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## FOREWORD

This manual contains a number of instructions and safety recommendations regarding driving, handling, lubrication, maintenance, inspection and adjustment of the excavator.

The manual is to promote safety maintenance and enhance machine performance.

Keep this manual handy and have all personnel read it periodically.

If you sell the machine, be sure to give this manual to the new owners.

This machine complies with EC directive "2006/42/EC".

### 1. Read and understand this manual before operating the machine.

This operator's manual may contain attachments and optional equipment that are not available in your area. Please consult your local Hyundai distributor for those items you require.

Improper operation and maintenance of this machine can be hazardous and could result in serious injury or death.

Some actions involved in operation and maintenance of the machine can cause a serious accident, if they are not done in a manner described in this manual.

The procedures and precautions given in this manual apply only to intended uses of the machine.

If you use your machine for any unintended uses that are not specifically prohibited, you must be sure that it is safe for you and others. In no event should you or others engage in prohibited uses of actions as described in this manual.

### 2. Inspect the jobsite and follow the safety recommendations in the safety hints section before operating the machine.

### 3. Use genuine Hyundai spare parts for the replacement of parts.

We expressly point out that Hyundai will not accept any responsibility for defects resulting from non-genuine parts or non workmanlike repair.

In such cases Hyundai cannot assume liability for any damage.

Continuing improvements in the design of this machine can lead to changes in detail which may not be reflected in this manual. Consult Hyundai or your Hyundai distributor for the latest available information for your machine or for questions regarding information in this manual.

## **EMISSION-RELATED COMPONENTS WARRANTY (USA AND CANADA ONLY)**

Hyundai shall have obligation under the EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) regulation of warranty about Emission-related components. This warranty shall exist for 1,500 hours or two years, whichever occurs first.

Naturally, this warranty does not cover to damage arising from accident, misuse or negligence, use of non-Hyundai parts, or from alterations not authorized by Hyundai.

※ Emission-related components according to the EPA regulation.

1. Air-induction system.
2. Fuel system.
3. Ignition system.
4. Exhaust gas recirculation systems.
5. After treatment devices.
6. Crankcase ventilation valves.
7. Sensors.
8. Electronic control units.

## **BEFORE SERVICING THIS MACHINE**

It is the responsibility of the owner and all service and maintenance personnel to avoid accidents and serious injury by keeping this machine properly maintained.

It also is the responsibility of the owner and all service and maintenance personnel to avoid accidents and serious injury while servicing the machine.

No one should service or attempt to repair this machine without proper training and supervision.

All service and maintenance personnel should be thoroughly familiar with the procedures and precautions contained in this manual.

All personnel also must be aware of any federal, state, provincial or local laws or regulations covering the use and service of construction equipment.

The procedures in this manual do not supersede any requirements imposed by federal, state, provincial or local laws.

Hyundai can not anticipate every possible circumstance or environment in which this machine may be used and serviced.

All personnel must remain alert to potential hazards.

Work within your level of training and skill.

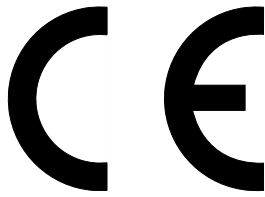
Ask your supervisor if you are uncertain about a particular task. Do not try to do too much too fast.

Use your common sense.



## EC REGULATION APPROVED

- Noise level (EN474-1 : 2006 and 2000/14/EC) are as followings.  
LWA : 93 dB (EU only)  
LPA : 76dB
- The value of vibrations transmitted by the operator's seat are lower than standard value of (EN474-1 : 2006 and 2002/44/EC)



## EC Declaration of Conformity (Original instruction)

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of manufacturer:

HYUNDAI CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.  
12th Fl., Hyundai Bldg. 75, Yulgok-ro, Jongno-gu,  
Seoul 03058, Korea

Hyundai Construction Equipment Europe N.V located at Hyundailaan 4, 3980 Tessenderlo, Belgium, as authorized representative in the European Community is authorized to compile the technical construction file and declares that the product:

Type:	*****
Model:	*****
Serial number (PIN):	*****

is in conformity with the relevant provisions of the Community harmonization legislation:

2006/42/EC - Machinery directive  
2014/30/EU - Electromagnetic compatibility directive  
2000/14/EC - Noise emission outdoor equipment directive  
2002/44/EU - Exposure of workers to vibration risks directive  
their amendments, and other applicable directives.

### EMC (2014/30/EU)

Certificate number:	*****
Date:	DD/MM/YYYY
Notified body:	*****

### Noise levels (2000/14/EC)

Certificate number:	*****
Date:	DD/MM/YYYY
Conformity assessment proc.:	Annex VIII Full Quality Assurance
Notified body:	*****
Measured sound power level:	nnn.n dB(A)
Guaranteed sound power level:	nnn.n dB(A)

### Engine information

Manufacturer :	*****
Engine model name:	*****
Type-approval number:	*****
Stage (Regulation) :	STAGE ** (**/**/**)
Gross Power (SAE J1995):	***kW / ****rpm
Net Power (SAE J1349):	***kW / ****rpm

Harmonized standards, other technical standards and specifications applied:

EN 474-1:2006+A\*.\*\*\*\* (EMM - Safety - Part 1); EN 474-3:2006+A\*.\*\*\*\* (EMM - Safety - Part 3); EN ISO 3471:2008 (EMM - ROPS: Lateral/Vertical/Longitudinal loads); EN ISO 3449:2008 (EMM - FOPS: Level II cabin); ISO 2631-1:1997 & ISO 2631-1:1997/Amd1 :2010 (Whole-body vibration); EN ISO 5349-1:2001 & EN ISO 5349-2:2001 & EN ISO 5349-2:2001/A1:2015 (Hand-arm vibration)

\*\*\*\*\*

Managing Director

Place, date of issue: Tessenderlo Belgium, DD MM YYYY

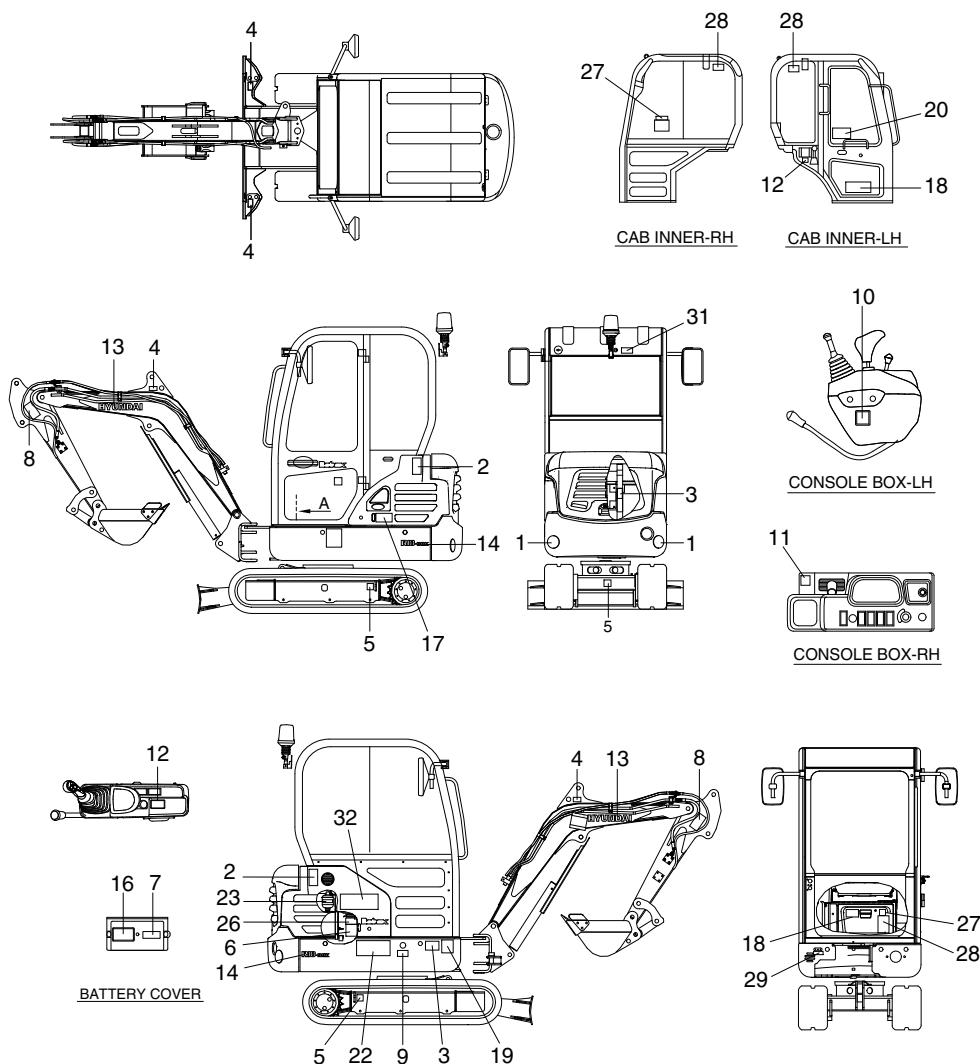
<b>TABLE TO ENTER SERIAL NO. AND DISTRIBUTOR</b>
--

Machine Serial No.	
Engine Serial No.	
Manufacturing year	
Manufacturer Address	HYUNDAI CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CO., LTD. 12th Fl., Hyundai Bldg. 75, Yulgok-ro, Jongno-gu, Seoul 03058, Korea
Distributor for U.S.A Address	HYUNDAI CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT U.S.A, Inc. 6100 Atlantic Boulevard Norcross GA 30071 U.S.A
Distributor for Europe Address	HYUNDAI CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT EUROPE N. V. Hyundailaan 4 3980 Tessenderlo Belgium
Dealer Address	

## SAFETY LABELS

### 1. LOCATION

Always keep these labels clean. If they are lost or damaged, attach them again or replace them with a new label.



- |                             |                                |                     |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 Reflecting                | 12 Hammer                      | 24 Battery position |
| 2 Keep clear (side)         | 13 Hyundai logo (boom)         | 25 Control ideogram |
| 3 Engine room caution       | 14 Model name                  | 26 Fuel shut-off    |
| 4 Lifting point             | 15 Grease                      | 27 Water separator  |
| 5 Tie                       | 16 Electric welding            | 28 Safety           |
| 6 Hydraulic oil lubrication | 17 Fueling                     | 29 ROPS plate       |
| 7 Battery accident          | 18 Service instruction         | 30 Pin plate        |
| 8 Keep clear (attach)       | 19 Noise level                 | 31 Beacon lamp      |
| 9 Change way                | 20 Lifting chart/specification | 32 Bio oil          |
| 10 Console tilting          | 22 Cabin RH window             |                     |
| 11 Dozer control ideogram   | 23 Accumulator                 |                     |

18AK 0SL01

## 2. DESCRIPTION

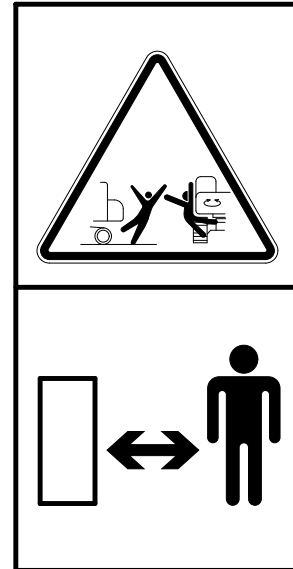
There are several specific warning labels on this machine please become familiarized with all warning labels.

Replace any safety label that is damaged, or missing.

### 1) KEEP CLEAR-REAR (item 2)

This warning label is positioned on the side of fuel tank.

- ▲ To prevent serious personal injury or death keep clear of machine swing radius.
- ▲ Do not deface or remove this label from the machine.

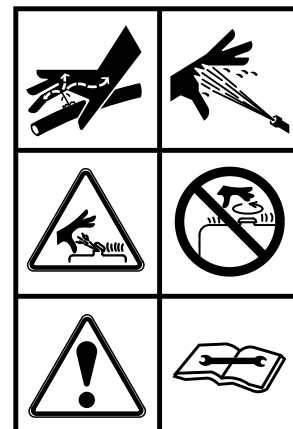
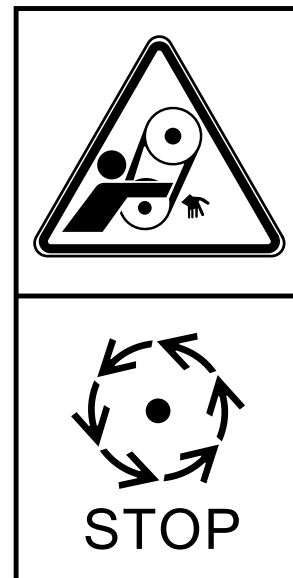


R5570FW13

### 2) ENGINE ROOM CAUTION (item 3)

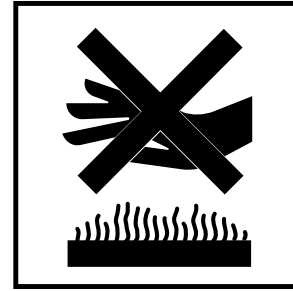
This warning label is positioned inside of the engine hood.

- ▲ Do not open the engine hood during the engine's running.
- ▲ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
  - ※ Study the service manual before service job.
- ▲ Never open the filler cap while engine running or at high coolant oil temperature.
- ▲ Study the operator's manual before starting and operating machine.



R5570FW14

- ⚠ Do not touch exhaust pipe or it may cause severe burn.

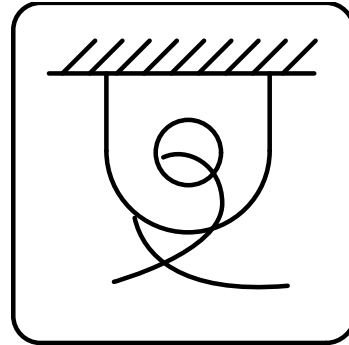


R5570FW14

3) TIE (item 5)

This warning label is positioned on the lower frame.

- ※ **Never tow the machine using tie hole, because this may break.**
- ※ **See page 4-10 for detail.**



4507A0FW02

4) HYDRAULIC OIL LUBRICATION (item 6)

This warning label is positioned on the hydraulic tank.

- ※ **Do not mix with different brand oils.**
- ⚠ **Never open the filler cap while engine running or at high hydraulic oil temperature.**
- ⚠ **Loosen the cap slowly and release internal pressure completely.**



21070FW08

#### 5) BATTERY ACCIDENT (item 7)

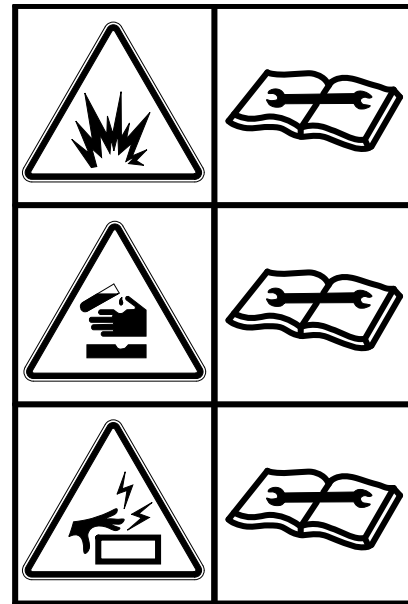
This warning label is positioned front of seat base.

- ⚠ **Electrolyte containing sulfuric acid cause severe burns. Avoid being in contact with skin, eyes or clothes. In the event of accident flush with sufficient water, call a physician immediately.**

※ **Maintain the electrolyte at the recommended level. Add distilled water to the battery only when starting up, never when shutting down.**

**With electrolyte at proper level, less space may cause the gases to be accumulated in the battery.**

- ⚠ **Extinguish all smoking materials and open flames before checking the battery.**
- ⚠ **Do not use matches, lighters or torches as a light source near the battery for the probable presence of explosive gas.**
- ⚠ **Do not allow unauthorized personnel to change the battery or to use booster cables.**
- ⚠ **For safety from electric shock, do not battery terminals with a wet hand.**



18AK0FW30

#### 6) KEEP CLEAR (ATTACH) (item 8)

This warning label is positioned on both side of the arm.

- ⚠ **Serious injury or death can result from falling of the attachment.**
- ⚠ **To prevent serious injury or death, keep clear the underneath of attachment.**

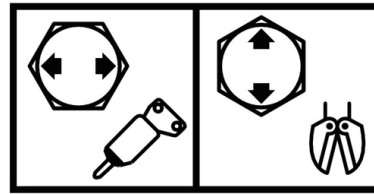


R5570FW31

### 7) CHANGE WAY (item 9)

This warning label is positioned on the left side of upper frame.

※ See page 4-23 for details.

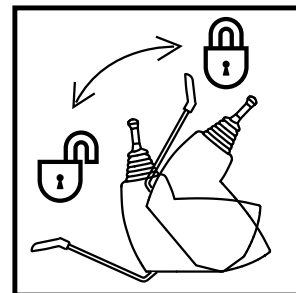


17Z9A0FW11-1

### 8) CONSOLE TILTING (item 10)

This warning label is positioned on the LH console box.

※ Before you get off the machine be sure to tilt the LH console box.



R5570FW17

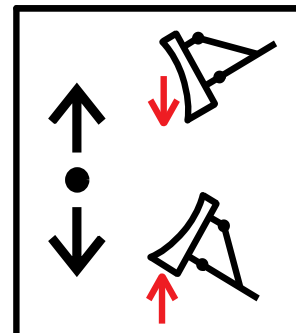
### 9) DOZER CONTROL IDEOGRAM (item 11)

This warning label is positioned on the RH console box.

※ See page 4-7 for details.

※ Guidelines for using the general dozer blade.

- Be careful not to apply an excessive load when using a blade.
- Avoid impacts and loads on the bottom due to machine modification or excessive working conditions.
- Check the BLADE UP status before traveling the machine.
- Avoid any collision with the upper working device and the blade.
- Do not move machine in the blade jack up state.
- When using blade jack up, use it in an environment where the ground is not rough and the machine and ground are same level.



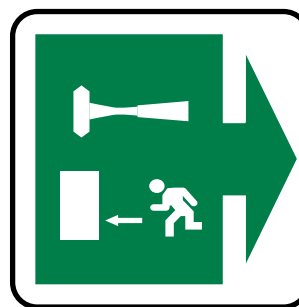
R25Z9A0FW06



#### 10) HAMMER (item 12)

This warning label is positioned on the cab door.

- ▲ The right side window serves us an alternate exit.
- ▲ At case of emergency, use the hammer for braking the right side window of the cab.



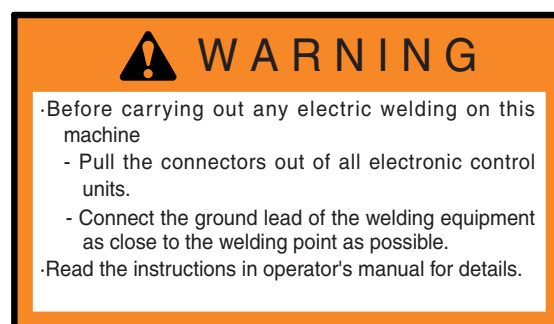
R25Z9A0FW25

#### 11) ELECTRIC WELDING (item 16)

This warning label is positioned on the battery cover.

- ▲ Before carrying out any electric welding on this machine, follow the below procedure.
  - Pull the connector out of all electric control units.
  - Connector the ground lead of the welding equipment as close to the welding point as possible.

※ See page 6-35 for detail.

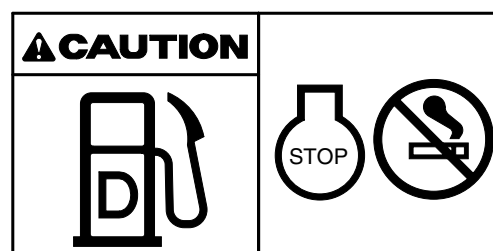


7807AFW20

#### 12) FUELING (item 17)

This warning label is positioned on the right side cover.

- ▲ Stop the engine when refueling. All lights or flames shall be kept at a safe distance while refueling.



R35Z70FW04

### 13) CABIN RH WINDOW (item 22)

This warning label is positioned on the right side of upper frame.

- ▲ **Serious injury or death can result from contact with electric lines.**

An electric shock being received by merely coming into the vicinity of an electric lines, the minimum distance should be kept considering the supply voltage as page 1-21.

- ▲ **Serious injury or death can result from dropping bucket.**

- ▲ **Operating the machine with quick clamp switch unlocked or without safety pin of moving hook can cause the bucket to drop off.**

- ▲ **Be careful to operate machine equipped with quick clamp or extensions.**

- ▲ **Bucket may hit cab or boom, boom cylinders when it reached vicinity of them.**

- ▲ **Study the operator's manual before transporting the machine, if provided and tie down arm and track to the carrier with lashing wire.**

See page 5-5 for details.

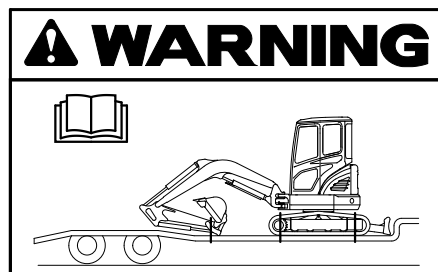
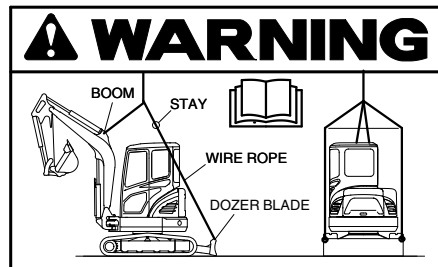
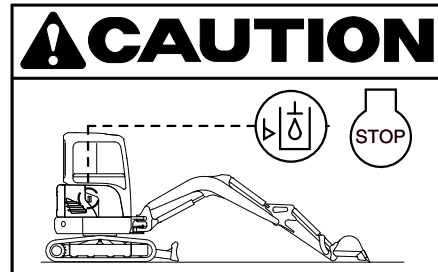
- ▲ **Make sure wire rope is proper size and keep correct hoisting method.**

See page 5-6 for details.

- ▲ **Place the bucket on the ground whenever servicing the hydraulic system.**

Check oil level on the level gauge.

Refill the recommended hydraulic oil up to specified level if necessary.



18AK0FW12A

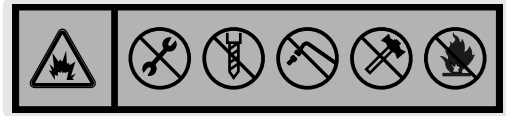


18AK0FW12

**14) ACCUMULATOR (item 23)**

This warning label is positioned on the accumulator of the solenoid valve.

- ※ The accumulator is filled with high-pressure nitrogen gas, and it is extremely dangerous if it is handled in the wrong way. Always observe the following precautions.
- ▲ Never make any hole in the accumulator expose it to flame or fire.
- ▲ Do not weld anything to the accumulator.
- ※ When carrying out disassembly or maintenance of the accumulator, or when disposing of the accumulator, it is necessary to release the gas from the accumulator. A special air bleed valve is necessary for this operation, so please contact your Hyundai distributor.

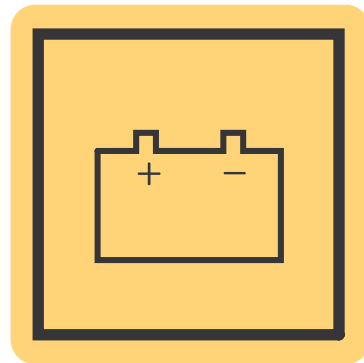


1107A0FW46

### 15) BATTERY POSITION (item 24)

This warning label is positioned on the left of side cover.

- ※ See page 6-33 for the battery handling.

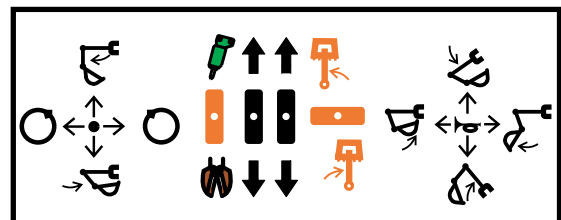


38090FW03

### 16) CONTROL IDEOGRAM (item 25)

This warning label is positioned on the canopy.

- ⚠ Check the machine control pattern for conformance to pattern on this label. If not, change label to match pattern before operating machine.**
- ⚠ Failure to do so could result in injury or death.**
- ※ See page 4-7 for details.**

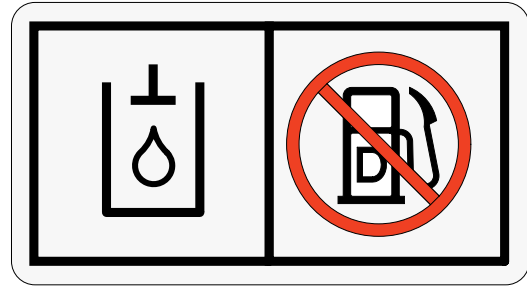


R25Z9A0FW19

### 17) FUEL SHUT-OFF (item 26)

This warning label is positioned out the hydraulic tank.

- ※ Fill only the hydraulic oil.  
Do not fill the diesel fuel.

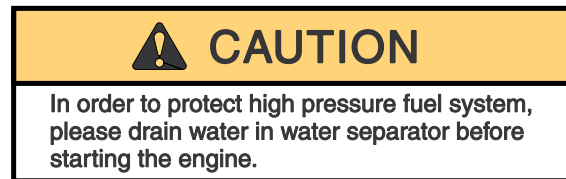


140WH90FW51

### 18) WATER SEPARATOR (item 27)

This warning label is positioned front of seat base.

- ※ In order to protect high pressure fuel system, please drain water in water separator before starting the engine.

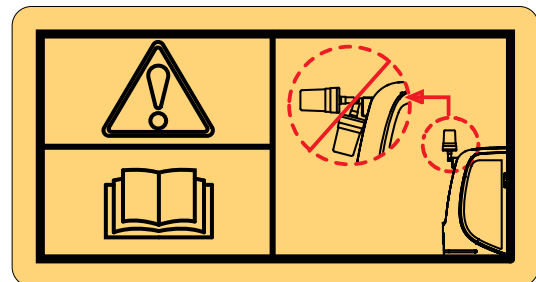


1690SL06

### 19) BEACON LAMP (item 31)

This warning label is positioned on the rear outside of the cab.

- ※ Make sure the beacon lamp maintains a vertical position.  
A horizontal position can result in a decrease in life time of the lamp due to the infiltration of foreign substances such as dust or water.
- ※ While the machine transfer, the beacon lamp is easy to break. In the case, change the position of the lamp to the horizontal.



140Z90FW49

### 20) BIO OIL (item 32)


This warning label is positioned on the right side of the engine hood.

- ⚠ Do not mix with other bio-oil.




960A0FW11


## MACHINE DATA PLATE

DO NOT DEFACE OR REMOVE THIS PLATE 이 명판을 훼손하거나 오손시키지 마시오	
MACHINE TYPE / MODEL	
PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	
ENGINE POWER	
OPERATING MASS	
 477, Bundangseoseo-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, 13553, Korea 91LM-14112	


For general

DO NOT DEFACE OR REMOVE THIS PLATE 이 명판을 훼손하거나 오손시키지 마시오		
MACHINE TYPE / MODEL		
PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER / VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER		
ENGINE POWER	MAX. AXLE LOAD (FRONT / REAR)	
OPERATING MASS / GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT	MFG. YEAR	YEAR INTO SERVICE
 477, Bundangseoseo-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, 13553, Korea 91LM-14142		

For EU only

DO NOT DEFACE OR REMOVE THIS PLATE 이 명판을 훼손하거나 오손시키지 마시오	
MACHINE TYPE	
MODEL	
MAX. CERTIFIED WEIGHT	
STANDARDS ROPS : ISO 12117-2 TOPS : EN 13531 / ISO 12117 FOG : ISO 10262 (LEVEL 1)	
 477, Bundangseoseo-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, 13553, Korea 91MS-01282	

For ROPS

DO NOT DEFACE OR REMOVE THIS PLATE 이 명판을 훼손하거나 오손시키지 마시오	
MACHINE TYPE	
MODEL	
STANDARDS FOG : ISO 10262 (LEVEL 1)	
 477, Bundangseoseo-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, 13553, Korea 94MS-01281	

For FOG

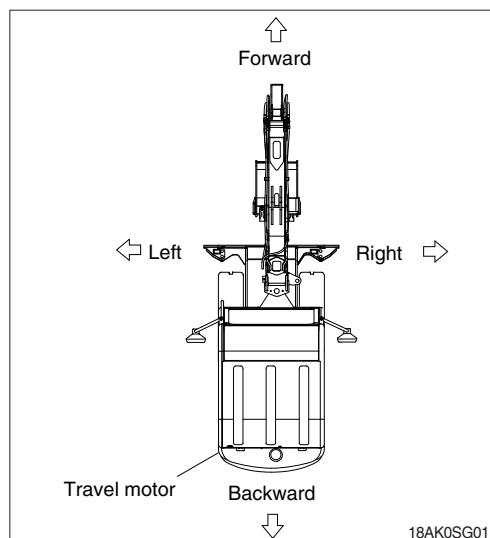
MEX0MD01

※ The machine serial number assigned to this particular machine should be used when requesting information or ordering service parts for this machine from your authorized HD Hyundai Construction Equipment dealer. The machine serial number is also stamped on the frame.

## GUIDE

### 1. DIRECTION

The direction of this manual indicate forward, backward, right and left on the standard of operator when the travel motor is in the rear and machine is on the traveling direction.

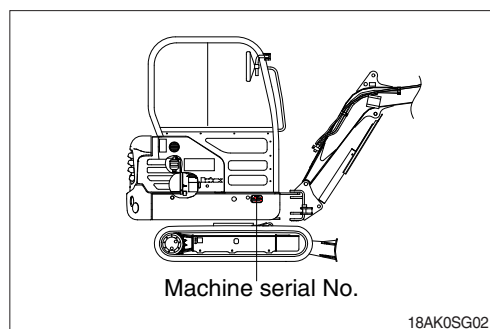


### 2. SERIAL NUMBER

Inform following when you order parts or the machine is out of order.

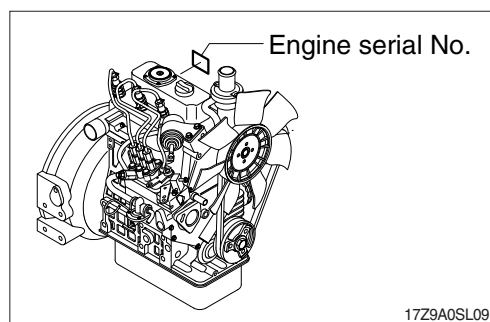
#### 1) MACHINE SERIAL NUMBER

The numbers are located the right side of the cab.



#### 2) ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The numbers are located on the engine name plate.



### 3. INTENDED USE

This machine is designed to be used mainly for the following work.

- Digging work
- Loading work
- Smoothing work
- Ditching work

※ Please refer to the section 4 (efficient working method) further details.

### 4. SYMBOLS

▲ Important safety hint.

△ It indicates matters which can cause the great loss on the machine or the surroundings.

※ It indicates the useful information for operator.

## 1. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65



### **WARNING**

#### **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

Breathing diesel engine exhaust exposes you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

- Always start and operate the engine in a well-ventilated area.
- If in an enclosed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.
- Do not modify or tamper with the exhaust system.
- Do not idle the engine except as necessary.

For more information go to [www.P65warnings.ca.gov/diesel](http://www.P65warnings.ca.gov/diesel).

## 2. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

### Safety Message

#### Intended Use

Machines should be operated in accordance with the procedures described in the operator manual.

The products described in the operator manual are designed and manufactured mainly for the following purposes:

- Excavation work
- Loading work
- Leveling work
- Drainage work
- Lifting work
- Demolition work

Do not operate the machine for any purpose other than those stated above or in areas where potential hazards have been identified. Make sure that you comply strictly with all safety instructions at all times. Please contact HD Hyundai Construction Equipment Co., Ltd. or your local dealer for more information.

HD Hyundai Construction Equipment strictly prohibits the use or operation of the machine in any of the following circumstances:

- Operation by an unskilled worker
- Lifting a worker up
- Transporting flammable or dangerous materials
- Driving down or extracting piles with the bucket
- Towing damaged vehicles



## **Safety guidelines**

Most safety accidents related to the operation, maintenance/ inspection, and repair of the machine result from a failure to comply with the safety instructions or to take adequate preventive measures. Safety accidents can be prevented by eliminating potentially hazardous situations. The operator should attend all mandatory training courses on the operation of the machine, and fully understand how to use the tools.

Improper operation, refueling, inspection or repair of this machine may cause serious injury or death.

Do not attempt to operate, refuel, inspect or repair this machine before reading and understanding the product information on such tasks.

This manual describes preventive measures and warnings about the product.

Failure to comply with the warnings about potential risks may result in serious injury or death.

## **General Safety Information**

### **Unauthorized modification**

Any attempt to modify the machine, including the use of unauthorized accessories or spare parts, may have adverse effects on the conditions of the machine and its ability to function as it was designed.

Do not attempt to modify the machine in any way without advanced written consent of the company.

Unauthorized modification will void the manufacturer's warranty.

Never modify the operator's cabin by welding, grinding, drilling holes or adding attachments unless instructed by HD Hyundai Construction Equipment in writing. Changes to the cabin can cause loss of operator protection from roll-over and falling objects, and result in serious injury or death.

The user is responsible for all damages and liabilities resulting from unauthorized modifications.

The attachment, the accessory, or the spare part has been made or distributed by HD Hyundai Construction Equipment and has been installed according to approved methods described in a publication available from HD Hyundai Construction Equipment.

Any modification must be approved by the company in writing.

### **ROPS/FOPS**

The cabin is designed to provide sufficient space to minimize impacts pursuant to ISO 12117-2 of Rollover Protective Structures (ROPS). If any additional devices are installed that exceed the Max. certified weight indicated on ROPS name plate, the ROPS certification may be nullified. The protective structure of the cabin should be replaced immediately if it is permanently deformed or damaged.

Machines operated in areas where there is a risk of objects falling onto the cabin are fitted with a Falling Object Protective Structure (FOPS) pursuant to ISO 10262.

## Fire and Explosion

### Preventing fires

The following actions should be taken to minimize the risk of fire:

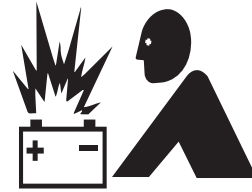
- Do a visual inspection before operating the machine to check for any risk of fire.
- Do not operate the machine if there is a risk of fire.
- Be sure to identify the primary exit and alternative exit of the machine, and fully understand how to use the exits in the event of a fire.
- Do not perform any welding or drilling work on the engine cover.
- Keep the engine compartment free from the build-up of flammable materials such as dead leaves, small branches, paper, and other types of trash.
- Keep the covers of the major parts of the machine closed. Make sure that the covers operate normally in order to be able to use firefighting equipment in the event of a fire.
- Be careful when handling fuel. Fuel is a highly flammable.
- Always stop the engine when refueling the machine.
- Refuel outdoors.
- Remove any build-up of flammable materials from the machine.
- Do not operate the machine near a flame.
- All fuels and most lubricant and coolant mixtures are flammable materials, so special care should be exercised when handling such materials to prevent fire and explosion.
- Keep all fuels and lubricant in adequate containers.
- Never smoke in the area where refueling is taking place or in the space for handling battery electrolytes and other flammable materials.
- Oil leaked to a hot surface or electronic component may cause a fire.
- Do not operate the machine if there is an oil leak. Repair the source of the oil leak, and wipe clean any leaked oil before operating the machine.
- Always clean all electrical lines, connectors, and clamps, and check whether they are securely connected on a regular basis.
- If any electrical wire or connector is loose or damaged, repair it immediately.
- Do not weld, cut or use a cutting torch through any tubes or lines in which flammable flows. Check all tubes and lines for signs of abrasion or deterioration and replace if damaged.
- Dust or particles generated when repairing the non-metallic hood or fender are flammable or explosive. Repair such parts in a well ventilated area well away from flames or sparks, and be sure to wear suitable PPE (Personal Protective Equipment).



## Preventing explosions

The following actions should be taken to minimize the risk of explosion:

- Never use starting aid fluid in a low-temperature environment as it can have an adverse effect on the engine performance and may cause an explosion.
- Do not attempt to charge a frozen battery. Forcibly charging a frozen battery may result in an explosion.
- Use caution when handling the batteries. Never let a tool make contact with the positive battery post and the frame of the machine simultaneously.  
Sparks may be generated, resulting in an explosion.
- Only charge the battery with a charger of equal voltage. Incorrect voltage may cause overheating and explosion.
- Do not use or charge the battery if the level of electrolytes in the battery is low.  
Regularly check the electrolyte level, and refill with distilled water to the maximum level.
- Do not attempt to start the engine using an unsuitable booster cable as it may result in an explosion and serious injury or death.  
Only use the booster cable to start the engine in a well ventilated open space. Starting the engine with a booster cable may generate flammable gas.
- When hydraulic equipment and piping are overheated, flammable gas or airborne particles may explode. Protect and insulate such parts to prevent overheating.



## Corrective Actions Before and After a Fire

In the event of a fire in the machine, the top priority should be the safety of the operator and workers in the work area. In the event of a fire at a level that does not endanger the operator or workers, the following actions should be taken:

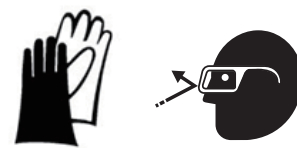
- Move the machine well away from any flammable materials (e.g., fuel, engine oil, clothes, and bits of wood) and adjacent buildings.
- If the engine is running, it may cause a persistent fire. Immediately stop the engine.
- In the event of an electric short, disconnect the batteries to eliminate the main ignition source.  
In the event of an electricity leak resulting from damage to the power wiring caused by fire, disconnect the batteries to eliminate the secondary ignition source.

If a fire becomes too large to control, assess the following risks:

- The tank, accumulator, hose and fitting may burst into flames, splashing fuel and scattering particles throughout the surrounding area.

If you have to handle a machine that has been damaged by fire or one that is exposed to excessively high heat after extinguishing a fire, take the following precautions:

- Wear thick protective gloves and protective goggles.
- Never touch any materials left after combustion with your bare hands.
- Avoid contact with melted polymer materials (e.g., plastics).



### Information on fire extinguisher

Fire extinguishers (if equipped) should be kept in a fully operable condition, and be inspected by a qualified person on a regular basis. Workers should complete a training course on the use of fire extinguishers in advance.

Use fire extinguishers in accordance with the following procedures, if required:

- ① Pull the safety pin of the fire extinguisher first.
- ② Extend the nozzle, and stand toward the fire.
- ③ Aim the nozzle at the flames, and firmly press the top and bottom handles.
- ④ Stand in a downwind position, and evenly spray the foam over the flames.

If the weight of the fire extinguisher exceeds 4.5 kg, mount the extinguisher in a location near the bottom of the cabin. Do not mount the fire extinguisher at a level higher than one third of the height of the cabin.

Do not weld or drill ROPS to mount a fire extinguisher. Contact your dealer or distributor for more information about the correct mounting of fire extinguishers.












## Health and Safety

### Personal protective equipment

The wearing of personal protective gear is mandatory for protecting the human body from hazardous chemicals and hazardous environments.

The wearing of personal protective gear is a means of preventing injury, and should not interfere with the performance of jobs. It is designed to protect the human body from hazardous environments and hazardous materials, and should be kept in an easily accessible place.

#### List of personal protection gear

Name	Symbol	Remarks
Safety helmet		Protects the head from falling objects, and reduces risks when falling down.
Dust mask		Air-purifying dust mask should not be worn in workplaces with an oxygen concentration of less than 18%.
Gas mask		Prevents the inhalation of mist, airborne particles, or protects against the spray of hazardous chemicals.
Welding helmet		Blocks airborne dust and slag, and shields the face from bright light during welding.
Protective clothing		Blocks dust, mist and hazardous chemicals, and protects against burns.
Protective gloves		Electric insulation gloves: Should be worn when working in areas with a high risk of electric shock. Chemical protective gloves: Should be worn when working in areas where there is a risk of contact with hazardous chemicals including materials leaked from batteries.
Protective goggles		Protects the eyes from dust, particles and airborne materials in work areas.
Earplugs and earmuffs		Wear earplug and earmuffs separately or in combination depending on the level and duration of noise.
Safety shoes		Protects the feet from falling objects, impacts, and sharp objects.

## Health and safety instructions in hazardous environments

Comply with the following instructions during operation and maintenance of the machine.

### When handling oil

Failure to wear personal protection may result in burns caused by contact with a high-temperature liquid. Make sure you wear protective goggles, protective gloves and protective clothing when handling oils such as hydraulic oils and engine oil.

If the eyes come into contact with oil, wash them with a sufficient quantity of water for 15 minutes or longer. If the skin comes into contact with oil, take off contaminated clothes and shoes, and wash the skin with soap and water for 15 minutes or longer.



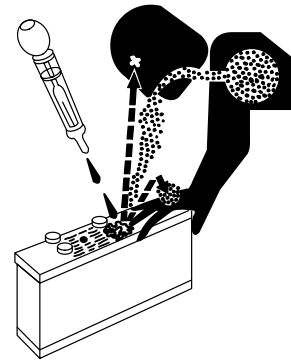
### When handling the battery

If battery electrolyte leaks while handling the battery, the sulfuric acid contained in the electrolyte may cause burns. The lead components in battery electrolyte are toxic, so be sure to wear protective gloves and protective clothing.

Always wash your hands after handling the battery.

If a part of your body not protected by personal protective equipment comes into direct contact with battery electrolyte, immediately wash the affected part with flowing water for 20 minutes or more, and then see a doctor without delay.

If you accidentally swallow battery electrolyte, drink water, do not forcibly induce vomiting, and immediately seek medical help.



### When handling refrigerant

Always wear protective goggles, protective gloves and other personal protective equipment when handling refrigerant to prevent direct contact of the skin with the refrigerant.

Wear protective gloves made of materials that are resistant to chemicals (such as neoprene and butyl rubber).

Never smoke when handling refrigerant.

If refrigerant comes into direct contact with the skin, wash the skin with warm water immediately.





### **When handling coolants**

Do not remove the radiator cap after operation of the machine until the engine has cooled and the pressure has dropped to a safe level. Failure to comply may result in serious burns.

Coolant contains toxic and combustible ethylene glycol, and should be handled in a cool, well-ventilated place only when wearing protective goggles, protective gloves, protective clothing, and a gas mask.

Avoid inhaling airborne particles or spray from coolant. If the substances make contact with skin or eyes, immediately wash the skin and eye with flowing water for 20 minutes or longer.



### **When working in a place subject to airborne particles and falling objects,**

Always wear a safety helmet, protective goggles and safety shoes to prevent injury from airborne particles and thrown or falling objects. Earplugs or earmuffs may be necessary when working in a noisy place.











### **When working in places with a high level of noise**

When the operator is exposed to the noise exceeding 90 dB (A) for 8 hours or longer, wear earplugs or earmuffs.



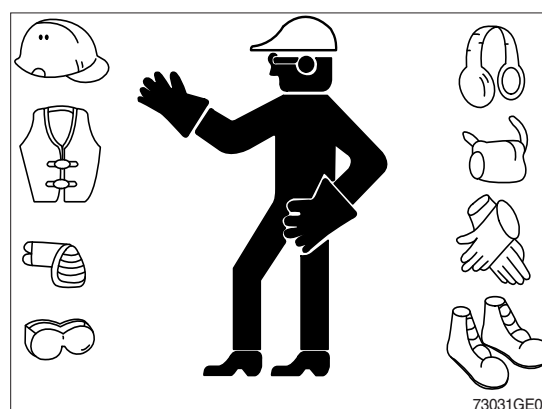
## Personal protection gear for various situations

Situation	Symbol
Oil handling	
Battery handling	
Refrigerant handling	
Coolant handling	
Repair by welding	
Working in areas subject to airborne particles and falling objects	
Working in places with a high level of noise	
Handling machines damaged by fire or exposed to excessively high temperature	

## WEAR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

- Do not wear loose clothing and accessories. Secure long hair. These items can snag on controls or on other parts of equipment.
- Do not wear oily clothes. They are highly flammable.
- Wear a hard hat, safety shoes, safety goggles, mask, leather gloves, earplugs and other protective equipment, as required.
- While working on machine, never use inadequate tools. They could break or slip, or they may not adequately perform intended.



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## Noise and Vibration

### Information on vibration

This part describes the vibration data of the machine, and methods of calculating the vibration level.

The vibration level of the machine varies according to any of the following conditions:

- Driving habits of the operator
- Quality of seat and suspension
- Type of machine, attachments, and conditions of machine
- Conditions of work site, working environment, ground surface conditions, and weather

Vibration also varies according to the duration of operation.

Physical Agents Directive 2002/44/EC defines the exposure action value as  $0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ , and the exposure limit value as  $1.15 \text{ m/s}^2$ . If the predicted value is near the exposure action value or exposure limit value, the predicted value should be assumed to exceed the two latter values, and necessary action should be taken.

In regards to the actions taken according to the vibrations, refer to the following table:

Daily vibration exposure (A(8))	Vibration exposure range	Actions to be taken
$A(8) \leq 0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$	Exposure action value or lower	When approaching the exposure activity value, reasonable measures should be taken to minimize exposure to vibration. The relevant information and opportunities for training on vibration reduction should be provided to the operator.
$0.5 \text{ m/s}^2 < A(8) \leq 1.15 \text{ m/s}^2$	Exceeding the exposure action value, but not exceeding the exposure limit value	It is required to execute certain measures for reducing exposure to and risks of vibration to the minimum. The health of an operator who has been exposed to excessive vibration should be examined.
$1.15 \text{ m/s}^2 < A(8)$	Exceeding the exposure limit value:	Immediate action is required to reduce the vibration exposure level to below the exposure limit value.

※ For further information, please contact your local HD Hyundai Construction Equipment dealer.

The vibration level can be predicted based on the information in the following table which is used to calculate the daily level of vibration exposure.

Predict the vibration level in the three vibration directions of axes X, Y, and Z. The mean vibration level should be used under normal operation conditions. Scenario factors from mean vibration level based on operation by skilled operator and on smooth terrain are excluded. Scenario factors are included to obtain the mean vibration level based on aggressive operation and severe terrain to assess the expected vibration level.

※ All vibration values are indicated in  $\text{m/s}^2$ .

