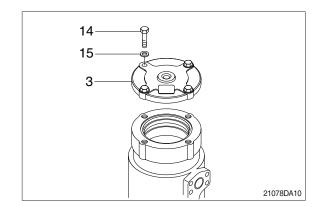


- (4) Fit shim (5), spacer (4) and retainer ring (12) to shaft (2).
- (5) Fit O-ring (10) to hub (1).
- (6) Fit shim (6) to shaft (2).



(7) Install cover (3) to body (1) and tighten bolts (14).

Torque : 10~12.5 kgf \cdot m (72.3~90.4 lbf \cdot ft)



GROUP 9 BOOM, ARM AND BUCKET CYLINDER

1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

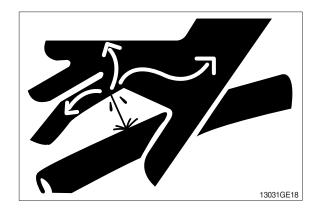
1) BUCKET CYLINDER

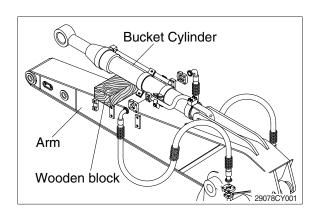
(1) Removal

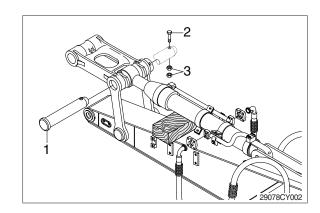
- Expand the arm and bucket fully, lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- Mean of the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.

▲ Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.

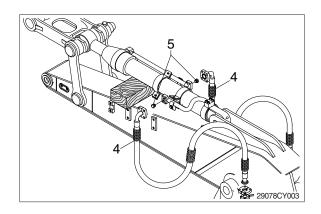
- Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. Fit blind plugs in the hoses after disconnecting them, to prevent dirt or dust from entering.
- ① Set block between bucket cylinder and arm.
- ② Remove bolt (2), nut (3) and pull out pin (1).
- Tie the rod with wire to prevent it from coming out.



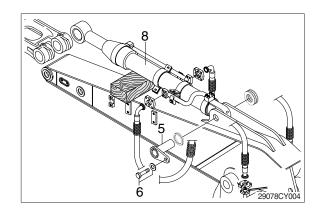




③ Disconnect bucket cylinder hoses (4) and put plugs (5) on cylinder pipe.



- ④ Sling bucket cylinder assembly (8) and remove bolt (6) then pull out pin (5).
- Remove bucket cylinder assembly (8).Weight: 220 kg (485 lb)



(2) Install

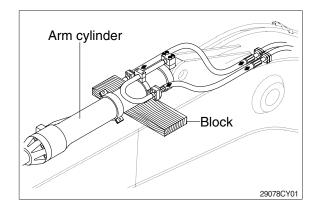
- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- ♠ When aligning the mounting position of the pin, do not insert your fingers in the pin hole.
- * Bleed the air from the bucket cylinder.
- Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check
 the hydraulic oil leak or not.

2) ARM CYLINDER

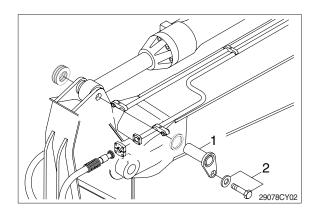
(1) Removal

- Expand the arm and bucket fully, lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- ▲ Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. Fit blind plugs in the hoses after disconnecting them, to prevent dirt or dust from entering.
- ① Set block between arm cylinder and boom.

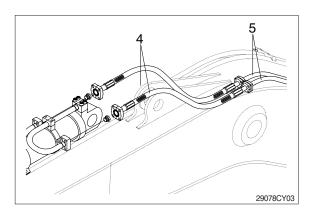




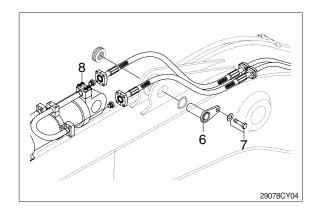
- ② Remove bolt (2) and pull out pin (1).
- Tie the rod with wire to prevent it from coming out.



- ③ Disconnect arm cylinder hoses (4) and put plugs on cylinder pipe.
- 4 Disconnect greasing pipings (5).



- ⑤ Sling arm assembly (8) and remove bolt (7) then pull out pin (6).
- 6 Remove arm cylinder assembly (8).
 - · Weight : 360 kg (790 lb)



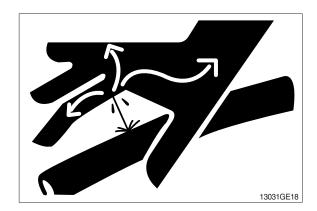
(2) Install

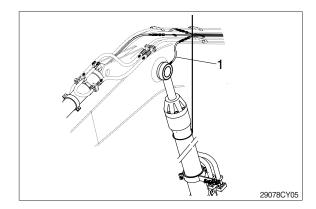
- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- ♠ When aligning the mounting position of the pin, do not insert your fingers in the pin hole.
- * Bleed the air from the arm cylinder.
- Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

3) BOOM CYLINDER

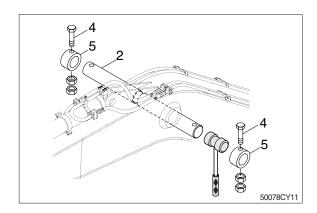
(1) Removal

- Expand the arm and bucket fully, lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- Mean of the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- ▲ Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. Fit blind plugs in the hoses after disconnecting them, to prevent dirt or dust from entering.
- ① Disconnect greasing hoses (1).
- ② Sling boom cylinder assembly.

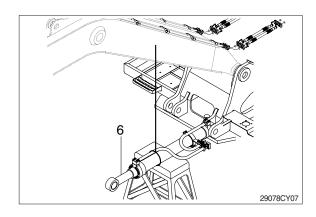




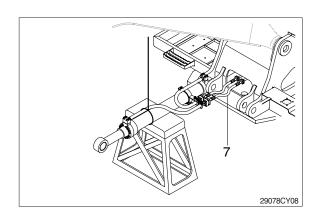
- ③ Remove bolt (4), pin stopper (5) and pull out pin (2).
- Tie the rod with wire to prevent it from coming out.



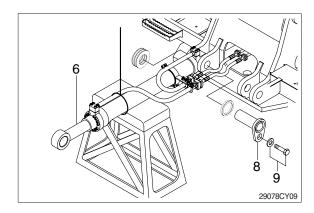
4 Lower the boom cylinder assembly (6) on a stand.



⑤ Disconnect boom cylinder hoses (7) and put plugs on cylinder pipe.



- 6 Remove bolt (9) and pull out pin (8).
- ? Remove boom cylinder assembly (6).
 - · Weight: 270 kg (600 lb)



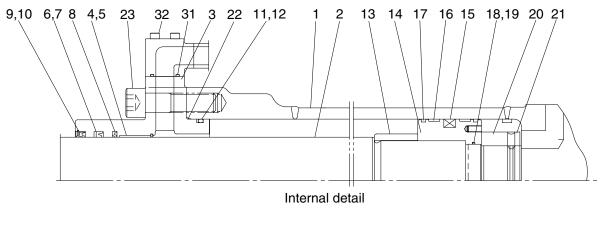
(2) Install

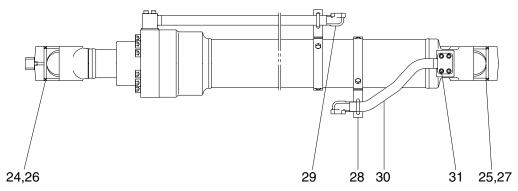
- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- ♠ When aligning the mounting position of the pin, do not insert your fingers in the pin hole.
- Bleed the air from the boom cylinder.
- Conformed the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

2. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

1) STRUCTURE

(1) Bucket cylinder

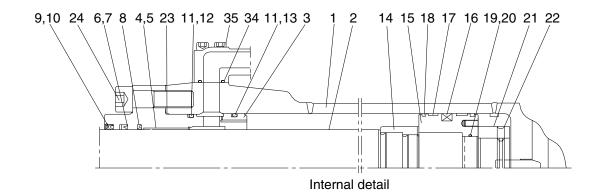


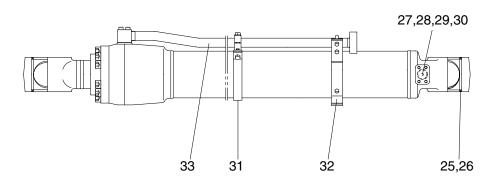


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| 1 | Tube assembly | 12 | Back up ring | 23 | Hexagon socket head bolt |
|----|---------------|----|--------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| 2 | Rod assembly | 13 | Cushion ring | 24 | Pin bushing |
| 3 | Gland | 14 | Piston | 25 | Pin bushing |
| 4 | DD2 bushing | 15 | Piston seal | 26 | Dust seal |
| 5 | Snap ring | 16 | Wear ring | 27 | Dust seal |
| 6 | Rod seal | 17 | Dust ring | 28 | Band assembly |
| 7 | Back up ring | 18 | O-ring | 29 | Pipe assembly |
| 8 | Buffer ring | 19 | Back up ring | 30 | Pipe assembly |
| 9 | Dust wiper | 20 | Lock nut | 31 | O-ring |
| 10 | Snap ring | 21 | Hexagon socket set screw | 32 | Hexagon socket head bolt |
| 11 | O-ring | 22 | O-ring | | |

