WARNING

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

Breathing diesel engine exhaust exposes you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

- · Always start and operate the engine in a well-ventilated area.
- · If in an enclosed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.
- $\cdot\,$ Do not modify or tamper with the exhaust system.
- $\cdot\,$ Do not idle the engine except as necessary.

For more information go the www.P65warnings.ca.gov/diesel.

91K4-07310-EN

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FOREWORD

This manual contains a number of instructions and safety recommendations regarding driving, handling, lubrication, maintenance, inspection and adjustment of the excavator.

The manual is to promote safety maintenance and enhance machine performance.

Keep this manual handy and have all personnel read it periodically.

If you sell the machine, be sure to give this manual to the new owners.

This machine complies with EC directive "2006/42/EC".

1. Read and understand this manual before operating the machine.

This operator's manual may contain attachments and optional equipment that are not available in your area. Please consult your local Hyundai distributor for those items you require.

Improper operation and maintenance of this machine can be hazardous and could result in serious injury or death.

Some actions involved in operation and maintenance of the machine can cause a serious accident, if they are not done in a manner described in this manual.

The procedures and precautions given in this manual apply only to intended uses of the machine. If you use your machine for any unintended uses that are not specifically prohibited, you must be sure that it is safe for you and others. In no event should you or others engage in prohibited uses of actions as described in this manual.

- 2. Inspect the jobsite and follow the safety recommendations in the safety hints section before operating the machine.
- 3. Use genuine Hyundai spare parts for the replacement of parts.

We expressly point out that Hyundai will not accept any responsibility for defects resulting from nongenuine parts or non workmanlike repair.

In such cases Hyundai cannot assume liability for any damage.

Continuing improvements in the design of this machine can lead to changes in detail which may not be reflected in this manual. Consult Hyundai or your Hyundai distributor for the latest available information for your machine or for questions regarding information in this manual.

EMISSION-RELATED COMPONENTS WARRANTY (USA AND CANADA ONLY)

Hyundai shall have obligation under the EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) regulation of warranty about Emission-related components. This warranty shall exist for 1,500 hours or two years, whichever occurs first.

Naturally, this warranty does not cover to damage arising from accident, misuse or negligence, use of non-Hyundai parts, or from alterations not authorized by Hyundai.

* Emission-related components according to the EPA regulation.

- 1. Air-induction system.
- 2. Fuel system.
- 3. Ignition system.
- 4. Exhaust gas recirculation systems.
- 5. After treatment devices.
- 6. Crankcase ventilation valves.
- 7. Sensors.
- 8. Electronic control units.

BEFORE SERVICING THIS MACHINE

It is the responsibility of the owner and all service and maintenance personnel to avoid accidents and serious injury by keeping this machine properly maintained.

It also is the responsibility of the owner and all service and maintenance personnel to avoid accidents and serious injury while servicing the machine.

No one should service or attempt to repair this machine without proper training and supervision.

All service and maintenance personnel should be thoroughly familiar with the procedures and precautions contained in this manual.

All personnel also must be aware of any federal, state, provincial or local laws or regulations covering the use and service of construction equipment.

The procedures in this manual do not supersede any requirements imposed by federal, state, provincial or local laws.

Hyundai can not anticipate every possible circumstance or environment in which this machine may be used and serviced.

All personnel must remain alert to potential hazards.

Work within your level of training and skill.

Ask your supervisor if you are uncertain about a particular task. Do not try to do too much too fast. Use your common sense.

EC REGULATION APPROVED

- Noise level (EN474-1 : 2006 and 2000/14/EC) are as followings.
 LWA : 93 dB (EU only)
 LPA : 81 dB
- The value of vibrations transmitted by the operator's seat are lower than standard value of (EN474-1 : 2006 and 2002/44/EC)



EC Declaration of Conformity (Original instruction)

Г

This declaration of conformity is issue HYUNDAI CONSTRUCTION EQI 12th Fl., Hyundai Bldg. 75, Yulgok Seoul 03058, Korea	d under the sole responsibility of manufacturer: JIPMENT CO., LTD. -ro, Jongno-gu,
Hyundai Construction Equipment Euro authorized repre sentative in the Europ file and declares that the product:	ope N.V located at Hyundailaan 4, 3980 Tessenderlo, Belgium, as bean Community is authorized to compile the technical construction
Туре:	******
Model:	*****
Serial number (PIN):	*********
is in conformity with the relevant provis 2006/42/EC - Machinery directive 2014/30/EU - Electromagnetic co 2000/14/EC - Noise emission ou 2002/44/EU - Exposure of worke their amendments, and other app	sions of the Community harmonization legislation: e ompatibility directive tdoor equipment directive rs to vibration risks directive blicable directives.
EMC (2014/30/ELI)	
Cartificate number:	*****
Date.	
Notified body.	
Noise levels (2000/14/EC)	
Certificate number:	*******
Date:	DD/MM/YYYY
Conformity assessment proc.:	Annex VIII Full Quality Assurance
Notified body:	********

Measured sound power level:	nnn.n dB(A)
Guaranteed sound power level:	nnn.n dB(A)
Engine information	
Manufacturer :	******
Engine model name:	*****
Type-approval number:	******
Stage (Regulation) :	STAGE ** (**/**/**)
Gross Power (SAF J1995)	***kW / ****rom
Net Power (SAF .11349)	***kW / ****rpm
Harmonized standards, other technica	I standards and specifications applied
FN 474-1:2006+A***** (FMM - 5	Safety - Part 1): FN 474-3:2006+A*.**** (FMM - Safety - Part 3): FN ISO
3471:2008 (EMM - BOPS: Later	a/Vertical/Longitudinal loads): EN ISO 3449:2008 (EMM - EOPS: Level II
cabin): ISO 2631-1-1997 & ISO 2	2631-1:1997/Amd1 :2010 (Whole-body vibration): FN ISO 5349-1:2001
&EN ISO 5349-2:2001 & EN ISO) 5349-2:2001/A1:2015 (Hand-arm vibration)

Managing Director	
Place, date of issue:	Tessenderlo Belgium, DD MM YYYY

TABLE TO ENTER SERIAL NO. AND DISTRIBUTOR

Machine Serial No.	
Engine Serial No.	
Manufacturing year	
Manufacturer	Hyundai Construction Equipment co., Ltd.
Address	12th, Fl., Hyundai Bldg. 75, Yulgok-ro, Jongno-Gu, Seoul, 03058, Korea
Distributor for U.S.A	Hyundai Construction Equipment U.S.A, Inc
Address	6100 Atlantic Boulevard Norcross GA 30071 U.S.A
Distributor for Europe	Hyundai Construction Equipment Europe N. V.
Address	Vossendal 11 2240 Geel Belgium
Dealer	
Address	

SAFETY LABELS

1. LOCATION

Always keep these labels clean. If they are lost or damage, attach them again or replace them with a new label.



- 1 Reflecting
- 2 Keep clear (side)
- 3 Engine room caution
- 4 Lifting point
- 5 Tie
- 6 Hydraulic oil lub
- 7 Battery accident
- 8 Keep clear (attach)
- 9 Change way
- 10 Console tilting

- 11 Dozer control ideogram
- 12 Engine control ideogram
- 13 Hyundai logo (boom)
- 14 Model name
- 15 Grease
- 16 Electric welding
- 17 Fueling
- 18 Service instruction
- 19 Noise level
- 20 Lifting chart/specification

- General caution (canopy)
- 22 Pattern change

21

- 23 Accumulator
- 24 Battery position
- 25 Control ideogram
- 26 Fuel shut-off
- 27 Water separator
- 28 Name plate
- 29 ROPS plate
- 30 General caution (frame)

2. DESCRIPTION

There are several specific warning labels on this machine please become familiarized with all warning labels.

Replace any safety label that is damaged, or missing.

- KEEP CLEAR (SIDE) (item 2) This warning label is positioned on the side of fuel tank.
- ▲ To prevent serious personal injury or death keep clear of machine swing radius.
- ▲ Do not deface or remove this label from the machine.



17Z9A0FW13

- 2) ENGINE ROOM CAUTION (item 3) This warning label is positioned inside engine room.
 A Do not open the engine hood during the
- engine's running.
- ▲ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- * Study the service manual before service job.
- A Never open the filler cap while engine running or at high coolant oil temperature.
- A Study the operator's manual before starting and operating machine.





R5570FW14

A Do not touch exhaust pipe or it may cause severe burn.



R5570FW14

3) TIE (item 5)

This warning label is positioned on the lower frame.

- * Never tow the machine using tie hole, because this may break.
- * See page 4-10 for detail.



- * Do not mix with different brand oils.
- ▲ Never open the filler cap while engine running or at high hydraulic oil temperature.
- A Loosen the cap slowly and release internal pressure completely.

4507A0FW02



21070FW08

5) BATTERY ACCIDENT (item 7)

This warning label is positioned on the battery cover.

- ▲ Electrolyte containing sulfuric acid cause severe burns. Avoid being in contact with skin, eyes or clothes. In the event of accident flush with sufficient water, call a physician immediately.
- Maintain the electrolyte at the recommended level. Add distilled water to the battery only when starting up, never when shutting down.

With electrolyte at proper level, less space may cause the gases to be accumulated in the battery.

- A Extinguish all smoking materials and open flames before checking the battery.
- A Do not use matches, lighters or torches as a light source near the battery for the probable presence of explosive gas.
- A Do not allow unauthorized personnel to change the battery or to use booster cables.
- A For safety from electric shock, do not battery terminals with a wet hand.
- 6) KEEP CLEAR (ATTACH) (item 8) This warning label is positioned on both side of the arm.
- ▲ Serious injury or death can result from falling of the attachment.
- ▲ To prevent serious injury or death, keep clear the underneath of attachment.



36070FW05



R5570FW31

7) CHANGE WAY (item 9)

This warning label is positioned on the left side of upper frame.

* See page 4-23 for details.



17Z9A0FW11-1

- 8) CONSOLE TILTING (item 10) This warning label is positioned on the LH console box.
- Sefore you get off the machine be sure to tilt the LH console box.



R5570FW17

- 9) DOZER CONTROL IDEOGRAM (item 11) This warning label is positioned on the RH console box.
- * See page 4-7 for details.
- * Guidlines for using the general dozer blade.
 - Be careful not to apply an excessive load when using a blade.
 - Avoid impacts and loads on the bottom due to machine modification or excessive working conditions.
 - Check the BLADE UP status before traveling the machine.
 - Avoid any collision with the upper working device and the blade.
 - Do not move machine in the blade jack up state.
 - When using blade jack up, use it in an environment where the ground is not rough and the machine and ground are same level.



R25Z9A0FW06

10) ENGINE CONTROL IDEOGRAM (item 12)

This warning label is positioned on the LH console box.

* See page 3-12 for details.



17Z9A0FW12

11) ELECTRIC WELDING (item 16)

This warning label is positioned on the battery cover.

- A Before carrying out any electric welding on this machine, follow the below procedure.
- Pull the connector out of all electric control units.
- Connector the ground lead of the welding equipment as close to the welding point as possible.
- * See page 6-35 for detail.

12) FUELING (item 17)

This warning label is positioned on the right side cover.

▲ Stop the engine when refueling. All lights or flames shall be kept at a safe distance while refueling.



Read the instructions in operator's manual for details.

7807AFW20



R35Z70FW04

- 13) GENERAL CAUTION (CANOPY) (item 21) This warning label is positioned on the canopy.
- ▲ Serious injury or death can result from contact with electric lines. An electric shock being received by merely coming into the vicinity of an electric lines, the minimum distance should be kept considering the supply voltage as page 1-7.
- ▲ Serious injury or death can result from dropping bucket.
- ▲ Operating the machine with quick clamp switch unlocked or without safety pin of moving hook can cause the bucket to drop off.
- ▲ Be careful to operate machine equipped with quick clamp or extensions.
- A Bucket may hit canopy or boom, boom cylinders when it reached vicinity of them.



R25Z9A0FW11

14) PATTERN CHANGE (item 22)

This warning label is positioned on the left side of upper frame.

- Check the machine control pattern for conformance to pattern on this label.
 If not, change label to match pattern before operating machine.
- ▲ Failure to do so could result in injury or death.
- ※ See page 4-22 for details.



15) ACCUMULATOR (item 23)

This warning label is positioned on the accumulator of the solenoid valve.

- * The accumulator is filled with high-pressure nitrogen gas, and it is extremely dangerous if it is handled in the wrong way. Always observe the following precautions.
- A Never make any hole in the accumulator expose it to flame or fire.
- A Do not weld anything to the accumulator.
- When carrying out disassembly or maintenance of the accumulator, or when disposing of the accumulator, it is necessary to release the gas from the accumulator. A special air bleed valve is necessary for this operation, so please contact your Hyundai distributor.

16) BATTERY POSITION (item 24)

This warning label is positioned on the left of side cover.

* See page 6-33 for the battery handling.

- 17) CONTROL IDEOGRAM (item 25) This warning label is positioned on the canopy.
- Check the machine control pattern for conformance to pattern on this label.
 If not, change label to match pattern before operating machine.
- ▲ Failure to do so could result in injury or death.
- * See page 4-7 for details.



1107A0FW46



38090FW03



1690SL02

18) FUEL SHUT-OFF (item 26)

This warning label is positioned out the hydraulic tank.

Fill only the hydraulic oil.Do not fill the diesel fuel.



140WH90FW51

19) WATER SEPARATOR (item 27)

This warning label is positioned front of seat base.

In order to protect high pressure fuel system, please drain water in water separator before starting the engine.

In order to protect high pressure fuel system, please drain water in water separator before starting the engine.

1690SL06

- **20) GENERAL CAUTION (FRAME)** (item 30) This warning label is positioned on the right side of upper frame.
- A Study the operator's manual before transporting the machine, if provided and tie down arm and track to the carrier with lashing wire.
- * See page 5-4 for details.
- A Make sure wire rope is proper size and keep correct hoisting method.
- * See page 5-5 for details.
- A Place the bucket on the ground whenever servicing the hydraulic system.
- * Check oil level on the level gauge.
- Refill the recommended hydraulic oil up to specified level if necessary.



17Z9A0FW15

MACHINE DATA PLATE



* The machine serial number assigned to this particular machine should be used when requesting information or ordering service parts for this machine from your authorized HD Hyundai Construction Equipment dealer. The machine serial number is also stamped on the frame.

GUIDE

1. DIRECTION

The direction of this manual indicate forward, backward, right and left on the standard of operator when the travel motor is in the rear and machine is on the traveling direction.



2. SERIAL NUMBER

Inform following when you order parts or the machine is out of order.

1) MACHINE SERIAL NUMBER

The numbers are located front of the canopy.



2) ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The numbers are located on the engine name plate.



3. INTENDED USE

This machine is designed to be used mainly for the following work.

- Digging work
- Loading work
- Smoothing work
- Ditching work
- * Please refer to the section 4 (efficient working method) further details.

4. SYMBOLS

- A Important safety hint.
- \triangle It indicates matters which can cause the great loss on the machine or the surroundings.
- * It indicates the useful information for operator.

SAFETY HINTS

1. BEFORE OPERATING THE MACHINE

Think-safety first.

In special situation, wear protective clothing including a safety helmet, safety shoes, gloves, safety glasses and ear protection as required by the job condition.

Almost every accident is caused by disregarding the simple and fundamental safety hints.

Be sure to understand thoroughly all about the operator's manual before operating the machine. Proper care is your responsibility.





Fully understand the details and process of the construction before starting the work.

If you find anything dangerous on the job, consult with the job supervisor for the preventive measures before operating the machine.



Do not operate when tired, or after drinking alcoholic beverages or any type of drugs.



Check daily according to the operation manual. Repair the damaged parts and tighten the loosened bolts.



Check for leakage of engine oil, hydraulic oil, fuel and coolant.

Keep machine clean, clean machine regularly.



Do not operate the machine if it requires repairs. Operate after complete repair.



Be prepared if a fire starts.

Keep a fire extinguisher handy and emergency numbers for a fire department near your telephone.



UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATION

Any modification made without authorization from Hyundai can create hazards.

Before making a modification, consult your Hyundai distributor. Hyundai will not be responsible for any injury or damage caused by any unauthorized modification.

PRECAUTIONS FOR ATTACHMENTS

When installing and using an optional attachment, read the instruction manual for the attachment and the information related to attachments in this manual.

Do not use attachments that are not authorized by Hyundai or your Hyundai distributor.

Use of unauthorized attachments could create a safety problem and adversely affect the proper operation and useful life of the machine.

Any injuries, accidents, product failures resulting from the use of unauthorized attachments are not the responsibility of Hyundai.

The stability of this machine is enough to be used for general work. When you operate this machine, allow for the lifting capacity tables. If you want to use other special applications (not covered in this manual), you have to attach additional counterweight or be cautious while running the machine.

SAFETY RULES

Only trained and authorized personnel can operate and maintain the machine.

Follow all safety rules, precautions and instructions when operating or performing maintenance on the machine.

When working with another operator or a person on worksite traffic duty, be sure all personnel understand all hand signals that are to be used.

SAFETY FEATURES

Be sure all guards and covers are in their proper position. Have guards and covers repaired if damaged.

Use safety features such as safety lock and seat belts properly.

Never remove any safety features.

Always keep them in good operating condition. Improper use of safety features could result in serious bodily injury or death.

MACHINE CONTROL PATTERN

Check machine control pattern for conformance to pattern on label in cab.

If not, change label to match pattern before operating machine.

Failure to do so could result in injury.

FIRE PREVENTION AND EXPLOSION PREVENTION

Regeneration

The exhaust gas temperatures during regeneration will be elevated. Follow proper fire prevention instructions and use the disable regeneration function when appropriate.

General

All fuels, most lubricants, and some coolant mixtures are flammable.

To minimize the risk of fire or explosion, the following actions are recommended.

Always perform a Walk-Around Inspection, which may help you identify a fire hazard. Do not operate a machine when a fire hazard exists. Contact your dealer for service.



30019401

Understand the use of the primary exit and alternative exit on the machine.

Do not operate a machine with a fluid leak. Repair leaks and clean up fluids before resuming machine operation. Fluids that are leaking or spilled onto hot surfaces or onto electrical components can cause a fire. A fire may cause personal injury or death.

Do not weld on or drill holes in the engine cover. Flammable material such as leaves, twigs, papers, trash may accumulate in engine compartment.

Remove flammable material such as leaves, twigs, papers, trash and so on. These items may accumulate in the engine compartment or around other hot areas and hot parts on the machine.

Keep the access doors to major machine compartments closed and access doors in working condition in order to permit the use of fire suppression equipment, in case a fire should occur.

Clean all accumulations of flammable materials such as fuel, oil, and debris from the machine.

Do not operate the machine near any flame.

Keep shields in place. Exhaust shields (if equipped) protect hot exhaust components from oil spray or fuel spray in a break in a line, in a hose, or in a seal. Exhaust shields must be installed correctly.

Do not weld or flame cut on tanks or lines that contain flammable fluids or flammable material. Empty and purge the lines and tanks. Then clean the lines and tanks with a nonflammable solvent prior to welding or flame cutting. Ensure that the components are properly grounded in order to avoid unwanted arcs.

Dust that is generated from repairing nonmetallic hoods or fenders may be flammable and/or explosive. Repair such components in a ventilated area away from open flames or sparks. Use suitable Personal Protection Equipment (PPE).

Inspect all lines and hoses for wear or deterioration. Replace damaged lines and hoses. The lines and the hoses should have adequate support and secure clamps. Tighten all connections to the recommended torque. Damage to the protective cover or insulation may provide fuel for fires.

Store fuels and lubricants in properly marked containers away from unauthorized personnel. Store oily rags and flammable materials in protective containers. Do not smoke in areas that are used for storing flammable materials.

Use caution when you are fueling a machine. Do not smoke while you are fueling a machine. Do not fuel a machine near open flames or sparks. Always stop the engine before fueling. Fill the fuel tank outdoors. Properly clean areas of spillage.