ISO Reference table - Vibration level equivalent to whole body vibration emission of the excavator (Unit :  $\text{m/s}^2$ )

Machine family	Machine kind	Typical operating condition	Vibration Levels			Scenario Factors		
			X axis	Y axis	Z axis	X axis	Y axis	Z axis
Excavator	Compact crawler excavator	Excavating	0.33	0.21	0.19	0.19	0.12	0.10
		Hydraulic breaker app.	0.49	0.28	0.36	0.20	0.13	0.17
		Transfer movement	0.45	0.39	0.62	0.17	0.18	0.28
	Crawler excavator	Excavating	0.44	0.27	0.30	0.24	0.16	0.17
		Hydraulic breaker app.	0.53	0.31	0.55	0.30	0.18	0.28
		Mining application	0.65	0.42	0.61	0.21	0.15	0.32
		Transfer movement	0.48	0.32	0.79	0.19	0.20	0.23
	Wheeled excavator	Excavating	0.52	0.35	0.29	0.26	0.22	0.13
		Transfer movement	0.41	0.53	0.61	0.12	0.20	0.19

### Instructions on mitigating vibration

Machines should be correctly adjusted and maintained to ensure smooth operation. The terrain conditions should be observed. The following instructions will help reduce the whole body vibration level:

- ① Use the correct size attachments for your machine.
- ② Maintain the machines pursuant to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- ③ Maintain and provide good terrain conditions.
  - Remove any large rocks or obstacles.
  - Fill gutters or holes.
  - Adjust speed and driving path as needed for the conditions.
- ④ Use a driver's seat that satisfies ISO 7096.
  - Adjust the driver's seat and suspension for the weight and the size of the operator.
  - Inspect the suspension and adjusting devices of the driver's seat.
- ⑤ Perform the following maneuvers without using excessive force :
  - Steering
  - Braking
  - Accelerating
  - Gear shifting
- ⑥ Move the attachments smoothly.
- ⑦ Keep the level of vibration minimal when working for a long time or driving for a long distance.
  - Use a machine mounted with suspension system.
  - Transport the machine when moving between worksites; do not drive the machine to get to another worksite.
- ⑨ Take the following actions for optimal operator comfort and convenience:
  - Adjust the driver's seat adjustment device to allow a convenient posture.
  - Adjust the angles of the mirrors to minimize awkward, compromised posture
  - Avoid working for an excessively long time, and take regular breaks.
  - Do not jump on or off the cabin.
  - Minimize repeated handling of loads and lifting of loads.
  - The vibration information and calculation procedures are based on <ISO/TR 25398> has been defined according to the emission of vibrations measured under the actual working conditions of the machines.

### Information on noise

Noise level (EN 474-1:2018 and 2000/14/EC) are as follows :

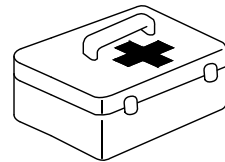
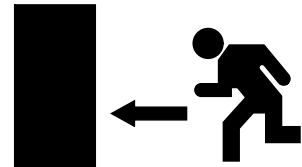
- Sound pressure level (LpA) : See pages 0-3.
- Sound power level (LwA) : See pages 0-3.

### Emergency situations

In the event of an emergency situation, use the emergency hammer installed inside the cabin to break the windshield of the cabin, and carefully escape from the cabin. The emergency hammer should always be kept inside the cabin for emergencies, and should not be removed or used for other purposes. If the emergency hammer is lost, replace it immediately.

Keep a first-aid kit inside the cabin or in another place at the worksite for safety accidents.

Keep contact information (e.g., phone number) to request help with an emergency situation or injury.



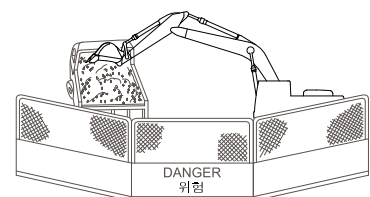
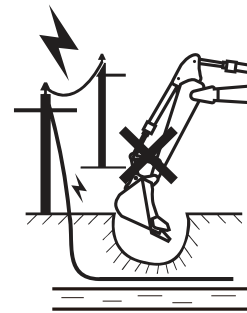
## Safety Information on the Machines and Operation

### Before Operating the Machine

Carefully examine the following conditions and take any necessary actions to prevent risk factors before operating the machine:

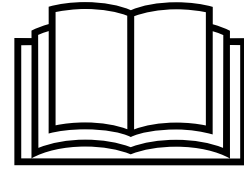
### Checking the worksite

- Always be aware of weather conditions at your worksite. Fog or heavy rain may decrease visibility or render the machine inoperable. In the event of lightning, immediately put the bucket to the ground and evacuate to a safe place.
- Check the worksite for obstacles, and avoid collisions with such obstacles during operation. Check the surroundings of the machine for any obstacles that may hinder operation.
- Check the worksite for buried waterlines, telecommunication cables, power cables and oil pipelines in advance, and avoid damaging them.
- If the terrain of the worksite is too rough for normal operation of the machine, flatten the terrain before operating the machine. Make sure that the ground of the worksite is not soft as it may cause hazards during operation.
- If the worksite is a marshy place (e.g., shallow river, large or small lake, swamp, etc), check the conditions and the depth of marshy areas and the flow rate before driving or operating the machine. Do not operate the machine underwater.
- When operating the machine in water or when crossing shallow, check the bed soil condition and depth and flow speed of water, then proceed taking care that water is not above upper rollers.
- Do not operate the machine on cliffs or at the end of a road on soft ground as the machine may overturn. If operation of the machine on such terrain is unavoidable, keep the track perpendicular to the end, place the driving motor at the rear to facilitate escape from the machine in the event of an emergency situation.
- When operating the machine in areas with pedestrian or vehicle traffic, or in a zone in the vicinity of such an area, appoint workers exclusively responsible for controlling the traffic, or install fences or blocking wall to separate the worksite from the traffic area. Prevent unauthorized workers or machines from accessing the worksite.



### Instructions before operating the machine

- The machine shall be operated by authorized and skilled operators only.
- The operator should wear clothes and personal protection gear that are appropriate for the work environment.
- Do not operate the machine while under the influence of alcohol or drugs or while experiencing extreme fatigue or other conditions that may affect your awareness of your surroundings or your reaction time.
- The operator should read and fully understand the operator's manual before operating the machine.
- The operator should fully understand the details and procedures of the work to be performed.
- Do not perform work when a hazard is anticipated or encountered. Remove the hazard before beginning work. Failure to comply may result in serious injury or death.



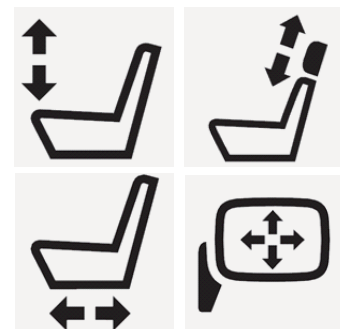
### Inspect the machine before operating the machine

- Check the machine for abnormal noise, vibration or heat, and for the leakage of engine oil, hydraulic oil, fuel or refrigerant.
- Remove any foreign substances from the engine and the battery. The buildup of such substances may cause a fire.
- Do not operate a machine until any necessary repairs are completed.
- Do not operate the machine until all regular inspection and service recommended in the operator's manual have been executed.

- Adjust the operator's seat to suit the physical condition of the operator. Check the seatbelt for damage, and replace it if damaged. Do not store unnecessary objects or tools in the cabin.
- Keep clean all parts related to visibility, such as the windshield and rearview mirror. Adjust the rearview mirror to ensure that the operator's field of vision is clear.

Check the acoustic alarms (e.g., the horn and warning

- signal when driving backward or moving) for normal operation.



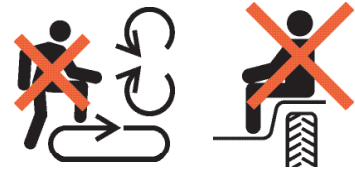


## During Operation of the Machine

### Getting on and off

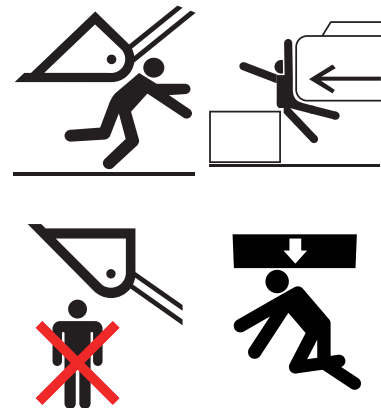
- Do not jump on or off the machine.
- Do not try to get on or off the machine while it is moving.
- Get on or off the machine using the handrail and step (or stepladder, if any). Always keep the handrail and step clean and free from mud or oil.
- Wear anti-slip shoes.
- Comply with the principle of three-point contact\* by contacting the machine with either both hands and one foot or vice versa when getting on or off the machine.
- Do not sit on any part of the machine not intended for sitting.

※ **Three-point contact means making contact with the machine with both hands and one foot, or with one hand and both feet.**



### During operation

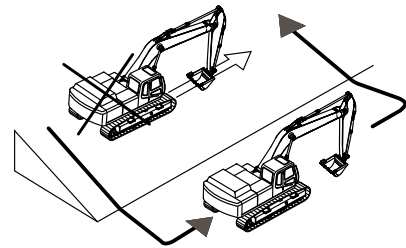
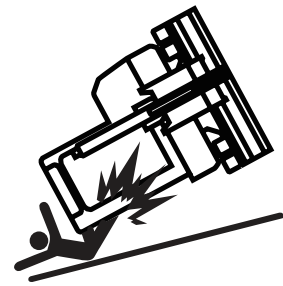
- The operator should start the engine only after sitting on the operator's seat. Make sure that all levers are shifted to the neutral position before starting the engine.
- Pay close to any obstacles when operating the machine, particularly when turning or moving backward, to prevent collision. Failure to comply may result in serious injury or death.
- Do not exceed the recommended size and weight of an object when lifting a load. Do not lift a heavy object with slings by suspending the slings on the tooth of the bucket.
- Do not allow anyone to stand under the bucket.



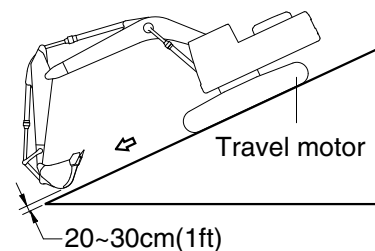
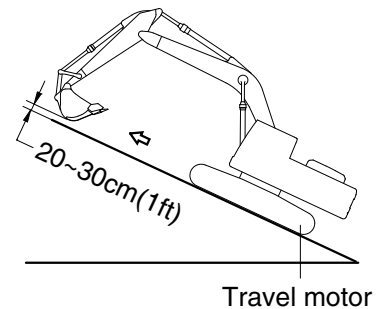
## Operation on a slope

When operating the machine on a slope, failure to comply with these instructions could result in the machine tipping over, which may lead to serious injury or death.

- Do not work on slopes of 10° or more.
- Do not exceed the maximum climbing angle of 30°.
- If operation of the machine on a slope is unavoidable, perform the work after flattening the ground.
- When operating the machine laterally on a slope, there is a high risk of machine overturning or slipping. Do not operate the machine in such conditions.
- Do not operate the machine on a slope covered with wet grass or a thick layer of dead leaves, as the machine may slip.
- Do not park or stop the machine on a slope.  
If parking or stopping the machine on a slope is unavoidable, bring the bucket down to the ground, and support the wheels with wheel chocks.



- When traveling up a slope, operate the machine at a slow speed with the attachment extended forward to keep the machine balanced, and with the bucket raised at least 20 ~30 cm (1 ft) from the ground.
- When traveling down a slope, reduce the engine speed with the travel lever kept in the vicinity of the neutral position. Keep the bucket 20~30 cm (1 ft) above the ground, and use the bucket as a brake in an emergency situation.
- If the engine suddenly stalls, immediately bring the bucket to the ground.
- If the fuel gauge reaches the red zone while operating the machine, immediately refill with fuel. (If the machine operates on a slope under these conditions, air may be introduced into the engine, causing it to stall suddenly.)



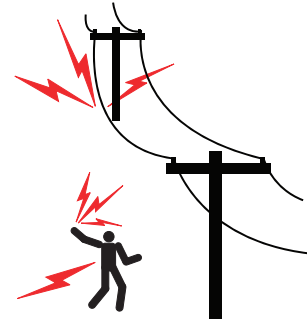
### Operations to be avoided or prohibited

- Pay attention when operating the machine in an enclosed space as this may result in the risk of a buildup of hazardous gases.

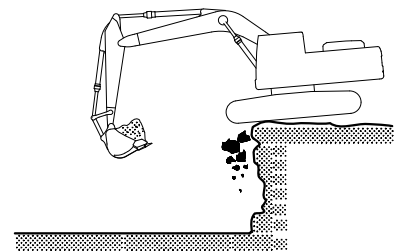
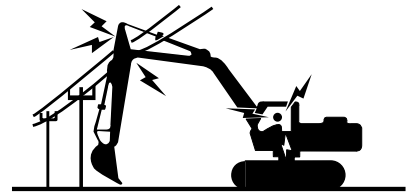


- If the machine is operated in the vicinity of a high-voltage line, there is a risk of death or serious injury.
- Be aware of the height and working radius of the machine, and maintain the minimum safety distance.

Voltage	Minimum safety distance
6.6 kV	3 m (10 ft)
33.0 kV	4 m (13 ft)
66.0 kV	5 m (16 ft)
154.0 kV	8 m (26 ft)
275.0 kV	10 m (33 ft)



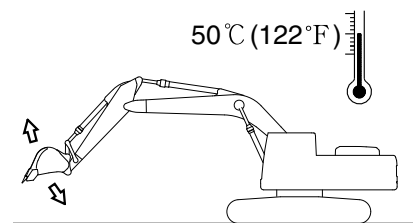
- In the event of contact with a high-voltage line, keep sitting on the operator's seat until the electric current has been shut down.
- Warn any workers on the ground in the vicinity of the machine not to make contact with the machine.
- If leaving the machine is unavoidable, jump down to a place free from any contact with the machine.
- Avoid operating the machine on soft ground, a slope or cliff as there is a risk that it may overturn. Pay special attention when it is raining as the rainfall may soften the ground.
- When operating or driving the machine in water, check the floor conditions, depth of water and flow rate, and make sure that the top roller and axle housing are not immersed in water.
- Do not operate the machine under adverse weather conditions caused by overcast skies, snow and rainfall.
- Do not turn or travel with the machine when the bucket is stuck in the ground.



## Cautions when operating in specific areas

### Operating in extremely cold environments

- Do not attempt to start, stop or turn the machine suddenly as this may cause it to slip. There is potential for the machine to slip.
- Snow-covered or frozen ground may be slippery and dangerous.
- Idle operation of the machine may be required to elevate the engine temperature during startup.
- An impact resulting from a sudden movement of the boom or the attachments at an extremely low temperature may cause serious damage to the machine.
- The working cycle or loading weight might be reduced to lower than those under normal conditions.
- Follow these instructions when operation in cold environments:
  - Warm up the engine for 3~4 seconds when starting up the engine.
  - Always fully charge the battery. A discharged battery will freeze earlier than a fully charged battery.
  - Use engine oil and fuel that are appropriate for the temperature.
  - Keep the fuel tank full.
  - Remove any moisture from the fuel tank, and change the fuel filter regularly.
  - If the fuel filter is frozen, the flow of fuel may be blocked.
  - Pour the proper volume of antifreeze into the coolant.
  - Wait until the various parts of the machine reach the operating temperature after starting the engine.
  - Make sure that every controller and function of the machine operates normally.
  - Remove any dirt, snow and ice from the machine after completing the operation.



### Operating in extremely hot environments

- Continuous operation of the machine for a long period of time may cause the machine to overheat. Pay special attention to prevent overheating of parts such as the engine and the hydraulic system. Stop the machine and take a break if necessary.

Check the following conditions frequently:

- Check the level of the coolant in the radiator.
- Check the radiator grill for clogging by any debris, and remove them, if any.
- Check the level of the battery electrolyte.
- If the battery will not be used for a long period of time, store it in a cool place.
- Check the hydraulic system for oil leakage.
- Check the lubrication oil on the respective parts, and lubricate as needed.
- If the paint coating of any parts has been effaced or damaged, coat the parts with paints or treat them with an anti-rust additive.
- Do not park the machine under direct light for a long period of time.
- When parking or storing the machine outdoors, use the proper cover to protect the machine from sunlight and dust.

### **Operating in dusty or sandy environments**

- Check the radiator grill for clogging by any debris, and remove any debris.
- Check the fuel system, and protect it from dust or sand when refueling.
- Inspect the air cleaner regularly, and replace it if necessary.
- If the gauge lamp on the dashboard lights up and the buzzer sounds at the same time, clean or replace the air cleaner.
- Frequently check consumables such as hydraulic oil and lubrication oil, and change them if necessary. Protect against the introduction of dust or sand when changing the consumables.
- Check the air-conditioner and the heater filters regularly, and clean or replace them if necessary.
- When parking or storing the machine outdoors, use the proper cover to protect the machine from dust and sand.

### **Operating in rainy or humid environments**

- Do not operate the machine in areas where there is heavy rainfall or thick fog.
- If operating the machine in such areas is unavoidable, perform operation after ensuring sufficient field of vision.
  - \_ Use lighting devices such as the head lamp and working light.
  - \_ Warn any workers within the radius of operation of the machine.
- Pay attention when operating the machine on smooth ground as there is a risk of it overturning.
- If the paint coating on any parts has been effaced or damaged, coat the parts with paint or treat them with an anti-rust additive.

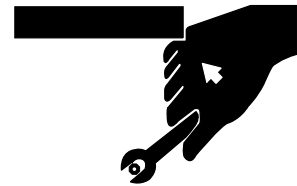
### **Operating the machine in coastal areas**

- Special care should be taken when operating the machine in coastal areas as exposed parts may be corroded easily.
- If the paint coating on any parts has been effaced or damaged, coat the parts with paint or treat them with an anti-rust additive.
- Perform inspection and maintenance of the parts promptly.

## Cautions during maintenance

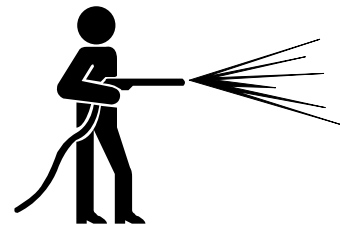
### Tools

- Use the correct tools for each type of work.
- Using improper tools may damage the machine and its parts.
- Using deteriorated or damaged tools may result in bodily injury.



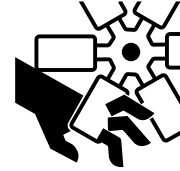
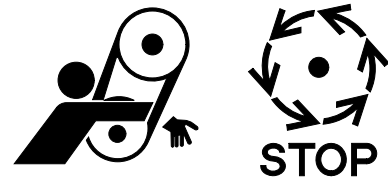
### Inspection and servicing

- Prevent access to the machine by all unauthorized workers.
- Prior to inspection, park the machine in a flat area and attach a 'Under Inspection' sign.
- Clean the machine before inspection or maintenance.
  - When performing inspection or maintenance on a dirty machine, it may be difficult to diagnosis or detect the cause of a problem with the machine.
  - Dust or dirt accumulated on the machine may cause a worker to slip or fall.
  - Wear protective goggles and protective clothes when cleaning the machine using a compressed water.
  - Do not spray water directly on sensors or electric connectors (sensors or electrical connection units, etc.). If water gets into the electrical system, it can cause operational problems.
- Use proper lighting devices when operating the machine in a dark area.
- Use lighting devices that are explosion-proof when handling flammable materials such as fuel and hydraulic oil.
- Never attempt to use a direct flame such as a cigarette lighter in lieu of the lighting device.
- Check the level of the cooling water after stopping and sufficiently cooling down the engine.
- Sufficiently relieve the inside pressure before opening the cooling water cap.
- The cooling system contains basic components. Use caution to prevent the skin or eyes from coming into contact with the basic materials.
- Exercise special care to protect the body from contact with hot fluid or parts.
- Replace the filters only after shutting off and sufficiently cooling down the engine.
- Slowly remove the operating oil filter plug to relieve the inside pressure.
- Relieve the pressure from the hydraulic system before disconnecting any lines and fittings.



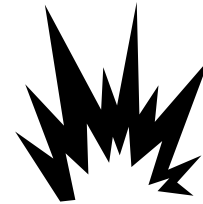
### Collision or cutting

- Never perform a maintenance while the engine is running.
- Never open or remove the engine hood while the machine is in operation.
- If an inspection is required while the engine is running, two or more workers must perform the inspection.
- Keep areas in the vicinity of rotating or moving parts clean.
- Keep articles in the vicinity of the fan clean.
  - Wear safety gloves when handling the wire cables.
  - Wear protective goggles and protective clothes



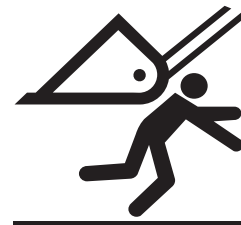
### Preventing fire and explosion

- Use caution when handling fuels, lubrication oils, and coolant mixtures to prevent fire and explosion. Failure to comply may result in serious injury or death.
- Oil that leaks on to a hot surface or electronic components may cause a fire.
- Keep all fuels and lubrication oils in adequate containers.
- Do not smoke while refueling or while adding any fluids to the machine. Do not smoke near the fuel tank at anytime.
- Do not smoke in a space where battery electrolyte and other flammable materials are handled.
- Always keep all electrical lines, connectors, and clamps clean, and check whether they are securely connected on a regular basis.
- If any electrical wire or connector is loose or damaged, repair it immediately.
- Do not weld or cut with gas cutter pipes or tubes that contains flammable fluids.



### Cautions on decoupling the attachments

- Do not allow unauthorized workers to access the machine.
- Place the machine in a safe position.
- Install safety fences around the machine.



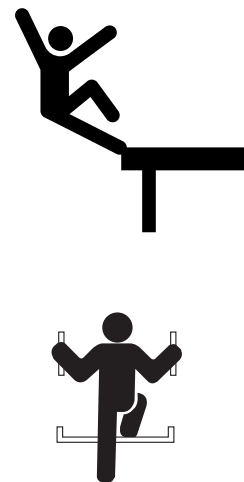
### Repair by welding

- Only weld in an area where adequate facilities for welding are available.
- Welding work may be subject to risks of gas leak, flame and electric shock.  
Welding should be performed only by a qualified welder.
- Take the following precautions when welding to avoid serious injury or death:
  - Separate and remove the battery to prevent battery explosion.
  - Perform direct heating in a place free from the risk of explosion.
  - Cover parts such as rubber hoses subject to damage by welding with flame-resistant materials.
  - Wear a welding helmet, protective clothes, protective gloves, and safety shoes.
  - Perform welding work in a well-ventilated place.
  - Remove all inflammable materials from areas in the vicinity of welding work.
  - Provide fire extinguishers.



### Precautions to take when working on the machine

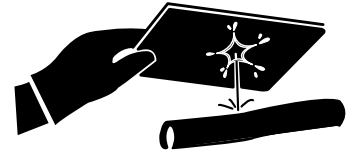
- There is a risk of falling when working on the machine.
- Keep the area around the workers' feet clean and tidy.
- Do not spill oil or grease.
- Do not leave tools lying on the floor.
- Be careful on the floor when moving.
- Never jump from the machine.
- When getting off the machine, use the step or handrail and get off the machine while keeping to the principle of three-point contact.
- Wear protective clothes if necessary.
- Do not perform maintenance work in an area where no anti-slipping pads have been installed.
- Replace anti-slipping pads and step treads with new ones if they have deteriorated or no longer function.





### **Cautions when working with the high-pressure line or hose**

- Make sure that the internal pressure is released before replacing or checking the high-pressure line or hose.
- If the internal pressure is not released, serious injury may result.
- Take the following precautions to avoid serious injury or death:
  - Always check to make sure a working fire extinguisher is nearby
  - Leaked oil may penetrate the skin or cause serious injury.
  - Never check for oil leaks with your bare hands.
  - Check an oil leak using a wooden plate or cardboard.
  - Never bend or hit the high-pressure line hard.
  - Do not install a bent or damaged line or hose.
  - Make sure that all of the clamps and protective devices are properly installed.
- Check the pipes and hoses regularly and replace any damaged parts if necessary.



### **Cautions on inspecting the counterweight**

- Failure to comply with these instructions may lead to serious injury or death.
- Never stand beneath the counterweight when installing or removing it.
- Make sure the condition of the lifting device is rated for the weight being lifted.
- Make sure lifting device is in good working order and free of damage or defects.



## Battery

- The battery contains flammable materials.
- Never smoke in the vicinity of the battery.
- The battery electrolyte is strong acid. Pay attention to prevent the skin and eyes from coming into contact with the electrolyte.
- If the battery electrolyte accidentally comes into contact with the body or clothes, immediately wash off the electrolyte with water.
- If the battery electrolyte is frozen, do not use other devices to start the engine up.
- Always wear protective goggles and protective gloves when working on the battery.
- Always keep the switch in the 'OFF' position when working on the battery.
- Securely fasten the battery cap.
- Always disconnect the battery from the machine before charging the battery.
- Disconnect the cathode (-) first when removing the battery.
- Connect the anode (+) first when connecting the battery.
- Follow the safety procedures when jump starting or charging the battery. Improper connection of the cable may result in an explosion and serious injury.
- Use a voltmeter when inspecting the charging system.
- Regularly inspect the battery cable, and replace it if damaged.
- A battery cable with exposed wires may cause a short if it comes into contact with the grounding surface.
- A short circuit of the battery cable may cause heat from the battery current and result in a fire.
- If the wires of the ground cable are exposed between the battery and the master switch, the exposed wires make contact with the grounding surface and the current may bypass to the master switch. This may destabilize the machine operation.

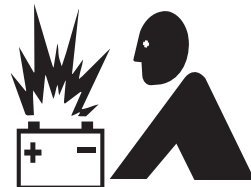
Repair or replace the part before operating the machine.

### Battery disconnection switch

- Do not turn off the battery disconnect switch while engine is running. There is a risk of damaging electrical system.
- The battery disconnect switch can be found under the left-hand door of the machine.
- Make sure to turn off the battery disconnect switch when welding or servicing electrical systems, and before clocking out.

### Switchboard

- The relay and fuse can be found on the switchboard at the rear of the cab.
- Do not use the fuse that has a higher amperage than indicated on the decal. There is a risk of damaging electric circuits or catching fire.



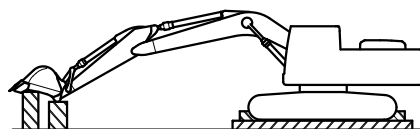
## Parking and Storage

### Cautions on parking

- Park the machine on flat ground.
- If parking the machine on a slope is unavoidable, use wheel chocks to prevent the machine from moving.
- Bring the bucket down and make firm contact with ground.
- Make sure that all of the switches are turned to the 'OFF' position.
- Do not turn off battery disconnect until led lamp at the disconnect goes off.
- Make sure that all of the controllers are turned to the neutral position.
- Stop the engine, and withdraw the ignition key.
- Close and lock the windshield, door and all covers.
- Install fences around the machine when parking it on a public road, and put up a warning sign.

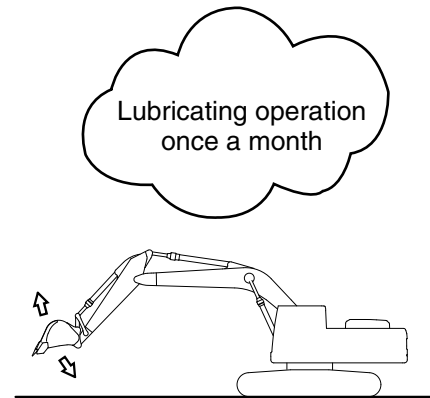
### Cautions on storage for a long period of time

- Park the machine in accordance to any state and local laws.
- When storing the machine for a month or longer, follow these instructions to prevent deterioration of the machine performance :
  - Thoroughly clean the machine before storing.
  - Inject sufficient lubrication oil and grease into the injection ports.
  - If any of the machines fluids are low top them off. If any fluids are close to or in need of changing, do so before storing.
  - Oils and coolant may deteriorate during storage based on the length of storage. Please take this into consideration before using the machine.
  - The density of the oil may drop during storage.
  - Apply an anti-rust additive to the exposed area of the piston rod of the cylinder in areas where it is likely to rust quickly.
  - Keep the master switch mounted in the power box (or the toolbox on the left of the rear frame of the machine) turned 'OFF'.
  - Keep the machine in a dry indoor environment.  
If storing the machine outdoors is unavoidable, store it on a wooden pallet.
  - Keep all cylinders collapse so that the cylinder rods are not exposed.
  - Bring the attachments right down to the ground, and keep the tracks immobile by placing wheel chocks.



### Regular lubrication (during storage)

- Breaking the lubrication film on parts may cause abnormal abrasion during the next operation.
- Check the level of the engine oil and coolant when starting the engine up, and top them up if necessary.
- Thoroughly wipe off any oil from cylinder rod before operating machine as it will attract dust and debris.
- Start up the engine once a month, perform all functions. Operate machine utilizing all functions for a minimum of 15 minutes. Apply lubrication oil to every part.
- Fully charge and store the battery.
- If storing the excavator for longer than 6 months, disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal.



## **Visibility**

Before you start the machine, perform a walk-around inspection in order to ensure that there are no hazards around the machine.

While the machine is in operation, constantly survey the area around the machine in order to identify potential hazards as hazards become visible around the machine.

Your machine may be equipped with visual aids. Some examples of visual aids are Closed Circuit Television(CCTV), AAVM(Advanced Around View Monitoring) and mirrors. Before operating the machine, ensure that the visual aids are in proper working condition and that the visual aids are clean.

If may not be possible to provide direct visibility on large machines to all areas around the machine, appropriate job site organization is required in order to minimize hazards that are caused by restricted visibility. Job site organization is a collection of rules and procedures that coordinates machines and people that work together in the same area.

Examples of job site organization include the following:

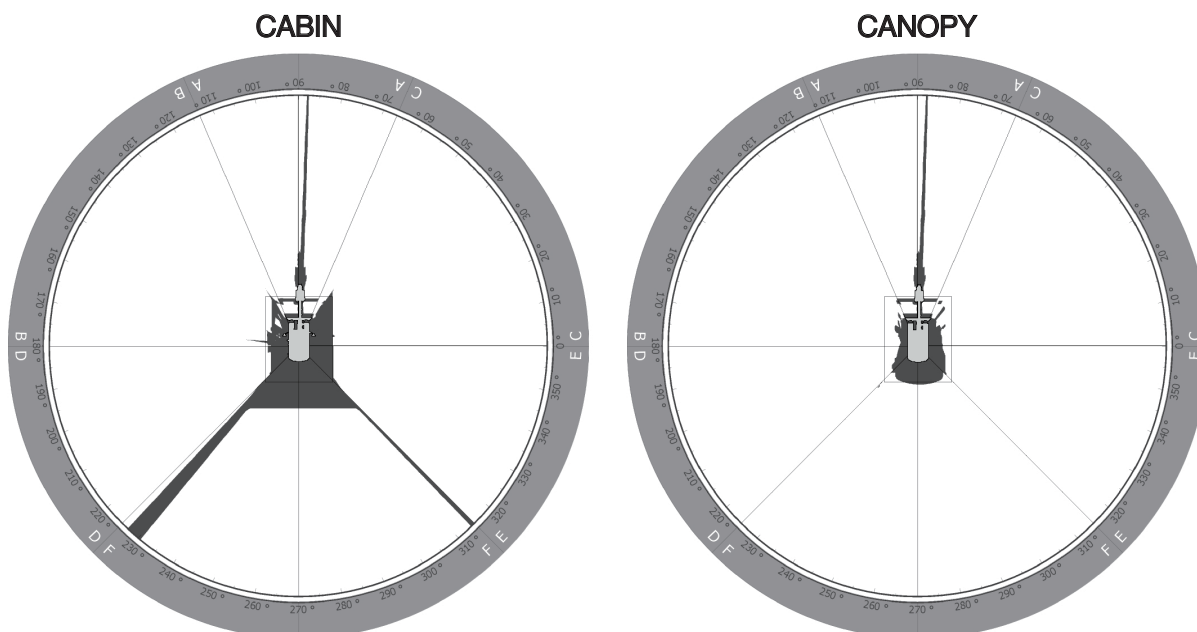
- Safety instructions
- Controlled patterns of machine movement and vehicle movement
- Workers that direct traffic to move when it is safe
- Restricted areas
- Operator training
- Warning symbols or warning signs on machines or on vehicles
- A system of communication
- Communication between workers and operators prior to approaching the machine

Modifications of the machine configuration by the user could result in a restriction of the machine visibility. In this case, a new risk assessment shall be performed according to ISO 5006:2017.

## **Restricted Visibility**

The size and the configuration of this machine may result in areas that can not be seen when the operator is seated. The following illustration of visual map provides an approximate visual indication of areas of significant restricted visibility. This illustration indicates restricted visibility areas at ground level inside a radius of 12.00m (40 ft) from the operator on a machine only with the use of right side mirror and left side mirror installed. (without the use of optional visual aids.) This illustration provide areas of restricted visibility for distances outside a radius of 12.00m (40 ft).

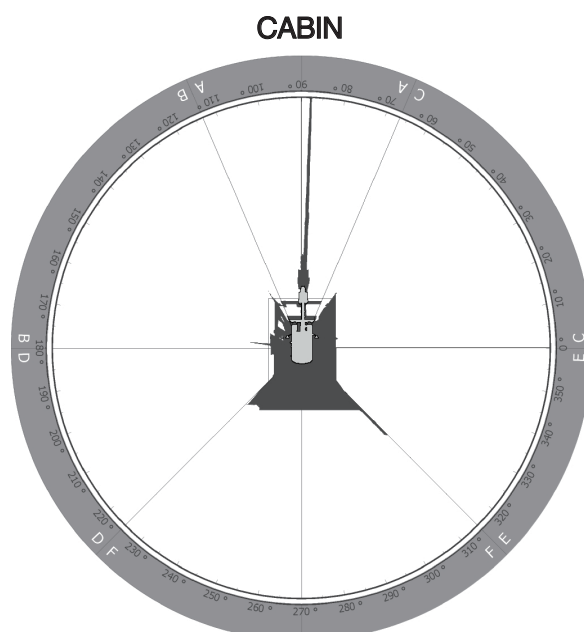
This machine may be equipped with optional visual aids (CCTV or AAVM) that may provide visibility to some of the restricted visibility areas. For areas that are not covered by the optional visual aids, the job site organization must be utilized to minimize hazards of this restricted visibility.



< Top view of the machine at ground level visibility without use of optional visual aids >

※ The shaded areas indicate the approximate location of areas with significant restricted visibility.  
(Radius = 12 m / 34 ft)

There is restricted visibility to the area directly behind the machine with no optional visual aids. Failure to make sure the area is clear could result in serious injury or death. Make sure that the area is clear with the other person on the ground before you start the reverse movement.

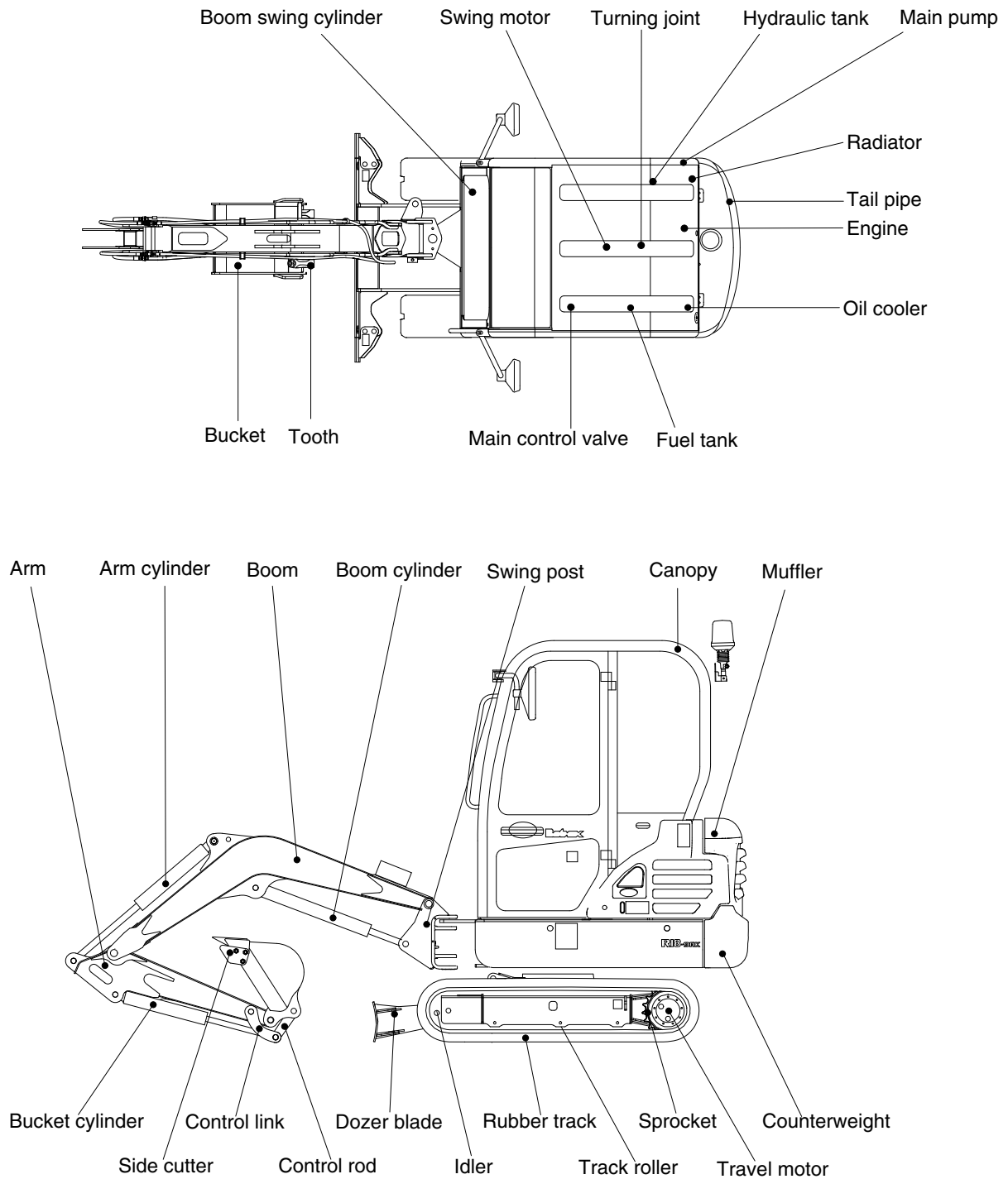


< Top view of the machine at ground level visibility with use of optional visual aids >

※ The shaded areas indicate the approximate location of areas with significant restricted visibility.  
(Radius = 12 m / 34 ft)

# SPECIFICATIONS

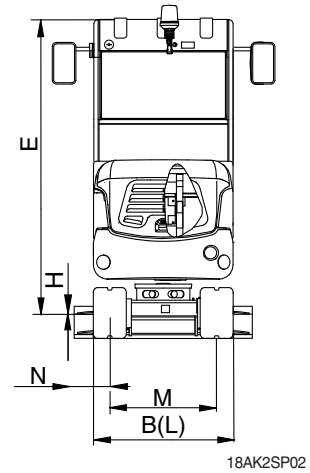
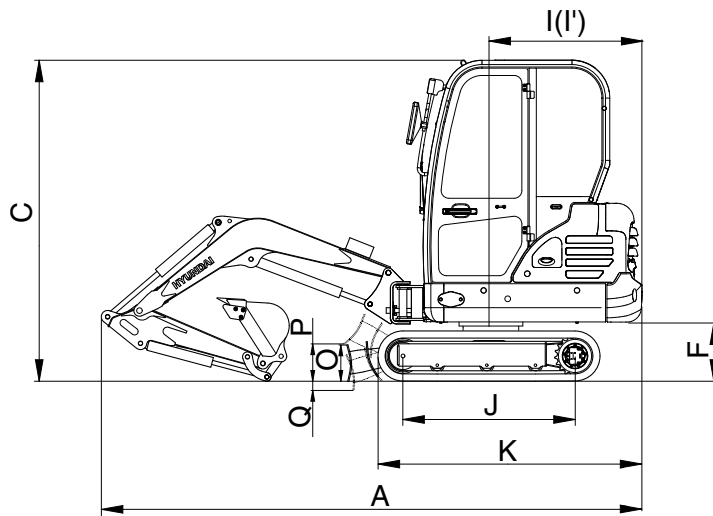
## 1. MAJOR COMPONENT



18AK2SP01

## 2. SPECIFICATIONS

### 1) 1.80 m ( 5' 11") MONO BOOM, 0.96 m ( 3' 2") ARM, WITH BOOM SWING POST



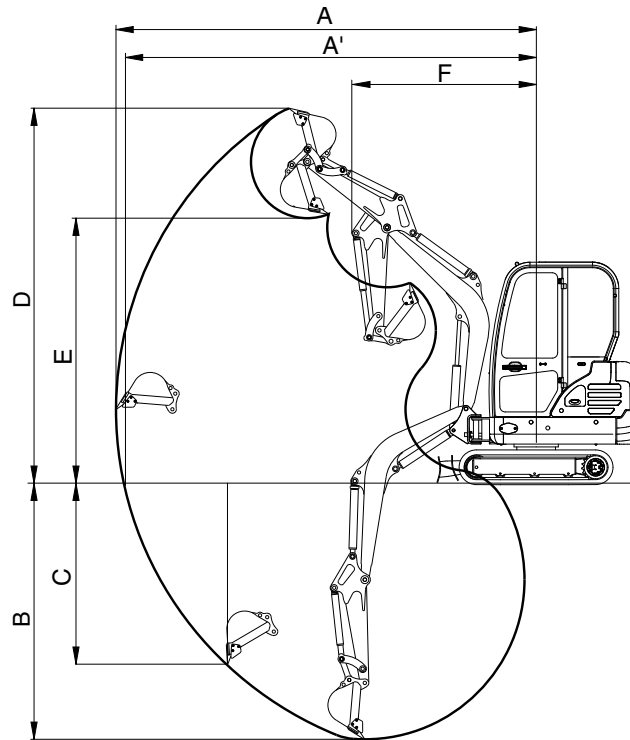
18AK2SP02

Description		Unit	Specification
Operating weight (canopy/cabin)		kg (lb)	1855 (4089) / 1995 (4398)
Bucket capacity (SAE heaped), standard		m <sup>3</sup> (yd <sup>3</sup> )	0.04 (0.05)
Overall length	A	mm (ft-in)	3860 (12' 8")
Overall width, with 230 mm shoe (extension crawler)	B		980~1270 (3' 3" ~ 4' 2")
Overall height	C		2300 ( 7' 7")
Overall height of canopy/cabin	E		2300 ( 7' 7")
Ground clearance of counterweight	F		415 ( 1' 4")
Minimum ground clearance	H		150 ( 0' 6")
Rear-end distance	I		1065 ( 3' 6")
Rear-end swing radius	I'		1065 ( 3' 6")
Distance between tumblers	J		1230 ( 4' 0")
Undercarriage length	K		1590 ( 5' 3")
Undercarriage width (extension crawler)	L		980~1270 (3' 3" ~ 4' 2")
Track gauge (extension crawler)	M		750~1040 (2' 6" ~ 3' 5")
Track shoe width, standard	N		230 (9")
Height of blade	O		250 ( 0' 10")
Ground clearance of blade up	P		170 ( 0' 7")
Depth of blade down	Q		240 ( 0' 9")
Travel speed (low/high)		km/hr (mph)	2.0/3.9 (1.2/2.4)
Swing speed		rpm	9.1
Gradeability		Degree (%)	30 (58)
Ground pressure 230 mm rubber shoe (canopy/cabin)		kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (psi)	0.3 (4.24) / 0.32 (4.56)
Max traction force		kg (lb)	1420 (3131)



### 3. WORKING RANGE

#### 1) 1.80 m (5' 11") MONO BOOM WITH BOOM SWING POST



18AK2SP03



Description		0.96 m (3' 2") Arm	
Max digging reach	A	3960 mm (12' 12")	
Max digging reach on ground	A'	3870 mm (12' 8")	
Max digging depth	B	2245 mm ( 7' 4")	
Max vertical wall digging depth	C	1775 mm ( 5' 10")	
Max digging height	D	3675 mm (12' 1")	
Max dumping height	E	2575 mm ( 8' 5")	
Min swing radius	F	1660 mm ( 5' 5")	
Boom swing radius (left/right)		60°/60°	
Bucket digging force	SAE	13.1 kN	
		1340 kgf	
		2950 lbf	
	ISO	15.1 kN	
		1540 kgf	
		3400 lbf	
Arm crowd force	SAE	9.0 kN	
		920 kgf	
		2030 lbf	
	ISO	9.4 kN	
		960 kgf	
		2120 lbf	

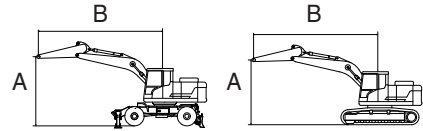
## 4. WEIGHT









Item	kg	lb
Upperstructure assembly	940	2070
Main frame weld assembly	225	497
Engine assembly	80	176
Main pump assembly	13	29
Main control valve assembly	25	55
Swing motor assembly	23	50
Hydraulic oil tank assembly	20	44
Fuel tank assembly	18	40
Boom swing post	35	80
Counterweight	65	145
Canopy assembly	47	104
Front guard	12	26
Lower chassis assembly	530	1170
Track frame weld assembly	150	330
Swing bearing	20	44
Travel motor assembly	18	40
Turning joint	20	44
Track recoil spring	11	24
Idler	15	33
Track roller	5	11
Sprocket	4	9
Rubber track (230 mm)	71	156
Dozer blade assembly	60	130
Front attachment assembly (1.8 m boom, 0.96 m arm, 0.04 m <sup>3</sup> SAE heaped bucket)	200	440
1.8 m boom assembly	70	154
0.96 m arm assembly	37	82
0.04 m <sup>3</sup> SAE heaped bucket	43	95
Boom cylinder assembly	17	37
Arm cylinder assembly	15	33
Bucket cylinder assembly	11	24
Bucket control link assembly	10	22
Dozer cylinder assembly	11	24
Boom swing cylinder assembly	11	24
Extension cylinder assembly	8	18

## 5. LIFTING CAPACITIES

Model	Type	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Wheel	Dozer		Outrigger	
R18-9AK	Canopy	Length [mm]	Length [mm]	weight [kg]	width [mm]	width [mm]	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
		1800	960	60	230	-	Down	-	-	-

-  : Rating over-front    
  : Rating over-side or 360 degree



Lift-point height (A)		Lift-point radius (B)						At max. reach		
		2.0 m (6.6 ft)		2.5 m (8.2 ft)		3.0 m (9.8 ft)		Capacity		Reach
										m (ft)
3.0 m	kg							*400	*400	2.20
(9.8 ft)	lb							*880	*880	(7.2)
2.5 m	kg			*370	*370			*340	320	2.76
(8.2 ft)	lb			*820	*820			*750	710	(9.1)
2.0 m	kg			*390	380	*390	280	*310	270	3.10
(6.6 ft)	lb			*860	840	*860	620	*680	600	(10.2)
1.5 m	kg	*530	520	*450	370	*410	280	*310	240	3.30
(4.9 ft)	lb	*1170	1150	*990	820	*900	620	*680	530	(10.8)
1.0 m	kg	*730	490	*530	360	*450	270	*320	230	3.39
(3.3 ft)	lb	*1610	1080	*1170	790	*990	600	*710	510	(11.1)
0.5 m	kg	*870	470	*610	350	*480	270	*340	220	3.39
(1.6 ft)	lb	*1920	1040	*1340	770	*1060	600	*750	490	(11.1)
Ground Line	kg	*910	470	*650	340	*500	260	*390	230	3.29
	lb	*2010	1040	*1430	750	*1100	570	*860	510	(10.8)
-0.5 m	kg	*880	470	*630	340	*480	260	*450	250	3.08
(-1.6 ft)	lb	*1940	1040	*1390	750	*1060	570	*990	550	(10.1)
-1.0 m	kg	*770	470	*550	340			*460	300	2.74
(-3.3 ft)	lb	*1700	1040	*1210	750			*1010	660	(9.0)
-1.5 m	kg	*520	480					*440	430	2.15
(-4.9 ft)	lb	*1150	1060					*970	950	(7.1)

Note 1. Lifting capacity are based on ISO 10567.

2. Lifting capacity of the R18-9AK series does not exceed 75% of tipping load with the machine on firm, level ground or 87% of full hydraulic capacity.