(2) Arm cylinder

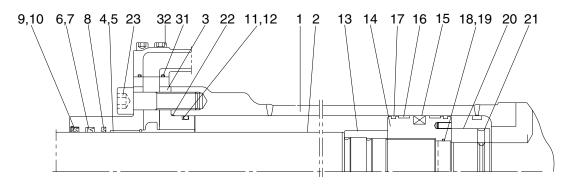




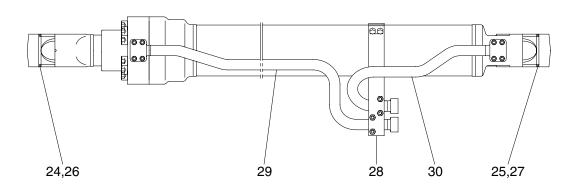
29098AM01

| 1 | Tube assembly | 13 | Back up ring | 25 | Pin bushing |
|----|---------------|----|--------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| 2 | Rod assembly | 14 | Cushion ring | 26 | Dust seal |
| 3 | Gland | 15 | Piston | 27 | Check valve |
| 4 | DD2 bushing | 16 | Piston seal | 28 | Coil spring |
| 5 | Snap ring | 17 | Wear ring | 29 | O-ring |
| 6 | Rod seal | 18 | Dust ring | 30 | Plug |
| 7 | Back up ring | 19 | O-ring | 31 | Band assembly |
| 8 | Buffer ring | 20 | Back up ring | 32 | Band assembly |
| 9 | Dust wiper | 21 | Lock nut | 33 | Pipe assembly |
| 10 | Snap ring | 22 | Hexagon socket set screw | 34 | O-ring |
| 11 | O-ring | 23 | O-ring | 35 | Hexagon socket head bolt |
| 12 | Back up ring | 24 | Hexagon socket head bolt | | |

(3) Boom cylinder



Internal detail



300L8BO01

| 1 | Tube assembly | 12 | Back up ring | 23 | Hexagon socket head bolt |
|----|---------------|----|--------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| 2 | Rod assembly | 13 | Cushion ring | 24 | Pin bushing |
| 3 | Gland | 14 | Piston | 25 | Pin bushing |
| 4 | DD2 bushing | 15 | Piston seal | 26 | Dust seal |
| 5 | Snap ring | 16 | Wear ring | 27 | Dust seal |
| 6 | Rod seal | 17 | Dust ring | 28 | Band assembly |
| 7 | Back up ring | 18 | O-ring | 29 | Pipe assembly |
| 8 | Buffer ring | 19 | Back up ring | 30 | Pipe assembly |
| 9 | Dust wiper | 20 | Lock nut | 31 | O-ring |
| 10 | Snap ring | 21 | Hexagon socket set screw | 32 | Hexagon socket head bolt |
| 11 | O-ring | 22 | O-ring | | |

2) TOOLS AND TIGHTENING TORQUE

(1) Tools

| Tools | Remark | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| | 6 | | |
| Allon wronch | 8 B | | |
| Allen wrench | 14 | | |
| | 17 | | |
| Spanner | 7 | | |
| Spanner | 8 | | |
| (-) Driver | Small and large sizes | | |
| Torque wrench | Capable of tightening with the specified torques | | |

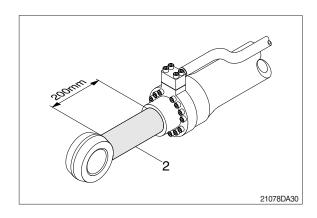
(2) Tightening torque

| Part name | | Item | Size | Torque | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|----------------|----------|
| | | item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
| | Dualest ordinder | 23 | M18 | 32.0±3.0 | 232±21.7 |
| | Bucket cylinder | 32 | M12 | 9.4±1.0 | 68.0±7.2 |
| Socket head bolt | Poom cylindor | 23 | M18 | 32.0±3.0 | 232±21.7 |
| Socket flead boil | Boom cylinder | 32 | M12 | 9.4±1.0 | 68.0±7.2 |
| | Arm cylinder | 24 | M18 | 32.0±3.0 | 232±21.7 |
| | | 35 | M12 | 9.4±1.0 | 68.0±7.2 |
| | Bucket cylinder | 20 | - | 100 ± 10.0 | 723±72.3 |
| Lock nut | Boom cylinder | 20 | - | 100 ± 10.0 | 723±72.3 |
| | Arm cylinder | 21 | - | 150 ± 15.0 | 1085±108 |
| | Bucket cylinder | 14 | - | 150±15.0 | 1085±108 |
| Piston | Boom cylinder | 14 | - | 150 ± 15.0 | 1085±108 |
| | Arm cylinder | 15 | - | 200±20.0 | 1447±145 |

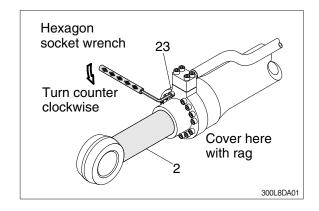
3) DISASSEMBLY

(1) Remove cylinder head and piston rod

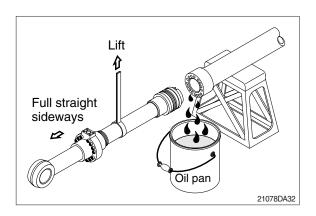
- Procedures are based on the bucket cylinder.
- ① Hold the clevis section of the tube in a vise.
- We use mouth pieces so as not to damage the machined surface of the cylinder tube. Do not make use of the outside piping as a locking means.
- ② Pull out rod assembly (2) about 200 mm (7.1 in). Because the rod assembly is rather heavy, finish extending it with air pressure after the oil draining operation.



- 3 Loosen and remove socket bolts (23) of the gland in sequence.
- Cover the extracted rod assembly (2) with rag to prevent it from being accidentally damaged during operation.

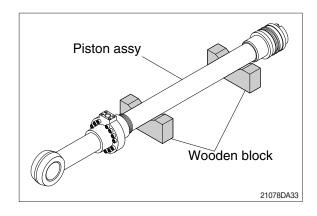


- ① Draw out cylinder head and rod assembly together from tube assembly (1).
- Since the rod assembly is heavy in this case, lift the tip of the rod assembly (2) with a crane or some means and draw it out. However, when rod assembly (2) has been drawn out to approximately two thirds of its length, lift it in its center to draw it completely.



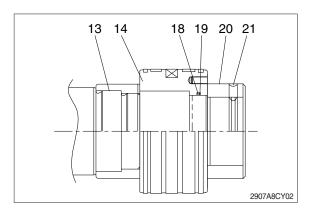
Note that the plated surface of rod assembly (2) is to be lifted. For this reason, do not use a wire sling and others that may damage it, but use a strong cloth belt or a rope.

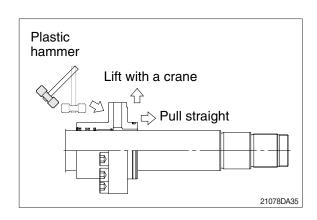
- ⑤ Place the removed rod assembly on a wooden V-block that is set level.
- ※ Cover a V-block with soft rag.



(2) Remove piston and cylinder head

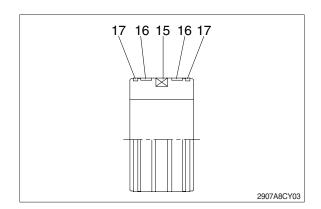
- ① Remove set screw (21).
- Since set screw (21) and lock nut (20) is tightened to a high torque, use a hydraulic and power wrench that utilizers a hydraulic cylinder, to remove the set screw (21) lock nut (20).
- ② Remove piston assembly (14), back up ring (19), and O-ring (18).
- ③ Remove the cylinder head assembly from rod assembly (2).
- If it is too heavy to move, move it by striking the flanged part of cylinder head with a plastic hammer.
- Pull it straight with cylinder head assembly lifted with a crane.
 Exercise care so as not to damage the lip of rod bushing (4) and packing (5,6,7,8,9,10) by the threads of rod assembly (2).





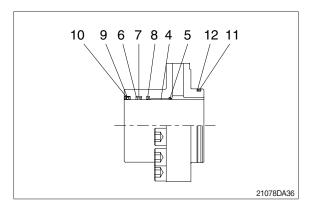
(3) Disassemble the piston assembly

- ① Remove wear ring (16).
- ② Remove dust ring (17) and piston seal (15).
- Exercise care in this operation not to damage the grooves.



(4) Disassemble cylinder head assembly

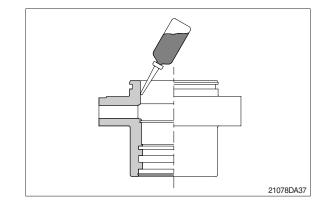
- ① Remove back up ring (12) and O-ring (11).
- ② Remove snap ring (10), dust wiper (9).
- ③ Remove back up ring (7), rod seal (6) and buffer ring (8).
- Exercise care in this operation not to damage the grooves.
- Do not remove seal and ring, if does not damaged.



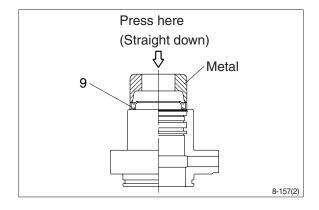
3) ASSEMBLY

(1) Assemble cylinder head assembly

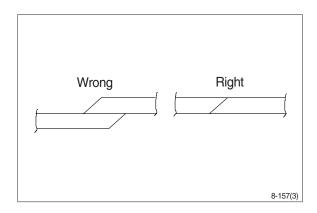
- * Check for scratches or rough surfaces if found smooth with an oil stone.
- ① Coat the inner face of gland (3) with hydraulic oil.