Never store flammable fluids in the operator compartment of the machine.



3001SH03

Battery and battery cables

The following actions are recommended to minimize the risk of fire or an explosion related to the battery.



3001SH04

Do not operate a machine if battery cables or related parts show signs of wear or damage. Contact your dealer for service.

Follow safe procedures for engine starting with jump-start cables. Improper jumper cable connections can cause an explosion that may result in injury.

Do not charge a frozen battery. This action may cause an explosion.

Gases from a battery can explode. Keep any open flames or sparks away from the top of a battery. Do not smoke in battery charging areas.

Never check the battery charge by placing a metal object across the terminal posts. Use a voltmeter in order to check the battery charge.

Daily inspect battery cables that are in areas that are visible. Inspect cables, clips, straps, and other restraint for damage. Replace any damaged parts. Check for signs of the following, which can occur over time due to use and environmental factors :

- Fraying
- Abrasion
- Cracking
- \cdot Discoloration
- · Cuts on the insulation of the cable
- · Fouling
- \cdot Corroded terminals, damaged terminals, and loose terminals

Replace damaged battery cable (s) and replace any related parts. Eliminate any fouling, which may have caused insulation failure or related component damage or wear. Ensure that all components are reinstalled correctly.

An exposed wire on the battery cable may cause a short ground if the exposed area comes into contact with a grounded surface. A battery cable short produces heat from the battery current, which may be a fire hazard.

An exposed wire on the ground cable between the battery and the disconnect switch may cause the disconnect switch to be bypassed if the exposed area comes into contact with a grounded surface. This action may result in an unsafe condition for servicing the machine. Repair components or replace components before servicing the machine.

▲ Fire on a machine can result in personal injury or death. Exposed battery cables that come into contact with a grounded connection can result in fires. Replace cables and related parts that show signs of wear or damage. Contact your Hyundai Construction Equipment dealer.

Wiring

Check electrical wires daily. If any of the following conditions exist, replace parts before you operate the machine.

- Fraying
- · Signs of abrasion or wear
- Cracking
- Discoloration
- · Cuts on insulation
- \cdot Other damage

Make sure that all clamps, guards, clips, and straps are reinstalled correctly. This action will help to prevent vibration, rubbing against other parts, and excessive heat during machine operation.

Attaching electrical wiring to hoses and tubes that contain flammable fluids or combustible fluids should be avoided.

Consult your Hyundai Construction Equipment dealer for repair or for replacement parts.

Keep wiring and electrical connections free of debris.

Lines, Tubes, and Hoses

Do not bend high-pressure lines. Do not strike high-pressure lines. Do not install any lines that are bent or damaged. Use the appropriate backup wrenches in order to tighten all connections to the recommended torque.

Check lines, tubes, and hoses carefully. Wear Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) in order to check for leaks. Always use a board or cardboard when you check for a leak. Leaking fluid that is under pressure can penetrate body tissue. Fluid penetration can cause serious injury and possible death. A pin hole leak can cause severe injury. If fluid is injected into your skin, you must get treatment immediately. Seek treatment from a doctor that is familiar with this type of injury.

Replace the affected parts if any of the following conditions are present :

- · End fittings are damaged or leaking.
- Outer coverings are chafed or cut.
- \cdot Wires are exposed.
- · Outer coverings are swelling or ballooning.
- · Flexible parts of the hoses are kinked.
- · Outer covers have exposed embedded armoring.
- · End fittings are displaced.

Make sure that all clamps, guards, and heat shields are installed correctly. During machine operation, this action will help to prevent vibration, rubbing against other parts, excessive heat, and failure of lines, tubes, and hoses.

Do not operate a machine when a fire hazard exists. Repair any lines that are corroded, loose, or damaged. Leaks may provide fuel for fires. Consult your Hyundai dealer for repair or for replacement parts.

Ether

Ether (if equipped) is commonly used in cold weather applications. Ether is flammable and poisonous.

Do not spray ether manually into an engine if the machine is equipped with a thermal starting aid for cold weather starting.

Use ether in ventilated areas. Do not smoke while you are replacing an ether cylinder or while you are using an ether spray.

Do not store ether cylinders in living areas or in the operator compartment of a machine. Do not store ether cylinders in direct sunlight or in temperatures above $49^{\circ}C(120.2^{\circ}F)$. Keep ether cylinders away from unauthorized personnel.

Fire Extinguisher

As an additional safety measure, keep a fire extinguisher on the machine.

Be familiar with the operation of the fire extinguisher. Inspect the fire extinguisher and service the fire extinguisher regularly. Follow the recommendations on the instruction plate.

Consider installation of an aftermarket Fire Suppression System, if the application and working conditions warrant the installation.

Fire Safety

- * Locate secondary exits and how to use the secondary exits before you operate the machine.
- * Locate fire extinguishers and how to use a fire extinguisher before you operate the machine.

If you find that you are involved in a machine fire, your safety and that of others on site is the top priority. The following actions should only be performed if the actions do not present a danger or risk to you and any nearby people. At all times you should assess the risk of personal injury and move away to a safe distance as soon as you feel unsafe.

Move the machine away from nearby combustible material such as fuel/oil stations, structures, trash, mulch and timber.

Lower any implements and turn off the engine as soon as possible. If you leave the engine running, the engine will continue to feed a fire. The fire will be fed from away damaged hoses that are attached to the engine or pumps.

If possible, turn the battery disconnect switch to the OFF position. Disconnecting the battery will remove the ignition source in the event of an electrical short. Disconnecting the battery will eliminate a second ignition source if electrical wiring is damaged by the fire, resulting in a short circuit.

Notify emergency personnel of the fire and your location.

If your machine is equipped with a fire suppression system, follow the manufacturers procedure for activating the system.

* Fire suppression systems need to be regularly inspected by qualified personnel. You must be trained to operate the fire suppression system.

Use the on-board fire extinguisher and use the following procedure :

- 1. Pull the pin.
- 2. Aim the extinguisher or nozzle at the base of the fire.
- 3. Squeeze the handle and release the extinguishing agent.
- 4. Sweep the extinguisher from side to side across the base of the fire until the fire is out.

Remember, if you are unable to do anything else, shut off the machine before exiting. By shutting off the machine, fuels will not continue to be pumped into the fire.

If the fire grows out of control, be aware of the following risks :

- Tires on wheeled machines pose a risk of explosion as tires burn. Hot shrapnel and debris can be thrown great distances in an explosion.
- Tanks, accumulators, hoses, and fittings can rupture in a fire, spraying fuels and shrapnel over a large area.

Remember that nearby all of the fluids on the machine are flammable, including coolant and oils. Additionally, plastics, rubbers, fabrics, and resins in fiberglass panels are also flammable.

Fire extinguisher Location

Make sure that a fire extinguisher is available. Be familiar with the operation of the fire extinguisher. Inspect the fire extinguisher and service the fire extinguisher. Obey the recommendations on the instruction plate.

Mount the fire extinguisher in the accepted location per local regulations.

If your machine is equipped with a ROPS structure, strap the mounting plate to the ROPS in order to mount the fire extinguisher. If the weight of the fire extinguisher exceeds 4.5 kg (10 lb), mount the fire extinguisher near the bottom of the ROPS. Do not mount the fire extinguisher at the upper one-third area on the ROPS.

Do not weld the ROPS structure in order to install the fire extinguisher. Also, do not drill holes in the ROPS structure in order to mount the fire extinguisher on the ROPS.

Consult your Hyundai dealer for the proper procedure for mounting the fire extinguisher.

THE EUROPEAN UNION PHYSICAL AGENTS (VIBRATION) DIRECTIVE 2002/44/EC

Vibration Data for Earth-moving Machines

Information Concerning Hand/Arm Vibration Level

When the machine is operated according to the intended use, the hand/arm vibration of this machine is below 2.5 m/s².

Information Concerning Whole Body Vibration Level

The highest root mean square value of weighted acceleration to which the whole body is subjected, is less than 0.5 m/s².

This section provides vibration data and a method for estimating the vibration level for earth moving machines.

Vibration levels are influenced by many different parameters. Many items are listed below.

- \cdot Operator training, behavior, mode and stress
- · Job site organization, preparation, environment, weather and material
- Machine type, quality of the seat, quality of the suspension system, attachments and condition of the equipment

It is not possible to get precise vibration levels for this machine. The expected vibration levels can be estimated with the information in below Table in order to calculate the daily vibration exposure. A simple evaluation of the machine application can be used.

Estimate the vibration levels for the three vibration directions. For typical operating conditions, use the average vibration levels as the estimated level. With an experienced operator and smooth terrain, subtract the Scenario Factors from the average vibration level. For aggressive operations and severe terrain, add the Scenario Factors to the average vibration level in order to obtain the estimated vibration level.

* All vibration levels are in meter per second squared.

ISO Reference Table A – Equivalent vibration levels of whole body vibration emission for earthmoving equipment.

Machine family	Machine kind	Typical operating condition	Vibration Levels			Scenario Factors		
			X axis	Y axis	Z axis	X axis	Y axis	Z axis
Excavator	Compact crawler excavator	Excavating	0.33	0.21	0.19	0.19	0.12	0.10
		Hydraulic breaker app.	0.49	0.28	0.36	0.20	0.13	0.17
		Transfer movement	0.45	0.39	0.62	0.17	0.18	0.28
	Crawler excavator	Excavating	0.44	0.27	0.30	0.24	0.16	0.17
		Hydraulic breaker app.	0.53	0.31	0.55	0.30	0.18	0.28
		Mining application	0.65	0.42	0.61	0.21	0.15	0.32
		Transfer movement	0.48	0.32	0.79	0.19	0.20	0.23
	Wheeled excavator	Excavating	0.52	0.35	0.29	0.26	0.22	0.13
		Transfer movement	0.41	0.53	0.61	0.12	0.20	0.19

ISO Reference Table A – Equivalent vibration levels of whole body vibration emission for earthmoving equipment.

Machine family	Machine kind	Typical operating condition	Vibration Levels			Scenario Factors		
			X axis	Y axis	Z axis	X axis	Y axis	Z axis
Loader	skid steer loader (tracks)	V-shaped motion	1.21	1.00	0.82	0.30	0.84	0.32
	Wheel backhoe loader	Excavating	0.28	0.26	0.20	0.09	0.16	0.06
	Wheel loader	Load and carry motion	0.84	0.81	0.52	0.23	0.20	0.14
		Mining application	1.27	0.97	0.81	0.47	0.31	0.47
		Transfer movement	0.76	0.91	0.49	0.33	0.35	0.17
		V-shape motion	0.99	0.84	0.54	0.29	0.32	0.14

* Refer to "ISO/TR 25398 Mechanical Vibration-Guideline for the assessment of exposure to whole body vibration of ride on operated earthmoving machines" for more information about vibration. This publication uses data that is measured by international institutes, organizations and manufacturers. This document provides information about the whole body exposure of operators of earthmoving equipment.

Guidelines for Reducing Vibration Levels on Earthmoving Equipment

Properly adjust machines. Properly maintain machines. Operate machines smoothly. Maintain the conditions of the terrain. The following guidelines can help reduce the whole body vibration level :

- 1. Use the right type and size of machine, equipment, and attachments.
- 2. Maintain machines according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
 - a. Tire pressures
 - b. Brake and steering systems
 - c. Controls, hydraulic system and linkages
- 3. Keep the terrain in good condition.
 - a. Remove any large rocks or obstacles.
 - b. Fill any ditches and holes.
 - c. Provide machines and schedule time in order to maintain the conditions of the terrain.
- 4. Use a seat that meets "ISO 7096". Keep the seat maintained and adjusted.
 - a. Adjust the seat and suspension for the weight and the size of the operator.
 - b. Inspect and maintain the seat suspension and adjustment mechanisms.
- 5. Perform the following operations smoothly.
 - a. Steer
 - b. Brake
 - c. Accelerate
 - d. Shift the gears.
- 6. Move the attachments smoothly.
- 7. Adjust the machine speed and the route in order to minimize the vibration level.
 - a. Drive around obstacles and rough terrain.
 - b. Slow down when it is necessary to go over rough terrain.
- 8. Minimize vibrations for a long work cycle or a long travel distance.
 - a. Use machines that are equipped with suspension systems.
 - b. Use the ride control system on machines.
 - c. If no ride control system is available, reduce speed in order to prevent bounce.
 - d. Haul the machines between workplaces.
- 9. Less operator comfort may be caused by other risk factors. The following guidelines can be effective in order to provide better operator comfort:
 - a. Adjust the seat and adjust the controls in order to achieve good posture.
 - b. Adjust the mirrors in order to minimize twisted posture.
 - c. Provide breaks in order to reduce long periods of sitting.
 - d. Avoid jumping from the cab
 - e. Minimize repeated handling of loads and lifting of loads.
 - f. Minimize any shocks and impacts during sports and leisure activities.

Sources

The vibration information and calculation procedure is based on "ISO/TR 25398 Mechanical Vibration-Guideline for whole body vibration exposure of operators of earthmoving equipment. The method is based on measured vibration emission under real working conditions for all machines.

You should check the original directive. This document summarizes part of the content of the applicable law. This document is not meant to substitute the original sources. Other parts of these documents are based on information from the United Kingdom Health and Safety Executive.

MODIFICATIONS

Modifications to the machine, including use of unauthorized accessories and spare parts, may affect the machine's condition and its ability to function as it was designed. No changes of any kind may be performed without first obtaining written approval from Hyundai Construction Equipment.

Hyundai reserves the right to refuse all warranty claims that have resulted due to or can be attributed to unauthorized modifications.

Never modify the operator's cabin by welding, grinding, drilling holes or adding attachments unless instructed by Hyundai Construction Equipment in writing. Changes to the cabin can cause loss of operator protection from roll-over and falling objects, and result in death or serious injury.

The person who performs unauthorized modifications assumes all responsibility for consequences that arise due to the modification or can be attributed to the modification, including damage to the machine.

Modifications may be considered to be officially approved, if at least one of the following conditions has been met :

- 1. The attachment, the accessory, or the spare part has been made or distributed by Hyundai Construction Equipment and has been installed according to approved methods described in a publication available from Hyundai Construction Equipment; or
- 2. The modification has been approved in writing by the Engineering Department at each product company within Hyundai Construction Equipment.

2. DURING OPERATING THE MACHINE

Use the handle and footstep when getting on or off the machine.

Do not jump on or off the machine.



Sound the horn to warn nearby personnel before operating the machine.

Remove all the obstacles like frost on the window before operating the machine for the good visibility.



Operate carefully to make sure all personnel or obstacles are clear within the working range of the machine.

Place safety guards if necessary.



When using the work equipment, pay attention to job site.



Provide proper ventilation when operating engine in a closed area to avoid the danger of exhaust gases.



Check the locations of underground gas pipes or water line and secure the safety before operation.



The operating near the electrical lines is very dangerous.

Operate within safe working range permitted as below.

Supply voltage	Min safe separation			
6.6 kV	3m (10 ft)			
33.0 kV	4m (13 ft)			
66.0 kV	5m (16 ft)			
154.0 kV	8m (26 ft)			
275.0 kV	10m (33 ft)			

If the machine touches the electric power lines, keep sitting on the operator's seat and make sure the personnel on the ground not to touch the machine until turning off the electric current. Jump off the machine without contacting the machine when you need to get off.





Watch out for obstacles. Be particularly careful to check the machine clearance during the swing.







Avoid operating on a cliff or soft ground as there is danger of rolling over.

Make sure to get off easily as keeping the track at a right angle and putting the travel motor into the backward position when working on a cliff or soft ground inevitably.



Operate for the lifting work considering the capacity of machine, weight and width of the load.

Be careful not to lift exceeding the machine capacity as it can be the cause of machine damage and safety accident.


The operation on a slope is dangerous. Avoid operating the machine on a slope of over 10 degree.



Operate the machine after making ground flat when operation is required on a slope.



The swing on the slope can be danger of rolling over.

Do not operate to swing the machine with the bucket loaded on a slope since the machine may lose its balance under such an instance.

Avoid parking and stopping on a slope. Lower the bucket to the ground and block the track when parking.



Avoid traveling in a cross direction on a slope as it can cause the danger of rolling over and sliding.



Traveling on a slope is dangerous.

Be sure to operate slowly when traveling down a slope and maintain the bucket at a height of 20~30 cm (1 ft) above the ground so that it can be used as brake in an emergency.



Steering of the machine while traveling on a slope is dangerous.

When an inevitable turning of direction is required, turn on the flat and solid ground.



The engine angularity limits are 35 degree. Do not operate by more than the engine limits in any case.



Before traveling the machine, sound the horn to warn nearby personnel.

Operate forward and backward correctly with confirming the location of the travel motor.



Slow down when traveling through obstacles or uneven ground.



When operating in water or when crossing shallow, check the bed soil condition and depth and flow speed of water, then proceed taking care that water is not above carrier roller.





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MOUNTING AND DISMOUNTING

Never jump on or off the machine. Never get on or off a moving machine.

When mounting or dismounting, always face the machine and use the handrails, machine and track shoes.

Do not hold any control levers when getting on or off the machine.

Ensure safety by always maintaining at least threepoint contact of hands and feet with the handrails, and track shoes.

Always remove any oil or mud from the handrails and track shoes. If they are damaged, repair them and tighten any loose bolts.



KEEP RIDERS OFF MACHINE

Riders on a machine are subject to injury such as being struck objects and being thrown off the machine.

Only allow the operator on the machine. Keep riders off.

3. DURING MAINTENANCE

Stop the engine immediately when the trouble of the machine is found.

Inspect immediately the cause of trouble such as vibration, overheating and trouble in the cluster then repair.



Park on a flat place and stop the engine for inspecting and repairing.

Properly TAG machine is not operational. (Remove start key)

Extreme care shall be taken during maintenance work. Parts may require additional safe guard.



Do not remove the radiator cap from hot engine. Open the cap after the engine cools, below 50°C(112°F) to prevent personal injury from heated coolant spray or steam.



Do not work below the machine.

Be sure to work with proper safety supports. Do not depend on the hydraulic cylinders to hold up the equipment and attachment.



There is the danger of fire in fuel and oil. Store in cool and dry area, away from any open flames.



Do not touch exhaust pipe, or may cause severe burn.



Do not open the engine hood and covers while the engine is running.



Be careful of not hitting the edges when you service engine.



The antislip protection should be replaced if they have become worn or have been printed over.

Be sure to free of oil, water and grease etc.



Be careful of not touching slip, fall down etc., when you work at the upper frame to service engine and/or other component.



HIGH PRESSURE GAS

Contain high pressure gas. To avoid explosion and personal injury, do not expose to fire, do not weld, do not drill. Relieve pressure before discharging.



LIFT EYES CAN FAIL

Lift eyes or tank can fail when lifting tank containing fluids resulting in possible personal injury. Drain tank of all fluids before lifting.

4. PARKING

When leaving the machine after parking, lower the bucket to the ground completely and put the safety lever at parking position then remove the key.

Lock the cab door.

Park the machine in the flat and safe place.





Hope you can work easily and safely observing safety rules.

For safe operation, observe all safety rules.