3. The lift-point is bucket pivot mounting pin on the arm (without bucket mass).

4. \*Indicates load limited by hydraulic capacity.

※ Lifting capacities are based upon a standard machine conditions.

Lifting capacities will vary with different work tools, ground conditions and attachments.

The difference between the weight of a work tool attachment must be subtracted.

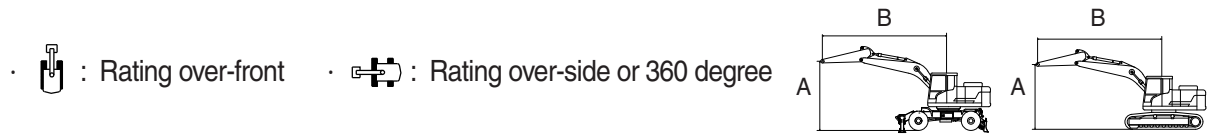
Consult your Hyundai dealer regarding the lifting capacities for specific work tools and attachments.









※ Please be aware of the local regulations and instructions for lifting operations.

▲ Failure to comply to the rated load can cause possible personal injury or property damage.

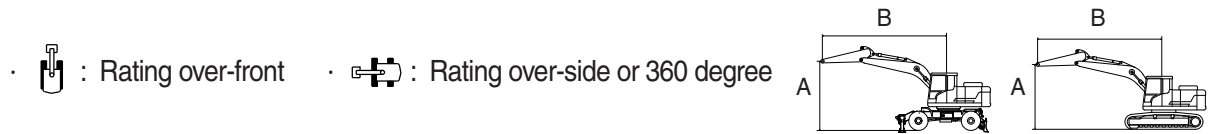
Make adjustments to the rated load as necessary for non-standard configurations.









Model	Type	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Wheel	Dozer		Outtriger	
R18-9AK	Canopy	Length [mm]	Length [mm]	weight [kg]	width [mm]	width [mm]	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
		1800	960	60	230	-	Up	-	-	-





Lift-point height (A)		Lift-point radius (B)						At max. reach		
		2.0 m (6.6 ft)		2.5 m (8.2 ft)		3.0 m (9.8 ft)		Capacity		Reach
										m (ft)
3.0 m	kg							*400	*400	2.20
(9.8 ft)	lb							*880	*880	(7.2)
2.5 m	kg			*370	360			320	300	2.76
(8.2 ft)	lb			*820	790			710	660	(9.1)
2.0 m	kg			380	360	280	270	270	250	3.10
(6.6 ft)	lb			840	790	620	600	600	550	(10.2)
1.5 m	kg	530	490	370	350	280	260	240	230	3.30
(4.9 ft)	lb	1170	1080	820	770	620	570	530	510	(10.8)
1.0 m	kg	500	460	360	340	270	260	230	210	3.39
(3.3 ft)	lb	1100	1010	790	750	600	570	510	460	(11.1)
0.5 m	kg	480	450	350	330	270	250	220	210	3.39
(1.6 ft)	lb	1060	990	770	730	600	550	490	460	(11.1)
Ground Line	kg	470	440	340	320	260	250	230	220	3.29
	lb	1040	970	750	710	570	550	510	490	(10.8)
-0.5 m	kg	470	440	340	320	260	250	250	240	3.08
(-1.6 ft)	lb	1040	970	750	710	570	550	550	530	(10.1)
-1.0 m	kg	480	440	340	320			300	280	2.74
(-3.3 ft)	lb	1060	970	750	710			660	620	(9.0)
-1.5 m	kg	490	450					440	410	2.15
(-4.9 ft)	lb	1080	990					970	900	(7.1)

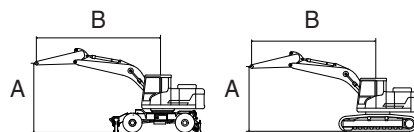
Model	Type	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Wheel	Dozer		Outtriger	
R18-9AK	Cab	Length [mm]	Length [mm]	weight [kg]	width [mm]	width [mm]	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
		1800	960	60	230	-	Down	-	-	-











Lift-point height (A)		Lift-point radius (B)						At max. reach		
		2.0 m (6.6 ft)		2.5 m (8.2 ft)		3.0 m (9.8 ft)		Capacity		Reach
										m (ft)
3.0 m	kg							*400	*400	2.20
(9.8 ft)	lb							*880	*880	(7.2)
2.5 m	kg			*370	*370			*340	*340	2.76
(8.2 ft)	lb			*820	*820			*750	*750	(9.1)
2.0 m	kg			*390	*390	*390	310	*310	300	3.10
(6.6 ft)	lb			*860	*860	*860	680	*680	660	(10.2)
1.5 m	kg	*530	*530	*450	410	*410	310	*310	270	3.30
(4.9 ft)	lb	*1170	*1170	*990	900	*900	680	*680	600	(10.8)
1.0 m	kg	*730	550	*530	400	*450	300	*320	250	3.39
(3.3 ft)	lb	*1610	1210	*1170	880	*990	660	*710	550	(11.1)
0.5 m	kg	*870	530	*610	390	*480	300	*340	250	3.39
(1.6 ft)	lb	*1920	1170	*1340	860	*1060	660	*750	550	(11.1)
Ground Line	kg	*910	520	*650	380	*500	300	*390	260	3.29
	lb	*2010	1150	*1430	840	*1100	660	*860	570	(10.8)
-0.5 m	kg	*880	520	*630	380	*480	290	*450	280	3.08
(-1.6 ft)	lb	*1940	1150	*1390	840	*1060	640	*990	620	(10.1)
-1.0 m	kg	*770	520	*550	380			*460	340	2.74
(-3.3 ft)	lb	*1700	1150	*1210	840			*1010	750	(9.0)
-1.5 m	kg	*520	*520					*440	*440	2.15
(-4.9 ft)	lb	*1150	*1150					*970	*970	(7.1)



Model	Type	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Wheel	Dozer		Outtriger	
R18-9AK	Cab	Length [mm]	Length [mm]	weight [kg]	width [mm]	width [mm]	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
		1800	960	60	230	-	Up	-	-	-

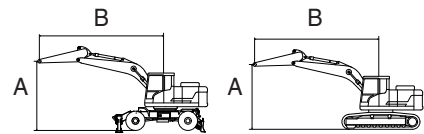
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Lift-point height (A)		Lift-point radius (B)						At max. reach		
		2.0 m (6.6 ft)		2.5 m (8.2 ft)		3.0 m (9.8 ft)		Capacity		Reach
										m (ft)
3.0 m	kg							*400	*400	2.20
(9.8 ft)	lb							*880	*880	(7.2)
2.5 m	kg			*370	*370			*340	*340	2.76
(8.2 ft)	lb			*820	*820			*750	*750	(9.1)
2.0 m	kg			*390	*390	320	300	300	280	3.10
(6.6 ft)	lb			*860	*860	710	660	660	620	(10.2)
1.5 m	kg	*530	*530	410	390	310	290	270	250	3.30
(4.9 ft)	lb	*1170	*1170	900	860	680	640	600	550	(10.8)
1.0 m	kg	560	520	400	380	310	290	260	240	3.39
(3.3 ft)	lb	1230	1150	880	840	680	640	570	530	(11.1)
0.5 m	kg	540	500	390	360	300	280	250	240	3.39
(1.6 ft)	lb	1190	1100	860	790	660	620	550	530	(11.1)
Ground Line	kg	530	490	380	360	300	280	260	250	3.29
	lb	1170	1080	840	790	660	620	570	550	(10.8)
-0.5 m	kg	530	490	380	360	300	280	290	270	3.08
(-1.6 ft)	lb	1170	1080	840	790	660	620	640	600	(10.1)
-1.0 m	kg	540	490	390	360			340	320	2.74
(-3.3 ft)	lb	1190	1080	860	790			750	710	(9.0)
-1.5 m	kg	*520	510					*440	*440	2.15
(-4.9 ft)	lb	*1150	1120					*970	*970	(7.1)



Model	Type	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Wheel	Dozer		Outtriger	
R18-9AK	Canopy	Length [mm]	Length [mm]	weight [kg]	width [mm]	width [mm]	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
		1800	1120	60	230	-	Down	-	-	-

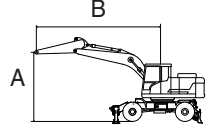
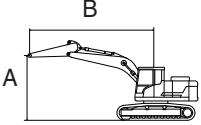
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  : Rating over-side or 360 degree













Lift-point height (A)		Lift-point radius (B)								At max. reach		
		2.0 m (6.6 ft)		2.5 m (8.2 ft)		3.0 m (9.8 ft)		3.5 m (11.5 ft)		Capacity		Reach
												m (ft)
2.5 m	kg			*320	*320					*280	*280	2.96
(8.2 ft)	lb			*710	*710					*620	*620	(9.7)
2.0 m	kg			*340	*340	*350	280			*260	240	3.27
(6.6 ft)	lb			*750	*750	*770	620			*570	530	(10.7)
1.5 m	kg	*460	*460	*410	370	*380	280			*260	220	3.45
(4.9 ft)	lb	*1010	*1010	*900	820	*840	620			*570	490	(11.3)
1.0 m	kg	*660	500	*500	360	*420	270	*340	210	*270	210	3.54
(3.3 ft)	lb	*1460	1100	*1100	790	*930	600	*750	460	*600	460	(11.6)
0.5 m	kg	*830	470	*580	340	*460	260	*370	210	*280	210	3.54
(1.6 ft)	lb	*1830	1040	*1280	750	*1010	570	*820	460	*620	460	(11.6)
Ground Line	kg	*900	460	*630	330	*490	260			*320	210	3.45
	lb	*1980	1010	*1390	730	*1080	570			*710	460	(11.3)
-0.5 m	kg	*890	460	*640	330	*490	260			*370	230	3.25
(-1.6 ft)	lb	*1960	1010	*1410	730	*1080	570			*820	510	(10.7)
-1.0 m	kg	*810	460	*580	330					*430	270	2.93
(-3.3 ft)	lb	*1790	1010	*1280	730					*950	600	(9.6)
-1.5 m	kg	*620	470							*430	360	2.42
(-4.9 ft)	lb	*1370	1040							*950	790	(7.9)

Model	Type	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Wheel	Dozer		Outtriger	
R18-9AK	Canopy	Length [mm]	Length [mm]	weight [kg]	width [mm]	width [mm]	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
		1800	1120	60	230	-	Up	-	-	-

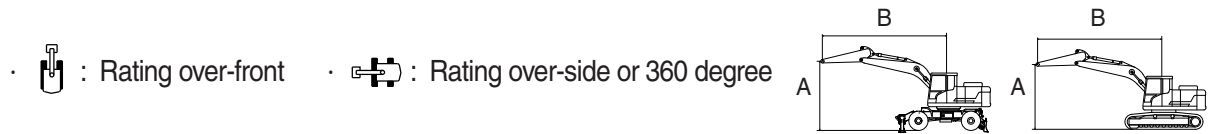
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Lift-point height (A)		Lift-point radius (B)								At max. reach		
		2.0 m (6.6 ft)		2.5 m (8.2 ft)		3.0 m (9.8 ft)		3.5 m (11.5 ft)		Capacity		Reach
												m (ft)
2.5 m	kg			*320	*320					*280	270	2.96
(8.2 ft)	lb			*710	*710					*620	600	(9.7)
2.0 m	kg			*340	*340	280	270			240	230	3.27
(6.6 ft)	lb			*750	*750	620	600			530	510	(10.7)
1.5 m	kg	*460	*460	370	350	280	260			220	210	3.45
(4.9 ft)	lb	*1010	*1010	820	770	620	570			490	460	(11.3)
1.0 m	kg	500	470	360	340	270	260	210	200	210	200	3.54
(3.3 ft)	lb	1100	1040	790	750	600	570	460	440	460	440	(11.6)
0.5 m	kg	480	440	350	320	270	250	210	200	210	200	3.54
(1.6 ft)	lb	1060	970	770	710	600	550	460	440	460	440	(11.6)
Ground Line	kg	470	430	340	320	260	240			210	200	3.45
	lb	1040	950	750	710	570	530			460	440	(11.3)
-0.5 m	kg	460	430	330	310	260	240			230	220	3.25
(-1.6 ft)	lb	1010	950	730	680	570	530			510	490	(10.7)
-1.0 m	kg	470	430	340	310					270	250	2.93
(-3.3 ft)	lb	1040	950	750	680					600	550	(9.6)
-1.5 m	kg	480	440							360	340	2.42
(-4.9 ft)	lb	1060	970							790	750	(7.9)





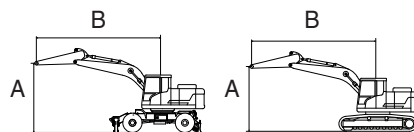
Model	Type	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Wheel	Dozer		Outtriger	
R18-9AK	Cab	Length [mm]	Length [mm]	weight [kg]	width [mm]	width [mm]	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
		1800	1120	60	230	-	Down	-	-	-













Lift-point height (A)		Lift-point radius (B)								At max. reach		
		2.0 m (6.6 ft)		2.5 m (8.2 ft)		3.0 m (9.8 ft)		3.5 m (11.5 ft)		Capacity		Reach
												m (ft)
2.5 m	kg			*320	*320					*280	*280	2.96
(8.2 ft)	lb			*710	*710					*620	*620	(9.7)
2.0 m	kg			*340	*340	*350	310			*260	*260	3.27
(6.6 ft)	lb			*750	*750	*770	680			*570	*570	(10.7)
1.5 m	kg	*460	*460	*410	*410	*380	310			*260	250	3.45
(4.9 ft)	lb	*1010	*1010	*900	*900	*840	680			*570	550	(11.3)
1.0 m	kg	*660	550	*500	400	*420	300	*340	240	*270	240	3.54
(3.3 ft)	lb	*1460	1210	*1100	880	*930	660	*750	530	*600	530	(11.6)
0.5 m	kg	*830	530	*580	380	*460	300	*370	240	*280	230	3.54
(1.6 ft)	lb	*1830	1170	*1280	840	*1010	660	*820	530	*620	510	(11.6)
Ground Line	kg	*900	520	*630	380	*490	290			*320	240	3.45
	lb	*1980	1150	*1390	840	*1080	640			*710	530	(11.3)
-0.5 m	kg	*890	510	*640	370	*490	290			*370	260	3.25
(-1.6 ft)	lb	*1960	1120	*1410	820	*1080	640			*820	570	(10.7)
-1.0 m	kg	*810	520	*580	370					*430	300	2.93
(-3.3 ft)	lb	*1790	1150	*1280	820					*950	660	(9.6)
-1.5 m	kg	*620	530							*430	400	2.42
(-4.9 ft)	lb	*1370	1170							*950	880	(7.9)

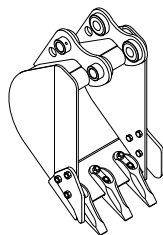
Model	Type	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Wheel	Dozer		Outtriger	
R18-9AK	Cab	Length [mm]	Length [mm]	weight [kg]	width [mm]	width [mm]	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
		1800	1120	60	230	-	Up	-	-	-

 : Rating over-front    
  : Rating over-side or 360 degree



Lift-point height (A)		Lift-point radius (B)								At max. reach		
		2.0 m (6.6 ft)		2.5 m (8.2 ft)		3.0 m (9.8 ft)		3.5 m (11.5 ft)		Capacity		Reach
												m (ft)
2.5 m	kg			*320	*320					*280	*280	2.96
(8.2 ft)	lb			*710	*710					*620	*620	(9.7)
2.0 m	kg			*340	*340	320	300			*260	260	3.27
(6.6 ft)	lb			*750	*750	710	660			*570	570	(10.7)
1.5 m	kg	*460	*460	*410	390	310	290			250	230	3.45
(4.9 ft)	lb	*1010	*1010	*900	860	680	640			550	510	(11.3)
1.0 m	kg	560	520	400	370	310	290	240	230	240	220	3.54
(3.3 ft)	lb	1230	1150	880	820	680	640	530	510	530	490	(11.6)
0.5 m	kg	540	500	390	360	300	280	240	220	240	220	3.54
(1.6 ft)	lb	1190	1100	860	790	660	620	530	490	530	490	(11.6)
Ground Line	kg	530	480	380	350	290	280			240	230	3.45
	lb	1170	1060	840	770	640	620			530	510	(11.3)
-0.5 m	kg	520	480	380	350	290	270			260	250	3.25
(-1.6 ft)	lb	1150	1060	840	770	640	600			570	550	(10.7)
-1.0 m	kg	530	480	380	350					300	280	2.93
(-3.3 ft)	lb	1170	1060	840	770					660	620	(9.6)
-1.5 m	kg	540	490							410	380	2.42
(-4.9 ft)	lb	1190	1080							900	840	(7.9)

## 6. BUCKET SELECTION GUIDE



0.04 m<sup>3</sup> SAE  
heaped bucket

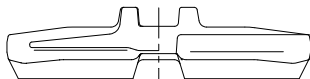
Capacity		Width		Weight	Recommendation
					1.8 m (5' 11") boom
SAE heaped	CECE heaped	Without side cutter	With side cutter		0.96 m (3' 2") arm
0.04m <sup>3</sup> (0.05 yd <sup>3</sup> )	0.03 m <sup>3</sup> (0.04 yd <sup>3</sup> )	390 mm (15.4")	440 mm (17.3")	43 kg (95 lb)	Applicable for materials with density of 1600 kgf/m <sup>3</sup> (2700 lb /yd <sup>3</sup> ) or less

## 7. UNDERCARRIAGE

### (1) TRACKS

X-leg type center frame is integrally welded with reinforced box-section track frames. The design includes dry tracks, lubricated rollers, idlers, sprockets, hydraulic track adjusters with shock absorbing springs and assembled track-type tractor shoes with triple grousers.

### (2) TYPES OF SHOES

Model	Shapes		Rubber track
			
R18-9AK	Shoe width	mm (in)	230 (9")
	Operating weight (canopy / cabin)	kg (lb)	1855 (4089) / 1995 (4398)
	Ground pressure	kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (psi)	0.3 (4.24) / 0.32 (4.56)
	Overall width	mm (ft-in)	1250 ( 4' 1")

### (3) NUMBER OF ROLLERS AND SHOES ON EACH SIDE

Item	Quantity
Track rollers	3 EA

## 8. SPECIFICATIONS FOR MAJOR COMPONENTS

### 1) ENGINE

Item	Specification
Model	KUBOTA D902
Type	4-cycle vertical overhead valve, diesel fuel
Cooling method	Water cooling
Number of cylinders and arrangement	3 cylinders, in-line
Firing order	1-2-3
Combustion chamber type	Spherical type
Cylinder bore × stroke	72.0 × 73.6 mm (2.83" × 2.90")
Piston displacement	898 cc (54.80 cu in)
Compression ratio	24 : 1
Rated gross horse power (SAE J1995)	16.2 Hp at 2400 rpm (12.1 kW at 2400 rpm)
Maximum torque at 1800 rpm	5.57 kgf · m (40.3 lbf · ft)
Engine oil quantity	3.7 l (1.0 U.S. gal)
Dry weight	75 kg (165 lb)
High idling speed	2720 ± 50 rpm
Low idling speed	1500 ± 50 rpm
Rated fuel consumption	186 g/Hp · hr at 2400 rpm (250 g/kW · hr at 2400 rpm)
Starting motor	12V-1.2 kW
Alternator	12V-40 A
Battery	1 × 12 V × 80 Ah

### 2) MAIN PUMP

Item	Specification
Type	Variable displacement tandem axis piston pumps
Capacity	2 × 7.5 cc/rev
Rated oil flow	2 × 18 l /min (4.8 U.S. gpm / 4.0 U.K. gpm)
Rated speed	2400 rpm

### 3) GEAR PUMP

Item	Specification
Type	Fixed displacement gear pump single stage
Capacity	4.5/2.7 cc/rev
Rated oil flow	10.8/6.5 l /min (2.9/1.7 U.S. gpm / 2.4/1.4 U.K. gpm)

### 4) MAIN CONTROL VALVE

Item	Specification
Type	Sectional, 9 spools (12 blocks)
Operating method	Hydraulic pilot system
Main relief valve pressure (P1,P2 / P3)	210 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (2990 psi) / 200 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (2840 psi)
Overload relief valve pressure	230 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (3270 psi)

### 5) SWING MOTOR

Item	Specification
Type	Fixed displacement axial piston motor
Capacity	18.1 cc/rev
Relief pressure	165 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (2350 psi)
Reduction gear type	1 - stage planetary

### 6) TRAVEL MOTOR

Item	Specification
Type	Variable displacement axial piston motor
Relief pressure	210 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (2990 psi)
Reduction gear type	2-stage planetary

## 7) CYLINDER

Item		Specification
Boom cylinder	Bore dia × Rod dia × Stroke	ø 60 × ø 40 × 465 mm
	Cushion	Extend only
Arm cylinder	Bore dia × Rod dia × Stroke	ø 60 × ø 40 × 400 mm
	Cushion	Extend and retract
Bucket cylinder	Bore dia × Rod dia × Stroke	ø 55 × ø 35 × 345 mm
	Cushion	-
Boom swing cylinder	Bore dia × Rod dia × Stroke	ø 55 × ø 30 × 355 mm
	Cushion	-
Dozer cylinder	Bore dia × Rod dia × Stroke	ø 65 × ø 30 × 93 mm
	Cushion	-

※ Discoloration of cylinder rod can occur when the friction reduction additive of lubrication oil spreads on the rod surface.

※ Discoloration does not cause any harmful effect on the cylinder performance.

## 8) BUCKET

Item	Capacity		Tooth quantity	Width	
	SAE heaped	CECE heaped		Without side cutter	With side cutter
Standard	0.04 m <sup>3</sup> (0.05 yd <sup>3</sup> )	0.03 m <sup>3</sup> (0.04 yd <sup>3</sup> )	3	390 mm (15.4")	440 mm (17.3")

## 9. RECOMMENDED OILS

HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils have been developed to offer the best performance and service life for your equipment. These oils have been tested according to the specifications of HYUNDAI and, therefore, will meet the highest safety and quality requirements.

We recommend that you use only HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease officially approved by HYUNDAI.

Service point	Kind of fluid	Capacity ℓ (U.S. gal)	Ambient temperature °C( °F)								
			-50 (-58)	-30 (-22)	-20 (-4)	-10 (14)	0 (32)	10 (50)	20 (68)	30 (86)	40 (104)
Engine oil pan	Engine oil	3.7 (1.0)	★SAE 5W-40								
								SAE 30			
								SAE 10W			
								SAE 10W-30			
								SAE 15W-40			
Final drive	Gear oil	0.33 × 2 (0.09 × 2)	★SAE 75W-90								
								SAE 85W-140			
Hydraulic tank	Hydraulic oil	Tank; 20 (5.3)	★ISO VG 15								
							ISO VG 46, HBHO VG 46★ <sup>3</sup>				
		System; 30 (7.9)					ISO VG 68				
Fuel tank	Diesel fuel★ <sup>1</sup>	21 (5.5)	★ASTM D975 NO.1								
								ASTM D975 NO.2			
Fitting (grease nipple)	Grease	As required	★NLGI NO.1								
								NLGI NO.2			
Radiator (reservoir tank)	Mixture of antifreeze and soft water★ <sup>2</sup>	4 (1.1)				Ethylene glycol base permanent type (50 : 50)					
			★Ethylene glycol base permanent type (60 : 40)								

**SAE** : Society of Automotive Engineers

**API** : American Petroleum Institute

**ISO** : International Organization for Standardization

**NLGI** : National Lubricating Grease Institute

**ASTM** : American Society of Testing and Material

★ : Cold region (Russia, CIS, Mongolia)

★<sup>1</sup> : Ultra low sulfur diesel

- sulfur content ≤ 15 ppm

★<sup>2</sup> : Soft water

City water or distilled water

★<sup>3</sup> : Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil

※ Using any lubricating oils other than HYUNDAI genuine products may lead to a deterioration of performance and cause damage to major components.

※ Do not mix HYUNDAI genuine oil with any other lubricating oil as it may result in damage to the systems of major components.

※ Do not use any engine oil other than that specified above, as it may clog the diesel particulate filter(DPF).

※ For HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease for use in regions with extremely low temperatures, please contact HYUNDAI dealers.



# CONTROL DEVICES

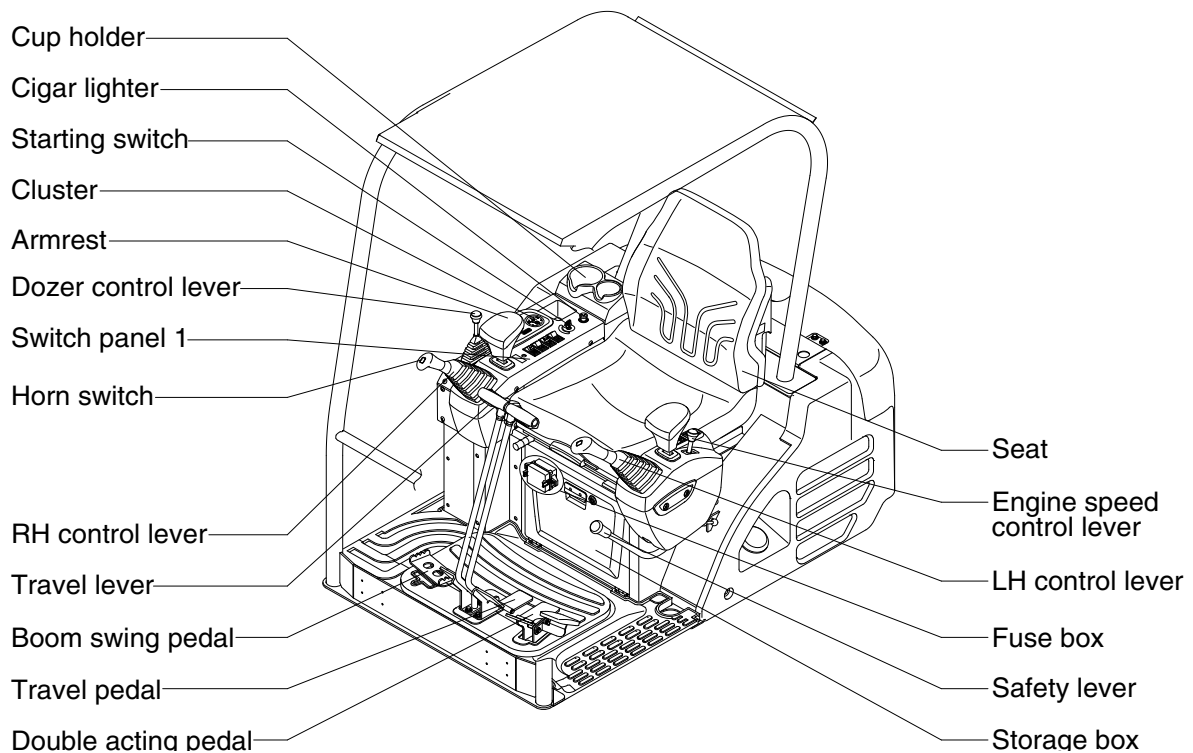
## 1. CANOPY / CAB DEVICES

- 1) The ergonomically designed console box and suspension type seat provide the operator with comfort.

## 2) ELECTRONIC MONITOR SYSTEM

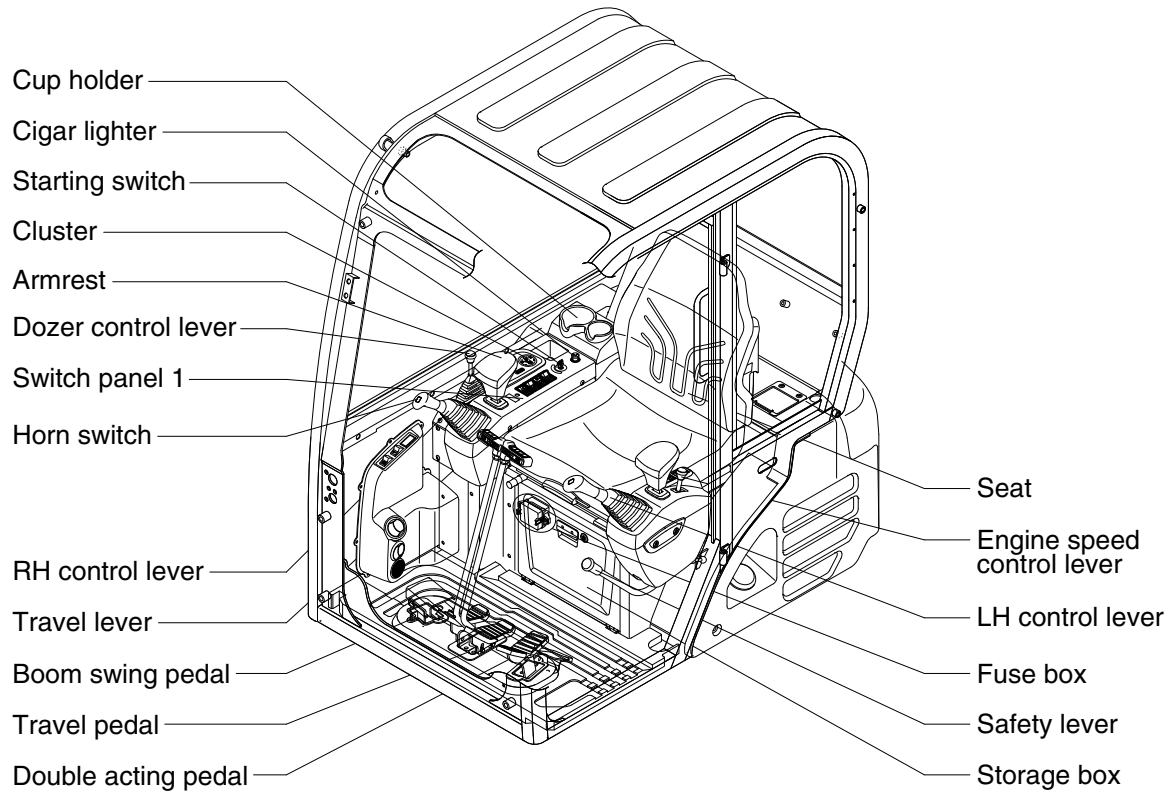
- (1) The centralized electronic monitor system allows the status and conditions of the machine to be monitored at a glance.
- (2) It is equipped with a safety warning system for early detection of machine malfunction.

### ■ CANOPY TYPE



18AK3CD01A

## ■ CAB TYPE



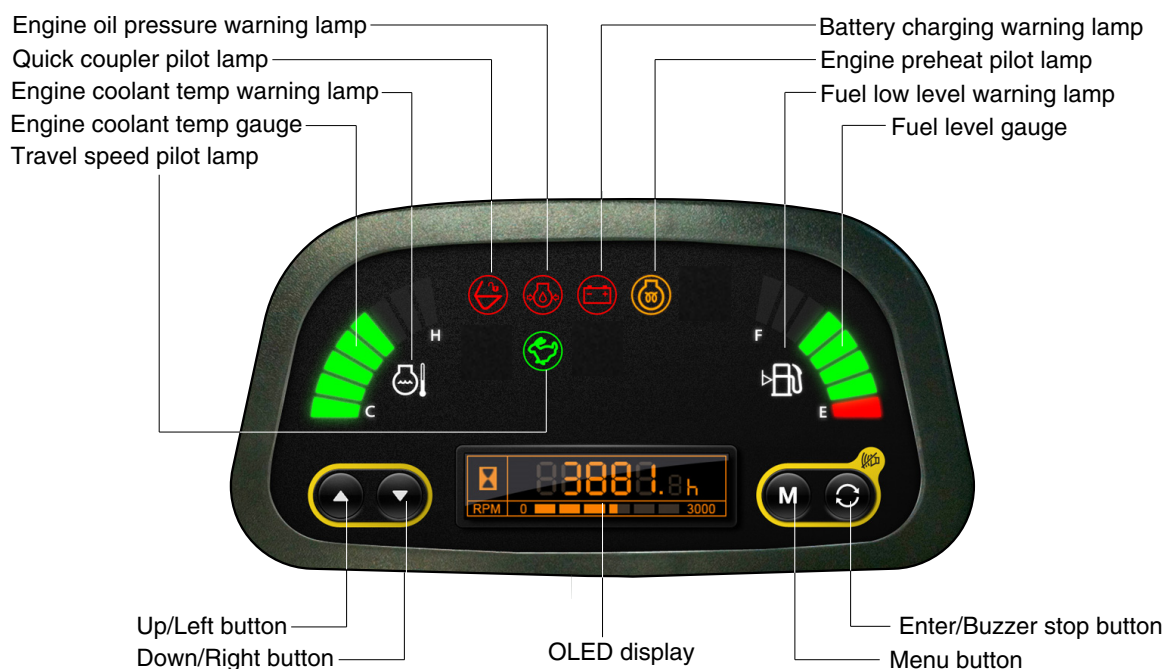
18AK3CD02A

## 2. CLUSTER

The cluster consists of gauges and lamps as shown below, to warn the operator in case of abnormal machine operation or conditions for the appropriate operation and inspection.

- Gauges : Indicate operating status of the machine.
- Warning lamp : Indicate abnormality of the machine (red).
- Pilot lamp : Indicate operating status of the machine.

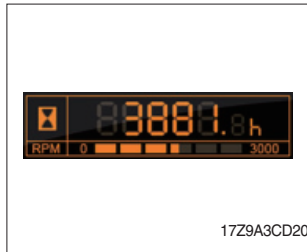
- ※ **The cluster installed on this machine does not entirely guarantee the condition of the machine. Daily inspection should be performed according to chapter 6, Maintenance.**
- ※ **When the cluster provides a warning, immediately check the problem and perform the required action.**



18AK3CD03A

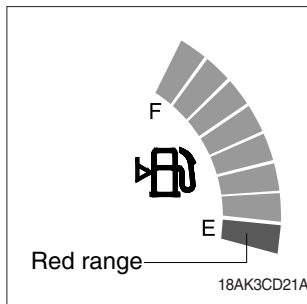
## 1) GAUGES AND DISPLAYS



### (1) Service meter



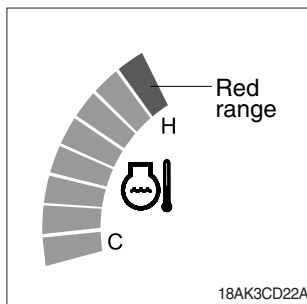
- ① This meter shows the total operation hours of the machine.
- ② Always ensure the operating condition of the meter during the machine operation.  
Inspect and service the machine based on hours as indicated in chapter 6, maintenance.


### (2) Fuel gauge



- ① This gauge indicates the amount of fuel in the fuel tank.
- ② Fill the fuel when the red range or warning lamp  ON.
- ※ If the gauge illuminates the red range or warning lamp  ON even though the machine is on the normal condition, check the electric device as that can be caused by the poor connection of electricity or sensor.

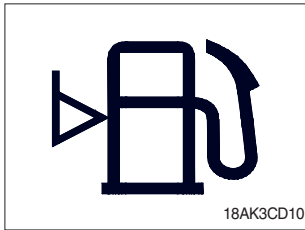
### (3) Engine coolant temperature gauge



- ① This indicates the temperature of coolant.
  - Red range : Above 115°C (239°F)
- ② When the red range pointed or warning lamp  ON, engine do not abruptly stop but run it at medium speed to allow it to cool gradually, then stop it.  
Check the radiator and engine.
- ※ If the engine is stopped without cooled down running, the temperature of engine parts will rise suddenly, this could cause severe engine trouble.

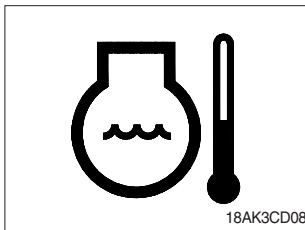
## 2) WARNING AND PILOT LAMPS

### (1) Fuel low level warning lamp



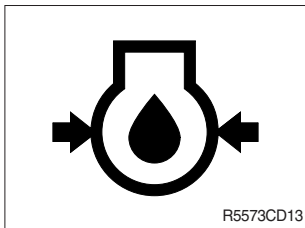
- ① This lamp blinks and buzzer sounds when the level of fuel is below 5.0 l (1.3 U.S. gal).
- ② Fill the fuel immediately when the lamp blinks.

### (2) Engine coolant temperature warning lamp



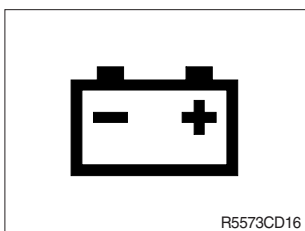
- ① This lamp blinks and buzzer sounds when the temperature of coolant is over the normal temperature 110°C (230°F) .
- ② Check the cooling system when the lamp blinks.

### (3) Engine oil pressure warning lamp



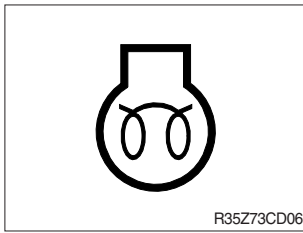
- ① This lamp blinks and buzzer sounds after starting the engine because of the low oil pressure.
- ② If the lamp blinks during engine operation, shut OFF engine immediately. Check oil level.

### (4) Battery charging warning lamp



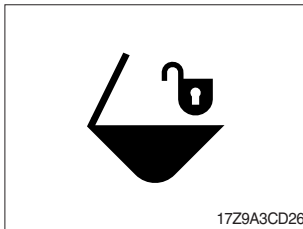
- ① This lamp blinks and buzzer sounds when the starting switch is ON, it is turned OFF after starting the engine.
- ② Check the battery charging circuit when this lamp blinks during engine operation.

**(5) Engine preheat pilot lamp**



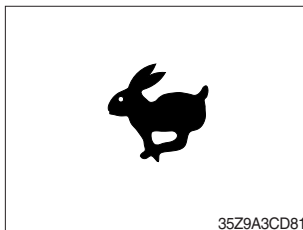
- ① When the start switch turn to HEAT position, pilot lamp comes ON.
- ② Refer to the page 4-4 for details.

**(6) Quick coupler lock pilot lamp**



- ① When the quick coupler switch turned ON, this lamp turn ON and the buzzer sounds.
- ② This lamp turned OFF and the buzzer stop when the quick coupler switch turned OFF.

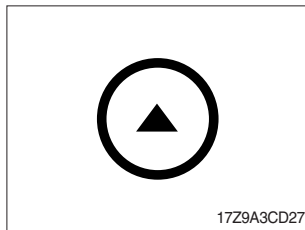
**(7) Travel speed pilot lamp**



- ① When this lamp turned ON, the machine travel high speed.

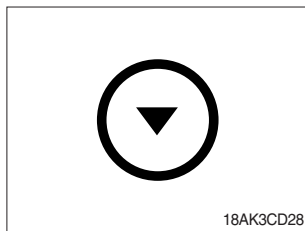
### 3) BUTTONS

#### (1) Up/left button



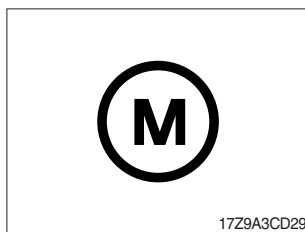
- ① Move in menu (up, left)
- ② Increase input value.

#### (2) Down/right button



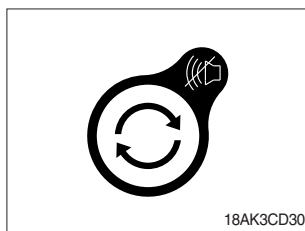
- ① Move in menu (down, right)
- ② Decrease input value.

#### (3) Menu button



- ① Current display to next display.

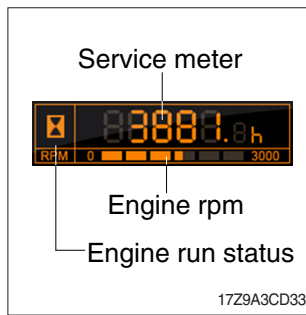
#### (4) Enter and buzzer stop button



- ① Select menu (enter).
- ② Stop buzzer sound when sound is ON.

#### 4) OLED display

##### (1) Main display



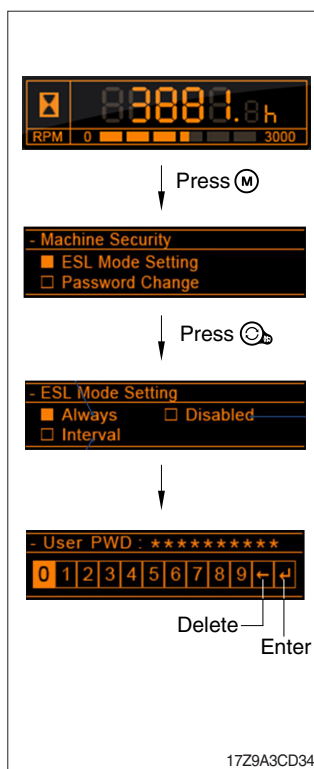
① **Service meter** : This meter shows the total operation hours of the machine.

※ **Always ensure the operating condition of the service meter during the machine operation.**

② **Engine rpm** : This displays the engine speed.

③ **Engine run status** : This displays the engine run status.

##### (2) Machine security



##### ① ESL (Engine Starting Limit) mode setting

- ESL mode is designed to be a theft deterrent or will prevent the unauthorized operation of the machine.
- If the ESL mode was selected Always, the password will be required when the start switch is turned ON.
- Disable : Not used ESL function.

Always: The password is required whenever the operator start engine.

Interval : The password is required when the operator start engine first. But the operator can restart the engine within the interval time without inputting the password.

The interval time can be set maximum 2 days.

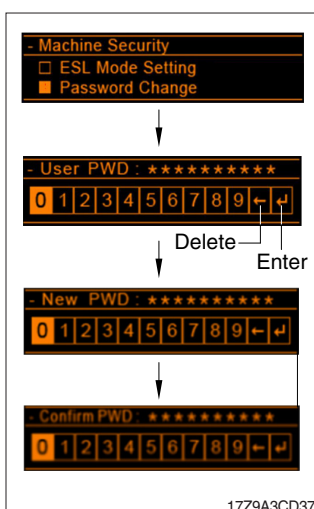
##### Interval time

- If set interval time to 5 minutes, ESL system is activated after 5 minutes. Therefore, the password does not need to restart engine within 5 minutes.

※ **Default password : 00000**

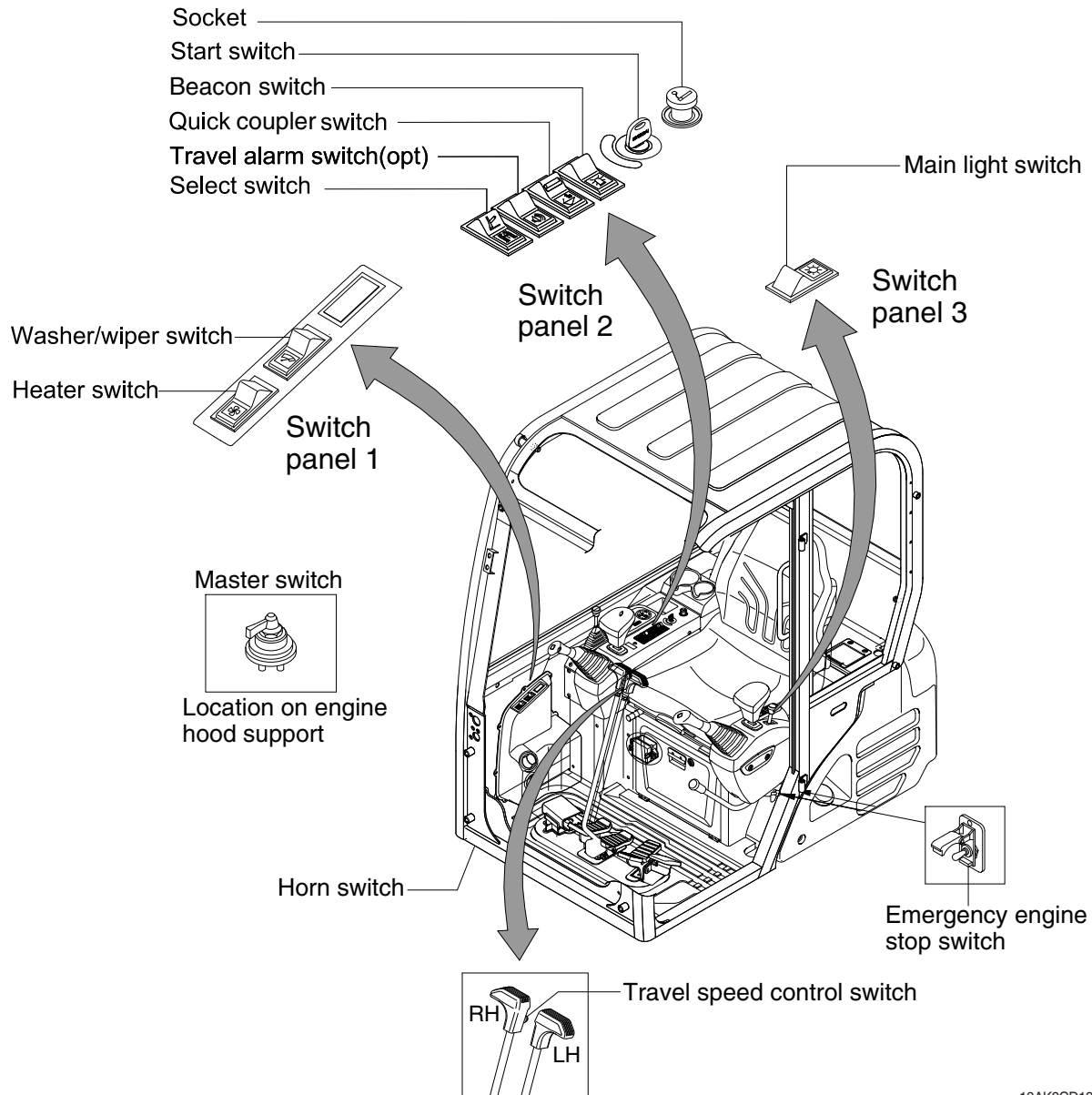
##### ② Password change

- Input 5 to 10 digits and press Enter.



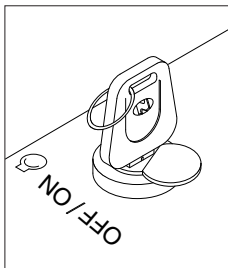


### 3. SWITCHES



18AK3CD13-1

#### 1) STARTING SWITCH



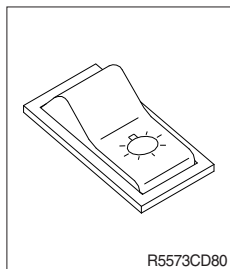
18AK3CD27

(1) There are three positions, OFF, ON and START.

- OFF : None of electrical circuits activate.
- ON : All the systems of machine operate.
- (START) : Use when starting the engine. Release key immediately after starting.

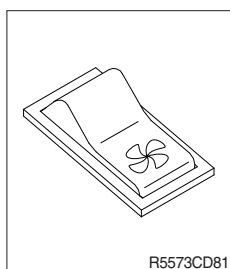
※ Key must be in the ON position with engine running to maintain electrical and hydraulic function and prevent serious machine damage.

## 2) MAIN LIGHT SWITCH



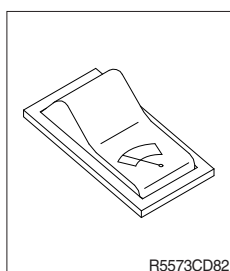
- (1) This switch use to operates the head light and work light by two step.
- First step : Head light and cluster illumination lamp comes ON.
  - Second step : Work light comes ON. Also, the below indicator lamp comes ON.