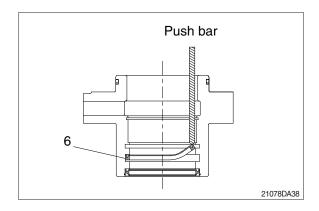
- ② Coat dust wiper (9) with grease and fit dust wiper (9) to the bottom of the hole of dust seal.
 - At this time, press a pad metal to the metal ring of dust seal.
- ③ Fit snap ring (10) to the stop face.



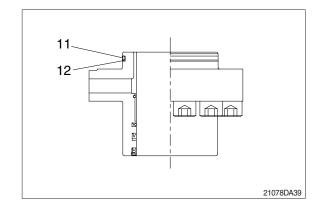
- ④ Fit back up ring (7), rod seal (6) and buffer ring (8) to corresponding grooves, in that order.
- * Coat each packing with hydraulic oil before fitting it.
- Insert the backup ring until one side of it is inserted into groove.



- ** Rod seal (6) has its own fitting direction. Therefore, confirm it before fitting them.
- Fitting rod seal (6) upside down may damage its lip. Therefore check the correct direction that is shown in fig.

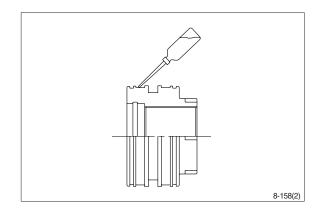


- 5 Fit back up ring (12) to gland (3).
- Put the backup ring in the warm water of 30~50°C.
- ⑥ Fit O-ring (11) to gland (3).

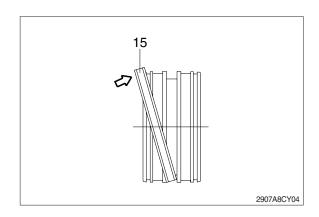


(2) Assemble piston assembly

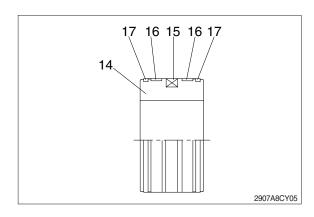
- * Check for scratches or rough surfaces.
 If found smooth with an oil stone.
- ① Coat the outer face of piston (14) with hydraulic oil.



- ② Fit piston seal (15) to piston.
- Put the piston seal in the warm water of 60~100°C for more than 5 minutes.
- After assembling the piston seal, press its outer diameter to fit in.

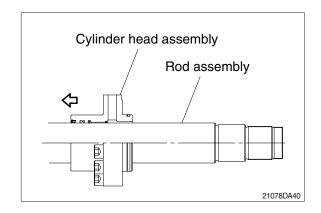


③ Fit wear ring (16) and dust ring (17) to piston (14).

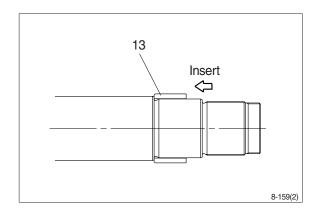


(3) Install piston and cylinder head

- ① Fix the rod assembly to the work bench.
- ② Apply hydraulic oil to the outer surface of rod assembly (2), the inner surface of piston and cylinder head.
- ③ Insert cylinder head assembly to rod assembly.



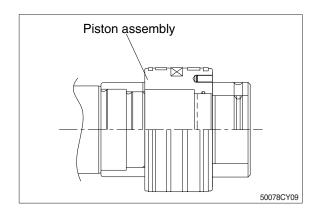
- ④ Insert cushion ring (13) to rod assembly.
- Note that cushion ring (13) has a direction in which it should be fitted.



5 Fit piston assembly to rod assembly.

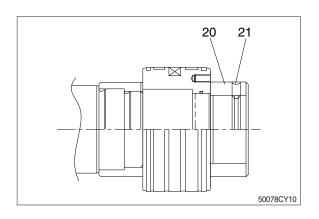
· Tightening torque : 100±10.0 kgf · m

(723 \pm 72.3 lbf \cdot ft)



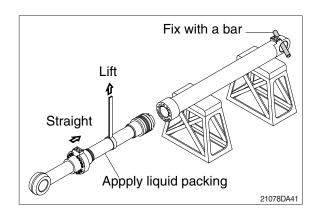
- 6 Fit lock nut (20) and tighten the screw (21).
 - · Tightening torque :

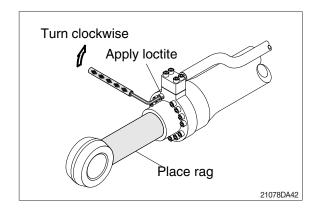
| Item | | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|--------|----|---------|----------|
| Bucket | 20 | 100±10 | 723±72.3 |
| Boom | 21 | 5.4±0.5 | 39.1±3.6 |
| Arm | 20 | 150±15 | 1085±108 |
| | 21 | 5.4±0.5 | 39.1±3.6 |



(3) Overall assemble

- ① Place a V-block on a rigid work bench. Mount the tube assembly (1) on it and fix the assembly by passing a bar through the clevis pin hole to lock the assembly.
- ② Insert the rod assembly in to the tube assembly, while lifting and moving the rod assembly with a crane.
- Be careful not to damage piston seal by thread of tube assembly.
- 3 Match the bolt holes in the cylinder head flange to the tapped holes in the tube assembly and tighten socket bolts to a specified torque.
- * Refer to the table of tightening torque.





GROUP 10 UNDERCARRIAGE

1. TRACK LINK

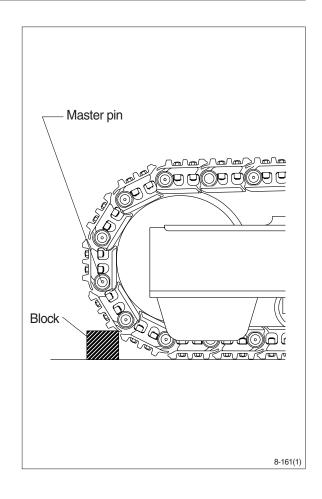
1) REMOVAL

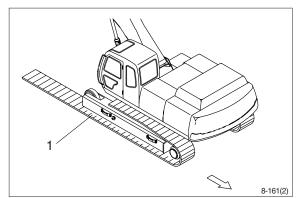
- (1) Move track link until master pin is over front idler in the position put wooden block as shown.
- (2) Loosen tension of the track link.
- If track tension is not relieved when the grease valve is loosened, move the machine backwards and forwards.
- W Unscrew the grease nipple after release the tension by pushing the poppet only when necessarily required. Grease leaking hole is not existing. So, while unscrew the grease nipple, grease is not leaking until the grease nipple is completely coming out. If the tension is not released in advance, the grease
- (3) Push out master pin by using a suitable tool.

pressurized grease.

nipple can be suddenly popped out by

- (4) Move the machine slowly in reverse, and lay out track link assembly (1).
- ¾ Jack up the machine and put wooden block under the machine.
- Don't get close to the sprocket side as the track shoe plate may fall down on your feet.

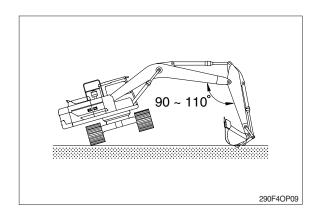




2) INSTALL

(1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.

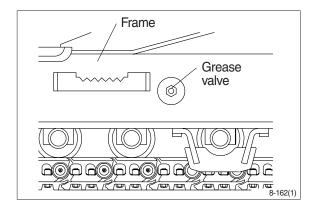
Adjust the tension of the track link.



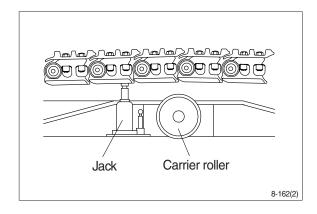
2. CARRIER ROLLER

1) REMOVAL

(1) Loosen tension of the track link.



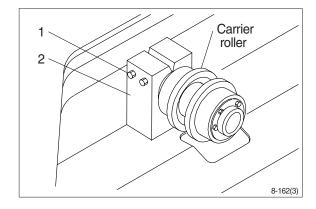
(2) Jack up the track link height enough to permit carrier roller removal.



- (3) Loosen the lock nut (1).
- (4) Open bracket (2) with a screwdriver, push out from inside, and remove carrier roller assembly.

· Weight: 35 kg (80 lb)

· Tightening torque : 29.7±4.5 kgf·m (215±32.5 lbf·ft)



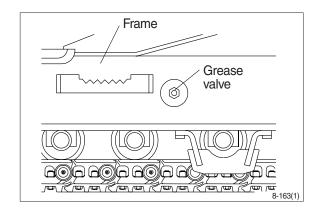
2) INSTALL

(1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.

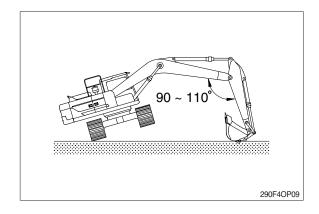
3. TRACK ROLLER

1) REMOVAL

(1) Loosen tension of the track link.

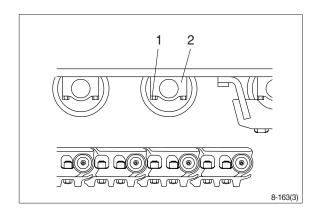


- (2) Using the work equipment, push up track frame on side which is to be removed.
- * After jack up the machine, set a block under the unit.