1. MAJOR COMPONENT



17Z9A2SP01

2. SPECIFICATIONS

1) 1.80 m (5' 11") MONO BOOM, 0.96 m (3' 2") ARM, WITH BOOM SWING POST





17Z9A2SP02

Description		Unit	Specification
Operating weight (canopy)		kg (lb)	1700 (3750)
Bucket capacity (SAE heaped), standard		m³ (yd³)	0.04 (0.05)
Overall length	А		3500 (11' 6")
Overall width, with 230 mm shoe (extension crawler)	В		990~1300 (3' 3" ~ 4' 3")
Overall height	С		2320 (7' 7")
Overall height of canopy	Е		2320 (7' 7")
Ground clearance of counterweight	F		440 (1' 5")
Minimum ground clearance	Н		170 (0' 7")
Rear-end distance	I		645 (2' 1")
Rear-end swing radius	ľ	mm (ft-in)	645(2'1")
Distance between tumblers	J		1230 (4' 0")
Undercarriage length	К		1590 (5'3")
Undercarriage width (extension crawler)	L		990~1300 (3' 3" ~ 4' 3")
Track gauge (extension crawler)	М		760~1070 (2' 6" ~ 3' 6")
Track shoe width, standard	Ν		230 (9")
Height of blade	0		250 (9.8")
Ground clearance of blade up	Р		285 (11.2")
Depth of blade down	Q		225 (8.9")
Travel speed (low/high)		km/hr (mph)	2.2/4.2 (1.4/2.5)
Swing speed		rpm	9.5
Gradeability		Degree (%)	30 (58)
Ground pressure 230 mm rubber shoe (canop	oy)	kgf/cm² (psi)	0.25 (3.98)
Max traction force		kg (lb)	1420 (3130)

3. WORKING RANGE



1) 1.80 m (5' 11") MONO BOOM WITH BOOM SWING POST

17Z9A2SP03

Description		0.96 m (3' 2") Arm	1.12 m (3' 8") Arm	
Max digging reach	lax digging reach A		4030 mm (13' 3")	
Max digging reach on ground	A'	3800 mm (12' 6")	3940 mm (12' 11")	
Max digging depth	В	2200 mm (7'3")	2350 mm (8'4")	
Max vertical wall digging depth	С	1320 mm (4'4")	1460 mm (4' 9")	
Max digging height	D	3580 mm (11' 9")	3680 mm (12' 1")	
Max dumping height	Е	2570 mm(8'5")	2670 mm (8'9")	
Min swing radius	F	1570 mm(5' 1")	1600 mm (5'3")	
Boom swing radius (left/right)		70°/5	54°	
	SAE	13.7 kN	13.7 kN	
		1400 kgf	1400 kgf	
Ruckat diaging force		2960 lbf	2960 lbf	
		15.5 kN	15.5 kN	
	ISO	1580 kgf	1580 kgf	
		3490 lbf	3490 lbf	
		8.3 kN	7.5 kN	
	SAE	850 kgf	760 kgf	
Arm around force		1880 lbf	1680 lbf	
		8.5 kN	7.6 kN	
	ISO	870 kgf	780 kgf	
		1920 lbf	1720 lbf	

4. WEIGHT

Item	kg	lb
Upperstructure assembly	923	2030
Main frame weld assembly	160	353
Engine assembly	75	165
Main pump assembly	13	29
Main control valve assembly	14	31
Swing motor assembly	15	33
Hydraulic oil tank assembly	17	37
Fuel tank assembly	5	11
Boom swing post	35	80
Counterweight	188	414
Canopy assembly	40	88
Front guard	8	18
Lower chassis assembly	550	1210
Track frame weld assembly	185	408
Swing bearing	20	44
Travel motor assembly	18	40
Turning joint	14	31
Track recoil spring	11	24
Idler	15	33
Track roller	5	11
Sprocket	4	9
Rubber track (230 mm)	59	130
Dozer blade assembly	70	154
Front attachment assembly (1.8 m boom, 0.96 m arm, 0.04 m ³ SAE heaped bucket)	227	500
1.8 m boom assembly	70	154
0.96 m arm assembly	35	77
0.04 m ³ SAE heaped bucket	40	90
Boom cylinder assembly	17	37
Arm cylinder assembly	15	33
Bucket cylinder assembly	11	24
Bucket control link assembly	10	22
Dozer cylinder assembly	8	18
Boom swing cylinder assembly	10	22
Extension cylinder assembly	8	18

5. LIFTING CAPACITIES

1) 1.8 m (5' 11") boom, 0.96 m (3' 2") arm equipped with 0.04 m³ (SAE heaped) bucket and 230 mm (9") rubber track, the dozer blade up, track extended with 188 kg (414 lb) counterweight.

				Load		А	t max. reac	h		
Load po	oint	2.0 m	(7.0 ft)	2.5 m	(8.0 ft)	3.0 m (10.0 ft)	Cap	acity	Reach
heigh	t	ľ		ł	⋳ <mark>⋳</mark>	ľ		ŀ		m (ft)
3.0 m (10.0 ft)	kg Ib							280 620	*290 *640	2.63 (8.6)
2.5 m (8.0 ft)	kg Ib			310 680	*310 *680			200 440	210 460	3.13 (10.3)
2.0 m (7.0 ft)	kg Ib			300 660	310 680	210 460	220 490	170 370	180 400	3.43 (11.3)
1.5 m (5.0 ft)	kg Ib	430 950	440 970	290 640	300 660	210 460	220 490	150 330	160 350	3.60 (11.8)
1.0 m (3.0 ft)	kg Ih	400	410	270	290 640	200 440	210 460	140 310	150	3.67
0.5 m	kg	370	390 860	260 570	270	190 420	200	140	150	3.64
Ground	kg	360	370	250	270	190	200	150	160	3.51
-0.5 m	kg Ib	360 790	370 820	250 550	260 570	190 420	200 440	170 370	180	3.27
-1.0 m	kg	360	380	250	270	120	110	210	220	2.87
-1.5 m (-5.0 ft)	kg Ib	380 840	390 860	550	000			400	490	(9.4)

· 🖣 : Rating over-front · 🖙 : Rating over-side or 360 degree

Note 1. Lifting capacity are based on SAE J1097 and ISO 10567.

- 2. Lifting capacity of the ROBEX series does not exceed 75% of tipping load with the machine on firm, level ground or 87% of full hydraulic capacity.
- 3. The load point is a hook located on the back of the bucket.
- 4. *indicates load limited by hydraulic capacity.

* Lifting capacities are based upon a standard machine conditions.

Lifting capacities will vary with different work tools, ground conditions and attachments.

The difference between the weight of a work tool attachment must be subtracted.

Consult your Hyundai dealer regarding the lifting capacities for specific work tools and attachments.

* Please be aware of the local regulations and instructions for lifting operations.

▲ Failure to comply to the rated load can cause possible personal injury or property damage. Make adjustments to the rated load as necessory for non-standard configurations. 2) 1.8 m (5' 11") boom, 0.96 m (3' 2") arm equipped with 0.04 m³ (SAE heaped) bucket and 230 mm (9") rubber track, the dozer blade down, track extended with 188 kg (414 lb) counterweight.

	C	, .				0				
				Load		A	t max. reac	h		
Load po	oint	2.0 m	(7.0 ft)	2.5 m (8.0 ft)		3.0 m (10.0 ft)	Capacity		Reach
heigh	t	ľ	╔╉╸	ŀ	₢₽₽	ľ	╔╋╋	ŀ	₢₽₽	m (ft)
3.0 m	kg							*290	*290	2.63
(10.0 ft)	lb							*640	*640	(8.6)
2.5 m	kg			*310	*310			*290	220	3.13
(8.0 ft)	lb			*680	*680			*640	490	(10.3)
2.0 m	kg			*320	*320	*320	230	*300	180	3.43
(7.0 ft)	lb			*710	*710	*710	510	*660	400	(11.3)
1.5 m	kg	*450	*450	*380	310	*340	230	*300	160	3.60
(5.0 ft)	lb	*990	*990	*840	680	*750	510	*660	350	(11.8)
1.0 m	kg	*620	430	*450	300	*380	220	*310	150	3.67
(3.0 ft)	lb	*1370	950	*990	660	*840	490	*680	330	(12.0)
0.5 m	kg	*740	400	*520	280	*410	210	*320	150	3.64
(2.0 ft)	lb	*1630	880	*1150	620	*900	460	*710	330	(11.9)
Ground	kg	*790	390	*550	270	*420	210	*330	160	3.51
Line	lb	*1740	860	*1210	600	*930	460	*730	350	(11.5)
-0.5 m	kg	*760	390	*540	270	*400	210	*330	180	3.27
(-2.0 ft)	lb	*1680	860	*1190	600	*880	460	*730	400	(10.7)
-1.0 m	kg	*660	390	*470	270			*320	230	2.87
(-3.0 ft)	lb	*1460	860	*1040	600			*710	510	(9.4)
-1.5 m	kg	*450	400							
(-5.0 ft)	lb	*990	880							

· III : Rating over-front · IIII : Rating over-side or 360 degree

3) 1.8 m (5' 11") boom, 1.12 m (3' 8") arm equipped with 0.04 m³ (SAE heaped) bucket and 230 mm (9") rubber track, the dozer blade up, track extended with 188 kg (414 lb) counterweight.

	・ 🖣 : Rating over-front ・ 🖘 : Rating over-side or 360 degree										
				Load	radius			At max. reach			
Load po	oint	2.0 m	(7.0 ft)	2.5 m	(8.0 ft)	3.0 m (10.0 ft)	Capacity		Reach	
heigh	t	F		F		F	╔╋╸	ŀ		m (ft)	
3.0 m (10.0 ft)	kg Ib							240 530	250 550	2.87 (9.4)	
2.5 m (8.0 ft)	kg Ib			*260 *570	*260 *570			180 400	190 420	3.31 (10.9)	
2.0 m (7.0 ft)	kg Ib			*280 *620	*280 *620	210 460	220 490	150 330	160 350	3.59 (11.8)	
1.5 m (5.0 ft)	kg Ib	*380 *840	*380 *840	290 640	300 660	210 460	220 490	140 310	140 310	3.75 (12.3)	
1.0 m (3.0 ft)	kg Ib	400 880	420 930	280 620	290 640	200 440	210 460	130 290	140 310	3.82 (12.5)	
0.5 m	kg Ih	370 820	390 860	260 570	270 600	190 420	200 440	130 290	140	3.79 (12.4)	
Ground	kg	360 790	370	250 550	260 570	190 420	200 440	130	140	3.67	
-0.5 m	kg Ib	350 770	370 820	240 530	260 570	180 400	190 420	150 330	160 350	3.27	
-1.0 m (-3.0 ft)	kg Ib	350 770	370 820	250 550	260 570		.20	180 400	190 420	3.08 (10.1)	
-1.5 m (-5.0 ft)	kg Ib	360 790	380 840					270 600	*280 *620	2.47 (8.1)	

4) 1.8 m (5' 11") boom, 1.12 m (3' 8") arm equipped with 0.04 m³ (SAE heaped) bucket and 230 mm (9") rubber track, the dozer blade down, track extended with 188 kg (414 lb) counterweight.

				Load	radius			A	t max. reac	h
Load po	oint	2.0 m	(7.0 ft)	2.5 m	(8.0 ft)	3.0 m (10.0 ft)	Capacity		Reach
heigh	t		╔═╋═╸	ŀ	╔╌╋╍╸	ľ		ŀ	₢₽₽	m (ft)
3.0 m (10.0 ft)	kg Ib							*270 *600	260 570	2.87 (9.4)
2.5 m (8.0 ft)	kg Ib			*260 *570	*260 *570			*270 *600	200 440	3.31 (10.9)
2.0 m (7.0 ft)	kg Ib			*280 *620	*280 *620	*290 *640	230 510	*270 *600	170 370	3.59
1.5 m	kg	*380	*380	*340	310	*320	230	*280	150	3.75
1.0 m	kg	*550	430	*420	300	*350	220	*290	140	3.82
(3.0 π) 0.5 m	kg	*700	400	*490	280	*390	210	*300	140	3.79
(2.0 ft) Ground	lb kg	*1540 *770	880 390	*1080	620 270	*860	460	*660	310 150	(12.4) 3.67
Line -0.5 m	lb kg	*1700	860 380	<u>*1190</u> *540	600 270	*900 *410	440 200	*680 *310	330 160	(12.0) 3.45
(-2.0 ft)	lb ka	*1700	840 380	*1190	600 270	*900	440	*680	350	(11.3)
(-3.0 ft)	lb	*1540	840	*1100	600			*680	440	(10.1)
-1.5 m (-5.0 ft)	кg Ib	*1170	390 860					*620	*620	(8.1)

• \mathbf{P} : Rating over-front

• 🛋 : Rating over-side or 360 degree

6. BUCKET SELECTION GUIDE



Con	o oitr	Width		Width		/ Width			Recommendation
Cap	acity	VVI	uur	Wojaht	1.8 m (5' 11") boom				
SAE heaped	CECE heaped	Without side cutter	With side cutter	vveignt	0.96 m (3' 2") arm				
0.04m ³ (0.05 yd ³)	0.03 m ³ (0.04 yd ³)	365 mm (14.4")	410 mm (16.1")	40 kg (88 lb)	Applicable for materials with density of 1600 kgf/m ³ (2700 lb/yd ³) or less				

7. UNDERCARRIAGE

(1) TRACKS

X-leg type center frame is integrally welded with reinforced box-section track frames. The design includes dry tracks, lubricated rollers, idlers, sprockets, hydraulic track adjusters with shock absorbing springs and assembled track-type tractor shoes with triple grousers.

(2) TYPES OF SHOES

			Rubber track
Model	Shapes		
	Shoe width	mm (in)	230 (9")
B177-04	Operating weight	kg (lb)	1700 (3750)
11172-3A	Ground pressure	kgf/cm² (psi)	0.28 (3.98)
	Overall width	mm (ft-in)	1300 (4' 3")

(3) NUMBER OF ROLLERS AND SHOES ON EACH SIDE

Item	Quantity
Track rollers	3 EA

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Item	Quantity				
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8. SPECIFICATIONS FOR MAJOR COMPONENTS

1) ENGINE

Item	Specification					
Model	Kubota D902					
Туре	4-cycle vertical overhead valve, diesel fuel					
Cooling method	Water cooling					
Number of cylinders and arrangement	3 cylinders, in-line					
Firing order	1-2-3					
Combustion chamber type	Swirl chamber type					
Cylinder bore \times stroke	72×73.6 mm (2.83" × 2.90")					
Piston displacement	898 cc (54.8 cu in)					
Compression ratio	24 : 1					
Rated gross horse power (SAE J1995)	16.2 Hp at 2400 rpm (12.1 kW at 2400 rpm)					
Maximum torque at 1900 rpm	5.6 kgf · m (36 lbf · ft)					
Engine oil quantity	3.7 l (1.0 U.S. gal)					
Dry weight	75 kg (165 lb)					
High idling speed	2600+30 rpm					
Low idling speed	1450±25 rpm					
Rated fuel consumption	208 g/Hp · hr at 2300 rpm (279 g/kW · hr at 2300 rpm)					
Starting motor	12V-1.2 kW					
Alternator	12V-40 A					
Battery	$1 \times 12 \text{ V} \times 45 \text{ Ah}$					

2) MAIN PUMP (P1, P2+P3)

ltem	Specification			
Туре	Variable displacement tandem axis piston pumps + gear pump			
Capacity	$2 \times 7.5 + 4.5$ cc/rev			
Rated oil flow	2×18.8 + 11.3 \wr /min $~(2\times5$ + 3 $~$ U.S. gpm / 2 \times 4.1 + 2.5 U.K. gpm)			
Rated speed	2500 rpm			

3) PILOT PUMP (P4)

Item	Specification				
Туре	Fixed displacement gear pump single stage				
Capacity	2.7 cc/rev				
Rated oil flow	6.8 ℓ /min (1.8 U.S. gpm / 1.5 U.K. gpm)				

4) MAIN CONTROL VALVE

Item	Specification				
Туре	Sectional, 9 spools (12 blocks)				
Operating method	Hydraulic pilot system				
Main relief valve pressure (P1, P2 / P3)	210 kgf/cm ² (2990 psi) / 200 kgf/cm ² (2840 psi)				
Overload relief valve pressure	230 kgf/cm ² (3270 psi)				

5) SWING MOTOR

Item	Specification			
Туре	Fixed displacement orbit motor			
Capacity	19.5 cc/rev			
Relief pressure	135 kgf/cm ² (1920 psi)			

6) TRAVEL MOTOR

Item	Specification				
Туре	Variable displacement axial piston motor				
Relief pressure	210 kgf/cm ² (2990 psi)				
Reduction gear type	2-stage planetary				

7) CYLINDER

Item		Specification		
Boom cylinder	Bore dia $ imes$ Rod dia $ imes$ Stroke	\emptyset 60 \times \emptyset 40 \times 440 mm		
	Cushion	Extend only		
Arm outinder	Bore dia $ imes$ Rod dia $ imes$ Stroke	$\emptyset 60 \times \emptyset 40 \times 353 \text{mm}$		
Arm cylinder	Cushion	Extend and retract		
Bucket cylinder	Bore dia $ imes$ Rod dia $ imes$ Stroke	\emptyset 55 \times \emptyset 35 \times 320 mm		
	Cushion	-		
Doom owing outindor	Bore dia $ imes$ Rod dia $ imes$ Stroke	ø 55 \times ø 30 \times 355 mm		
boom swing cylinder	Cushion	-		
Dozor oulindor	Bore dia $ imes$ Rod dia $ imes$ Stroke	$\emptyset65 imes\emptyset30 imes115$ mm		
Dozer cylinder	Cushion	-		
Extension extinder	Bore dia $ imes$ Rod dia $ imes$ Stroke	ø 55 \times ø 30 \times 310 mm		
Extension cylinder	Cushion	-		

* Discoloration of cylinder rod can occur when the friction reduction additive of lubrication oil spreads on the rod surface.

* Discoloration does not cause any harmful effect on the cylinder performance.

8) BUCKET

Item	Capa	acity	Tooth	Width		
	SAE heaped	CECE heaped	quantity	Without side cutter	With side cutter	
Standard	0.04 m³ (0.05 yd³)	0.03 m ³ (0.04 yd ³)	3	365 mm (14.4")	410 mm (16.1")	

9. RECOMMENDED OILS

HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils have been developed to offer the best performance and service life for your equipment. These oils have been tested according to the specifications of HYUNDAI and, therefore, will meet the highest safety and quality requirements.

We recommend that you use only HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease officially approved by HYUNDAI.

Service		Capacity			A	hmbie	ent tempe	erature	C(°F)		
point	Kind of fluid	ℓ (U.S. gal)	-50 (-58)	-30 (-22)	-20 (-4)	-1 (1	0 (3 4) (3) 1 32) (5	10 2 50) (6	20 30 88) (86) 40) (104)
					★SAE	5W-	40				
									SA	E 30	
Engine	Engine oil	3.7 (1.0)				SAE	10W				
oil pan	5	× /					0		20		
							3/		30		
								SAE 1	5W-40		
E's al					★SAE	75W	-90				
Final	Gear oil	0.33×2 (0.99×2)									
unve		(0.00 / 2)						SAE 8	5W-140		
		Taulu			★IS		G 15				
Hydraulia		13 (3 4)									_
tank	Hydraulic oil	Svstem:					ISO VG	46, HB⊦	10 VG 46	★ 3	
		23 (6.1)							SO VG 6	8	
				★AST	TM D975	5 NO.	1]			
Fuel tank Diesel fuel* 20 (5.3)								٨٩T			
								7.01			
Fillin a					*	·NI G	I NO 1				
(grease nipple)	Grease	As required									
(3								NLGI	NO.2		
	Mixture of										
Radiator	antifreeze	35(00)				Ethyle	ene glyco	ol base p	ermanen	t type (50	: 50)
(reservoir tank)	and soft	3.3 (0.9)	★Ethyl	ene glycol	base perma	inent ty	be (60 : 40)				
	water*2										
SAE : Socie	ety of Automoti	ve Engineers					* : C	old regio	n (Russia	i, CIS, Mo	ngolia)
API : Ame	rican Petroleur	n institute	ndord	zotion			U: ו★ פ_	itra IOW S sulfur cor	uitur dies ntent < 15	ei opm	
				\star^2 : Soft water							
ASTM · Ame	ASTM : American Society of Testing and Material				City water or distilled water						
A THE ATTENDATION OF TESTING AND MALERIAL					★3 : H	vundai B	io Hvdrau	ılic Oil			

- * Using any lubricating oils other than HYUNDAI genuine products may lead to a deterioration of performance and cause damage to major components.
- * Do not mix HYUNDAI genuine oil with any other lubricating oil as it may result in damage to the systems of major components.
- * Do not use any engine oil other than that specified above, as it may clog the diesel particulate filter(DPF).
- * For HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease for use in regions with extremely low temperatures, please contact HYUNDAI dealers.