## 3) HEATER SWITCH



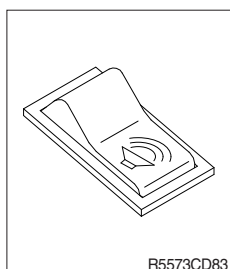
- (1) This switch use to operates the heater by two step.
- First step : Low fan speed
  - Second step : High fan speed

## 4) WIPER AND WASHER SWITCH



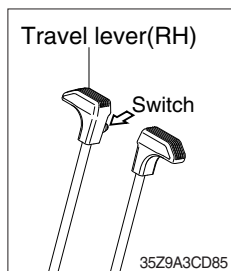
- (1) The switch use to operates the wiper and washer by two step.
- First step : The wiper operates.
  - Second step : The washer liquid is sprayed and the wiper is operated only while pressing. If release the switch, return to the first step position.

## 5) TRAVEL ALARM SWITCH (option)



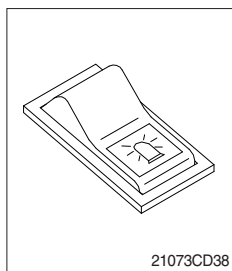
- (1) This switch is the signal to alarm surroundings when the machine travels to forward and backward.
- (2) On pressing this switch, the alarm operates only when the machine is traveling.

## 6) TRAVEL SPEED CONTROL SWITCH



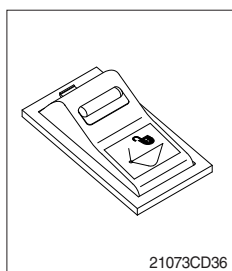
- (1) This switch is to control the travel speed which is changed to high speed by pressing the switch and low speed by pressing it again.
- (2) When the machine travel high speed, the travel speed pilot lamp lights ON.

## 7) BEACON SWITCH (option)



- (1) This switch turns ON the rotary light on the cab.
- (2) The below indicator lamp is turned ON when operation this switch.

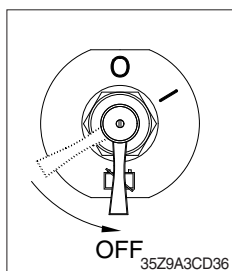
## 8) QUICK COUPLER SWITCH (option)



- (1) This switch is used to engage or disengage the moving hook on quick coupler.

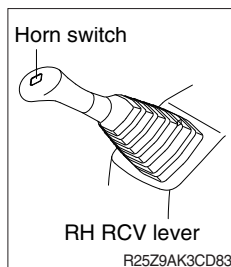
※ Refer to the page 8-6 for details.

## 9) MASTER SWITCH



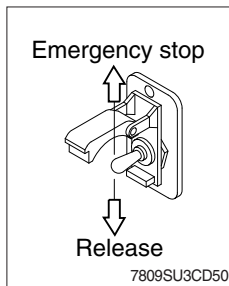
- (1) This switch is used to shut off the entire electrical system.
  - (2) I : The battery remains connected to the electrical system.  
O : The battery is disconnected to the electrical system.
- ※ **Never turn the master switch to O (OFF) with the engine running. It could result in engine and electrical system damage.**

## 10) HORN SWITCH



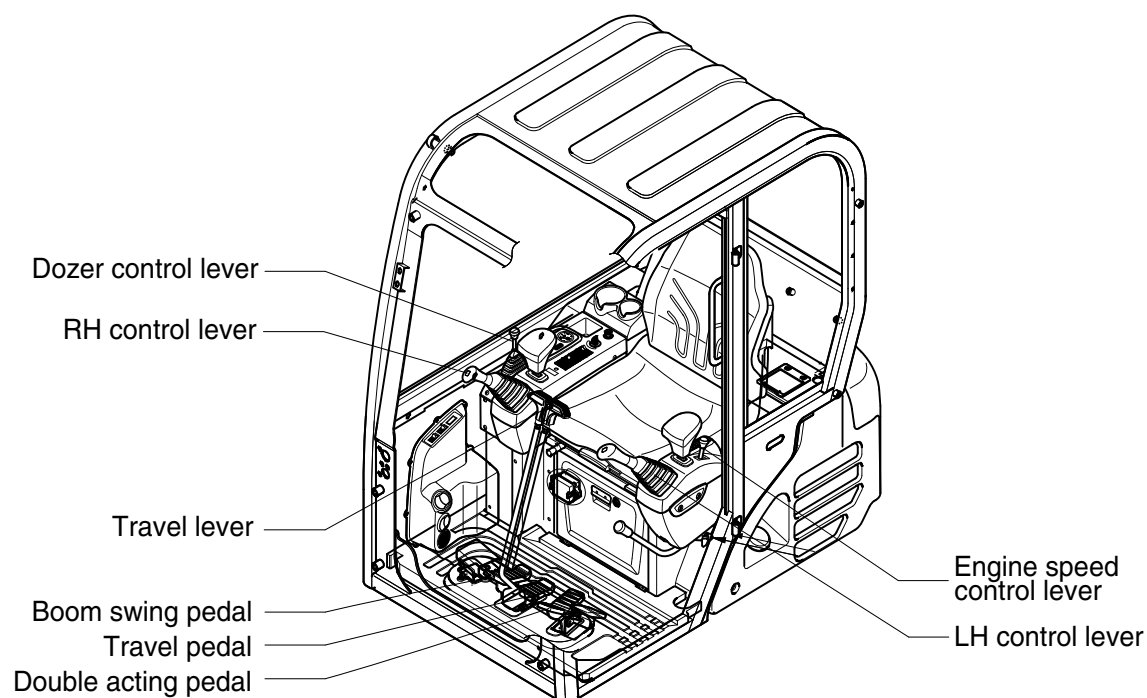
- (1) This switch is at the top of right side control lever.  
On pressing, the horn sounds.

## 11) EMERGENCY ENGINE STOP SWITCH



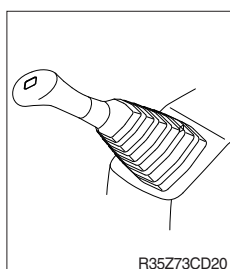
- (1) This switch is used to emergency stop the engine.
  - (2) When the users control the emergency switch, the switch should not be maintained on "EMERGENCY STOP" position more than 10 seconds in order to avoid its failure.
  - (3) The users remind that it should be turned back to original "RELEASE" position within 10 seconds.
- ※ **Be sure to keep the emergency switch on the release position when restart the engine.**

## 4. LEVERS AND PEDALS



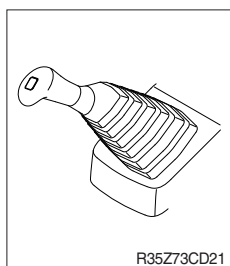
18AK3CD12

### 1) LH CONTROL LEVER



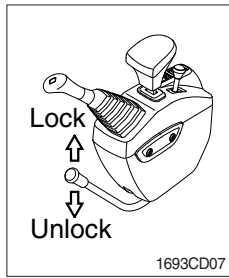
- (1) This joystick is used to control the swing and the arm.
- (2) Refer to operation of working device in chapter 4 for details.

### 2) RH CONTROL LEVER



- (1) This joystick is used to control the boom and the bucket.
- (2) Refer to operation of working device in chapter 4 for details.

### 3) SAFETY LEVER



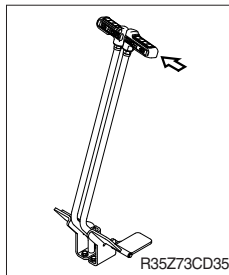
(1) All control levers are disabled from operation by locating the lever to lock position as shown.

※ **Be sure to raise the lever to LOCK position when leaving from operator's seat.**

(2) By pushing lever to UNLOCK position, machine is operational.

※ **Do not use the safety lever for handle when getting on or off the machine.**

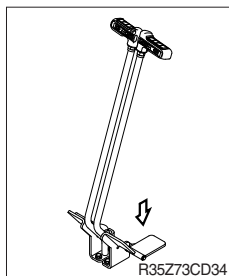
### 4) TRAVEL LEVER



(1) This lever is mounted on travel pedal and used for traveling by hand. The operation principle is same as the travel pedal.

(2) Refer to traveling of the machine in chapter 4 for details.

### 5) TRAVEL PEDAL



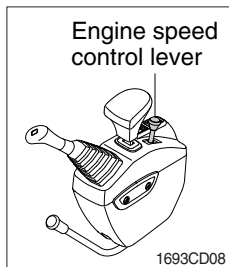
(1) This pedal is used to move the machine forward or backward.

(2) If left side pedal is pressed, left track will move.

If right side pedal is pressed, right track will move.

(3) Refer to traveling of machine in chapter 4 for details.

### 6) ENGINE SPEED CONTROL LEVER

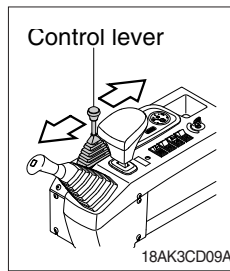


(1) This lever is used to increase or decrease the rotation speed of engine.

(2) Move the lever backward to increase engine RPM. Move the lever forward to decrease engine RPM.

(3) When stopping the engine, move the engine speed control lever forward completely and turn key OFF.

## 7) DOZER OR CRAWLER CONTROL LEVER



(1) This lever is used to operate the dozer blade or crawler.

(2) Select switch : Position ①

The lever is pushed forward, the dozer blade will be going down.

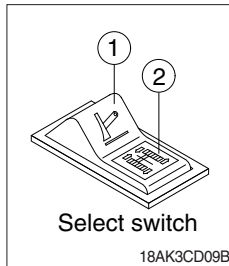
The lever is pulled back, the dozer blade will be going up.

(3) Select switch : Position ②

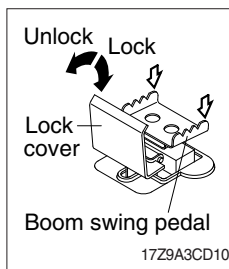
The lever is pushed forward, the track extend out the maximum length.

The lever is pulled back, the track retract to the minimum one.

※ Refer to the page 3-9 for the select switch.



## 8) BOOM SWING PEDAL



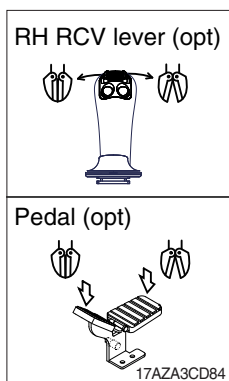
(1) This pedal is used to swing the boom to the right or left direction.

(2) Move the lock cover to unlock position by foot.

(3) The pedal is pressed to left side, boom will swing to the left direction.

The pedal is pressed to right side, boom will swing to the right direction.

## 9) DOUBLE ACTING SWITCH AND PEDAL (option)



(1) This switch and pedal operate the breaker or clamshell or shear if equipped.

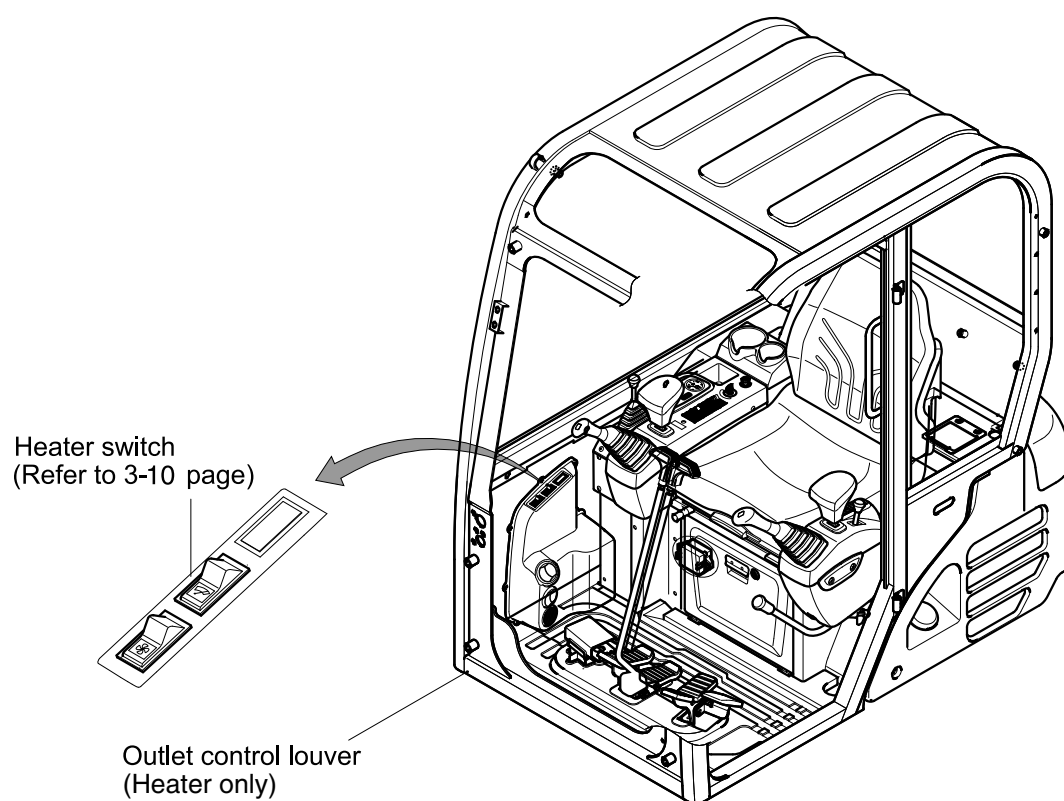
※ This switch applies to double action hydraulic attachment circuit.

※ This pedal applies to single or double action hydraulic attachment circuit.

※ Refer to page 4-23.

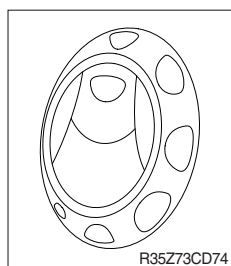
## 5. HEATER

Heater is equipped for pleasant operation against outside temperature.



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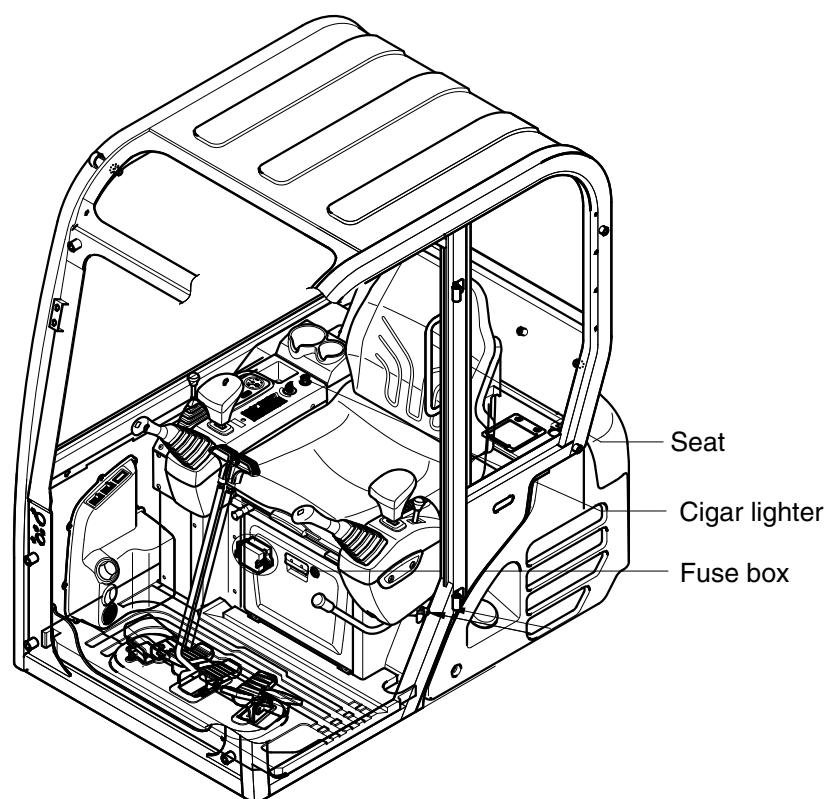
### 1) OUTLET CONTROL LOUVER



- (1) The direction of air can be controlled.  
It can be closed or opened.

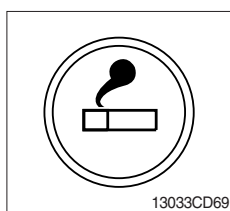


## 6. OTHERS



18AK3CD14

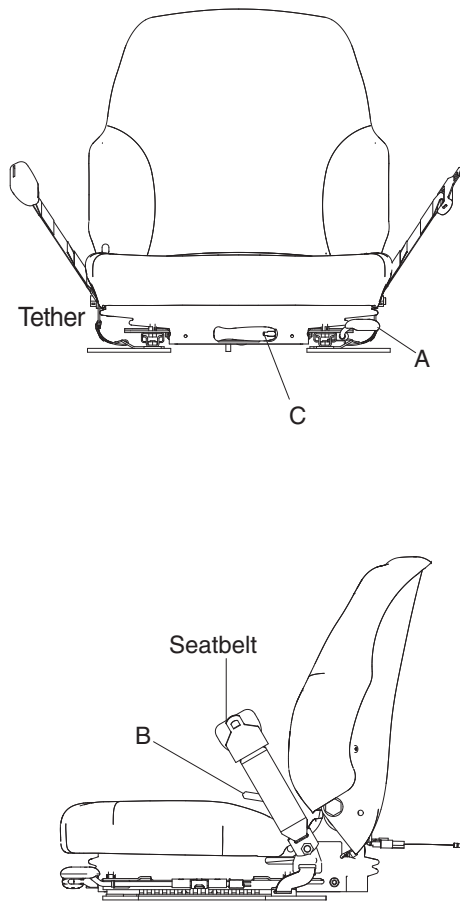
### 1) CIGAR LIGHTER



- (1) This can be used when the engine starting switch is ON.
  - (2) The lighter can be used when it springs out in a short while after being pressed down.
- ※ **Service socket**  
**Use cigar lighter socket when you need emergency power.**  
**Do not use the lighter exceeding 12V, 120W.**

## 2) SEAT

The seat is adjustable to fit the contours of the operator's body. It will reduce operator fatigue due to long work hours and enhance work efficiency.



### (1) For/aft adjustment (A)

The seat can be positioned over a range 52mm, giving you plenty of room to maneuver in every height and work situation.

### (2) Seatback angle adjustment (B)

The seatback adjusts over a range of -5° to +25° with 18 locking positions, to give your back full support for every job and make sure you feel best.

### (3) Weight adjustment (C)

Just sit down, press the smooth-action lever, click, and you're primed for action, with optimum suspension for all operator weights between 45 and 136 kg (99 and 300 lb). Design comfort with driver appeal—it only takes one simple action to adjust the suspension to the ideal sitting position that's best for you and your back.

### (4) Seatbelt system

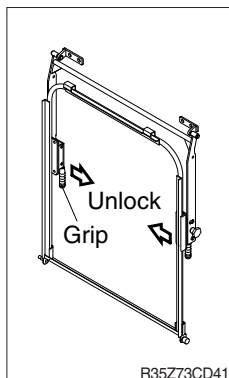
The seatbelt provides freedom of movement, yet ensure that you're safety restrained in your seat, even if your vehicle should crash or tip over.

**▲ Always check the condition of the seat belt and mounting hardware before operating the machine.**

**▲ Replace the seat belt at least once every three years, regardless of appearance.**

R27Z93CD16

## 3) UPPER WINDSHIELD



(1) Perform the following procedure in order to open the upper windshield.

① Hold both grips that are located both side of the windshield frame.

② Move grips to inside in order to release the lock latches.

Hold both grips and push the windshield upward.

③ Hold both grips and back into the storage position.

Release both grips carefully until lock latches are into the locking position.

④ Hold both grips and back into the storage position.

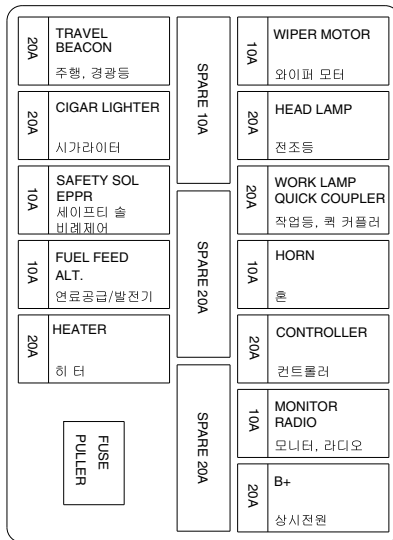
⑤ Release both grips carefully until lock latches are into the locking position.

**▲ When working, without having locked the windshield by the auto lock (by pushing the windshield to the rear until it's completely fixed), please be careful as it can cause personal injury if the windshield is not fixed or falls off.**

(2) Perform the following procedure in order to close the upper windshield.

Reverse step ① through step ⑤ in order to close the upper windshield.

#### 4) FUSE BOX



18AK3CD60

(1) The fuses protect the electrical parts and wiring from burning out.

(2) The fuse box cover indicates the capacity of each fuse and circuit it protects.

※ **Replace a fuse with another of the same capacity.**

















▲ **Before replacing a fuse, be sure to turn OFF the starting switch.**

## 5) RADIO AND USB PLAYER (WITHOUT BLUETOOTH)



9403CD101

### ■ FRONT PANEL PRESENTATION

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>1  ..... Power ON/OFF,<br/>Volume UP/DOWN button</p> <p>2  ..... Manual UP/DOWN Tuning,<br/>File search, SEL button</p> <p>3  ..... Mode button,<br/>Audio mute button</p> <p>4  ..... Radio seek up button</p> <p>5  ..... Radio seek down button</p> <p>6  ..... Station preset 1<br/>DIS ..... Display button</p> <p>7  ..... Station preset 2</p> <p>8  ..... Station preset 3<br/>RPT ..... Repeat play button</p> <p>9  ..... Station preset 4<br/>RDM ..... Random play button</p> | <p>10  ..... Station preset 5<br/>DIR- ..... Directory down button</p> <p>11  ..... Station preset 6<br/>DIR+ ..... Directory up button</p> <p>12  ..... Scan play button (SCAN)<br/>Best station memory (BSM) button</p> <p>13  ..... Track up button</p> <p>14  ..... Track down button</p> <p>15  ..... AUX IN Jack</p> <p>16  ..... USB connector</p> |
|--|---|

## ■GENERAL

### (1) Power and volume button



#### ① Power ON / OFF button

Press power button (1) to turn the unit on or off.

#### ② Volume UP/DOWN control knob

Turn VOL knob (1) right to increase the volume level.

Turn VOL knob (1) left to decrease the volume.

After 5 seconds the display will return to the previous display mode.

#### ③ Initial volume level set up

I-VOL is the volume level the unit will play at when it is next turned on. To adjust the I-VOL level, press and hold VOL button (1) for longer than 2 seconds. The current volume level displays on the display panel.

Then turn button (1) right or left to set the volume level as the I-VOL level.

#### ④ Clock ON/OFF control

The CLOCK was default at off status. To turn CLOCK ON, press and hold VOL button (1) for longer than 2 seconds to display I-VOL, then short press VOL again, turn VOL knob while CLOCK OFF display, then the CLOCK ON will be displayed.

※ Due to time tolerance, the clock display on the Audio unit might have slight difference.

#### ⑤ Clock adjustment

With CLOCK ON selected, press VOL knob again after CLOCK ON display, the hour will blink, turn VOL knob right or left to adjust hour.

Simply press VOL again, the minute will blink, turn VOL knob to adjust minute. Then press VOL again to confirm the clock once finished.

## (2) Menu Selection



- ① This button can adjust the effect of the sound and other things.  
Each time you press this button (2), LCD displays as follows :

BASS → TREB → BAL L=R → FAD F=R → EQ → LOUD ON →  
BEEP 2ND

On each setting, the level can be controlled by turning TUNE knob (2).  
When the last adjustment is made, after 5 seconds, the display will  
automatically return to the previous display mode.

### ② Bass control

To adjust the bass tone level, first select the bass mode by pressing  
SEL button (2) repeatedly until BASS appears on the display panel.  
Then turn knob (2) right or left within 5 seconds to adjust the bass  
level as desired. The bass level will be shown on the display panel  
from a minimum of BASS-7 to a maximum of BASS+7.

### ③ Treble control

To adjust the treble tone level, first select the treble mode by  
pressing SEL button (2) repeatedly until TREB appears on the display  
panel. Then turn knob (2) right or left within 5 seconds to adjust  
the treble level as desired. The treble level will be shown on the display  
panel from a minimum of TREB -7 to a maximum of TREB +7.

### ④ Balance control

To adjust the left-right speaker balance, first select the balance  
mode by pressing SEL button (2) repeatedly until BAL indication  
appears on the display panel. Then turn knob (2) right or left within 5  
seconds to adjust the balance as desired. The balance position will  
be shown by the bars on the display panel from BAL 10R (full right)  
to BAL 10L (full left).

### ⑤ Fader control

To adjust the front-rear speaker balance, first select the fader mode  
by pressing SEL button (2) repeatedly until FADER indication  
appears on the display panel. Then turn knob (2) right or left within 5  
seconds to adjust the front-rear speaker level as desired. The fader  
position will be shown by the bars on the display panel from FAD  
10F (full front) to FAD 10R (full rear).

### ⑥ EQ control

You can select an equalizer curve for 4 music types (CLASSIC,  
POP, ROCK, JAZZ). Press button (2) until EQ is displayed, then turn  
knob (2) right or left to select the desired equalizer curve. Each time  
you turn the knob, LCD displays as follows :

EQ OFF → CLASSIC → POP → ROCK → JAZZ

※ When the EQ mode is activated, the BASS and TREBLE modes  
are not displayed.

#### ⑦ Loud control

When listening to music at low volume levels, this feature will boost the bass and treble response. This action will compensate for the reduction in bass and treble performance experienced at low volume.

To select the loudness feature, press button (2) until LOUD is displayed, then turn knob (2) right or left to activate or deactivate loudness.

#### ⑧ Beep control

To adjust the BEEP mode, first select the BEEP mode by pressing button (2) repeatedly until BEEP indication appears on the display panel. Then turn knob (2) left or right within 5 seconds to select BEEP 2ND, BEEP OFF or BEEP ON.

- BEEP 2ND : You will only hear the beep sound when the buttons are held down for more than 2 seconds.
- BEEP OFF : You can not hear the sound beep when you press the buttons.
- BEEP ON : You can hear the beep sound each time you press the buttons.

#### (3) Mute control

- ① Press and hold MUTE button (3) for over 2 seconds to mute sound output and MUTE ON will blink on the LCD. Press the button again to cancel MUTE function and resume to normal playing mode.

#### (4) Mode selection

- ① Repeat press MODE button (3) to switch between FM1, FM2, AM, USB, AUX, BT MUSIC.
- ※ If there is no USB, AUX, Bluetooth Phone connected, it would not display USB, AUX, BT when you press button (3).

## ■ RADIO

### (1) Mode button



- ① Repeat press MODE button to select FM1, FM2 or AM.

### (2) Manual tuning button



- ① To manually tune to a radio station, simply turn encoder TUNE (2) left or right to increase or decrease the radio frequency.

### (3) Auto tuning button



- ① To automatically select a radio station, simply press Seek up or Track down button.



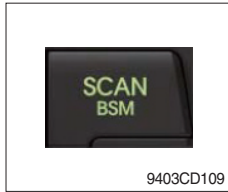
### (4) Station preset button



- ① In radio mode, pressing buttons (6) to (11) will recall the radio stations that are memorized. To store desired stations into any of the 6 preset memories, in either the AM or FM bands, use the following procedure :
- Select the desired station.
  - Press and hold one of the preset buttons for more than 2 seconds to store the current station into preset memory. Six stations can be memorized on each of FM1, FM2, and AM.



#### (5) Preset scan (PS) / Best station memory (BSM) button



① Press BSM button (12) momentarily to scan the 6 preset stations stored in the selected band. When you hear your desired station, press it again to listen to it.

Press BSM button (12) for longer than 2 seconds to activate the Best Station Memory feature which will automatically scan and enter each station into memory.

※ If you have already set the preset memories to your favorite stations, activating the BSM tuning feature will erase those stations and enter into the new ones. This BSM feature is most useful when travelling in a new area where you are not familiar with the local stations.

## ■ USB PLAYER

### (1) USB playback



- ① The unit was equipped with a front USB jack and also a rear USB Jack.

With a USB device plugged in the front USB jack, it will be detected as front USB mode. And with a USB device plugged in the rear USB jack, it will be detected as rear USB. To get to a USB mode, press MODE (3) button momentarily or insert the USB device in front or rear USB jack.

※ If there are no mp3 or wma files in USB device, it will revert to the previous mode after displaying NO FILE.

### (2) Track Up / Down button



- ① Press SEEK up (13) or TRACK down (14) to select the next or previous track. Press and hold the buttons to advance the track rapidly in the forward or backward direction.



### (3) MP3 directory / File searching



- ① Button (2) is used to select a particular directory and file in the device. Turn button (2) right or left to display the available directories. Press button (2) momentarily when the desired directory is displayed, then turn button (2) right or left again to display the tracks in that directory. Press button (2) to begin playback when the desired file is displayed.

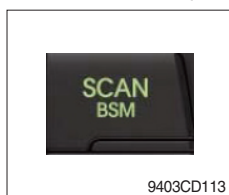
### (4) Directory Up / Down button



- ① During MP3/WMA playback, simply press DIR- button (10) to select the previous directory (if available in the device); simply press DIR+ button (11) to select the next directory (if available in the device).

※ If the USB device does not contain directories, it would play MP3/WMA tracks at 10- file when you press DIR- button (10), and play MP3/WMA tracks at 10+ file when you press DIR+ (11) button.

#### (5) Track Scan Play (SCAN) button



- SCAN playback : Simply press SCAN (12) button to play the first 10 seconds of each track.
- SCAN folder : Press and hold SCAN button for longer than 2 seconds to scan play the tracks in current folder.
- SCAN off : Simply press it again to cancel SCAN feature.

#### (6) Track Repeat Play (RPT) button



- REPEAT playback : Simply press RPT (8) button to play current track repeatedly.
- REPEAT folder : Press and hold RPT for longer than 2 seconds to repeat play the tracks in current folder.
- REPEAT off : Simply press it again to cancel REPEAT feature.

#### (7) Track Random Play (RDM) button



- RANDOM playback : Simply press RDM (9) button to play the tracks in the device in a random sequence.
- RANDOM folder : Press and hold RDM button for longer than 2 seconds to randomly play the tracks in the current folder.
- RANDOM off : Simply press it again to cancel RANDOM feature.

#### (8) ID3 v2 (DISP)



- ① While a MP3 file is playing, press DISP button (6) to display ID3 information. Repeat push DISP button (6) to show directory name / file name and album name / performer / title.

※ If the MP3 disc does not have any ID3 information, it will show NO ID3.

#### \* USB Information and Notice

- Playback FILE SYSTEM and condition allowance.
  - FAT, FAT12, FAT16 and FAT32 in the file system.
  - V1.1, V2.2 and V2.3 in the TAG (ID3) version.
- Display up to 32 characters in the LCD display.
- No support any of MULTI-CARD Reader.
- No high speed playback but only playing with normal full speed.

※ DRM files in the USB may cause malfunction to playback in the radio unit.

※ In temperatures below -10°C (14°F), the audio unit with USB hook up may be affected and not play well.

## ■AUX OPERATION

It is possible to connect your portable media player to the audio system for playback of the audio tracks via the cab speakers.

To get the best results when connecting the portable media to the audio system, follow these steps :

- Use a 3.5 mm stereo plug cable to connect the media player headphone socket at each end as follows.
- Adjust the portable media player to approximately 3/4 volume and start playback.
- Press the MODE button (3) on the audio unit to change into AUX mode.
- The volume and tone can now be adjusted on the audio unit to the desired level.

- ※ The audio quality of your media player and the audio tracks on it may not be of the same sound quality as the audio system is CD Player.
- ※ If the sound of the media player is too low compared with the radio or CD, increase the volume of the player.
- ※ If the sound of the media player is too loud and/or distorted, decrease the volume of the player.
- ※ When in AUX mode, only the Volume, Bass, Treble, EQ and Mode functions of the audio unit can be used.

## ■ RESET AND PRECAUTIONS

### (1) Reset function

Interfering noise or abnormal compressed files in the MP3 disc or USB instrument may cause intermittent operation (or unit frozen/locking up). It is strongly recommended to use appropriate USB storage to not cause any malfunction to the audio unit. In the unlikely event that the player fails to operate correctly, try to reset unit by any of following two methods.

① press and hold   simultaneously for about 5 seconds. (without Bluetooth)

② Take out the fuse for the audio system in the vehicle once and then plug it back in.

※ It will be necessary to re-enter the radio preset memories as these will have been erased when the microprocessor was reset.

※ After resetting the player, ensure all functions are operating correctly.

### (2) Precautions

When the inside of the cab is very cold and the player is used shortly after switching on the heater, moisture may form on the disc or the optical parts of the player and proper playback may not be possible.

If moisture forms on the optical parts of the player, do not use the player for about one hour. The condensation will disappear naturally allowing normal operation.

① Operation voltage : 9~32 volts DC, negative

② Output power : 40 watts maximum (20 watts x 2 channels)

③ Tuning range

Area	Band	Frequency range	Step
USA	FM	87.5~107.9 MHZ	200K
	AM	530~1710 KHZ	10K
EUROPE	FM	87.5~108.0 MHZ	50K
	AM	522~1620 KHZ	9K
ASIA	FM	87.5~108.0 MHZ	100K
	AM	531~1602 KHZ	9K
LATIN	FM	87.5~107.9 MHZ	100K
	AM	530~1710 KHZ	10K

#### ● AREA Selection :

- To select an area, press and hold related buttons at FM1 band for about 3 seconds.
- USA Area: Press and hold mode + 1DIS buttons for 3 seconds
- EUROPE Area: Press and hold mode + 2 buttons for 3 seconds
- ASIA Area: Press and hold mode + 3RPT buttons for 3 seconds
- LATIN Area: Press and hold mode + 4RDM buttons for 3 seconds.

④ USB version : USB 1.1

⑤ Bluetooth version : V2.1

⑥ Bluetooth supported profile :

- A2DP : Advanced Audio Distribution Profile
- AVRCP : Audio/Video Remote Control Profile
- HFP : Hands-Free Profile

## 1. SUGGESTION FOR NEW MACHINE

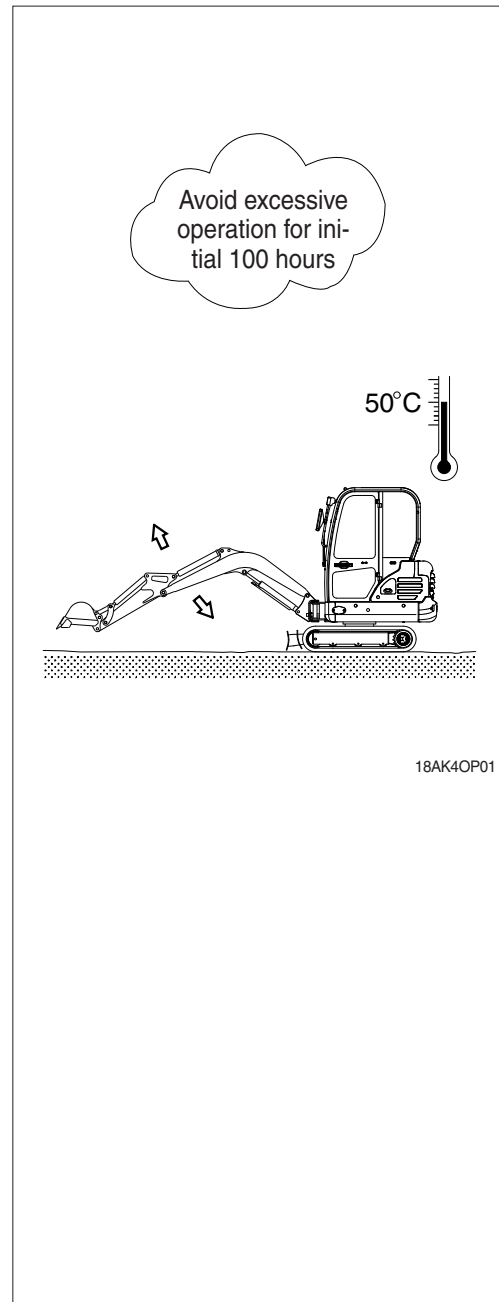
- 1) It takes about 100 operation hours to enhance its designed performance.
- 2) Operate according to below three steps and avoid excessive operation for the initial 100 hours.

Service meter	Load
Until 10 hours	About 60%
Until 100 hours	About 80%
After 100 hours	100%

※ **Excessive operation may deteriorate the potential performance of machine and shorten lifetime of the machine.**

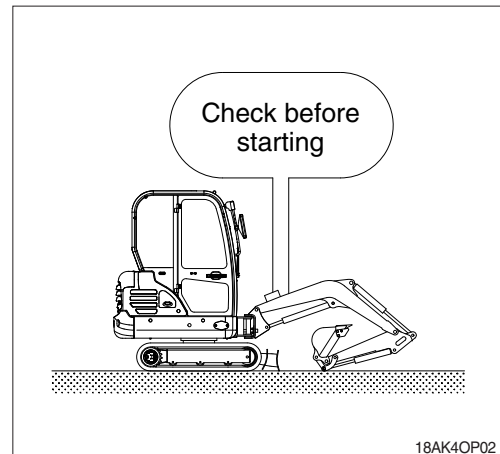
- 3) Be careful during the initial 100 hours operation
  - (1) Check daily for the level and leakage of coolant, engine oil, hydraulic oil and fuel.
  - (2) Check regularly the lubrication and fill grease daily all lubrication points.
  - (3) Tighten bolts.
  - (4) Warm up the machine fully before operation.
  - (5) Check the gauges occasionally during the operation.
  - (6) Check if the machine is operating normally during operation.
- 4) Replace followings after initial 250 hours of operation.

Checking items	Hours
Fuel filter	250
Travel reduction gear oil	



## 2. CHECK BEFORE STARTING THE ENGINE

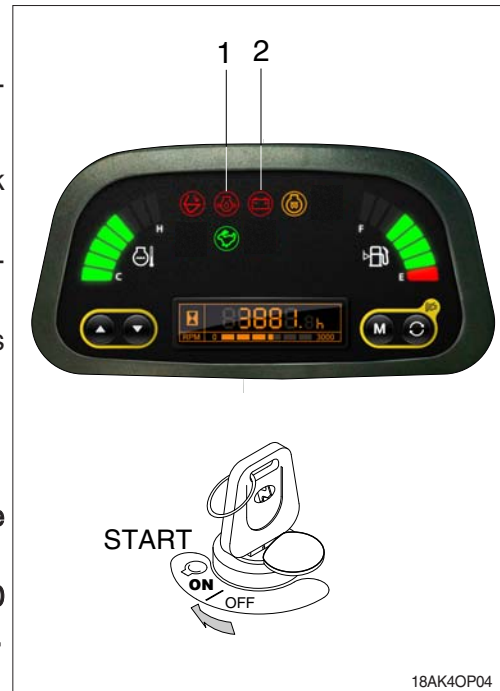
- 1) Look around the machine and under the machine to check for loosen nut or bolts, collection of dirt, or leakage of oil, fuel or coolant and check the condition of the work equipment and hydraulic system. Check also loosen wiring, and collection of dust at places which reach high temperature.  
※ **Refer to the daily check on the chapter 6, maintenance.**
- 2) Adjust seat to fit the contours of the operator's body for the pleasant operation.



### 3. STARTING AND STOP THE ENGINE

#### 1) CHECK INDICATOR LIGHTS

- (1) Check if all the operating lever is on the neutral position.
  - (2) Turn the starting switch to the ON position, and check following.
    - ① If all the lamps light ON and buzzer sounding for 6 seconds.
    - ② Only below lamps will light ON and all the other lights will turn OFF after 2 seconds.
      - Engine oil pressure warning lamp (1)
      - Battery charging warning lamp (2)
- ※ If the ESL mode is set to the Always, enter the password to start engine.
- ※ If the password has failed 5 times, please wait 10 minutes before re-attempting to enter the password.
- ※ Refer to the page 3-7 for ESL mode setting.





## 2) STARTING ENGINE

- ※ Sound horn to warn surroundings after checking if there are obstacles in the area.
- ※ Replace the engine oil and fuel referring to recommended oils at page 2-12.
- ※ Fill anti-freeze solution to the coolant as required.

- (1) Check if all levers are on the neutral position.
- (2) If the weather temperature is below 10°C, the start switch turn ON position.
- (3) After the preheat pilot lamp OFF, start engine by turning the starting switch to the START position.
- (4) Release the starting switch immediately after starting engine to avoid possible damage to the starting motor.

- ※ If the engine does not start, the start switch turn ON position for preheating.  
After the preheating, start the engine again.
- ※ If the engine does not start, allow the starter to cool for 10~20 seconds before attempting to start the engine again.  
At the cold, allow 2 minute before attempting to start the engine again.



### 3) INSPECTION AFTER ENGINE START

Inspect and confirm the following after engine starts.

- (1) Is the level gauge of hydraulic oil tank in the normal level?
- (2) Are there leakages of oil or water?
- (3) Are all the warning lamps OFF(2~6)?
- (4) Is the indicator of engine coolant temperature gauge(1) in the normal zone?
- (5) Is the engine sound and the color of exhaust gas normal?
- (6) Are the sound and vibration normal?

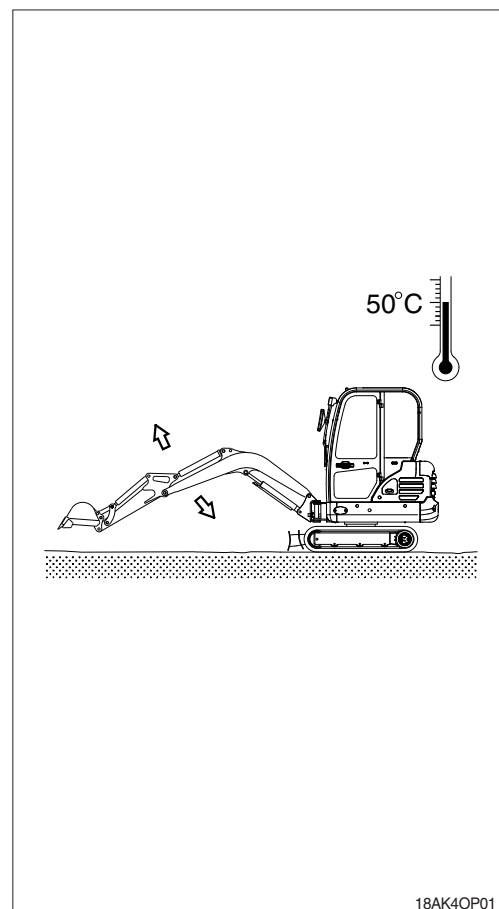
- ※ **Do not increase engine speed quickly after starting, it can damage engine or turbocharger.**
- ※ **If there are problems in the control panel, stop the engine immediately and correct problem as required.**



### 4) WARMING-UP OPERATION

- ※ **The most suitable temperature for the hydraulic oil is about 50°C (122°F).**  
It can cause serious trouble in the hydraulic system by sudden operation when the hydraulic oil temperature is below 25°C (77°F).  
Then temperature must be raised to at least 25°C (77°F) before starting work.

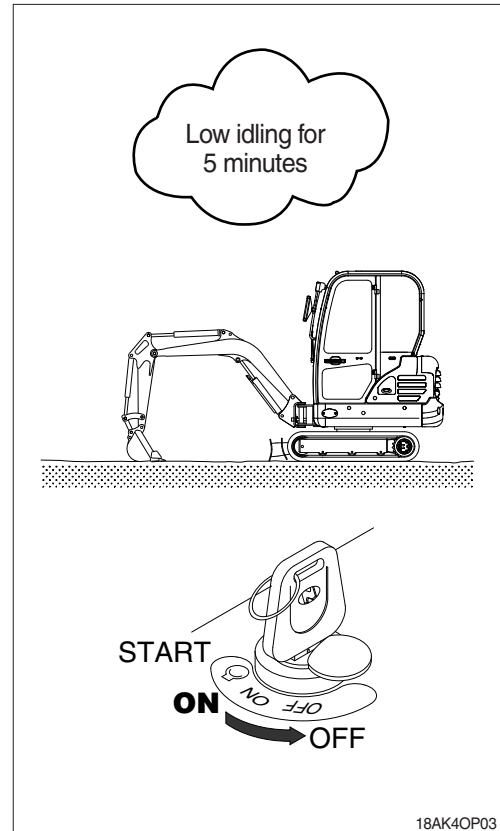
- (1) Run the engine at low idling for 5 minutes.
- (2) Speed up the idling and run the engine at mid-range speed.
- (3) Operate bucket lever for 5 minutes.
  - ※ **Do not operate anything except bucket lever.**
- (4) Run the engine at the high speed and operate the bucket lever and arm lever for 5-10 minutes.
  - ※ **Operate only the bucket lever and arm lever.**
- (5) This warming-up operation will be completed by operation of all cylinders several times, and operation of swing and traveling.
  - ※ **Increase the warming-up operation during winter.**



#### 5) TO STOP THE ENGINE

- ※ If the engine is abruptly stopped before it has cooled down, engine life may be greatly shortened. Consequently, do not abruptly stop the engine apart from an emergency.
- ※ In particular if the engine has overheated, do not abruptly stop it but run it at medium speed to allow it to cool gradually, then stop it.

- (1) Down the bucket on the ground then put all the levers in the neutral position.
- (2) Run the engine at low idling speed for about 5 minutes.
- (3) Return the key of starting switch to the OFF position.
- (4) Remove the key to prevent other people using the machine and LOCK safety lever.
- (5) Lock the cab door.

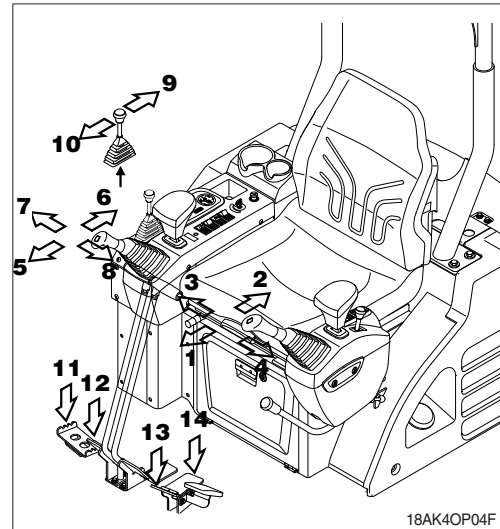


## 4. OPERATION OF WORKING DEVICE

※ **Confirm the operation of control lever and working device.**

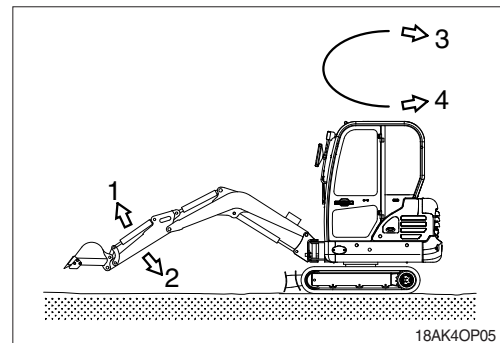
- 1) Left control lever controls arm and swing.
- 2) Right control lever controls boom and bucket.
- 3) When you release the control lever, control lever returns to neutral position automatically.