- (3) Remove the mounting bolt (1) and draw out the track roller (2).
 - · Weight: 56 kg (120 lb)
 - · Tightening torque : 57.9±8.7 kgf·m

(419±62.9 lbf·ft)



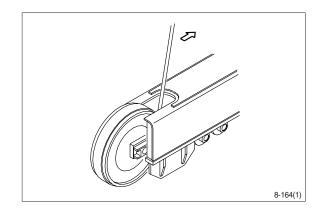
2) INSTALL

(1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.

4. IDLER AND RECOIL SPRING

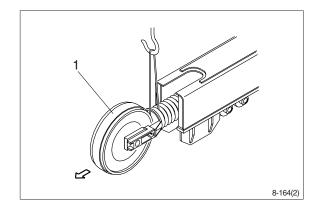
1) REMOVAL

(1) Remove the track link.
For detail, see **removal of track link.**



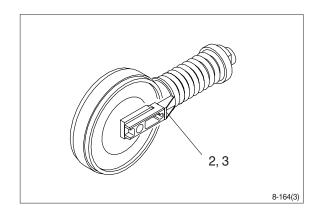
(2) Sling the recoil spring (1) and pull out idler and recoil spring assembly from track frame, using a pry.

· Weight: 457 kg (1010 lb)



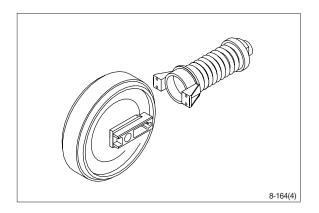
(3) Remove the bolts (2), washers (3) and separate idler from recoil spring.

· Tightening torque : 31.3±4.7 kgf·m (226±34.0 lbf·ft)



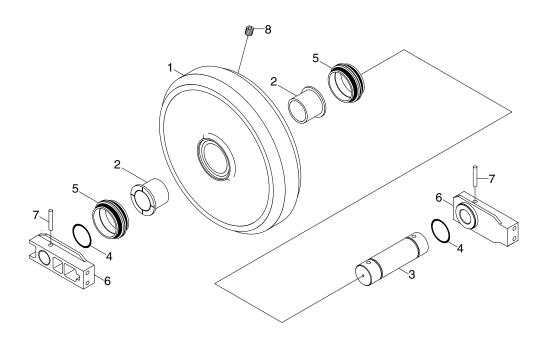
2) INSTALL

- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- Make sure that the boss on the end face of the recoil cylinder rod is in the hole of the track frame.



3) DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF IDLER

(1) Structure



29078ID01

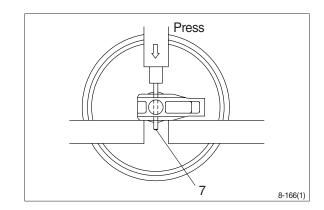
- 1 Shell
- 2 Bushing
- 3 Shaft

- 4 O-ring
- 5 Seal assembly
- 6 Bracket

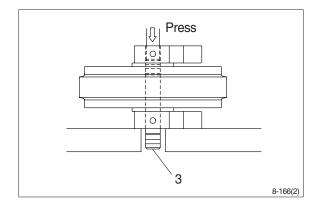
- 7 Spring pin
- 8 Plug

(2) Disassembly

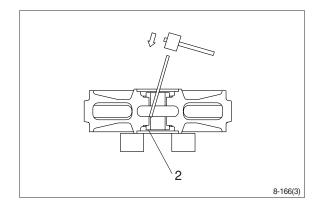
- ① Remove plug and drain oil.
- ② Draw out the spring pin (7), using a press.



- ③ Pull out the shaft (2) with a press.
- ④ Remove seal (5) from shell (1) and bracket (6).
- 5 Remove O-ring (4) from shaft.

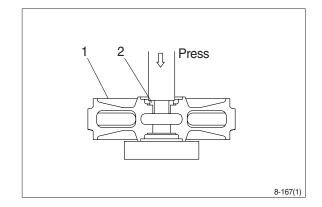


- ⑥ Remove the bushing (2) from idler, using a special tool.
- Meson of the control of the contr

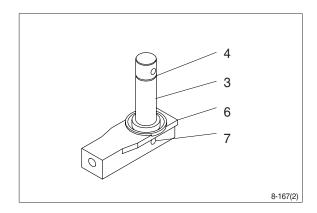


(3) Assembly

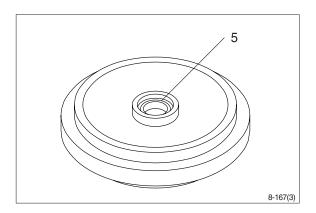
- Before assembly, clean the parts.
- Coat the sliding surfaces of all parts with oil.
- Cool up bushing (2) fully by some dry ice and press it into shell (1).
 Do not press it at the normal temperature, or not knock in with a hammer even after the cooling.



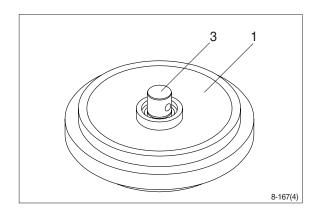
- ② Coat O-ring (4) with grease thinly, and install it to shaft (3).
- ③ Insert shaft (3) into bracket (6) and drive in the spring pin (7).



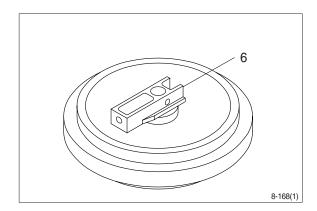
④ Install seal (5) to shell (1) and bracket (6).



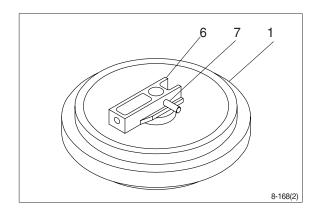
5 Install shaft (3) to shell (1).



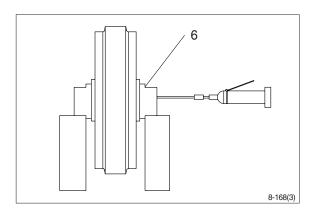
⑥ Install bracket (6) attached with seal (5).



Knock in the spring pin (7) with a hammer.

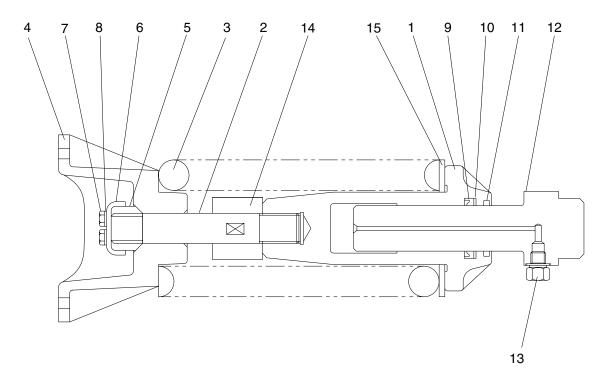


8 Lay bracket (6) on its side.
 Supply engine oil to the specified level, and tighten plug.



4) DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF RECOIL SPRING

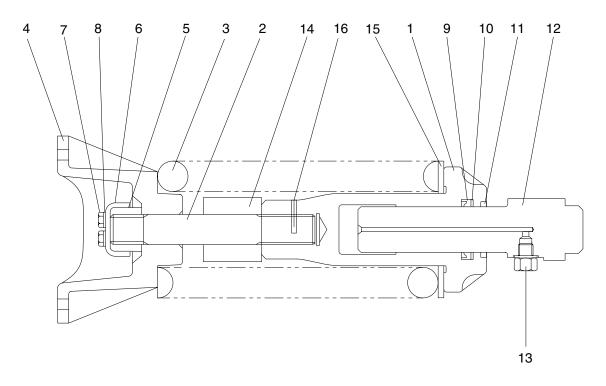
(1) Structure (type 1 & 3)



300L8UC01

| 1 | Body | 6 | Lock plate | 11 | Dust seal |
|---|----------|----|---------------|----|--------------|
| 2 | Tie bar | 7 | Bolt | 12 | Rod assembly |
| 3 | Spring | 8 | Spring washer | 13 | Grease valve |
| 4 | Bracket | 9 | Rod seal | 14 | Stopper tube |
| 5 | Lock nut | 10 | Back up ring | 15 | Spacer |

Structure (type 2, high walker)



300L8UC101

| 1 | Body | | |
|---|---------|--|--|
| 2 | Tie bar | | |
| 3 | Spring | | |

4 Bracket

5 Lock nut

6 Lock plate

7 Bolt

8 Spring washer

9 Rod packing

10 Back up ring

11 Dust seal

12 Rod

13 Grease valve

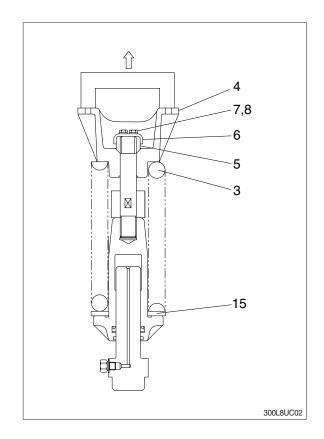
14 Stopper tube

15 Spacer

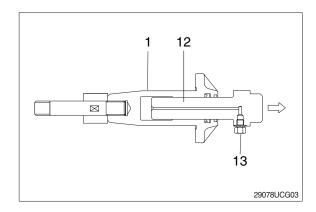
16 Spring pin

(2) Disassembly

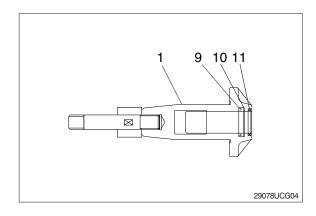
- * The illustrations are base on the type 1.
- ① Apply pressure on spring (3) with a press.
- The spring is under a large installed load. This is dangerous, so be sure to set properly.
- ② Remove bolt (7), spring washer (8) and lock plate (6).
- ③ Remove lock nut (5).
 Take enough notice so that the press which pushes down the spring, should not be slipped out in its operation.
- ④ Lighten the press load slowly and remove bracket (4), spring (3) and spacer (15).



