GROUP 2 OPERATIONAL CHECKS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

1. OPERATIONAL CHECKS

This procedure is designed so the mechanic can make a quick check of the system using a minimum amount of diagnostic equipment. If you need additional information, read **structure and function**, Group 1.

A location will be required which is level and has adequate space to complete the checks.

The engine and all other major components must be at operating temperature for some checks.

Locate system check in the left column and read completely, following the sequence from left to right. Read each check completely before performing.

At the end of each check, if no problem is found (OK), that check is complete or an additional check is needed. If problem is indicated (NOT OK), you will be given repair required and group location. If verification is needed, you will be given next best source of information:

Chapter 2 : Troubleshooting Group 3 : Tests and adjustments * Hydraulic oil must be at operating temperature for these checks (refer to page 6-57).

Item	Description		Service action
Parking brake capacity check Seat belt must be worn while doing this check to prevent possible injury when machine stops suddenly.	Release ON	Start engine. Fasten seat belt. Release parking brake and put transmission in 2nd gear forward. Drive machine at 8 km/hr and switch parking brake ON. LOOK/FEEL : Machine must come to a stop within 2 meters (6 feet) when parking brake is	OK Check completed. NOT OK Inspect parking brake. Go to group 3.
Parking brake transmission lockout check Engine running.		engaged at 8 km/hr. Transmission must shift to neutral. Turn parking brake to ON. Place transmission in 1st forward. Slowly increase engine speed to high idle. LOOK : Machine must not move.	OK Check completed. NOT OK Go to transmission control circuit in section 3.

Item	Description		Service action
Service brake pump flow check * Hydraulic oil must be at operating temperature for the check. Engine OFF.	★(⊙)	Stop engine. Operate brake pedal approximately 20 times. Start engine and run at low idle. Record number of seconds required for low brake pressure indicator lamp to go out. LOOK : Indicator lamp must go out in less than 4 seconds from time engine starts. NOTE : Indicator will not come on approximately 1 second after starting engine.	IF OK Install a cap on line connected to inlet of brake valve and repeat pump flow check.
Service brake capacity check Engine running.		Turn clutch cut-off mode switch OFF. Apply service brakes, release park brake and put transmission in 2nd forward. Increase engine speed to high idle. LOOK : Machine may not move or move at a very slow speed. Repeat check three times to ensure accurate results.	Check completed. NOT OK Check brake pressure. IF OK Inspect brake disk.

Item	Description		Service action
Brake accumulator precharge check	Л	Start and run engine for 30 seconds.	OK Check completed.
The axles and hydraulic oil must be at operating temperature for this	*(●)*	Stop engine and turn start switch to ON and wait 5 seconds.	NOT OK Make sure brake pedal is not binding and keeping brakes partially engaged.
check.		NOTE : Engine oil pressure lamp will be on due to no engine oil	
		pressure.	Bleed brakes in group 3.
	*(⊙)	Count the number of times the brake pedal can be fully depressed	5
	•••	before the low brake pressure warning lamp comes ON.	NOT OK If light comes ON with
		LOOK : Warning lamp must come ON in 1~5 applications.	engine running, accumulator has lost it's
		Start engine and operate at low idle.	charge. Inspect and recharge accumulator.
		Observe cluster while applying brake pedal with maximum force.	
		LOOK/LISTEN : Brake pressure indicator must not come ON.	
Brake system leakage		Start engine and wait 30 seconds.	OK
check	*(⊙) *	Stop engine.	Check completed.
		Wait 2 minutes.	NOT OK If brake leakage is
		Turn start switch to ON and wait 5 seconds.	indicated with brake released, check leakage a
		LOOK : Brake oil pressure warning lamp must not come ON within 2 minutes after stopping engine.	accumulator inlet check valve and brake valve. If brake leakage is indicated with brakes applied, check for leakage at brake valve and brake pistons.
			Check individual component leakage.