1. CANOPY DEVICES

1) The ergonomically designed console box and suspension type seat provide the operator with comfort.

2) ELECTRONIC MONITOR SYSTEM

- (1) The centralized electronic monitor system allows the status and conditions of the machine to be monitored at a glance.
- (2) It is equipped with a safety warning system for early detection of machine malfunction.



17Z9A3CD01

2. CLUSTER

The cluster consists of gauges and lamps as shown below, to warn the operator in case of abnormal machine operation or conditions for the appropriate operation and inspection.

- Gauges : Indicate operating status of the machine.
- Warning lamp : Indicate abnormality of the machine (red).
- Pilot lamp : Indicate operating status of the machine.
- * The cluster installed on this machine does not entirely guarantee the condition of the machine. Daily inspection should be performed according to chapter 6, Maintenance.
- * When the cluster provides a warning, immediately check the problem and perform the required action.



17Z9A3CD03A

1) GAUGES AND DISPLAYS

(1) Service meter



(2) Fuel gauge



- ① This meter shows the total operation hours of the machine.
- ⁽²⁾ Always ensure the operating condition of the meter during the machine operation.

Inspect and service the machine based on hours as indicated in chapter 6, maintenance.

- ${\scriptstyle (\!\!\!\!\!)}$ This gauge indicates the amount of fuel in the fuel tank.
- 2 Fill the fuel when the red range or warning lamp 2 ON.
- ※ If the gauge illuminates the red range or warning lamp ON even though the machine is on the normal condition, check the electric device as that can be caused by the poor connection of electricity or sensor.

(3) Engine coolant temperature gauge



- ① This indicates the temperature of coolant.
 · Red range : Above 115°C (239°F)
- ⁽²⁾ When the red range pointed or warning lamp ON, engine do not abruptly stop but run it at medium speed to allow it to cool gradually, then stop it.

Check the radiator and engine.

* If the engine is stopped without cooled down running, the temperature of engine parts will rise suddenly, this could cause severe engine trouble.

2) WARNING AND PILOT LAMPS

(1) Fuel low level warning lamp



- 1 This lamp blinks and buzzer sounds when the level of fuel is below 5.0 *l* (1.3 U.S. gal).
- 2 Fill the fuel immediately when the lamp blinks.

(2) Engine coolant temperature warning lamp



 This lamp blinks and buzzer sounds when the temperature of coolant is over the normal temperature 115°C (239°F).
 Check the cooling system when the lamp blinks.

(3) Engine oil pressure warning lamp



- ① This lamp blinks and buzzer sounds after starting the engine because of the low oil pressure.
- ⁽²⁾ If the lamp blinks during engine operation, shut OFF engine immediately. Check oil level.

(4) Battery charging warning lamp



- ① This lamp blinks and buzzer sounds when the starting switch is ON, it is turned OFF after starting the engine.
- ② Check the battery charging circuit when this lamp blinks during engine operation.

(5) Engine preheat pilot lamp



- 1 When the start switch turn to HEAT position, pilot lamp comes ON.
- 2 Refer to the page 4-4 for details.

(6) Quick coupler lock pilot lamp



- $(\ensuremath{\mathbb I})$ When the quick coupler switch turned ON, this lamp turn ON and the buzzer sounds.
- 2 This lamp turned OFF and the buzzer stop when the quick coupler switch turned OFF.

(7) Travel speed pilot lamp



- ${\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}}$ When this lamp turned ON, the machine travel high speed.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ Refer to the travel speed control switch in page 3-9 for details.

3) BUTTONS

(1) Up/left button



Move in menu (up, left)
 Increase input value.

(2) Down/right button



Move in menu (down, right)
 Decrease input value.

(3) Menu button



① Current display to next display.

(4) Enter and buzzer stop button



- ① Select menu (enter).
- 2 Stop buzzer sound when sound is ON.

4) OLED display

(1) Main display



(2) Machine security





- ① Service meter : This meter shows the total operation hours of the machine.
- * Always ensure the operating condition of the service meter during the machine operation.
- ② Engine rpm : This displays the engine speed.
- ③ Engine run status : This displays the engine run ststus.

① ESL (Engine Starting Limit) mode setting

- ESL mode is designed to be a theft deterrent or will prevent the unauthorized operation of the machine.
- If the ESL mode was selected Always, the password will be required when the start switch is turned ON.
- Disable : Not used ESL function.
 - Always:The password is required whenever the operator start engine.
 - Interval : The password is required when the operator start engine first. But the operator can restart the engine within the interval time without inputting the password.
 - The interval time can be set maximum 2 days.

· Interval time

- If set interval time to 5 minutes, ESL system is activated after 5 minutes. Therefore, the password does not need to restart engine within 5 minutes.
- * Default password : 00000

2 Password change

- Input 5 to 10 digits and press Enter.

3. SWITCHES



1) STARTING SWITCH : Machine serial No. -#1429



(1) There are four positions, HEAT, OFF, ON and START.

- $\cdot \bigoplus$ (HEAT) : Preheating electrical circuit activates.
 - F) : None of electrical circuits activate.
- · _(OFF) · | (ON)
 - : All the systems of machine operate.
- $\cdot \bigodot ({\sf START})$: Use when starting the engine. Release key immediately after starting.
- ※ Key must be in the ON position with engine running to maintain electrical and hydraulic function and prevent serious machine damage.

STARTING SWITCH : Machine serial No. #1430-



- (1) There are three positions, OFF, ON and START.
 - $\cdot \bigcirc$ (OFF) : None of electrical circuits activate.
 - · | (ON) : All the systems of machine operate.
 - · (START) : Use when starting the engine. Release key immediately after starting.
- ※ Key must be in the ON position with engine running to maintain electrical and hydraulic function and prevent serious machine damage.

2) MAIN LIGHT SWITCH

- (1) This switch use to operates the head light and work light by two step.
- -0-R5573CD80
- First step : Main light switch illumination lamp comes ON.
 - \cdot Second step : Work light comes ON.

3) TRAVEL SPEED CONTROL SWITCH : Machine serial No. -#0168

(1) This switch is used to control the travel speed.



Low speed
 High speed

TRAVEL SPEED CONTROL SWITCH : Machine serial No. #0169-

S/NO.: #0169~#0286



S/NO.: #0278~



- (1) This switch is to control the travel speed which is changed to high speed by pressing the switch and low speed by pressing it again.
- (2) When the machine travel high speed, the travel speed pilot lamp lights ON.

4) SELECT SWITCH



5) HORN SWITCH



- (1) This switch is used to select the dozer blade or track operation.
 - ① : Dozer blade up or down
 - ② : Track extend or retract
- * Refer to the page for 3-12 details.
- (1) This switch is at the front side of control lever. On pressing, the horn sounds.

6) TRAVEL ALARM SWITCH (option)



- (1) This switch is the signal to alarm surroundings when the machine travels to forward and backward.
- (2) On pressing this switch, the alarm operates only when the machine is traveling.

7) QUICK COUPLER TOGGLE SWITCH (option) : Machine serial No. -#0619



21073CD36

- (1) This switch is used to engage or disengage the moving hook on quick coupler.
- * Refer to the page 8-6 for details.

QUICK COUPLER SWITCH (option) : Machine serial No. #0620-

- (1) This switch is used to engage or disengage the moving hook on quick coupler.
- * Refer to the page 8-6 for details.

8) EMERGENCY ENGINE STOP SWITCH



- (1) This switch is used to emergency stop the engine.
- (2) When the users control the emergency switch, the switch should not be maintained on "EMERGENCY STOP" position more than 10 seconds in order to avoid its failure.
- (3) The users remind that it should be turned back to original "RELEASE" position within 10 seconds.
- * Be sure to keep the emergency switch on the release position when restart the engine.

4. LEVERS AND PEDALS



17Z9A3CD04

1) LH CONTROL LEVER



(1) This joystick is used to control the swing and the arm.

(2) Refer to operation of working device in chapter 4 for details.

2) RH CONTROL LEVER



- (1) This joystick is used to control the boom and the bucket.
- (2) Refer to operation of working device in chapter 4 for details.

3) SAFETY LEVER



4) TRAVEL LEVER



(1) This lever is used to move the machine forward or backward.

(2) By pushing lever to UNLOCK position, machine is operational.

(1) All control levers are disabled from operation by locating the lever to

* Be sure to raise the lever to LOCK position when leaving from

* Do not use the safety lever for handle when getting on or off the

- (2) If left side lever is pushed or pulled, left track will move. If right side lever is pushed or pulled, right track will move.
- (3) Refer to traveling of machine in chapter 4 for details.

5) ENGINE SPEED CONTROL LEVER



- (1) This lever is used to increase or decrease the rotation speed of engine.
- (2) Move the lever backward to increase engine RPM. Move the lever forward to decrease engine RPM.
- (3) When stopping the engine, move the engine speed control lever forward completely and turn key OFF.

6) DOZER OR CRAWLER CONTROL LEVER



- (1) This lever is used to operate the dozer blade or crawler.
- (2) Select switch : Position ①

The lever is pushed forward, the dozer blade will be going down. The lever is pulled back, the dozer blade will be going up.

(3) Select switch : Position 2

The lever is pushed forward, the track extend out the maximum length.

The lever is pulled back, the track retract to the minimum one.

* Refer to the page 3-9 for the select switch.

ROL LEVER (1) This lever

lock position as shown.

operator's seat.

machine.

7) BOOM SWING PEDAL



- (1) This pedal is used to swing the boom to the right or left direction.
- (2) Move the lock cover to unlock position by foot.
- (3) The pedal is pressed to left side, boom will swing to the left direction. The pedal is pressed to right side, boom will swing to the right direction.

8) DOUBLE ACTING PEDAL (option)

(1) This pedal is used to operate the breaker or clamshell if equipped.



* Refer to page 4-23.

5. OTHERS



17Z9A3CD11

1) 12V SOCKET (option)



(1) Utilize the power of 12V as your need and do not exceed power of 12V, 120W.
2) SEAT

The seat is adjustable to fit the contours of the operator's body. It will reduce operator fatigue due to long work hours and enhance work efficiency.



Right side



17Z9A3CD70

(1) Weight adjustment (A)

Make the adjustment while the operator is seated, so that the seat is loaded.

Mechanical suspension incorporated in the seatback

Turn the lever situated on the right side of the seatback. Correct adjustment is reached when the seat height is taken to half the travel stroke of the suspension.

(2) Longitudinal adjustment (B)

Move the adjustment lever on the left guide of the seat to unlock the guides.

When adjustment is completed, ensure that the lever "clicks" and locks the guides. Check that the seat does not move longitudinally.

(3) Document holder pocket (C)

Rigid pocket with upper cover open the pocket by lifting the cover upwards.

(4) Inclination of the seatback (D)

For tilting back seats, press the lever on the lower right near the seat to free the seatback. With your back resting against the seatback, move the seatback to the desired position, release the lever and accompany it up to the first perceptible click. Then check that the seatback is locked.

(5) Safety belt (E)

Static safety belt adjust the length based on the operator's abdominal size while he is resting against the seatback and keeping the safety belt adherent to the lower part of the abdomen on the thigh side. While keeping the tang perpendicular to the belt, shorten if by pulling part (free end) and lengthen if by pulling part.

- Always check the condition of the seat belt and mounting hardware before operating the machine.
- ▲ Fail to wear a seat belt during the machine operation may result in serious injury or death in the event of an accident or machine overturn.

3) FUSE BOX



- (1) The fuses protect the electrical parts and wiring from burning out.
- (2) The fuse box cover indicates the capacity of each fuse and circuit it protects.
- * Replace a fuse with another of the same capacity.
- A Before replacing a fuse, be sure to turn OFF the starting switch.

OPERATION

1. SUGGESTION FOR NEW MACHINE

- 1) It takes about 100 operation hours to enhance its designed performance.
- 2) Operate according to below three steps and avoid excessive operation for the initial 100 hours.

Service meter	Load
Until 10 hours	About 60%
Until 100 hours	About 80%
After 100 hours	100%

- * Excessive operation may deteriorate the potential performance of machine and shorten lifetime of the machine.
- 3) Be careful during the initial 100 hours operation
- (1) Check daily for the level and leakage of coolant, engine oil, hydraulic oil and fuel.
- (2) Check regularly the lubrication and fill grease daily all lubrication points.
- (3) Tighten bolts.
- (4) Warm up the machine fully before operation.
- (5) Check the gauges occasionally during the operation.
- (6) Check if the machine is operating normally during operation.
- Replace followings after initial 250 hours of operation.

Checking items	Hours
Engine oil	
Engine oil filter element	
Fuel filter	250
Hydraulic oil return filter	
Travel reduction gear oil	



2. CHECK BEFORE STARTING THE ENGINE

- Look around the machine and under the machine to check for loosen nut or bolts, collection of dirt, or leakage of oil, fuel or coolant and check the condition of the work equipment and hydraulic system. Check also loosen wiring, and collection of dust at places which reach high temperature.
- * Refer to the daily check on the chapter 6, maintenance.
- 2) Adjust seat to fit the contours of the operator's body for the pleasant operation.



3. STARTING AND STOP THE ENGINE

1) CHECK INDICATOR LIGHTS

- (1) Check if all the operating lever is on the neutral position.
- (2) Turn the starting switch to the ON position, and check following.
- ① If all the lamps light ON and buzzer sounding for 6 seconds.
- ② Only below lamps will light ON and all the other lights will turn OFF after 2 seconds.
 - Engine oil pressure warning lamp (1)
 - Battery charging warning lamp (2)
- If the ESL mode is set to the Always, enter the password to start engine.
- If the password has failed 5 times, please wait 10 minutes before re-attempting to enter the password.
- * Refer to the page 3-7 for ESL mode setting.



- 2) STARTING ENGINE : Machine serial No. -#1429
 - Sound horn to warn surroundings after checking if there are obstacles in the area.
 - ※ Replace the engine oil and fuel referring to recommended oils at page 2-12.
 - Fill anti-freeze solution to the coolant as required.
- (1) Check if all levers are on the neutral position.
- (2) If the weather temperature is below 10°C, the start switch turn HEAT position.
- (3) After the preheat pilot lamp OFF, start engine by turning the starting switch to the START position.
- (4) Release the starting switch immediately after starting engine to avoid possible damage to the starting motor.
- If the engine does not start, the start switch turn HEAT position for preheating.
 After the preheating, start the engine again.
- If the engine does not start, allow the starter to cool for 10~20 seconds before attempting to start the engine again.

At the cold, allow 2 minute before attempting to start the engine again.



STARTING ENGINE : Machine serial No. #1430-

- Sound horn to warn surroundings after checking if there are obstacles in the area.
- ※ Replace the engine oil and fuel referring to recommended oils at page 2-12.
- * Fill anti-freeze solution to the coolant as required.
- (1) Check if all levers are on the neutral position.
- (2) If the weather temperature is below 10°C, the start switch turn ON position.
- (3) After the preheat pilot lamp OFF, start engine by turning the starting switch to the START position.
- (4) Release the starting switch immediately after starting engine to avoid possible damage to the starting motor.
- If the engine does not start, the start switch turn ON position for preheating.
 After the preheating, start the engine again.
- If the engine does not start, allow the starter to cool for 10~20 seconds before attempting to start the engine again.

At the cold, allow 2 minute before attempting to start the engine again.



3) INSPECTION AFTER ENGINE START

Inspect and confirm the following after engine starts.

- (1) Is the level gauge of hydraulic oil tank in the normal level?
- (2) Are there leakages of oil or water?
- (3) Are all the warning lamps OFF(2~4)?
- (4) Is the indicator of engine coolant temperature gauge(1) in the normal zone?
- (5) Is the engine sound and the color of exhaust gas normal?
- (6) Are the sound and vibration normal?
- * Do not increase engine speed quickly after starting, it can damage engine or turbocharger.
- If there are problems in the control panel, stop the engine immediately and correct problem as required.



4) WARMING-UP OPERATION

The most suitable temperature for the hydraulic oil is about 50°C (122°F).
 It can cause serious trouble in the hydraulic system by sudden operation when the hydraulic oil temperature is below 25°C (77°F).

Then temperature must be raised to at least $25^{\circ}C(77^{\circ}F)$ before starting work.

- (1) Run the engine at low idling for 5 minutes.
- (2) Speed up the idling and run the engine at midrange speed.
- (3) Operate bucket lever for 5 minutes.
- * Do not operate anything except bucket lever.
- (4) Run the engine at the high speed and operate the bucket lever and arm lever for 5-10 minutes.
- * Operate only the bucket lever and arm lever.
- (5) This warming-up operation will be completed by operation of all cylinders several times, and operation of swing and traveling.
- * Increase the warming-up operation during winter.



5) TO STOP THE ENGINE

- If the engine is abruptly stopped before it has cooled down, engine life may be greatly shortened. Consequently, do not abruptly stop the engine apart from an emergency.
- In particular if the engine has overheated, do not abruptly stop it but run it at medium speed to allow it to cool gradually, then stop it.
- (1) Down the bucket on the ground then put all the levers in the neutral position.
- (2) Run the engine at low idling speed for about 5 minutes.
- (3) Return the key of starting switch to the OFF position.
- (4) Remove the key to prevent other people using the machine and LOCK safety lever.



4. OPERATION OF WORKING DEVICE

- * Confirm the operation of control lever and working device.
- 1) Left control lever controls arm and swing.
- 2) Right control lever controls boom and bucket.
- 3) When you release the control lever, control lever returns to neutral position automatically.
- When operating swing, consider the swing distance by inertia.



* Left control lever

- 1 Arm roll-out
- 2 Arm roll-in
- 3 Swing right
- 4 Swing left



* Right control lever

- 5 Boom lower
- 6 Boom raise
- 7 Bucket roll-out
- 8 Bucket roll-in
- * Dozer control lever
 - 9 Dozer blade up
 - 10 Dozer blade down

* Boom swing pedal

- 11 Boom swing right
- 12 Boom swing left

* Double acting pedal

13, 14 Optional attachment





5. TRAVELING OF THE MACHINE

1) BASIC OPERATION

(1) Traveling position

It is the position which the traveling motor is in the rear and the working device is forward.

- ▲ Be careful as the traveling direction will be reversed when the whole machine is swinged 180 degree.
- (2) Traveling operation

It is possible to travel by travel lever.

- Do not travel continuously for a long time.
 Reduce the engine speed and travel at a low speed when traveling on uneven ground.
- (3) Forward and backward traveling

When the left and right travel lever are pushed at the same time, the machine will travel forward or backward.

* The speed can be controlled by the operation stroke of lever and change of direction will be controlled by difference of the left and right stroke.





(4) Pivot turning

Operating only one side of lever make the change of direction possible by moving only one track.



(5) Counter rotation

It is to change the direction at the original place by moving the right and left track. Both side of lever are operated to the other way at the same time.



2) TRAVELING ON A SLOPE

- Make sure that the travel lever is properly maneuvered by confirming the travel motor is in the right location.
- (2) Lower the bucket 20 to 30 cm (1 ft) to the ground so that it can be used as a brake in an emergency.
- (3) If the machine starts to slide or loses stability, lower the bucket immediately and brake the machine.
- (4) When parking on a slope, use the bucket as a brake and place blocks behind the tracks to prevent sliding.
- * Machine cannot travel effectively on a slope when the oil temperature is low.

Do the warming-up operation when it is going to travel on a slope.

- A Be careful when working on slopes. It may cause the machine to lose its balance and turn over.
- A Be sure to keep the travel speed switch on the LOW (turtle mark) while traveling on a slope.



3) TRAVELING ON SOFT GROUND

- * If possible, avoid to operate on soft ground.
- (1) Move forward as far as machine can move.
- (2) Take care not to go beyond the depth where towing is impossible on soft ground.
- (3) When driving becomes impossible, lower bucket and use boom and arm to pull the machine. Operate boom, arm, and travel lever at the same time to avoid the machine sinking.