- ⑤ Remove rod (12) from body (1).
- 6 Remove grease valve (13) from rod (12).

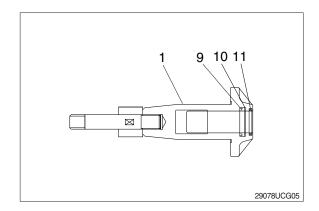


7 Remove rod seal (9), back up ring (10) and dust seal (11).

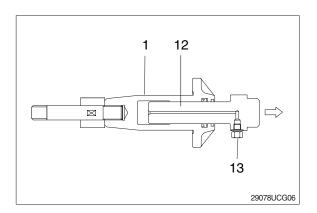


(3) Assembly

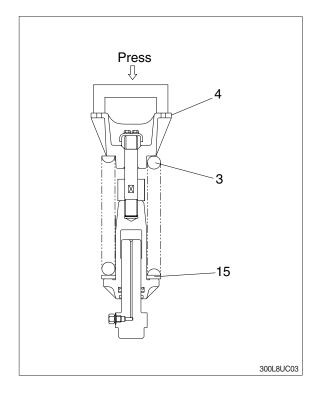
- ① Install dust seal (11), back up ring (10) and rod seal (9) to body (1).
- When installing dust seal (11) and rod seal (9), take full care so as not to damage the lip.



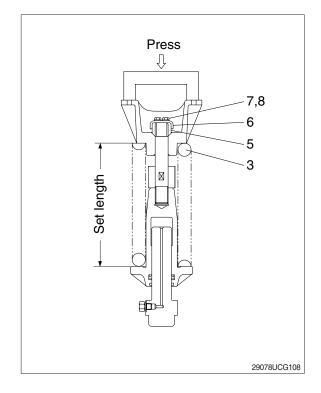
- ② Pour grease into body (1), then push in rod (12) by hand.
 After take grease out of grease valve mounting hole, let air out.
- If air letting is not sufficient, it may be difficult to adjust the tension of crawler.
- ③ Fit grease valve (13) to rod (12).
 - \cdot Tightening torque : 13.0 \pm 1.0 kgf \cdot m (94 \pm 7.2 lbf \cdot ft)



- (4) Install spacer (15), spring (3) and bracket(4) to body (1).
- ⑤ Apply pressure to spring (3) with a press and tighten lock nut (5).
 - · Spring set load
 - Type 1: 19012 kg (41826 lb)
 - Type 2 & 3 : 22285 kg (49130 lb)
- * Apply sealant before assembling.
- During the operation, pay attention specially to prevent the press from slipping out.

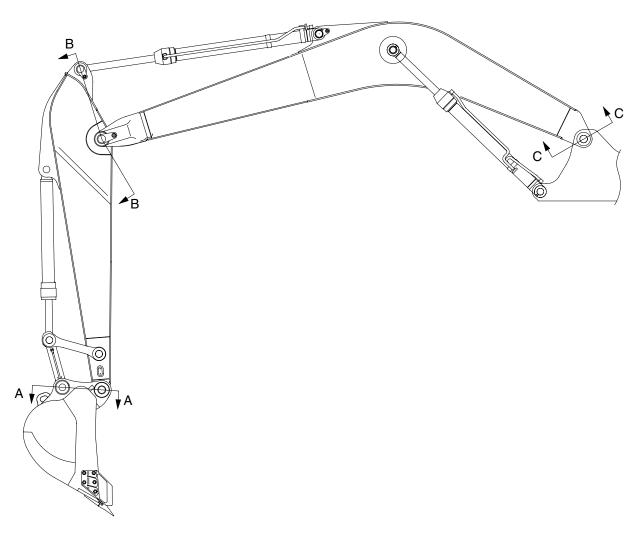


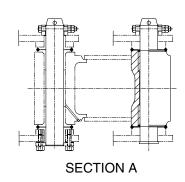
- ⑤ Lighten the press load and confirm the set length of spring (3).
 - Type 1 & 3 : $580 \pm 1.5 \text{ mm}$
 - Type 2 : $565 \pm 1.5 \text{ mm}$
- After the setting of spring (3), install lock plate (6), spring washer (8) and bolt (7).
 - ·Tightening torque : 15±0.5 kgf·m (108±3.6 lbf·ft)

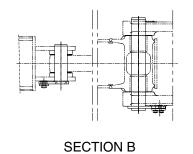


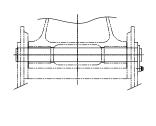
GROUP 11 WORK EQUIPMENT

1. STRUCTURE









SECTION C

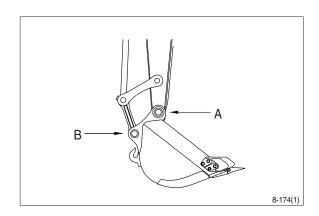
29078WE01

2. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

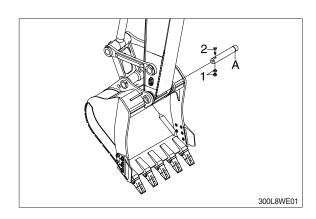
1) BUCKET ASSEMBLY

(1) Removal

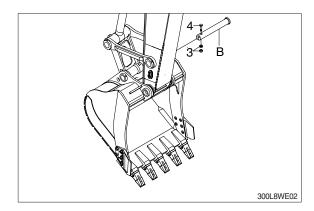
① Lower the work equipment completely to ground with back of bucket facing down.



② Remove nut (1), bolt (2) and draw out the pin (A).

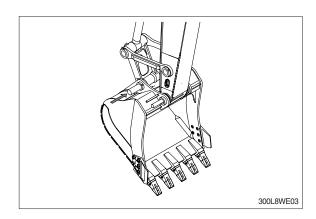


③ Remove nut (3), bolt (4) and draw out the pin (B).



(2) Install

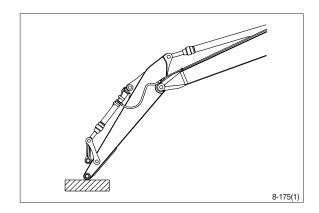
- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- ♠ When aligning the mounting position of the pin, do not insert your fingers in the pin hole.
- Adjust the bucket clearance.
 For detail, see operation manual.

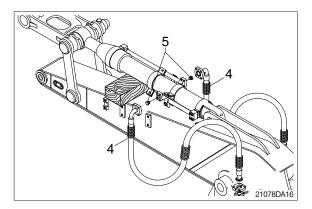


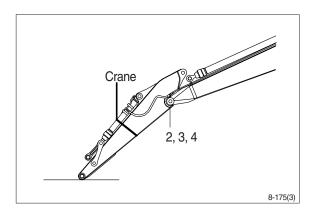
2) ARM ASSEMBLY

(1) Removal

- Loosen the breather slowly to release
 the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- ♠ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrated the skin causing serious injury.
- ① Remove bucket assembly.
 For details, see removal of bucket assembly.
- ② Disconnect bucket cylinder hose (1).
- ♠ Fit blind plugs in the piping at the chassis end securely to prevent oil from spurting out when the engine is started.
- Sling arm cylinder assembly, remove spring, pin stopper and pull out pin.
- * Tie the rod with wire to prevent it from coming out.
- ④ For details, see removal of arm cylinder assembly.
 - Place a wooden block under the cylinder and bring the cylinder down to it.
- (5) Remove bolt (2), plate (3) and pull out the pin (4) then remove the arm assembly.
 - · Weight: 1025 kg (2260 lb)
- When lifting the arm assembly, always lift the center of gravity.







(2) Install

- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- ♠ When lifting the arm assembly, always lift the center of gravity.
- Bleed the air from the cylinder.

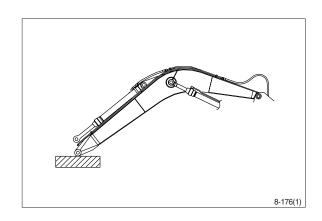
3) BOOM CYLINDER

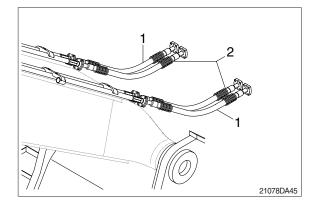
(1) Removal

- Remove arm and bucket assembly.
 For details, see removal of arm and bucket assembly.
- ② Remove boom cylinder assembly from boom.
 - For details, see **removal of arm cylinder assembly.**

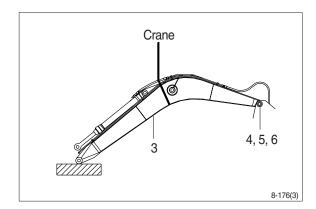


- ④ Disconnect bucket cylinder hose (2) and arm cylinder hose (1).
- When the hose are disconnected, oil may spurt out.
- 5 Sling boom assembly (3).



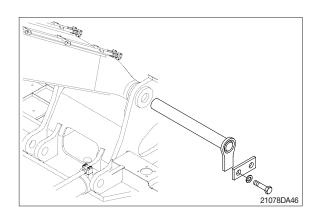


- Remove bolt (4), plate (5) and pull out the pin (6) then remove boom assembly.Weight: 2200 kg (4860 lb)
- When lifting the boom assembly always lift the center of gravity.