※ **When operating swing, consider the swing distance by inertia.**



※ **Left control lever**

- 1 Arm roll-out
- 2 Arm roll-in
- 3 Swing right
- 4 Swing left

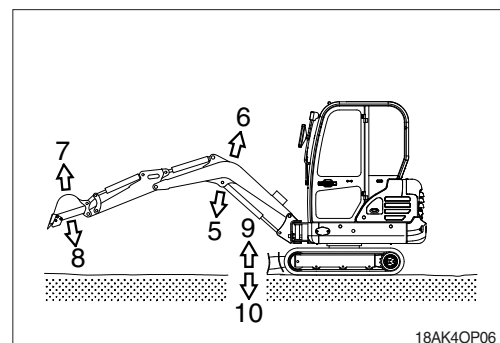


※ **Right control lever**

- 5 Boom lower
- 6 Boom raise
- 7 Bucket roll-out
- 8 Bucket roll-in

※ **Dozer control lever**

- 9 Dozer blade up
- 10 Dozer blade down

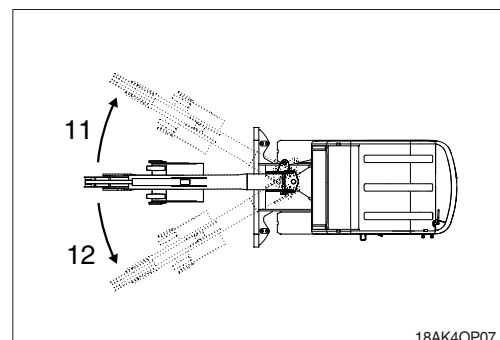


※ **Boom swing pedal**

- 11 Boom swing right
- 12 Boom swing left

※ **Double acting pedal**

- 13, 14 Refer to optional attachment



## 5. TRAVELING OF THE MACHINE

### 1) BASIC OPERATION

#### (1) Traveling position

It is the position which the traveling motor is in the rear and the working device is forward.

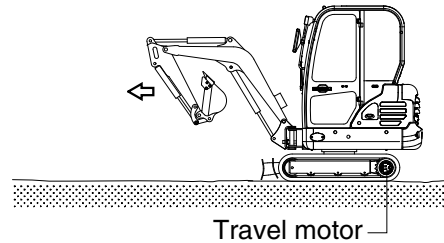
- ▲ **Be careful as the traveling direction will be reversed when the whole machine is swung 180 degree.**

#### (2) Traveling operation

It is possible to travel by either travel lever or pedal.

- ※ **Do not travel continuously for a long time.**
- ※ **Reduce the engine speed and travel at a low speed when traveling on uneven ground.**

Traveling position

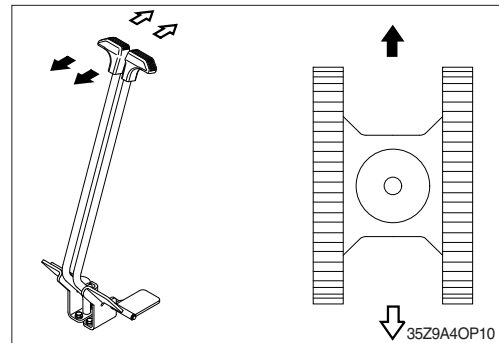


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#### (3) Forward and backward traveling

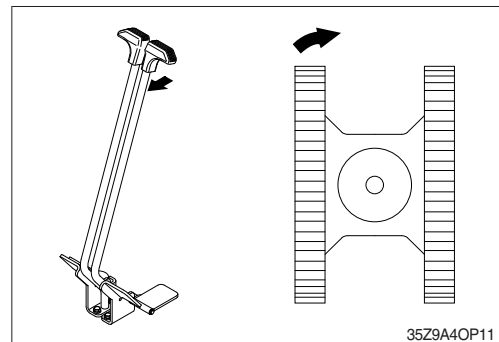
When the left and right travel lever or pedal are pushed at the same time, the machine will travel forward or backward.

- ※ **The speed can be controlled by the operation stroke of lever or pedal and change of direction will be controlled by difference of the left and right stroke.**



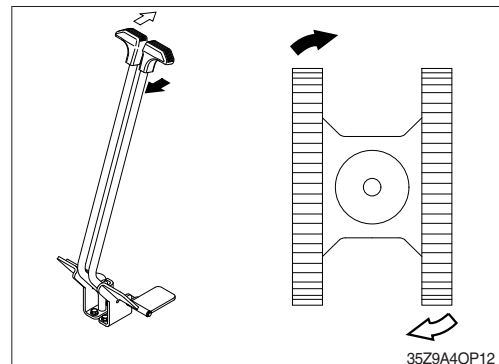
#### (4) Pivot turning

Operating only one side of lever or pedal make the change of direction possible by moving only one track.



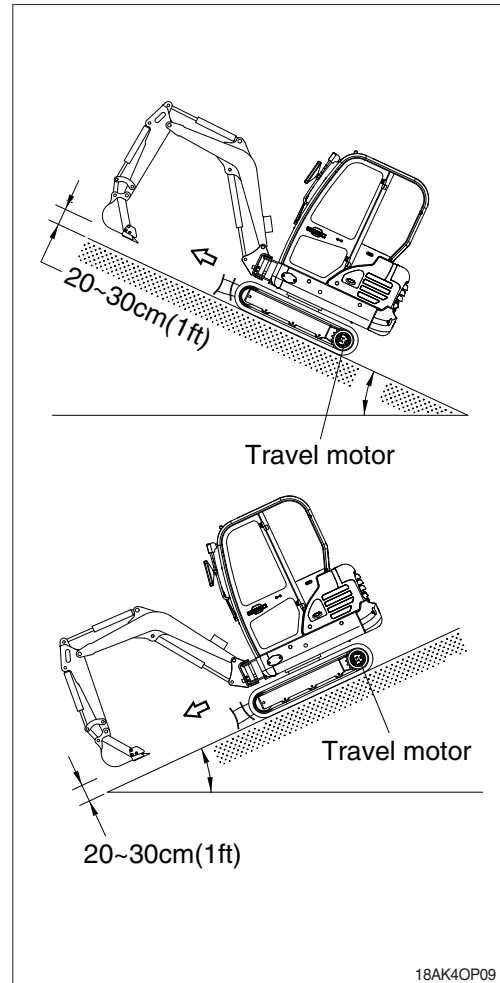
#### (5) Counter rotation

It is to change the direction at the original place by moving the right and left track. Both side of lever or pedal are operated to the other way at the same time.



## 2) TRAVELING ON A SLOPE

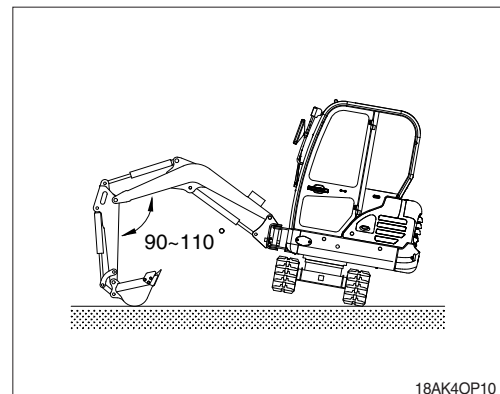
- (1) Make sure that the travel lever is properly maneuvered by confirming the travel motor is in the right location.
  - (2) Lower the bucket 20 to 30 cm (1 ft) to the ground so that it can be used as a brake in an emergency.
  - (3) If the machine starts to slide or loses stability, lower the bucket immediately and brake the machine.
  - (4) When parking on a slope, use the bucket as a brake and place blocks behind the tracks to prevent sliding.
- ※ Machine cannot travel effectively on a slope when the oil temperature is low. Do the warming-up operation when it is going to travel on a slope.
- ▲ Be careful when working on slopes. It may cause the machine to lose its balance and turn over.
- ▲ Be sure to keep the travel speed switch on the LOW (turtle mark) while traveling on a slope.



## 3) TRAVELING ON SOFT GROUND

※ If possible, avoid to operate on soft ground.

- (1) Move forward as far as machine can move.
- (2) Take care not to go beyond the depth where towing is impossible on soft ground.
- (3) When driving becomes impossible, lower bucket and use boom and arm to pull the machine. Operate boom, arm, and travel lever at the same time to avoid the machine sinking.



#### 4) TOWING THE MACHINE

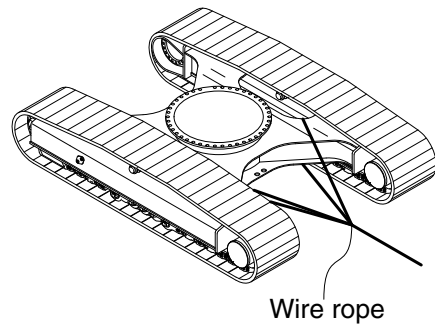
Tow the machine as follows when it can not move on it's own.

- (1) Tow the machine by other machine after hook the wire rope to the frame as shown in picture at right.
- (2) Hook the wire rope to the frame and put a support under each part of wire rope to prevent damage.

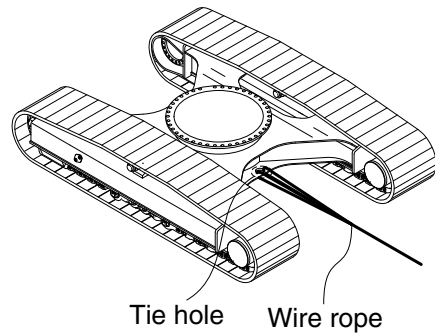
※ **Never tow the machine using the tie hole, because this may break.**

▲ **Make sure no personnel are standing close to the tow rope.**

##### **Correct**



##### **Incorrect**



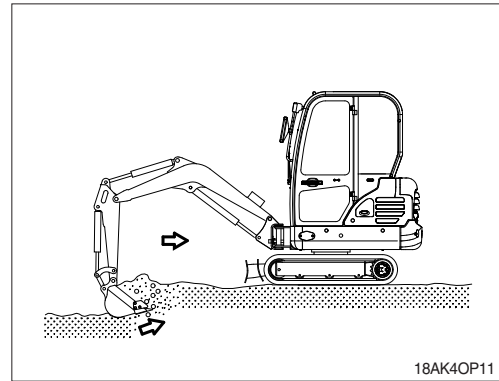
R5574OP14

## 6. EFFICIENT WORKING METHOD

- 1) Do the digging work by arm.

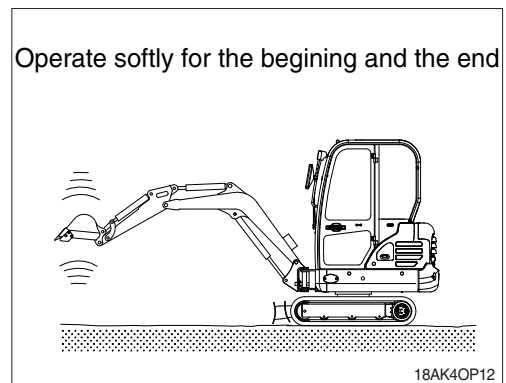
Use the pulling force of arm for digging and use together with the digging force of the bucket if necessary.

- ※ **Consult the local regulations and instructions when using the dozer blade for additional machine stability. For the installation of a dozer cylinder safety valve, please contact your Hyundai dealer.**

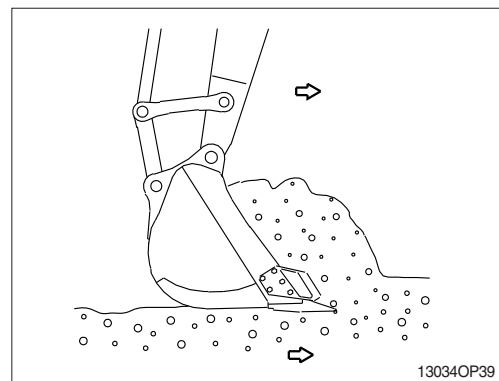


- 2) When lowering and raising the boom operate softly for the beginning and the end.

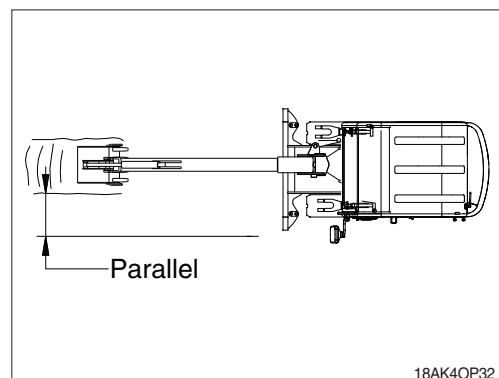
In particularly, sudden stops while lowering the boom may cause damage to the machine.



- 3) The digging resistance and wearing of tooth can be reduced by putting the end of bucket tooth to the digging direction.

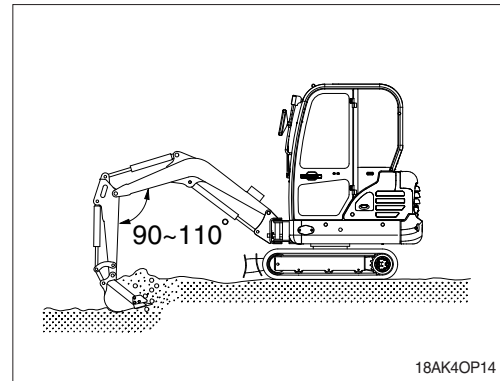


- 4) Set the tracks parallel to the line of the ditch to be excavated when digging ditch. Do not swing while digging.

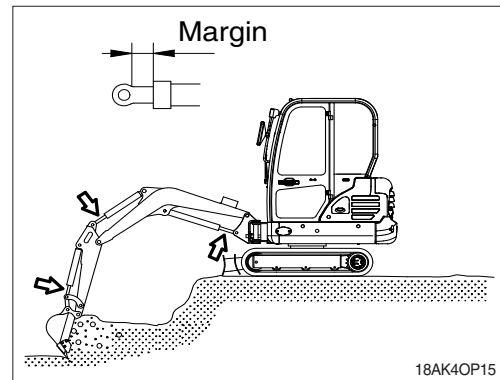




- 5) Dig slowly with keeping the angle of boom and arm, 90-110 degree when maximum digging force is required.



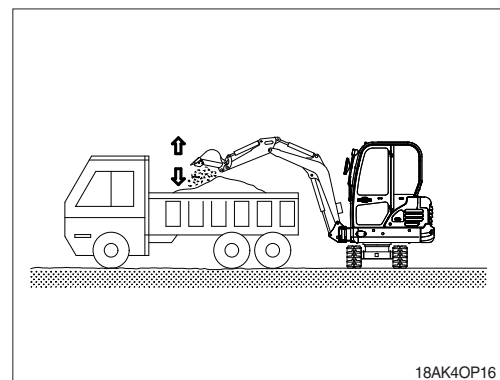
- 6) Operate leaving a small safety margin of cylinder stroke to prevent damage of cylinder when working with the machine.



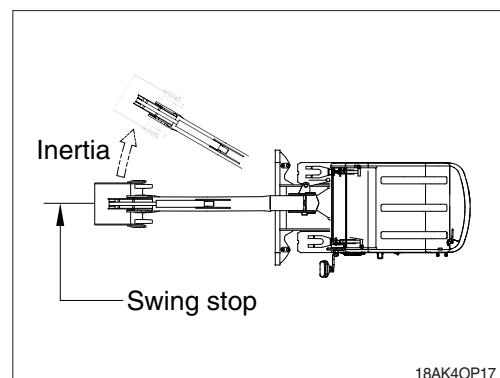
- 7) Keep the bucket to the dumping position and the arm horizontal when dumping the soil from the bucket.

Operate bucket lever 2 or 3 times when hard to dump.

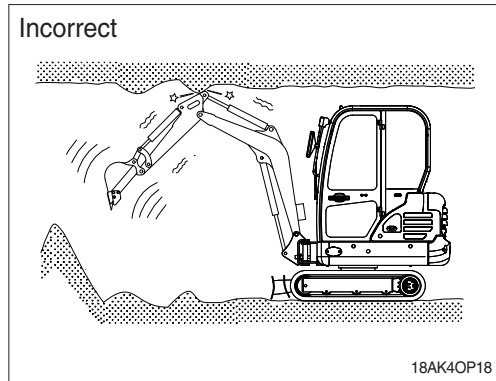
- ※ **Do not use the impact of bucket tooth when dumping.**



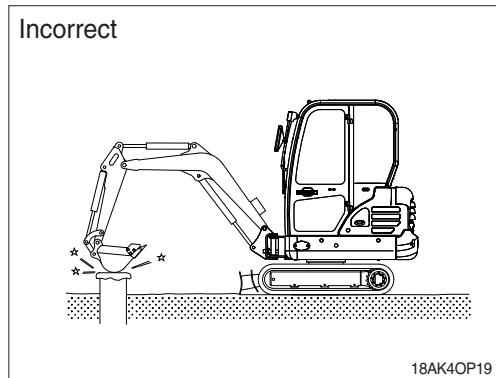
- 8) Operate stop of swing considering the swing slip distance is created by inertia after neutralizing the swing lever.



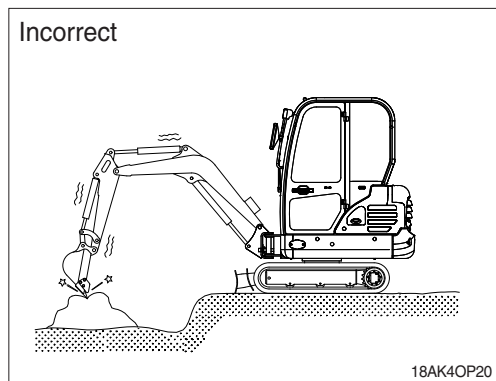
- 9) If the excavation is in an underground location or in a building, make sure that there is adequate overhead clearance and that there is adequate ventilation.



- 10) Do not use the dropping force of the work equipment for digging.  
The machine can be damaged by the impact.



- 11) Do not use the bucket to crack hard objects like concrete or rocks.  
This may break a tooth or pin, or bend boom.



## 12) NEVER CARRY OUT EXCESSIVE OPERATIONS

Operation exceeding machine performance may result in accident or failure.

Never carry out operations which may damage the machine such as overload or over-impact-load.

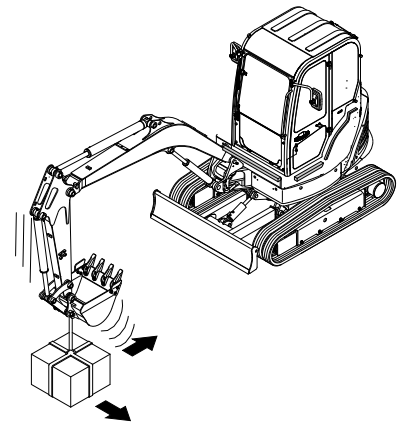
Never travel while carrying a load.

※ **Consult the local regulations and instructions for carrying out lifting operations. In accordance with EN 474-5 the machine must be equipped with following devices.**

- a lifting device, f.e. lifting hook, lifting eye
- \*an overload warning device (option)
- \*safety valves on the arm and the boom cylinder (option)
- \*a safety valve on the dozer cylinder (option)  
if the dozer blade is used to increase the machine stability.

\* : Please contact your Hyundai dealer for installation.

Incorrect



18AK40P21

## 13) BUCKET WITH HOOK

When carrying out lifting work, the special lifting hook is necessary.

The following operations are prohibited.

- Lifting loads with a wire rope fitted around the bucket teeth.
- Lifting loads with the wire rope wrapped directly around the boom or arm.

When performing lifting operation, securely hook the wire rope onto the special lifting hook.

When performing lifting operation, never raise or lower a person.

Due to the possible danger of the load falling or of collision with the load, no persons shall be allowed in the working area.

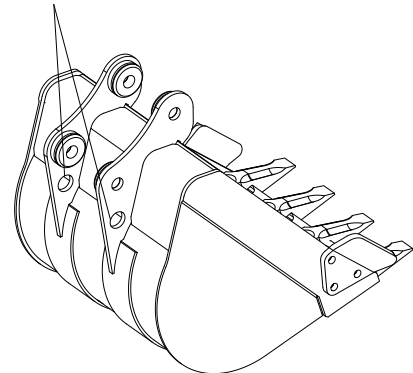
Before performing lifting operation, designate an operation supervisor.

Always execute operation according to his instructions.

- Execute operating methods and procedures under his direction.
- Select a person responsible for signaling.  
Operate only on signals given by such person.

Never leave the operator's seat while lifting a load.

Hook

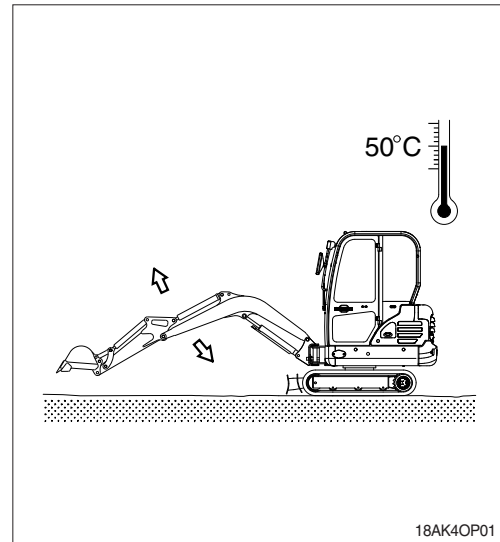


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## 7. OPERATION IN THE SPECIAL WORK SITES

### 1) OPERATION THE MACHINE IN A COLD WEATHER

- (1) Use proper engine oil and fuel for the weather.
- (2) Fill the required amount of antifreeze in the coolant.
- (3) Refer to the starting engine in cold weather.  
Start the engine and extend the warming up operation.
- (4) Be sure to open the heater cock when using the heater.
- (5) Always keep the battery completely charged.  
※ **Discharged batteries will freeze more easily than fully charged.**
- (6) Clean the machine and park on the wood plates.



### 2) OPERATION IN SANDY OR DUSTY WORK SITES

- (1) Inspect air cleaner element frequently. Clean or replace element more frequently, if warning lamp comes ON and buzzer sounds simultaneously, regardless of inspection period.  
**Replace the inner and outer element after 4 times of cleaning.**
- (2) Inspect radiator, oil cooler and condenser frequently, and keep cooling fins clean.
- (3) Prevent sand or dust from getting into fuel tank and hydraulic tank during refilling.
- (4) Prevent sand or dust from penetrating into hydraulic circuit by tightly closing breather cap of hydraulic oil tank. Replace hydraulic oil filter and air breather element frequently. Also, replace the fuel filter frequently.
- (5) Keep all lubricated part, such as pins and bushings, clean at all times.
- (6) If the air conditioner and heater filters clogged, the heating or cooling capacity will drop. Clean or replace the filter element more frequently.
- (7) Clean electrical components, especially the starting motor and alternator to avoid accumulation of dust.

### **3) SEA SHORE OPERATION**

- (1) Prevent ingress of salt by securely tightening plugs, cocks and bolts of each part.
- (2) Wash machine after operation to remove salt residue.  
Pay special attention to electrical parts, and hydraulic cylinders and track tension cylinder to prevent corrosion.
- (3) Inspection and lubrication must be carried out more frequently.  
Supply sufficient grease to replace all old grease in bearings which have been submerged in water for a long time.

### **4) OPERATION IN MUD, WATER OR RAIN WORK SITES**

- (1) Perform a walk around inspection to check for any loose fittings, obvious damage to the machine or any fluid leakage.
- (2) After completing operations, clean mud, rocks or debris from the machine. Inspect for damage, cracked welds or loosened parts.
- (3) Perform all daily lubrication and service.
- (4) If the operations were in salt water or other corrosive materials, make sure to flush the affected equipment with fresh water.

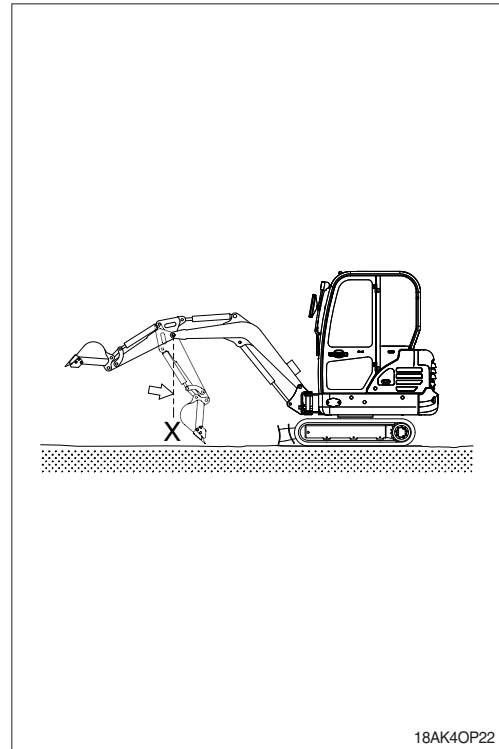
### **5) OPERATION IN ROCKY WORK SITES**

- (1) Check for damage to the undercarriage and for looseness, flaws, wear and damage in bolts and nut.
- (2) Loosen the track tension a little when working in such areas.
- (3) Do not turn the undercarriage directly over the sharp edge rock.

## 8. NORMAL OPERATION OF EXCAVATOR

Followings may occur during operation due to the nature of a hydraulic excavator.

- 1) When rolling in the arm, the roll-in movement stop momentary at point **X** in the picture shown, then recovers speed again after passing point **X**.  
The reason for this phenomenon is that movement by the arm weight is faster than the speed of oil flow into the cylinder.
- 2) When lowering the boom, one may hear continuous sound.  
This is caused by oil flow in the valve.
- 3) Overloaded movement will produce sound caused by the relief valves, which are for the protection of the hydraulic systems.
- 4) When the machine is started swing or stopped, a noise near the swing motor may be heard. The noise is generated when the brake valve relieves.



## 9. ATTACHMENT LOWERING (When engine is stopped)

- 1) On machines equipped with an accumulator, for a short time (within 2 minutes) after the engine is stopped, the attachment will lower under its own weight when the attachment control lever is shifted to **LOWER**. That is happen only starting switch **ON** position and safety lever **UNLOCK** position. After the engine is stopped, set the safety lever to the **LOCK** position.

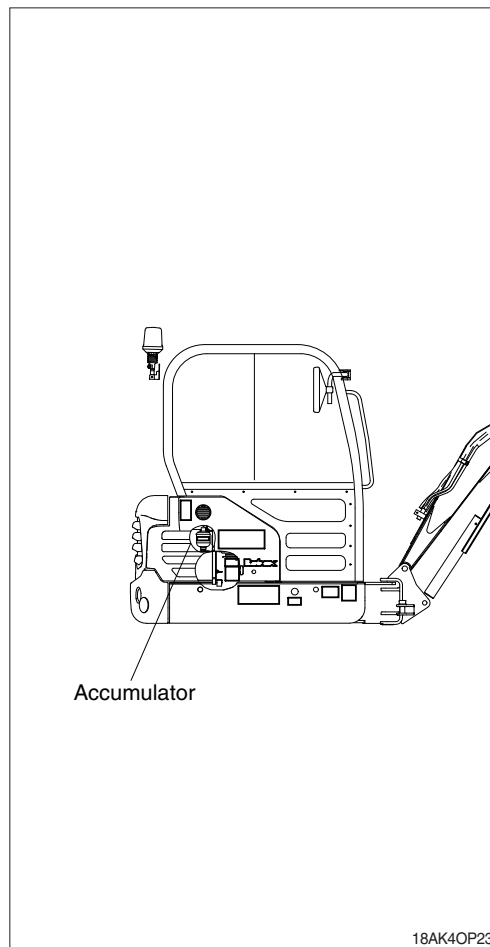
**▲ Be sure no one is under or near the attachment before lowering the boom.**

- 2) The accumulator is filled with high-pressure nitrogen gas, and it is extremely dangerous if it is handled in the wrong way. Always observe the following precautions.

**▲ Never make any hole in the accumulator expose it to flame or fire.**

**▲ Do not weld anything to the accumulator.**

※ When carrying out disassembly or maintenance of the accumulator, or when disposing of the accumulator, it is necessary to release the gas from the accumulator. A special air bleed valve is necessary for this operation, so please contact your Hyundai distributor.



## 10. STORAGE

Maintain the machine taking care of following to prevent the deterioration of machine when storing the machine for a long time, over 1 month.

### 1) BEFORE STORAGE

#### (1) Cleaning the machine

Clean the machine. Check and adjust tracks.  
Grease each lubrication part.

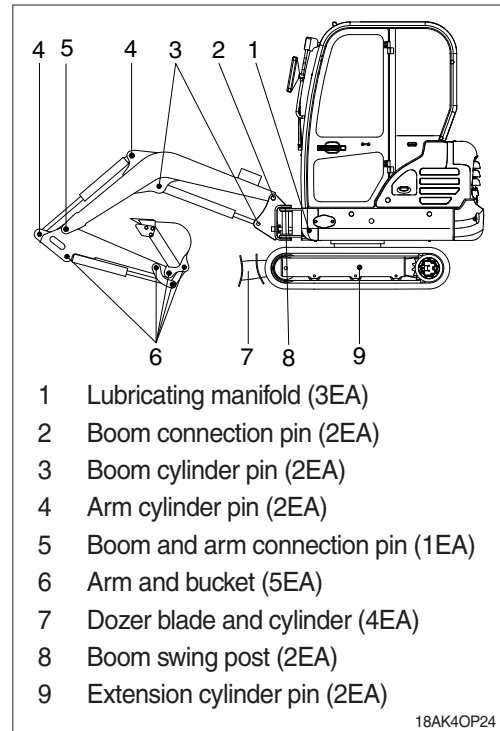
#### (2) Lubrication position of each part

Change all oil.

※ Be particularly careful when you reuse the machine.

As oil can be diluted during storage.

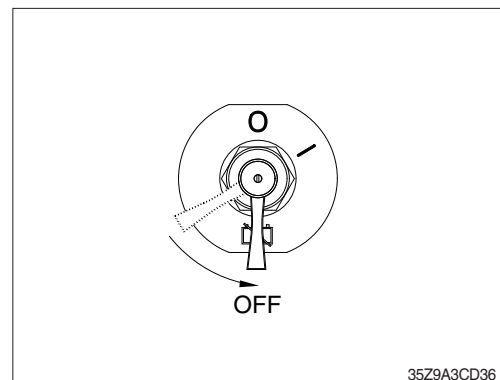
Apply an anticorrosive lubricant on the exposed part of piston rod of cylinder and in places where the machine rusts easily.



#### (3) Master switch

Turn OFF the master switch mounted engine hood support and store the machine.

(4) Be sure to mix anticorrosive antifreezing solution in the radiator.

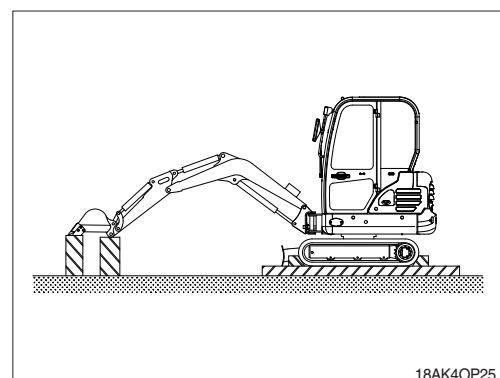


#### (5) Prevention of dust and moisture

Keep machine dry. Store the machine setting wood on the ground.

※ Cover exposed part of piston rod of cylinder.

※ Lower the bucket to the ground and set a support under track.

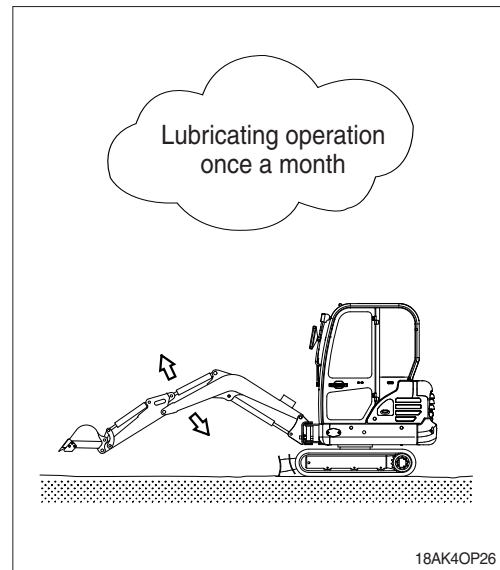




## 2) DURING STORAGE

Start engine and move the machine and work equipment once a month and apply lubrication to each part.

- ※ Check the level of engine oil and coolant and fill if required when starting engine.
- ※ Clean the anticorrosive on the piston rod of cylinder.
- ※ Operate the machine such as traveling, swing and work equipment operation to make sure enough lubrication of all functional components.



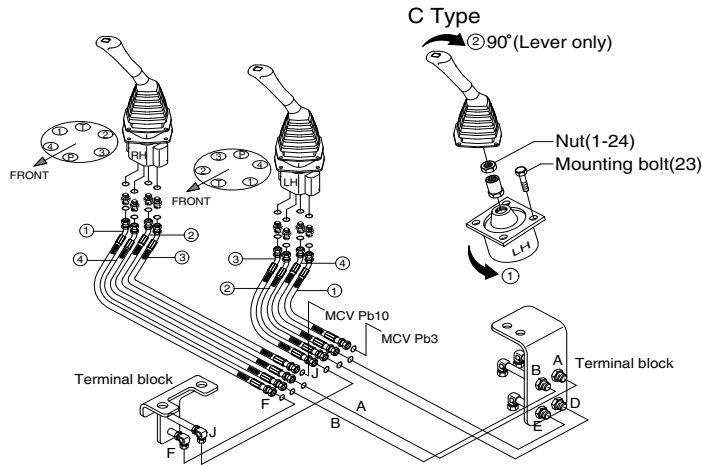
## 3) AFTER STORAGE

Carry out the following procedure when taking out of a long time storage.

- (1) Wipe off the anticorrosive lubricant on the hydraulic piston rod.
- (2) Completely fill fuel tank, lubricate and add oil.
- (3) **When storage period is 6 months over**  
If the machine stock period is over 6 months, carry out the following procedure.  
This procedure is to drain condensation water for the **swing reduction gear** durability.
  - ※ Remove the drain port plug and drain the water until the gear oil comes out and then tighten the drain plug.
  - ※ Refer to the service instruction, section 6 for the drain plug location.
  - ※ If the machine is stored without carrying out the monthly lubricating operation, consult your Hyundai dealer for service.

## 11. RCV LEVER OPERATING PATTERN

### 1) PATTERN CHANGE VALVE NOT INSTALL (standard)



Whenever a change is made to the machine control pattern also exchange the pattern label on the left side of upper frame to match the new pattern.

18AK4OP43

Pattern	Operation		Control function	Hose connection (port)			
	Left RCV lever	Right RCV lever		RCV lever	Change of Terminal block		
					From	To	
ISO Type			Left	1Arm out 2Arm in 3Swing right 4Swing left	② ④ ③ ①	D E J H	- - - -
Hyundai			Right	5Boom lower 6Boom raise 7Bucket out 8Bucket in	④ ② ① ③	B A F G	- - - -
A Type			Left	1Boom lower 2Boom raise 3Swing right 4Swing left	② ④ ③ ①	D E J H	B A - -
			Right	5Arm out 6Arm in 7Bucket out 8Bucket in	④ ② ① ③	B A F G	D E - -
B Type			Left	1Boom lower 2Boom raise 3Bucket in 4Bucket out	② ④ ③ ①	D E J H	B A G F
			Right	5Arm out 6Arm in 7Swing right 8Swing left	④ ② ① ③	B A F G	D E J H
C Type			Left	① Loosen the RCV lever mounting bolt (77) and rotates lever assy 90° counterclockwise; then install. ② To put lever in correct position, disassemble nut (24) and rotates only lever 90° clockwise.			
			Right	Same as ISO type			

## 2) PATTERN CHANGE VALVE INSTALL (option)

- ※ If the machine is equipped with the pattern change valve, the machine operation pattern can be easily changed.
- ※ Whenever a change is made to the machine control pattern also exchange the pattern label in the cab to match the new pattern.

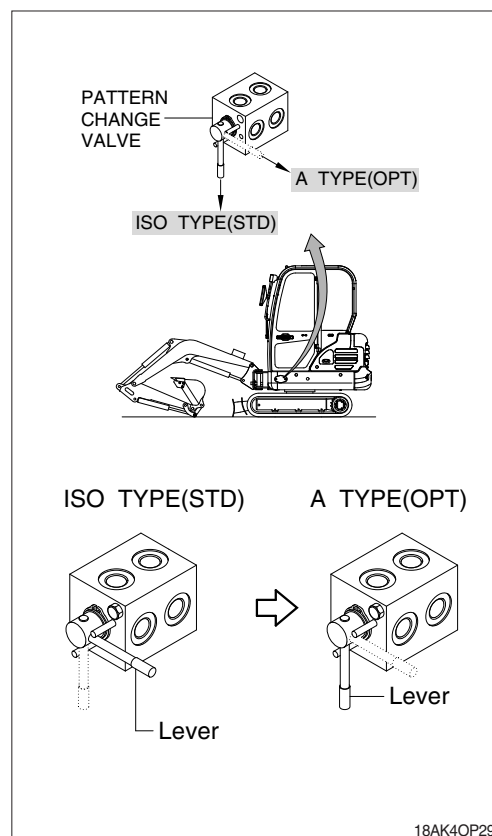
Operation	ISO type	A type
Left RCV lever		
Right RCV lever		

(1) The machine control pattern can be easily changed from the "ISO type" to "A type" by changing the position of the lever.

▲ **Before starting the machine, check the lever position of pattern change valve and actual operating of attachment.**

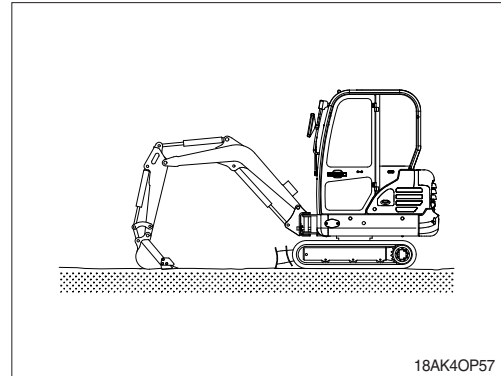
### (2) Change of operating pattern

- ① Move lever from the "ISO type" to "A type" position.



## 12. SWITCHING HYDRAULIC ATTACHMENT CIRCUIT

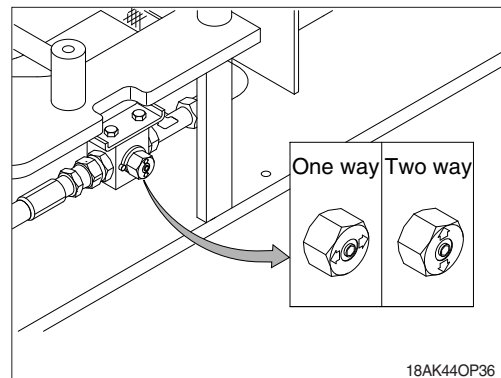
- 1) The combined hydraulic attachment circuit is capable of providing single action or double action.
- 2) The position of 3 way valve selects the single action hydraulic attachment circuit or the double action hydraulic attachment circuit.
- 3) Before you change the flow mode of hydraulic attachment circuit, place the machine in the servicing position as shown. Stop the engine.



- 4) Use the spanner to turn the bolt of 3 way valve. Make sure that you turn the bolt between one way and two way.

(1) **One way flow** (hydraulic breaker)  
Turn the arrow to the horizontal position.

(2) **Two way flow** (clamshell or shear)  
Turn the arrow to the vertical position.



## 13. HANDLING THE RUBBER TRACKS

### 1) USING THE RUBBER TRACKS PROPERLY

Rubber tracks have some advantages over steel tracks.

However, you cannot take full advantage of them if you use them in the same manner as steel ones. Use care in operating with rubber tracks in accord with the conditions of the work site and the type of work.

#### Comparison table of rubber and steel tracks

	Rubber	Steel
Low vibration	Excellent	Ordinary
Smooth travel	Excellent	Good
Silent travel	Excellent	Ordinary
Less damage to paved roads	Excellent	Ordinary
Simple handling	Excellent	Ordinary
Susceptibility to damage (strength)	Ordinary	Excellent
Drawbar full	Excellent	Excellent

Rubber tracks have many advantages inherent in the unique properties of the material. On the other hand, however, they are low in strength. It is essential that you fully understand the properties of rubber tracks, and observe the precautions for operating and handling them to prolong their life and get the most out of them. Be sure to read this section for using the rubber tracks before using them.

### 2) WARRANTY FOR RUBBER TRACKS

The rubber tracks are not warranted for free repair or replacement if they are damaged because of misuse by the customer, including the failure to comply with the prohibitions and the instructions for safe operation; (for example, the failure to check the tension of the rubber tracks or service the rubber tracks properly, or "using the rubber tracks on surfaces and terrains which could physically damage them".)

### 3) PROHIBITIONS FOR USING THE RUBBER TRACKS

- (1) Do not operate or turn on surfaces of terrains that have sharp stones, a hard, uneven rock base, or that expose the tracks to steel rods, scrap iron, or edges of iron plates. Failure to observe these prohibitions may damage the rubber tracks.
- (2) Do not operate the machine on a stony surface like a riverbed. Doing this may damage the rubber tracks by catching gravel in the tracks or may cause the tracks to come off. Forcibly pushing obstacles will also shorten the life of the rubber tracks.
- (3) Prevent the rubber tracks from getting exposed to oil, fuel or chemical solvents. If they are exposed, immediately wipe them. Also, do not travel on roads which have oily surfaces.
- (4) When storing the rubber tracks for a long time period (more than three months), avoid placing them in a place subject to direct exposure to sunlight or rain.

- (5) Do not operate the machine when the tracks will be exposed to heat, (i.e., near an open-air fire, on a steel plate that has been exposed to the blazing sun, or on a hot asphalt road.)
- (6) Never run on one rubber track while the other is held above the ground with the implement. Doing this may damage the rubber track or cause it to come off.

#### **4) PRECAUTIONS FOR USING THE RUBBER TRACKS**

Observe the following precautions when operating the machine :

- (1) Never spin-turn on concrete or asphalt roads.
- (2) Do not change course suddenly. Doing this will cause the rubber track to wear early or be damaged.
- (3) Do not turn the machine across a large level gap while traveling . Remember that running over a level gap at a right angle will prevent the track from coming off.
- (4) Slowly lower the machine after it has been lifted above the ground with the implement.
- (5) It is not recommended that the machine be used to handle any materials that become oily after being crushed (e.g., soybeans, corn, rapeseed oil seeds, etc.). After unavoidably using the machine to handle such materials, clean the tracks with water.
- (6) It is not recommended that the machine be used to handle materials such as salt, ammonium sulfate, potassium chloride, potassium sulfate, or superphosphate of lime. Handling these materials may affect the core metal adversely. After using the machine to handle such materials, clean the tracks with water.
- (7) Do not operate the machine at the seashore. Doing this may affect the core metal adversely due to the salt content.
- (8) If a rubber track is cracked, it could be easily damaged when exposed to salt, sugar, wheat, or soybeans. Be sure to repair any cracks in the rubber track to prevent rubber chips from getting into the materials being handled.
- (9) Do not allow the rubber track to rub against a concrete wall.
- (10) The rubber tracks are prone to slip on snow or on a frozen road. Be careful of skidding when traveling or operating on a slope in cold weather.
- (11) Operating the machine in extremely cold weather will deteriorate the rubber tracks, shortening their life.
- (12) Use the rubber tracks between -25°C to +55°C (-13°F to +131°F) because of the physical characteristics of rubber.
- (13) Be careful not to damage the rubber tracks with the bucket while operating the machine.

## 5) BE CAREFUL NOT TO COME OFF THE RUBBER TRACKS

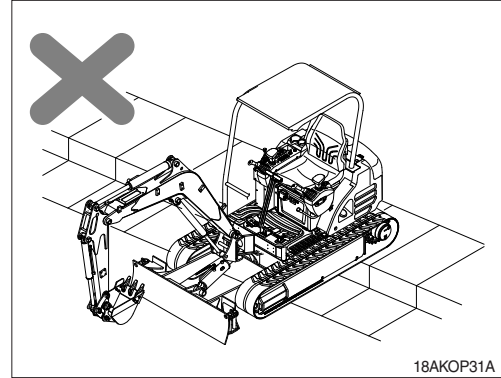
Keep the tracks in appropriate tension to prevent them from coming off.

If the tension is too low, the rubber tracks may come off under the following conditions.

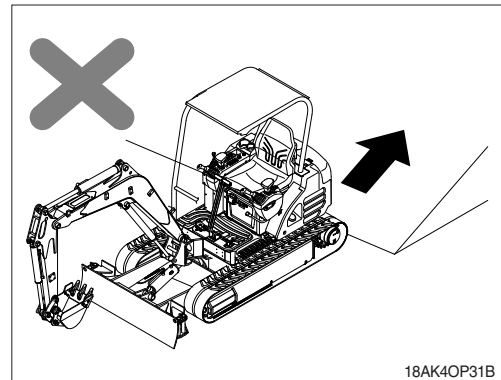
Even if the tension is adequate, take care when operating the tracks under these conditions.

Some illustrations in this section can be different from your machine.

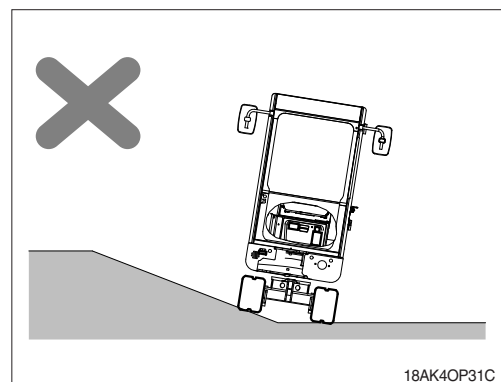
- (1) Do not steer the machine at an angle other than 90 degrees across a large level gap created by a curbstone or a rock [approximately more than 20 cm (8")]. Run over a level gap at a right angle only to prevent the tracks from coming off.



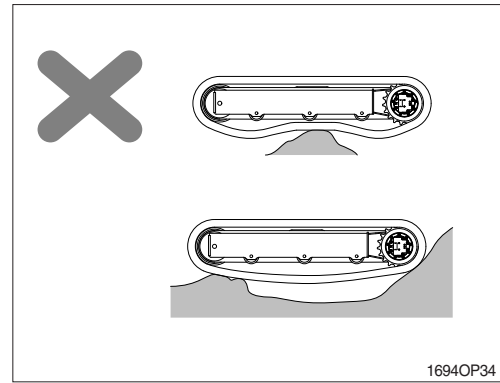
- (2) Do not steer the machine across a boundary between the flat ground and a slope, while moving backwards. If such travel is not avoidable, slow down the speed.



- (3) Do not travel with the track on one side on a slope or on convex ground (causing a machine angle of more than 10 degrees), and with the track on the other side on flat ground, to prevent the rubber track from being damaged. Be sure to travel with the tracks on both sides on the same level surface.

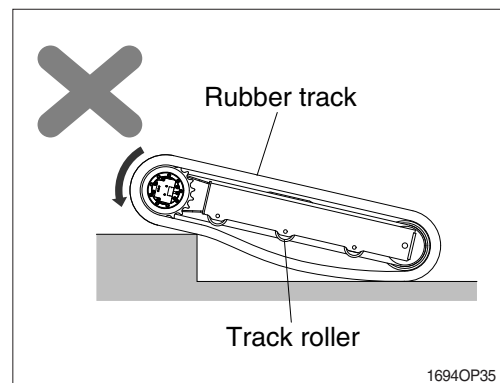


- (4) The three cases illustrated above are those which could cause the rubber tracks to loosen. In addition, do not subject machine to such ground conditions as are illustrated in the figure at the right.