4) TOWING THE MACHINE

Tow the machine as follows when it can not move on it's own.

- (1) Tow the machine by other machine after hook the wire rope to the frame as shown in picture at right.
- (2) Hook the wire rope to the frame and put a support under each part of wire rope to prevent damage.
- * Never tow the machine using the tie hole, because this may break.
- ▲ Make sure no personnel are standing close to the tow rope.



6. EFFICIENT WORKING METHOD

- Do the digging work by arm. Use the pulling force of arm for digging and use together with the digging force of the bucket if necessary.
- Consult the local regulations and instructions when using the dozer blade for additional machine stability. For the installation of a dozer cylinder safety valve, please contact your Hyundai dealer.
- 2) When lowering and raising the boom operate softly for the beginning and the end.

In particularly, sudden stops while lowering the boom may cause damage to the machine.





 The digging resistance and wearing of tooth can be reduced by putting the end of bucket tooth to the digging direction.



 Set the tracks parallel to the line of the ditch to be excavated when digging ditch. Do not swing while digging.



 Dig slowly with keeping the angle of boom and arm, 90-110 degree when maximum digging force is required.

6) Operate leaving a small safety margin of cylinder stroke to prevent damage of cylinder when working with the machine.

Keep the bucket to the dumping position and the arm horizontal when dumping the soil from the bucket.

Operate bucket lever 2 or 3 times when hard to dump.

- * Do not use the impact of bucket tooth when dumping.
- Operate stop of swing considering the swing slip distance is created by inertia after neutralizing the swing lever.









 If the excavation is in an underground location or in a building, make sure that there is adequate overhead clearance and that there is adequate ventilation.

10) Do not use the dropping force of the work equip-

The machine can be damaged by the impact.

ment for digging.



- Incorrect
- 11) Do not use the bucket to crack hard objects like concrete or rocks.

This may break a tooth or pin, or bend boom.



12) NEVER CARRY OUT EXCESSIVE OPERATIONS

Operation exceeding machine performance may result in accident or failure.

Never carry out operations which may damage the machine such as overload or over-impactload.

Never travel while carrying a load.

- * Consult the local regulations and instructions for carrying out lifting operations. In accordance with EN 474-5 the machine must be equipped with following devices.
 - \cdot a lifting device, f.e.lifting hook, lifting eye
 - · *an overload warning device (option)
 - *safety valves on the arm and the boom cylinder (option)
 - *a safety valve on the dozer cylinder (option) if the dozer blade is used to increase the machine stability.
 - * : Please contact your Hyundai dealer for installation.

13) BUCKET WITH HOOK

When carrying out lifting work, the special lifting hook is necessary.

The following operations are prohibited.

- · Lifting loads with a wire rope fitted around the bucket teeth.
- · Lifting loads with the wire rope wrapped directly around the boom or arm.

When performing lifting operation, securely hook the wire rope onto the special lifting hook.

When performing lifting operation, never raise or lower a person.

Due to the possible danger of the load falling or of collision with the load, no persons shall be allowed in the working area.

Before performing lifting operation, designate an operation supervisor.

Always execute operation according to his instructions.

- Execute operating methods and procedures under his direction.
- Select a person responsible for signaling.
 Operate only on signals given by such person.



Incorrect



Never leave the operator's seat while lifting a load.

7. OPERATION IN THE SPECIAL WORK SITES

1) OPERATION THE MACHINE IN A COLD WEATHER

- (1) Use proper engine oil and fuel for the weather.
- (2) Fill the required amount of antifreeze in the coolant.
- (3) Refer to the starting engine in cold weather. Start the engine and extend the warming up operation.
- (4) Be sure to open the heater cock when using the heater.
- (5) Always keep the battery completely charged.
- * Discharged batteries will freeze more easily than fully charged.
- (6) Clean the machine and park on the wood plates.

2) OPERATION IN SANDY OR DUSTY WORK SITES

- Inspect air cleaner element frequently. Clean or replace element more frequently, if warning lamp comes ON and buzzer sounds simultaneously, regardless of inspection period.
- Replace the inner and outer element after 4 times of cleaning.
- (2) Inspect radiator, oil cooler and condenser frequently, and keep cooling fins clean.
- (3) Prevent sand or dust from getting into fuel tank and hydraulic tank during refilling.
- (4) Prevent sand or dust from penetrating into hydraulic circuit by tightly closing breather cap of hydraulic oil tank. Replace hydraulic oil filter and air breather element frequently. Also, replace the fuel filter frequently.
- (5) Keep all lubricated part, such as pins and bushings, clean at all times.
- (6) If the air conditioner and heater filters clogged, the heating or cooling capacity will drop. Clean or replace the filter element more frequently.
- (7) Clean electrical components, especially the starting motor and alternator to avoid accumulation of dust.



3) SEA SHORE OPERATION

- Prevent ingress of salt by securely tightening plugs, cocks and bolts of each part.
- (2) Wash machine after operation to remove salt residue.

Pay special attention to electrical parts, and hydraulic cylinders and track tension cylinder to prevent corrosion.

(3) Inspection and lubrication must be carried out more frequently.

Supply sufficient grease to replace all old grease in bearings which have been submerged in water for a long time.

4) OPERATION IN MUD, WATER OR RAIN WORK SITES

- Perform a walk around inspection to check for any loose fittings, obvious damage to the machine or any fluid leakage.
- (2) After completing operations, clean mud, rocks or debris from the machine. Inspect for damage, cracked welds or loosened parts.
- (3) Perform all daily lubrication and service.
- (4) If the operations were in salt water or other corrosive materials, make sure to flush the affected equipment with fresh water.

5) OPERATION IN ROCKY WORK SITES

- Check for damage to the undercarriage and for looseness, flaws, wear and damage in bolts and nut.
- (2) Loosen the track tension a little when working in such areas.
- (3) Do not turn the undercarriage directly over the sharp edge rock.

8. NORMAL OPERATION OF EXCAVATOR

Followings may occur during operation due to the nature of a hydraulic excavator.

- When rolling in the arm, the roll-in movement stop momentary at point X in the picture shown, then recovers speed again after passing point X. The reason for this phenomenon is that movement by the arm weight is faster than the speed of oil flow into the cylinder.
- 2) When lowering the boom, one may hear continuous sound.

This is caused by oil flow in the valve.

- Overloaded movement will produce sound caused by the relief valves, which are for the protection of the hydraulic systems.
- 4) When the machine is started swing or stopped, a noise near the swing motor may be heard. The noise is generated when the brake valve relieves.



9. ATTACHMENT LOWERING (When engine is stopped)

- On machines equipped with an accumulator, for a short time(within 2 minutes) after the engine is stopped, the attachment will lower under its own weight when the attachment control lever is shifted to LOWER. That is happen only starting switch ON position and safety lever UNLOCK position. After the engine is stopped, set the safety lever to the LOCK position.
- ▲ Be sure no one is under or near the attachment before lowering the boom.
- The accumulator is filled with high-pressure nitrogen gas, and it is extremely dangerous if it is handled in the wrong way. Always observe the following precautions.
- A Never make any hole in the accumulator expose it to flame or fire.
- A Do not weld anything to the accumulator.
- When carrying out disassembly or maintenance of the accumulator, or when disposing of the accumulator, it is necessary to release the gas from the accumulator. A special air bleed valve is necessary for this operation, so please contact your Hyundai distributor.



10. STORAGE

Maintain the machine taking care of following to prevent the deterioration of machine when storing the machine for a long time, over 1 month.

1) BEFORE STORAGE

(1) Cleaning the machine

Clean the machine. Check and adjust tracks. Grease each lubrication part.

- (2) Lubrication position of each part Change all oil.
- * Be particularly careful when you reuse the machine.

As oil can be diluted during storage.

Apply an anticorrosive lubricant on the exposed part of piston rod of cylinder and in places where the machine rusts easily.



- Boom swing post (2EA)
- 9 Extension cylinder pin (2EA) 17Z9A4OP24
- (3) Be sure to mix anticorrosive antifreezing solution in the radiator.

(4) Prevention of dust and moisture

Keep machine dry. Store the machine setting wood on the ground.

- * Cover exposed part of piston rod of cylinder.
- * Lower the bucket to the ground and set a support under track.



2) DURING STORAGE

Start engine and move the machine and work equipment once a month and apply lubrication to each part.

- * Check the level of engine oil and coolant and fill if required when starting engine.
- * Clean the anticorrosive on the piston rod of cylinder.
- * Operate the machine such as traveling, swing and work equipment operation to make sure enough lubrication of all functional components.



3) AFTER STORAGE

Carry out the following procedure when taking out of a long time storage.

- (1) Wipe off the anticorrosive lubricant on the hydraulic piston rod.
- (2) Completely fill fuel tank, lubricate and add oil.

(3) When storage period is 6 months over
 If the machine stock period is over 6 months, carry out the following procedure.
 This procedure is to drain condensation water for the swing reduction gear durability.

- * Remove the drain port plug and drain the water until the gear oil comes out and then tighten the drain plug.
- * Refer to the service instruction, section 6 for the drain plug location.
- If the machine is stored without carrying out the monthly lubricating operation, consult your Hyundai dealer for service.

11. RCV LEVER OPERATING PATTERN

1) PATTERN CHANGE VALVE NOT INSTALL (standard)



Whenever a change is made to the machine control pattern also exchange the pattern label on the left side of upper frame to match the new pattern.

17Z9A4OP28

	Oper	ration			Hose	e connection	(port)
Pattern Left RCV lever Right RCV lever		Control function		RCV	Change of Te	erminal block	
			lever	From	То		
ISO Type	Type -		1 Arm out	2	Н	-	
)	I tre⊂	5	Left	2 Arm in	4	J	-
	E .	ي لاي ا		3 Swing right	3	F	-
	$4 \uparrow 3$			4 Swing left	1	G	-
	$\bigcirc \leftarrow \downarrow \rightarrow \bigcirc$			5 Boom lower	2	В	-
	↓ ⊂	Å	Diabt	6 Boom raise	4	Α	-
	-> \	240	nigi il	7 Bucket out	3	D	-
Hyundai	2	O		8 Bucket in	1	E	-
	4	_		1 Boom lower	2	Н	В
		5 • • • • •	Loft	2 Boom raise	4	J	А
		E _	Len	3 Swing right	3	F	-
	4 \uparrow 3			4 Swing left	1	G	-
д туре	$\bigcirc \leftarrow \downarrow \downarrow \bigcirc$			5 Arm out	2	В	Н
	Å	\mathbf{x}	Right	6 Arm in	4	Α	J
	3 M D	A	nigrit	7 Bucket out	3	D	-
2 0		8 Bucket in	1	E	-		
		_	Left	1 Boom lower	2	Н	В
	يكر لأ			2 Boom raise	4	J	А
				3 Bucket in	1	F	E
R Type		$(\uparrow \leftarrow \downarrow \rightarrow \uparrow)$		4 Bucket out	3	G	D
Втурс	Ve V 7			5 Arm out	2	В	Н
	Right	6 Arm in	4	A	J		
		7 Swing right	3	D	F		
	£			8 Swing left	1	E	G
C Type $\begin{cases} 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 0 &$		1 Loosen the RCV lever mounting bolt (77) and rotates					
	hr.	I oft	lever assy 90° counterclockwise; then install.				
	Lon	② To put lever in correct position, disassemble nut (24)					
			and rotates only lever 90° clockwise.				
	\bigcirc	$\widehat{\mathbf{A}}$	Right	Same as ISO type			
	2	6			20		
	_						

- 2) PATTERN CHANGE VALVE INSTALL (option)
- * If the machine is equipped with the pattern change valve, the machine operation pattern can be easily changed.
- * Whenever a change is made to the machine control pattern also exchange the pattern label in the cab to match the new pattern.

Operation	ISO type	A type
Left RCV lever	4 + 3 + 3 = 2	$ \overset{1}{\overset{4}{\bigcirc}} \overset{\uparrow}{\overset{\uparrow}{\leftarrow}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\rightarrow}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\bigtriangledown}}} \overset{1}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{}}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{}} \overset{3}{\overset{\circ}{}}$
Right RCV lever		$ \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 6 \end{array} $

- (1) The machine control pattern can be easily changed from the "ISO type" to "A type" by changing the position of the lever.
- A Before starting the machine, check the lever position of pattern change valve and actual operating of attachment.

PATTERN A TYPE(OPT) SO TYPE(STD) A TYPE(OPT) ISO TYPE(STD) I TYPE(OPT) ISO TYPE(STD) I TYPE(OPT) III Lever

(2) Change of operating pattern

- ① Loosen the bolt (11).
- ② Move lever from the "ISO type" to "A type" position.
- ③ After the lever is set, tighten the bolt in order to secure the lever.

12. SWITCHING HYDRAULIC ATTACHMENT CIRCUIT

- 1) The combined hydraulic attachment circuit is capable of providing single action or double action.
- The position of 3 way valve selects the single action hydraulic attachment circuit or the double action hydraulic attachment circuit.
- Before you change the flow mode of hydraulic attachment circuit, place the machine in the servicing position as shown. Stop the engine.



- Use the spanner to turn the bolt of 3 way valve. Make sure that you turn the bolt between one way and two way.
- (1) One way flow (hydraulic breaker) Turn the arrow to the horizontal position.
- (2) Two way flow (clamshell or shear) Turn the arrow to the vertical position.



13. HANDLING THE RUBBER TRACKS

1) USING THE RUBBER TRACKS PROPERLY

Rubber tracks have some advantages over steel tracks.

However, you cannot take full advantage of them if you use them in the same manner as steel ones. Use care in operating with rubber tracks in accord with the conditions of the work site and the type of work.

Comparison table of rubber and steel tracks

	Rubber	Steel
Low vibration	Excellent	Ordinary
Smooth travel	Excellent	Good
Silent travel	Excellent	Ordinary
Less damage to paved roads	Excellent	Ordinary
Simple handling	Excellent	Ordinary
Susceptibility to damage (strength)	Ordinary	Excellent
Drawber pull	Excellent	Excellent

Rubber tracks have many advantages inherent in the unique properties of the material. On the other hand, however, they are low in strength. It is essential that you fully understand the properties of rubber tracks, and observe the precautions for operating and handling them to prolong their life and get the most out of them. Be sure to read this section for using the rubber tracks before using them.

2) WARRANTY FOR RUBBER TRACKS

The rubber tracks are not warranted for free repair or replacement if they are damaged because of misuse by the customer, including the failure to comply with the prohibitions and the instructions for safe operation; (for example, the failure to check the tension of the rubber tracks or service the rubber tracks properly, or "using the rubber tracks on surfaces and terrains which could physically damage them".)

3) PROHIBITIONS FOR USING THE RUBBER TRACKS

- (1) Do not operate or turn on surfaces of terrains that have sharp stones, a hard, uneven rock base, or that expose the tracks to steel rods, scrap iron, or edges of iron plates. Failure to observe these prohibitions may damage the rubber tracks.
- (2) Do not operate the machine on a stony surface like a riverbed. Doing this may damage the rubber tracks by catching gravel in the tracks or may cause the tracks to come off. Forcibly pushing obstacles will also shorten the life of the rubber tracks.
- (3) Prevent the rubber tracks from getting exposed to oil, fuel or chemical solvents. If they are exposed, immediately wipe them. Also, do not travel on roads which have oily surfaces.
- (4) When storing the rubber tracks for a long time period (more than three months), avoid placing them in a place subject to direct exposure to sunlight or rain.

- (5) Do not operate the machine when the tracks will be exposed to heat, (i.e., near an open-air fire, on a steel plate that has been exposed to the blazing sun, or on a hot asphalt road.)
- (6) Never run on one rubber track while the other is held above the ground with the implement. Doing this may damage the rubber track or cause it to come off.

4) PRECAUTIONS FOR USING THE RUBBER TRACKS

Observe the following precautions when operating the machine :

- (1) Never spin-turn on concrete or asphalt roads.
- (2) Do not change course suddenly. Doing this will cause the rubber track to wear early or be damaged.
- (3) Do not turn the machine across a large level gap while traveling. Remember that running over a level gap at a right angle will prevent the track from coming off.
- (4) Slowly lower the machine after it has been lifted above the ground with the implement.
- (5) It is not recommended that the machine be used to handle any materials that become oily after being crushed (e.g., soybeans, corn, rapeseed oil seeds, etc.). After unavoidably using the machine to handle such materials, clean the tracks with water.
- (6) It is not recommended that the machine be used to handle materials such as salt, ammonium sulfate, potassium chloride, potassium sulfate, or superbiphosphate of lime. Handling these materials may affect the core metal adversely. After using the machine to handle such materials, clean the tracks with water.
- (7) Do not operate the machine at the seashore. Doing this may affect the core metal adversely due to the salt content.
- (8) If a rubber track is cracked, it could be easily damaged when exposed to salt, sugar, wheat, or soybeans. Be sure to repair any cracks in the rubber track to prevent rubber chips from getting into the materials being handled.
- (9) Do not allow the rubber track to rub aginst a concrete wall.
- (10) The rubber tracks are prone to slip on snow or on a frozen road. Be careful of skidding when traveling or operating on a slope in cold weather.
- (11) Operating the machine in extremely cold weather will deteriorate the rubber tracks, shortening their life.
- (12) Use the rubber tracks between -25°C to +55°C (-13°F to +131°F) because of the physical characteristics of rubber.
- (13) Be careful not to damage the rubber tracks with the bucket while operating the machine.

5) BE CAREFUL NOT TO COME OFF THE RUBBER TRACKS

Keep the tracks in appropriate tension to prevent them from coming off. If the tension is too low, the rubber tracks may come off under the following conditions. Even if the tension is adequate, take care when operating the tracks under these conditions. Some illustrations in this section can be different from your machine.

 Do not steer the machine at an angle other than 90 degrees across a large level gap created by a curbstone or a rock [approximately more than 20 cm (8")]. Run over a level gap at a right angle only to prevent the tracks from coming off.



(2) Do not steer the machine across a boundary between the flat ground and a slope, while moving backwards. If such travel is not avoidable, slow down the speed.



(3) Do not travel with the track on one side on a slope or on convex ground (causing a machine angle of more than 10 degrees), and with the track on the other side on flat ground, to prevent the rubber track from being damaged. Be sure to travel with the tracks on both sides on the same level surface.



(4) The three cases illustrated above are those which could cause the rubber tracks to loosen. In addition, do not subject machine to such ground conditions as are illustrated in the figure at the right.



HOW THE RUBBER TRACKS COME OFF

(5) When running over a level gap, a clearance is created between the tracks and the track rollers. At this point, the tracks tend to come off.

(6) If the machine is traveling in reverse, clearance may also be created between the track rollers and the rubber tracks, and between the idlers and the rubber tracks, causing the rubber tracks to come off.





- (7) Other situations to be avoided.
 - When the machine changes the travel direction while the rubber tracks are blocked sideways by an obstacle or the like.
 - ② When the idler and the track rollers are misaligned from the core metal, due to rubber track misalignment.



③ Traveling in reverse under the condition illustrated will cause the rubber tracks to come off.



④ Changing the travel direction of the machine under the condition illustrated will cause the rubber tracks to come off.



TRANSPORTATION

1. PREPARATION FOR TRANSPORTATION

- 1) When transporting the machine, observe the various road rules, road transportation vehicle laws and vehicle limit ordinances, etc.
- 2) Select proper trailer after confirming the weight and dimension from the chapter 2, specification.
- Check the whole route such as the road width, the height of bridge and limit of weight and etc., which will be passed.
- Get the permission from the related authority if necessary.
- 5) Prepare suitable capacity of trailer to support the machine.
- 6) Prepare gangplank for safe loading referring to the below table and illustration.