(2) Install

- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- ♠ When lifting the arm assembly, always lift the center of gravity.
- * Bleed the air from the cylinder.



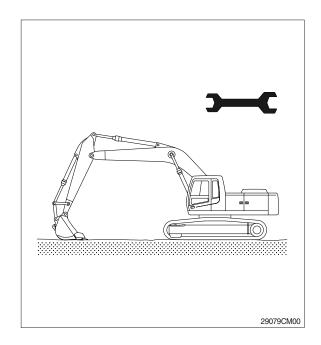
SECTION 9 COMPONENT MOUNTING TORQUE

| Group | 1 | Introduction guide ····· | 9-1 |
|-------|---|--------------------------|------|
| Group | 2 | Engine system | 9-2 |
| Group | 3 | Electric system | 9-4 |
| Group | 4 | Hydraulic system ····· | 9-6 |
| Group | 5 | Undercarriage | 9-9 |
| Group | 6 | Structure | 9-11 |
| Group | 7 | Work equipment ····· | 9-15 |

SECTION 9 COMPONENT MOUNTING TORQUE

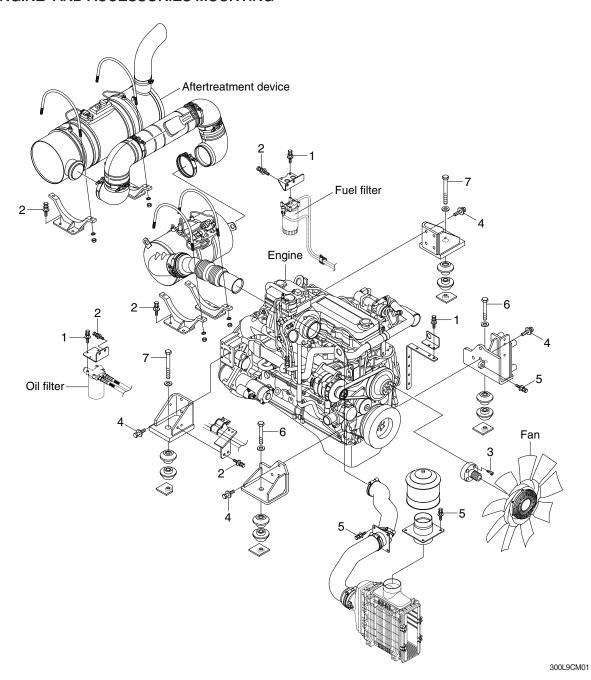
GROUP 1 INTRODUCTION GUIDE

- 1. This section shows bolt specifications and standard torque values needed when mounting components to the machine.
- 2. Use genuine HD Hyundai Construction Equipment spare parts.
 - We expressly point out that HD Hyundai Construction Equipment will not accept any responsibility for defects resulted from nongenuine parts.
 - In such cases HD Hyundai Construction Equipment cannot assume liability for any damage.
- Metric fasteners can be used and incorrect fasteners may result in machine damage or malfunction.
- Before installation, clean all the components with a non-corrosive cleaner. Bolts and threads must not be worn or damaged.



GROUP 2 ENGINE SYSTEM

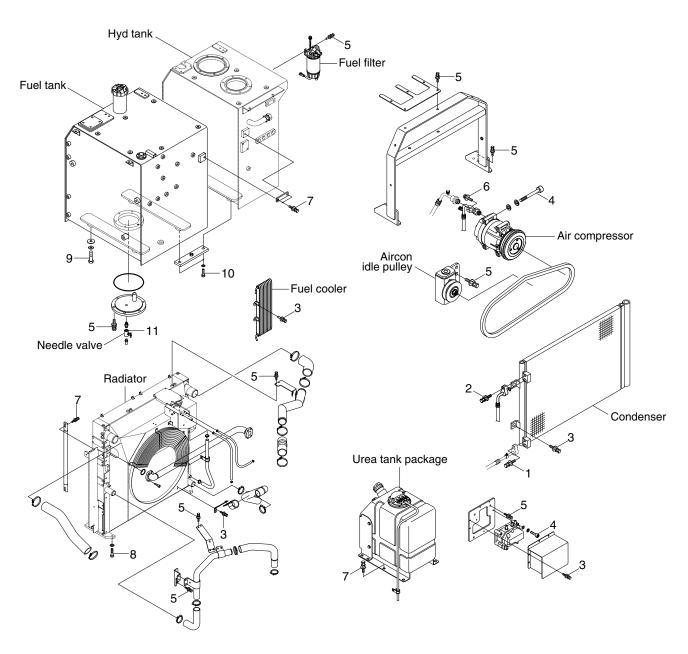
ENGINE AND ACCESSORIES MOUNTING



| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| 1 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |
| 2 | M10×1.5 | 6.9 ± 1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| 3 | M10×1.5 | 8.27±1.7 | 59.8±12.3 |
| 4 | M12×1.75 | 11.5±1.0 | 83.2±7.2 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|---------|----------|----------|
| 5 | M14×2.0 | 9.8±0.9 | 70.8±6.5 |
| 6 | M20×2.5 | 52.1±5.0 | 377±36.2 |
| 7 | M24×3.0 | 90±9.0 | 651±65 |
| - | - | - | - |

COOLING SYSTEM AND FUEL TANK MOUNTING



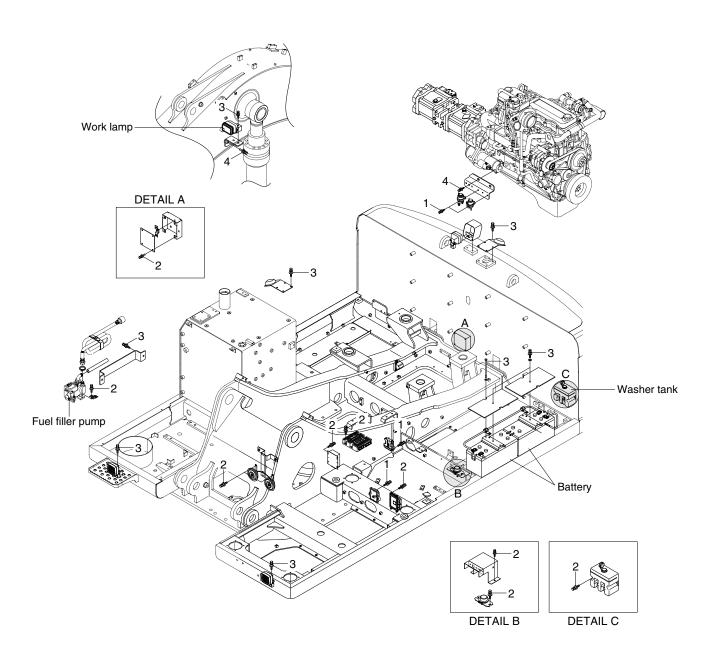
300L9CM02

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|----------------|-----------|
| 1 | M 6×1.0 | 0.5±0.1 | 3.6±0.72 |
| 2 | M 8×1.25 | 1.3±0.2 | 9.4±1.45 |
| 3 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |
| 4 | M 8×1.25 | 4.05 ± 0.8 | 29.3±5.8 |
| 5 | M10×1.5 | 6.9 ± 1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| 6 | M10×1.25 | 5.0±0.2 | 36.1±1.45 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 7 | M12×1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 |
| 8 | M16×2.0 | 29.7±4.5 | 215±32.5 |
| 9 | M20×2.5 | 46±5.1 | 333±36.9 |
| 10 | M20×2.5 | 57.9±8.7 | 419±62.9 |
| 11 | - | 2.3±0.6 | 16.6±4.3 |
| - | - | - | - |

GROUP 3 ELECTRIC SYSTEM

ELECTRIC COMPONENTS MOUNTING 1

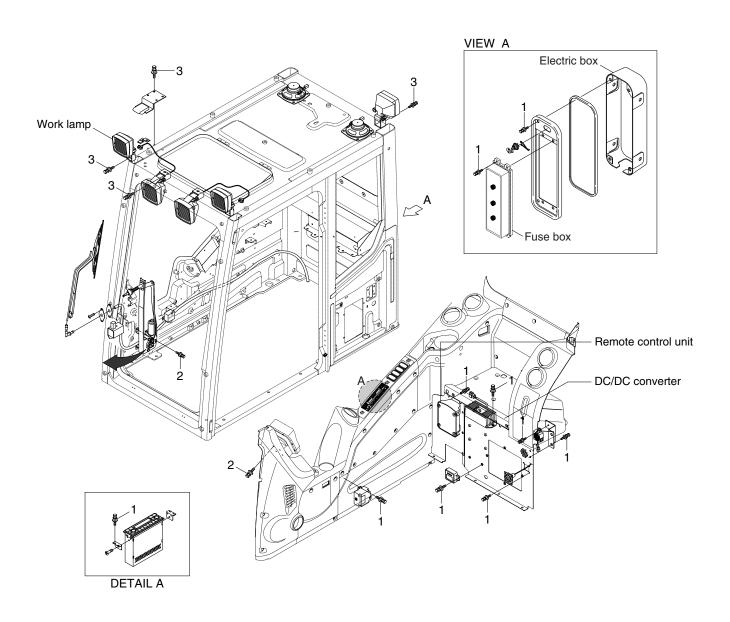


300L9CM03

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | M 6×1.0 | 1.05±0.2 | 7.6±1.45 |
| 2 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 3 | M10×1.5 | 6.9±1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| 4 | M12×1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 |