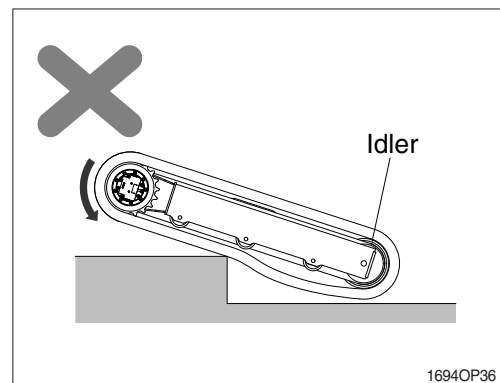


### HOW THE RUBBER TRACKS COME OFF

- (5) When running over a level gap, a clearance is created between the tracks and the track rollers. At this point, the tracks tend to come off.

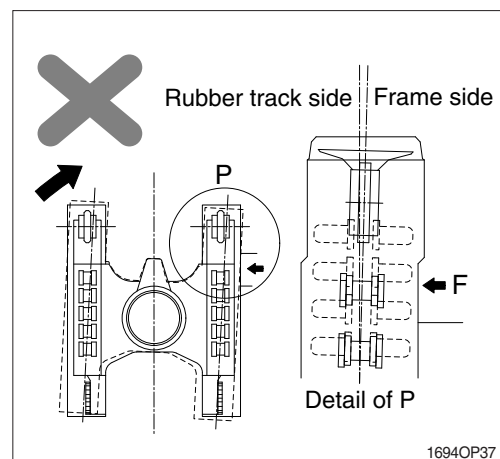


- (6) If the machine is traveling in reverse, clearance may also be created between the track rollers and the rubber tracks, and between the idlers and the rubber tracks, causing the rubber tracks to come off.



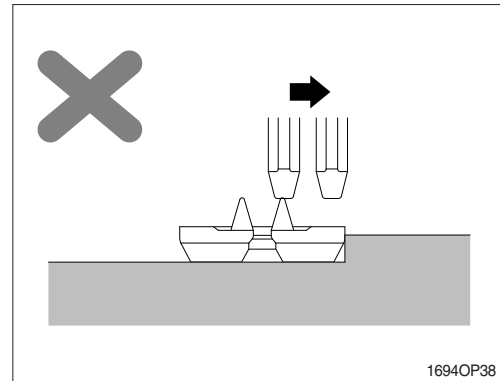
- (7) Other situations to be avoided.

- ① When the machine changes the travel direction while the rubber tracks are blocked sideways by an obstacle or the like.
- ② When the idler and the track rollers are misaligned from the core metal, due to rubber track misalignment.

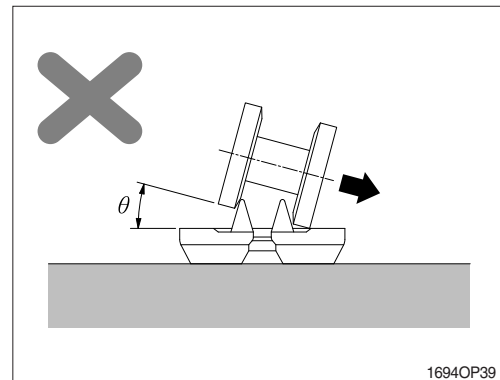




- ③ Traveling in reverse under the condition illustrated will cause the rubber tracks to come off.

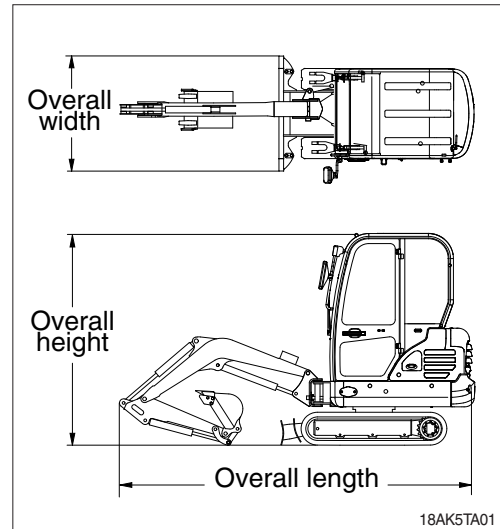


- ④ Changing the travel direction of the machine under the condition illustrated will cause the rubber tracks to come off.



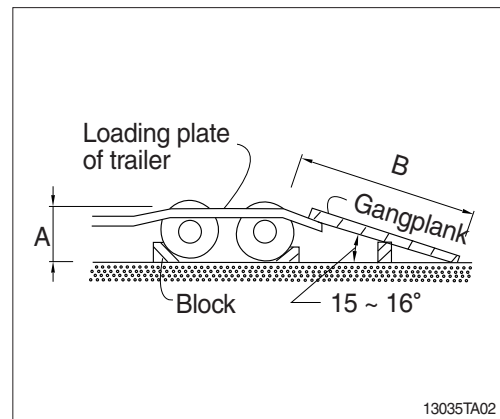
## 1. PREPARATION FOR TRANSPORTATION

- 1) When transporting the machine, observe the various road rules, road transportation vehicle laws and vehicle limit ordinances, etc.
- 2) Select proper trailer after confirming the weight and dimension from the chapter 2, specification.
- 3) Check the whole route such as the road width, the height of bridge and limit of weight and etc., which will be passed.
- 4) Get the permission from the related authority if necessary.
- 5) Prepare suitable capacity of trailer to support the machine.



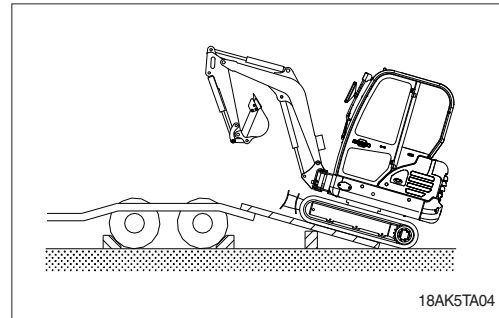
- 6) Prepare gangplank for safe loading referring to the below table and illustration.

A	B
1.0	3.65 ~ 3.85
1.1	4.00 ~ 4.25
1.2	4.35 ~ 4.60
1.3	4.75 ~ 5.00
1.4	5.10 ~ 5.40
1.5	5.50 ~ 5.75



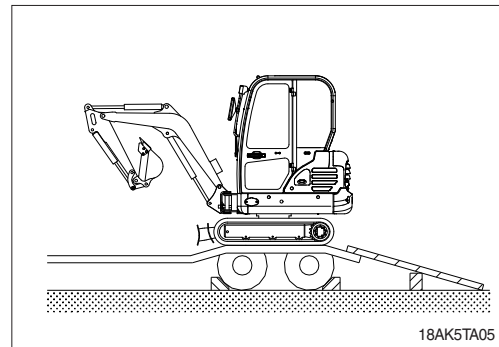
## 2. LOADING THE MACHINE

- 1) Load and unload the machine on a flat ground.
- 2) Use the gangplank with sufficient length, width, thickness and gradient.

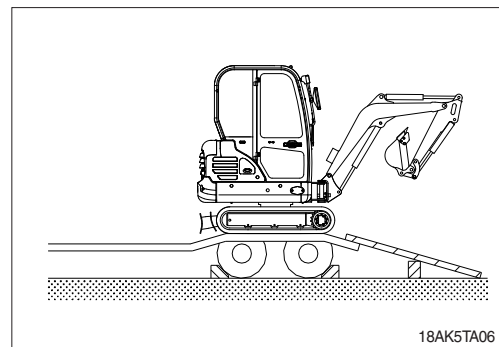


- 3) Do the following after loading the machine to the trailer.

- (1) Stop loading when the machine is located horizontally with the rear wheel of trailer. Keep the travel motor in the rear when loading and in the front when unloading.



- (2) Rotate the upper part of machine 180 degree then move to the proper location.



(3) Lower the working equipment gently.

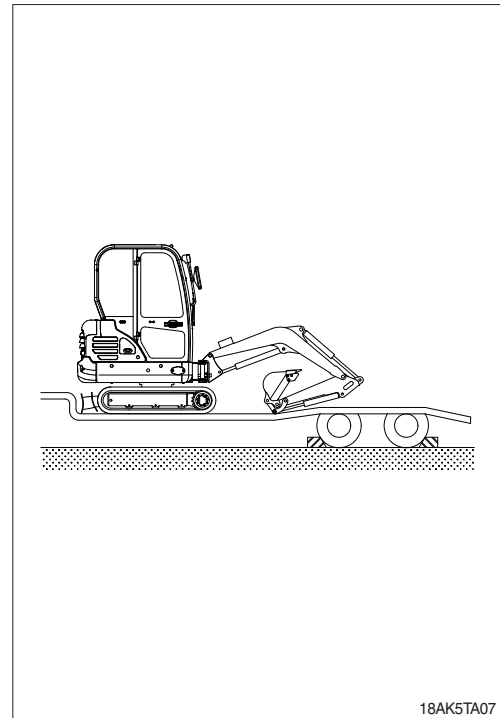
※ Place rectangular timber under the bucket cylinder to prevent the damage of it during transportation.

▲ Be sure to keep the travel speed switch on the LOW (turtle mark) while loading and unloading the machine.

▲ Avoid using the working equipment for loading and unloading since it will be very dangerous.

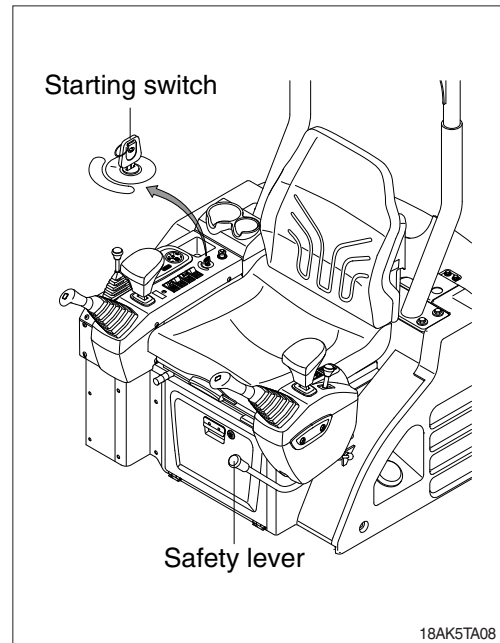
▲ Do not operate any other device when loading.

▲ Be careful on the boundary place of loading plate or trailer as the balance of machine will abruptly be changed on the point.

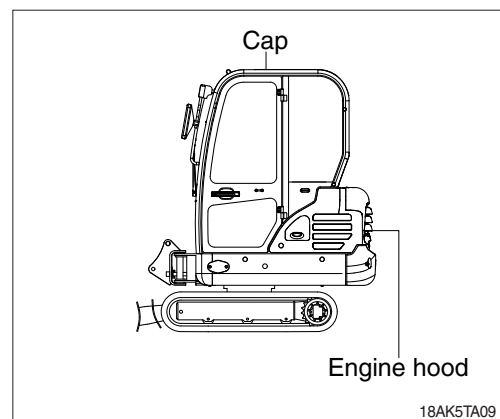


### 3. FIXING THE MACHINE

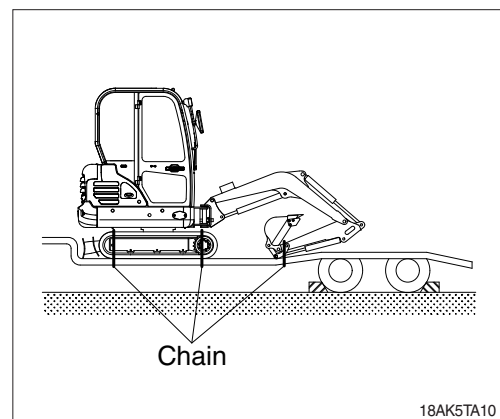
- 1) Lower down the working device on the loading plate of trailer.
- 2) Keep the safety lever on the **LOCK** position.
- 3) Turn **OFF** all the switches and remove the key.



- 4) Secure all locks.



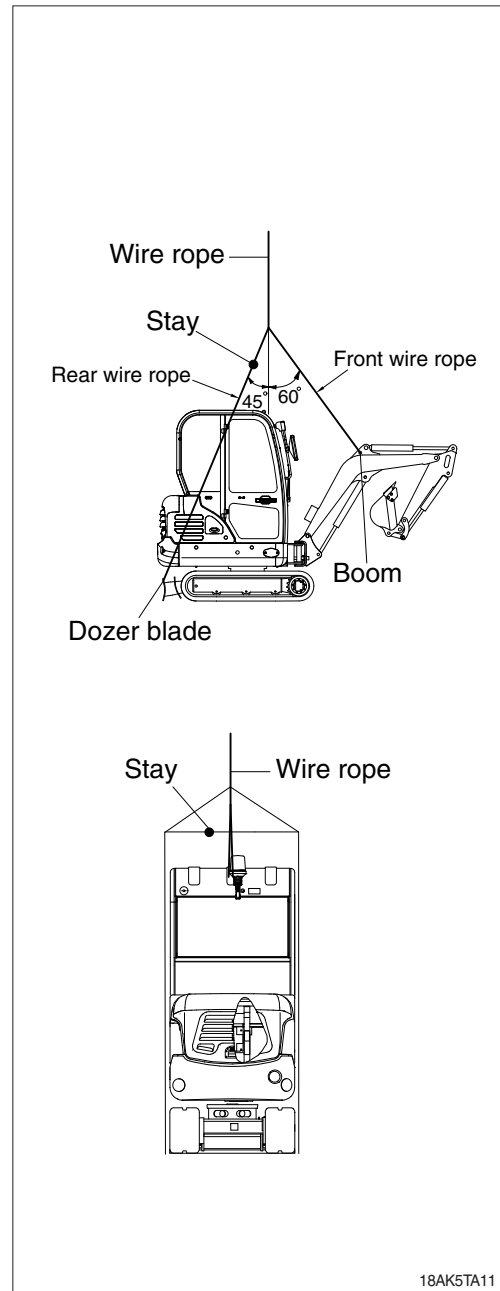
- 5) Place timber underneath of the track and fix firmly with wire rope to prevent the machine from moving forward, backward, right or left.



## 4. LOADING AND UNLOADING BY CRANE

- 1) Check the weight, length, width and height of the machine referring to the chapter 2, specification when you are going to hoist the machine.
  - 2) Use long wire rope and stay to keep the distance with the machine as it should avoid touching with the machine.
  - 3) Put a rubber plate contact with wire rope and machine to prevent damage.
  - 4) Place crane on the proper place.
  - 5) Install the wire rope and stay like the illustration.
  - 6) The maximum angle of the front wire rope must not exceed 60 degrees and the angle of the rear wire rope 45 degrees.
- ※ If there is no stay, keep the angle of the rear wire rope below 15 degrees to avoid interference with the machine.

- ▲ Make sure wire rope is proper size.
- ▲ Place the safety lever to LOCK position to prevent the machine moving when hoisting the machine.
- ▲ The wrong hoisting method or installation of wire rope can cause damage to the machine.
- ▲ Do not load abruptly.
- ▲ Keep area clear of personnel.
- ▲ Maintain center of gravity and balance when lifting.
- ▲ Never lift the machine with a person in the cab or on the machine.



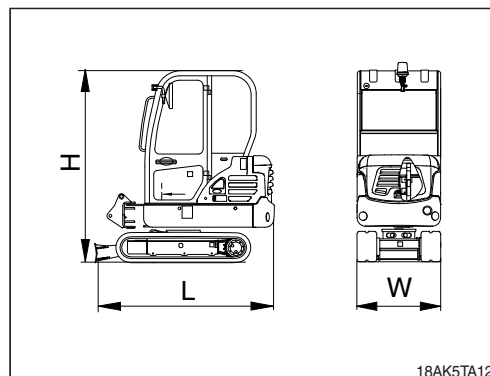
## 5. DIMENSION AND WEIGHT

### 1) R18-9AK

#### (1) Base machine

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1850 (6' 1")
H	Height	mm (ft-in)	2300 (7' 7")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	980~1250 (3' 3"~4' 1")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	1450 (3197)

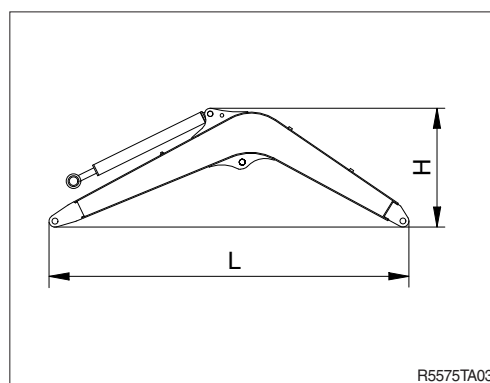
※ With 230 mm (9") rubber-track and 60 kg (130 lb) counterweight.



#### (2) Boom assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1875 (6' 2")
H	Height	mm (ft-in)	670 (2' 2")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	170 (7")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	90 (198)

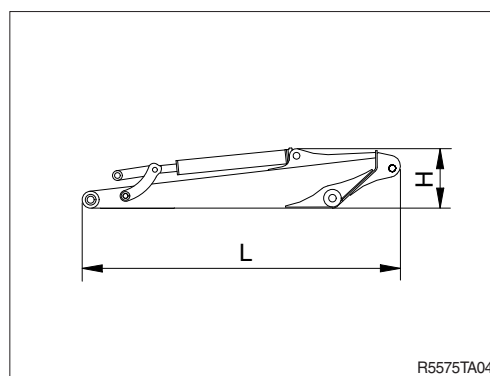
※ 1.80 m (5' 11") boom with arm cylinder (included piping and pins).



#### (3) Arm assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1230 (4' 0")
H	Height	mm (ft-in)	315 (1' 0")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	130 (5")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	60 (2")

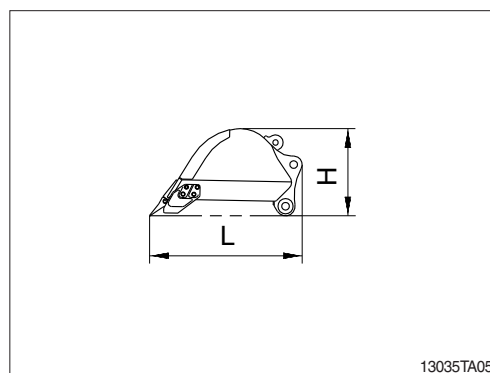
※ 0.96 m (3' 2") arm with bucket cylinder (included linkage and pins).



#### (4) Bucket assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	650 (2' 2")
H	Height	mm (ft-in)	350 (1' 2")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	460 (1' 6")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	43 (95)

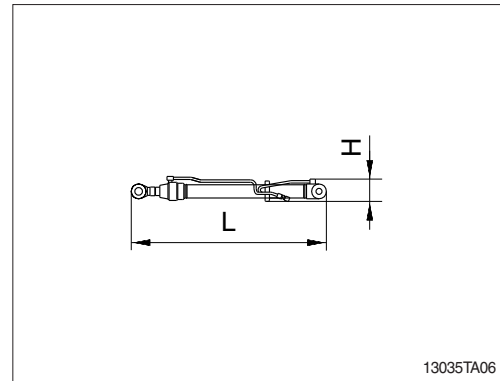
※ 0.04 m<sup>3</sup> (0.05 yd<sup>3</sup>) SAE heaped bucket (included tooth and side cutters).



### (5) Boom cylinder

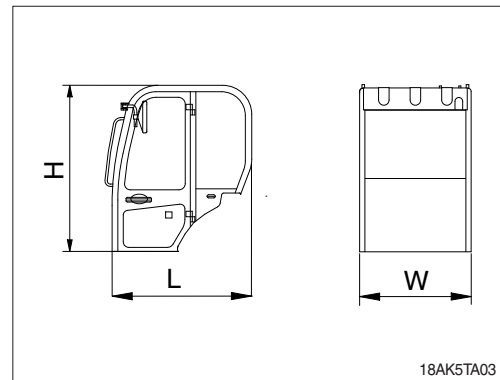
Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	810 (2' 8")
H	Height	mm (ft-in)	100 (4")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	130 (5")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	17 (37)

※ Included piping.



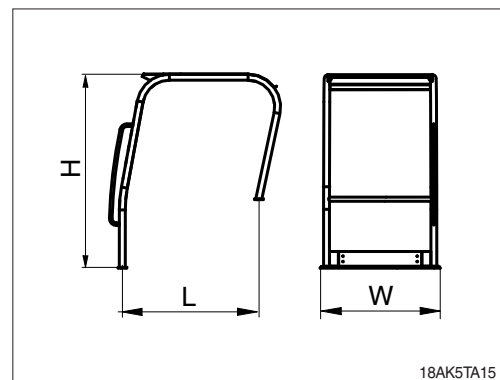
### (6) Cab assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1300 (4' 3")
H	Height	mm (ft-in)	1570 (5' 1")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	980 (3' 2")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	267 (589)



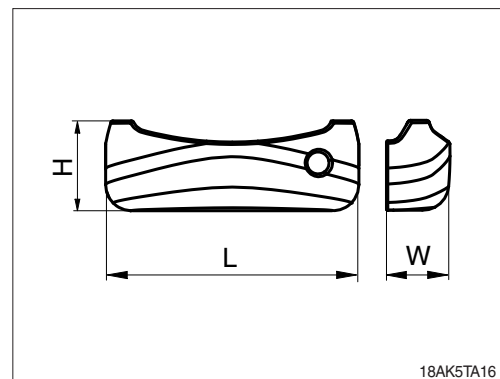
### (7) Canopy assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1099 (3' 7")
H	Height	mm (ft-in)	1570 (5' 1")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	940 (3' 1")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	67 (148)



### (8) Counterweight

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	980 (3' 3")
H	Height	mm (ft-in)	245 (9' 6")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	350 (1' 2")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	65 (143)





## 1. INSTRUCTION

### 1) INTERVAL OF MAINTENANCE

- (1) You may inspect and service the machine by the period as described at page 6-11 based on hour meter at cluster.
- (2) Shorten the interval of inspect and service depending on site condition. (Such as dusty area, quarry, sea shore and etc.)
- (3) Practice the entire related details at the same time when the service interval is doubled.  
For example, in case of 100hours, carry out all the maintenance 「Each 100hours, each 50 hours and daily service」 at the same time.



### 2) PRECAUTION

- (1) Start to maintenance after you have the full knowledge of machine.
- (2) The monitor installed on this machine does not entirely guarantee the condition of the machine.  
Daily inspection should be performed according to clause 4, maintenance check list.
- (3) Engine and hydraulic components have been preset in the factory.  
Do not allow unauthorized personnel to reset them.
- (4) Ask to your local dealer or Hyundai for the maintenance advice if unknown.
- (5) Drain the used oil and coolant in a container and handle according to the method of handling for industrial waste to meet with regulations of each province or country.

### 3) PROPER MAINTENANCE

(1) Replace and repair of parts

It is required to replace the wearable and consumable parts such as bucket tooth, side cutter, filter and etc., regularly.

Replace damaged or worn parts at proper time to keep the performance of machine.

(2) Use genuine parts.

(3) Use the recommended oil.

(4) Remove the dust or water around the inlet of oil tank before supplying oil.

(5) Drain oil when the temperature of oil is warm.

(6) Do not repair anything while operating the engine.

Stop the engine when you fill the oil.

(7) Relieve hydraulic system of the pressure before repairing the hydraulic system.

(8) Confirm if the cluster is in the normal condition after completion of service.

(9) For more detail information of maintenance, please contact local Hyundai dealer.

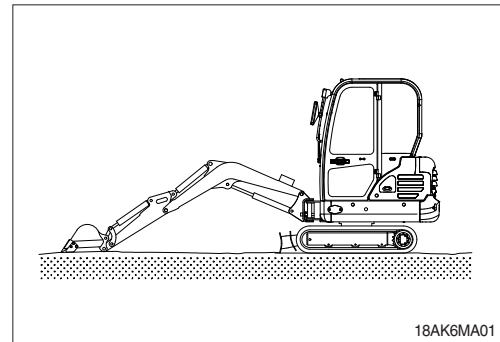
※ **Be sure to start the maintenance after fully understand the chapter 1, safety hints.**

#### 4) RELIEVING THE PRESSURE IN THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

- ※ Spouting of oil can cause the accident when loosening the cap or hose right after the operating of machine as the machine or oil is on the high pressure on the condition.

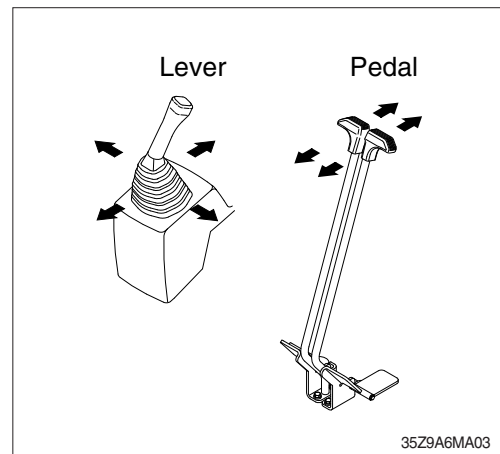
Be sure to relieve the pressure in the system before repairing hydraulic system.

- (1) Place machine in parking position, and stop the engine.



- (2) Set the safety lever completely in the release position, operate the control levers and pedals fully to the front, rear, left and right, to release the pressure in the hydraulic circuit.

- ※ This does not completely release the pressure, so when serving hydraulic component, loosen the connections slowly and do not stand in the direction where the oil spurt out.



#### 5) PRECAUTION WHEN INSTALLING HYDRAULIC HOSES OR PIPES

- (1) Be particularly careful that the joint of hose, pipe and functioning item are not damaged.  
Avoid contamination.
- (2) Assemble after cleaning the hose, pipe and joint of functioning item.
- (3) Use genuine parts.
- (4) Do not assemble the hose in the condition of twisted or sharp radius.
- (5) Keep the specified tighten torque.

## 6) PERIODICAL REPLACEMENT OF SAFETY PARTS

- (1) It is desirable to do periodic maintenance the machine for using the machine safely for a long time.

However, recommend to replace regularly the parts related safety not only safety but maintain satisfied performance.

- (2) These parts can cause the disaster of life and material as the quality changes by passing time and it is worn, diluted, and gets fatigued by using repeatedly.

These are the parts which the operator can not judge the remained lifetime of them by visual inspection.

- (3) Repair or replace if an abnormality of these parts is found even before the recommended replacement interval.

Periodical replacement of safety parts			Interval
Engine		Fuel hose (tank-engine)	Every 2 years
Hydraulic system	Main circuit	Pump suction hose	Every 2 years
		Pump delivery hose	
		Swing hose	
	Working device	Boom cylinder line hose	Every 2 years
		Arm cylinder line hose	
		Bucket cylinder line hose	
		Dozer cylinder line hose	
		Boom swing cylinder line hose	
		Extension cylinder line hose	

※ 1. Replace O-ring and gasket at the same time when replacing the hose.

2. Replace clamp at the same time if the hose clamp is cracked when checking and replacing the hose.

## 2. TIGHTENING TORQUE

Use following table for unspecified torque.

### 1) BOLT AND NUT

#### (1) Coarse thread

Bolt size	8T		10T	
	kgf · m	lbf · ft	kgf · m	lbf · ft
M 6 × 1.0	0.85 ~ 1.25	6.15 ~ 9.04	1.14 ~ 1.74	8.2 ~ 12.6
M 8 × 1.25	2.0 ~ 3.0	14.5 ~ 21.7	2.7 ~ 4.1	19.5 ~ 29.7
M10 × 1.5	4.0 ~ 6.0	28.9 ~ 43.4	5.5 ~ 8.3	39.8 ~ 60
M12 × 1.75	7.4 ~ 11.2	53.5 ~ 81.0	9.8 ~ 15.8	70.9 ~ 114
M14 × 2.0	12.2 ~ 16.6	88.2 ~ 120	16.7 ~ 22.5	121 ~ 163
M16 × 2.0	18.6 ~ 25.2	135 ~ 182	25.2 ~ 34.2	182 ~ 247
M18 × 2.5	25.8 ~ 35.0	187 ~ 253	35.1 ~ 47.5	254 ~ 344
M20 × 2.5	36.2 ~ 49.0	262 ~ 354	49.2 ~ 66.6	356 ~ 482
M22 × 2.5	48.3 ~ 63.3	349 ~ 458	65.8 ~ 98.0	476 ~ 709
M24 × 3.0	62.5 ~ 84.5	452 ~ 611	85.0 ~ 115	615 ~ 832
M30 × 3.0	124 ~ 168	898 ~ 1214	169 ~ 229	1223 ~ 1656
M36 × 4.0	174 ~ 236	1261 ~ 1704	250 ~ 310	1808 ~ 2242

#### (2) Fine thread

Bolt size	8T		10T	
	kgf · m	lbf · ft	kgf · m	lbf · ft
M 8 × 1.0	2.2 ~ 3.4	15.9 ~ 24.6	3.0 ~ 4.4	21.7 ~ 31.8
M10 × 1.2	4.5 ~ 6.7	32.5 ~ 48.5	5.9 ~ 8.9	42.7 ~ 64.4
M12 × 1.25	7.8 ~ 11.6	56.4 ~ 83.9	10.6 ~ 16.0	76.7 ~ 116
M14 × 1.5	13.3 ~ 18.1	96.2 ~ 131	17.9 ~ 24.1	130 ~ 174
M16 × 1.5	19.9 ~ 26.9	144 ~ 195	26.6 ~ 36.0	192 ~ 260
M18 × 1.5	28.6 ~ 43.6	207 ~ 315	38.4 ~ 52.0	278 ~ 376
M20 × 1.5	40.0 ~ 54.0	289 ~ 391	53.4 ~ 72.2	386 ~ 522
M22 × 1.5	52.7 ~ 71.3	381 ~ 516	70.7 ~ 95.7	511 ~ 692
M24 × 2.0	67.9 ~ 91.9	491 ~ 665	90.9 ~ 123	658 ~ 890
M30 × 2.0	137 ~ 185	990 ~ 1339	182 ~ 248	1314 ~ 1796
M36 × 3.0	192 ~ 260	1390 ~ 1880	262 ~ 354	1894 ~ 2562

**2) PIPE AND HOSE (FLARE type)**

Thread size (PF)	Width across flat (mm)	kgf · m	lbf · ft
1/4"	19	4	28.9
3/8"	22	5	36.2
1/2"	27	9.5	68.7
3/4"	36	18	130
1"	41	21	152
1-1/4"	50	35	253

**3) PIPE AND HOSE (ORFS type)**

Thread size (UNF)	Width across flat (mm)	kgf · m	lbf · ft
9/16-18	19	4	28.9
11/16-16	22	5	36.2
13/16-16	27	9.5	68.7
1-3/16-12	36	18	130
1-7/16-12	41	21	152
1-11/16-12	50	35	253

**4) FITTING**

Thread size	Width across flat (mm)	kgf · m	lbf · ft
1/4"	19	4	28.9
3/8"	22	5	36.2
1/2"	27	9.5	68.7
3/4"	36	18	130
1"	41	21	152
1-1/4"	50	35	253

#### 4) TIGHTENING TORQUE OF MAJOR COMPONENT

No.	Descriptions		Bolt size	Torque	
				kgf · m	lbf · ft
1	Engine	Engine mounting bolt (engine-bracket)	M10 × 1.25	6.5±0.7	47±5.1
2		Engine mounting bolt (bracket-frame)	M12 × 1.75	13.0±1.0	94±7.2
3		Radiator mounting bolt, nut	M 8 × 1.25	1.17±0.1	8.5±0.7
4		Coupling mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	5.15±0.25	37.2±1.8
5	Hydraulic system	Main pump mounting bolt	M12 × 1.75	10±1.0	72±7.2
6		Main control valve mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	6.9±1.4	50±10.0
7		Fuel tank mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	6.9±1.4	50±10.0
8		Hydraulic oil tank mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	6.9±1.4	50±10.0
9		Turning joint mounting bolt, nut	M10 × 1.5	6.9±1.4	50±10.0
10	Power train system	Swing motor mounting bolt	M12 × 1.75	12.8±3.0	93±22.0
11		Swing bearing upper mounting bolt	M12 × 1.75	12.8±3.0	93±22.0
12		Swing bearing lower mounting bolt	M12 × 1.75	12.8±3.0	93±22.0
13		Travel motor mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	6.9±1.4	50±10.0
14		Sprocket mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	6.9±0.7	50±5.1
15	Under carriage	Track roller mounting bolt	M12 × 1.75	12.3±1.2	89±8.7
16	Others	Counterweight mounting bolt	M16 × 2.0	29.7±4.5	215±32.5
17		Canopy/Cab mounting bolt, nut	M12 × 1.75	12.8±3.0	92±22.0
18		Operator's seat mounting bolt	M 8 × 1.25	1.17±0.1	8.5±0.7

### 3. FUEL, COOLANT AND LUBRICANTS

#### 1) NEW MACHINE

New machine used and filled with following lubricants.

Description	Specification
Engine oil	SAE 15W-40 (API CI-4)
Hydraulic oil	Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil (ISO VG 32, VG 46, VG 68) Conventional hydraulic oil (ISO VG 15, ★: Cold region) Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil (HBHO, ISO VG 46)
Travel reduction gear	SAE 85W-140 (API GL-5)
Grease	Lithium base grease NLGI No. 2
Fuel	ASTM D975-No. 2, ★ <sup>1</sup> : Ultra low sulfur diesel
Coolant	Mixture of 50% ethylene glycol base antifreeze and 50% water. Mixture of 60% ethylene glycol base antifreeze and 40% water. ★

SAE : Society of Automotive Engineers

API : American Petroleum Institute

ISO : International Organization for Standardization

NLGI : National Lubricating Grease Institute

ASTM : American Society of Testing and Material

★ : Cold region

Russia, CIS, Mongolia

★<sup>1</sup> : Ultra low sulfur diesel

- sulfur content ≤ 15 ppm



## 2) RECOMMENDED OILS

HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils have been developed to offer the best performance and service life for your equipment. These oils have been tested according to the specifications of HYUNDAI and, therefore, will meet the highest safety and quality requirements.

We recommend that you use only HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease officially approved by HYUNDAI.

Service point	Kind of fluid	Capacity ℓ (U.S. gal)	Ambient temperature °C ( °F)								
			-50 (-58)	-30 (-22)	-20 (-4)	-10 (14)	0 (32)	10 (50)	20 (68)	30 (86)	40 (104)
Engine oil pan	Engine oil	3.7 (1.0)	★SAE 5W-40								
								SAE 30			
				SAE 10W							
				SAE 10W-30							
					SAE 15W-40						
Final drive	Gear oil	0.33×2 (0.09×2)	★SAE 75W-90								
					SAE 85W-140						
Hydraulic tank	Hydraulic oil	Tank; 20 (5.3)	★ISO VG 15								
		System; 30 (7.9)			ISO VG 46, HBHO VG 46★ <sup>3</sup>						
					ISO VG 68						
Fuel tank	Diesel fuel★ <sup>1</sup>	21 (5.5)	★ASTM D975 NO.1								
						ASTM D975 NO.2					
Fitting (grease nipple)	Grease	As required	★NLGI NO.1								
					NLGI NO.2						
Radiator (reservoir tank)	Mixture of antifreeze and soft water★ <sup>2</sup>	4 (1.1)			Ethylene glycol base permanent type (50 : 50)						
			★Ethylene glycol base permanent type (60 : 40)								

**SAE** : Society of Automotive Engineers

**API** : American Petroleum Institute

**ISO** : International Organization for Standardization

**NLGI** : National Lubricating Grease Institute

**ASTM** : American Society of Testing and Material

★ : Cold region (Russia, CIS, Mongolia)

★<sup>1</sup> : Ultra low sulfur diesel  
- sulfur content ≤ 15 ppm

★<sup>2</sup> : Soft water  
City water or distilled water

★<sup>3</sup> : Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil

※ Using any lubricating oils other than HYUNDAI genuine products may lead to a deterioration of performance and cause damage to major components.

※ Do not mix HYUNDAI genuine oil with any other lubricating oil as it may result in damage to the systems of major components.

※ Do not use any engine oil other than that specified above, as it may clog the diesel particulate filter(DPF).

※ For HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease for use in regions with extremely low temperatures, please contact HYUNDAI dealers.

## 4. MAINTENANCE CHECK LIST

### 1) DAILY SERVICE BEFORE STARTING

Check items	Service	Page
Visual check		
Fuel tank	Check, Refill	6-24
Hydraulic oil level	Check, Add	6-25
Engine oil level	Check, Add	6-17
Coolant level	Check, Add	6-19
Control panel & pilot lamp	Check, Clean	6-33
Water separator	Check, Drain	6-24
Fan belt tension & damage	Check, Adjust	6-22
★ Attachment pins	Lubricate	6-32
· Boom cylinder head and rod		
· Boom connecting		
· Arm cylinder head and rod		
· Boom + Arm connecting		
· Bucket cylinder head		

★ Lubricate every 10 hours or daily for initial 100 hours.

### 2) EVERY 50 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Fuel tank (water, sediment)	Drain	6-24
Track tension	Check, Adjust	6-29
Swing gear and pinion	Lubricate	6-28
Extension cylinder	Lubricate	6-32
Lubricate pin and bushing	Lubricate	6-32
· Bucket cylinder rod		
· Arm + Bucket connecting		
· Arm + Link, Bucket control		
· Bucket control rod		
· Boom swing post + Upper frame connecting		
· Boom swing cylinder head and rod		
· Dozer blade + Lower frame connecting		
· Dozer blade cylinder head and rod		

### 3) INITIAL 50 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Radiator and oil fin	Check, Clean	6-22
Boom swing cylinder	Check, Tight	6-28
Bolts & Nuts	Lubricate	6-5
· Sprocket mounting bolts		
· Travel motor mounting bolts		
· Swing motor mounting bolts		
· Swing bearing mounting bolts		
· Engine mounting bolts		
· Counterweight mounting bolts		
· Turning joint locating bolts		
· Track shoe mounting bolts and nuts		
· Hydraulic pump mounting bolts		
Attachment pins	Lubricate	6-32
· Boom cylinder head and rod		
· Boom connecting		
· Arm cylinder head and rod		
· Boom + Arm connecting		
· Bucket cylinder head		

※ Service the above items only for the new machine, and thereafter keep the normal service interval.

### 4) EVERY 200 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
★ Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-27

★ Replace the filter for continuous hydraulic breaker operation only.

### 5) INITIAL 250 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Fuel filter element	Replace	6-24
Travel reduction gear oil	Change	6-28
Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-27

## 6) EVERY 250 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
★ Engine oil	Change	6-17, 18
★ Engine oil filter	Replace	6-17, 18
Battery (voltage)	Check	6-33
Swing bearing grease	Lubricate	6-28
Boom swing cylinder	Lubricate	6-28
Bolts & Nuts	Check, Tight	6-5
· Sprocket mounting bolts		
· Travel motor mounting bolts		
· Swing motor mounting bolts		
· Swing bearing mounting bolts		
· Engine mounting bolts		
· Counterweight mounting bolts		
· Turning joint locating bolts		
· Track shoe mounting bolts and nuts		
· Hydraulic pump mounting bolts		
Attachment pins	Lubricate	6-32
· Boom cylinder head and rod		
· Boom connecting		
· Arm cylinder head and rod		
· Boom + Arm connecting		
· Bucket cylinder head		

★ If you use high sulfur containing fuel above than 0.5% or use low grade of engine oil reduce change interval.

## 7) EVERY 400 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Fuel filter element	Replace	6-24

## 8) EVERY 500 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Radiator and cooler fin	Check, Clean	6-22
☆ Air cleaner element	Inspect, Clean	6-23

☆ **Clean the primary element only after 500 hours operation or when the air cleaner warning lamp blinks.**  
**Replace primary element and safety element after 4 times cleanings of primary element.**

## 9) EVERY 1000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Travel reduction gear oil	Change	6-28
Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-27

## 10) EVERY 2000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Coolant <sup>*1</sup>	Change	6-19, 20, 21
Hydraulic oil <sup>*1</sup>	Change	6-25
HBHO (Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil, ISO VG 46) <sup>*2</sup>	Change	6-25
Hydraulic tank suction strainer	Check, Clean	6-27
Hoses, fittings, clamps (fuel, coolant, hydraulic)	Check, Retighten, Replace	-

<sup>\*1</sup> Conventional

<sup>\*2</sup> If do not want to change HBHO every 2000 hours, contact HYUNDAI dealer and ask about SAMPLING.

※ **Change hydraulic oil every 600 hours of continuous hydraulic breaker operation.**

## 11) EVERY 5000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Hydraulic oil <sup>*3</sup>	Change	6-26

<sup>\*3</sup> Hyundai genuine long life

※ **Change hydraulic oil every 1000 hours of continuous hydraulic breaker operation.**

## 12) EVERY 6000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Coolant <sup>*3</sup>	Change	6-19, 20, 21

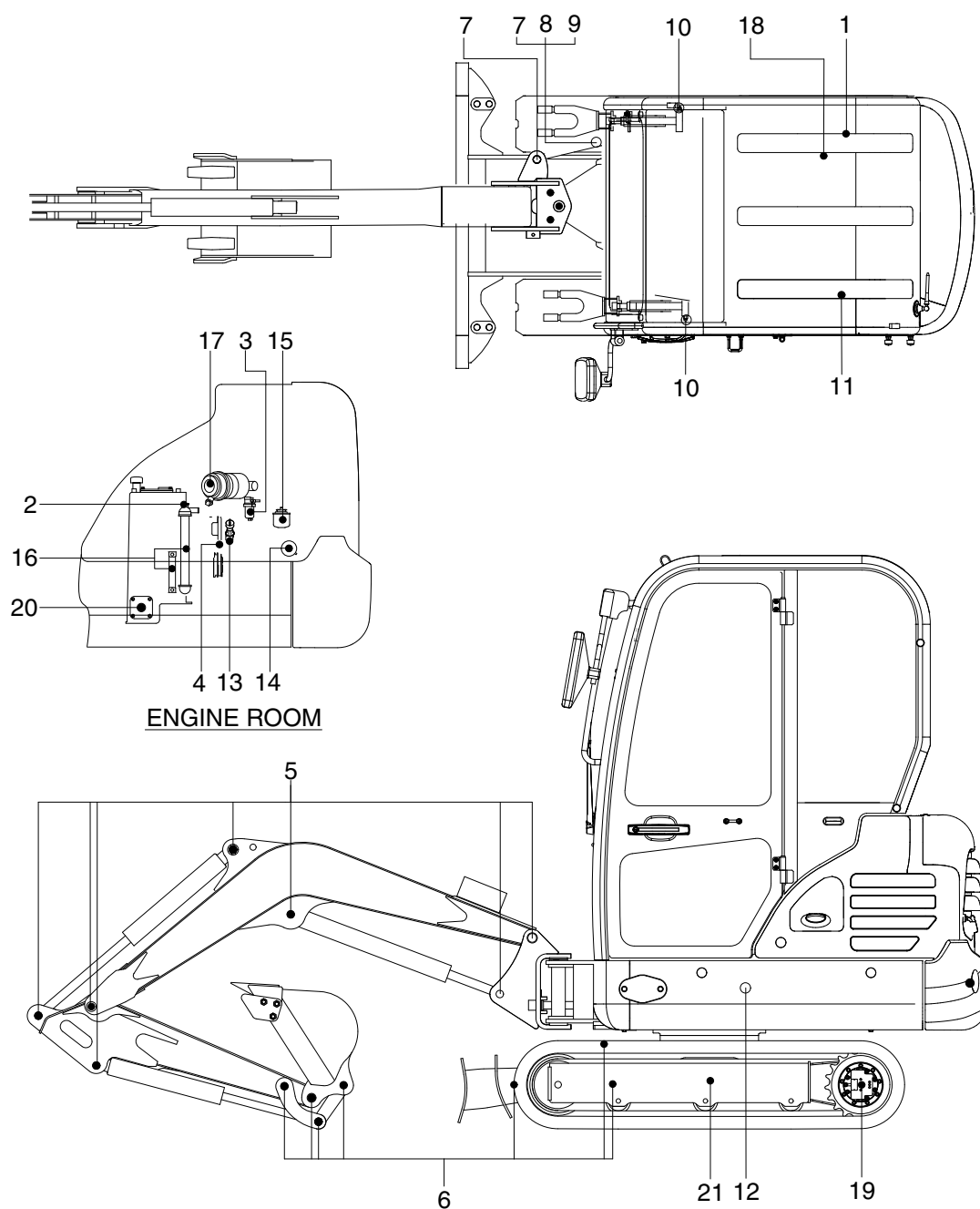
<sup>\*3</sup> Hyundai genuine long life

### 13) WHEN REQUIRED

Whenever you have trouble in the machine, you must perform the service of related items, system by system.

Check items	Service	Page
Fuel system		
· Fuel tank	Drain or Clean	6-24
· Water separator	Drain or Replace	6-24
· Fuel filter element	Replace	6-24
Engine lubrication system		
· Engine oil	Change	6-17, 18
· Engine oil filter	Replace	6-17, 18
Engine cooling system		
· Coolant	Add or Change	6-19, 20, 21, 22
· Radiator	Clean or Flush	6-19, 20, 21, 22
Engine air system		
· Air cleaner (safety and primary)	Replace	6-23
Hydraulic system		
· Hydraulic oil	Add or Change	6-25
· Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-27
· Suction strainer	Clean	6-27
Under carriage		
· Track tension	Check, Adjust	6-29
Bucket		
· Tooth	Replace	6-31
· Side cutter	Replace	6-30
· Linkage	Adjust	6-30
· Bucket assy	Replace	6-30

## 5. MAINTENANCE CHART



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### Caution

1. Service intervals are based on the hour meter reading.
2. The number of each item shows the lubrication point on the machine.
3. Stop engine while filling oil, and use no open flames.
4. For other details, refer to the service manual.

Service interval	No.	Description	Service action	Oil symbol	Capacity ℓ (U.S.gal)	Service points No.
10 Hours or daily	1	Hydraulic oil level	Add, Lubricate	HO	20 (5.3)	1
	2	Radiator coolant	Check, Add	C	4 (1.1)	1
	3	Water separator	Drain	-	-	1
	4	Fan belt tension and damage	Clean	-	-	1
	13	Engin oil	Add, Lubricate	EO	3.7 (1)	1
Initially 50 Hours	5	Attachment pins	Add, Lubricate	PGL	-	9
	7	Boom swing cylinder	Drain	PGL	-	2
50 Hours	6	Bucket linkage & blade pins	Add, Lubricate	PGL	-	9
	9	Swing gear and pinion	Add, Lubricate	PGL	-	1
	10	Track tension	Add, Lubricate	-	-	2
	11	Fuel tank (water, sediment)	Drain	PGL	21 (5.5)	1
	21	Extention cylinder	Add, Lubricate	-	-	2
Initially 250 Hours	15	Fuel filter element	Add, Lubricate	-	-	1
	18	Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	-	-	1
	19	Travel reduction gear case	Change	GO	0.33 (0.09)	2
250 Hours	5	Attachment pins	Add, Lubricate	PGL	-	9
	7	Boom swing cylinder	Add, Lubricate	PGL	-	2
	8	Swing bearing	Add, Lubricate	PGL	-	1
	12	Battery (voltage)	Check	-	-	1
	13	Engine oil	Change	EO	3.7 (1)	1
	14	Engine oil filter	Replace	-	-	1
400 Hours	15	Fuel filter element	Replace	-	-	1
500 Hours	16	Radiator and cooler fin	Clean	-	-	2
	17	Air cleaner element (primary)	Clean	-	-	1
1000 Hours	18	Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	-	-	1
	19	Travel reduction gear case	Change	GO	0.33 (0.09)	2
2000 Hours	1	Hydraulic oil* <sup>1</sup>	Change	HO	20 (5.3)	1
	1	Hydraulic oil (HBHO* <sup>2</sup> )	Change	-	20 (5.3)	1
	2	Radiator coolant* <sup>1</sup>	Change	C	4 (1.1)	1
	20	Hydraulic oil suction strainer	Clean	-	-	1
5000 Hours	1	Hydraulic oil* <sup>3</sup>	Change	-	-	1
6000 Hours	2	Radiator coolant* <sup>3</sup>	Change	C	4 (1.1)	1
As required	17	Air cleaner element (safety, primary)	Replace	-	-	2

\*<sup>1</sup> Conventional

\*<sup>2</sup> Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil

\*<sup>3</sup> Hyundai genuine long life

※ Oil symbol

Please refer to the recommended lubricants for specification.