A	В
1.0	3.65 ~ 3.85
1.1	4.00 ~ 4.25
1.2	4.35 ~ 4.60
1.3	4.75 ~ 5.00
1.4	5.10 ~ 5.40
1.5	5.50 ~ 5.75





2. LOADING THE MACHINE

- A Make sure that the swing lock pin is inserted before transporting to prevent the machine from accidental swinging. (if equipped)
- 1) Load and unload the machine on a flat ground.
- 2) Use the gangplank with sufficient length, width, thickness and gradient.



- Do the following after loading the machine to the trailer.
- Stop loading when the machine is located horizontally with the rear wheel of trailer. Keep the travel motor in the rear when loading and in the front when unloading.





17Z9A5TA05

(3) Before transporting the machine, make sure that the swing lock has been engaged in the LOCK position. (if equipped) This will prevent the machine from accidentally

rotating during transportation.

- (4) After setting the edge of upper frame parallel with track center line in the cab, stop engine and get off the machine with the swing lock device to the LOCK position. (if equipped)
- ▲ To avoid personal injury or death, stop engine before locking/unlocking swing lock pin.



- (5) Lower the working equipment gently.
- * Place rectangular timber under the bucket cylinder to prevent the damage of it during transportation.
- ▲ Be sure to keep the travel speed switch on the LOW (turtle mark) while loading and unloading the machine.
- A void using the working equipment for loading and unloading since it will be very dangerous.
- A Do not operate any other device when loading.
- A Be careful on the boundary place of loading plate or trailer as the balance of machine will abruptly be changed on the point.



3. FIXING THE MACHINE

- 1) Lower down the working device on the loading plate of trailer.
- 2) Keep the safety lever on the LOCK position.
- 3) Turn OFF all the switches and remove the key.



5) Secure all locks.



6) Place timber underneath of the track and fix firmly with wire rope to prevent the machine from moving forward, backward, right or left.



4. LOADING AND UNLOADING BY CRANE

- 1) Check the weight, length, width and height of the machine referring to the chapter 2, specification when you are going to hoist the machine.
- Use long wire rope and stay to keep the distance with the machine as it should avoid touching with the machine.
- Put a rubber plate contact with wire rope and machine to prevent damage.
- 4) Place crane on the proper place.
- 5) Install the wire rope and stay like the illustration.
- 6) The maximum angle of the front wire rope must not exceed 60 degrees and the angle of the rear wire rope 45 degrees.
- If there is no stay, keep the angle of the rear wire rope below 15 degrees to avoid interference with the machine.
- ▲ Make sure wire rope is proper size.
- ▲ Place the safety lever to LOCK position to prevent the machine moving when hoisting the machine.
- ▲ The wrong hoisting method or installation of wire rope can cause damage to the machine.
- A Do not load abruptly.
- ▲ Keep area clear of personnel.
- A Maintain center of gravity and balance when lifting.
- A Never lift the machine with a person in the cab or on the machine.


5. DIMENSION AND WEIGHT

1) ROBEX 17Z-9A

(1) Base machine

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification	
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1940 (6' 4")	
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	2320 (7' 7")	
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	990~1300 (3' 3"~4' 3")	
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	1473 (3250)	

With 230 mm (9") rubber track and 188 kg (414 lb) counterweight.



(2) Boom assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1875 (6' 2")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	630 (2' 1")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	200 (7.9")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	90 (198)

* 1.80 m (5' 11") boom with arm cylinder (included piping and pins).



(3) Arm assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1205 (3' 11")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	315 (1' 0")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	230 (9.1")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	65 (143)

※ 0.96 m (3' 2") arm with bucket cylinder (included linkage and pins).

(4) Bucket assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	600 (2' 0")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	365 (1' 2")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	425 (1' 5")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	40 (88)

% 0.04 m³ (0.05 yd³) SAE heaped bucket (included tooth and side cutters).





(5) Boom cylinder

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	815 (2' 8")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	96 (3.8")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	130 (5")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	17 (37)

* Included piping.



(6) Canopy assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	830 (2' 9")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	1237 (4' 1")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	894 (2' 11")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	40 (88)



(7) Counterweight

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	990 (3' 3")
н	Height	mm (ft-in)	378 (1' 3")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	385 (1' 3")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	188 (414)



1. INSTRUCTION

1) INTERVAL OF MAINTENANCE

- You may inspect and service the machine by the period as described at page 6-11 based on hour meter at cluster.
- (2) Shorten the interval of inspect and service depending on site condition. (Such as dusty area, quarry, sea shore and etc.)
- (3) Practice the entire related details at the same time when the service interval is doubled.
 For example, in case of 100hours, carry out all the maintenance 「Each 100hours, each 50 hours and daily service」 at the same time.



2) PRECAUTION

- (1) Start to maintenance after you have the full knowledge of machine.
- (2) The monitor installed on this machine does not entirely guarantee the condition of the machine. Daily inspection should be performed according to clause 4, maintenance check list.
- (3) Engine and hydraulic components have been preset in the factory.Do not allow unauthorized personnel to reset them.
- (4) Ask to your local dealer or Hyundai for the maintenance advice if unknown.
- (5) Drain the used oil and coolant in a container and handle according to the method of handling for industrial waste to meet with regulations of each province or country.

3) PROPER MAINTENANCE

- Replace and repair of parts
 It is required to replace the wearable and consumable parts such as bucket tooth, side cutter, filter and etc., regularly.
 Replace damaged or worn parts at proper time to keep the performance of machine.
- (2) Use genuine parts.
- (3) Use the recommended oil.
- (4) Remove the dust or water around the inlet of oil tank before supplying oil.
- (5) Drain oil when the temperature of oil is warm.
- (6) Do not repair anything while operating the engine.Stop the engine when you fill the oil.
- (7) Relieve hydraulic system of the pressure before repairing the hydraulic system.
- (8) Confirm if the cluster is in the normal condition after completion of service.
- (9) For more detail information of maintenance, please contact local Hyundai dealer.
- * Be sure to start the maintenance after fully understand the chapter 1, safety hints.

- 4) RELIEVING THE PRESSURE IN THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM
 - Spouting of oil can cause the accident when loosening the cap or hose right after the operating of machine as the machine or oil is on the high pressure on the condition.
 Be sure to relieve the pressure in the system before repairing hydraulic system.
- (1) Place machine in parking position, and stop the engine.



- (2) Set the safety lever completely in the release position, operate the control and travel levers fully to the front, rear, left and right, to release the pressure in the hydraulic circuit.
- * This does not completely release the pressure, so when serving hydraulic component, loosen the connections slowly and do not stand in the direction where the oil spurt out.



5) PRECAUTION WHEN INSTALLING HYDRAULIC HOSES OR PIPES

- Be particularly careful that the joint of hose, pipe and functioning item are not damaged. Avoid contamination.
- (2) Assemble after cleaning the hose, pipe and joint of functioning item.
- (3) Use genuine parts.
- (4) Do not assemble the hose in the condition of twisted or sharp radius.
- (5) Keep the specified tighten torque.

6) PERIODICAL REPLACEMENT OF SAFETY PARTS

 It is desirable to do periodic maintenance the machine for using the machine safely for a long time.

However, recommend to replace regularly the parts related safety not only safety but maintain satisfied performance.

(2) These parts can cause the disaster of life and material as the quality changes by passing time and it is worn, diluted, and gets fatigued by using repeatedly.

These are the parts which the operator can not judge the remained lifetime of them by visual inspection.

(3) Repair or replace if an abnormality of these parts is found even before the recommended replacement interval.

Perio	Interval		
Engine Fuel hose (tank-engine)		Every 2 years	
		Pump suction hose	Every 2 years
	Main	Pump delivery hose	
		Swing hose	
	Working device	Boom cylinder line hose	
Hydraulic		Arm cylinder line hose	
- cyclom		Bucket cylinder line hose	Every
		Dozer cylinder line hose	2 years
	Boom swing cylinder line hose		
		Extension cylinder line hose	

- * 1. Replace O-ring and gasket at the same time when replacing the hose.
 - 2. Replace clamp at the same time if the hose clamp is cracked when checking and replacing the hose.

2. TIGHTENING TORQUE

Use following table for unspecified torque.

1) BOLT AND NUT

(1) Coarse thread

Polt oizo	8T		10T	
Doit Size	kgf ∙ m	lbf ∙ ft	kgf ∙ m	lbf ⋅ ft
M 6×1.0	0.85 ~ 1.25	6.15 ~ 9.04	1.14 ~ 1.74	8.2 ~ 12.6
M 8×1.25	2.0 ~ 3.0	14.5 ~ 21.7	2.7 ~ 4.1	19.5 ~ 29.7
M10 × 1.5	4.0 ~ 6.0	28.9 ~ 43.4	5.5 ~ 8.3	39.8 ~ 60
M12 × 1.75	7.4 ~ 11.2	53.5 ~ 81.0	9.8 ~ 15.8	70.9 ~ 114
$M14 \times 2.0$	12.2 ~ 16.6	88.2 ~ 120	16.7 ~ 22.5	121 ~ 163
M16 × 2.0	18.6 ~ 25.2	135 ~ 182	25.2 ~ 34.2	182 ~ 247
M18 × 2.5	25.8 ~ 35.0	187 ~ 253	35.1 ~ 47.5	254 ~ 344
M20 imes 2.5	36.2 ~ 49.0	262 ~ 354	49.2 ~ 66.6	356 ~ 482
$M22 \times 2.5$	48.3 ~ 63.3	349 ~ 458	65.8 ~ 98.0	476 ~ 709
M24 imes 3.0	62.5 ~ 84.5	452 ~ 611	85.0 ~ 115	615 ~ 832
M30 × 3.0	124 ~ 168	898 ~ 1214	169 ~ 229	1223 ~ 1656
M36 × 4.0	174 ~ 236	1261 ~ 1704	250 ~ 310	1808 ~ 2242

(2) Fine thread

Polt size	8T		10T	
DOIL SIZE	kgf ∙ m	lbf ∙ ft	kgf ∙ m	lbf ∙ ft
M 8×1.0	2.2 ~ 3.4	15.9 ~ 24.6	3.0 ~ 4.4	21.7 ~ 31.8
M10 × 1.2	4.5 ~ 6.7	32.5 ~ 48.5	5.9 ~ 8.9	42.7 ~ 64.4
M12 × 1.25	7.8 ~ 11.6	56.4 ~ 83.9	10.6 ~ 16.0	76.7 ~ 116
M14 × 1.5	13.3 ~ 18.1	96.2 ~ 131	17.9 ~ 24.1	130 ~ 174
M16 × 1.5	19.9 ~ 26.9	144 ~ 195	26.6 ~ 36.0	192 ~ 260
M18 × 1.5	28.6 ~ 43.6	207 ~ 315	38.4 ~ 52.0	278 ~ 376
M20 × 1.5	40.0 ~ 54.0	289 ~ 391	53.4 ~ 72.2	386 ~ 522
M22 × 1.5	52.7 ~ 71.3	381 ~ 516	70.7 ~ 95.7	511 ~ 692
M24 imes 2.0	67.9 ~ 91.9	491 ~ 665	90.9 ~ 123	658 ~ 890
M30 × 2.0	137 ~ 185	990 ~ 1339	182 ~ 248	1314 ~ 1796
M36 × 3.0	192 ~ 260	1390 ~ 1880	262 ~ 354	1894 ~ 2562

2) PIPE AND HOSE (FLARE type)

Thread size (PF)	Width across flat (mm)	kgf ∙ m	lbf ⋅ ft
1/4"	19	4	28.9
3/8"	22	5	36.2
1/2"	27	9.5	68.7
3/4"	36	18	130
1"	41	21	152
1-1/4"	50	35	253

3) PIPE AND HOSE (ORFS type)

Thread size (UNF)	Width across flat (mm)	kgf ∙ m	lbf ⋅ ft
9/16-18	19	4	28.9
11/16-16	22	5	36.2
13/16-16	27	9.5	68.7
1-3/16-12	36	18	130
1-7/16-12	41	21	152
1-11/16-12	50	35	253

4) FITTING

Thread size	Width across flat (mm)	kgf ∙ m	lbf ⋅ ft
1/4"	19	4	28.9
3/8"	22	5	36.2
1/2"	27	9.5	68.7
3/4"	36	18	130
1"	41	21	152
1-1/4"	50	35	253

No	No. Descriptions		Dolt oito	Torque		
INO.				kgf∙m	lbf ⋅ ft	
1		Engine mounting bolt (engine-bracket)	M10 × 1.25	7.4±1.5	53.5±11.0	
2	Fraina	Engine mounting bolt (bracket-frame)	M12 × 1.75	12.3±1.5	89±11.0	
3	Engine	Radiator mounting bolt, nut	M12 × 1.75	12.8±3.0	92.6±21.7	
4		Coupling mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	5.15 ± 0.25	37.2±1.8	
5		Main pump mounting bolt	M12 × 1.75	12.8±3.0	92.6±21.7	
6		Main control valve mounting bolt	M 8 × 1.25	$3.4\!\pm\!0.7$	24.6±5.1	
7	Hydraulic	RCV lever mounting bolt	M 6 × 1.0	1.44 ± 0.3	10.4±2.2	
8	system	Fuel tank mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	6.9±1.4	50±10.1	
9		Hydraulic oil tank mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	6.9±1.4	50±10.1	
10		Turning joint mounting bolt, nut	M10 × 1.5	6.9±1.4	50±10.1	
11		Swing motor mounting bolt	$M14 \times 2.0$	21	152	
12	Power	Swing bearing upper mounting bolt	M12 × 1.75	12.8±3.0	92.6±21.7	
13	train	Swing bearing lower mounting bolt	M12 × 1.75	12.8±3.0	92.6±21.7	
14	system	Travel motor mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	6.9±1.4	50±10.1	
15		Sprocket mounting bolt	M10 $ imes$ 1.5	6.9±0.7	50±5.1	
16	Under carriage	Track roller mounting bolt	M12 $ imes$ 1.75	12.3±1.2	89±8.7	
17		Counterweight mounting bolt	M20 × 2.5	57.9±8.7	432±62.9	
18	Othere	Additional counterweight mounting bolt	M24 $ imes$ 3.0	100 ± 15	723±108	
19	Others	Canopy mounting bolt, nut	M12 × 1.75	12.8±3.0	92.6±21.7	
20		Operator's seat mounting bolt	M 8 × 1.25	$3.4\!\pm\!0.7$	24.6±5.1	

4) TIGHTENING TORQUE OF MAJOR COMPONENT

3. FUEL, COOLANT AND LUBRICANTS

1) NEW MACHINE

New machine used and filled with following lubricants.

Description	Specification		
Engine oil	SAE 15W-40 (API CI-4)		
	Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil (ISO VG 32, VG 46, VG 68)		
Hydraulic oil	Conventional hydraulic oil (ISO VG 15, *: Cold region)		
	Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil (HBHO, ISO VG 46)		
Travel reduction gear	SAE 85W-140 (API GL-5)		
Grease	Lithium base grease NLGI No. 2		
Fuel	ASTM D975-No. 2, *1: Ultra low sulfur diesel		
Or closet	Mixture of 50% ethylene glycol base antifreeze and 50% water.		
Coolant	Mixture of 60% ethylene glycol base antifreeze and 40% water. \star		

SAE : Society of Automotive Engineers

API : American Petroleum Institute

ISO : International Organization for Standardization

NLGI : National Lubricating Grease Institute

ASTM : American Society of Testing and Material

★ : Cold region

Russia, CIS, Mongolia

★1 : Ultra low sulfur diesel

- sulfur content $\leq 15 \text{ ppm}$

2) RECOMMENDED OILS

HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils have been developed to offer the best performance and service life for your equipment. These oils have been tested according to the specifications of HYUNDAI and, therefore, will meet the highest safety and quality requirements.

We recommend that you use only HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease officially approved by HYUNDAI.

Service		Capacity				Ambie	ent temp	erature°	C(°F)		
point	Kind of fluid	ℓ (U.S. gal)	-50 (-58)	-30 (-22)	-20 (-4)) -1) (1	0 4) (:	0 1 32) (5	0 2 50) (6	20 3 88) (86	0 40 6) (104)
					★S/	AE 5W-	40				
									SA	E 30	
Engine	Engino oil	27(10)				SAF	10\//				
oil pan		5.7 (1.0)				0/12	1000		_		
							S	AE 10W-	30		
								SAE 1	5W-40		
					★SA	F 75W	-90		-		
Final	Gear oil	0.33×2					00		_		
arive		(0.33 ~ 2)						SAE 85	5W-140		
		—			*	ISO V	G 15				
Undroutio		1 ank:									
tank	Hydraulic oil	System:					ISO VG	i 46, HBH	10 VG 46	5★ 3	
		23 (6.1)							SO VG 6	68	
Fuelteels	D'	00 (5 0)		★AS	TM D9	75 NO.	1				
Fueltank	Diesei tuei ^ '	20 (5.3)						AST	M D975	NO 2	
Fitting						★NLG	INO.1				
(grease nipple)	Grease	As required								1	
								NLGI	NO.2		
	Mixture of				_	C Harrel	-				
Radiator	antifreeze	3.5 (0.9)				Ethyle	ene giyc	oi base p	ermanen	t type (50	: 50)
(reservoir tank)	and soft water* ²	(/	★Ethyl	ene glyco	l base per	rmanent ty	pe (60 : 40)				
SAE : Socie	ety of Automoti	ve Engineers					* : C	old regior	n (Russia	a, CIS, Mo	ongolia)
API : Ame	rican Petroleur	n Institute					★ 1 :U	lltra low s	ulfur dies	el	
ISO : Interr	national Organi	ization for Sta	ndard	zation				Sullur COr	$ er \le 15$	p hhui	
NLGI : Natio	nai Lubricating	f Teeting and	tute Motor	ial			× 3 (City water	or distille	ed water	
ASINI : Ame	SIM : American Society of Testing and Material					★ 3 :H	lyundai B	io Hydrai	ulic Oil		

* Using any lubricating oils other than HYUNDAI genuine products may lead to a deterioration of performance and cause damage to major components.

※ Do not mix HYUNDAI genuine oil with any other lubricating oil as it may result in damage to the systems of major components.

* Do not use any engine oil other than that specified above, as it may clog the diesel particulate filter(DPF).

* For HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease for use in regions with extremely low temperatures, please contact HYUNDAI dealers.

4. MAINTENANCE CHECK LIST

1) DAILY SERVICE BEFORE STARTING

Check items	Service	Page
Visual check		
Fuel tank	Check, Refill	6-24
Hydraulic oil level	Check, Add	6-26
Engine oil level	Check, Add	6-17
Coolant level	Check, Add	6-19
Control panel & pilot lamp	Check, Clean	6-33
Water separator	Check, Drain	6-24
Fan belt tension and damage	Check, Adjust	6-22
★ Attachment pins	Lubricate	6-32
Boom cylinder head and rod		
Boom connecting		
Arm cylinder head and rod		
Boom + Arm connecting		
Bucket cylinder head		

 \star Lubricate every 10 hours or daily for initial 50 hours.

2) EVERY 50 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Fuel tank (water, sediment)	Drain	6-24
Track tension	Check, Adjust	6-29
Extension cylinder	Lubricate	6-32
Swing gear and pinion	Lubricate	6-28
Lubricate pin and bushing	Lubricate	6-32
Bucket cylinder rod		
Arm + Bucket connecting		
Arm + Link, Bucket control		
Bucket control rod		
Boom swing post + Upper frame connecting		
\cdot Boom swing cylinder head and rod		
Dozer blade + Lower frame connecting		
\cdot Dozer blade cylinder head and rod		

3) INITIAL 50 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Radiator and oil cooler fin	Check, Clean	6-22
Boom swing cylinder	Lubricate	6-28
Bolts & Nuts	Check, Tight	6-7
· Sprocket mounting bolts		
· Travel motor mounting bolts		
· Swing motor mounting bolts		
· Swing bearing mounting bolts		
· Engine mounting bolts		
· Counterweight mounting bolts		
· Turning joint locating bolts		
· Track shoe mounting bolts and nuts		
Hydraulic pump mounting bolts		

* Service the above items only for the new machine, and thereafter keep the normal service interval.