ELECTRIC COMPONENTS MOUNTING 2



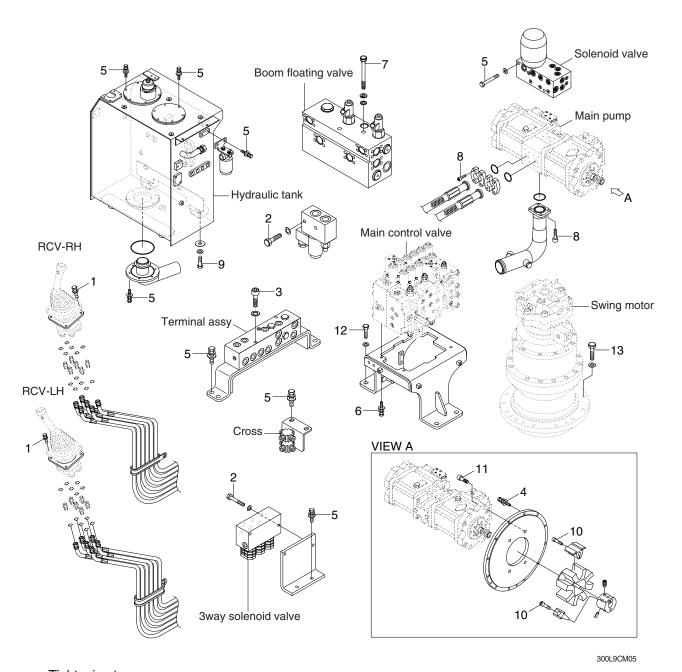
300L9CM04

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | M 6×1.0 | 1.05±0.2 | 7.6±1.45 |
| 2 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|---------|---------|-----------|
| 3 | M10×1.5 | 6.9±1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |

GROUP 4 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS MOUNTING 1

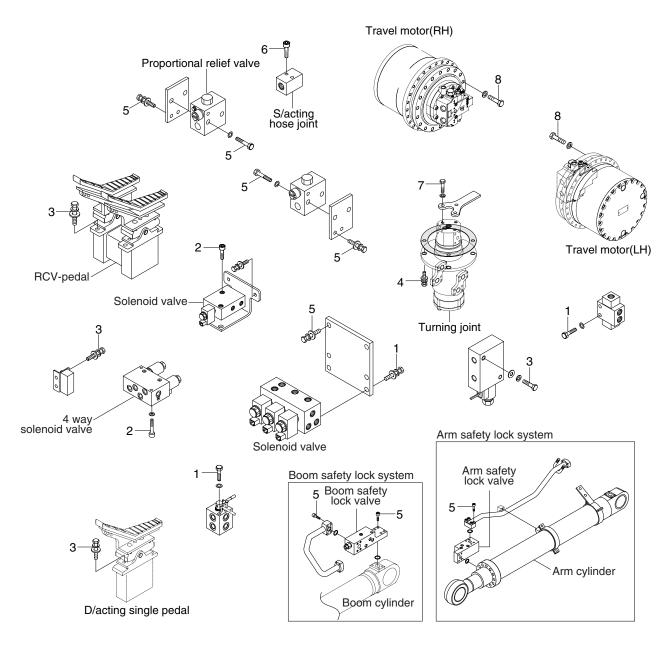


· Tightening torque

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|----------|----------------|-----------|
| 1 | M 6×1.0 | 1.05±0.2 | 7.6±1.45 |
| 2 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |
| 3 | M 8×1.25 | 4.05 ± 0.8 | 29.3±5.8 |
| 4 | M10×1.5 | 4.8±0.3 | 347±2.2 |
| 5 | M10×1.5 | 6.9 ± 1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| 6 | M12×1.75 | 12.3±1.3 | 89.0±9.4 |
| 7 | M12×1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|----------|----------|
| 8 | M12×1.75 | 14.7±2.2 | 106±15.9 |
| 9 | M20×2.5 | 46±5.1 | 333±36.9 |
| 10 | M20×2.5 | 46.5±2.5 | 336±18.1 |
| 11 | M20×2.5 | 52.1±5.0 | 377±36.2 |
| 12 | M20×2.5 | 57.9±8.7 | 419±62.9 |
| 13 | M20×2.5 | 58.4±6.4 | 422±46.3 |
| - | - | - | - |

HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS MOUNTING 2

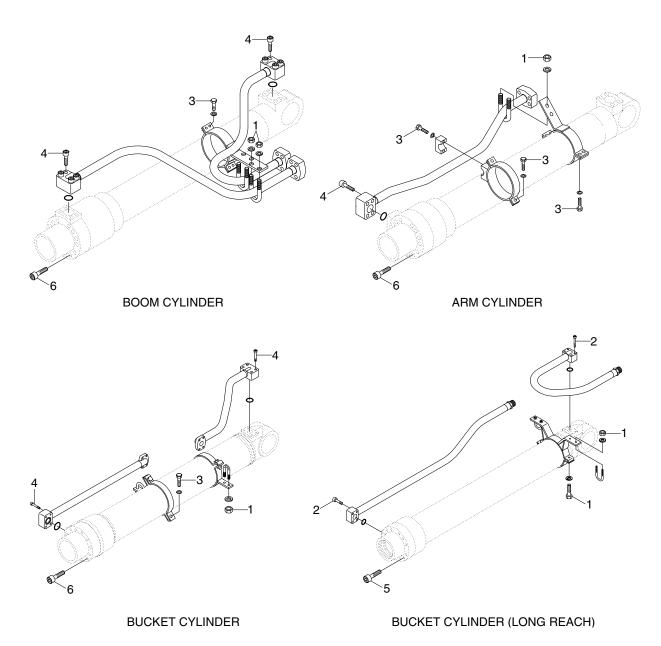


300L9CM06

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 1 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |
| 2 | M 8×1.25 | 4.05±0.8 | 29.3±5.8 |
| 3 | M10×1.5 | 6.9±1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| 4 | M12×1.75 | 12.3±1.3 | 89.0±9.4 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 5 | M12×1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 |
| 6 | M12×1.75 | 14.7±2.2 | 106±15.9 |
| 7 | M14×2.0 | 19.6±2.9 | 142±21.0 |
| 8 | M24×3.0 | 84±8.0 | 608±57.8 |

HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS MOUNTING 3



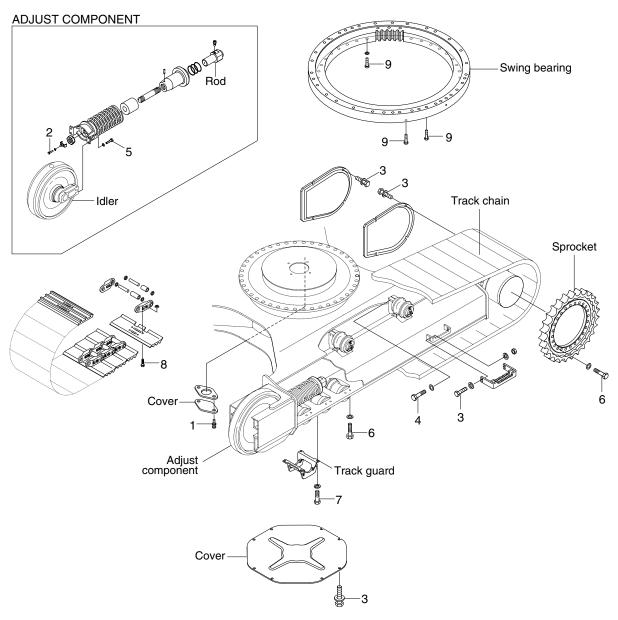
300L9CM07

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|---------|----------|
| 1 | M10×1.5 | 3.2±0.3 | 23.1±2.2 |
| 2 | M 8×1.25 | 2.7±0.3 | 19.5±2.2 |
| 3 | M12×1.75 | 5.5±0.6 | 39.8±4.3 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|---------|----------|
| 4 | M12×1.75 | 9.4±1.0 | 68.0±7.2 |
| 5 | M14×2.0 | 15±2.0 | 109±14.5 |
| 6 | M18×2.5 | 32±3.0 | 232±21.7 |

GROUP 5 UNDERCARRIAGE

UNDERCARRIAGE MOUNTING

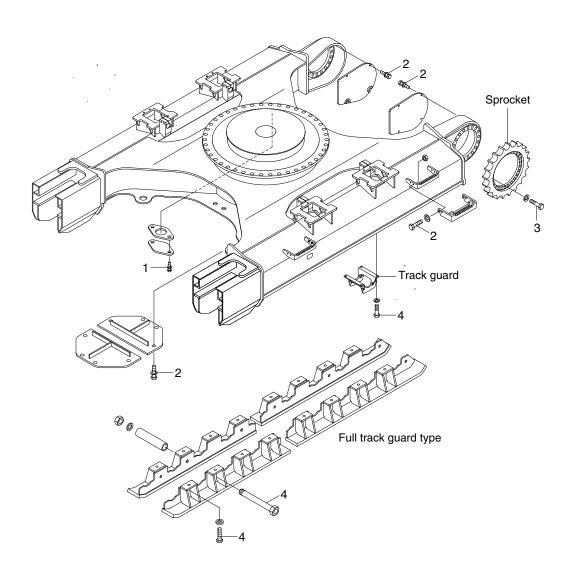


300L9CM08

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 1 | M10×1.5 | 6.9±1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| 2 | M12×1.25 | 13.3±2.7 | 96.2±19.5 |
| 3 | M12×1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 |
| 4 | M16×2.0 | 29.7±3.0 | 215±21.7 |
| 5 | M16×2.0 | 29.7±4.5 | 215±32.5 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|---------|----------|----------|
| 6 | M20×2.5 | 57.9±6.0 | 419±43.4 |
| 7 | M20×2.5 | 57.9±8.7 | 419±62.9 |
| 8 | M22×1.5 | 123±6.0 | 831±36 |
| 9 | M24×3.0 | 100±10 | 723±72.3 |
| - | - | - | - |