DF : Diesel fuel

GO : Gear oil

HO : Hydraulic oil

C : Coolant

PGL : Grease

EO : Engine oil

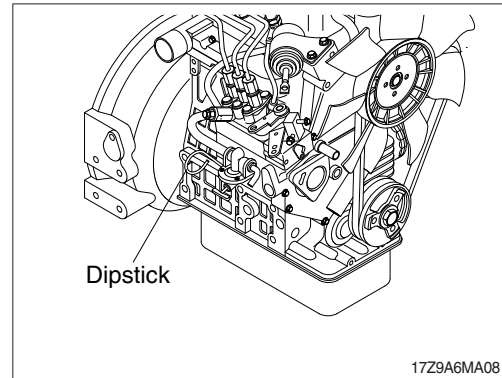


## 6. SERVICE INSTRUCTION

### 1) CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

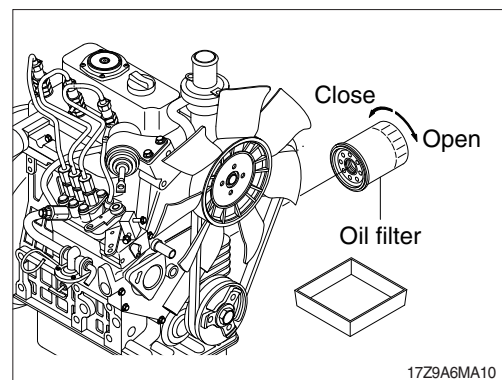
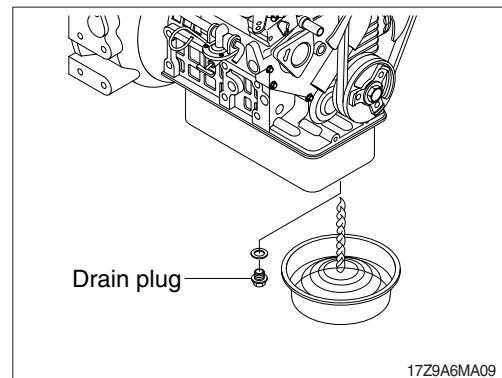
Check the oil level with the machine on a flat ground before starting engine.

- (1) Pull out the dipstick and wipe with a clean cloth.
  - (2) Check the oil level by inserting the dipstick completely into the hole and pulling out again.  
Check to see that the oil level lies between the two notches.
  - (3) If oil level is LOW, add oil and then check again.
    - ※ If the oil is contaminated or diluted, change the oil regardless of the regular change interval.
    - ※ Check oil level after engine has been stopped for 15 minutes.
- ▲ Do not operate unless the oil level is in the normal range.

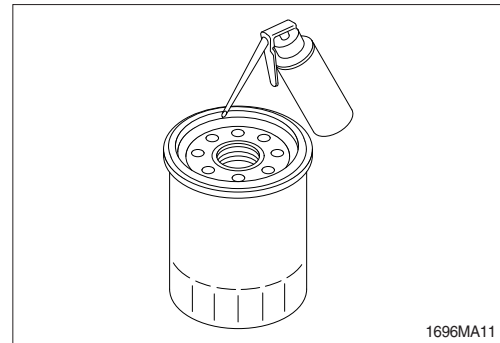


### 2) REPLACEMENT OF ENGINE OIL AND OIL FILTER

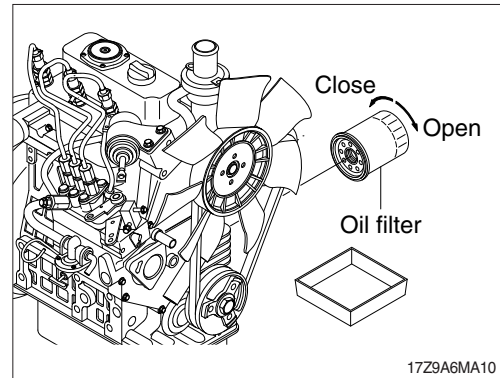
- (1) Warm up the engine.
- (2) Remove the cover of drain plug and connect the quick coupler hose.
  - ※ A drain pan with a capacity of 5.0 liters (1.3 U.S. gallons) will be adequate.
- (3) Clean around the filter head, remove the filter with a filter wrench and clean the gasket surface.



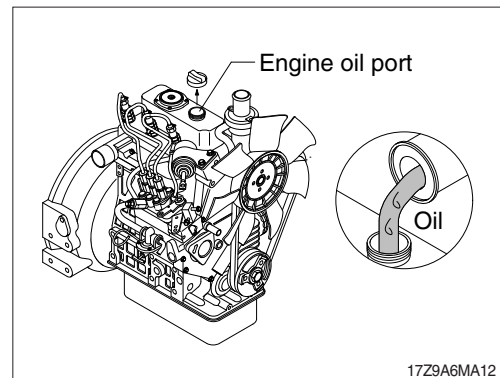
- (4) Apply a light film of lubricating oil to the gasket sealing surface before installing the filters.



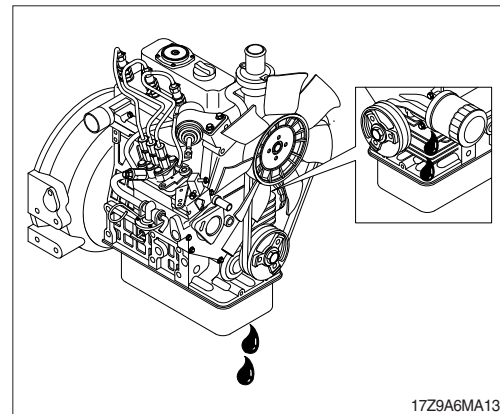
- (5) To install the filter, screw it in by hand.
- ※ **Mechanical over-tightening may distort the threads or damage the filter element seal.**
- Install the filter as specified by the filter manufacturer.



- (6) Fill the engine with clean oil to the proper level.
- Quantity : 3.7 l (1.0 U.S.gallons)



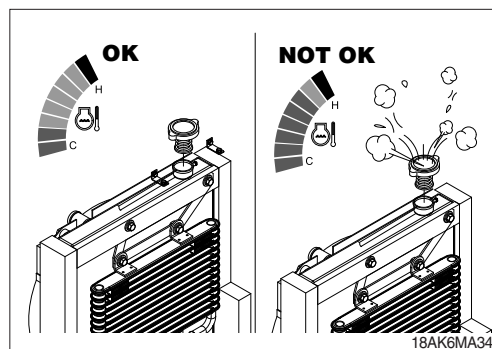
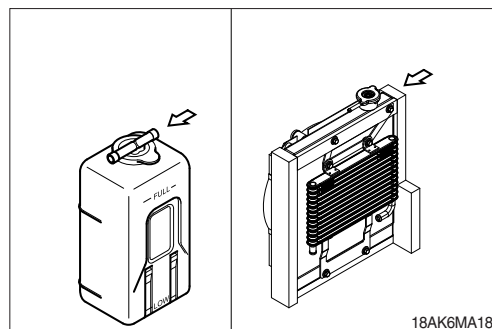
- (7) Operate the engine at low idle and inspect for leaks at the filters and the drain plug. Shut the engine off and check the oil level with the dipstick. Allow 15 minutes for oil to drain down before checking.



### 3) CHECK COOLANT

- (1) Check if the level of coolant in reservoir tank is between FULL and LOW.
- (2) Add the mixture of antifreeze and water after removing the cap of the reservoir tank if coolant is not sufficient.
- (3) Be sure to add the coolant by opening the cap of radiator when coolant level is below LOW.
- (4) Replace gasket of radiator cap when it is damaged.

▲ Hot coolant can spray out if radiator cap is removed while engine is hot. Remove the cap after the engine has cooled down.



### 4) FLUSHING AND REFILLING OF RADIATOR

- (1) Change coolant

▲ Avoid prolonged and repeated skin contact with used antifreeze.

Such prolonged repeated contact can cause skin disorders or other bodily injury.

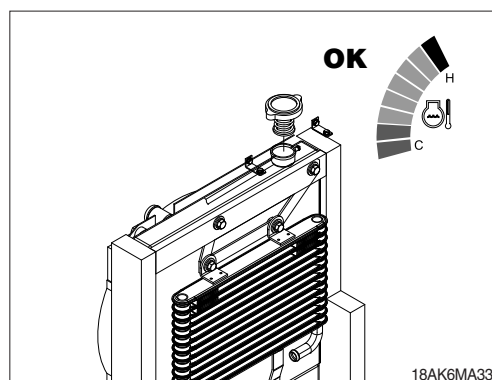
Avoid excessive contact-wash thoroughly after contact.

Keep out of reach of children.

- ※ Protect the environment : Handling and disposal of used antifreeze can be subject to federal, state, and local law regulation.

Use authorized waste disposal facilities, including civic amenity sites and garages providing authorized facilities for the receipt of used antifreeze.

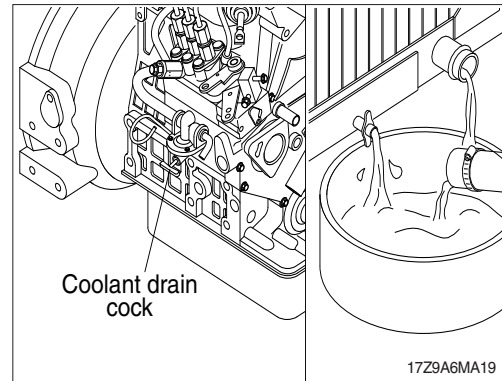
If in doubt, contact your local authorities for guidance as to proper handling of used antifreeze.



- ▲ Wait until the temperature is below 50°C (122°F) before removing the coolant system pressure cap.

Failure to do so can cause personal injury from heated coolant spray.

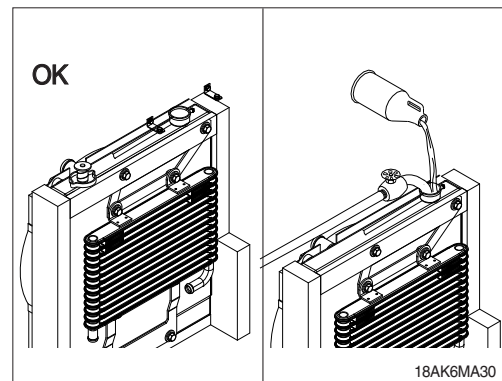
Drain the cooling system by opening the drain valve on the radiator and opening the drain cock on the engine. A drain pan with a capacity of 10 liters (2.6 U.S.gallons) will be adequate in most applications.



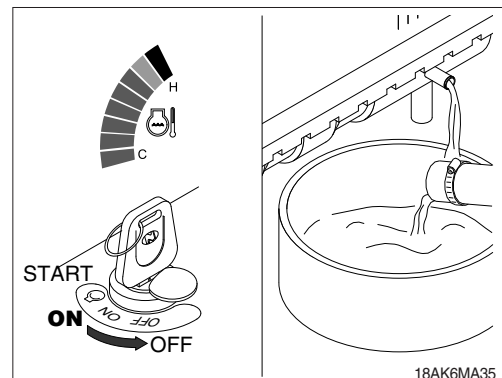
## (2) Flushing of cooling system

- ① Fill the system with a mixture of sodium carbonate and water (or a commercially available equivalent).
  - ※ Use 0.5 kg (1.0 pound) of sodium carbonate for every 23 liters (6.0 U.S. gallons) of water.
  - ※ Do not install the radiator cap.

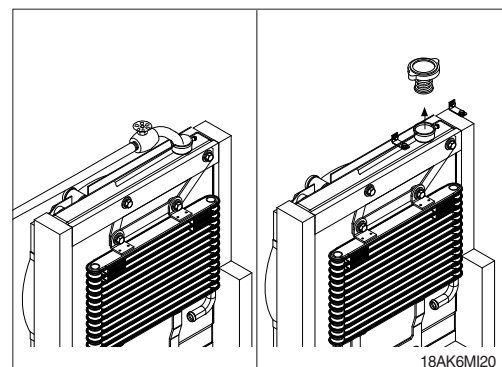
The engine is to be operated without the cap for this process.



- ② Operate the engine for 5 minutes with the coolant temperature above 80°C (176°F).  
Shut the engine off, and drain the cooling system.



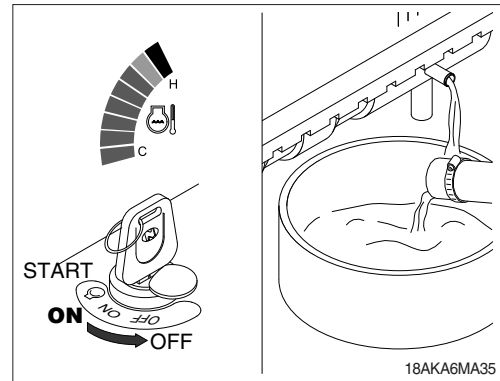
- ③ Fill the cooling system with clean water.
  - ※ Be sure to vent the engine and aftercooler for complete filling.
  - ※ Do not install the radiator cap or the new coolant filter.



- ④ Operate the engine for 5 minutes with the coolant temperature above 80°C (176°F) .

Shut the engine off, and drain the cooling system.

- ※ **If the water being drained is still dirty, the system must be flushed again until the water is clean.**

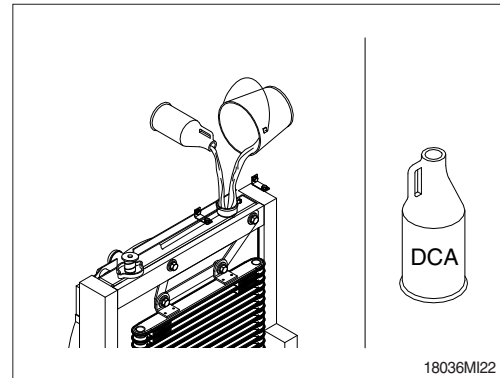


### (3) Cooling system filling

- ① Use a mixture of 50 percent soft water and 50 percent ethylene glycol antifreeze to fill the cooling system. Refer to the page 6-9.

- ※ **Use the correct amount of DCA4 corrosion inhibitor to protect the cooling system.**

- ※ **Do not use hard water such as river water or well water.**

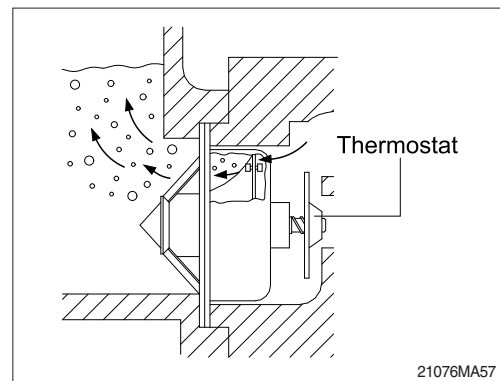


- ② The system has a maximum fill rate of 14 liters (3.5 U.S. gallons) per minute.

Do not exceed this fill rate.

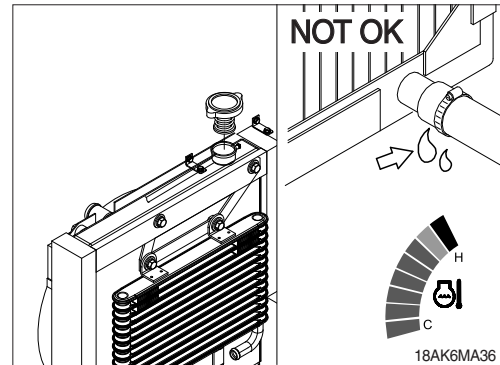
- ※ **The system must be filled slowly to prevent air locks.**

**During filling, air must be vented from the engine coolant passage.**



- ③ Install the pressure cap. Operate the engine until it reaches a temperature 80°C (176°F), and check for coolant leaks.

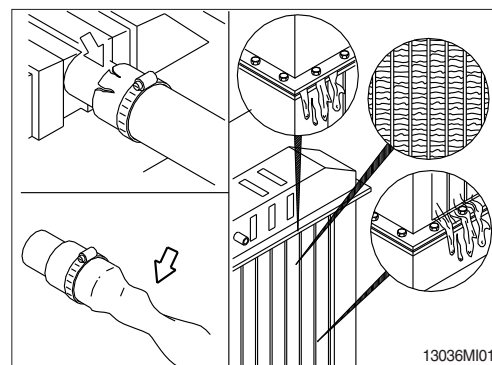
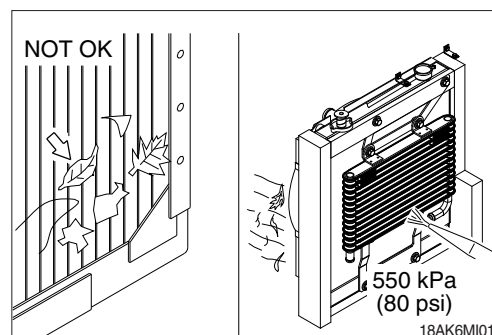
Check the coolant level again to make sure the system is full of coolant.



## 5) CLEAN RADIATOR AND OIL COOLER

Check, and if necessary, clean and dry outside of radiator and oil cooler. After working in a dusty place, clean radiator more frequently.

- (1) Visually inspect the radiator for clogged radiator fins.
  - (2) Use 550 kPa (80 psi) air pressure to blow the dirt and debris from the fins.  
Blow the air in the opposite direction of the fan air flow.
  - (3) Visually inspect the radiator for bent or broken fins.
- ※ If the radiator must be replaced due to bent or broken fins which can cause the engine to overheat, refer to the manufacturer's replacement procedures.
- (4) Visually inspect the radiator for core and gasket leaks.

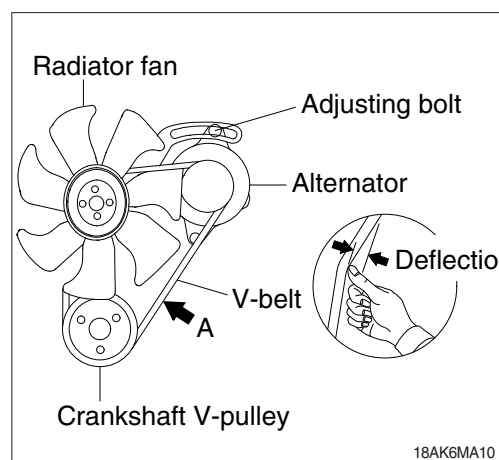


## 6) FAN BELT TENSION

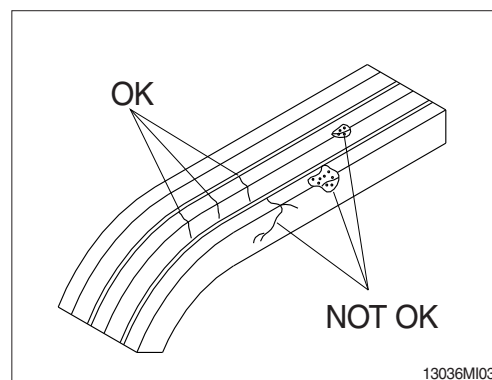
- (1) Press the V-belt at the midpoint of the alternator pulley and the crankshaft pulley, and measure the deflection of the belt.

Item	Standard value (mm)
<b>V-belt tension</b> Belt deflection when pressed with a force of approx. 10 kgf·m (22.0 lbf·ft)	7.0 ~ 9.0

- (2) If the measured deflection does not conform to the standard value, loosen the adjusting bolt and move the alternator for adjustment.



- (3) Inspect the drive for damage.





## 7) INSPECTION OF COOLING FAN

▲ Personal injury can result from a fan blade failure. Never pull or pry on the fan.

This can damage the fan blade and cause fan failure.

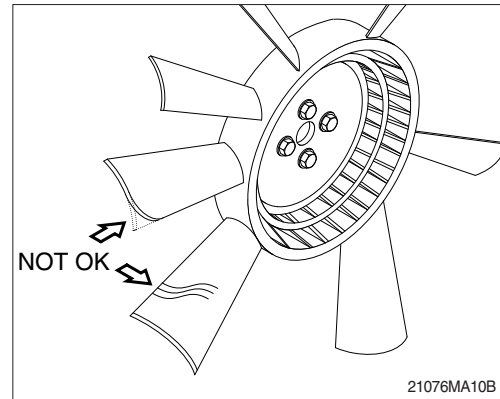
※ Rotate the crankshaft by using the engine barring gear.

※ A visual inspection of the cooling fan is required daily.

Check for cracks, loose rivets, and bent or loose blades.

Check the fan to make sure it is securely mounted. Tighten the capscrews if necessary.

Replace any fan that is damaged.



## 8) CLEANING OF AIR CLEANER

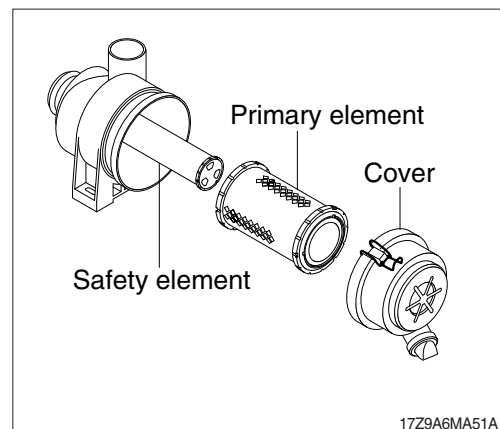
### (1) Primary element

- ① Open cover and remove the element.
- ② Clean the inside of the body.
- ③ Clean the element with pressurized air.
  - Remove the dust inside of the element by the pressurized air (below 3 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 40 psi) forward and backward equally.
- ④ Inspect for cracks or damage of element by putting a light bulb inside of the element.
- ⑤ Insert element and close cover.

※ **Replace the primary element after 4 times cleanings.**

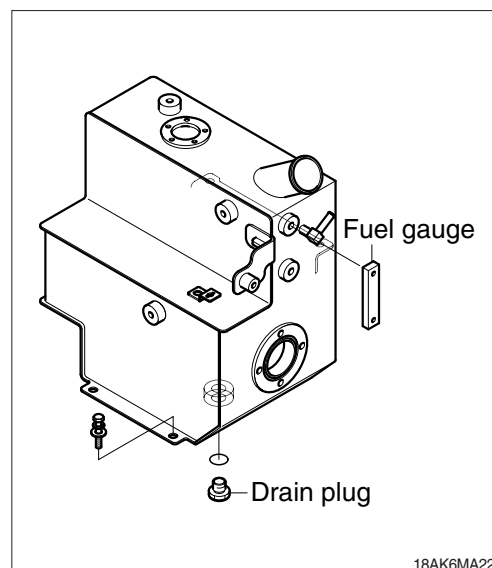
### (2) Safety element

- ※ **Replace the safety element only when the primary element is cleaned for the 4 times.**
- ※ **Always replace the safety element. Never attempt to reuse the safety element by cleaning the element.**



## 9) FUEL TANK

- (1) Fill fuel fully when system the operation to minimize water condensation, and check it with fuel gauge before starting the machine.
  - (2) Drain the water and sediment in the fuel tank by opening the drain plug.
    - ※ **Be sure to LOCK the cap of fuel tank.**
    - ※ **Remove the strainer of the fuel tank and clean it if contaminated.**
- ▲ **Stop the engine when refueling.**  
**All lights and flames shall be kept at a safe distance while refueling.**



## 10) REPLACING THE FUEL FILTER AND WATER SEPARATOR

### (1) Fuel filter

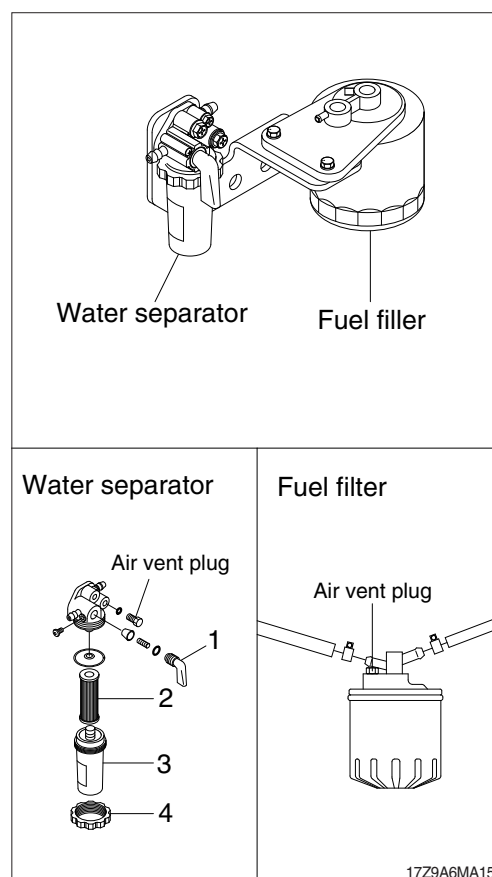
Water and dust in fuel are collected in the filter. So, change the filter every 400 hours service.

- ① Remove the used filter with filter wrench.
- ② Apply a thin film of fuel to the surface of new filter gasket before screwing on.
- ③ Then tighten enough by hand.
- ④ Loosen the air vent plug to let the air out.
- ⑤ Start engine and check for fuel leakage.

### (2) Water separator

- ① Close the fuel cock (1).
  - ② Unscrew the retaining ring (4) and remove the cup (3), and rinse the inside with kerosene.
  - ③ Replace the element (2).
  - ④ Reassemble the water separator, keeping out dust and dirt.
  - ⑤ Bleed the fuel system. Refer to page 6-25.
- ※ **Clean element (2) every 100 hours.**
  - ※ **Be sure to clean the cup (3) periodically.**

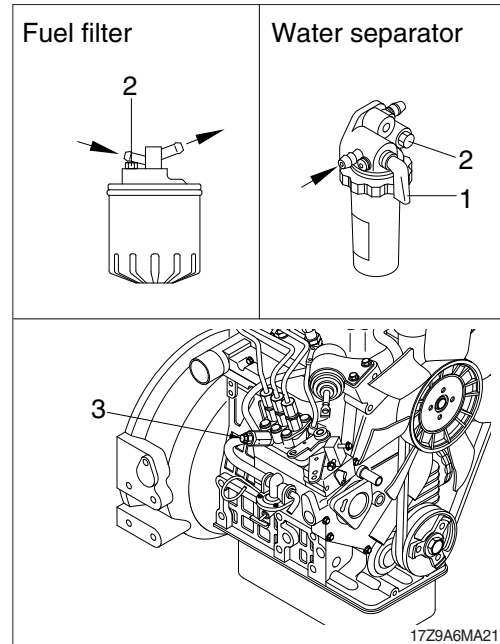
- ▲ **Make sure that any fire hazard is not around the work area when handling fuel.**  
**Wipe off spilled fuel thoroughly. It can cause a fire.**





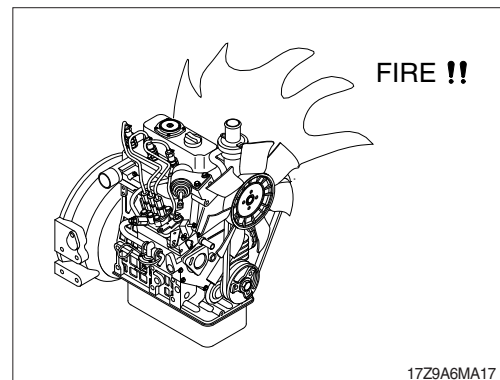
## 11) BLEEDING THE FUEL SYSTEM

- (1) Fill the tank with fuel and open the cock (1).
  - (2) Loosen the air vent plug (2) a few turns.
  - (3) Screw back the plug when bubbles do not come up any more.
  - (4) Open the air vent cock (3) on top of the fuel injection pump.
  - (5) Turn the start switch to the ON position and hold it in the position for 10~15 seconds to operate the fuel feed pump.
  - (6) Close securely the air vent cock (1) after air bleeding.
- ※ **Always keep the air vent cock on the fuel injection pump closed except when air is vented, or it may cause the engine to stop.**



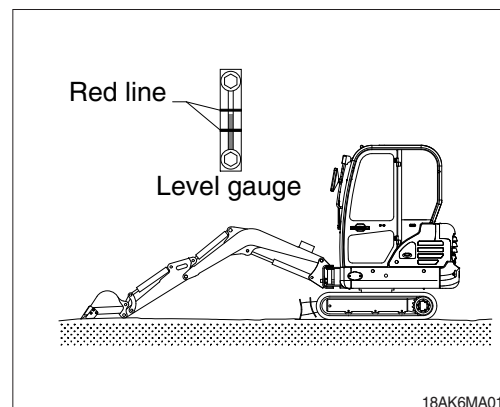
## 12) LEAKAGE OF FUEL

- ▲ Be careful and clean the fuel hose, injection pump, fuel filter and other connections as the leakage from these part can cause fire.



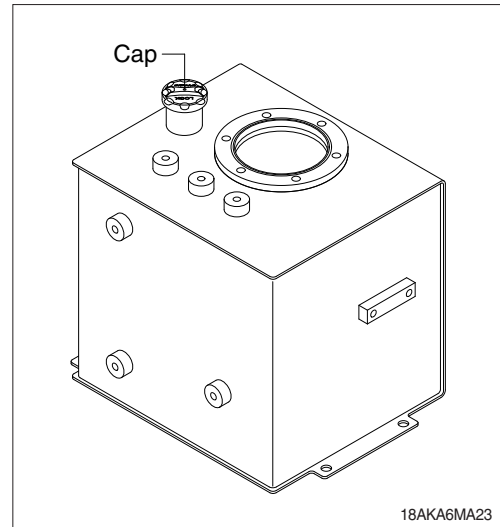
## 13) HYDRAULIC OIL CHECK

- (1) Stop the engine after retract the arm and bucket cylinders, then lower the boom and set the bucket on the ground at a flat location as in the illustration.
- (2) Check the oil level at the level gauge of hydraulic oil tank.
- (3) The oil level is normal if between the red lines.



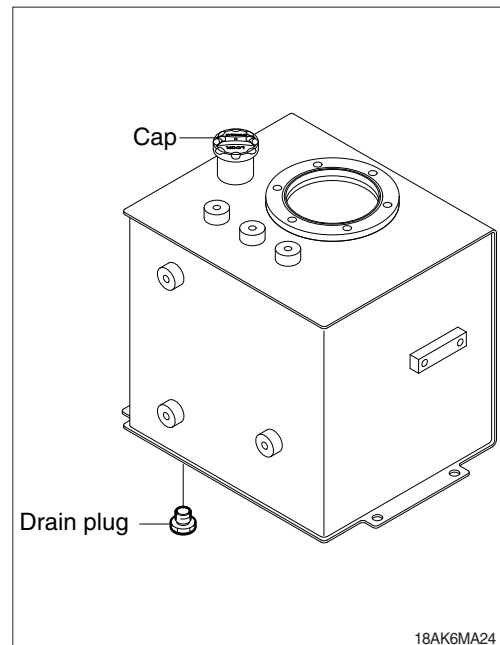
#### 14) FILLING HYDRAULIC OIL

- (1) Stop the engine to the position of level check.
- (2) Loosen the cap.
- (3) Fill the oil to the specified level.
- (4) Start engine after filling and operate the work equipment several times.
- (5) Check the oil level at the level check position after engine stops.



#### 15) CHANGE HYDRAULIC OIL

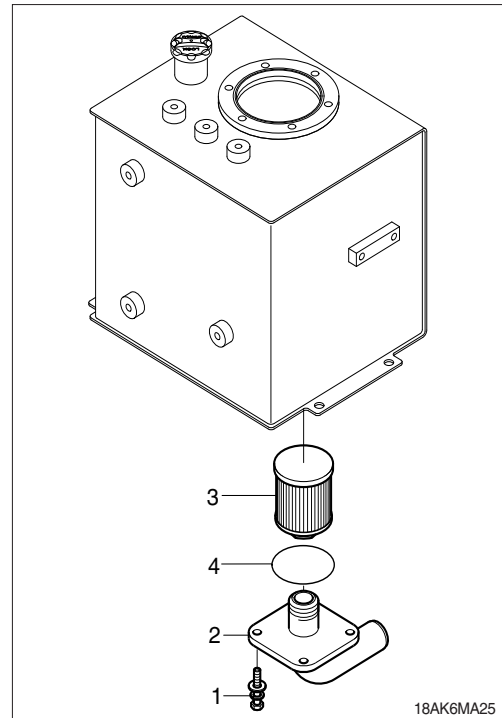
- (1) Lower the bucket on the ground pulling the arm and bucket cylinder to the maximum.
  - (2) Loosen the cap.
  - (3) Prepare a suitable container.
  - (4) To drain the oil loosen the drain plug at the bottom of the oil tank.
  - (5) Fill proper amount of recommended oil.
  - (6) Put the cap.
  - (7) Bleed air hydraulic pump loosen the air breather at top of hydraulic pump assembly.
  - (8) Start engine and run continually. Release the air by full stroke of each control lever.
- ※ In case of injecting HBHO (Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil) to machines that have formerly used different hydraulic oil, the proportion of residual oil must not exceed 2 %
- ※ Do not mix any other Bio oil, use only HBHO as bio oil.
- If changing to Bio oil, contact HYUNDAI dealer.



## 16) CLEAN SUCTION STRAINER

When changing hydraulic oil, remove the suction strainer and clean it.

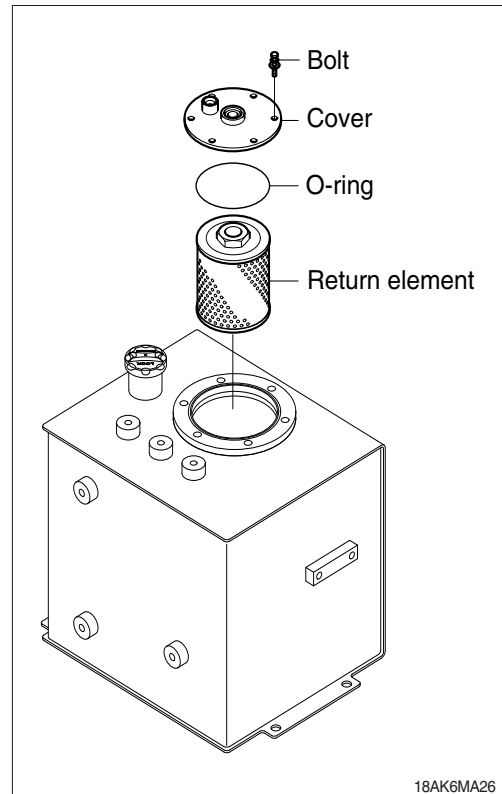
- (1) Remove the bolt (1) and suction cover (2)
    - Tightening torque :  $6.9 \pm 1.4 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$   
( $50 \pm 10 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft}$ )
  - (2) Remove the suction strainer (3) from suction cover (2)
  - (3) Wash the foreign material on the suction strainer with gasoline or cleaning oil.
  - (4) Replace the suction strainer if it is damaged.
  - (5) Assemble with reverse order of disassembly.  
Be sure to install a new O-ring (4) and reinsert in the oil tank.
- ※ **Do not remove the bolt (1) from hydraulic tank before the hydraulic tank was empty.**



## 17) REPLACEMENT OF RETURN FILTER

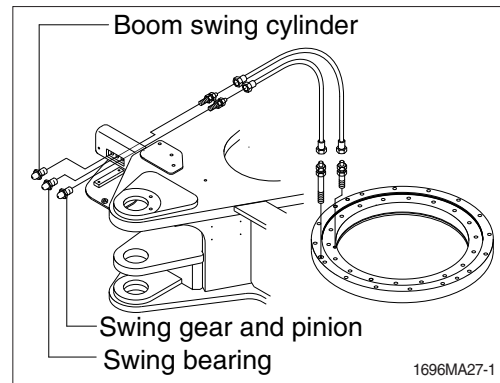
Replace as follows paying attention to the cause to be kept during the replacement.

- (1) Remove the cover.
  - Tightening torque :  $6.9 \pm 1.4 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$   
( $50 \pm 10 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft}$ )
- (2) Remove the return filter in the tank.
- (3) Replace the element with new one.



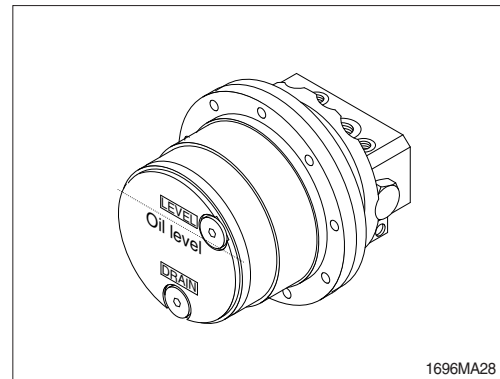
### 18) LUBRICATE SWING BEARING LUBRICATE SWING GEAR & PINION BOOM SWING CYLINDER

- (1) Grease at 3 fitting.
- ※ **Swing bearing & boom swing cylinder :**  
Lubricate every 250 hours.
- ※ **Swing gear & pinion :**  
Lubricate every 50 hours.



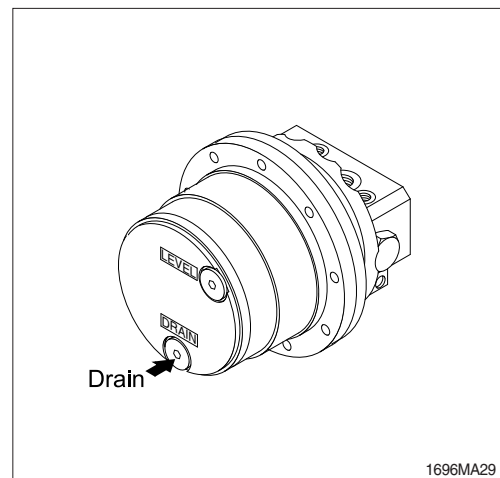
### 19) CHECK THE TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR OIL

- (1) Operate the machine to the position of drain plug down to the flat ground.
- (2) Loosen the level plug and check the oil level.  
If the level is at the hole of the plug, it is normal.  
Fill the oil if it is not sufficient.  
Amount of oil : 0.33 l (0.09 U.S.gal)



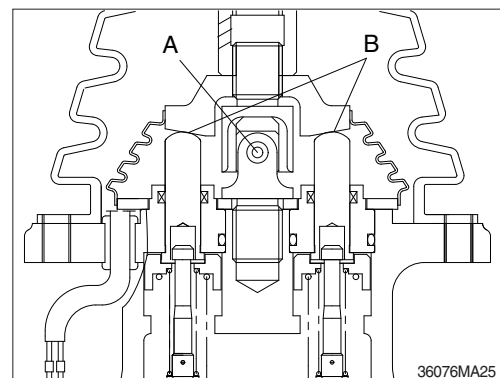
### 20) CHANGE OF THE TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR OIL

- (1) Raise the temperature of the oil by traveling machine first.
- (2) Stop when the position of the drain plug is down.
- (3) Loosen the level plug and then the drain plug.
- (4) Drain the oil to adequate container.
- (5) Tighten the drain plug and fill specified amount of oil at filling port.
- (6) Tighten the level plug and travel slowly to check if there is any leakage of oil.



### 21) LUBRICATE RCV LEVER

Remove the bellows and with a grease gun grease the joint part (A) and sliding parts (B).



## 22) ADJUSTMENT OF TRACK TENSION

- ※ It is important to adjust the tension of track properly to extend the lifetime of track and traveling device.
- ※ The wear of pins and bushings on the undercarriage will vary with the working conditions and soil properties.  
It is thus necessary to continually inspect the track tension so as to maintain the standard tension on it.

- (1) Raise the chassis with the boom and arm.
  - (2) Measure the distance between bottom of lower-roller and track of shoe.
- ※ **Remove mud with rotating the track before measuring.**

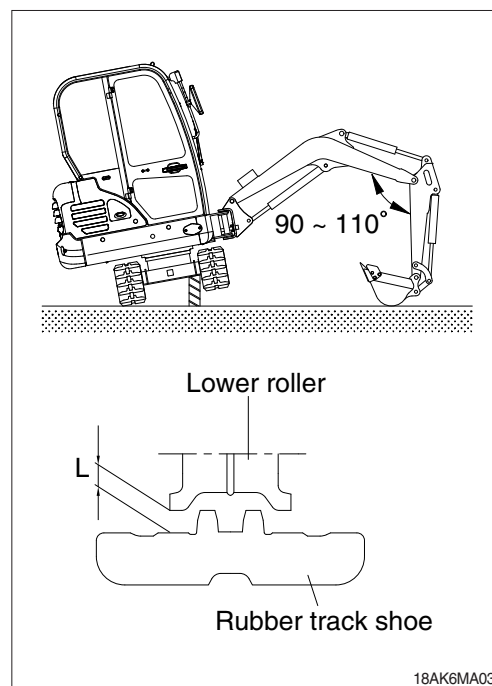
- (3) If the tension is tight, drain the grease in the grease nipple and if the tension is loose, charge the grease.

▲ **Personal injury or death can result from grease under pressure.**

▲ **When loosening the grease nipple, do not loosen more than one turn as there is a danger of a spring coming out of the nipple because of the high pressure inside.**

- ※ **When the grease is drained, move the track to the forward and backward slightly.**

If the track tension is loose even after the grease is charged to the maximum, change the pins and bushings as there are worn seriously.



### Rubber track

Length (L)	
5~10 mm	0.2~0.4"

### 23) REPLACEMENT OF BUCKET

**⚠** When knocking the pin in with a hammer, metal particles may fly and cause serious injury, particularly if they get into your eyes. When carrying out this operation, always wear goggles, helmet, gloves, and other protective equipment.

※ When the bucket is removed, place it in a stable condition.

※ When performing joint work, make sure signals to each other and work carefully for safety's sake.

(1) Lower the bucket on the ground as the picture shown in the right.

(2) Lock the safety lever to the LOCK position and stop the engine.

(3) Remove the stopper bolts (1) and nuts (2), then remove pins (3, 4) and remove the bucket.

※ When removing the pins, place the bucket so that it is in light contact with the ground.

※ If the bucket is lowered strongly to the ground, the resistance will be increased and it will be difficult to remove the pins.

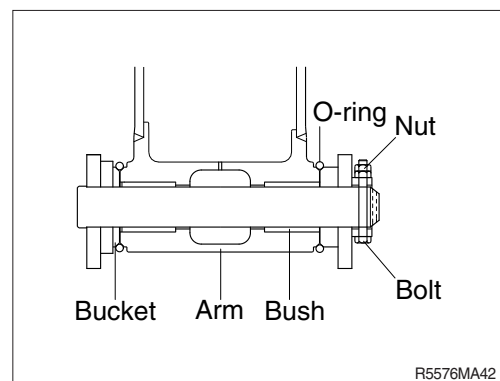
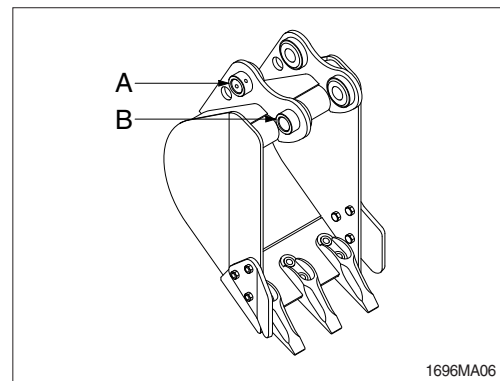
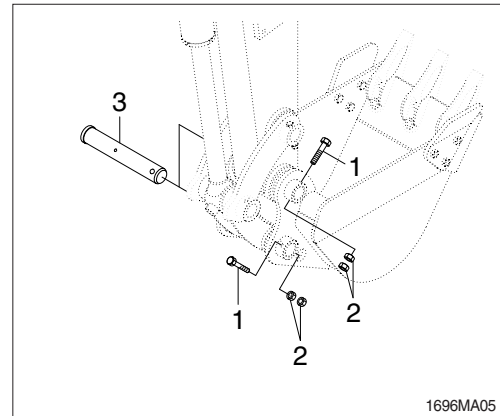
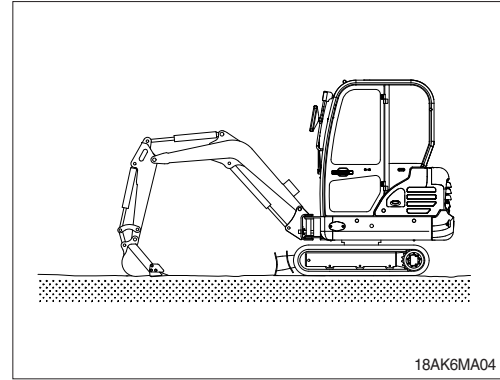
※ After remove the pins, make sure that they do not become contaminated with sand or mud and that the seals of bushing on both sides do not become damaged.

(4) Align the arm with holes (A) and the link with holes (B), then coat with grease and install pins (3, 4)

※ When installing the bucket, the O-rings are easily damaged, so fit the O-rings on the boss of the bucket as shown in the picture.

After knocking the pin, move the O-ring down to the regular groove.

(5) Install the stopper bolt (1) and nuts (2) for each pin, then grease the pin.

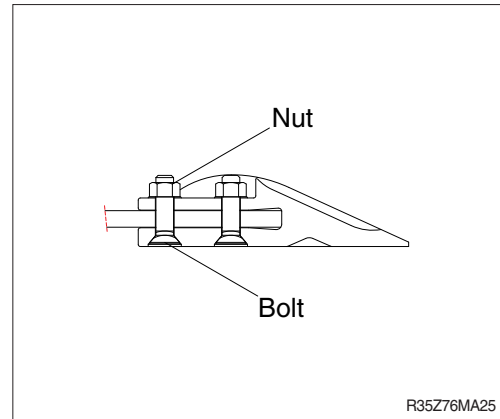


## 24) REPLACEMENT OF BUCKET TOOTH

- (1) Loosen the bolts and nuts.
- (2) Remove dust and mud from surface of bucket by using knife.
- (3) Fit news tooth to bucket.
- (4) Fasten bolts and nuts.