4) EVERY 200 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
★ Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-27

 \star Replace the filter for continuous hydraulic breaker operation only.

5) INITIAL 250 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Fuel filter element	Replace	6-24
Travel reduction gear oil	Change	6-28
Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-27

6) EVERY 250 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
★Engine oil	Change	6-17, 18
★ Engine oil filter	Replace	6-17, 18
Battery (voltage)	Check	6-33
Swing bearing grease	Lubricate	6-28
Boom swing cylinder	Lubricate	6-28
Bolts & Nuts	Check, Tight	6-7
· Sprocket mounting bolts		
· Travel motor mounting bolts		
· Swing motor mounting bolts		
· Swing bearing mounting bolts		
· Engine mounting bolts		
· Counterweight mounting bolts		
· Turning joint locating bolts		
· Track shoe mounting bolts and nuts		
Hydraulic pump mounting bolts		
Attachment pins	Lubricate	6-32
· Boom cylinder head and rod		
· Boom connecting		
· Arm cylinder head and rod		
· Boom + Arm connecting		
· Bucket cylinder head		

★ If you use high sulfur containing fuel above than 0.5% or use low grade of engine oil reduce change interval.

7) EVERY 400 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Fuel filter element	Replace	6-24

8) EVERY 500 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Radiator and cooler fin	Check, Clean	6-22
ightarrow Air cleaner element (primary)	Inspect, Clean	6-23

 \precsim Clean the element only after 500 hours operation.

Replace primary element and safety element after 4 times cleanings of primary element.

9) EVERY 1000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page	
Travel reduction gear oil	Change	6-28	
Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-27	

10) EVERY 2000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page	
Coolant*1	Change	6-20, 21, 22	
Air cleaner element	Replace	6-23	
Hydraulic oil*1	Change	6-26	
HBHO (Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil, ISO VG 46)*2	Change	6-26	
Hydraulic tank suction strainer	Check, Clean	6-27	
Hoses, fittings, clamps (fuel, coolant, hydraulic)	Check, Retighten, Replace	-	

*1 Conventional

*² If do not want to change HBHO every 2000 hours, contact HYUNDAI dealer and ask about SAMPLING.

* Change hydraulic oil every 600 hours of continuous hydraulic breaker operation.

11) EVERY 5000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Hydraulic oil*3	Change	6-26

*³ Hyundai genuine

* Change hydraulic oil every 1000 hours of continuous hydraulic breaker operation.

12) EVERY 6000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page	
Coolant*3	Change	6-20, 21, 22	

*³ Hyundai genuine long life

13) WHEN REQUIRED

Whenever you have trouble in the machine, you must perform the service of related items, system by system.

Check items	Service	Page		
Fuel system				
· Fuel tank	Drain or Clean	6-23		
· Water separator	Drain or Replace	6-24		
· Fuel filter element	Replace	6-24		
Engine lubrication system				
· Engine oil	Change	6-17, 18		
· Engine oil filter	Replace	6-17, 18		
Engine cooling system				
· Coolant	Add or Change	6-19, 20, 21, 22		
· Radiator	Clean or Flush	6-19, 20, 21, 22		
Engine air system				
· Air cleaner (primary and safety)	Replace	6-23		
Hydraulic system				
· Hydraulic oil	Add or Change			
· Hydraulic oil return filter	lic oil return filter Replace			
· Suction strainer	Clean	6-27		
Under carriage				
· Track tension	Check, Adjust	6-29		
Bucket				
· Tooth	Replace 6-31			
· Side cutter	Replace	6-30		
· Linkage	Adjust	6-30		
· Bucket assy	Replace	6-30		

5. MAINTENANCE CHART







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Caution

- 1. Service intervals are based on the hour meter reading.
- 2. The number of each item shows the lubrication point on the machine.
- 3. Stop engine while filling oil, and use no open flames.
- 4. For other details, refer to the service manual.

Service interval	No.	Description	Service action	Oil symbol	Capacity ℓ (U.S.gal)	Service points No.
10 Hours or daily	1	Hydraulic oil level	Check, Add	НО	13 (3.4)	1
	2	Radiator coolant	Check, Add	С	3.5 (0.9)	1
	3	Water separator	Drain	-	-	1
	4	Fan belt tension and damage	Check, Adjust	-	-	1
	13	Engine oil level	Check, Add	EO	3.7 (1.0)	1
	6	Bucket linkage & blade pins	Check, Add	PGL	-	9
	9	Swing ring gear and pinion	Lubricate	PGL	-	1
50 Hours or weekly	10	Track tension	Check, Adjust	PGL	-	2
	11	Fuel tank (water, sediment)	Drain	-	-	1
	21	Extension cylinder	Lubricate	PGL	-	2
	5	Attachment pins	Check, Add	PGL	-	9
	7	Boom swing cylinder	Lubricate	PGL	-	1
250	8	Swing bearing	Lubricate	PGL	-	1
Hours	12	Battery (voltage)	Check, Clean	-	-	1
	13	Engine oil	Change	EO	3.7 (1.0)	1
	14	Engine oil filter	Replace	-	-	1
400 Hours	15	Fuel filter element	Replace	-	-	1
500	16	Radiator and cooler fin	Check, Clean	-	-	2
Hours	17	Air cleaner element (primary)	Clean	-	-	1
	18	Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	-	-	1
	19	Travel reduction gear case	Change	GO	0.33 (0.09)	2
	1	Hydraulic oil*1	Change	HO	13 (3.4)	1
	1	Hydraulic oil (HBHO*2)	Change	-	13 (3.4)	1
2000	2	Radiator coolant*1	Change	С	3.5 (0.9)	1
Hours	17	Air cleaner element	Replace	-	-	1
	20	Hydraulic oil suction strainer	Check, Clean	-	-	1
	-	Hoses, fittings, clamps (fuel, coolant, hydraulic)	Check, Retighten, Replace	-	-	-
5000 Hours	1	Hydraulic oil*3	Change	НО	13 (3.4)	1
6000 Hours	2	Radiator coolant*3	Change	С	3.5 (0.9)	1
As required	17	Air cleaner element (primary & safety)	Clean, Replace	-	-	2
* ¹ Conventional * ² Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil * ³ Hyundai genuine long life						

*1 Conventional

*³ Hyundai genuine long life

* Oil symbol

Please refer to the recommended lubricants for specification.

HO : Hydraulic oil DF: Diesel fuel GO: Gear oil EO : Engine oil C : Coolant PGL : Grease

6. SERVICE INSTRUCTION

1) CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

Check the oil level with the machine on a flat ground before starting engine.

- (1) Pull out the dipstick and wipe with a clean cloth.
- (2) Check the oil level by inserting the dipstick completely into the hole and pulling out again.Check to see that the oil level lies between the two notches.
- (3) If oil level is LOW, add oil and then check again.
- If the oil is contaminated or diluted, change the oil regardless of the regular change interval.
- * Check oil level after engine has been stopped for 15 minutes.
- A Do not operate unless the oil level is in the normal range.

2) REPLACEMENT OF ENGINE OIL AND OIL FILTER

- (1) Warm up the engine.
- (2) Remove the cover of drain plug and connect the quick coupler hose.
- A drain pan with a capacity of 5.0 liters (1.3 U.S. gallons) will be adequate.
- (3) Clean around the filter head, remove the filter with a filter wrench and clean the gasket surface.







(4) Apply a light film of lubricating oil to the gasket sealing surface before installing the filters.

(5) To install the filter, screw it in by hand.

facturer.

* Mechanical over-tightening may distort the

· Install the filter as specified by the filter manu-

threads or damage the filter element seal.



- Close Open Oil filter
- (6) Fill the engine with clean oil to the proper level.
 Quantity : 3.7 l (1.0 U.S.gallons)



(7) Operate the engine at low idle and inspect for leaks at the filters and the drain plug.

Shut the engine off and check the oil level with the dipstick.

Allow 15 minutes for oil to drain down before checking.



3) CHECK COOLANT

- (1) Check if the level of coolant in reservoir tank is between FULL and LOW.
- (2) Add the mixture of antifreeze and water after removing the cap of the reservoir tank if coolant is not sufficient.
- (3) Be sure to add the coolant by opening the cap of radiator when coolant level is below LOW.
- (4) Replace gasket of radiator cap when it is damaged.
- ▲ Hot coolant can spray out if radiator cap is removed while engine is hot. Remove the cap after the engine has cooled down.





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4) FLUSHING AND REFILLING OF RADIATOR

- (1) Change coolant
- A Avoid prolonged and repeated skin contact with used antifreeze.

Such prolonged repeated contact can cause skin disorders or other bodily injury.

Avoid excessive contact-wash thoroughly after contact.

Keep out of reach of children.

Protect the environment : Handling and disposal of used antifreeze can be subject to federal, state, and local law regulation.

Use authorized waste disposal facilities, including civic amenity sites and garages providing authorized facilities for the receipt of used antifreeze.

If in doubt, contact your local authorities for guidance as to proper handling of used antifreeze.



▲ Wait until the temperature is below 50°C (122°F) before removing the coolant system pressure cap.

Failure to do so can cause personal injury from heated coolant spray.

Drain the cooling system by opening the drain valve on the radiator and opening the drain cock on the engine. A drain pan with a capacity of 10 liters (2.6 U.S.gallons) will be adequate in most applications.

(2) Flushing of cooling system

- Fill the system with a mixture of sodium carbonate and water (or a commercially available equivalent).
- * Use 0.5 kg (1.0 pound) of sodium carbonate for every 23 liters (6.0 U.S. gallons) of water.
- Do not install the radiator cap.
 The engine is to be operated without the cap for this process.
- ② Operate the engine for 5 minutes with the coolant temperature above 80°C(176°F).
 Shut the engine off, and drain the cooling system.







- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ Fill the cooling system with clean water.
- * Be sure to vent the engine and aftercooler for complete filling.
- * Do not install the radiator cap or the new coolant filter.



4 Operate the engine for 5 minutes with the coolant temperature above 80 $^\circ\text{C}(176\,^\circ\text{F})$.

Shut the engine off, and drain the cooling system.

* If the water being drained is still dirty, the system must be flushed again until the water is clean.



(3) Cooling system filling

- ① Use a mixture of 50 percent soft water and 50 percent ethylene glycol antifreeze to fill the cooling system. Refer to the page 6-9.
- * Use the correct amount of DCA4 corrosion inhibitor to protect the cooling system.
- * Do not use hard water such as river water or well water.



Thermostat

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- The system has a maximum fill rate of 14 liters (3.5 U.S. gallons) per minute.
 Do not exceed this fill rate.
- * The system must be filled slowly to prevent air locks.

During filling, air must be vented from the engine coolant passage.

 ③ Install the pressure cap. Operate the engine until it reaches a temperature 80°C (176°F), and check for coolant leaks.
 Check the coolant level again to make sure the

system is full of coolant.

5) CLEAN RADIATOR AND OIL COOLER

Check, and if necessary, clean and dry outside of radiator and oil cooler. After working in a dusty place, clean radiator more frequently.

- (1) Visually inspect the radiator for clogged radiator fins.
- (2) Use 550 kPa (80 psi) air pressure to blow the dirt and debris from the fins.

Blow the air in the opposite direction of the fan air flow.

- (3) Visually inspect the radiator for bent or broken fins.
- If the radiator must be replaced due to bent or broken fins which can cause the engine to overheat, refer to the manufacturer's replacement procedures.
- (4) Visually inspect the radiator for core and gasket leaks.





6) FAN BELT TENSION

 Press the V-belt at the midpoint of the alternator pulley and the crankshaft pulley, and measure the deflection of the belt.

Item	Standard value (mm)
V-belt tension Belt deflection when pressed with a force of approx. 10 kgf·m (72.33 lbf·ft)	7.0 ~ 9.0

- (2) If the measured deflection does not conform to the standard value, loosen the adjusting bolt and move the alternator for adjustment.
- (3) Inspect the drive for damage.





7) INSPECTION OF COOLING FAN

- Personal injury can result from a fan blade failure. Never pull or pry on the fan. This can damage the fan blade and cause fan failure.
- * Rotate the crankshaft by using the engine barring gear.
- * A visual inspection of the cooling fan is required daily.

Check for cracks, loose rivets, and bent or loose blades.

Check the fan to make sure it is securely mounted. Tighten the capscrews if necessary. Replace any fan that is damaged.



8) CLEANING OF AIR CLEANER

(1) Primary element

- Open cover and remove the element.
- 2 Clean the inside of the body.
- ③ Clean the element with pressurized air.
 - Remove the dust inside of the element by the pressurized air (below 3 kgf/cm², 40 psi) forward and backward equally.
- ④ Inspect for cracks or damage of element by putting a light bulb inside of the element.
- 5 Insert element and close cover.
- * Replace the primary element after 4 times cleanings.
- (2) Safety element
 - * Replace the safety element only when the primary element is cleaned for the 4 times.
 - * Always replace the safety element. Never attempt to reuse the safety element by cleaning the element.

Machin serial No. : -#0263



Machin serial No. : #0264-



9) FUEL TANK

- Fill fuel fully when system the operation to minimize water condensation, and check it with fuel gauge before starting the machine.
- (2) Drain the water and sediment in the fuel tank by opening the drain plug.
- * Be sure to LOCK the cap of fuel tank.
- * Remove the strainer of the fuel tank and clean it if contaminated.
- ▲ Stop the engine when refueling. All lights and flames shall be kept at a safe distance while refueling.



10) REPLACING THE FUEL FILTER AND WATER SEPATATOR

(1) Fuel filter

- Water and dust in fuel are collected in the filter. So, change the filter every 400 hours service.
- 1 Remove the used filter with filter wrench.
- ② Apply a thin film of fuel to the surface of new filter gasket before screwing on.
- ③ Then tighten enough by hand.
- ④ Loosen the air vent plug to let the air out.
- ⑤ Start engine and check for fuel leakage.

(2) Water separator

- 1 Close the fuel cock (1).
- ② Unscrew the retaining ring (4) and remove the cup (3), and rinse the inside with kerosene.
- ③ Replace the element (2).
- ④ Reassemble the water separator, keeping out dust and dirt.
- ⑤ Bleed the fuel system. Refer to page 6-25.
- * Clean element (2) every 100 hours.
- * Be sure to clean the cup (3) periodically.
- ▲ Make sure that any fire hazard is not around the work area when handling fuel. Wipe off spilled fuel thoroughly. It can cause a fire.



11) BLEEDING THE FUEL SYSTEM

- (1) Fill the tank with fuel and open the cock (1).
- (2) Loosen the air vent plug (2) a few turns.
- (3) Screw back the plug when bubbles do not come up any more.
- (4) Open the air vent cock (3) on top of the fuel injection pump.
- (5) Turn the start switch to the ON position and hold it in the position for 10~15 seconds to operate the fuel feed pump.
- (6) Close securely the air vent cock (1) after air bleeding.
- * Always keep the air vent cock on the fuel injection pump closed except when air is vented, or it may cause the engine to stop.



12) LEAKAGE OF FUEL

▲ Be careful and clean the fuel hose, injection pump, fuel filter and other connections as the leakage from these part can cause fire.



13) HYDRAULIC OIL CHECK

- Stop the engine after retract the arm and bucket cylinders, then lower the boom and set the bucket on the ground at a flat location as in the illustration.
- (2) Check the oil level at the level gauge of hydraulic oil tank.
- (3) The oil level is normal if between the red lines.

14) FILLING HYDRAULIC OIL

- (1) Stop the engine to the position of level check.
- (2) Loosen the cap.
- (3) Fill the oil to the specified level.
- (4) Start engine after filling and operate the work equipment several times.
- (5) Check the oil level at the level check position after engine stops.





15) CHANGE HYDRAULIC OIL

- Lower the bucket on the ground pulling the arm and bucket cylinder to the maximum.
- (2) Loosen the cap.
- (3) Prepare a suitable container.
- (4) To drain the oil loosen the drain plug at the bottom of the oil tank.
- (5) Fill proper amount of recommended oil.
- (6) Put the cap.
- (7) Bleed air hydraulic pump loosen the air breather at top of hydraulic pump assembly.
- (8) Start engine and run continually. Release the air by full stroke of each control lever.
- Incase of injecting HBHO (Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil) to machines that have formerly used different hydraulic oil, the proportion of residual oil must not exceed 2 %
- * Do not mix any other Bio oil, use only HBHO as bio oil.

If changing to Bio oil, contact HYUNDAI dealer.



16) CLEAN SUCTION STRAINER

When changing hydraulic oil, remove the suction strainer and clean it.

(1) Remove the bolt (1) and suction cover (2) $% \left(\left(1,1\right) \right) =\left(1,1\right) \left(\left(1,1\right) \right) \left(1,1\right) \right) \left(1,1\right) \left(1,1\right)$

• Tightening torque : $3.4 \pm 0.7 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ (24.6±5.1 lbf · ft)

- (2) Remove the suction strainer (3) from suction cover (2)
- (3) Wash the foreign material on the suction strainer with gasoline or cleaning oil.
- (4) Replace the suction strainer if it is damaged.
- (5) Assemble with reverse order of disassembly.Be sure to install a new O-ring (4) and reinsert in the oil tank.
- Do not remove the bolt (1) from hydraulic tank before the hydraulic tank was empty.

17) REPLACEMENT OF RETURN FILTER

Replace as follows paying attention to the cause to be kept during the replacement.

- (1) Remove the cover.
 - $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{c} \cdot \ \mbox{Tightening torque}: 3.4 \pm 0.7 \ \mbox{kgf} \cdot \mbox{m} \\ (24.6 \pm 5.1 \ \mbox{lbf} \cdot \mbox{ft}) \end{array}$
- (2) Remove the return filter in the tank.
- (3) Replace the element with new one.





18) LUBRICATE BOOM SWING CYLINDER

- (1) Grease at fitting.
- * Lubricate every 250 hours.



19) LUBRICATE SWING BEARING AND SWING RING GEAR & PINION

- (1) Grease at 2 fitting.
 - A : Lubricate every 250 hours.
 - B : Lubricate every 50 hours.



20) CHECK THE TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR OIL

- (1) Operate the machine to the position of drain plug down to the flat ground.
- (2) Loosen the level plug and check the oil level.If the level is at the hole of the plug, it is normal.Fill the oil if it is not sufficient.
 - Amount of oil : 0.33 *l* (0.09 U.S.gal)

21) CHANGE OF THE TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR OIL

- (1) Raise the temperature of the oil by traveling machine first.
- (2) Stop when the position of the drain plug is down.
- (3) Loosen the level plug and then the drain plug.
- (4) Drain the oil to adequate container.
- (5) Tighten the drain plug and fill specified amount of oil at filling port.
- (6) Tighten the level plug and travel slowly to check if there is any leakage of oil.





22) LUBRICATE RCV LEVER

Remove the bellows and with a grease gun grease the joint part (A) and sliding parts (B).



23) ADJUSTMENT OF TRACK TENSION

- It is important to adjust the tension of track properly to extend the lifetime of track and traveling device.
- The wear of pins and bushings on the undercarriage will vary with the working conditions and soil properties.

It is thus necessary to continually inspect the track tension so as to maintain the standard tension on it.

- (1) Raise the chassis with the boom and arm.
- (2) Measure the distance between bottom of lower roller and track of shoe.
- * Remove mud with rotating the track before measuring.



- (3) If the tension is tight, drain the grease in the grease nipple and if the tension is loose, charge the grease.
- A Personal injury or death can result from grease under pressure.
- When loosening the grease nipple, do not loosen more than one turn as there is a danger of a spring coming out of the nipple because of the high pressure inside.

 When the grease is drained, move the track to the forward and backward slightly.
 If the track tension is loose even after the grease is charged to the maximum, change the pins and bushings as there are worn seriously.

Rubber track

Length (L)		
5~10 mm	0.2~0.4"	

24) REPLACEMENT OF BUCKET

When knocking the pin in with a hammer, metal particles may fly and cause serious injury, particularly if they get into your eyes. When carrying out this operation, always wear googles believe gloves and other protective

goggles, helmet, gloves, and other protective equipment.