Item	Description		Service action
Service brake pedal check		Slowly depress brake pedal. Listen for a hissing noise that indicates oil is flowing to brake pistons. LISTEN/FEEL : A hissing noise must be heard when pedal is depressed.	OK Check completed. NOT OK Inspect for debris under brake pedal.
Service and parking brake system drag checks Engine running		 Position machine on gradual slope. Lower bucket approximately 50 mm (2 in) from ground. Release parking and service brakes. LOOK : Machine must move or coast. NOTE : If machine does not move, check brake pedals to be sure they fully release when feet are removed from pedals. Drive machine at high speed for about 5 minutes. Brake drag is indicated if brake areas in differential case are hot. NOTE : Observe parking brake. If disk is hot, parking brake drag is indicated. 	NOT OK Check floor mat interfer- ence to pedal or debris build-up.

2. TROUBLESHOOTING

1) SERVICE BRAKE

Diagnose malfunction charts are arranged from most probable and simplest to verify, to least likely, more difficult to verify. Remember the following steps when troubleshooting a problem :

Step 1. Operational check out procedure (see section 1)

Step 2. Operational checks (in this group)

Step 3. Troubleshooting

Step 4. Tests and adjustments (see group 3)

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Poor or no brakes	Brake accumulator charge low.	Do brake accumulator check.
	Brake pump standby pressure low.	Do brake pump standby pressure test.
	Brake pressure low.	Do brake valve pressure test.
	Air in system.	Bleed brakes.
	Worn brake surface material.	Inspect brake surface material.
	Leakage in brake valve.	Do brake valve leakage test.
	Leakage in brake piston seal.	Check for an over filled differential. Apply brakes and check for leakage from check plug.
Aggressive brakes	Internal restriction in circuit.	Remove lines and components.
	Brake valve malfunction.	Disassemble and inspect.
	Low oil level.	Check oil level.
Brakes drag	Brake pedal not returning properly.	Inspect floor mat and pedal.
	Debris holding valve partially open in brake valve.	Do brake valve pressure test.
	Warped brake disk.	Inspect brake disk.
	Stuck brake piston.	Repair.
Brakes lock up	Brake valve malfunction.	Clean or replace brake valve.

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Brakes chatter	Air in brake system.	Do brake bleed procedure.
	Worn brake surface material.	Inspect brake surface material.
	Wrong oil in differential.	Drain. Refill.
Hissing noise when brake pedal is held with engine stopped	Leakage in brake valve, or brake piston.	Do brake system leakage test.
light will not go out or	Malfunction in brake low pressure warning switch.	Replace switch.
stays on excessively long after start-up	Brake accumulator pressure too low.	Recharge accumulator.
	Low brake pump standby pressure setting.	Do brake pump standby pressure test.
	Leakage in pressure reducing manifold block.	Do pressure reducing valve manifold leakage test.
	Leakage in brake system.	Do brake system components leakage tests.
	Worn brake pump.	Do brake pump flow test.
	Leakage in parking brake solenoid.	Do parking brake pressure test.

2) PARKING BRAKE MALFUNCTIONS

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Brake will not hold	Pads not adjusted correctly.	Adjust parking brake.
	Malfunctioning parking brake solenoid.	Inspect and replace.
	Worn brake disk and / or brake pads.	Disassemble, inspect, repair.
	Brake piston hangs up in bore.	Remove and inspect. Repair.
Brake disk overheats	Pads out of adjustment.	Adjust parking brake.
	Brake not released.	Release parking brake. Disassemble, inspect brake. Repair if necessary. Inspect for loosen or broken lines between brake pressure switch and indicator on dash.
Parking brake indicator in monitor does not come on when brake applied	Faulty wiring or switch.	Inspect for loose or broken lines between brake pressure switch and indicator on dash. Inspect for a faulty indicator on dash. Replace if necessary.
Brake will not apply	Pads out of adjustment.	Adjust parking brake.
	Malfunctioning wiring, switch, or solenoid.	Check electric circuit.
	Restriction between brake valve and brake.	Remove hose and inspect. Replace.