▲ **Personal injury can result from bucket falling.**

▲ **Block the bucket before changing tooth tips or side cutters.**



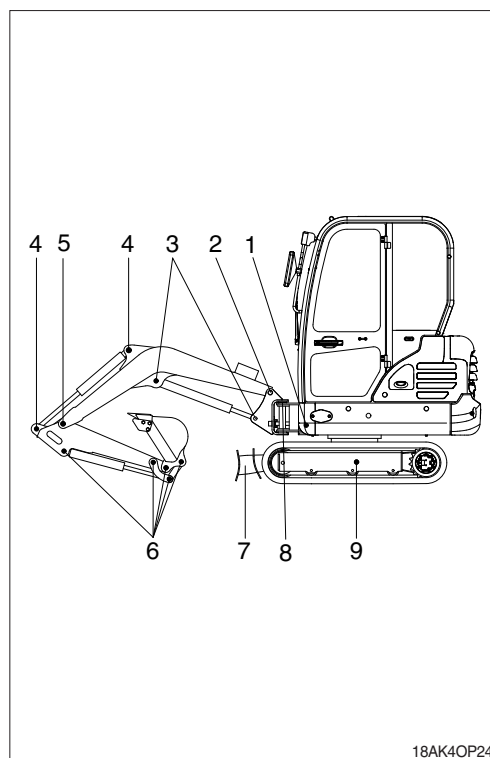
## 25) LUBRICATE PIN AND BUSHING

### (1) Lubricate to each pin of working device

Lubricate the grease to the grease nipple according to the lubricating interval.

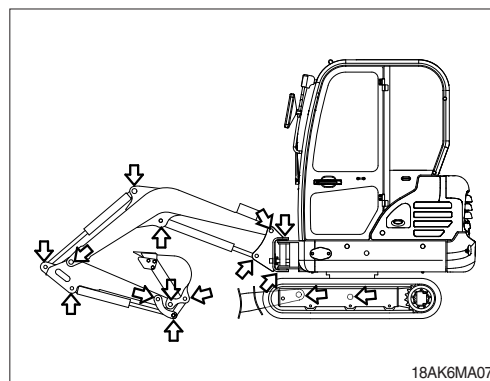
No.	Description	Qty
1	Lubrication manifold at upper frame	3
2	Boom connection pin	2
3	Boom cylinder (head and rod side)	2
4	Arm cylinder pin (head and rod side)	2
5	Boom and arm connection pin	1
6	Bucket cylinder pin (head and rod)	2
	Bucket link (control rod)	1
	Arm and bucket connection pin	1
	Arm and control link connection pin	1
7	Dozer connection pin	2
	Dozer cylinder pin	2
8	Boom swing post	2
9	Extension cylinder pin	2

※ Shorten lubricating interval when working in the water or dusty place.



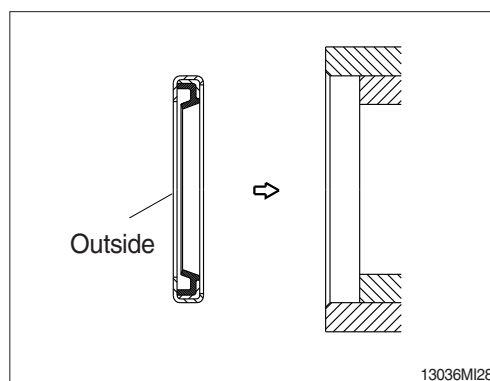
### (2) Dust seals are mounted on the rotating part of working device to extend the lubricating interval.

※ Mount the lip to be faced outside when replace the dust seal.



※ If it is assembled in wrong direction, it will cause fast wear of pin and bushing, and create noise and vibration during operation.

※ Assemble the seal same direction with picture and use with plastic hammer when replace.

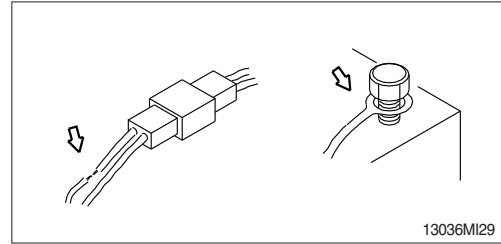




## 7. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

### 1) WIRING, GAUGES

Check regularly and repair loose or malfunctioning gauges when found.



### 2) BATTERY

#### (1) Clean

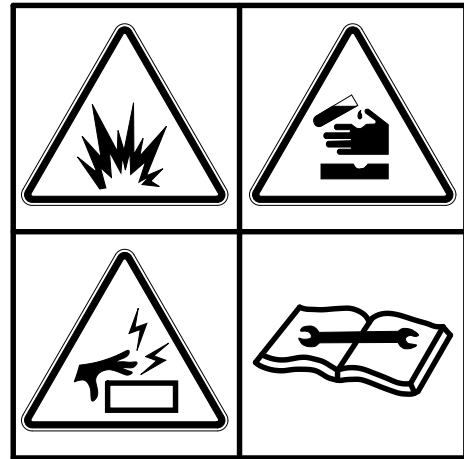
- ① Wash the terminal with hot water if it is contaminated, and apply grease to the terminals after washing.

⚠ Battery gas can explode. Keep sparks and flames away from batteries.

⚠ Always wear protective glasses when working with batteries.

⚠ Do not stain clothes or skin with electrolyte as it is acid.

Be careful not to get the electrolyte in eyes.  
Wash with clean water and go to the doctor if it enters the eyes.



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#### (2) Recycle

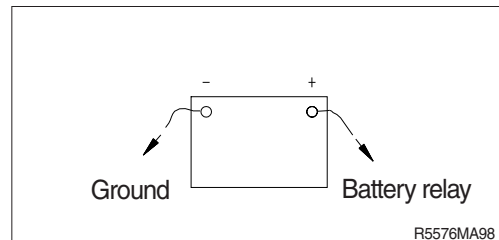
Never discard a battery.

Always return used batteries to one of the following locations.

- A battery supplier
- An authorized battery collection facility
- Recycling facility

#### (3) Method of removing the battery cable

Remove the cable from the ground connection first(⊖ terminal side) and reconnect it last when reassembling.



### 3) STARTING THE ENGINE WITH A BOOSTER CABLE

Keep following order when you are going to start engine using booster cable.

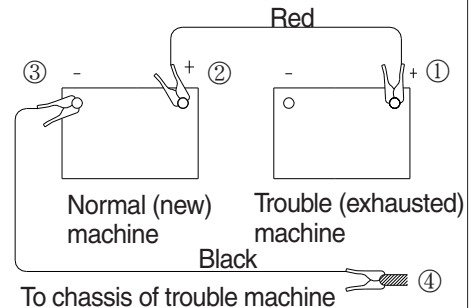
#### (1) Connection of booster cable

※ **Use the same capacity of battery for starting.**

- ① Make sure that the starting switches of the normal machine and trouble machine are both at the OFF position.
- ② Connect the red terminal of booster cable to the battery (+) terminal between exhausted and new battery.
- ③ Connect the black terminal of the booster cable between new battery (-) terminal and chassis of trouble machine.

※ **Keep firmly all connection, the spark will be caused when connecting finally.**

#### Connection of booster cable

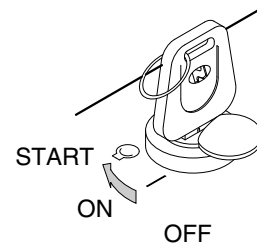


Connection order : ① → ② → ③ → ④

R5576MA99

#### (2) Starting the engine

- ① Starting the engine of the normal machine and keep it to run at high idle.
- ② Start engine of the trouble machine with starting switch.
- ③ If you can not start it by one time, restart the engine after 2 minutes.



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#### (3) Taking off the booster cable

- ① Take off the booster cable (black).
- ② Take off the booster cable (red) connected to the (+) terminal.
- ③ Run engine with high idle until charging the exhausted battery by alternator, fully.

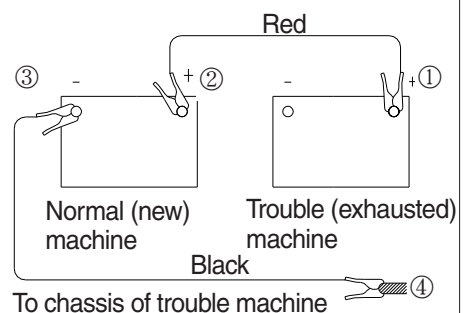
▲ **Explosive gas is generated while using the battery or charging it. Keep away flame and be careful not to cause the spark.**

※ **Charge the battery in the well ventilated place.**

※ **Place the machine on the earth or concrete. Avoid charging the machine on the steel plate.**

※ **Do not connect (+) terminal and (-) terminal when connecting booster cable because it will be shorted.**

#### Disconnection of booster cable



Disconnection order : ④ → ③ → ② → ①

R5576MA99

#### (4) Welding repair

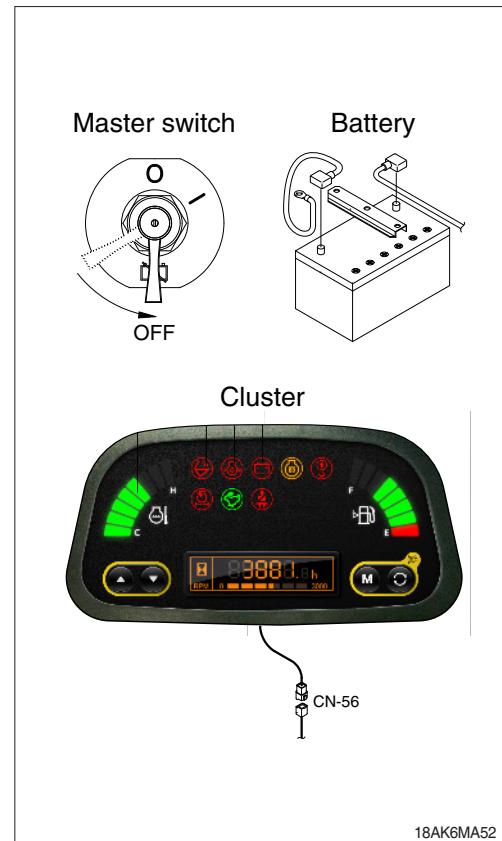
Before start to welding, follow the below procedure.

- ① Shut off the engine and remove the starting switch.
- ② Disconnect ground cable from battery by master switch.
- ③ Before carrying out any electric welding on the machine, the battery cables should be disconnected.
- ④ Connect the earth (ground) lead of the welding equipment as close to the welding point as possible.

※ Do not weld or flame cut on pipes or tubes that contain flammable fluids. Clean them thoroughly with nonflammable solvent before welding or flame cutting on them.

⚠ Do not attempt to welding work before carry out the above.

If not, it will caused serious damage at electric system.



# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

## 1. ENGINE

※ This guide is not intended to cover every conditions, however many of the more common possibilities are listed.

Trouble	Service	Remark
The engine oil pressure lamp lights ON when engine speed is raised after completion of warm up.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Add the oil to the specified level.</li> <li>· Replace the oil filter cartridge.</li> <li>· Check oil leakage from the pipe or the joint.</li> <li>· Replace the monitor.</li> </ul>	
Steam is emitted from the top part of the radiator (the pressure valve). Coolant level warning lamp lights ON.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Supply the coolant and check leakage.</li> <li>· Adjust fan belt tension.</li> <li>· Wash out inside of cooling system.</li> <li>· Clean or repair the radiator fin.</li> <li>· Check the thermostat.</li> <li>· Tighten the radiator cap firmly or replace the packing of it.</li> <li>· Replace the monitor.</li> </ul>	
The engine does not start when the starting motor is turned over.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Add fuel.</li> <li>· Repair where air is leaking into fuel system.</li> <li>· Check the injection pump or the nozzle.</li> <li>· Check the valve clearance.</li> <li>· Check engine compression pressure.</li> </ul>	
Exhaust gas is white or blue.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Adjust to specified oil quantity.</li> <li>· Replace with specified fuel.</li> </ul>	
Exhaust gas occasionally turns black.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Clean or replace the air cleaner element.</li> <li>· Check the nozzle.</li> <li>· Check engine compression pressure.</li> <li>· Clean or replace the turbocharger.</li> </ul>	
Combustion noise occasionally changes to breathing sound.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check the nozzle.</li> </ul>	
Unusual combustion noise or mechanical noise.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check with specified fuel.</li> <li>· Check over-heating.</li> <li>· Replace the muffler.</li> <li>· Adjust valve clearance.</li> </ul>	

## 2. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Trouble	Service	Remark
Lamp does not glow brightly even when engine runs at high speed. Lamp flickers while engine runs.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check for loose terminals and open-circuit wiring.</li> <li>· Adjust belt tension.</li> </ul>	
Battery charging lamp does not go out even when engine runs at high speed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check the alternator.</li> <li>· Check and repair wiring.</li> </ul>	
Unusual noise is emitted from the alternator.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check the alternator.</li> </ul>	
Starting motor does not turn when starting switch is turned START.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check and repair the wiring.</li> <li>· Charge the battery.</li> <li>· Check the starting motor.</li> <li>· Check the safety relay.</li> </ul>	
The pinion of the starting motor keeps going in and out.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Charge the battery.</li> <li>· Check the safety relay.</li> </ul>	
Starting motor turns the engine sluggishly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Charge the battery.</li> <li>· Check the starting motor.</li> </ul>	
The starting motor disengages before the engine starts up.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check and repair the wiring.</li> <li>· Charge the battery.</li> </ul>	
The engine oil pressure lamp does not light up when engine is stationary (when the starting switch is in ON position.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check the monitor.</li> <li>· Check the caution lamp switch.</li> </ul>	
Battery charging lamp does not light up when the engine is stationary. (when the starting switch is in ON position.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check the monitor.</li> <li>· Check and repair the wiring.</li> </ul>	

### 3. OTHERS

Trouble	Service	Remark
Track slip out of place. Excessive wear of the sprocket.	· Adjust tension of track.	
Bucket either rises slowly or not at all.	· Add oil to specified level.	
Slow speed of travel, swing, boom, arm and bucket.	· Add oil to specified level.	
Unusual noise emitted from pump.	· Clean the hydraulic tank strainer.	
Excessive oil temperature rise of hydraulic oil.	· Clean the oil cooler. · Adjust fan belt tension. · Add oil to specified level.	

# HYDRAULIC BREAKER AND QUICK COUPLER

## 1. SELECTING HYDRAULIC BREAKER

- ※ Read safety hints in this manual and breaker & quick coupler manuals in website (Dealer Portal) before using breaker and quick coupler.
- 1) Become familiar with the manual and select breakers suitable to machine specifications.
- 2) Make careful selection in consideration of oil quantity, pressure and striking force, to enable satisfied performance.
- 3) When apply a breaker to the machine, consult your local dealer of Hyundai for further explanation.

## 2. CIRCUIT CONFIGURATION

- 1) As for breaker oil pressure line, use extra spool of main control valve.
- 2) Set proper breaker pressure on load relief valve.
- 3) The pressure of the R18-9AK system is 210 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup> (2990 psi).
- 4) The accumulator should be used to the breaker charging and return line.  
If the accumulator is not used, it will be damage as the input wave is delivered.  
※ Keep the pressure pulsation of pump below 60 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup> (850 psi) by installing the accumulator.
- 5) Do not connect the breaker return line to the main control, but connect to the return line front of the cooler.
- 6) Do not connect the breaker return line to drain lines, such as of swing motor, travel motor or pump, otherwise they should be damaged.
- 7) One of spool of the main control valve should be connected to the tank.
- 8) Select the size of pipe laying considering the back pressure.
- 9) Shimless tube should be used for the piping. The hose and seal should be used Hyundai genuine parts.
- 10) Weld the bracket for pipe clamp to prevent damage caused by vibration.



### 3. MAINTENANCE

#### 1) MAINTENANCE OF HYDRAULIC OIL AND FILTER

- (1) As machine with an hydraulic breaker provides the hydraulic oil becomes severely contaminated.
- (2) So, unless frequently maintained, the machine may easily go out of order.
- (3) Inspect and maintain hydraulic oil and 4 kinds of filter elements in particular, in order to prolong machine life.
- (4) Replace when the breaker work is used for short time according to the standard of right graph.

#### 2) RELEASE THE PRESSURE IN BREAKER CIRCUIT

When breaker operating is finished, stop engine and push pedal or switch for breaker to release pressure in breaker circuit.

If pressure still remains, the lifetime of the diaphragm in the accumulator will be shortened.

- 3) Be careful to prevent contamination by dust, sand and etc.  
If such pollution become mixed into the oil, the pump moving parts will wear abnormally, shorten lifetime and become damaged.
- 4) When operating breaker, bolts and nuts of main equipment may be loosened by vibration. So, it must be inspected periodically.

Service interval

unit : hours

Attachment	Operating rate	Hydraulic oil	Filter element
Breaker	100 %	600* <sup>1</sup>	200
		1000* <sup>2</sup>	

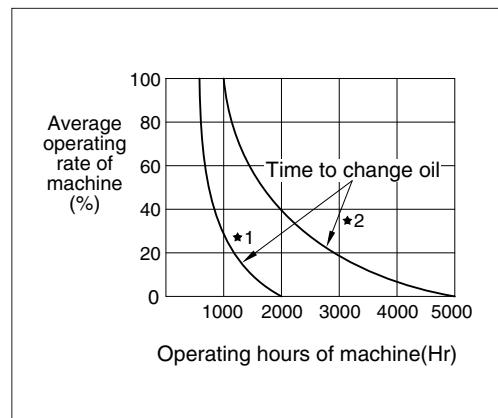
\*<sup>1</sup> : Conventional hydraulic oil

\*<sup>2</sup> : Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil

#### ● Replace following filter at same time

· Hydraulic oil return filter : 1 EA

Hyd oil change guide for hydraulic breaker



\*<sup>1</sup> : Conventional hydraulic oil

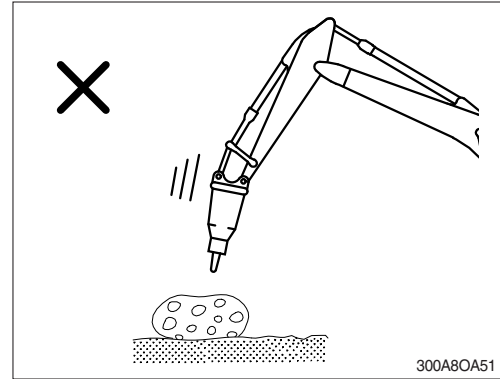
\*<sup>2</sup> : Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil

## 4. PRECAUTIONS WHILE OPERATING THE BREAKER

### DO NOT BREAK ROCK WHILE LOWERING

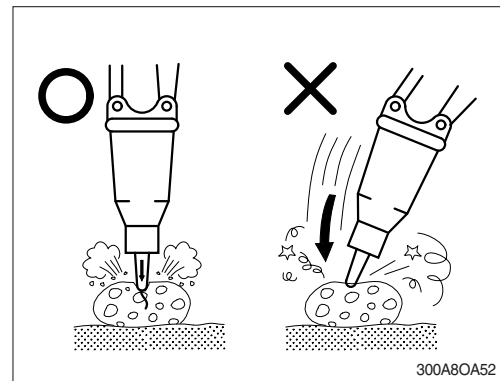
As the breaker is heavy in comparison with bucket, it must be operated slowly.

If breaker is rapidly pushed down, working device may be damaged.



### DIRECTION OF THRUST

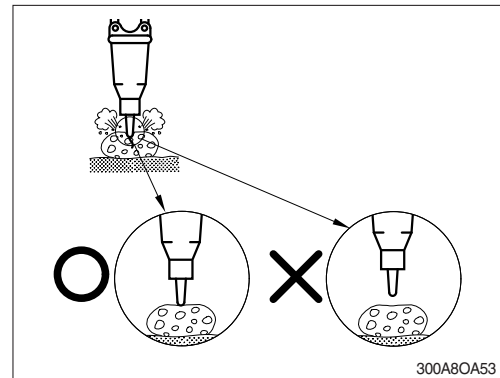
Apply a thrust in a straight line with the tool. Place the tool on a rock with the hammering side as vertically as possible. If the hammering side is oblique, the tool may slip during hammering, causing the chisel and piston to break, or seized. When breaking, select the point of a rock on which hammering can perform stably and fully stabilize the chisel to the hammer.



### PROPER THRUST

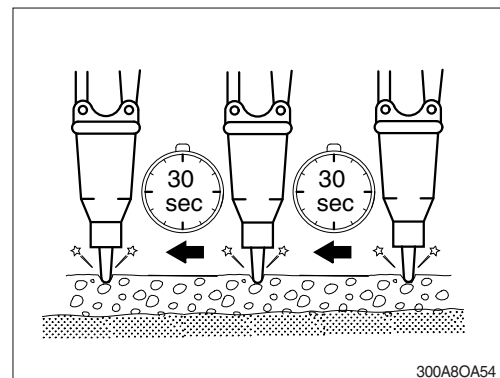
To break effectively, a proper thrust force must be applied to the breaker. If thrust is too low, impact energy of the piston may not be sufficient to break rocks.

Breaking force is transferred to the breaker body, arm and boom resulting in damage of those parts.



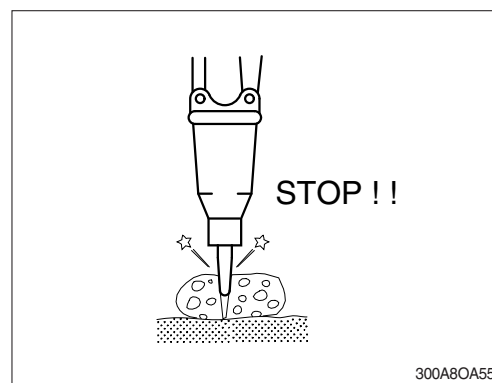
Move the impact point from the edge to the interior. Never try to break off a too large block, if the object has not broken within 30 seconds. The object should be broken up piece by piece in small blocks. Large distance steps will not improve working results.

Operating the breaker longer than 30 seconds may cause damage to the breaker.



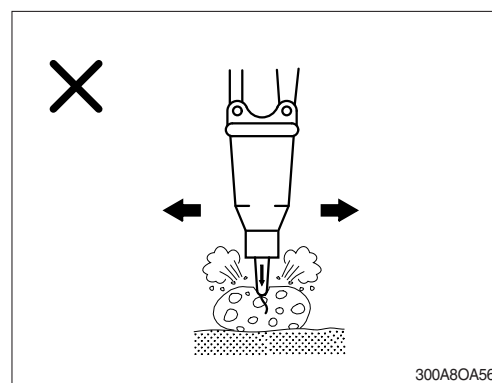
### BLANKS THRUST

Blank blows, which are impact on the chisel without contact with the object, are very harmful for the breaker. Always press the chisel down onto the material before starting the breaker. And stop operation immediately as soon as the object has been broken. If operation is continued, blank blows could result in excessive wear to major components.



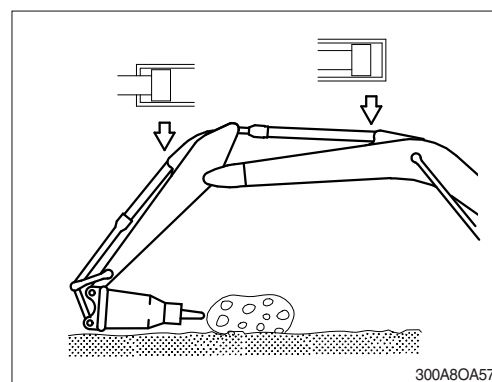
### DO NOT MOVE MACHINE OR BREAKER WHILE STRIKING

Do not move hammer while striking. This will cause damage to the working device and the swing system.



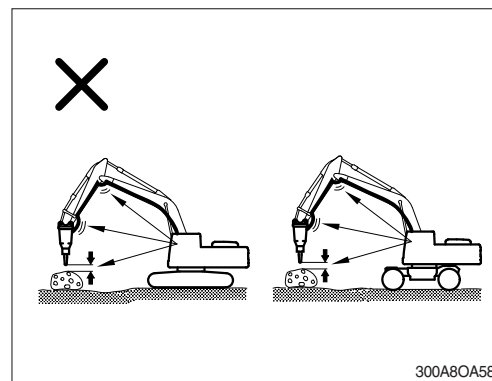
### OPERATE BREAKER WITH A GAP IN EXCESS OF 100 mm (4 inches) FROM THE END OF THE STROKE TIP

If breaker is operated with the end tip, the cylinder may be damaged.



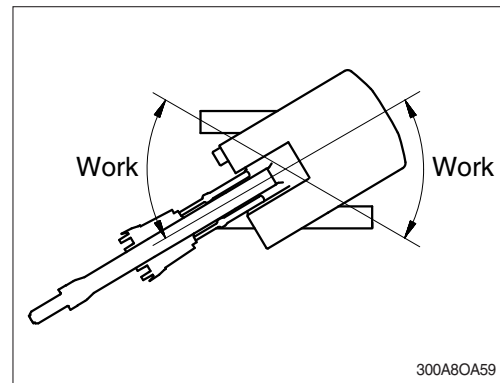
### STOP THE OPERATION IMMEDIATELY IF HOSES VIBRATE EXCESSIVELY

Violent pulsations of the high / low pressure breaker hoses could indicate an accumulator fault. Check for oil leaks at the hose fitting points retightening as necessary. Should symptoms persist, contact the service shop appointed by the Hyundai dealer in your territory for repair. An excessive gap between tool and workpiece between strikes may indicate seizure of the tool in the front head. Disassemble the front head, inspect the components and repair or replace defective parts.

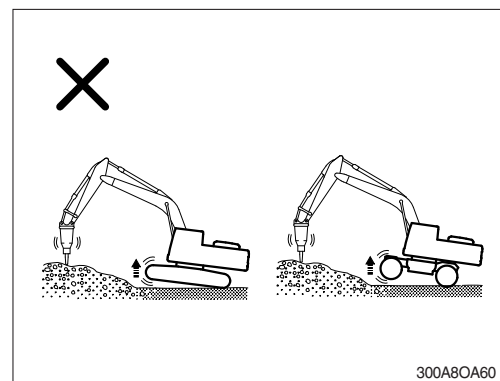


### DO NOT WORK WHILE IN A SWING STATE

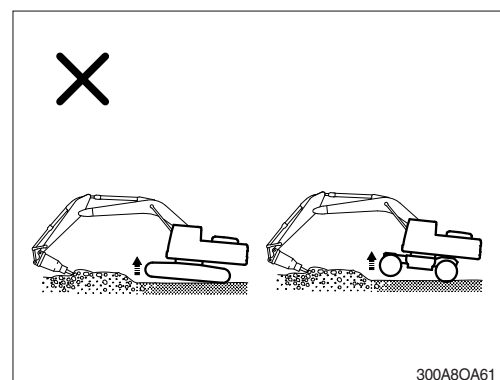
Do not work while swinging the upper structure. It cause oil leakage of the bend in the track shoe and rollers.



Conversely, if thrust is excessive or breaking is performed with boom of the lower chassis raised as shown, the machine may suddenly tip toward the movement. The breaker body may strike the broken rocks violently resulting in damage.

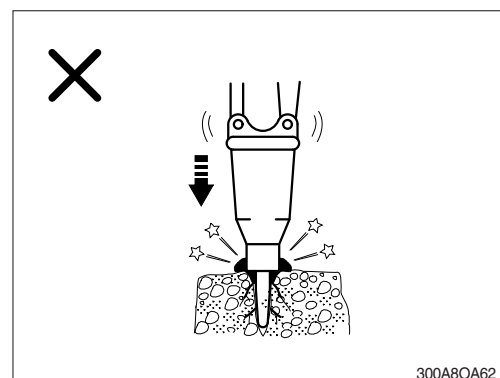


Do not extend the bucket cylinder fully and thrusting to raise the machine off the ground.



Excessive force as above may also result in vibrations being transmitted to the tracks causing damage.

Care is required to ensure adequate but not excessive force is applied to the breaker in operation.



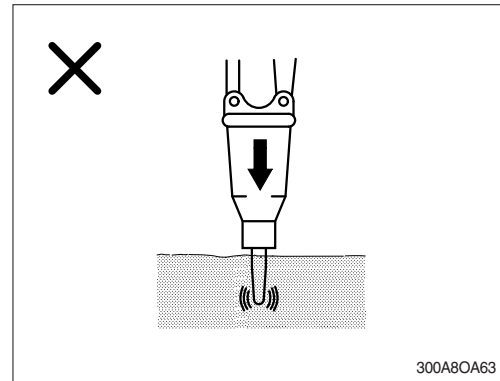
### NEVER DRIVE THE CHISEL INTO THE GROUND

If the advance is too large and the chisel is not rocked to release the dust, the chisel will be driven into the material without breaking the material. This causes the chisel tip to glow red-hot and lose its hardness.

As a result, the chisel wears out more quickly. Operating in this way is not permitted.

Dust dampens impact power, when the chisel is inserted into the ground, and reduces the efficiency of the breaker. Tilt the breaker slightly backward and forward, not more than 5°, while operating so that the dust can escape.

Do not rock the breaker at angles greater than 5° or the chisel will be broken.

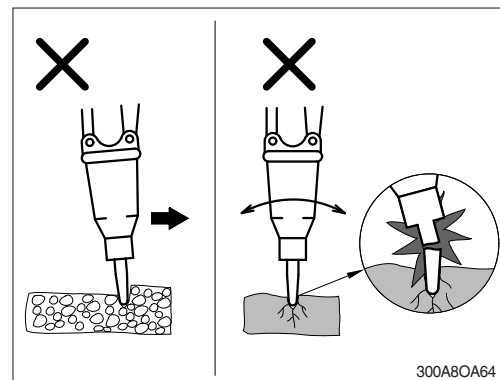


### NEVER USE AS A LEVER

Do not use the chisel as a lever; e.g. crowbar, as this will cause the chisel to break.

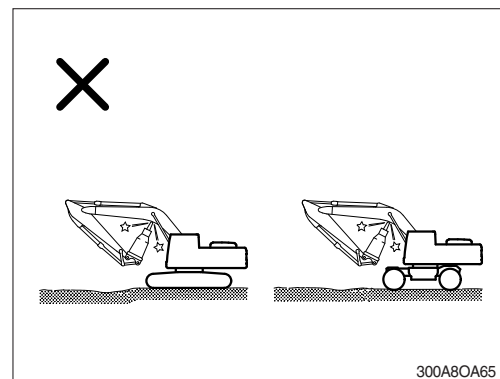
Under any circumstances, operating in this way is not permitted.

Most of bending failure of the chisel may be caused by lever action in stone that is inside hard or frozen ground. Be careful and stop operating if you feel sudden resistance under the chisel.



### TAKE CARE OF CHISEL AND BOOM INTERFACE

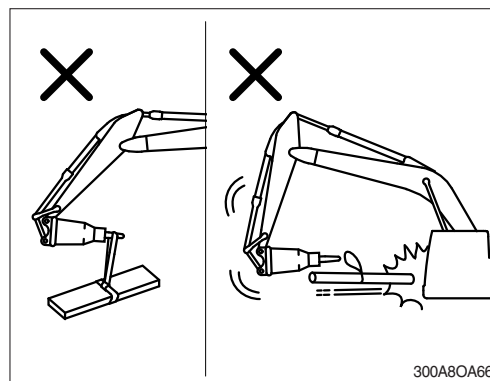
Be aware of clearance between breaker tip and the underside of boom as shown.



### **NEVER USE FOR LIFT OR TRANSPORT PURPOSES**

The hydraulic breaker is not designed to lift or transport loads. Never use the chisel as a lifting point.

This is dangerous and could damage the breaker or the chisel.

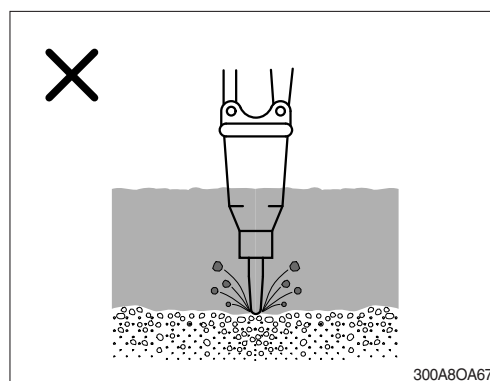


### **NEVER USE THE HYDRAULIC BREAKER UNDER WATER**

The hydraulic breaker, as a standard assembly, never be used in or under water without prior conversion. If you use under water, water fills the impact chamber between the piston and the chisel, a strong hydraulic pressure wave is generated and will damage the seals in the breaker. And, in addition, corrosion, lack of lubrication or penetration of water could result in further damage to components of the breaker and the lower chassis.

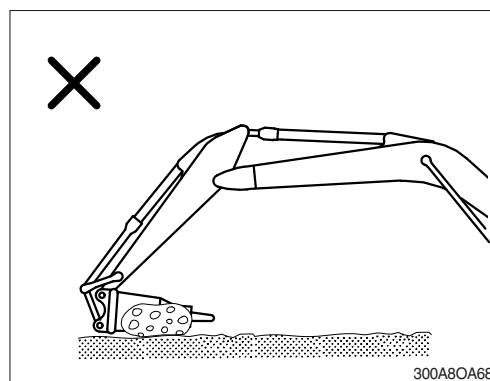
To operate the breaker under water, compressed air must be supplied into the breaker, into the impact chamber of the front-head, prior to use.

Consult your Hyundai dealer for the underwater kit.



### **DO NOT USE BREAKER TO CARRY BROKEN STONE OR ROCK BY SWING OPERATING**

This may damage the operation device and swing system.

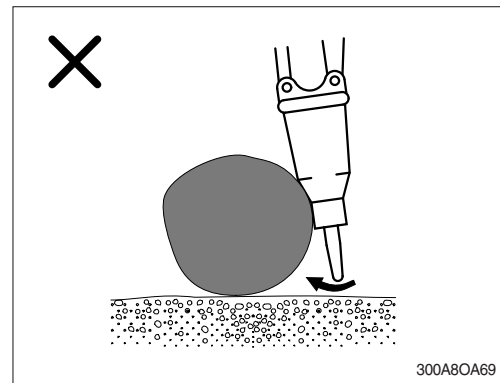


**NEVER USE THE CHISEL OR HYDRAULIC BREAKER TO MOVE ROCKS OR OTHER OBJECTS**

The hydraulic breaker is not designed for this usage.

Do not use the breaker or chisel to roll, push the object or reposition the lower chassis.

This may cause damage to the breaker and the lower chassis.

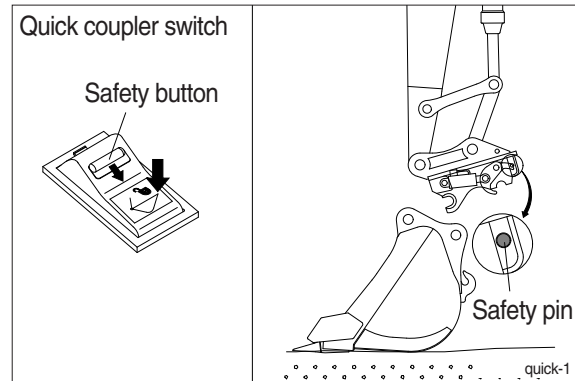


## 5. QUICK COUPLER

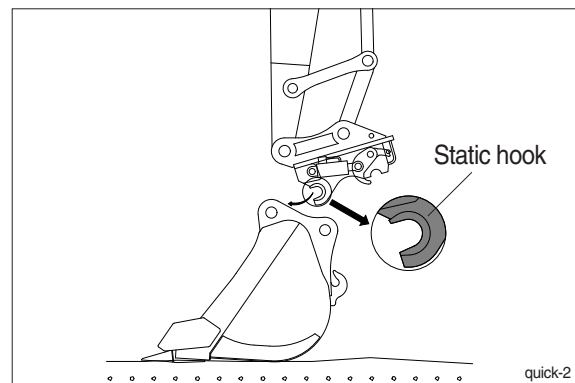
■ MACHINE SERIAL NO. : -#0335

### 1) FIXING BUCKET WITH QUICK COUPLER

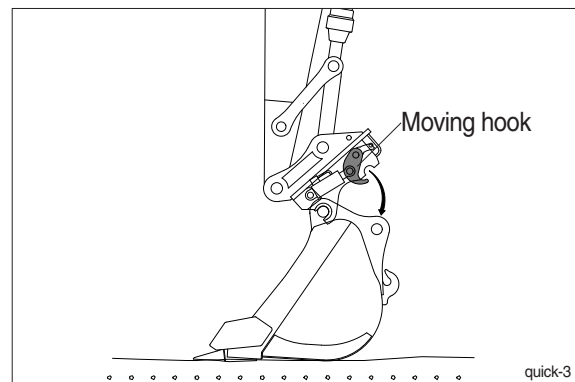
- (1) Before fixing bucket, remove safety pin of the moving hook.
- (2) Pulling safety button, press the quick coupler switch to unlock position. Then, the moving hook is placed on release position.



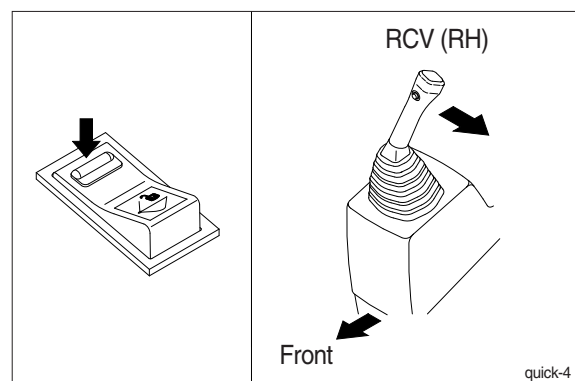
- (3) Aligning the arm and bucket, insert static hook of quick coupler to the bucket pin.



- (4) Operate RCV lever to bucket-in position. Then, the moving hook is coupled with the bucket link pin. Make sure that the moving hook is completely contacted with bucket link pin.

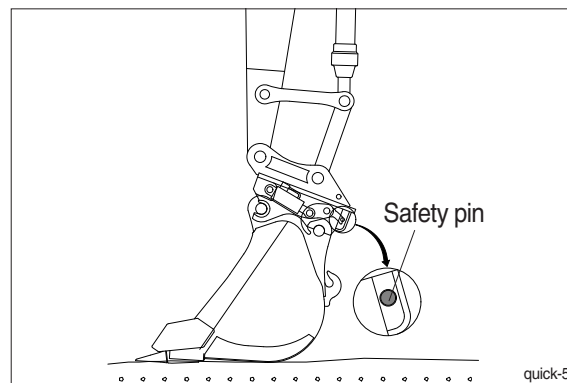


- (5) Press quick coupler switch to lock position. Operate RCV lever to bucket-in position.
- ※ **Be sure to check connection status between bucket pins and hooks of quick coupler**





- (6) After checking the connection status between bucket pins and hooks of quick coupler, insert safety pin of moving hook to lock position.



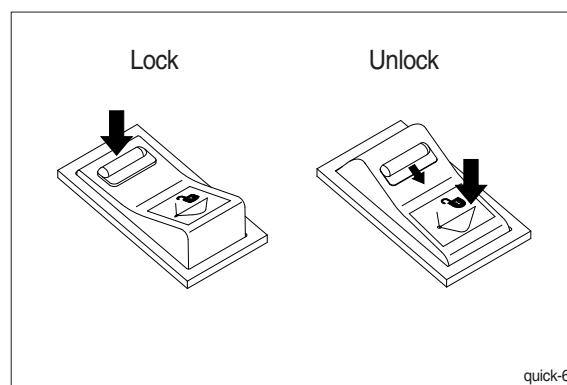
## 2) REMOVE BUCKET FROM QUICK COUPLER

Removing procedure is reverse of fixing.

## 3) PRE-CAUTION OF USING QUICK COUPLER

- ⚠ When operating the machine with quick coupler, confirm that the quick coupler switch is lock position and safety pin of moving hook is inserted.

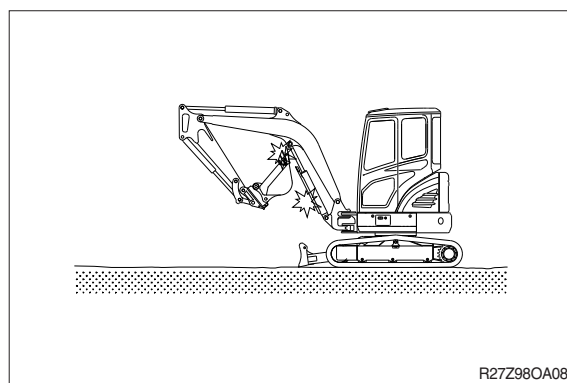
Operating the machine with quick coupler switch unlocked and without safety pin of moving hook can cause the bucket to drop off and bring about the accident.



- ⚠ Serious injury or death can result from this accident.

- ⚠ Be careful to operate the machine equipped with quick coupler. The bucket may hit cab, boom and boom cylinders when it reaches vicinity of them.

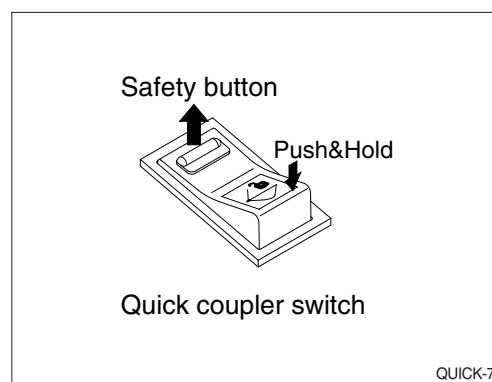
- ※ HYUNDAI will not be responsible for any injury or damage in case that safety pin is not installed properly.



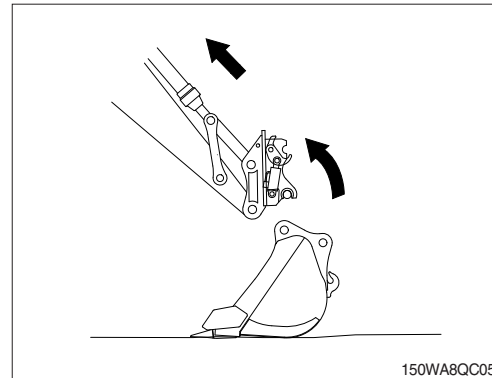
■ MACHINE SERIAL NO. : #0336-

**1) FIXING BUCKET WITH QUICK COUPLER**

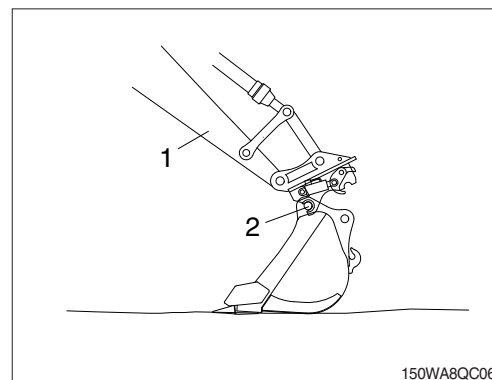
- (1) Park the excavator and attachment on firm and level ground.
- (2) After checking the safe environment conditions for installing/removing the quick coupler, perform the disengagement process.
- (3) To unlock the quick coupler switch, press the quick coupler disengagement switch.
  - To maintain the unlock status of the quick coupler the operator must maintain pressing the quick coupler switch.
  - The buzzer will start activating.



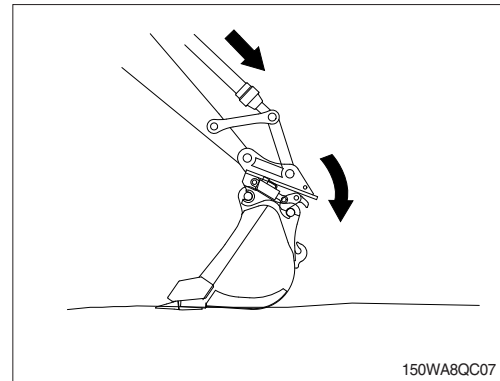
- (4) Retract the bucket cylinder. Align the quick coupler with attachment mounting pins or interface.



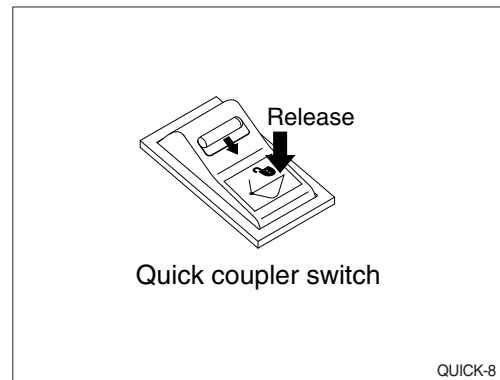
- (5) Move the arm (1) and raise it until hook engages the upper (2) pin or interface of attachment.



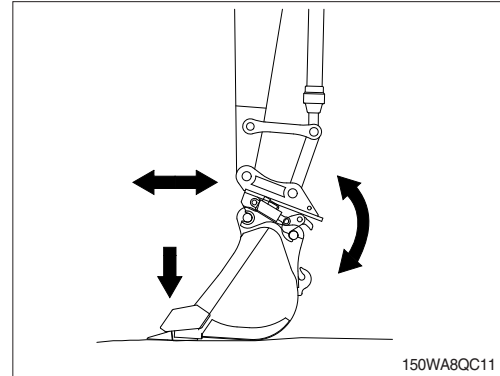
- (6) With the bucket crowded, engage the quick coupler to the lower attachment pin or interface.



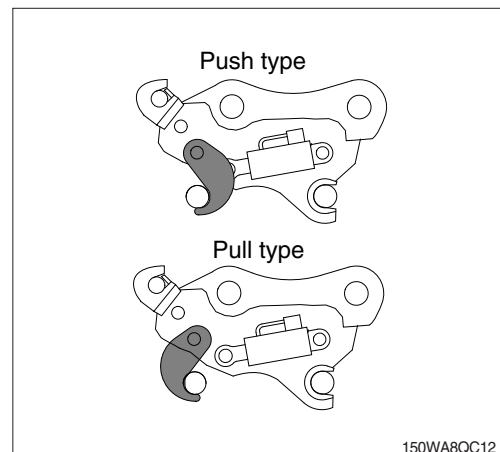
- (7) To confirm the engagement of the quick coupler, release the safety button to its original position.  
- The buzzer will stop activating.



- (8) Shake the attachment vigorously and lower the boom to the ground and apply down pressure to the quick coupler and attachment to check that attachment is fully engaged and locked to the quick coupler.



- (9) Visually check that quick coupler is fully engaged and locked before operating the machine and attachment.



## 2) REMOVE BUCKET FROM QUICK COUPLER

Removing procedure is reverse of fixing.

## 3) PRE-CAUTION OF USING QUICK COUPLER

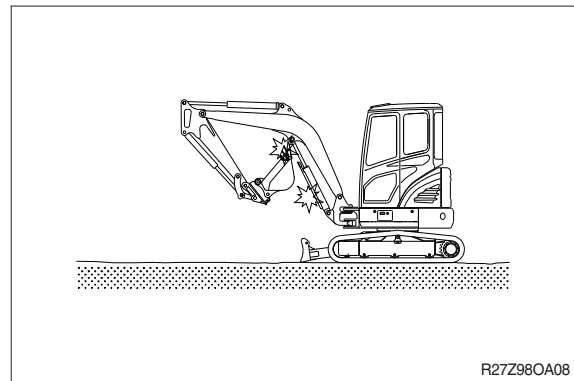
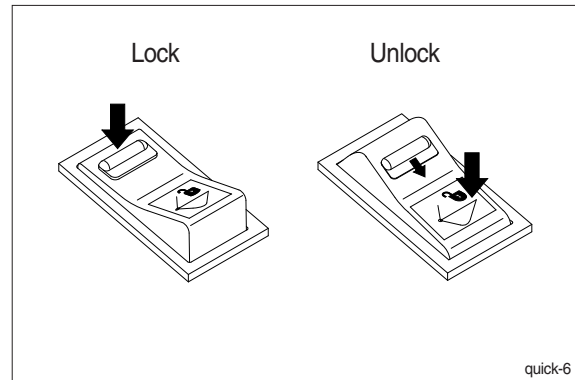
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