- When the bucket is removed, place it in a stable condition.
- When performing joint work, make sure signals to each other and work carefully for safety's sake.
- (1) Lower the bucket on the ground as the picture shown in the right.
- (2) Lock the safety lever to the LOCK position and stop the engine.
- (3) Remove the stopper bolts (1) and nuts (2), then remove pins (3, 4) and remove the bucket.
- When removing the pins, place the bucket so that it is in light contact with the ground.
- If the bucket is lowered strongly to the ground, the resistance will be increased and it will be difficult to remove the pins.
- * After remove the pins, make sure that they do not become contaminated with sand or mud and that the seals of bushing on both sides do not become damaged.
- (4) Align the arm with holes (A) and the link with holes (B), then coat with grease and install pins (3, 4)
- When installing the bucket, the O-rings are easily damaged, so fit the O-rings on the boss of the bucket as shown in the picture.
 After knocking the pin, move the O-ring down to the regular groove.
- (5) Install the stopper bolt (1) and nuts (2) for each pin, then grease the pin.









25) REPLACEMENT OF BUCKET TOOTH

- (1) Loosen the bolts and nuts.
- (2) Remove dust and mud from surface of bucket by using knife.
- (3) Fit news tooth to bucket.
- (4) Fasten bolts and nuts.
- A Personal injury can result from bucket falling.
- A Block the bucket before changing tooth tips or side cutters.



26) LUBRICATE PIN AND BUSHING

(1) Lubricate to each pin of working device Lubricate the grease to the grease nipple

according to the lubricating interval.	

No.	Description	
1	Lubrication manifold at upper frame	3
2	Boom connection pin	2
3	Boom cylinder (head and rod side)	2
4	Arm cylinder pin (head and rod side)	2
5	Boom and arm connection pin	1
	Bucket cylinder pin (head and rod)	2
	Bucket link (control rod)	1
	Arm and bucket connection pin	1
	Arm and control link connection pin	1
7	Dozer connection pin	2
'	Dozer cylinder pin	2
	Boom swing post	3
°	Boom swing cylinder	2
9	Extension cylinder pin	2



- * Shorten lubricating interval when working in the water or dusty place.
- (2) Dust seals are mounted on the rotating part of working device to extend the lubricating interval.
- * Mount the lip to be faced outside when replace the dust seal.



- If it is assembled in wrong direction, it will cause fast wear of pin and bushing, and create noise and vibration during operation.
- * Assemble the seal same direction with picture and use with plastic hammer when replace.



7. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

1) WIRING, GAUGES

Check regularly and repair loose or malfunctioning gauges when found.



2) BATTERY

(1) Clean

- Wash the terminal with hot water if it is contaminated, and apply grease to the terminals after washing.
- A Battery gas can explode. Keep sparks and flames away from batteries.
- Always wear protective glasses when working with batteries.
- ▲ Do not stain clothes or skin with electrolyte as it is acid.

Be careful not to get the electrolyte in eyes. Wash with clean water and go to the doctor if it enters the eyes.



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(2) Recycle

Never discard a battery.

Always return used batteries to one of the following locations.

A battery supplier

- · An authorized battery collection facility
- · Recycling facility

(3) Method of removing the battery cable

Remove the cable from the ground connection first(\ominus terminal side) and reconnect it last when reassembling.



3) STARTING THE ENGINE WITH A BOOSTER CABLE

Keep following order when you are going to start engine using booster cable.

(1) Connection of booster cable

- * Use the same capacity of battery for starting.
- Make sure that the starting switches of the normal machine and trouble machine are both at the OFF position.
- ② Connect the red terminal of booster cable to the battery (+) terminal between exhausted and new battery.
- ③ Connect the black terminal of the booster cable between new battery (-) terminal and chassis of trouble machine.
- * Keep firmly all connection, the spark will be caused when connecting finally.



- ① Starting the engine of the normal machine and keep it to run at high idle.
- ② Start engine of the trouble machine with starting switch.
- ③ If you can not start it by one time, restart the engine after 2 minutes.





(3) Taking off the booster cable

- ① Take off the booster cable (black).
- ② Take off the booster cable (red) connected to the (+) terminal.
- ③ Run engine with high idle until charging the exhausted battery by alternator, fully.
- ▲ Explosive gas is generated while using the battery or charging it. Keep away flame and be careful not to cause the spark.
- * Charge the battery in the well ventilated place.
- Place the machine on the earth or concrete.
 Avoid charging the machine on the steel plate.
- Do not connect (+) terminal and (-) terminal when connecting booster cable because it will be shorted.


(4) Welding repair

Before start to welding, follow the below procedure.

- ① Shut off the engine and remove the starting switch.
- ② Disconnect ground cable from the battery and cluster.
- ③ Before carrying out any electric welding on the machine, the battery cables should be disconnected.
- ④ Connect the earth (ground) lead of the welding equipment as close to the welding point as possible.
- Do not weld or flame cut on pipes or tubes that contain flammable fluids. Clean them thoroughly with nonflammable solvent before welding or flame cutting on them.
- ▲ Do not attempt to welding work before carry out the above. If not, it will caused serious damage at electric system.



1. ENGINE

* This guide is not intended to cover every conditions, however many of the more common possibilities are listed.

Trouble	Service	Remark
The engine oil pressure lamp lights ON when engine speed is raised after completion of warm up.	· Add the oil to the specified level.	
	· Replace the oil filter cartridge.	
	\cdot Check oil leakage from the pipe or the joint.	
	· Replace the monitor.	
Steam is emitted from the top part of the radiator (the pressure valve). Coolant level warning lamp lights ON.	· Supply the coolant and check leakage.	
	· Adjust fan belt tension.	
	· Wash out inside of cooling system.	
	\cdot Clean or repair the radiator fin.	
	· Check the thermostat.	
	 Tighten the radiator cap firmly or replace the packing of it. 	
	· Replace the monitor.	
The engine does not start when the	· Add fuel.	
starting motor is turned over.	· Repair where air is leaking into fuel system.	
	· Check the injection pump or the nozzle.	
	· Check the valve clearance.	
	· Check engine compression pressure.	
Exhaust gas is white or blue.	· Adjust to specified oil quantity.	
	· Replace with specified fuel.	
Exhaust gas occasionally turns black.	· Clean or replace the air cleaner element.	
	· Check the nozzle.	
	· Check engine compression pressure.	
	· Clean or replace the turbocharger.	
Combustion noise occasionally changes to breathing sound.	Check the nozzle.	
Unusual combustion noise or mechanical noise.	· Check with specified fuel.	
	· Check over-heating.	
	· Replace the muffler.	
	· Adjust valve clearance.	

2. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Trouble	Service	Remark
Lamp does not glow brightly even when engine runs at high speed. Lamp flickers while engine runs.	 Check for loose terminals and open-circuit wiring. Adjust belt tension. 	
Battery charging lamp does not go out even when engine runs at high speed.	 Check the alternator. Check and repair wiring. 	
Unusual noise is emitted from the alternator.	· Check the alternator.	
Starting motor does not turn when starting switch is turned START.	 Check and repair the wiring. Charge the battery. Check the starting motor. Check the safety relay. 	
The pinion of the starting motor keeps going in and out.	 Charge the battery. Check the safety relay. 	
Starting motor turns the engine sluggishly.	 Charge the battery. Check the starting motor. 	
The starting motor disengages before the engine starts up.	 Check and repair the wiring. Charge the battery. 	
The engine oil pressure lamp does not light up when engine is stationary (when the starting switch is in ON position.)	 Check the cluster. Check the caution lamp switch. 	
Battery charging lamp does not light up when the engine is stationary. (when the starting switch is in ON position.)	 Check the cluster. Check and repair the wiring. 	

3. OTHERS

Trouble	Service	Remark
Track slip out of place. Excessive wear of the sprocket.	· Adjust tension of track.	
Bucket either rises slowly or not at all.	· Add oil to specified level.	
Slow speed of travel, swing, boom, arm and bucket.	Add oil to specified level.	
Unusual noise emitted from pump.	· Clean the hydraulic tank strainer.	
Excessive oil temperature rise of	· Clean the oil cooler.	
hydraulic oil.	· Adjust fan belt tension.	
	· Add oil to specified level.	

HYDRAULIC BREAKER AND QUICK COUPLER

1. SELECTING HYDRAULIC BREAKER

- * Read safety hints in this manual and breaker & quick coupler manuals in website (Dealer Portal) before using breaker and quick coupler.
- 1) Become familiar with the manual and select breakers suitable to machine specifications.
- Make careful selection in consideration of oil quantity, pressure and striking force, to enable satisfied performance.
- When apply a breaker to the machine, consult your local dealer of Hyundai for further explanation.

2. CIRCUIT CONFIGURATION

- 1) As for breaker oil pressure line, use extra spool of main control valve.
- 2) Set proper breaker pressure on load relief valve.
- 3) The pressure of the ROBEX17Z-9A system is 210 kgf/cm² (2990 psi).
- 4) The accumulator should be used to the breaker charging and return line. If the accumulator is not used, it will be damage as the input wave is delivered.
- * Keep the pressure pulsation of pump below 60 kgf/cm² (850 psi) by installing the accumulator.
- 5) Do not connect the breaker return line to the main control, but connect to the return line front of the cooler.
- 6) Do not connect the breaker return line to drain lines, such as of swing motor, travel motor or pump, otherwise they should be damaged.
- 7) One of spool of the main control valve should be connected to the tank.
- 8) Select the size of pipe laying considering the back pressure.
- 9) Shimless tube should be used for the piping. The hose and seal should be used Hyundai genuine parts.
- 10) Weld the bracket for pipe clamp to prevent damage caused by vibration.

3. MAINTENANCE

1) MAINTENANCE OF HYDRAULIC OIL AND FILTER

- As machine with an hydraulic breaker provides the hydraulic oil becomes severely contaminated.
- (2) So, unless frequently maintained, the machine may easily go out of order.
- (3) Inspect and maintain hydraulic oil and 4 kinds of filter elements in particular, in order to prolong machine life.
- (4) Replace when the breaker work is used for short time according to the standard of right graph.

2) RELEASE THE PRESSURE IN BREAKER CIRCUIT

When breaker operating is finished, stop engine and push pedal or switch for breaker to release pressure in breaker circuit.

If pressure still remains, the lifetime of the diaphragm in the accumulator will be shortened.

 Be careful to prevent contamination by dust, sand and etc.

If such pollution become mixed into the oil, the pump moving parts will wear abnormally, shorten lifetime and become damaged.

4) When operating breaker, bolts and nuts of main equipment may be loosened by vibration. So, it must be inspected periodically. Service interval

unit · hours

Attachment	Operating rate	Hydraulic oil	Filter element
Breaker	100 %	600 ^{*1}	200
		1000*2	200

- *1: Conventional hydraulic oil
- *2: Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil

• Replace following filter at same time

· Hydraulic oil return filter : 1 EA

Hyd oil change guide for hydraulic breaker



*1: Conventional hydraulic oil

*2: Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil

4. PRECAUTIONS WHILE OPERATING THE BREAKER

DO NOT BREAK ROCK WHILE LOWERING

As the breaker is heavy in comparison with bucket, it must be operated slowly.

If breaker is rapidly pushed down, working device may be damaged.



DIRECTION OF THRUST

Apply a thrust in a straight line with the tool. Place the tool on a rock with the hammering side as vertically as possible. If the hammering side is oblique, the tool may slip during hammering, causing the chisel and piston to break, or seized. When breaking, select the point of a rock on which hammering can perform stably and fully stabilize the chisel to the hammer.



PROPER THRUST

To break effectively, a proper thrust force must be applied to the breaker. If thrust is too low, impact energy of the piston may not be sufficient to break rocks.

Breaking force is transferred to the breaker body, arm and boom resulting in damage of those parts.



Move the impact point from the edge to the interior. Never try to break off a too large block, if the object has not broken within 30 seconds. The object should be broken up piece by piece in small blocks. Large distance steps will not improve working results.

Operating the breaker longer than 30 seconds may cause damage to the breaker.



BLANKS THRUST

Blank blows, which are impact on the chisel without contact with the object, are very harmful for the breaker. Always press the chisel down onto the material before starting the breaker. And stop operation immediately as soon as the object has been broken. If operation is continued, blank blows could result in excessive wear to major components.



DO NOT MOVE MACHINE OR BREAKER WHI-LE STRIKING

Do not move hammer while striking.

This will cause damage to the working device and the swing system.



OPERATE BREAKER WITH A GAP IN EXCESS OF 100 mm (4 inches) FROM THE END OF THE STROKE TIP

If breaker is operated with the end tip, the cylinder may be damaged.



STOP THE OPERATION IMMEDIATELY IF HOSES VIBRATE EXCESSIVELY

Violent pulsations of the high / low pressure breaker hoses could indicate an accumulator fault. Check for oil leaks at the hose fitting points retightening as necessary. Should symptoms persist, contact the service shop appointed by the Hyundal dealer in your territory for repair. An excessive gap between tool and workpiece between strikes may indicate seizure of the tool in the front head. Disassemble the front head, inspect the components and repair or replace defective parts.



DO NOT WORK WHILE IN A SWING STATE

Do not work while swinging the upper structure. It cause oil leakage of the bend in the track shoe and rollers.

Conversely, if thrust is excessive or breaking is performed with boom of the lower chassis raised as shown, the machine may suddenly tip toward the movement. The breaker body may strike the broken rocks violently resulting in damage.

Do not extend the bucket cylinder fully and thrusting to raise the machine off the ground.

Excessive force as above may also result in vibrations being transmitted to the tracks causing damage.

Care is required to ensure adequate but not excessive force is applied to the breaker in operation.









NEVER DRIVE THE CHISEL INTO THE GRO-UND

If the advance is too large and the chisel is not rocked to release the dust, the chisel will be driven into the material without breaking the material. This causes the chisel tip to glow red-hot and lose its hardness.

As a result, the chisel wears out more quickly. Operating in this way is not permitted.

Dust dampens impact power, when the chisel is inserted into the ground, and reduces the efficiency of the breaker. Tilt the breaker slightly backward and forward, not more than 5°, while operating so that the dust can escape.

Do not rock the breaker at angles greater than 5° or the chisel will be broken.



NEVER USE AS A LEVER

Do not use the chisel as a lever; e.g. crowbar, as this will cause the chisel to break.

Under any circumstances, operating in this way is not permitted.

Most of bending failure of the chisel may be caused by lever action in stone that is inside hard or frozen ground. Be careful and stop operating if you feel sudden resistance under the chisel.

TAKE CARE OF CHISEL AND BOOM INTERFA-CE

Be aware of clearance between breaker tip and the underside of boom as shown.





NEVER USE FOR LIFT OR TRANSPORT PUR-POSES

The hydraulic breaker is not designed to lift or transport loads. Never use the chisel as a lifting point.

This is dangerous and could damage the breaker or the chisel.



NEVER USE THE HYDRAULIC BREAKER UNDER WATER

The hydraulic breaker, as a standard assembly, never be used in or under water without prior conversion. If you use under water, water fills the impact chamber between the piston and the chisel, a strong hydraulic pressure wave is generated and will damage the seals in the breaker. And, in addition, corrosion, lack of lubrication or penetration of water could result in further damage to components of the breaker and the lower chassis.

To operate the breaker under water, compressed air must be supplied into the breaker, into the impact chamber of the front-head, prior to use.

Consult your Hyundai dealer for the underwater kit.

DO NOT USE BREAKER TO CARRY BROKEN STONE OR ROCK BY SWING OPERATING This may damage the operation device and swing

system.





NEVER USE THE CHISEL OR HYDRAULIC BREAKER TO MOVE ROCKS OR OTHER OBJUCTS

The hydraulic breaker is not designed for this usage.

Do not use the breaker or chisel to roll, push the object or reposition the lower chassis.

This may cause damage to the breaker and the lower chassis.



5. QUICK COUPLER (machine serial No.: ~#0619)

1) FIXING BUCKET WITH QUICK COUPLER

- Before fixing bucket, remove safety pin of the moving hook.
- (2) Pull the quick coupler toggle switch up and move to Disengage position in order to unlock the quick coupler. Then, the moving hook is placed on release position.
- (3) Aligning the arm and bucket, insert static hook of quick coupler to the bucket pin.





(4) Operate RCV lever to bucket-in position. Then, the moving hook is coupled with the bucket link pin.

Make sure that the moving hook is completely contacted with bucket link pin.



(5) Push the quick coupler toggle switch to Engage position in order to lock the quick coupler.

Operate RCV lever to bucket-in position.

Be sure to check connection status between bucket pins and hooks of quick coupler.



(6) After checking the connection status between bucket pins and hooks of quick coupler, insert safety pin of moving hook to lock position.



2) REMOVE BUCKET FROM QUICK COUPLER

Removing procedure is reverse of fixing.

- 3) PRE-CAUTION OF USING QUICK COUPLER
 - ▲ When operating the machine with quick coupler, confirm that the quick coupler toggle switch is Engage position and safety pin of moving hook is inserted. Operating the machine with quick coupler toggle switch Disengage and without safety pin of moving hook can cause the bucket to drop off and bring about the accident.
- A Serious injury or death can result from this accident.
- ▲ Be careful to operate the machine equipped with quick coupler. The bucket may hit cab, boom and boom cylinders when it reaches vicinity of them.
- ※ HYUNDAI will not be responsible for any injury or damage in case that safety pin is not installed properly.





1) FIXING BUCKET WITH QUICK COUPLER

- (1) Before fixing bucket, remove safety pin of the moving hook.
- (2) Pulling safety button, press the quick coupler switch to unlock position. Then, the moving hook is placed on release position.
- (3) Aligning the arm and bucket, insert static hook of quick coupler to the bucket pin.





(4) Operate RCV lever to bucket-in position. Then, the moving hook is coupled with the bucket link pin.

Make sure that the moving hook is completely contacted with bucket link pin.



- (5) Press quick coupler switch to lock position. Operate RCV lever to bucket-in position.
- Be sure to check connection status between bucket pins and hooks of quick coupler



(6) After checking the connection status between bucket pins and hooks of quick coupler, insert safety pin of moving hook to lock position.



2) REMOVE BUCKET FROM QUICK COUPLER

Removing procedure is reverse of fixing.

- 3) PRE-CAUTION OF USING QUICK COUPLER
 - ▲ When operating the machine with quick coupler, confirm that the quick coupler switch is lock position and safety pin of moving hook is inserted.

Operating the machine with quick coupler switch unlocked and without safety pin of moving hook can cause the bucket to drop off and bring about the accident.

- ▲ Serious injury or death can result from this accident.
- Be careful to operate the machine equipped with quick coupler. The bucket may hit cab, boom and boom cylinders when it reaches vicinity of them.
- * HYUNDAI will not be responsible for any injury or damage in case that safety pin is not installed properly.





1) FIXING BUCKET WITH QUICK COUPLER

- (1) Park the excavator and attachment on firm and level ground.
- (2) After checking the safe environment conditions for installing/removing the quick coupler, perform the disengagement process.
- (3) To unlock the quick coupler switch, press the quick coupler disengagement switch.

- To maintain the unlock status of the quick coupler the operator must maintain pressing the quick coupler switch.

- The buzzer will start activating.



(4) Retract the bucket cylinder. Align the quick coupler with attachment mounting pins or interface.



(5) Move the arm (1) and raise it until hook engages the upper (2) pin or interface of attachment.



(6) With the bucket crowded, engage the quick coupler to the lower attachment pin or interface.



(7) To confirm the engagement of the quick coupler, release the safety button to its original position.The buzzer will stop activating.



(8) Shake the attachment vigorously and lower the boom to the ground and apply down pressure to the quick coupler and attachment to check that attachment is fully engaged and locked to the quick coupler.



(9) Visually check that quick coupler is fully engaged and locked before operating the machine and attachment.



2) REMOVE BUCKET FROM QUICK COUPLER

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