UNDERCARRIAGE MOUNTING (HIGH WALKER)



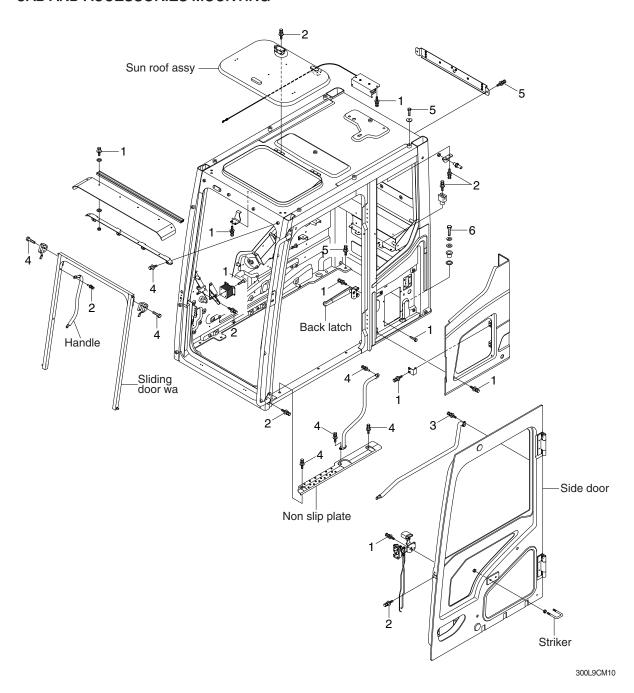
300L9CM09

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 1 | M10×1.5 | 6.9±1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| 2 | M12×1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|---------|----------|----------|
| 3 | M20×2.5 | 57.9±6.0 | 419±43.4 |
| 4 | M24×3.0 | 100±15 | 723±109 |

GROUP 6 STRUCTURE

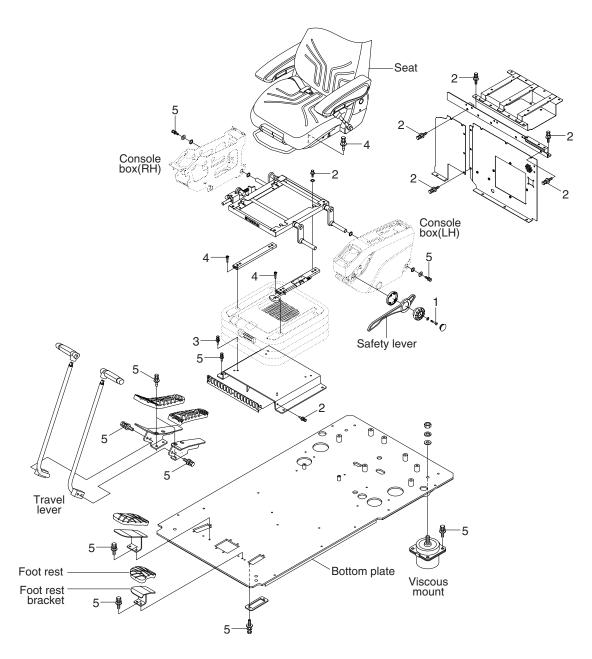
CAB AND ACCESSORIES MOUNTING



| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | M 6×1.0 | 1.05±0.2 | 7.6±1.45 |
| 2 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |
| 3 | M10×1.5 | 4.7±0.9 | 34±6.5 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 4 | M10×1.5 | 6.9±1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| 5 | M12×1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 |
| 6 | M30×3.5 | 199±30 | 2025±217 |

CAB INTERIOR MOUNTING

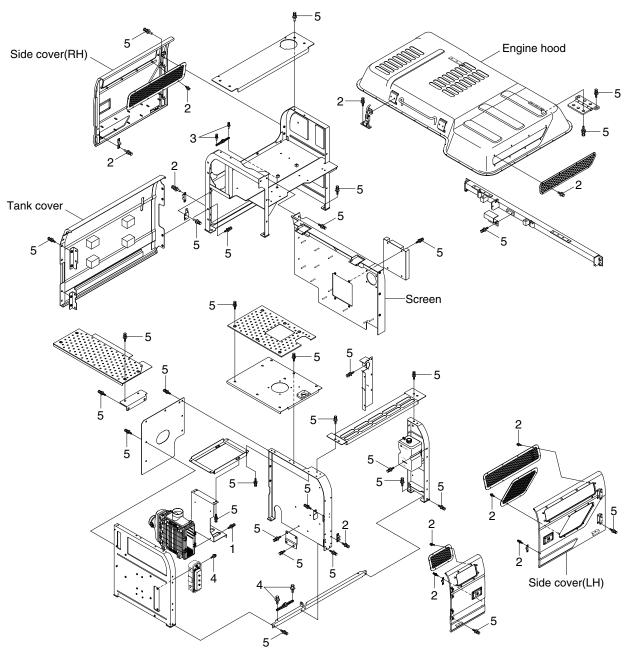


300L9CM11

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | M 6×1.0 | 1.05±0.2 | 7.6±1.4 |
| 2 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |
| 3 | M 8×1.25 | 3.43±0.7 | 24.8±5.1 |

| | Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|---|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Ì | 4 | M 8×1.25 | 4.05±0.8 | 29.3±5.8 |
| | 5 | M10×1.5 | 6.9±1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| | - | - | - | - |

COWLING MOUNTING

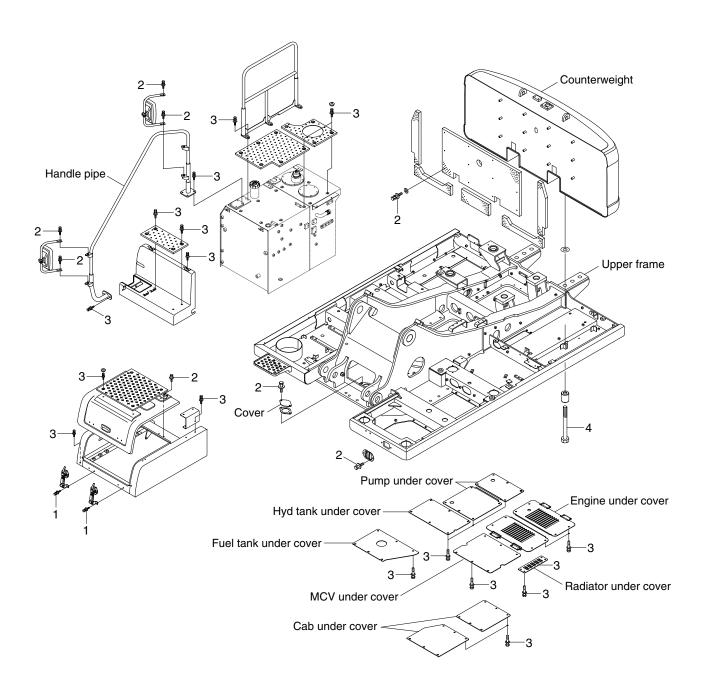


300L9CM12

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | M 6×1.0 | 1.05±0.2 | 7.6±1.45 |
| 2 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |
| 3 | M10×1.5 | 5.0±1.0 | 36.2±7.2 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 4 | M10×1.5 | 6.9±1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |
| 5 | M12×1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 |
| - | - | - | - |

COUNTERWEIGHT AND COVERS MOUNTING

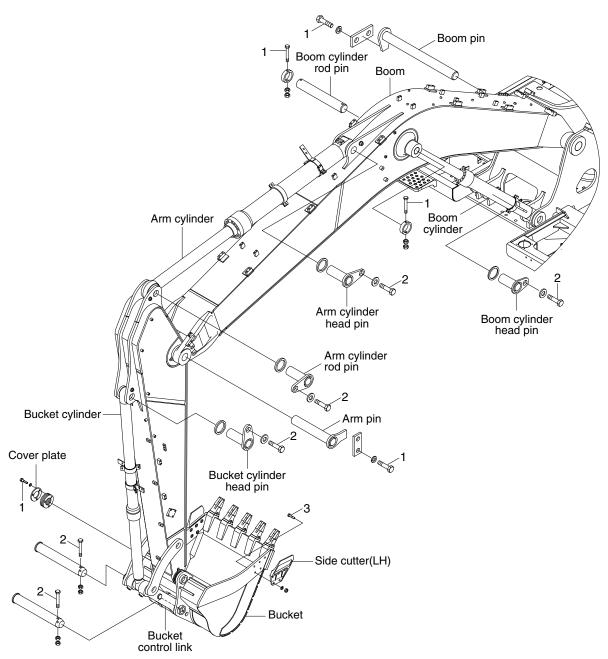


300L9CM13

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|----------|---------|-----------|
| 1 | M 8×1.25 | 2.5±0.5 | 18.1±3.6 |
| 2 | M10×1.5 | 6.9±1.4 | 49.9±10.1 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf · ft |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 3 | M12×1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 |
| 4 | M36×3.0 | 337±33 | 2440±239 |

GROUP 7 WORK EQUIPMENT



300L9CM14

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|---------|----------|----------|
| 1 | M16×2.0 | 29.7±4.5 | 215±32.5 |
| 2 | M20×2.5 | 57.9±8.7 | 419±62.9 |

| Item | Size | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------|---------|-----------|----------|
| 3 | M22×2.5 | 81.9±16.1 | 592±116 |